

Field of the invention

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The invention relates to a series of heterocyclic amine compounds that are useful in the treatment of hyperproliferative diseases, such as cancer, in mammals. Also encompassed by the present invention is the use of such compounds in the treatment of hyperproliferative diseases in mammals, especially humans, and pharmaceutical compositions containing such compounds.

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Summary of the related art

Protein kinases constitute a large family of structurally related enzymes that are responsible for the control of a wide variety of signal transduction processes within the cell (Hardie, G. and Hanks, S. (1995) The Protein Kinase Facts Book. I and II, Academic Press, San Diego, CA). The kinases may be categorized into families by the substrates they phosphorylate (e.g., protein-tyrosine, protein-serine/threonine, lipids, etc.).

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Sequence motifs have been identified that generally correspond to each of these kinase families (e.g., Hanks, S.K., Hunter, T., FASEB J., 9:576-596 (1995); Knighton, et al., Science, 253:407-414 (1991); Hiles, et al., Cell, 70:419-429 (1992); Kunz, et al., Cell, 73:585-596 (1993); Garcia-Bustos, et al., EMBO J., 13:2352-2361 (1994)).

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Protein kinases may be characterized by their regulation mechanisms. These mechanisms include, for example, autophosphorylation, transphosphorylation by other kinases, protein-protein interactions, protein-lipid interactions, and protein-polynucleotide interactions. An individual protein kinase may be regulated by more than one mechanism.

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Kinases regulate many different cell processes including, but not limited to, proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, motility, transcription, translation and other signalling processes, by adding phosphate groups to target proteins. These phosphorylation events act as molecular on/off switches that can modulate or regulate the target protein biological function. Phosphorylation of target proteins occurs in response to a variety of extracellular signals (hormones, neurotransmitters, growth and differentiation factors,

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etc.), cell cycle events, environmental or nutritional stresses, etc. The appropriate protein kinase functions in signalling pathways to activate or inactivate (either directly or indirectly), for example, a metabolic enzyme, regulatory protein, receptor, cytoskeletal protein, ion channel or pump, or transcription factor. Uncontrolled signalling due to defective control of protein phosphorylation has been implicated in a number of diseases, including, for example, inflammation, cancer, allergy/asthma, diseases and conditions of the immune system, diseases and conditions of the central nervous system, and angiogenesis.

Protein kinase 70S6K, the 70 kDa ribosomal protein kinase p70S6K (also known as SK6, p70/p85 S6 kinase, p70/p85 ribosomal S6 kinase and pp70S6K), is a member of the AGC subfamily of protein kinases. p70S6K is a serine-threonine kinase that is a component of the phosphatidylinositol 3 kinase (PI3K)/AKT pathway. p70S6K is downstream of PI3K, and activation occurs through phosphorylation at a number of sites in response to numerous mitogens, hormones and growth factors. p70S6K activity is also under the control of a mTOR-containing complex (TORC1) since rapamycin acts to inhibit p70S6K activity. p70S6K is regulated by PI3K downstream targets AKT and PKC ζ . Akt directly phosphorylates and inactivates TSC2, thereby activating mTOR. In addition, studies with mutant alleles of p70S6K that inhibited by Wortmannin but not by rapamycin suggest that the PI3K pathway can exhibit effects on p70S6K independent of the regulation of mTOR activity.

The enzyme p70S6K modulates protein synthesis by phosphorylation of the S6 ribosomal protein. S6 phosphorylation correlates with increased translation of mRNAs encoding components of the translational apparatus, including ribosomal proteins and translational elongation factors whose increased expression is essential for cell growth and proliferation. These mRNAs contain an oligopyrimidine tract at their 5' transcriptional start (termed 5'TOP), which has been shown to be essential for their regulation at the translational level.

In addition to its involvement in translation, p70S6K activation has also been implicated in cell cycle control, neuronal cell differentiation, regulation of cell motility and a cellular response that is important in tumor metastases, the immune response and tissue repair. Antibodies to p70S6K abolish the mitogenic response driven entry of rat fibroblasts into

S phase, indication that p70S6K function is essential for the progression from G1 to S phase in the cell cycle. Furthermore, inhibition of cell cycle proliferation at the G1 to S phase of the cell cycle by rapamycin has been identified as a consequence of inhibition of the production of the hyperphosphorylated, activated form of p70S6K.

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A role for p70S6K in tumor cell proliferation and protection of cells from apoptosis is supported based on its participation in growth factor receptor signal transduction, overexpression and activation in tumor tissues. For example, Northern and Western analyses revealed that amplification of the PS6K gene was accompanied by
10 corresponding increases in mRNA and protein expression, respectively (Cancer Res. (1999) 59: 1408-11-Localization of PS6K to Chromosomal Region 17q23 and Determination of Its Amplification in Breast Cancer).

Chromosome 17q23 is amplified in up to 20% of primary breast tumors, in 87% of breast
15 tumors containing BRCA2 mutations and in 50% of tumors containing BRCA1 mutations, as well as other cancer types such as pancreatic, bladder and neuroblastoma (see M. Barlund, O. Monni, J. Kononen, R. Cornelison, J. Torhorst, G. Sauter, O.-P. Kallioniemi and Kallioniemi A., Cancer Res., 2000, 60:5340-5346). It has been shown that 17q23 amplifications in breast cancer involve the PAT1, RAD51C, PS6K, and SIGMA1B genes
20 (Cancer Res. (2000): 60, pp. 5371-5375).

The p70S6K gene has been identified as a target of amplification and overexpression in this region, and statistically significant association between amplification and poor prognosis has been observed. Clinical inhibition of p70S6K activation was observed in
25 renal carcinoma patients treated with CCI-779 (rapamycin ester), an inhibitor of the upstream kinase mTOR. A significant linear association between disease progression and inhibition of p70S6K activity was reported. In response to energy stress, the tumor suppressor LKB1 activates AMPK which phosphorylates the TSC1/2 complex and enables it to inactivate the mTOR/p70S6K pathway. Mutations in LKB1 cause Peutz-
30 Jeghers syndrome (PJS), where patients with PJS are 15 times more likely to develop cancer than the general population. In addition, 1/3 of lung adenocarcinomas harbor inactivating LKB1 mutations. P70S6K has been implicated in metabolic diseases and disorders. It was reported that the absence of p70S6K protects against age- and diet-induced obesity while enhancing insulin sensitivity. A role for p70S6K in metabolic

diseases and disorders such as obesity, diabetes, metabolic syndrome, insulin resistance, hyperglycemia, hyperaminoacidemia, and hyperlipidemia is supported based upon the findings.

5 Compounds described as suitable for p70S6K inhibition are disclosed in WO 03/064397, WO 04/092154, WO 05/054237, WO 05/056014, WO 05/033086, WO 05/117909, WO 05/039506, WO 06/120573, WO 06/136821, WO 06/071819, WO 06/131835, WO 08/140947, WO 10/093419, WO 10/056563, WO 12/013282, WO 12/016001 and WO 12/069146.

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Description of the invention

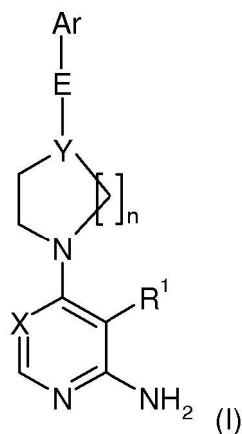
15 It is the object of the present invention to provide novel compounds that modulate kinase activity. This protein kinase modulation includes, but is not limited to, p70S6K inhibition and Akt inhibition useful in the treatment of hyperproliferative diseases, especially those related to the hyperactivity of the above mentioned protein kinases, such as cancer in mammals, with superior pharmacological properties both with respect to their activities as well as their solubility, metabolic clearance and bioavailability characteristics.

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As a result, this invention provides novel, heterocyclic pyrimidinyl and pyridinyl amine compounds and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates or prodrugs thereof, that are kinase inhibitors and useful in the treatment of the above mentioned diseases.

The compounds are defined by Formula (I):

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and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates, solvates of salts, or prodrugs thereof, wherein:

- X is N or CH;
- 5 Y is N or CR²;
- E is an unbranched or branched alkyl linker having 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 C atoms, which may be unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted with Hal, OH, CN or NH₂, in which one CH₃ group may be replaced by Cyc¹, Cyc², CONH₂, CF₃, and in which one, two or three CH₂ groups may be replaced by -O-, -NH-, or -CO-, and in which one CH group may be replaced by -N-;
- 10 R¹ is H, CN, CONH₂, Hal, LA, O(LA), Ar, Cyc¹ or Cyc²;
- R² is H, NH₂, Hal or CN;
- Hal is F, Cl, Br or I;
- LA is an unbranched or branched, linear saturated or partially unsaturated hydrocarbon chain having 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 C atoms, wherein 1, 2 or 3 H atoms may be replaced by Hal or OH;
- 15 Ar is a mono- or bicyclic aromatic homo- or heterocycle having 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 N, O and/or S atoms and 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 skeleton atoms, which may be unsubstituted or, independently of one another, mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA, OH, SH, O(LA), NH₂, NH(LA), N(LA)₂, NO₂, CN, OCN, COOH, COO(LA), CONH₂, CONH(LA), CON(LA)₂, NHCO(LA), NHCONH(LA), NHCONH₂, CHO and CO(LA), and/or monosubstituted by Cyc² or O-Cyc²;
- 20 Cyc¹ is a 3, 4, 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aliphatic homo- or heterocycle having 0-2 heteroatoms, selected from O, S and N, which may be mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA, NH₂, NH(LA), N(LA)₂, HO(LA)-;
- 25 Cyc² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic homo- or heterocycle having 0-3 heteroatoms, selected from O, S and N, which may be mono- or disubstituted by Hal or LA; and
- n is 1 or 2.
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In a further preferred embodiment the compounds of the invention conform to Subformulae 1 to 13 of Formula (I), wherein in Subformula 1

X is N,

	in Subformula 2	
	Y	is N or CH,
5	in Subformula 3	
	R ¹	is Hal, LA, O(LA), Cyc ¹ or Cyc ² ,
	in Subformula 4	
10	Ar	is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),
	in Subformula 5	
15	E	is a methyl linker which is substituted by aminomethyl, wherein the amino group of the aminomethyl is unsubstituted, or mono- or disubstituted by LA, or E is a methyl linker which is substituted by (azetidin-1-yl)methyl,
	in Subformula 6	
20	Y	is CNH ₂ ,
	E	is -CH(R ³)-NH-CO- or -CO-NH-CH(R ³)-,
	R ³	is H, CH ₂ CONH ₂ or LA,
	in Subformula 7	
25	X	is N,
	Y	is N or CH,
	R ¹	is Hal, LA, O(LA), Cyc ¹ or Cyc ² ,
	in Subformula 8	
30	X	is N,
	Y	is N or CH,
	Ar	is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),
	in Subformula 9	

X is N,
 Y is N or CH,
 E is a methyl linker which is substituted by aminomethyl, wherein
 the amino group of the aminomethyl is unsubstituted, or mono- or
 5 disubstituted by LA, or E is a methyl linker which is substituted by
 (azetidin-1-yl)methyl,

in Subformula 10

10 X is N,
 Y is CNH₂,
 E is -CH(R³)-NH-CO- or -CO-NH-CH(R³)-,
 R¹ is Hal, CONH₂, LA, O(LA), Cyc¹ or Cyc²,
 R³ is H, CH₂CONH₂ or LA,

15 in Subformula 11

X is N,
 Y is CNH₂,
 E is -CH(R³)-NH-CO- or -CO-NH-CH(R³)-,
 R¹ is Hal, CONH₂, LA, O(LA), Cyc¹ or Cyc²,
 20 R³ is H, CH₂CONH₂ or LA,
 Ar is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or
 disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),

in Subformula 12

25 X is N,
 Y is CNH₂,
 E is -CH(R³)-NH-CO- or -CO-NH-CH(R³)-,
 R³ is H, CH₂CONH₂ or LA,
 Ar is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or
 30 disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),

in Subformula 13

X is N,
 Y is N or CH,

E is a methyl linker which is substituted by aminomethyl, wherein the amino group of the aminomethyl is unsubstituted, or mono- or disubstituted by LA, or E is a methyl linker which is substituted by (azetidin-1-yl)methyl,

5 Ar is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),

R¹ is Hal, LA, O(LA), Cyc¹ or Cyc²,

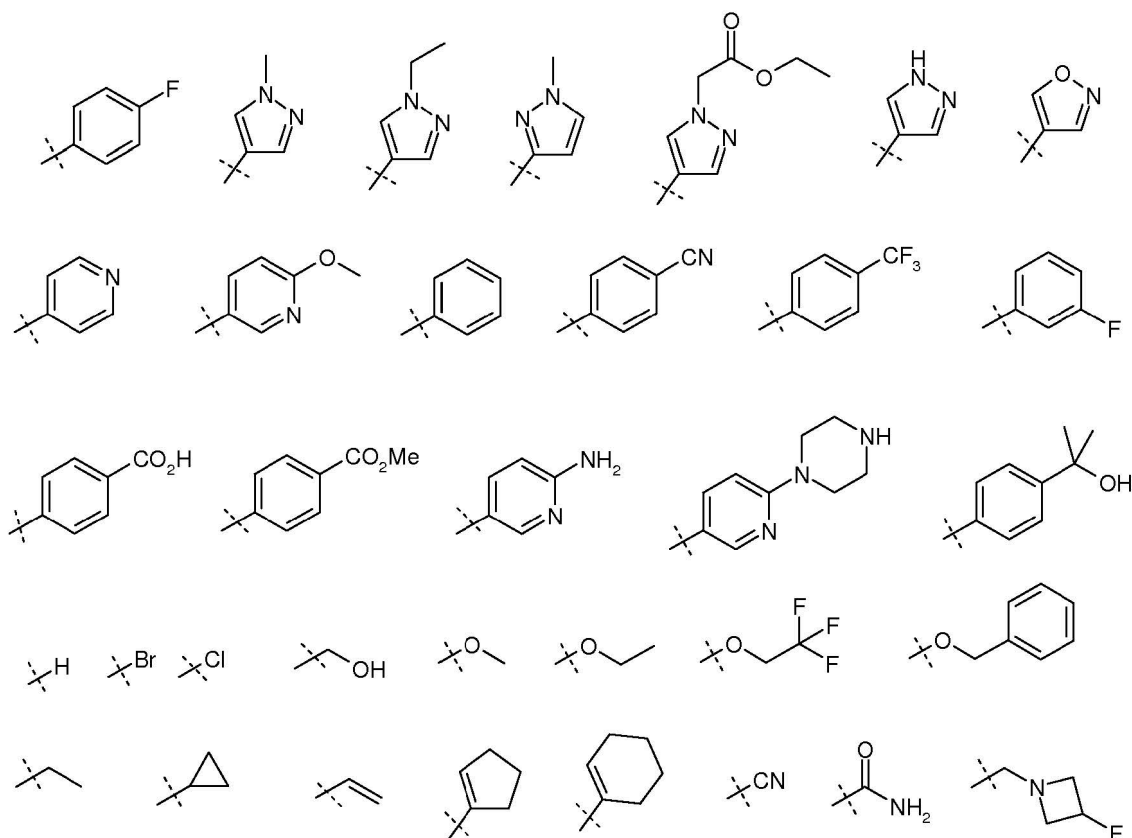
and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates, solvates of salts, or prodrugs thereof.

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In yet further preferred embodiments the substituents designated R¹, in Formula (I), are set out in Table 1.

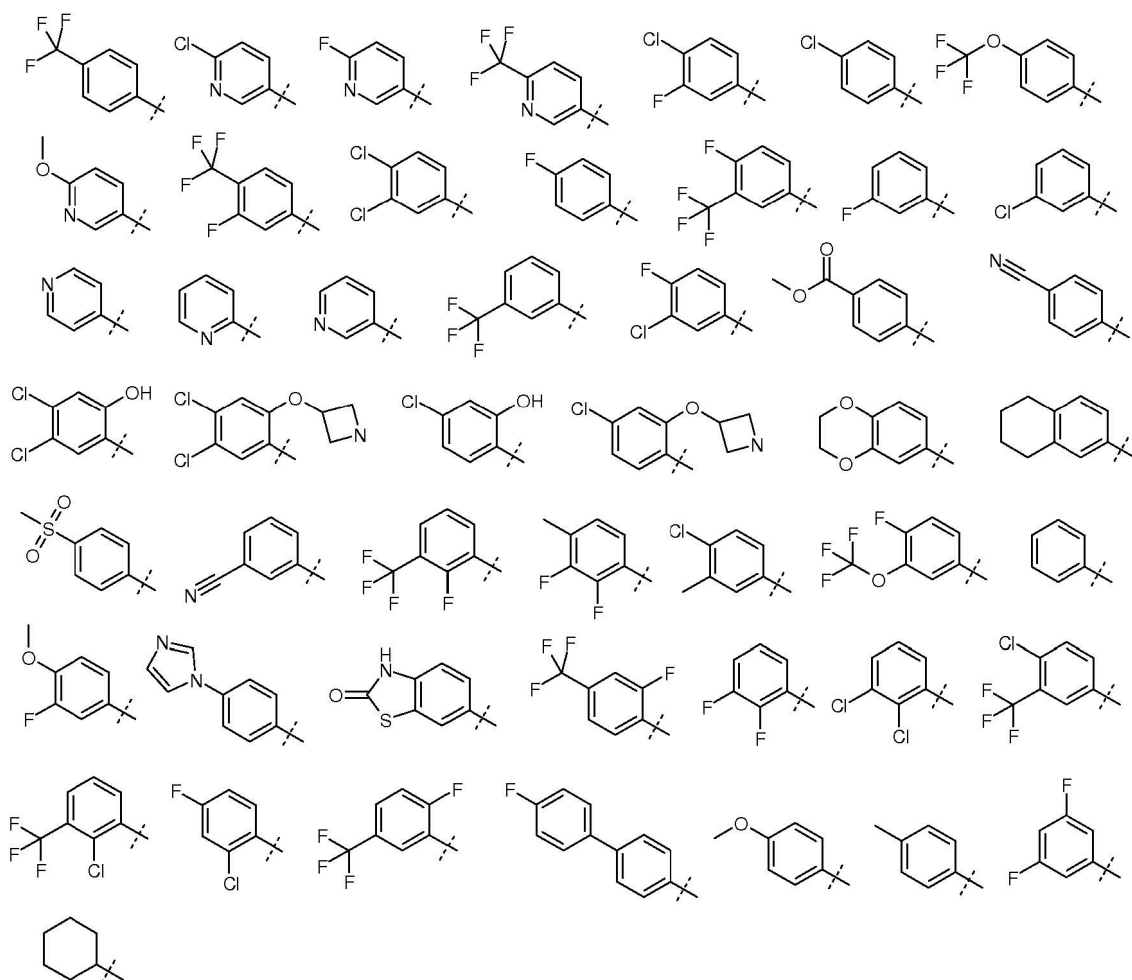
Table 1: Preferred substituents for R¹ in Formula (I):

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claimed separately and together as mixtures in any ratio. The same applies for stereoisomers, e.g., enantiomers, cis/trans isomers, conformers and the like.

If desired, isomers can be separated by methods well known in the art, e.g. by liquid chromatography. The same applies for enantiomers, e.g., by using chiral stationary
5 phases. Additionally, enantiomers may be isolated by converting them into diastereomers, i.e., coupling with an enantiomerically pure auxiliary compound, subsequent separation of the resulting diastereomers and cleavage of the auxiliary residue. Alternatively, any enantiomer of a compound of the present invention may be obtained from stereoselective synthesis using optically pure starting materials

10 The compounds of the present invention can be in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or a solvate. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refers to salts prepared from pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic bases or acids, including inorganic bases or acids and organic bases or acids. In cases where the compounds of the
15 present invention contain one or more acidic or basic groups, the invention also comprises their corresponding pharmaceutically or toxicologically acceptable salts, in particular their pharmaceutically utilizable salts. Thus, the compounds of the present invention which contain acidic groups can be present in salt form, and can be used according to the invention, for example, as alkali metal salts, alkaline earth metal salts or
20 as ammonium salts. More precise examples of such salts include sodium salts, potassium salts, calcium salts, magnesium salts or salts with ammonia or organic amines such as, for example, ethylamine, ethanolamine, triethanolamine or amino acids. Compounds of the present invention which contain one or more basic groups, i.e. groups which can be protonated, can be present in salt form, and can be used according
25 to the invention in the form of their addition salts with inorganic or organic acids. Examples of suitable acids include hydrogen chloride, hydrogen bromide, phosphoric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, methanesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid, naphthalenedisulfonic acids, oxalic acid, acetic acid, tartaric acid, lactic acid, salicylic acid, benzoic acid, formic acid, propionic acid, pivalic acid, diethylacetic acid, malonic
30 acid, succinic acid, pimelic acid, fumaric acid, maleic acid, malic acid, sulfaminic acid, phenylpropionic acid, gluconic acid, ascorbic acid, isonicotinic acid, citric acid, adipic acid, and other acids known to the person skilled in the art. If the compounds of the present invention simultaneously contain acidic and basic groups in the molecule, the invention also includes, in addition to the salt forms mentioned, inner salts or betaines

(zwitterions). The respective salts can be obtained by customary methods which are known to a person skilled in the art, for example by contacting these with an organic or inorganic acid or base in a solvent or dispersant, or by anion exchange or cation exchange with other salts. The present invention also includes all salts of the
5 compounds of the present invention which, owing to low physiological compatibility, are not directly suitable for use in pharmaceuticals but which can be used, for example, as intermediates for chemical reactions or for the preparation of pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

- 10 The term "substituted" preferably relates to the substitution by the above-mentioned substituents, where a plurality of different degrees of substitution are possible, unless indicated otherwise.

All physiologically acceptable salts, derivatives, solvates, solvates of salts, and stereo-
15 isomers of these compounds, including mixtures thereof in all ratios, are also in accordance with the invention.

The compounds of Formula (I) may have one or more centres of chirality. They may accordingly occur in various enantiomeric forms and be in racemic or optically active
20 form. The invention therefore also relates to the optically active forms (stereoisomers), the enantiomers, the racemates, the diastereomers and hydrates and solvates of these compounds.

Since the pharmaceutical activity of the racemates or stereoisomers of the compounds
25 according to the invention may differ, it may be desirable to use the enantiomers. In these cases, the end product or even the intermediates can be separated into enantiomeric compounds by chemical or physical measures known to the person skilled in the art or even employed as such in the synthesis.

30 In the case of racemic amines, diastereomers are formed from the mixture by reaction with an optically active resolving agent. Examples of suitable resolving agents are optically active acids, such as the R and S forms of tartaric acid, diacetyltartaric acid, dibenzoyltartaric acid, mandelic acid, malic acid, lactic acid, suitably N-protected amino acids (for example N-benzoylproline or N-benzenesulfonylproline), or the various

optically active camphorsulfonic acids. Also advantageous is chromatographic enantiomer resolution with the aid of an optically active resolving agent (for example dinitrobenzoylphenylglycine, cellulose triacetate or other derivatives of carbohydrates or chirally derivatised methacrylate polymers immobilised on silica gel). Suitable eluents for this purpose are aqueous or alcoholic solvent mixtures, such as, for example, hexane/isopropanol/ acetonitrile, for example in the ratio 82:15:3. A method for the resolution of racemates containing ester groups (for example acetyl esters) is the use of enzymes, in particular esterases.

Furthermore, the present invention relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of the present invention, or a prodrug compound thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof as an active ingredient together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

"Pharmaceutical composition" means one or more active ingredients, and one or more inert ingredients that make up the carrier, as well as any product which results, directly or indirectly, from combination, complexation or aggregation of any two or more of the ingredients, or from dissociation of one or more of the ingredients, or from other types of reactions or interactions of one or more of the ingredients. Accordingly, the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention encompass any composition made by admixing a compound of the present invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

A pharmaceutical composition of the present invention may additionally comprise one or more other compounds as active ingredients, such as one or more additional compounds of the present invention, or a prodrug compound or other p70S6K inhibitors. The pharmaceutical compositions include compositions suitable for oral, rectal, topical, parenteral (including subcutaneous, intramuscular, and intravenous), ocular (ophthalmic), pulmonary (nasal or buccal inhalation), or nasal administration, although the most suitable route in any given case will depend on the nature and severity of the conditions being treated and on the nature of the active ingredient. They may be conveniently presented in unit dosage form and prepared by any of the methods well-known in the art of pharmacy.

In one embodiment, said compounds and pharmaceutical composition are for the treatment of cancer such as brain, lung, colon, epidermoid, squamous cell, bladder, gastric, pancreatic, breast, head, neck, renal, kidney, liver, ovarian, prostate, colorectal, uterine, rectal, oesophageal, testicular, gynecological, thyroid cancer, melanoma,
5 hematologic malignancies such as acute myelogenous leukemia, multiple myeloma, chronic myelogenous leukemia, myeloid cell leukemia, glioma, Kaposi's sarcoma, or any other type of solid or liquid tumors. Preferably, the cancer to be treated is chosen from breast, colorectal, lung, prostate or pancreatic cancer or glioblastoma.

10 The invention also relates to the use of compounds according to the invention for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of hyperproliferative diseases related to the hyperactivity of p70S6K as well as diseases modulated by the p70S6K cascade in mammals, or disorders mediated by aberrant proliferation, such as cancer and inflammation.

15 The invention also relates to a compound or pharmaceutical composition for treating a disease related to vasculogenesis or angiogenesis in a mammal which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the present invention, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug or hydrate thereof, and a pharmaceutically
20 acceptable carrier.

In one embodiment, said compound or pharmaceutical composition is for treating a disease selected from the group consisting of tumor angiogenesis, chronic inflammatory disease such as rheumatoid arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, atherosclerosis, skin
25 diseases such as psoriasis, eczema, and sclerodema, diabetes, diabetic retinopathy, retinopathy of prematurity and age-related macular degeneration.

This invention also relates to a compound or pharmaceutical composition for inhibiting abnormal cell growth in a mammal which comprises an amount of a compound of the
30 present invention, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate or prodrug thereof, in combination with an amount of another anti-cancer therapeutic, wherein the amounts of the compound, salt, solvate, or prodrug, and of the chemotherapeutic are together effective in inhibiting abnormal cell growth. Many anti-cancer therapeutics are presently known in the art. In one embodiment, the anti-cancer therapeutic is a chemotherapeutic

selected from the group consisting of mitotic inhibitors, alkylating agents, anti-metabolites, intercalating antibiotics, growth factor inhibitors, cell cycle inhibitors, enzymes, topoisomerase inhibitors, biological response modifiers, anti-hormones, angiogenesis inhibitors, and anti-androgens. In another embodiment the anti-cancer therapeutic is an antibody selected from the group consisting of bevacizumab, CD40-specific antibodies, chTNT-1/B, denosumab, zanolimumab, IGF1R-specific antibodies, lintuzumab, edrecolomab, WX G250, rituximab, ticilimumab, trastuzumab and cetuximab. In yet another embodiment the anti-cancer therapeutic is an inhibitor of another protein kinase, such as Akt, Axl, Aurora A, Aurora B, dyrk2, epha2, fgfr3, igf1r, IKK2, JNK3, Vegfr1, Vegfr2, Vegfr3 (also known as Flt-4), KDR, MEK, MET, Plk1, RSK1, Src, TrkA, Zap70, cKit, bRaf, EGFR, Jak2, PI3K, NPM-Alk, c-Abl, BTK, FAK, PDGFR, TAK1, LimK, Flt-3, PDK1 and Erk.

This invention further relates to a method for inhibiting abnormal cell growth in a mammal or treating a hyperproliferative disorder that comprises administering to the mammal an amount of a compound of the present invention, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate or prodrug thereof, in combination with radiation therapy, wherein the amounts of the compound, salt, solvate, or prodrug, is in combination with the radiation therapy effective in inhibiting abnormal cell growth or treating the hyperproliferative disorder in the mammal. Techniques for administering radiation therapy are known in the art, and these techniques can be used in the combination therapy described herein. The administration of a compound of the invention in this combination therapy can be determined as described herein. It is believed that the compounds of the present invention can render abnormal cells more sensitive to treatment with radiation for purposes of killing and/or inhibiting the growth of such cells.

Accordingly, this invention further relates to a method for sensitizing abnormal cells in a mammal to treatment with radiation which comprises administering to the mammal an amount of a compound of the present invention or pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate or prodrug thereof, which amount is effective is sensitizing abnormal cells to treatment with radiation. The amount of the compound, salt, or solvate in this method can be determined according to the means for ascertaining effective amounts of such compounds described herein. The invention also relates to a method for inhibiting abnormal cell growth in a mammal that comprises an amount of a compound of the

present invention, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, a prodrug thereof, or an isotopically-labeled derivative thereof, and an amount of one or more substances selected from anti-angiogenesis agents, signal transduction inhibitors, and antiproliferative agents.

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In practical use, the compounds of the present invention can be combined as the active ingredient in intimate admixture with a pharmaceutical carrier according to conventional pharmaceutical compounding techniques. The carrier may take a wide variety of forms depending on the form of preparation desired for administration, *e.g.*, oral or parenteral (including intravenous). In preparing the compositions for oral dosage form, any of the usual pharmaceutical media may be employed, such as, for example, water, glycols, oils, alcohols, flavoring agents, preservatives, coloring agents and the like. In the case of oral liquid preparations, any of the usual pharmaceutical media may be employed, such as, for example, suspensions, elixirs and solutions; or carriers such as starches, sugars, microcrystalline cellulose, diluents, granulating agents, lubricants, binders, disintegrating agents and the like. In the case of oral solid preparations the composition may take forms such as, for example, powders, hard and soft capsules and tablets, with the solid oral preparations being preferred over the liquid preparations.

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Because of their ease of administration, tablets and capsules represent the most advantageous oral dosage unit form in which case solid pharmaceutical carriers are obviously employed. If desired, tablets may be coated by standard aqueous or nonaqueous techniques. Such compositions and preparations should contain at least 0.1 percent of active compound. The percentage of active compound in these compositions may, of course, be varied and may conveniently be between about 2 percent to about 60 percent of the weight of the unit. The amount of active compound in such therapeutically useful compositions is such that an effective dosage will be obtained. The active compounds can also be administered intranasally as, for example, liquid drops or spray.

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The tablets, pills, capsules, and the like may also contain a binder such as gum tragacanth, acacia, corn starch or gelatin; excipients such as dicalcium phosphate; a disintegrating agent such as corn starch, potato starch, alginic acid; a lubricant such as magnesium stearate; and a sweetening agent such as sucrose, lactose or saccharin.

When a dosage unit form is a capsule, it may contain, in addition to materials of the above type, a liquid carrier such as a fatty oil.

Various other materials may be present as coatings or to modify the physical form of the dosage unit. For instance, tablets may be coated with shellac, sugar or both. A syrup or elixir may contain, in addition to the active ingredient, sucrose as a sweetening agent, methyl and propylparabens as preservatives, a dye and a flavoring such as cherry or orange flavor.

Compounds of the present invention may also be administered parenterally. Solutions or suspensions of these active compounds can be prepared in water suitably mixed with a surfactant such as hydroxy-propylcellulose. Dispersions can also be prepared in glycerol, liquid polyethylene glycols and mixtures thereof in oils. Under ordinary conditions of storage and use, these preparations contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

The pharmaceutical forms suitable for injectable use include sterile aqueous solutions or dispersions and sterile powders for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable solutions or dispersions. In all cases, the form must be sterile and must be fluid to the extent that easy syringability exists. It must be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage and must be preserved against the contaminating action of microorganisms such as bacteria and fungi. The carrier can be a solvent or dispersion medium containing, for example, water, ethanol, polyol (e.g., glycerol, propylene glycol and liquid polyethylene glycol), suitable mixtures thereof, and vegetable oils.

Any suitable route of administration may be employed for providing a mammal, especially a human, with an effective dose of a compound of the present invention. For example, oral, rectal, topical, parenteral, ocular, pulmonary, nasal, and the like may be employed. Dosage forms include tablets, troches, dispersions, suspensions, solutions, capsules, creams, ointments, aerosols, and the like. Preferably compounds of the present invention are administered orally.

The effective dosage of active ingredient employed may vary depending on the particular compound employed, the mode of administration, the condition being treated

and the severity of the condition being treated. Such dosage may be ascertained readily by a person skilled in the art.

When treating or preventing cancer, inflammation or other proliferative diseases for which compounds of the present invention are indicated, generally satisfactory results are obtained when the compounds of the present invention are administered at a daily dosage of from about 0.01 milligram to about 100 milligram per kilogram of animal body weight, preferably given as a single daily dose. For most large mammals, the total daily dosage is from about 0.2 milligrams to about 2000 milligrams, preferably from about 0.5 milligram to about 1000 milligrams. In the case of a 70 kg adult human, the total daily dose will generally be from about 0.5 milligrams to about 1000 milligrams. These aforementioned dosage regimens may be adjusted to provide the optimal therapeutic response.

The invention also relates to a set (kit) consisting of separate packs of

- an effective amount of a compound according to the invention or a physiologically acceptable salt, solvate or prodrug thereof, and
- an effective amount of a further medicament active ingredient.

The set comprises suitable containers, such as boxes, individual bottles, bags or ampoules. The set may, for example, comprise separate ampoules, each containing an effective amount of a compound according to the invention and/or pharmaceutically usable derivatives, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all ratios, and an effective amount of a further medicament active ingredient in dissolved or lyophilised form.

Experimental Section

Some abbreviations that may appear in this application are as follows:

Abbreviations

<i>Designation</i>	
ACN	acetonitrile
ATP	Adenosine triphosphate

b	Broad peak
d	Doublet
DMSO	dimethylsulfoxide
DIEA	N,N-Diisopropylethylamine
DTT	dithiothreitol
EDTA	Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid
equiv.	equivalents
Et	ethyl
h	hour
HEPES	4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-piperazineethanesulfonic acid
HPLC	High pressure liquid chromatography
LC/MS	Liquid chromatography coupled to mass spectrometry
m	multiplet
M	Molecular ion
m/z	Mass-to-charge ratio
Me	methyl
min	minute
MS	Mass spectrometry
N	Normal (unit of concentration)
NMO	4-methylmorpholine <i>N</i> -oxide
NMR	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance
PG	Protecting group
psi	Pounds per square inch
q	Quartette (or quartet)
R _f	Retention factor
RT	Room temperature
R _t .	Retention time
s	Singlet
Tert	Tertiary
TEA	Triethylamine
TFA	Trifluoroacetic acid
THAB	Tetrahexylammonium bromide
THF	Tetrahydrofuran

UV	ultraviolet
VIS	visible

The compounds of the present invention can be prepared according to the procedures of the following Schemes and Examples, using appropriate materials and are further exemplified by the following specific examples.

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Moreover, by utilizing the procedures described herein, in conjunction with ordinary skills in the art, additional compounds of the present invention claimed herein can be readily prepared. The compounds illustrated in the examples are not, however, to be construed as forming the only genus that is considered as the invention. The examples further illustrate details for the preparation of the compounds of the present invention. Those skilled in the art will readily understand that known variations of the conditions and processes of the following preparative procedures can be used to prepare these compounds.

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The instant compounds are generally isolated in the form of their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, such as those described above. The amine-free bases corresponding to the isolated salts can be generated by neutralization with a suitable base, such as aqueous sodium hydrogencarbonate, sodium carbonate, sodium hydroxide and potassium hydroxide, and extraction of the liberated amine-free base into an organic solvent, followed by evaporation. The amine-free base, isolated in this manner, can be further converted into another pharmaceutically acceptable salt by dissolution in an organic solvent, followed by addition of the appropriate acid and subsequent evaporation, precipitation or crystallization.

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The invention will be illustrated, but not limited, by reference to the specific embodiments described in the following schemes and examples. Unless otherwise indicated in the schemes, the variables have the same meaning as described above.

Unless otherwise specified, all starting materials are obtained from commercially suppliers and used without further purifications. Unless otherwise specified, all

30

temperatures are expressed in °C and all reactions are conducted at room temperature. Compounds were purified by either silica chromatography or preparative HPLC.

Analytical Methodology

Analytical LC/MS was performed using the following three methods:

- 5 Method A: A Discovery C¹⁸, 5 µm, 3 x 30 mm column was used at a flow rate of 400 µL/min, sample loop 5 µL, mobile phase: (A) water with 0.1% formic acid, mobile phase, (B) methanol with 0.1% formic acid; retention times are given in minutes. Method details: (I) runs on a Quaternary Pump G1311A (Agilent) with UV/VIS diode array detector G1315B (Agilent) and Finnigan LCQ Duo MS detector in ESI + modus with UV-
10 detection at 254 and 280 nm with a gradient of 15-95% (B) in a 3.2 min linear gradient (II) hold for 1.4 min at 95% (B) (III) decrease from 95-15% (B) in a 0.1 min linear gradient (IV) hold for 2.3 min at 15% (B).

- Method B: A Waters Symmetry C¹⁸, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 75 mm column at a flow rate of 1 mL
15 /min, sample loop 10 µL, mobile phase (A) is water with 0.05% TFA, mobile phase (B) is ACN with 0.05% TFA; retention times are given in minutes. Methods details: (I) runs on a Binary Pump G1312A (Agilent) with UV/Vis diode array detector G1315B (Agilent) and Agilent G1956B (SL) MS detector in ESI + mode with UV-detection at 254 and 280 nm with a gradient of 20-85% (B) in a 10 min linear gradient (II) hold for 1 min at 85% (B)
20 (III) decrease from 20-85% (B) in a 0.2 min linear gradient (IV) hold for 3.8 min at 20% (B).

- Method C: Gradient: 4.2 min/ Flow: 2 ml/min 99:01 - 0:100 Water + 0.1%(Vol.) TFA; Acetonitril + 0.1%(Vol.) TFA; 0.0 to 0.2 min: 99:01; 0.2 to 3.8 min: 99:01 → 0:100; 3.8 to
25 4.2 min: 0:100; Column: Chromolith Performance RP18e; 100 mm long, 3 mm diameter; Wavelength: 220nm.

Analytical Chiral HPLC

- Analytical chiral HPLC was performed using a ChiralPak AD-H column (250 X 4.6 mm)
30 from Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd. on an Agilent 1100 Series system. The method used a 5.0 µL injection volume, with a flow rate of 1 mL/min of 100% methanol for 15 min at 25 °C, and UV-detection at 254 and 280 nm.

Preparative HPLC

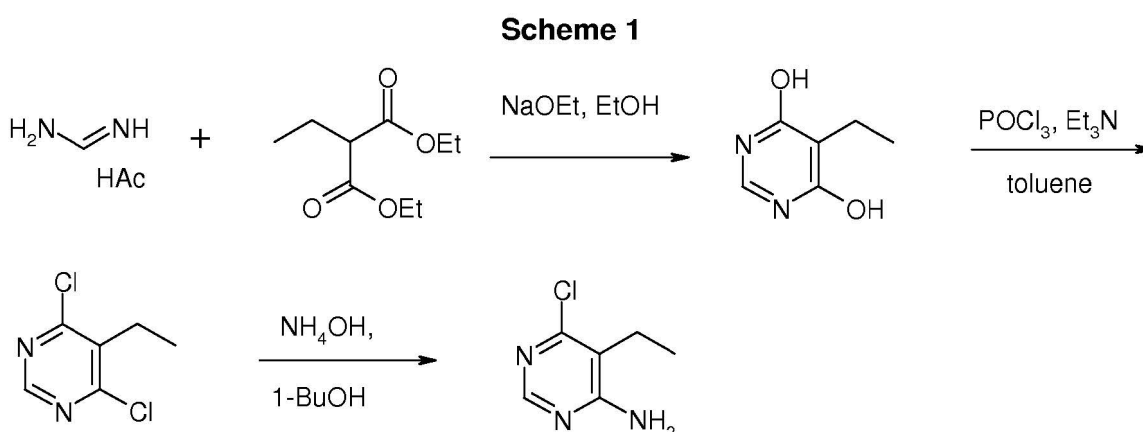
Preparative HPLC was performed using either a Waters Atlantis dC₁₈ OBD™ 10 µM (30 X 250 mm) column or a Waters Sunfire Prep C₁₈ OBD 10 µM (30 X 250 mm) column. The columns were used at a flow rate of 60 mL/min on a Waters Prep LC 4000 System equipped with a sample loop (10 mL) and an ISCO UA-6 UV/Vis detector. The mobile phase was drawn from two solvent reservoirs containing (A) water and (B) HPLC-grade acetonitrile. A typical preparative run used a linear gradient (e.g., 0-60 % solvent B over 60 min).

- 10 The present invention also relates to processes for manufacturing the compounds of Formula (I) according to the hereinafter described schemes and working examples.

The working examples presented below are intended to illustrate particular embodiments of the invention, and are not intended to limit the scope of the specification or the claims in any way.

Synthetic Schemes Describing Intermediates and End Product Compounds

- Pyrimidine chloride intermediates were either commercially available or prepared according to the synthetic routes outlined in Scheme 1 and Scheme 2.

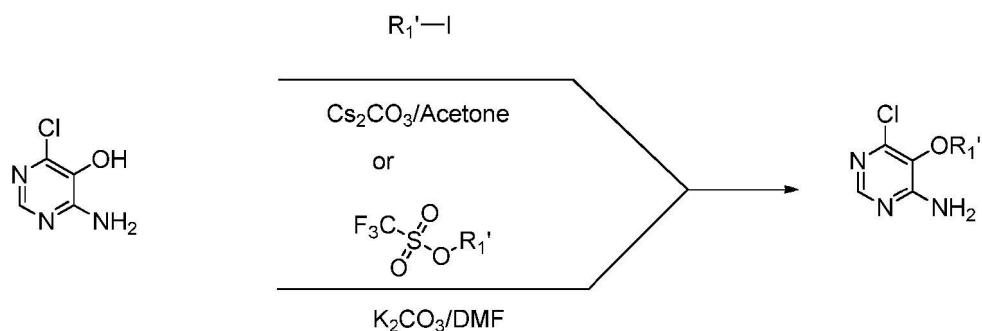


- 25 Formamidine acetate was reacted with diethyl-ethylmalonate in the presence of sodium ethoxide in dry ethanol to yield 5-ethylpyrimidine-4,6-diol, which was converted to 4, 6-Dichloro-5-ethylpyrimidine by POCl₃ in the presence of TEA in

toluene. 4,6-Dichloro-5-ethylpyrimidine was then reacted with aqueous ammonia in n-butanol at 100 °C to afford 4-amino-5-ethyl-6-chloropyrimidine.

5

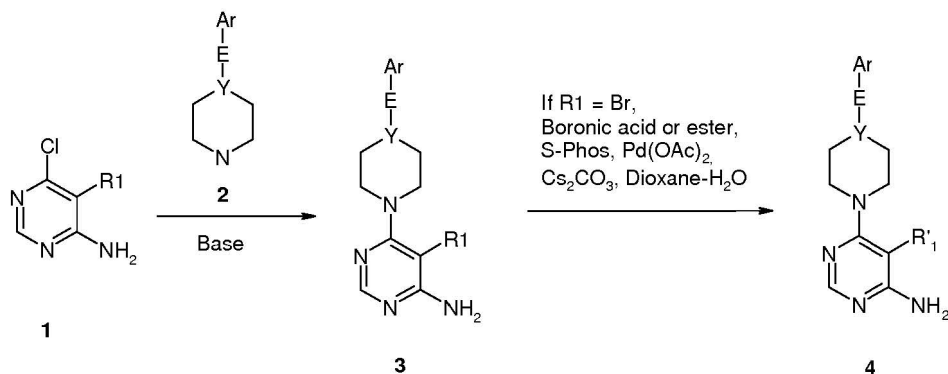
Scheme 2



4-amino-6-chloropyrimidin-5-ol was reacted with alkylated reagents to provide the desired pyrimidine chloride intermediates.

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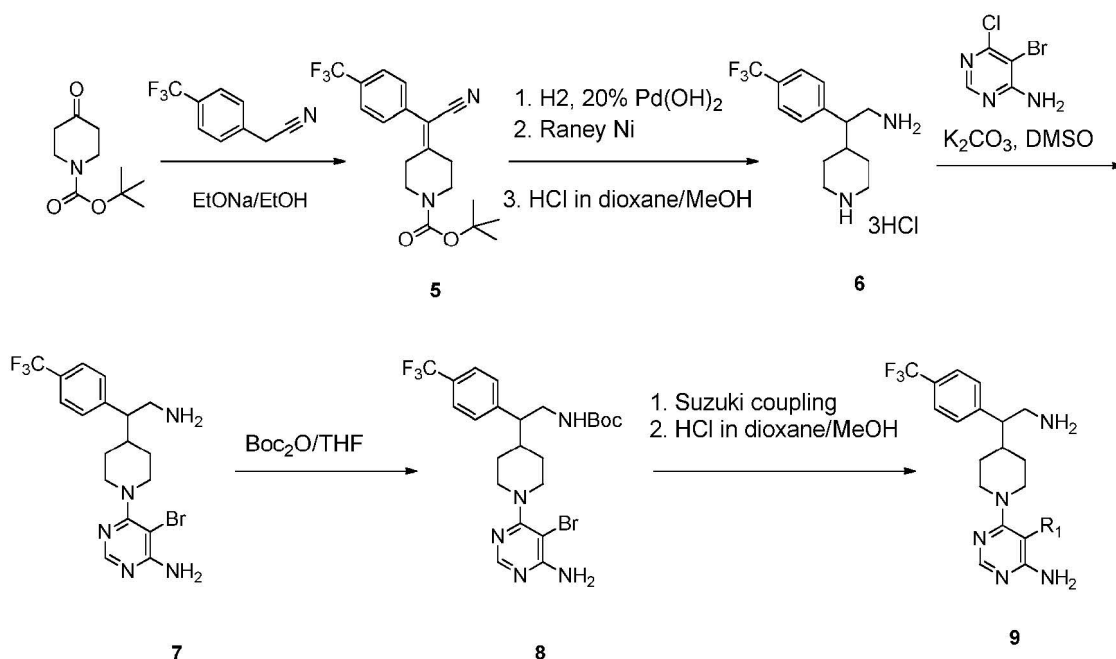
Scheme 3



The pyrimidine chloride intermediates **1** reacted with secondary amines **2** in the presence of base to provide compounds **3**. A Suzuki coupling is performed if R_1 is bromo of compounds **3** to afford compounds **4**.

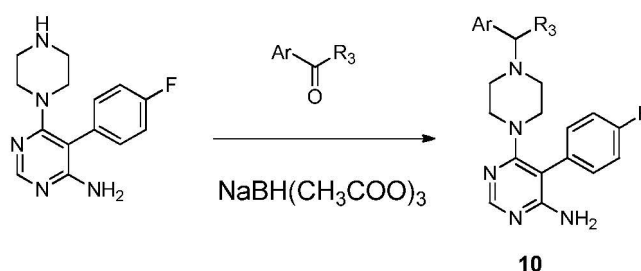
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Scheme 4



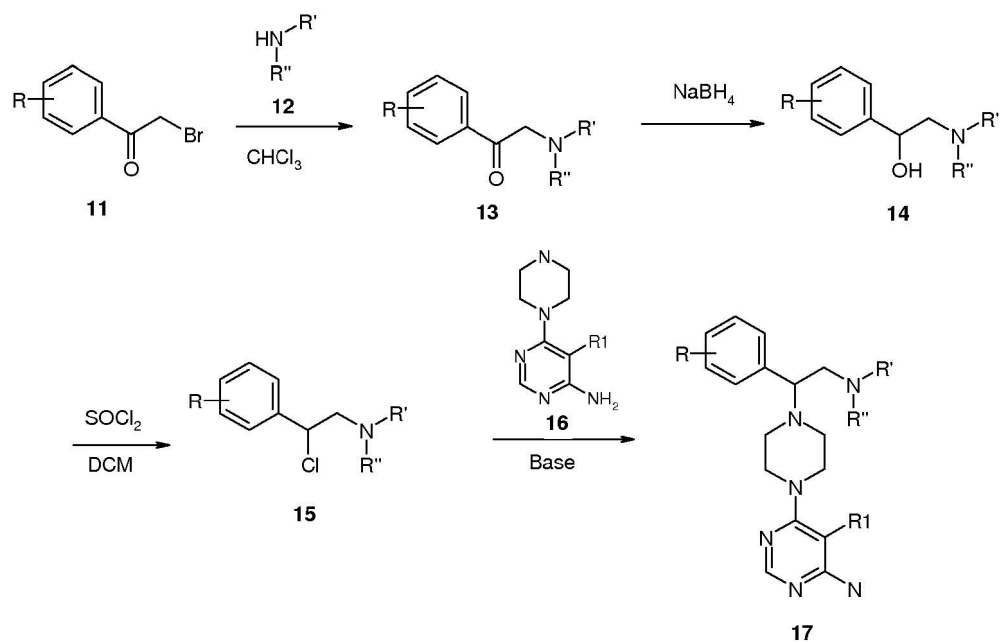
Tert-butyl-4 oxopiperidone-1-carboxylate was reacted with 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetonitrile under basic condition to form compound **5**. Hydrogenation of compound **5** by using Pd(OH)₂ as catalyst to reduce the double bond and Raney Ni as catalyst to convert cyanide to amine, followed by de-Boc generated intermediate **6**, which was coupling with 5-bromo-6-chloropyrimidin-4-amine to yield compound **7**. The primary amine **7** was protected by Boc to give intermediate **8**, which was performed a Suzuki coupling, followed by Boc deprotection to afford compounds **9**.

Scheme 5



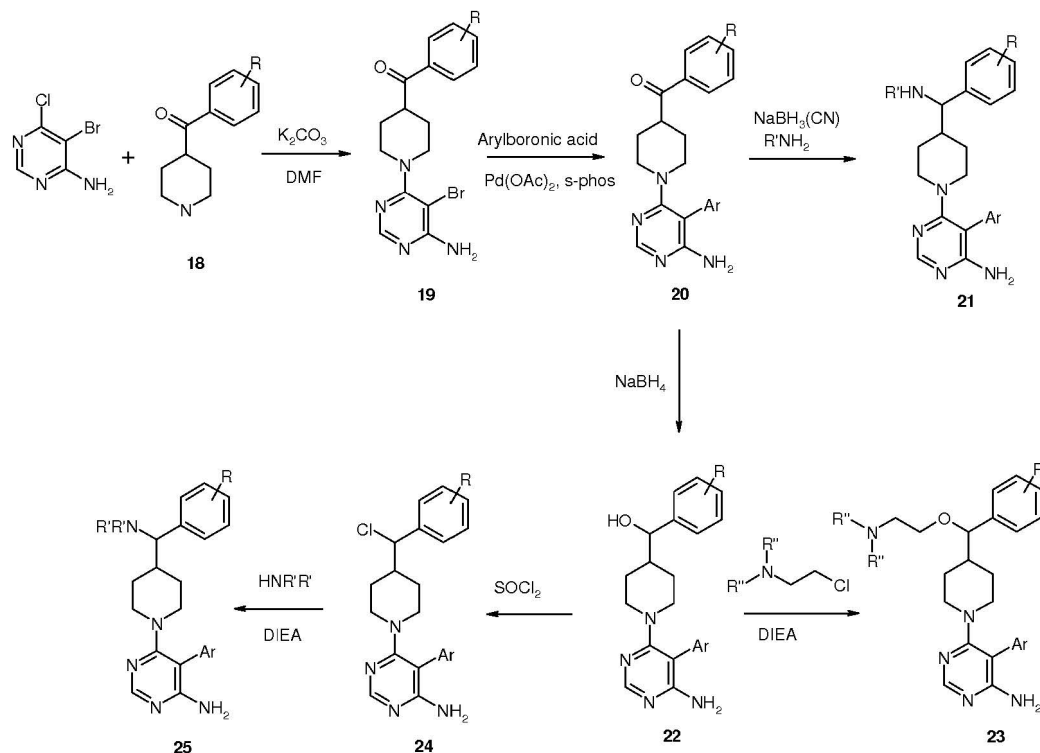
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-(piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine was reacted with aryl aldehydes or ketones under reductive amination condition to generate desired compounds **10**.

Scheme 6



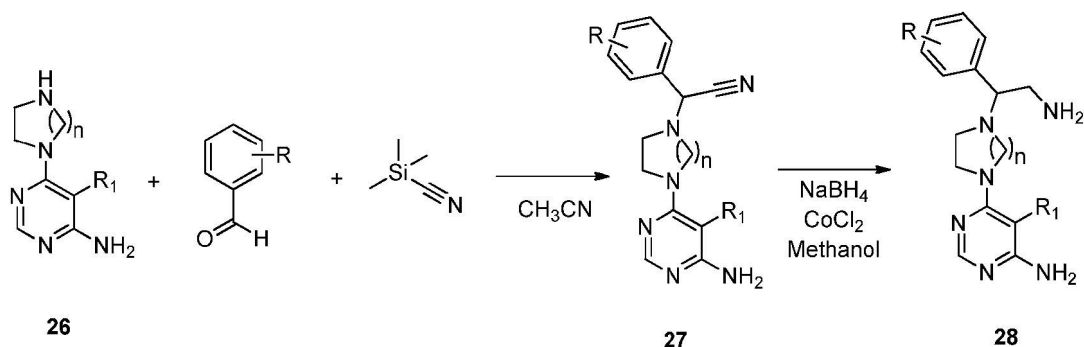
The displacement of bromides **11** with secondary amines **12** provided ketones **13**, which was reduced to alcohols **14**. Alcohols **14** were converted to the corresponding chlorides **15** by thionyl chloride. Chlorides **15** were reacted with piperazine intermediates **16** to afford the desired the products **17**.

Scheme 7



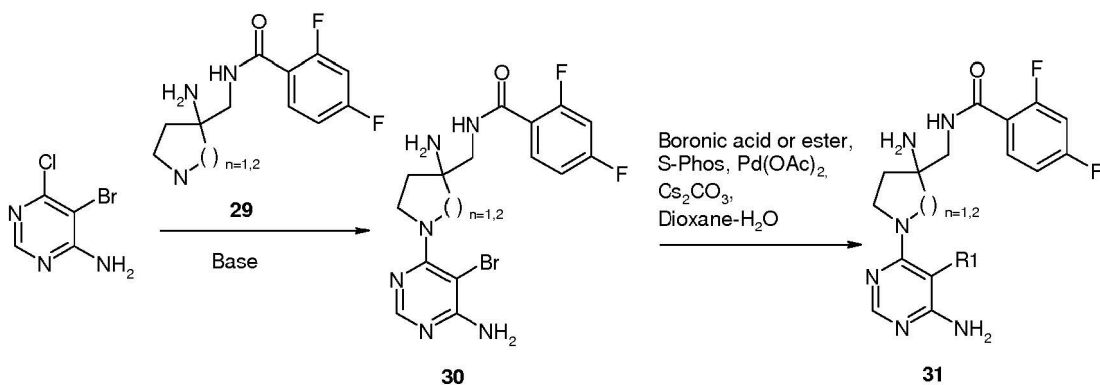
- 5-Bromo-6-chloro-pyrimidine-4-ylamine was reacted with secondary amines **18** in the presence of base to provide the bromide intermediates **19**. A Suzuki coupling is performed with the bromide intermediates **19** and boronic acid or ester to afford the ketone intermediates **20**. Reductive amination of the ketone intermediates **20** with amines in the presence of sodium cyanoborohydride provided the desired products **21**. Reduction of keton intermediates **20** with sodium borohydride gave the second alcohols **22**, which can be further converted to compounds **23** by alkylating with chlorides. Compounds **25** were obtained via their chlorides intermediates **24** from the corresponding alcohols **22**.

Scheme 8



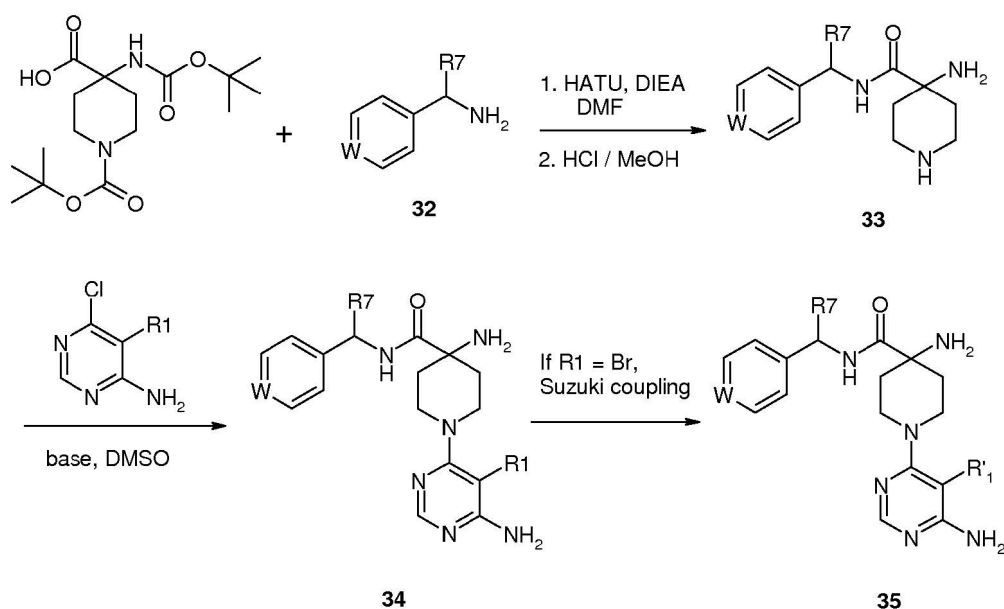
- 5 The Strecker reaction with 4-heterocyclic-6-aminopyrimidine **26**, aryl-aldehydes, and trimethylsilyl cyanide provided the nitriles **27**. Reduction of the nitriles afforded the primary amine as desired products **28**.

Scheme 9



- 15 5-Bromo-6-chloro-pyrimidine-4-ylamine was reacted with secondary amines **29** in the presence of base to provide the bromides **30**. A Suzuki coupling was then performed with the bromides **30** and boronic acid or ester to afford compounds **31**.

Scheme 10



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Amide coupling of 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid with amines **32** followed by Boc deprotection generated amine intermediate **33**, which was reacted with 6-amino-5-substituted-4-chloro pyrimidines provided compounds **34**. A Suzuki coupling was then performed if R1 of compounds **34** is bromine to afford compounds **35**.

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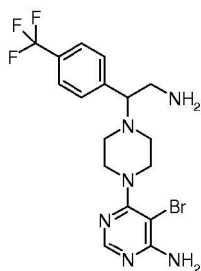
Examples:

Examples 136 and 209-213 have been purposely omitted given a discontinuity in the clerical numbering of the compounds as described in the instant application.

15

Examples (1) to (50) were prepared according to Scheme 3.

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("1")

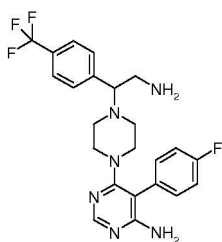


Intermediate (1.1): *2-Piperazin-1-yl-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamine hydrochloride*

A mixture of 4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (185 mg; 0.5 mmol; 1.0 eq.) and 4M hydrogen chloride in dioxane (1.8 ml; 7.4 mmol; 15 eq.) in Methanol (3.00ml) was stirred at room temperature overnight. Ether was added to the reaction mixture. The precipitate was filtered, washed with ether and dried to yield 2-piperazin-1-yl-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamine hydrochloride salt as off-white solid in 67% yield.

A mixture of 5-bromo-6-chloropyrimidin-4-amine (51.6 mg; 0.24 mmol, 1.0 eq.), intermediate (1.1) (100.0 mg; 0.24 mmol, 1.0 eq.) and potassium carbonate (97.5 mg; 0.7 mmol; 3.0 eq.) in DMSO (2.00 ml) was heated at 60 °C for 8h. The reaction mixture was purified by pre-HPLC (Waters, basic condition) to afford the title compound as white solid in 70% yield. LC-MS: (M+1 =445, obsd. = 445).

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("2")

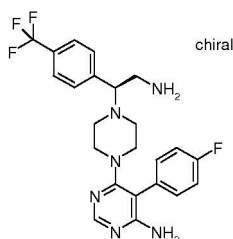


A mixture of 6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-ylamine (110.00 mg; 0.25 mmol; 1.0 eq.), (4-fluorophenyl)boronic acid (103.7 mg; 0.74 mmol; 3.0 eq.), palladium(2+) acetate (5.5 mg; 0.02 mmol; 0.1 eq.), dicyclohexyl(2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl-2-yl)phosphine (20.2 mg; 0.05 mmol; 0.2

eq.) and cesium carbonate (241.4 mg; 0.74 mmol; 3.0 eq.) in dioxane (5.00 ml) and water (0.50 ml) in a sealed tube was stirred at 100 °C overnight. The crude was purified by Reverse Phase chromatography (Waters, basic condition) to afford the title compound as a white solid in 75% yield. LC-MS: (M+1 =461, obsd. = 461).

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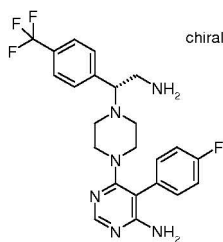
6-{4-[(S)-2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("3")



10

The title compound was obtained via SFC chiral separation of Example (2). LC-MS: (M+1 =461, obsd. = 461).

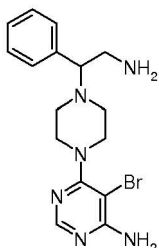
15 6-{4-[(R)-2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("4")



The title compound was obtained via SFC chiral separation of Example (2). LC-MS: (M+1 =461, obsd. = 461).

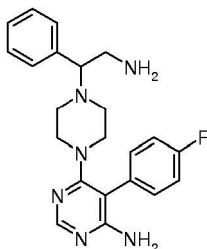
20

6-[4-(2-Amino-1-phenyl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("5")



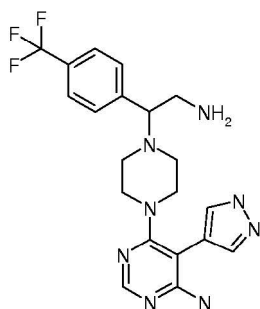
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1) by using 4-[2-amino-1-phenylethyl]-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester instead of 4-[2-amino-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-ethyl]-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester. LC-MS: (M+1 =377, obsd. = 377).

6-[4-(2-Amino-1-phenyl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine
 (“6”)



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2) by using 6-{4-[2-amino-1-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-ylamine instead of 6-{4-[2-amino-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-ylamine. LC-MS: (M+1 =393, obsd. = 393).

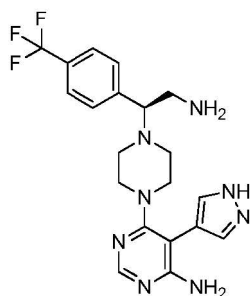
6-[4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl]-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine (“7”)



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS: (M+1 =433, obsd. = 433).

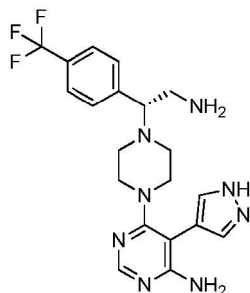
5

(S)-6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("8").



10 The title compound was obtained by chiral separation with SFC column of Example (7). LC-MS:(M+1 =433, obsd. = 433).

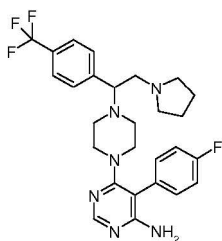
15 (R)-6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("9").



The title compound was obtained by chiral separation with SFC column of Example (7). LC-MS ($M+1 = 433$, obsd. = 433).

5

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-(4-(2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl)-pyrimidin-4-amine ("10")



10 *Intermediate (10.1): 1-(2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazine hydrochloride salt*

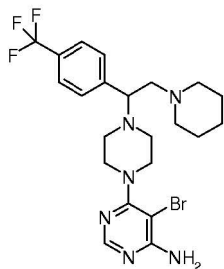
In a dry microwave vial was added 4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (160.0 mg; 0.43 mmol; 1.0 eq.), Potassium carbonate (296.1 mg; 2.14 mmol; 5.0 eq.), 1,4-Dibromo-butane (55.9 μ l; 0.47 mmol; 1.1 eq.) and . The vial was capped and connected to a vacuum for 10 sec. before it was influx with N₂. The white turbid mixture was stirred at 83°C overnight. No SM was detected. The crude mixture was filtered, concentrated and purified via 10g KPNH column to afford the 68mg Boc protected Intermediate (8.1). To a 25mL flask containing the obtained Boc protected title compound in MeOH (5 mL) was added hydrogen chloride (0.8 ml; 1.61 mmol; 10.0 eq.) at 0 °C slowly. The obtained solution was warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. LCMS didn't detect any SM. The crude mixture was concentrated and directed used in the next step. LC-MS: ($M+1 = 328$, obsd. = 328).

25 *Intermediate (10.2): 5-bromo-6-(4-(2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine*

Intermediate (10.2) was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1) using Intermediate (10.1). LC-MS: ($M+1 = 499$, obsd. = 499).

Example (10) was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2) using Intermediate (10.2). LC-MS: (M+1 =515, obsd. = 515).

5 5-bromo-6-(4-(2-(piperidin-1-yl)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("11")

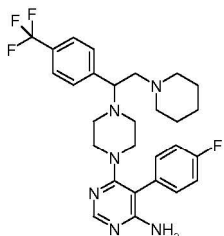


Intermediate (11.1): 1-(2-(piperidin-1-yl)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazine hydrochloride salt

Intermediate (11.1) (315 mg) was prepared in an analogous manner as Intermediate (10.1) using 1,5-dibromo-pentane (120.38 μ l; 0.88 mmol; 1.1 eq.) instead of 1,4-dibromo butane. The concentrated crude product was directly used in the next step. LC-MS: (M+1 =342, obsd. = 342).

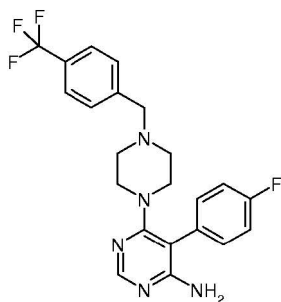
Example (11) was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1) using Intermediate (9.1). LC-MS: (M+1 =513, obsd. = 513).

20 5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-6-{4-[2-piperidin-1-yl-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("12")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS: (M+1 =529, obsd. = 529).

5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-6-[4-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("13")



5

Intermediate (13.1): 4-(6-Amino-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

Intermediate (13.1) was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1) using
10 Piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester instead of 4-[2-amino-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-ethyl]-piperazine. LC-MS: (M+1 =358, obsd. = 358).

Intermediate (13.2): 4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester

15 Intermediate (13.2) was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS: (M+1 =374, obsd. = 374).

Intermediate (13.3): 5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-6-piperazin-1-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine

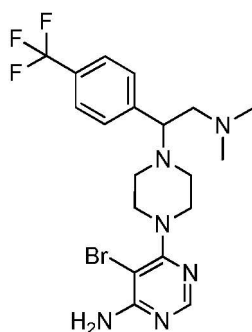
The mixture of the Intermediate (10.2) (370 mg; 1 mmol; 1.0 eq.), 4M hydrogen
20 chloride in dioxane (2.5 mL, 10 mmol, 10 eq.) in MeOH (2.0 ml) is stirred at room temperature for 3h. The reaction mixture is diluted with ether. The precipitate was filtered and washed with ether to afford the Intermediate (10.3) as HCl salt. LC-MS: (M+1 =274, obsd. = 274).

25 The mixture of Intermediate (13.3) (60.0 mg; 0.22 mmol; 1.0 eq.), 1-bromomethyl-4-trifluoromethylbenzene (52.48 mg; 0.22 mmol; 1.00 eq.) and DIPEA (0.04 ml; 0.26 mmol; 1.2 eq.) in THF (2.0 ml) is stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by pre-HPLC (Waters, basic condition) to

yield the title compound as a white solid in 76% yield. LC-MS: (M+1 =432, obsd. = 432).

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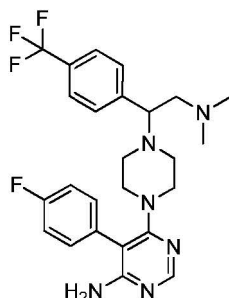
5-bromo-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("14")



- 10 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1) by using *N,N*-dimethyl-2-(piperazin-1-yl)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethanamine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamine. LC-MS: (M+1 =474, obsd. = 474)

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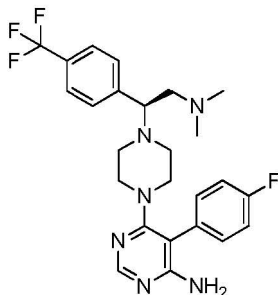
6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("15")



- 20 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2) by using 5-bromo-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-

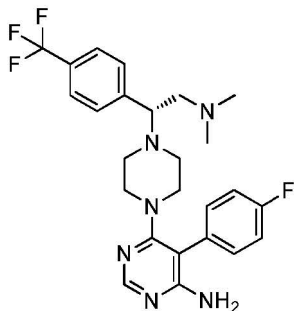
yl)pyrimidin-4-amine instead of 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl)-5-bromopyrimidin-4-amine. LC-MS: (M+1 =489, obsd. = 489)

5 (S)-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("16")



10 The title compound was obtained via SFC chiral separation of Example (15). LC-MS: (M+1 =489, obsd. = 489).

(R)-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("17")

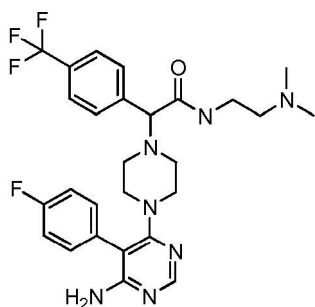


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The title compound was obtained via SFC chiral separation of Example (15). LC-MS: (M+1 =489, obsd. = 489).

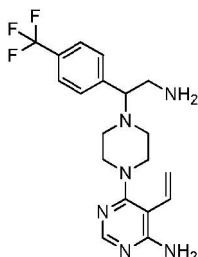
20

2-(4-(6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-N-(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide ("18")



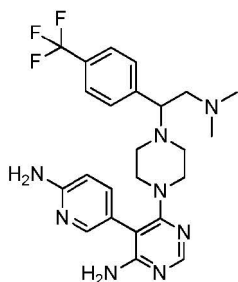
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2) by using 2-(4-(6-amino-5-bromopyrimidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-N-(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide instead of 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-bromopyrimidin-4-amine. LC-MS: (M+1 =546, obsd. = 546)

6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-vinylpyrimidin-4-amine ("19")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2) by using 4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-vinyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane instead of 4-fluorophenyl boronic acid. LC-MS: (M+1 =394, obsd. = 394)

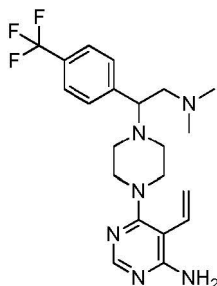
5-(6-aminopyridin-3-yl)-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("20")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (15) by using (6-aminopyridin-3-yl) boronic acid instead of 4-fluorophenyl boronic acid. LC-MS:

5 (M+1 =487, obsd. = 487)

6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-vinylpyrimidin-4-amine ("21")

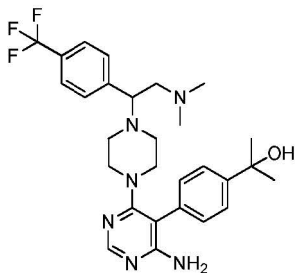


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (15) by using 4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-2-vinyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane instead of 4-fluorophenyl boronic acid. LC-MS: (M+1 =421, obsd. = 421)

15

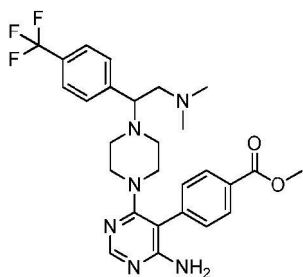
2-(4-(4-amino-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl)propan-2-ol ("22")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (15) by using 2-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)propan-2-ol instead of 4-fluorophenyl boronic acid. LC-MS: (M+1 =529, obsd. = 529)

5

Methyl 4-(4-amino-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-yl)benzoate ("23")

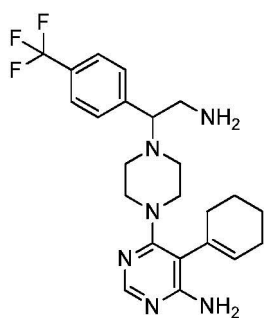


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (15) by using methyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)benzoate instead of 4-fluorophenyl boronic acid. LC-MS: (M+1 =529, obsd. = 529)

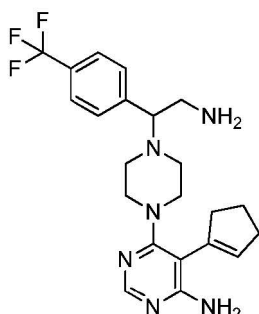
15

6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("24")



20 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2) by using methyl 2-(cyclohex-1-en-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane instead of 4-fluorophenyl boronic acid. LC-MS: (M+1 =447, obsd. = 447)

6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("25")

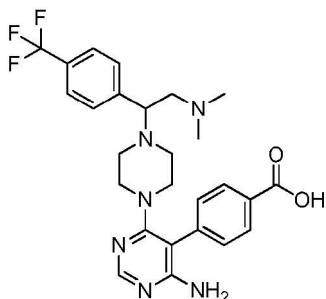


5

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2) by using 2-(cyclopent-1-en-1-yl)-4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolane instead of 4-fluorophenyl boronic acid. LC-MS: ($M+1 = 433$, obsd. = 433)

10

4-(4-amino-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-yl)benzoic acid ("26")

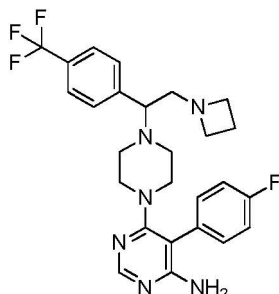


15

In a round bottle flask containing 4-(4-Amino-6-{4-[2-dimethylamino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-5-yl)-benzoic acid methyl ester trifluoroacetic acid (36.00 mg; 0.06 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in THF (2.00 ml) and water (2.00 ml) was added 1 N lithium hydroxide monohydrate water solution. The mixture was stirred at rt for 4h before it was concentrated and purified with waters prep-HPLC. LC-MS: ($M+1 = 515$, obsd. = 515)

20

6-(4-(2-(azetidin-1-yl)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("27")



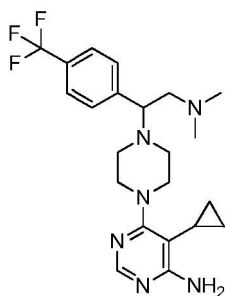
5

In a microwave vial containing 1-[2-chloro-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-azetidine (32.26 mg; 0.12 mmol; 1.00 eq.) from last step in acetonitrile (2.00 ml) was added 5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-piperazin-1-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine (33.43 mg; 0.12 mmol; 1.00 eq.), followed by DIPEA (0.06 ml; 0.37 mmol; 3.00 eq.). The clear solution was stirred at 60°C overnight and then 75°C for 3h before the mixture was concentrated and purified with waters pre-HPLC. LC-MS: (M+1 =501, obsd. = 501)

10

5-Cyclopropyl-6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("28")

15

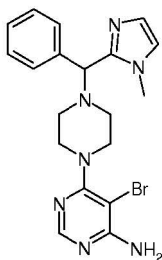


In a microwave vial containing 5-bromo-6-{4-[2-dimethylamino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine (84.00 mg; 0.18 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in toluene (3.00 ml; 28.23 mmol; 159.07 eq.) and water (0.30 ml; 16.65 mmol; 93.84 eq.) was added palladium(ii) acetate (3.98 mg; 0.02 mmol; 0.10 eq.), potassium cyclopropyltrifluoroborate (52.52 mg; 0.35 mmol; 2.00 eq.), cesium carbonate (127.21 mg; 0.39 mmol; 2.20 eq.) and 4,5-bis(diphenylphosphino)-9,9-

20

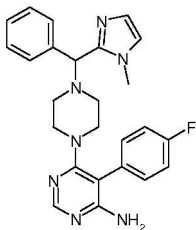
dimethylxanthene (20.54 mg; 0.04 mmol; 0.20 eq.). The mixture was microwaved at 125 °C for 30min before it was filtered the desired product was purified with Waters prep-HPLC. LC-MS: (M+1 =435, obsd. = 435)

5 5-Bromo-6-{4-[(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-phenyl-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("29")



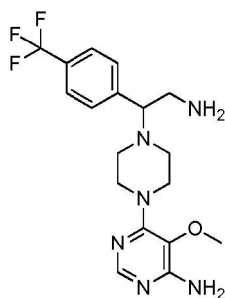
10 The title compound was prepared as a white solid in 67.7% yield in an analogous manner as Example (1) by using 1-[(1-methyl-1h-imidazol-2-yl)-phenyl-methyl]-piperazine instead of 2-piperazin-1-yl-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamine. LC-MS: (M+1 =429.3, obsd. = 429.2).

15 5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-6-{4-[(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-phenyl-methyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("30")



20 The title compound was prepared as a white solid in 79% yield in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS: (M+1 =443.5, obsd. = 444.3).

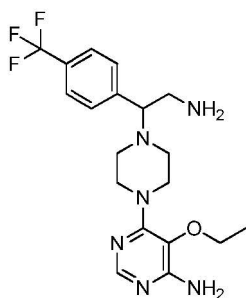
6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-methoxypyrimidin-4-amine ("31")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner *as* Example (1). LC-MS ($M+1 = 397$, obsd. = 397).

5

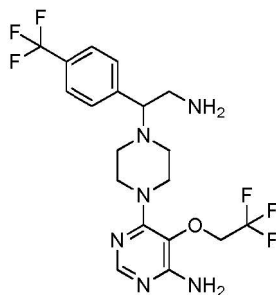
6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-ethoxypyrimidin-4-amine ("32")



10

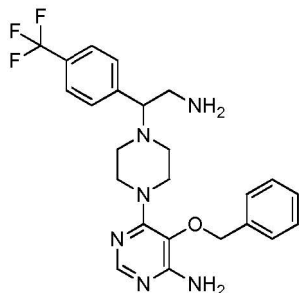
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner *as* Example (1). LC-MS ($M+1 = 411$, obsd. = 411).

15 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyrimidin-4-amine ("33")



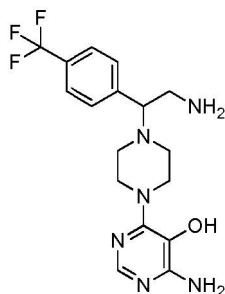
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1). LC-MS
(M+1 =465, obsd. = 465).

5 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(benzyloxy)pyrimidin-4-amine ("34")



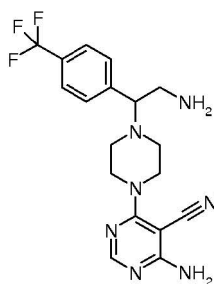
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1). LC-MS
10 (M+1 =473, obsd. = 473).

(35) 4-amino-6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-ol ("35")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1). LC-MS
(M+1 =483, obsd. = 483).

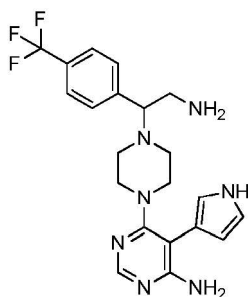
20 4-Amino-6-{4-[2-amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile ("36")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1). LC-MS (M+1 =392, obsd. = 392).

5

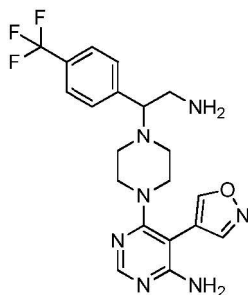
6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("37")



10

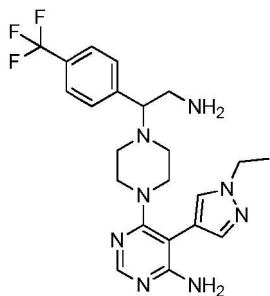
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS: (M+1 =432, obsd. = 432).

15 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(isoxazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("38")



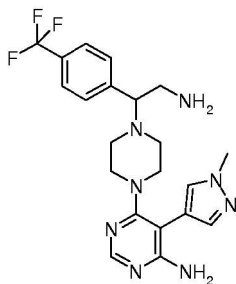
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS:
(M+1 =434, obsd. = 434).

- 5 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("39")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS:
10 (M+1 =461, obsd. = 461).

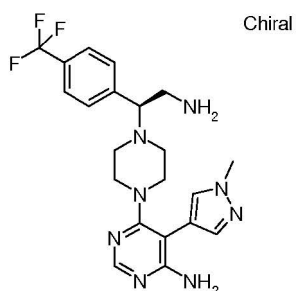
- 6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("40")



15

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS:
(M+1 =447, obsd. = 447).

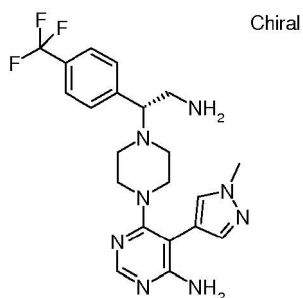
- 20 6-{4-[(S)-2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("41")



The title compound was isolated by the SFC chiral separation of Example (40). LC-MS: (M+1 =447, obsd. =447)

5

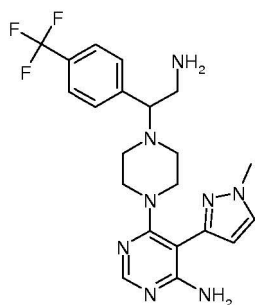
6-{4-[(R)-2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("42")



10 The title compound was isolated by the SFC chiral separation of Example (40). LC-MS: (M+1 =447, obsd. =447)

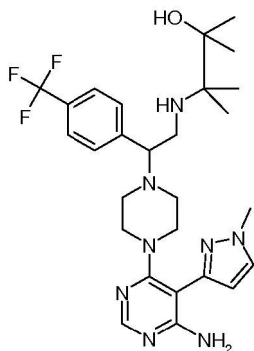
6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("43")

15



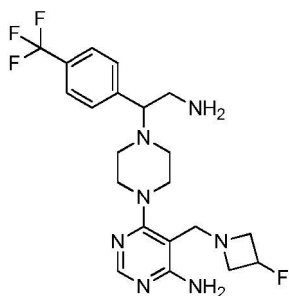
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS: (M+1 =447, obsd. = 447).

5 3-[2-{4-[6-Amino-5-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethylamino]-2,3-dimethyl-butan-2-ol ("44")



The title compound was obtained as the by-product of Example (43). LC-MS: (M+1 =547, obsd. = 547).

10 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)methyl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("45")



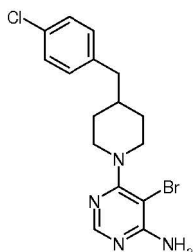
15

To 3-fluoro-azetidine hydrochloride (17.64 mg; 0.12 mmol; 1.05 eq.) in 1ml of DCE was added DIEA (0.04 ml; 0.23 mmol; 2.00 eq.). After stirred at RT for 10 mins, [2-
20 [4-(6-amino-5-formyl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester (60.00 mg; 0.11 mmol; 1.00 eq.) was added, followed by sodium p-triacetoxyborohydride (72.18 mg; 0.34 mmol; 3.00 eq.). The

reaction mixture was stirred overnight at RT. Poured the reaction solution to EA, washed with 5% sodium bicarbonate and brine. The organic layer was separated, dried and concentrated to afford the intermediate.

The above intermediate was dissolved in 1ml of methanol, 70mg 10%Pd/C was added and then 100mg of ammonium formate. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 60°C for 1hr. The crude was purified by pre-HPLC to yield the title compound (10mg, yield 15%). LC-MS: (M+1 = 454, obsd. = 454).

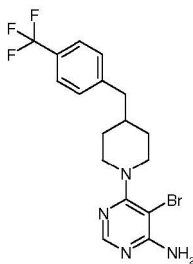
10 5-Bromo-6{4-(4-chlorobenzyl)-piperidin-1-yl}pyrimidin-4-amine ("46")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1). LC-MS (M+1 = 382, obsd = 382)

15

5-Bromo-6{4-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-piperidin-1-yl}pyrimidin-4-amine ("47")

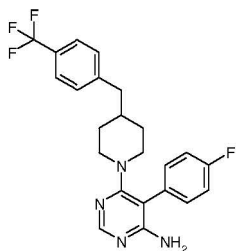


20

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (1). LC-MS (M+1 = 416, obsd = 416)

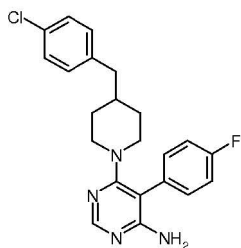
25

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-piperidin-1-yl}pyrimidin-4-amine
("48")



- 5 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS
(M+1 = 431, obsd = 431)

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-(4-chlorobenzyl)-piperidin-1-yl}pyrimidin-4-amine ("49")

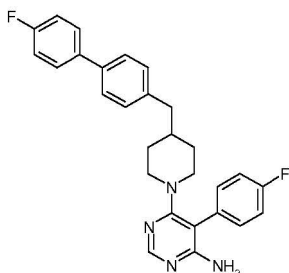


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS
(M+1 = 398, obsd = 398)

15

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-(4-(4-fluorophenyl)benzyl)-piperidin-1-yl}pyrimidin-4-amine
("50")



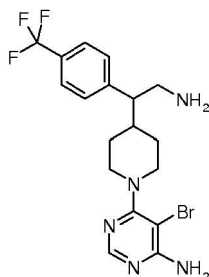
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2). LC-MS
(M+1 = 457, obsd = 457)

5

Examples (51) to (59) were prepared according to Synthetic Scheme 4.

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-
ylamine ("51")

10



Intermediate (51.1) *tert-butyl 4-(cyano(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methylene)piperidine-1-carboxylate*

15

To the solution of 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenylacetonitrile (2560.9 mg; 13.83 mmol; 1.06 eq.) in ethanol (50 mL), 21% sodium ethoxide (5.70 ml; 15.27 mmol; 1.17 eq.) in ethanol was added dropwise at RT. After stirred for 30 min, a solution of 1-boc-4-piperidone (2600.00 mg; 13.05 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in ethanol (10 mL) was added slowly.

20

The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4h. The reaction was quenched with 50mL of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and concentrated to half volume. The aqueous solution was extracted with ether three times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried and then concentrated to give the crude product, which was purified by Biotage chromatography with EtOAc/Hexane (5-30%)

25

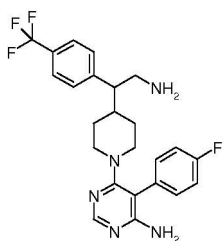
to yield the desired product as light yellow solid (3200.00 mg, yield 66.9%).

Intermediate (51.2) *2-(piperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethanamine hydrochloride salt*

A solution of Intermediate (51.1) (2000.0 mg; 5.46 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in 50 ml of methanol was surged on H-Qube through 20% Pd(OH)₂ cartridge at 1.5ml/min and RT for one cycle. LCMS showed a clean product as tert-butyl 4-(cyano(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate. 10ml of 7.0N NH₃ in methanol was added to the above solution and the solution was then placed on H-Qube through Raney Ni column as cartridge at 1.5ml/min and 45°C for one cycle. LCMS showed clean reaction of reducing nitrile. The reaction mixture was concentrated to afford tert-butyl 4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate, which was added 10 ml of 4.0M HCl in dioxane and stirred at RT for 4hr. The precipitate was collected by filtration to yield the title compound as white solid (1600mg, yield 77.7%). LC-MS: (M+1 =273, obsd. = 273).

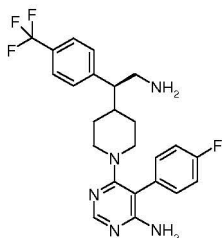
A mixture of 5-bromo-6-chloropyrimidin-4-amine (317.78 mg; 1.45 mmol; 1.00 eq.), Intermediate (51.2) (500.00 mg; 1.45 mmol; 1.00 eq.) and potassium carbonate (600.48 mg; 4.34 mmol; 3.00 eq.) in DMSO (5.00 ml) was heated at 60 °C for 14h. The reaction mixture was purified by pre-HPLC (Waters, basic condition) to afford the title compound. LC-MS: (M+1 =444, obsd. = 444).

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("52")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (2) by using 6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-ylamine instead of 6-{4-[2-amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-ylamine. LC-MS: (M+1 =460, obsd. = 460).

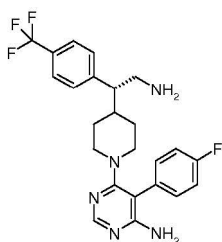
6-{4-[(S)-2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("53")



5

The title compound was obtained via SFC chiral separation of Example (52). LC-MS: (M+1 =460, obsd. = 460).

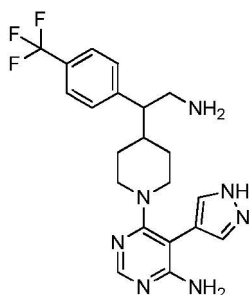
10 6-{4-[(R)-2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("54")



The title compound was obtained via SFC chiral separation of Example (52). LC-MS: (M+1 =460, obsd. = 460).

15

6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("55")



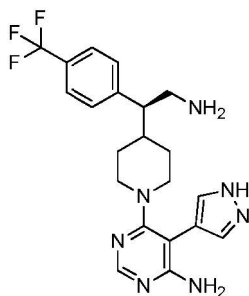
20

Intermediate (55.1) *tert*-butyl (2-(1-(6-amino-5-bromopyrimidin-4-yl)piperidin-4-yl)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)carbamate

A mixture of 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidin-1-yl)-5-bromopyrimidin-4-amine (1700 mg; 3.84 mmol; 1.00 eq.) and di-*tert*-butyl dicarbonate (837.62 mg; 3.84 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in THF (50ml) was stirred at RT overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated and subjected to SNAP column(100g), eluted with 30-80% ethyl acetate in hexan to yield the title compound (1400mg, yield 67%). LC-MS:(M+1 =544, obsd = 543/544).

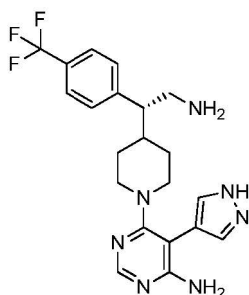
- 10 A mixture of Intermediate (55.1) (280.00 mg; 0.51 mmol; 1.00 eq.), 4-(4,4,5,5-Tetramethyl-[1,3,2]dioxaborolan-2-yl)-pyrazole-1-carboxylic acid *tert*-butyl ester (226.93 mg; 0.77 mmol; 1.50 eq.) and cesium carbonate (335 mg, 1.03 mmol, 2.0 eq.) in dioxane (3 ml) and water (0.25 ml) was degas, and then bis(tri-*t*-butylphosphine)palladium(0) (39.43 mg; 0.08 mmol; 0.15 eq.) added. The resulting mixture was stirred at 50 °C overnight. The reaction mixture was worked up and purified by SNAP column, eluted with 0-10% methanol in DCM to give *tert*-butyl 4-(4-amino-6-(4-(2-((*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-yl)-1H-pyrazole-1-carboxylate (280mg, yield 86%), which was added 4 ml of methanol and 3ml of 4.0M HCl in dioxane and stirred at RT for 3hr. The reaction mixture was concentrated to afford the title compound in quantitative yield. LC-MS: (M+1 =432, obsd. = 432).

- 25 (S)-6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("56") (shown in one of enatiomer, absolute chirality is unknown).



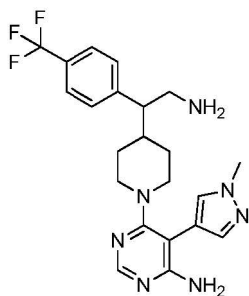
The title compound was obtained by chiral separation with SFC column of Example (55). LC-MS ($M+1 = 432$, obsd. = 432).

- 5 (R)-6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("57")(shown in one of enantiomer, absolute chirality is unknown).



- 10 The title compound was obtained by chiral separation with SFC column of Example (55). LC-MS ($M+1 = 432$, obsd. = 432).

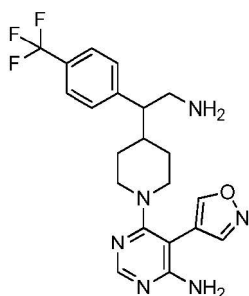
- 15 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidin-1-yl)-5-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("58")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (55). LC-MS ($M+1 = 446$, obsd. = 446).

20

- 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidin-1-yl)-5-(isoxazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("59")



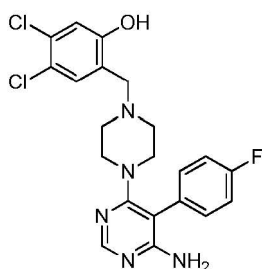
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (55). LC-MS (M+1 =433, obsd. = 433).

5

Examples (60) to (63) were prepared according to Synthetic Scheme 5.

2-((4-(6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-4,5-

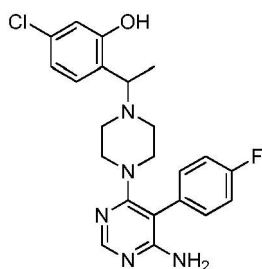
10 dichlorophenol ("60")



A reaction mixture of 5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-6-piperazin-1-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine (400.0 mg; 1.46 mmol; 1.00 eq.), 4,5-dichloro-2-hydroxy-benzaldehyde (279.5 mg; 1.46 mmol; 1.00 eq.), Acetic acid (87.8 mg; 1.46 mmol; 1.00 eq.) and sodium triacetoxy borohydride (926.1 mg; 4.39 mmol; 3.00 eq.) in DCE (10 ml) was stirred overnight at RT. The reaction solution was diluted with DCM and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried and concentrated, which was added 10ml of ether and stirred for 5mins. The precipitate was filtered to afford the title asd white off solid (528mg, yield 80.5%). LC-MS: (M+1 =448, obsd. = 448/450).

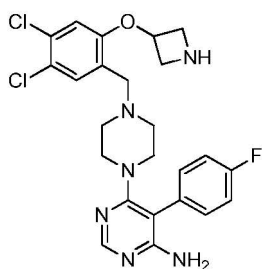
20

2-(1-(4-(6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)ethyl)-5-chlorophenol ("61")



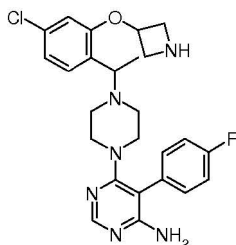
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (60) by 5-(4-
 5 fluorophenyl)-6-(piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine reacted with 1-(4-chloro-2-
 hydroxyphenyl)ethanone. LC-MS: (M+1 =428, obsd. = 428/430).

6-(4-(2-(azetidin-3-yloxy)-4,5-dichlorobenzyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-
 10 fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("62")



A reaction mixture of 2-{4-[6-amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-
 15 ylmethyl}-4,5-dichloro-phenol (80.0 mg; 0.18 mmol; 1.00 eq.), 3-iodo-azetidine-1-
 carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (60.6 mg; 0.21 mmol; 1.20 eq.) and cesium carbonate
 (116.2 mg; 0.36 mmol; 2.00 eq.) in DMF (1 ml) was stirred at 90°C overnight. The
 reaction solution was poured to water and extracted with ethyl acetate, The
 separated organic layer was washed with brine, dried and concentrated, which was
 20 then dissolved in methanol (1 ml) followed by adding 4.0 M HCl in dioxane (2 ml) and
 stirred at RT overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by
 Waters prep-HPLC (acidic condition) to ayield the the title compounds (37 mg, yield
 33.6%). LC-MS: (M+1 =504, obsd. = 504/506).

6-(4-{1-[2-(Azetidin-3-yloxy)-4-chloro-phenyl]-ethyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("63")



5

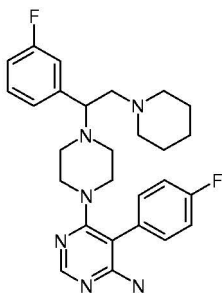
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (62) using 2-((4-(6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)methyl)-5-chlorophenol. LC-MS ($M+1 = 483$, obsd. = 483).

10

Examples (64) to (137) were prepared according to Synthetic Scheme 6.

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-[1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("64")

15



Intermediate (64.1): *1-(3-Fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethanone*

A mixture of 2-bromo-1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethanone (5.0 g; 23.04 mmol; 1.0 eq.), piperidine (2.30 ml; 23.04 mmol; 1.0 eq.) and DIEA (4.89 ml; 27.65 mmol; 1.20 eq.) in CHCl_3 (100 mL) was heated for reflux overnight. The mixture was partitioned between CHCl_3 and saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 . The separated organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified through flash chromatography on silica gel to afford the title compound. LC-MS: 222 ($M+H$).

25

Intermediate (64.2): *1-(3-Fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethanol*

To a solution of 1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethanol Intermediate (64.1) (1.50 g; 6.78 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in MeOH (15 mL) was added sodium borohydride (0.38 g; 10.17 mmol; 1.50 eq.) and 1 mL of water and 1 drop of 10% NaOH. Then the mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 5 hours. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CHCl₃ and water. The organic layer was separated, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The residue was purified through flash chromatography on silica gel to yield 1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethanol. LC-MS: 224 (M+H).

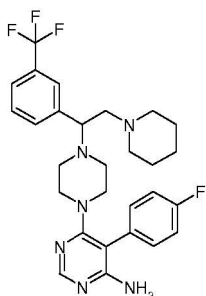
10 Intermediate (64.3): *1-[2-Chloro-2-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperidine*

To a solution of Intermediate (64.2) (2.00 g; 8.96 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in DCM (20 mL) was added thionyl chloride (3.27 mL; 44.79 mmol; 5.00 eq.) dropwise and the mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After removed the solvent, the solid was suspended in EtOAc and the solid was filtered and dried to yield the title compound.

15 LC-MS: 242 (M+H).

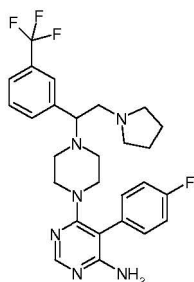
A mixture of Intermediate (64.3) (50.00 mg; 0.21 mmol; 1.00 eq.), 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-piperazin-1-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine (80.12 mg; 0.21 mmol; 1.00 eq.) and DIEA (0.18 mL; 1.03 mmol; 5.00 eq.) in acetonitrile (5 mL) was stirred at 70 °C overnight. The mixture was purified through reverse phase HPLC to provide the title compound. LC-MS: (M+1 = 479, obsd. = 479).

25 5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-[1-(3-trifluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("65")



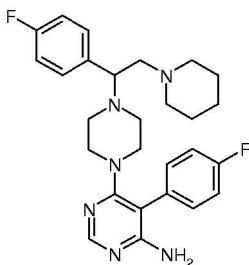
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =529, obsd. = 529).

5 5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-[1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("66")



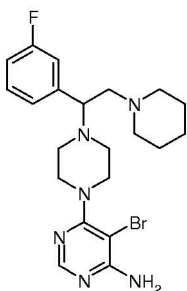
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =514, obsd. = 514).

10 5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-[1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("67")



15 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =479, obsd. = 479).

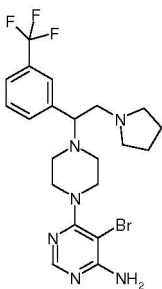
20 5-Bromo-6{4-[1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("68")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 463, obsd = 463)

5

5-Bromo-6{4-[1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-
pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("69")

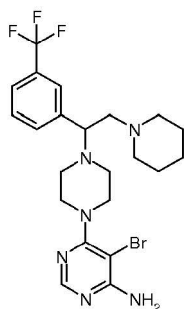


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 499, obsd = 499)

15

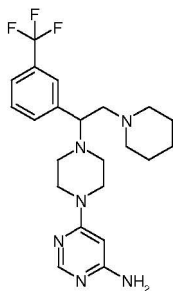
5-Bromo-6{4-[1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-
pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("70")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 513, obsd = 513)

5

6-{4-[1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("71")

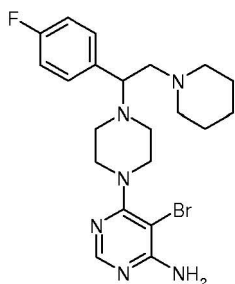


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 435, obsd = 435)

15

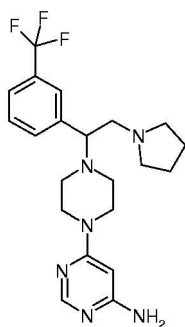
5-Bromo-6{4-[1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("72")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 463, obsd = 463)

5

6-{4-[1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("73")

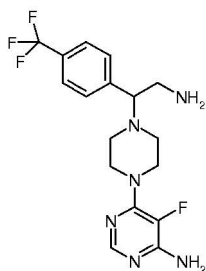


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 421, obsd = 421)

15

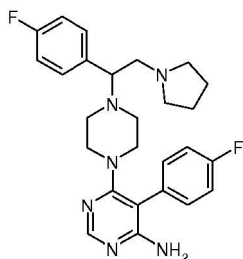
6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-fluoro-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("74")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 385, obsd = 385)

5

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("75")

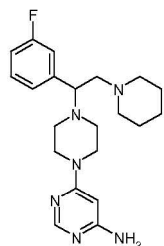


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 465, obsd = 465)

15

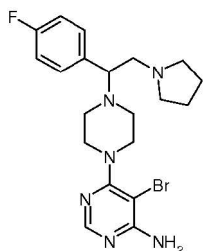
6-{4-[1-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("76")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 385, obsd = 385)

20

5-Bromo-6{4-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("77")

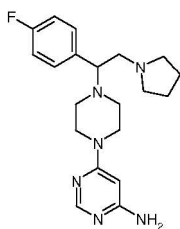


5

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS (M+1 = 449, obsd = 449)

10

6-{4-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("78")

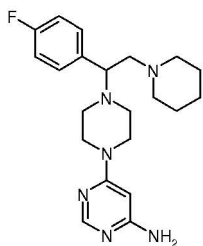


15

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS (M+1 = 371, obsd = 371)

20

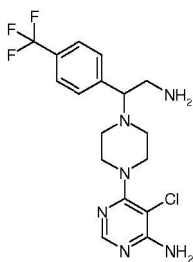
6-{4-[1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("79")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 485, obsd = 485)

5

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("80")

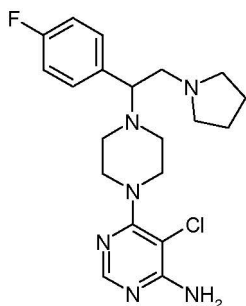


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 401, obsd = 401)

15

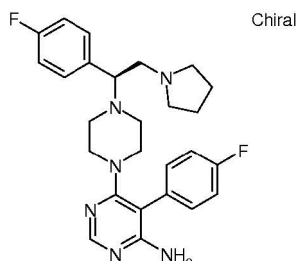
5-Chloro-6{4-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("81")



20

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS
(M+1 = 405, obsd = 405)

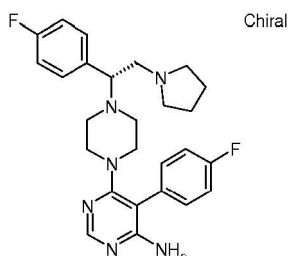
5 (R)-5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("82")



The title compound was prepared in a chiral separation of Example (75). LC-MS
(M+1 = 465, obsd = 465)

10

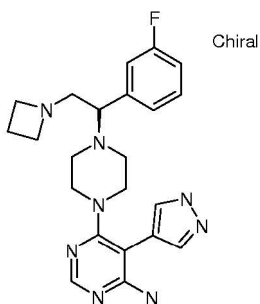
(S)-5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6{4-[1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("83")



15

The title compound was prepared in a chiral separation of Example (75). LC-MS
(M+1 = 465, obsd = 465)

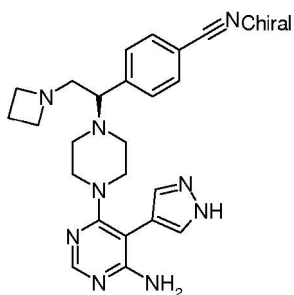
20 6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("84")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation Example (3). LC-MS: (M+1 =423, obsd. =423)

5

4-(1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzonitrile ("85")

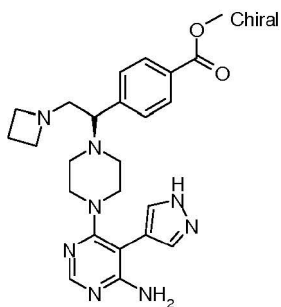


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =430, obsd. =430)

15

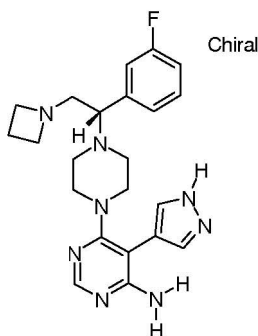
4-(1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester ("86")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =463, obsd. =463)

5

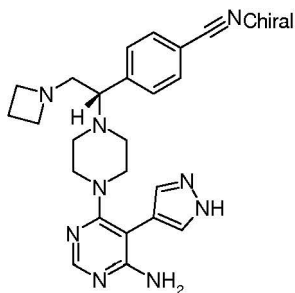
6-{4-[(S)-2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("87")



10

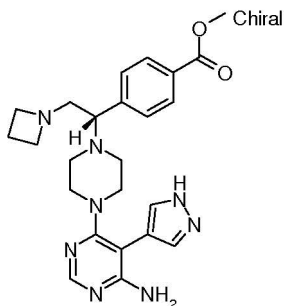
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =423, obsd. =423)

15 4-((S)-1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzonitrile ("88")



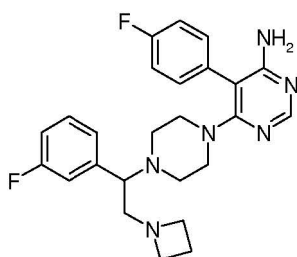
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =430, obsd. =430)

5 4-((S)-1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester ("89")



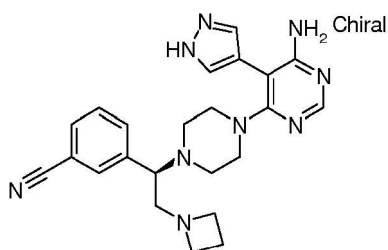
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =463, obsd. =463)

10 6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("90")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =451, obsd. =451)

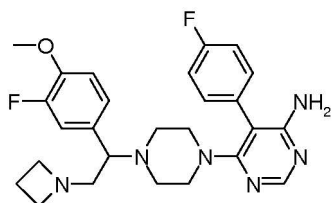
20 3-((R)-1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzonitrile ("91")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =430, obsd. =430)

5

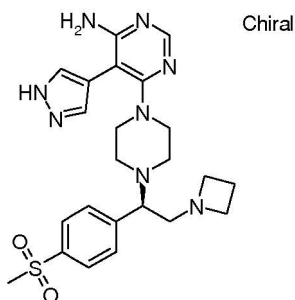
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl]-1-(3-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("92")



10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =481, obsd. =481)

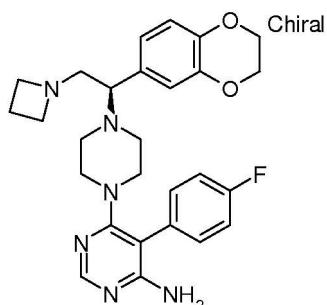
15 6-{4-[(R)-2-Azetidin-1-yl]-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("93")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =483, obsd. =483)

20

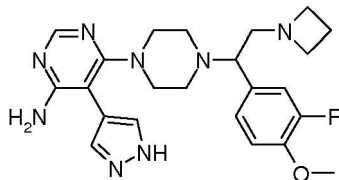
6-{4-[(R)-2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,3-dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("94")



5

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =491, obsd. =491)

10 6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("95")

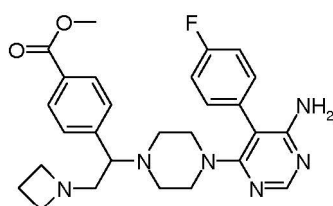


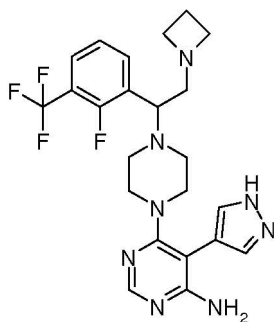
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =453, obsd. =453)

15

4-(1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester ("96")

20

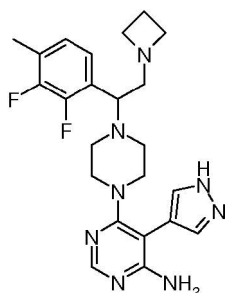




The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =491, obsd. =491)

5

6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,3-difluoro-4-methyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("100")

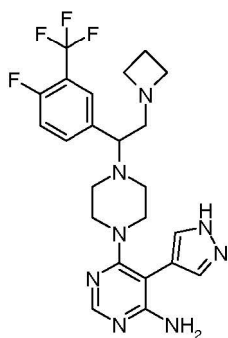


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =430, obsd. =430)

15

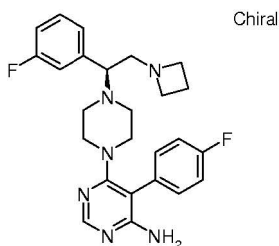
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-fluoro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("101")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =491, obsd. =491)

5

6-{4-[(S)-2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("102")

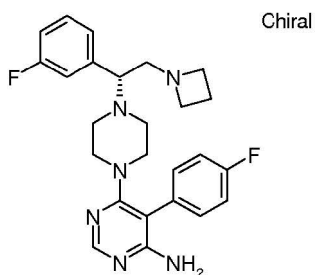


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =451, obsd. =451)

15

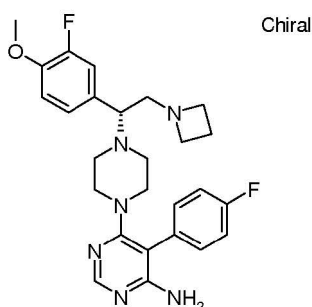
6-{4-[(R)-2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("103")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =451, obsd. =451)

5

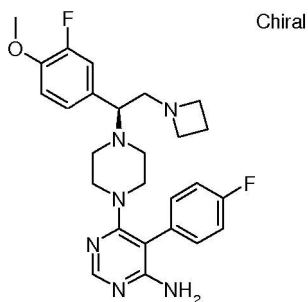
6-{4-[(R)-2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("104")



10

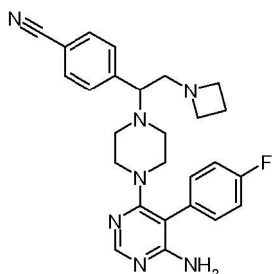
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =481, obsd. =481)

15 6-{4-[(S)-2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-4-methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("105")



20 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =481, obsd. =481)

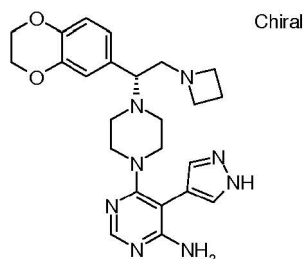
4-(1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzonitrile ("106")



5

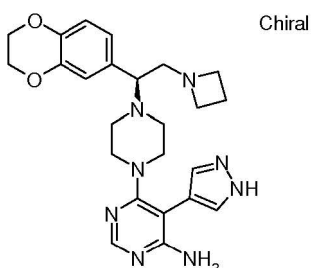
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =458, obsd. =458)

10 6-{4-[(R)-2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,3-dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("107")



15 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =463, obsd. =463)

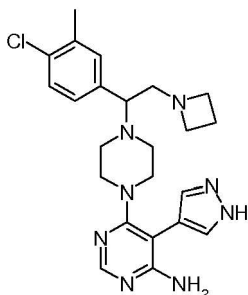
20 6-{4-[(S)-2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,3-dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("108")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =463, obsd. =463)

5

6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-chloro-3-methyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("109")

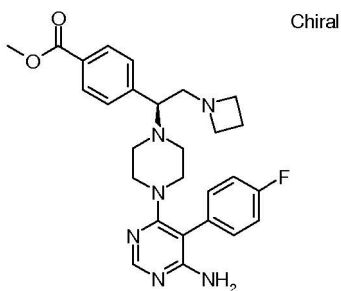


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =453, obsd. =453)

15

4-((S)-1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester ("110")

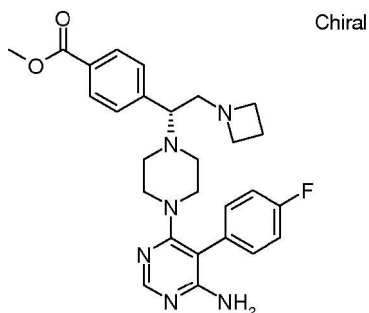


The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =491, obsd. =491)

5

4-((R)-1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester ("111")

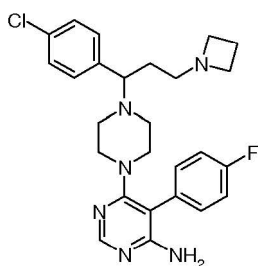
10



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =491, obsd. =491)

15

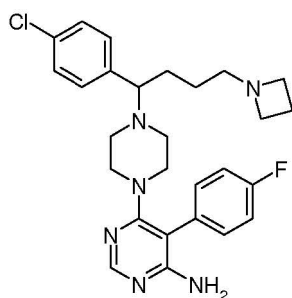
6-{4-[3-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("112")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS:
(M+1 =482, obsd. =482)

5

6-{4-[4-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-butyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("113")

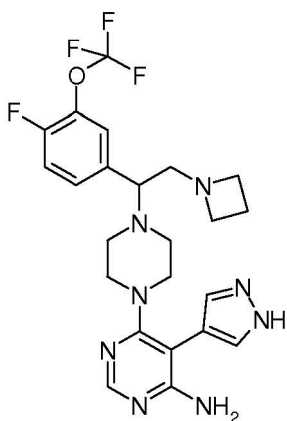


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS:
(M+1 =496, obsd. =496)

15

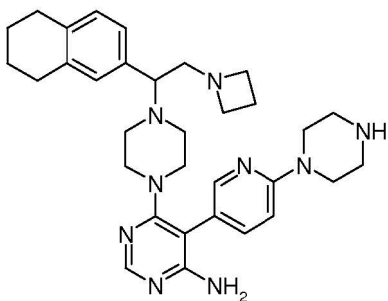
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-fluoro-3-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("114")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =507, obsd. =507)

5

6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalen-2-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(6-piperazin-1-yl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("115")

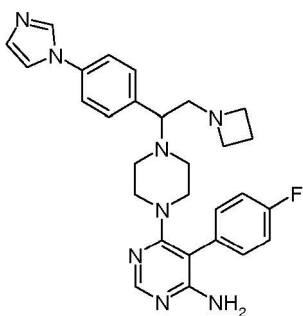


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =554, obsd. =554)

15

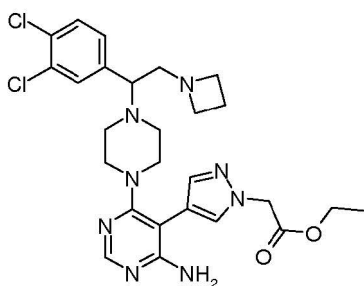
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-imidazol-1-yl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("116")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =499, obsd. =499)

5

[4-(4-Amino-6-{4-[2-azetidin-1-yl]-1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-5-yl)-pyrazol-1-yl]-acetic acid ethyl ester ("117")

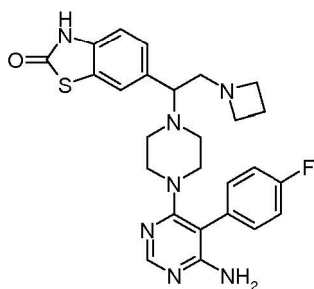


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =560, obsd. =560)

15

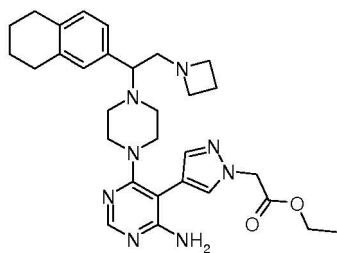
6-(1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-3H-benzothiazol-2-one ("118")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =506, obsd. =506)

5

4-(4-Amino-6-{4-[2-azetidin-1-yl-1-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalen-2-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-5-yl)-pyrazol-1-yl]-acetic acid ethyl ester ("119")

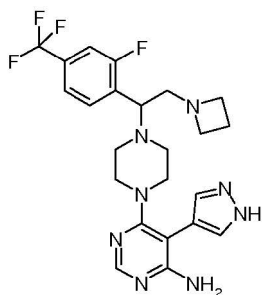


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =545, obsd. =545)

15

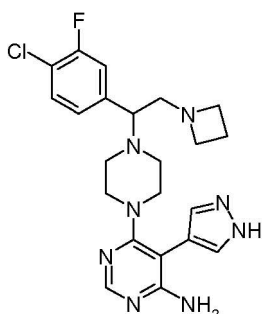
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2-fluoro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("120")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =491, obsd. =491)

5

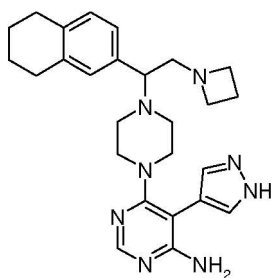
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("121")



10

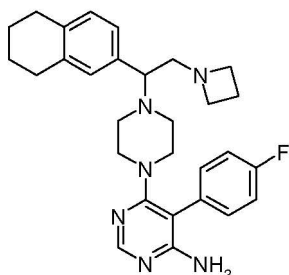
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =457, obsd. =457)

15 6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalen-2-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("122")



20 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =459, obsd. =459)

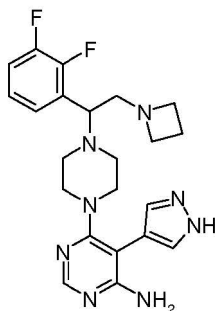
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalen-2-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("123")



5

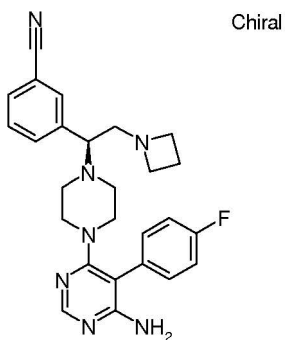
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =487, obsd. =487)

10 6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,3-difluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("124")



15 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =441, obsd. =441)

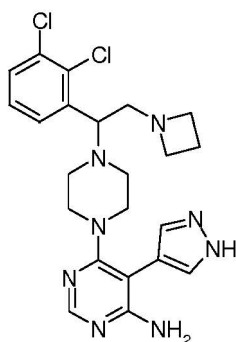
20 3-((S)-1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzonitrile ("125")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =458, obsd. =458)

5

6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,3-dichloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("126")

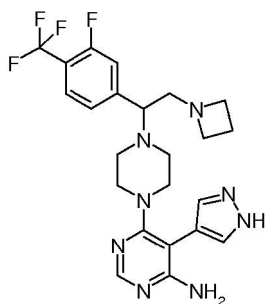


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =474, obsd. =474)

15

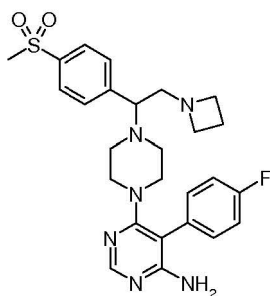
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-fluoro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("127")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =491, obsd. =491)

5

6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("128")

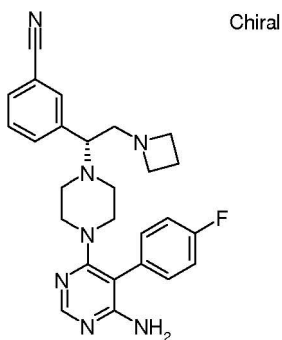


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =511, obsd. =511)

15

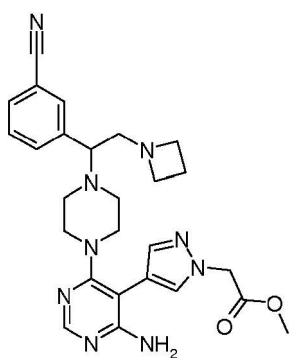
3-((R)-1-{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-azetidin-1-yl-ethyl)-benzonitrile ("129")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =458, obsd. =458)

5

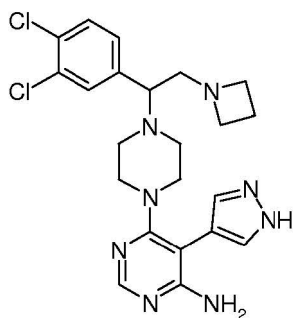
[4-(4-Amino-6-{4-[2-azetidin-1-yl]-1-(3-cyano-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyrimidin-5-yl)-pyrazol-1-yl]-acetic acid methyl ester ("130")



10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =502, obsd. =502)

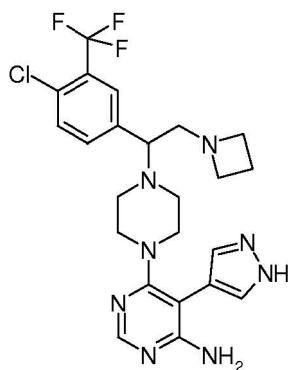
15 6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl]-1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("131")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =474, obsd. =474)

5

6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("132")

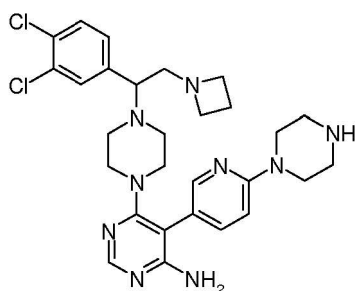


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =507, obsd. =507)

15

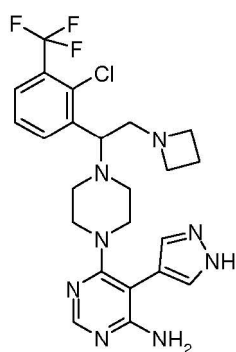
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(6-piperazin-1-yl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("133")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =569, obsd. =569)

5

6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("134")

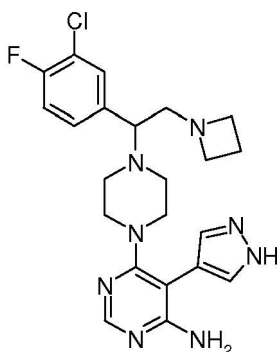


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =507, obsd. =507)

15

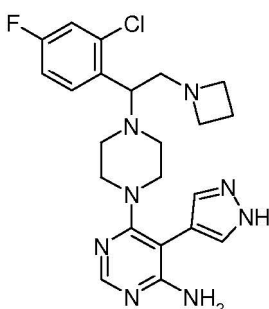
6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("135")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =457, obsd. =457)

5

6-{4-[2-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(2-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("137")



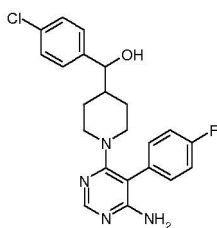
10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (64). LC-MS: (M+1 =457, obsd. =457)

15

Examples (138) to (151) were prepared according to Synthetic Scheme 7.

1-6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperidin-4-yl-4-(chlorophenyl)methanol ("138")



Intermediate (138.1): *[1-(6-Amino-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidin-4-yl]-(4-chlorophenyl)-methanone*

- 5 The mixture of 5-bromo-6-chloro-pyrimidine-4-ylamine (2.0 g, 9.59 mmol, 1.0 eq), 4-chlorophenyl-piperidin-4-yl-methanone (2.36 g, 10.55 mmol, 1.10 eq) and potassium carbonate (6.63 g, 47.97 mmol, 5.0 eq) in DMF (5 mL) was stirred at 50 °C overnight. After pouring the reaction mixture to water, the precipitate was collected to give Intermediate (138.1). LC-MS (M+1: 396, obsd: 396).

10

Intermediate (138.2): *{1-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperidin-4-yl}-(4-chloro-phenyl)-methanone*

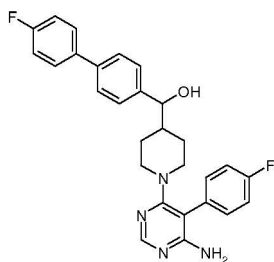
- A mixture of Intermediate (84.1) (2.0 g, 5.05 mmol, 1.0 eq), 4-fluorophenyl boronic acid (707.24 mg, 5.05 mmol, 1.0 eq), palladium acetate (113.48 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 eq), s-phosphine (415.01 mg, 1.01 mmol, 0.2 eq), and cesium carbonate (3293.76 mg, 10.11 mmol, 2.0 eq) in 1,4-dioxane (10 mL) and water (1.0 mL) in the sealed vial was stirred at 50 °C overnight. After usual workup, the crude was purified through preparative HPLC purification to yield Intermediate (138.2). LC-MS (M+1: 411, obsd: 411).

20

- To a solution of Intermediate (138.2) (500 mg, 1.22 mmol, 1.0 eq) in methanol (15 mL) was added sodium borohydride (70 mg, 1.85 mmol, 1.5 eq). The mixture was stirred overnight. After concentration, the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, concentrated and purified by flash chromatography on silicon gel to afford the title compound. MS-LC (M+1: 414, obsd: 414).

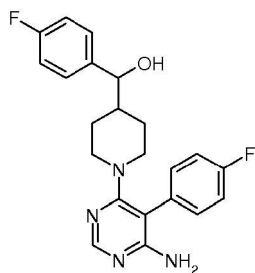
25

1-6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperidin-4-yl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)phenyl)methanol ("139")



5 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (138). LC-MS ($M+1 = 473$, obsd = 473)

1-6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperidin-4-yl-4-(fluorophenyl)methanol ("140")

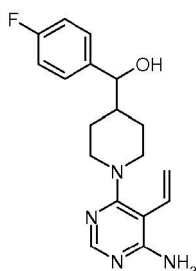


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (138). LC-MS ($M+1 = 397$, obsd = 397)

15

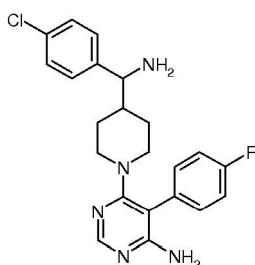
1-6-amino-5-(vinylpyrimidin-4-yl)piperidin-4-yl-4-(fluorophenyl)methanol ("141")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (138). LC-MS ($M+1 = 329$, obsd = 329)

5

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6-(4-amino(4-chlorophenyl)methyl-piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("142")

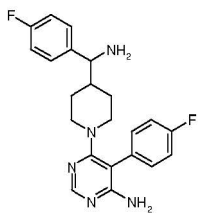


10

To a solution of Intermediate (138.2) (150 mg, 0.38 mmol, 1.0 eq) and ammonium acetate (337 mg, 4.3 mmol, 12 eq.) in methanol (5 mL) was added sodium cyanoborohydride (1.90 mmol, 5 eq). The mixture was refluxed for 2 days. After concentration, the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over $MgSO_4$, concentrated and purified through flash chromatography on silicon gel to afford the title compound. LC-MS ($M+1 = 413$, obsd = 413)

20

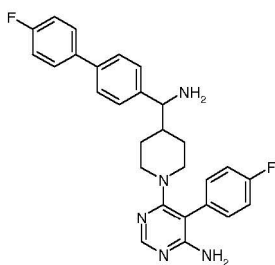
5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6-(4-amino(4-fluorophenyl)methyl-piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("143")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (142). LC-MS ($M+1 = 396$, obsd = 396)

5

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-6-(4-amino(4-(4-fluorophenyl)phenyl)methyl)piperidin-1-ylpyrimidin-4-amine ("144")

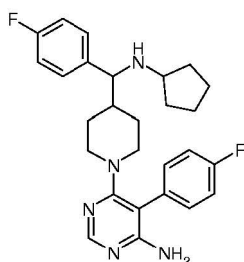


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (142). LC-MS ($M+1 = 472$, obsd = 472)

15

6-(4-((cyclopentylamino)(4-fluorophenyl)methyl)piperidin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("145")

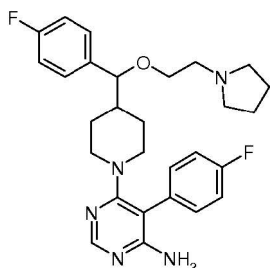


The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (142). LC-MS ($M+1 = 464$, obsd = 464)

5

5-(4-fluorophenyl)6-(4-((4-fluorophenyl)(2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethoxy)methyl)-piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("146")

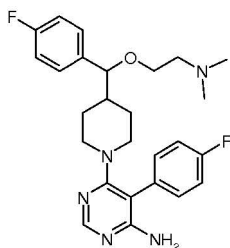
10



To a solution of Example (138) (150 mg, 0.38 mmol, 1.0 eq) in DMF (10 mL) was added sodium hydride (75.67 mg, 1.89 mmol, 5.0 eq). The mixture was stirred for 10 minutes, then 1-(2-chloro-ethyl)pyrrolidine hydrochloride (77.22 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1.2 eq) was added. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C overnight. After standard workup, the title compound was obtained through reverse phase HPLC purification. LC-MS ($M+1 = 494$, obsd = 494)

20

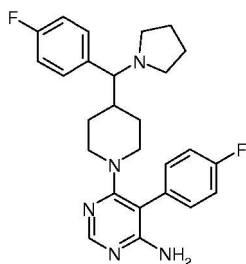
5-(4-fluorophenyl)6-(4-((4-fluorophenyl)(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)methyl)piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("147")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (146). LC-MS ($M+1 = 468$, obsd = 468)

5

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-(4-((4-fluorophenyl)(pyrrolidin-1-yl)methyl)piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("148")



10

Intermediate (148.1): 6-{4-[Chloro-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-methyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine

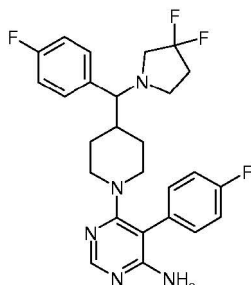
To a solution of Example (140) (700 mg, 1.77 mmol, 1.0 eq) in DCM (10 mL) was added thionyl chloride (0.32 mL, 4.41 mmol, 2.5 eq) dropwise. The mixture was stirred overnight. After removal of the solvents, the solid was suspended in ethyl acetate and filtered to give Intermediate (94.1). LC-MS ($M+1$: 415, obsd: 415)

15

A mixture of Intermediate (148.1) (50 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.0 eq), pyrrolidine (17.14 mg, 0.24 mmol, 2 eq) and DIEA (77.88 mg, 0.60 mmol, 5 eq) in NMP (3 mL) was stirred at 120 ° C overnight. The title compound was obtained through reverse phase HPLC purification. LC-MS ($M+1 = 450$, obsd = 450)

20

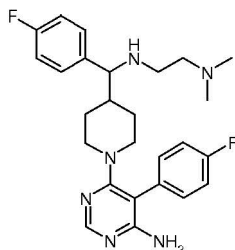
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-(4-((4-fluorophenyl)(3-difluoropyrrolidin-1-yl)methyl)piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("149")



5

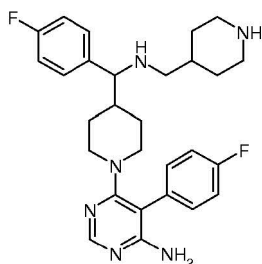
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (148). LC-MS ($M+1 = 486$, obsd = 486)

10 1-(6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)(4-((4-fluorophenyl))methyl)-dimethylethane-1,2-diamine ("150")



15 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (148). LC-MS ($M+1 = 467$, obsd = 467)

20 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-(6-(4-fluorophenyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl)amino) methyl)piperidin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("151")



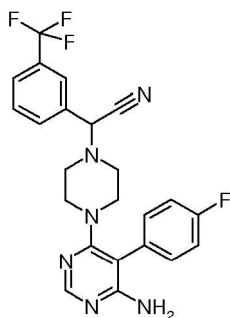
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (148). LC-MS ($M+1 = 493$, obsd = 493)

5

Examples (152) to (194) were prepared according to Synthetic Scheme 8.

{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("152")

10

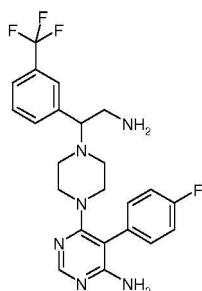


In a round bottom flask equipped with a stir bar was dissolved 5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-6-piperazin-1-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine (1 eq) and 3-trifluoromethyl-benzaldehyde (1.05 eq) in acetonitrile. The vial was sealed with a rubber septa, then evacuated and backfilled with argon. To this sealed vessel was added trimethylsilyl cyanide(1.05 eq) and the reaction was allowed to stir at room temperature until complete. The reaction is quenched by addition of an equal amount of ammonium chloride (saturated, aqueous solution), then extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layers are then dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to give the title compound. LC-MS: ($M+1 = 457$, obsd. = 457).

15

20

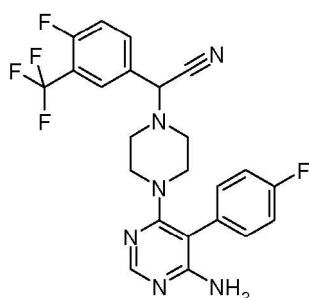
6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("153")



- 5 To a stirred mixture of Example (152) (76.0 mg; 0.17 mmol; 1.0 eq.) and Cobalt chloride (2.2 mg; 0.02 mmol; 0.1 eq.) in Methanol (5.0 ml), sodium borohydride (32.8 mg; 0.83 mmol; 5.0 eq.) was added in portions at 0 °C. Reaction was left at RT after addition and stirred until deemed complete by LCMS. The mixture was purified through reverse phase HPLC to provide the title compound. LC-MS: (M+1 =461, obsd. = 461).

{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-fluoro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("154")

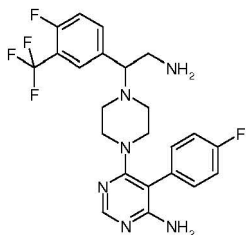
15



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =475, obsd. =475)

20

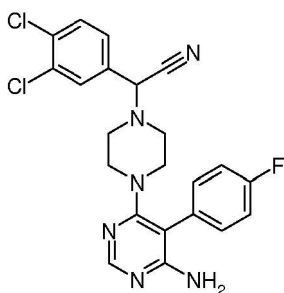
6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-fluoro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("155")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-
 5 MS: (M+1 =479, obsd. = 479).

{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-
 acetonitrile ("156")

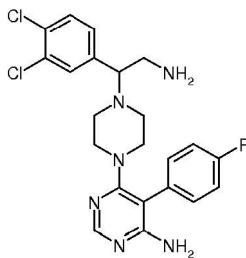
10



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-
 MS: (M+1 =457, obsd. =457)

15

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-
 pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("157")

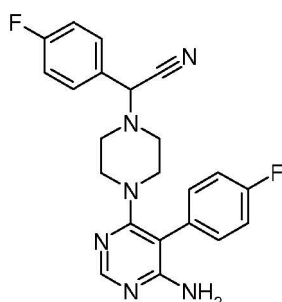


20

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =461, obsd. = 461).

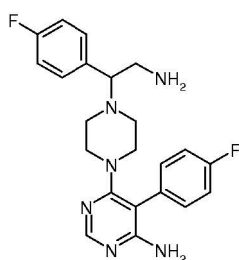
5

{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("158")



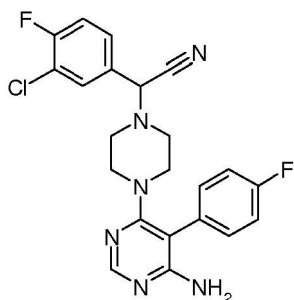
10 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =407, obsd. =407)

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("159")



20 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =411, obsd. = 411).

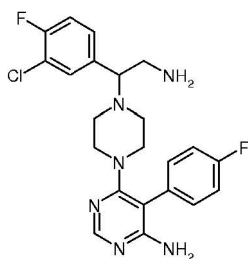
{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("160")



5 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =441, obsd. =441)

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("161")

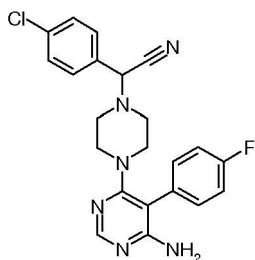
10



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =445, obsd. = 445).

15

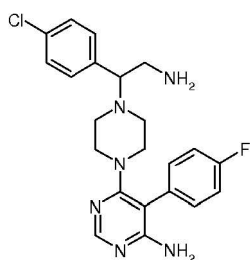
{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-chloro-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("162")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =423, obsd. = 423).

5

6-[4-[2-Amino-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl]-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("163")

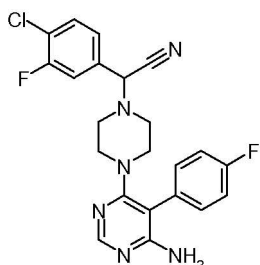


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =427, obsd. = 427).

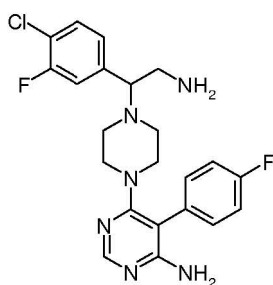
15

{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("164")



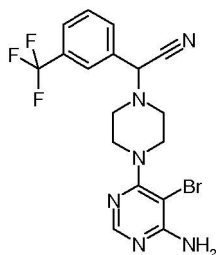
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =441, obsd. =441)

- 5 6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("165")



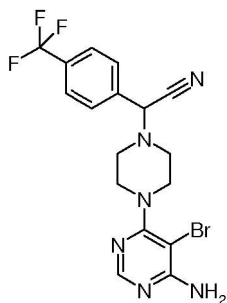
- 10 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =445, obsd. =445)

- 15 [4-(6-Amino-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("166")



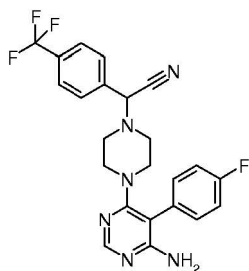
- 20 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =442, obsd. =442)

[4-(6-Amino-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("167")



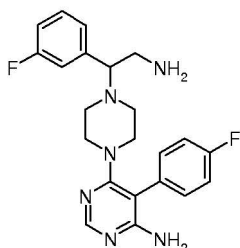
- 5 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =442, obsd. =442)

10 {4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-acetonitrile ("168")



- 15 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =442, obsd. =442)

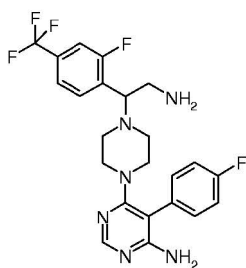
6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("169")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =411, obsd. =411)

5

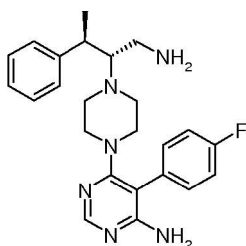
6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(2-fluoro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("170")



10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =479, obsd. =479)

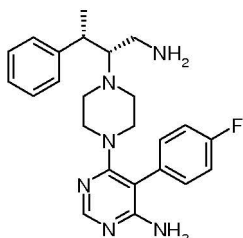
15 6-[4-((1R,2R)-1-Aminomethyl-2-phenyl-propyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("171")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =421, obsd. =421)

20

6-[4-((1R,2S)-1-Aminomethyl-2-phenyl-propyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("172")

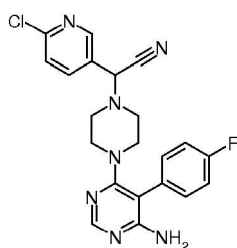


5

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153) then isolated by the SFC chiral separation. LC-MS: (M+1 =421, obsd. =421)

10

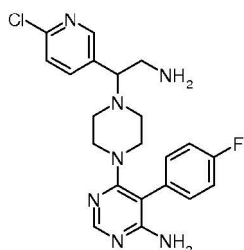
{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-acetonitrile ("173")



15 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =424, obsd. =424)

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("174")

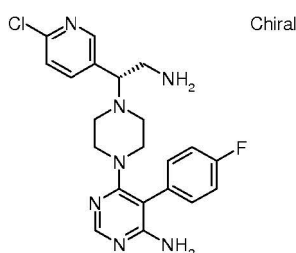
20



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =428, obsd. =428)

5

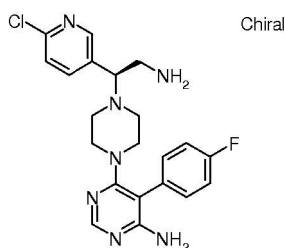
6-{4-[(R)-2-Amino-1-(6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("175")



10

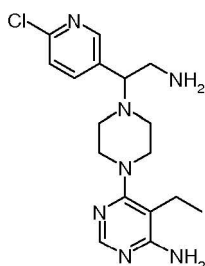
The title compound was isolated by the SFC chiral separation of Example (174). LC-MS: (M+1 =428, obsd. =428)

15 6-{4-[(S)-2-Amino-1-(6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("176")



20 The title compound was isolated by the SFC chiral separation of Example (174). LC-MS: (M+1 =428, obsd. =428)

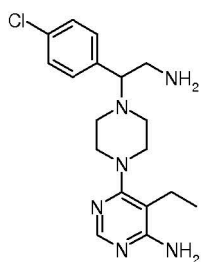
25 6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("177")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =362, obsd. =362)

5

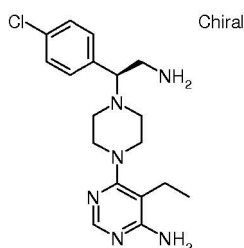
6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine
("178")



10

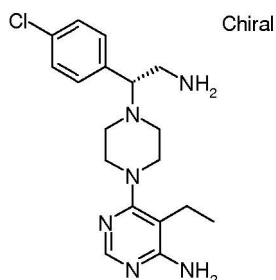
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =361, obsd. =361)

15 6-{4-[(S)-2-Amino-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("179")



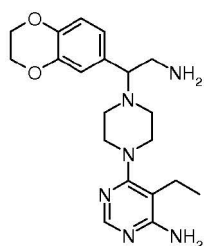
The title compound was isolated by the SFC chiral separation of Example (178). LC-MS: (M+1 =361, obsd. =361)

5 6-{4-[(R)-2-Amino-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("180")



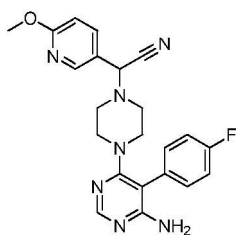
The title compound was isolated by the SFC chiral separation of Example (178). LC-MS: (M+1 =361, obsd. =361)

10 6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(2,3-dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("181")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =385, obsd. =385)

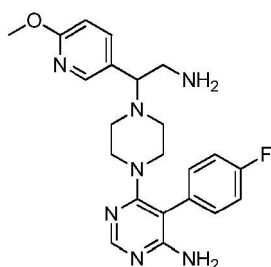
20 2-(4-(6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-2-(6-methoxypyridin-3-yl)acetonitrile ("182")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS ($M+1 = 420$, obsd. = 420).

5

6-(4-(2-amino-1-(6-methoxypyridin-3-yl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("183")

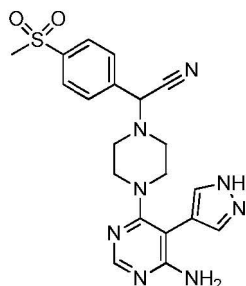


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS ($M+1 = 424$, obsd. = 424).

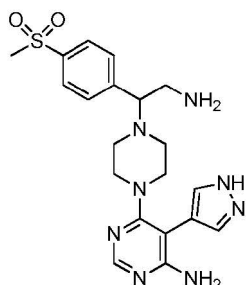
15

2-(4-(6-amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-2-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)acetonitrile ("184")



20 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: ($M+1 = 439$, obsd. = 439).

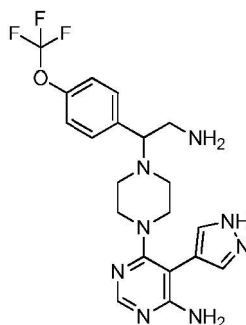
6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("185")



5

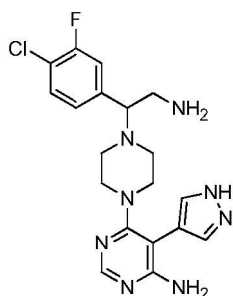
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS ($M+1 = 443$, obsd. = 443).

10 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("186")



15 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS ($M+1 = 449$, obsd. = 449).

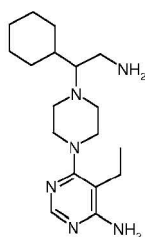
6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine ("187")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS ($M+1 = 417$, obsd. = 417).

5

6-[4-(2-Amino-1-cyclohexyl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("188")



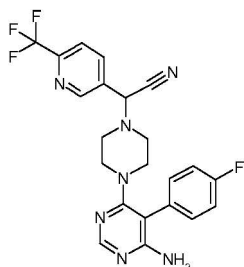
10

To a solution of [4-(6-Amino-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]-cyclohexyl-acetonitrile (28.00 mg; 0.09 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in THF (4.00 ml; 49.37 mmol; 579.16 eq.), lithium 9-bbn hydride (0.38 ml; 0.38 mmol; 4.50 eq.) in THF was added, and the mixture stirred at 50 °C for four hours. LC-MS analysis indicated the reaction is incomplete, starting material still present. Add 0.1 ml more of lithium 9-bbn hydride solution and stir the reaction mixture overnight at 60 °C. LC-MS analysis indicated the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was filtered through a glass membrane syringe filter unit and evaporated to dryness. The residue was dissolved in DMSO (3 ml) and purified by reverse phase HPLC (Waters, basic buffer) to afford the title compound (13.9 mg; 0.04 mmol) as a white glass in 47.2% yield. LC-MS: ($M+1 = 333.4$, obsd. = 333.3).

15

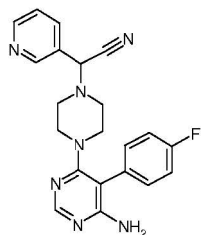
20

{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-acetonitrile ("189")



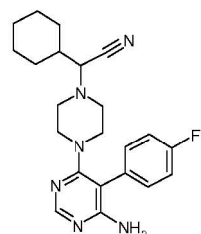
- 5 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =458.4, obsd. = 458.2).

{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-pyridin-3-yl-acetonitrile ("190")



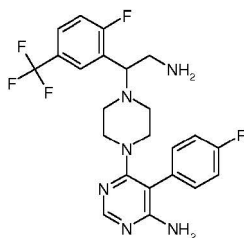
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =390.4, obsd. = 390.2).

{4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-cyclohexyl-acetonitrile ("191")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (152). LC-MS: (M+1 =395.5, obsd. = 395.3).

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(2-fluoro-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("192")



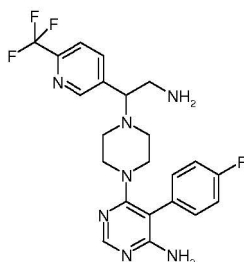
- 5 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =479.4, obsd. = 479.3).

6-[4-(2-Amino-1-pyridin-3-yl-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("193")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (153). LC-MS: (M+1 =394.4, obsd. = 394.2).

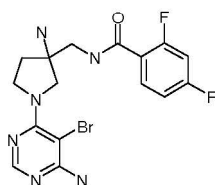
6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine ("194")



The title compound was obtained by the hydrogenation of {4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-acetonitrile (20.00 mg; 0.04 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in 15 ml of Methanol and 50 mg of Pd/C 10% stirring in a Parr shaker overnight at room temperature and purified by reverse phase low pressure chromatography (Yamazen, basic buffer). LC-MS: (M+1 =462.4, obsd. = 462.5).

10 Examples (195) to (208) were prepared according to Synthetic Scheme 9.

N-[3-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl]-2,4-difluorobenzamide ("195")



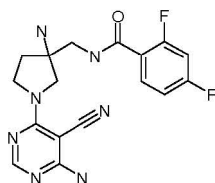
15

A mixture of 5-bromo-6-chloropyrimidin-4-amine (272.7 mg; 1.24 mmol; 1.02 eq.), N-[(3-aminopyrrolidin-3-yl)-methyl]-2,4-difluorobenzamide dihydrochloride (400.0 mg; 1.22 mmol; 1.0 eq.), potassium carbonate (336.8 mg; 2.44 mmol; 2.0 eq.) in DMSO (5.00 ml) was stirred at 60 °C overnight. The reaction mixture was workup and the crude was purified by reverse phase pre-HPLC (Waters, basic condition) to afford the title compound in 76% yield. LC-MS: (M+1 =427, obsd. = 427).

20

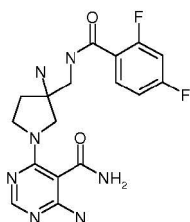
N-[3-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl]-2,4-difluorobenzamide ("196")

25



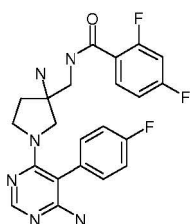
A mixture of 4-amino-6-chloropyrimidine-5-carbonitrile (72.0 mg; 0.47 mmol; 1.02 eq.), N-[(3-aminopyrrolidin-3-yl)methyl]-2,4-difluorobenzamide dihydrochloride (150.0 mg; 0.46 mmol; 1.0 eq.), potassium carbonate (126.3 mg; 0.91 mmol; 2.0 eq.) in DMSO (2.00 ml) was stirred at 60 °C for 2h. The reaction mixture was workup and the crude was purified by reverse phase pre-HPLC (Waters, acetonitrile/0.1% NH₄OH in water) to afford the title compound in 70% yield. LC-MS: (M+1 =374, obsd. = 374).

10 4-Amino-6-{3-amino-3-[(2,4-difluoro-benzoylamino)-methyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-pyrimidine-5-carboxamide ("197")



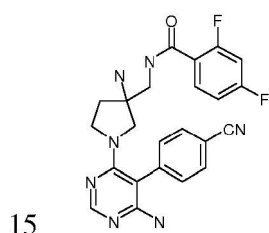
Hydrogen peroxide (0.38 ml; 4.29 mmol; 40.0 eq.) was added dropwise to the mixture of N-{[3-amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyanopyrimidin-4-yl)pyrrolidin-3-yl]methyl}-2,4-difluorobenzamide (40.0 mg; 0.11 mmol; 1.0 eq.) and potassium carbonate (118.45 mg; 0.86 mmol; 8.0 eq.) in DMSO (3.0 ml) at room temperature. The resulting mixture was then stirred at 40 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was workup and the crude was purified by reverse phase chromatography (Yamazen, acetonitrile/0.1% NH₄OH in water) to yield the title compound in 40% yield. LC-MS: (M+1 =392, obsd. = 392).

25 N-{3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("198")



A mixture of N-{[3-amino-1-(6-amino-5-bromopyrimidin-4-yl)pyrrolidin-3-yl]methyl}-2,4-difluorobenzamide (70.0 mg; 0.16 mmol; 1.0 eq.), 4-fluorophenylboronic acid (45.8 mg; 0.33 mmol; 2.0 eq.) , palladium acetate (1.8 mg; 0.01 mmol; 0.05 eq.) ,
 5 dicyclohexyl(2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl-2-yl)phosphine (6.7 mg; 0.02 mmol; 0.10 eq.) and cesium carbonate (160.1 mg; 0.49 mmol; 3.0 eq.) in dioxane (4 ml) and water (0.5 ml) in the microwave vial was heated at 100°C for 30 min. The reaction mixture was workup and the crude was purified by pre-HPLC (Waters, acetonitrile/0.1% NH₄OH in water) to afford the title compound in 61% yield. LC-MS: (M+1 =443,
 10 obsd. = 443).

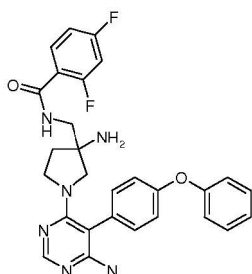
N-{3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(4-cyano-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("199")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =450, obsd. = 450).

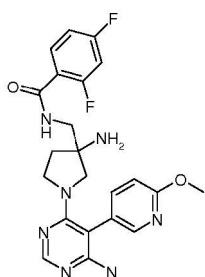
20

N-{3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("200")



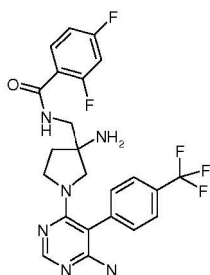
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =517, obsd. = 517).

- 5 N-{3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("201")



- 10 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =456, obsd. = 456).

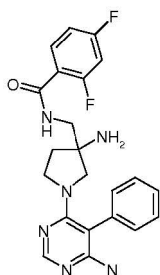
- 15 N-{3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("202")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =493, obsd. = 493).

20

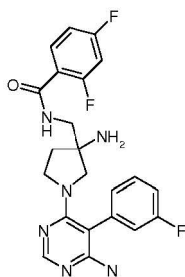
- N-[3-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-phenyl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl]-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("203")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =425, obsd. = 425).

5

N-[3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl]-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("204")

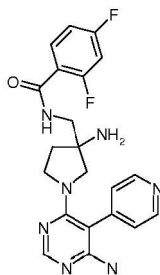


10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =443, obsd. = 443).

15

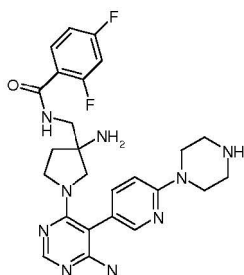
N-[3-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-pyridin-4-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl]-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("205")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =426, obsd. = 426).

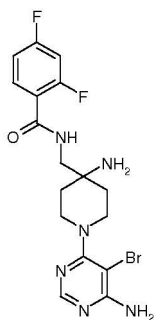
5

N-{3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(6-piperazin-1-yl-pyridin-3-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("206")



10 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =510, obsd. = 510).

N-[4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-bromo-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidin-4-ylmethyl]-2,4-difluoro-
15 benzamide ("207")



Intermediate 207.1: *N*-(4-Amino-piperidin-4-ylmethyl)-2,4-difluoro-benzamide
20 *dihydrochloride*

To a solution of 4-Amino-4-aminomethyl-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (250 mg; 1.1 mmol; 1.0 eq.) in pyridine (12 ml) at room temperature, a 0.1 M DCM solution of 2,4-difluoro-benzoyl chloride (182.8 mg; 1.04 mmol; 0.95 eq.) was added

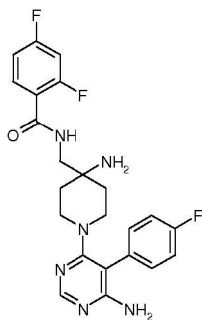
slowly. The reaction mixture was quenched by adding 0.5 mL of methanol when LC-MS showing no starting material remaining. The reaction mixture and concentrated to dryness to afford 4-Amino-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzoylamino)-methyl]-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester.

- 5 A mixture of the crude 4-amino-4-[(2,4-difluoro-benzoylamino)-methyl]-piperidine-1-carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester (300 mg; 0.82 mmol; 1.0 eq.) and 4M hydrogen chloride in 1,4-dioxane (2.0 ml; 8.1 mmol; 10 eq.) in methanol (2 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 2h. LC-MS showed the reaction is done. Ether was added. The precipitate was filtered, washed with ether and dried to yield the Intermediate (207.1) as an off-white solid in 68% yield.

Example (207) was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (195) using the Intermediate (207.1) instead of N-[(3-aminopyrrolidin-3-yl)-methyl]-2,4-difluorobenzamide dihydrochloride. LC-MS: (M+1 =441, obsd. = 441).

15

N-{4-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperidin-4-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("208")

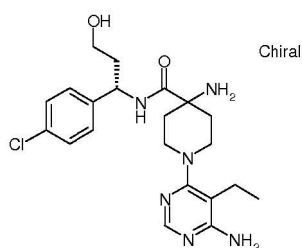


20

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =457, obsd. = 457).

- 25 Examples (214) to (247) were prepared according to Synthetic Scheme 10.

4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-3-hydroxy-propyl]-amide ("214")



Intermediate 214.1: *(S)*-4-amino-*N*-(1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl)piperidine-4-carboxamide

- 5 To 4-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylic acid mono-tert-butyl ester (1350.00 mg; 3.92 mmol; 1.00 eq.) in DMF (10 ml) was added HATU (1639.48 mg; 4.31 mmol; 1.10 eq.) and stirred at RT for 40 mins. DIEA (1.48 ml; 8.23 mmol; 2.10 eq.) was added, followed by *(S)*-3-amino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propan-1-ol (1013.56 mg; 3.92 mmol; 1.00 eq.). The reaction mixture was stirred for another 3h. The
- 10 reaction solution was poured into water (100 ml) and extracted with ethylacetate. The separated organic layer was washed with brine, dried and concentrated. The residue was treated with ether to afford the a white solid, which was added 5 ml of methanol, 10 ml of 4.0 M HCl in dioxane and stirred at RT overnight. The precipitate was filtered and was washed with ether to yield Intermediate (214.1) as white solid.

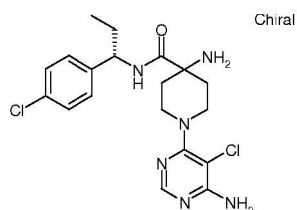
15

The reaction mixture of 6-chloro-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine (50.0 mg; 0.32 mmol; 1.0 eq.), Intermediate (214.1) (140.3 mg; 0.33 mmol; 1.05 eq.) and DIEA (131.54 mg; 0.95 mmol; 3.00 eq.) in DMSO (1.5 ml) was stirred at 120°C for 24h. The crude was purified by HPLC to afford the title compound (yield 31%). LC-MS ($M+1 = 433$, obsd.

20

= 433).

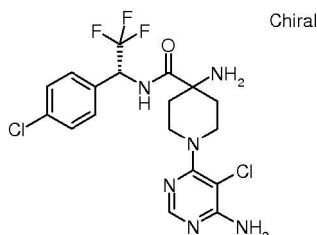
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(*S*)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propyl]-amide ("215")



25

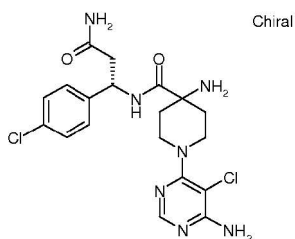
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =424, obsd. = 424).

5 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(R)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl]-amide ("216")



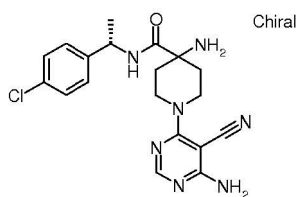
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =464, obsd. = 464).

10 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-2-carbamoyl-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)ethyl]-amide ("217")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =453, obsd. = 453).

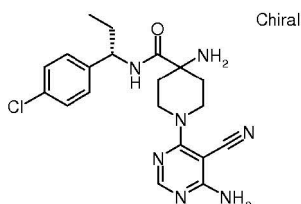
20 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-amide ("218")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =400, obsd. = 400).

5

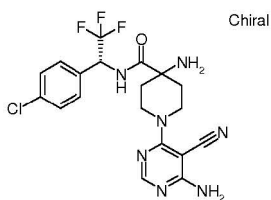
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propyl]-amide ("219")



10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =414, obsd. = 414).

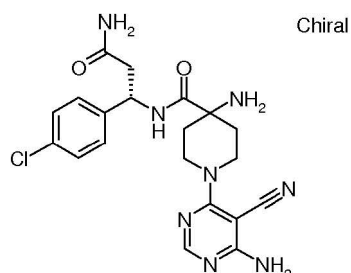
15 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(R)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl]-amide ("220")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =454, obsd. = 454).

20

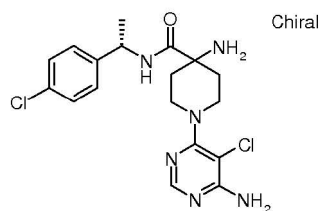
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-2-carbamoyl-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-amide ("221")



- 5 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: ($M+1 = 443$, obsd. = 443).

4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-amide ("222")

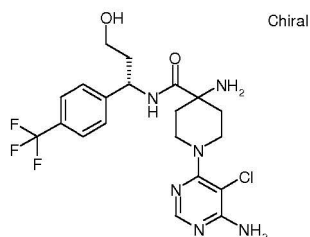
10



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: ($M+1 = 410$, obsd. = 410).

15

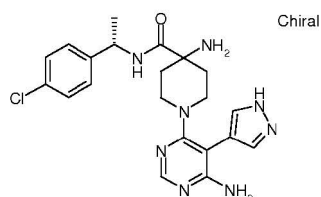
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-3-hydroxy-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propyl]-amide ("223")



20

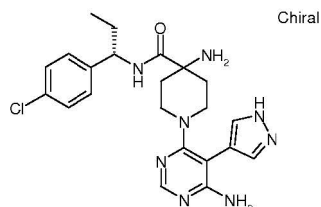
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =473, obsd. = 473).

5 4-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-amide ("224")



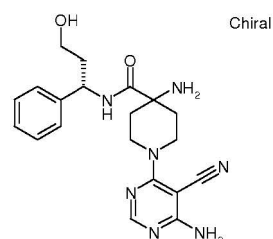
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =441, obsd. = 441).

10 4-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propyl]-amide ("225")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =455, obsd. = 455).

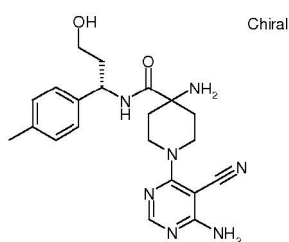
20 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ((S)-3-hydroxy-1-phenyl-propyl)-amide ("226")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =396, obsd. = 396).

5

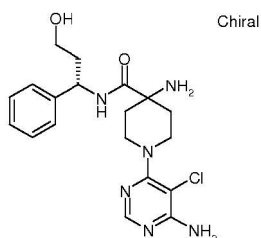
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ((S)-3-hydroxy-1-p-tolyl-propyl)-amide ("227")



10 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =410, obsd. = 410).

4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ((S)-3-hydroxy-1-phenyl-propyl)-amide ("228")

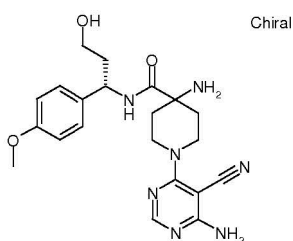
15



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =405, obsd. = 405).

20

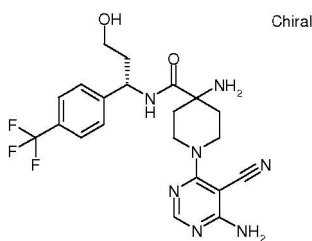
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-3-hydroxy-1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-propyl]-amide ("229")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =426, obsd. = 426).

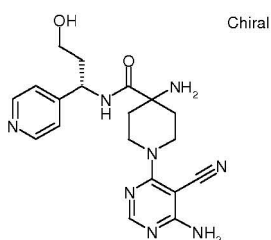
5

4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-3-hydroxy-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propyl]-amide ("230")



10 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =464, obsd. = 464).

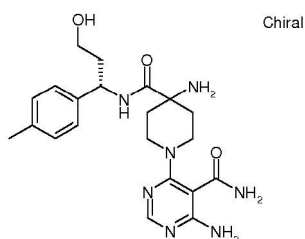
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ((S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyridin-4-yl-propyl)-amide ("231")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =397, obsd. = 397).

20

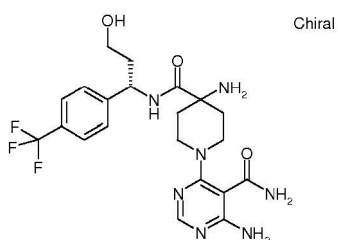
4-Amino-6-[4-amino-4-((S)-3-hydroxy-1-p-tolyl-propylcarbamoyl)-piperidin-1-yl]-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid amide ("232")



5

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =428, obsd. = 428).

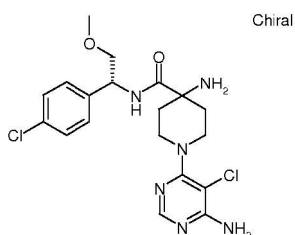
10 4-Amino-6-{4-amino-4-[(S)-3-hydroxy-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-propylcarbamoyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid amide ("233")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =482, obsd. = 482).

15

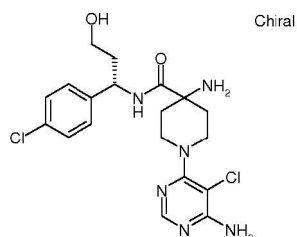
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(R)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2-methoxy-ethyl]-amide ("234")



20

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =440, obsd. = 440).

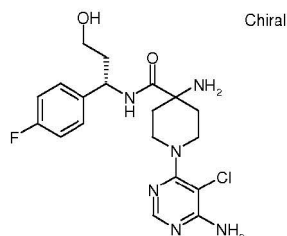
5 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-3-hydroxy-propyl]-amide ("235")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =440, obsd. = 440).

10

4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-3-hydroxy-propyl]-amide ("236")

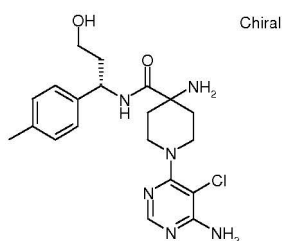


15

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =423, obsd. = 423).

20

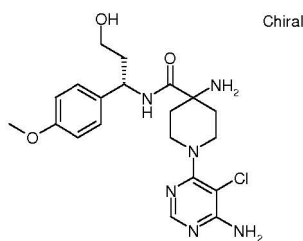
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ((S)-3-hydroxy-1-p-tolyl-propyl)-amide ("237")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =419, obsd. = 419).

5

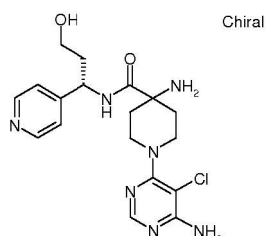
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-3-hydroxy-1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-propyl]-amide ("238")



10

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =435, obsd. = 435).

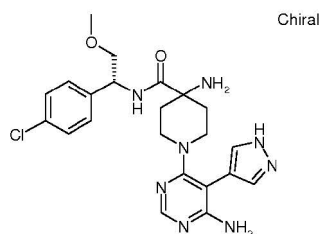
15 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ((S)-3-hydroxy-1-pyridin-4-yl-propyl)-amide ("239")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =406, obsd. = 406).

20

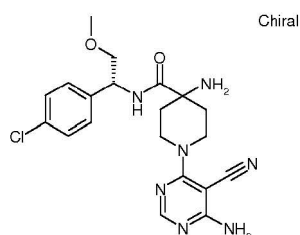
4-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(R)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2-methoxy-ethyl]-amide ("240")



5

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 = 471, obsd. = 471).

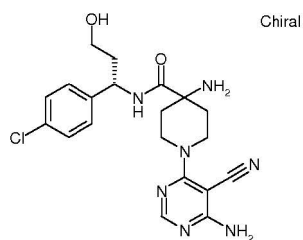
10 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(R)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2-methoxy-ethyl]-amide ("241")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 = 430, obsd. = 430).

15

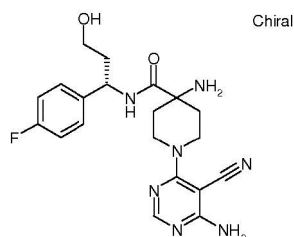
4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-3-hydroxy-propyl]-amide ("242")



20

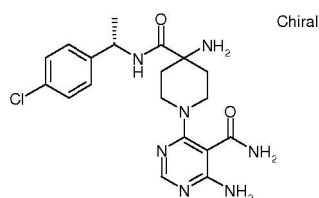
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =430, obsd. = 430).

5 4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-cyano-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-3-hydroxy-propyl]-amide ("243")



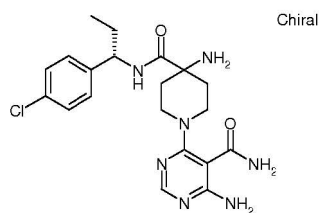
The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =414, obsd. = 414).

10 4-Amino-6-{4-amino-4-[(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid amide ("244")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =418, obsd. = 418).

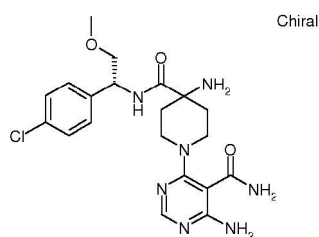
20 4-Amino-6-{4-amino-4-[(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propylcarbamoyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid amide ("245")



The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =432, obsd. = 432).

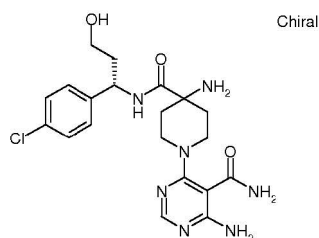
5

4-Amino-6-{4-amino-4-[(R)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2-methoxy-ethylcarbamoyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid amide ("246")



10 The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =448, obsd. = 448).

4-Amino-1-(6-amino-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-yl)-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(R)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-2-methoxy-ethyl]-amide ("247")

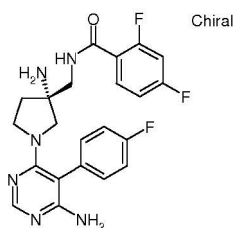


15

The title compound was prepared in an analogous manner as Example (214). LC-MS: (M+1 =448, obsd. = 448).

20

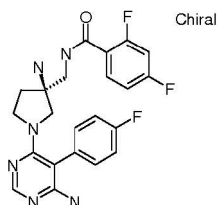
N-{(R)-3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("248")



The title compound was isolated by the SFC chiral separation of Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =443, obsd. = 443).

5

N-{(S)-3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide ("249")



10

The title compound was isolated by the SFC chiral separation of Example (198). LC-MS: (M+1 =443, obsd. = 443).

15 Biological Activity

The IC₅₀ values reported for the compounds in the Experimental section were derived from the following protocol for the p70S6K enzyme assay.

20 P70S6K enzyme assay

P70S6K inhibitor compounds were diluted and plated in 96 well plates. A reaction mixture including the following components was then added to the compound plate to initiate the enzyme reaction; P70S6K (3 nM, T412E mutant, Millipore) was mixed with 24 μM ATP in an assay buffer containing 100 mM Hepes (pH 7.5), 5 mM MgCl₂, 1mM DTT, 0.015% Brij and 1 μM of the substrate peptide FITC-AHA-AKRRRLSSLRA-OH (derived from the S6 ribosomal protein sequence, FITC = fluorescein isothiocyanate, AHA = 6-aminohexanoic acid). The reaction was incubated for 90 min at 25° C, before the

25

addition of 10 mM EDTA to stop the reaction. The proportion of substrate and product (phosphorylated) peptide was analysed on a Caliper Life Sciences Lab Chip 3000, using a pressure of - 1.4 psi, and upstream and downstream voltages of - 3000 and - 700 respectively. Product peaks were resolved before substrate peaks on the resulting chromatograms.

The values for the p70S6K enzyme inhibition assay for the compounds set out in the Experimental section are presented in Table 4.

10 Table 4: p70S6K Enzyme Inhibition by Compounds Described by Formula (I)

Compound No.	IC ₅₀ p70S6K (nM)
1	5.8
2	2.2
3	2.6
4	4.5
5	330
6	6.3
7	2.8
8	3.4
9	5.7
10	31
11	280
12	18
13	7.2
14	38
15	4.9
16	4.9

17	1.7
18	18
19	19
20	69
21	35
22	20
23	12
24	5.3
25	3.4
26	45
27	4.2
28	260
29	>1000
30	34.5
31	40
32	48.5
33	48.5
34	57
35	>1000
36	14
37	5.8
38	100
39	12
40	11
41	14
42	6

43	98
44	150
45	210
46	630
47	960
48	66
49	16
50	450
51	41
52	3.3
53	3.2
54	4.5
55	5.2
56	22
57	4.7
58	31
59	140
60	74
61	33
62	980
63	980
64	50
65	120
66	82
67	24
68	>1000

69	>1000
70	>1000
71	>1000
72	>1000
73	>1000
74	370
75	15
76	>1000
77	640
78	>1000
79	>1000
80	79
81	>1000
82	29
83	1000
84	15000
85	2800
86	6400
87	8700
88	6700
89	2700
90	600
91	6300
92	300
93	4300
94	1600

95	3500
96	140
97	3700
98	260
99	670
100	900
101	3800
102	1400
103	920
104	920
105	640
106	320
107	5200
108	3700
109	1900
110	450
111	190
112	460
113	>1000
114	3300
115	>100000
116	290
117	24000
118	140
119	22000
120	1100

121	900
122	950
123	360
124	3400
125	1200
126	390
127	550
128	280
129	610
130	>100000
131	1500
132	1400
133	>100000
134	300
135	3600
136	--
137	3100
138	2.5
139	17
140	4.6
141	1000
142	13
143	27
144	17
145	120
146	11

147	2
148	250
149	460
150	33
151	200
152	>1000
153	11
154	>1000
155	14
156	130
157	6
158	240
159	4.4
160	590
161	4
162	68
163	1.3
164	44
165	0.9
166	6100
167	>1000
168	240
169	4.1
170	12
171	73
172	280

173	110
174	8.5
175	2.6
176	0.8
177	200
178	69
179	13
180	190
181	180
182	220
183	3.4
184	>1000
185	60
186	1.4
187	6.1
188	>1000
189	140
190	230
191	200
192	13.0
193	31.0
194	9.8
195	3.3
196	50
197	530
198	4.8

199	11
200	120
201	9.5
202	9.1
203	5.3
204	2.6
205	25
206	1000
207	150
208	46
209	--
210	--
211	--
212	--
213	--
214	450
215	190
216	820
217	820
218	200
219	140
220	3200
221	140
222	620
223	22000
224	87

225	78
226	820
227	280
228	2800
229	450
230	18000
231	3600
232	23000
233	41000
234	560
235	250
236	900
237	860
238	380
239	7200
240	100
241	210
242	98
243	390
244	20000
245	2400
246	5000
247	3600
248	290
249	5.9

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Merck Patent GmbH

<120> NOVEL HETEROCYCLIC AMINES AS MODULATORS OF KINASE ACTIVITY

<130> P 11/151 W0

<150> 61/533,606

<151> 2011-09-12

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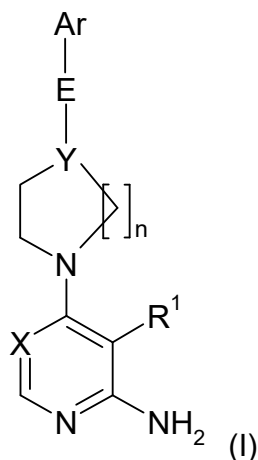
<223> substrate

<400> 1

Ala	Lys	Arg	Arg	Arg	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ala
1				5					10	

Claims:

1. A compound of Formula (I)



- 5 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates, or solvates of salts thereof, wherein:
- X is N or CH;
- Y is N or CR²;
- E is an unbranched or branched alkyl linker having 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 C atoms, which may be unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted with Hal, OH, CN or NH₂,
 10 in which one CH₃ group may be replaced by Cyc², CONH₂, CF₃, and in which one, two or three CH₂ groups may be replaced by -NH-, or -CO-, and in which one CH group may be replaced by -N-;
- R¹ is CN, CONH₂, Hal, LA, O(LA), Ar or Cyc²;
- R² is H, NH₂, Hal or CN;
- 15 Hal is F, Cl, Br or I;
- LA is an unbranched or branched, linear saturated or partially unsaturated hydrocarbon chain having 1, 2, 3 4, 5 or 6 C atoms, wherein 1, 2 or 3 H atoms may be replaced by Hal or OH;
- Ar is a mono- or bicyclic aromatic homo- or heterocycle having 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 N, O
 20 and/or S atoms and 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 skeleton atoms, which may be unsubstituted or, independently of one another, mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA, OH, SH, O(LA), NH₂, NH(LA), N(LA)₂, NO₂, CN, OCN, COOH, COO(LA), CONH₂, CONH(LA), CON(LA)₂, NHCO(LA), NHCONH(LA), NHCONH₂, CHO and CO(LA), and/or monosubstituted by Cyc² or O-Cyc²;

25

Cyc² is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic aromatic homo- or heterocycle having 0-3 heteroatoms, selected from O, S and N, which may be mono- or di-substituted by Hal or LA; and

n is 1 or 2.

5

2. The compound according to claim 1 in which the residues not designated in greater detail have the meaning indicated for the Formula (I), according to claim 1, but in which

in Subformula 1

10 X is N,

or in Subformula 2

Y is N or CH,

15 or in Subformula 3

R¹ is Hal, LA, O(LA) or Cyc²,

or in Subformula 4

20 Ar is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),

or in Subformula 5

25 E is a methyl linker which is substituted by aminomethyl, wherein the amino group of the aminomethyl is unsubstituted, or mono- or disubstituted by LA, or E is a methyl linker which is substituted by (azetidin-1-yl)methyl,

or in Subformula 6

30 Y is CNH₂,
E is -CH(R³)-NH-CO- or -CO-NH-CH(R³)-,
R³ is H or LA,

or in Subformula 7

35 X is N,
Y is N or CH,

	R ¹	is Hal, LA, O(LA) or Cyc ² ,
	or in Subformula 8	
	X	is N,
5	Y	is N or CH,
	Ar	is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),
	or in Subformula 9	
10	X	is N,
	Y	is N or CH,
	E	is a methyl linker which is substituted by aminomethyl, wherein the amino group of the aminomethyl is unsubstituted, or mono- or disubstituted by LA, or E is a methyl linker which is substituted by
15		(azetidin-1-yl)methyl,
	or in Subformula 10	
	X	is N,
	Y	is CNH ₂ ,
20	E	is -CH(R ³)-NH-CO- or -CO-NH-CH(R ³)-,
	R ¹	is Hal, LA, O(LA) or Cyc ² ,
	R ³	is H or LA,
	or in Subformula 11	
25	X	is N,
	Y	is CNH ₂ ,
	E	is -CH(R ³)-NH-CO- or -CO-NH-CH(R ³)-,
	R ¹	is Hal, LA, O(LA) or Cyc ² ,
	R ³	is H or LA,
30	Ar	is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),
	or in Subformula 12	
	X	is N,
35	Y	is CNH ₂ ,

E is -CH(R³)-NH-CO- or -CO-NH-CH(R³)-,
 R³ is H or LA,
 Ar is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or
 disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),

5

or in Subformula 13

X is N,

Y is N or CH,

E is a methyl linker which is substituted by aminomethyl, wherein
 10 the amino group of the aminomethyl is unsubstituted, or mono- or
 disubstituted by LA, or E is a methyl linker which is substituted by
 (azetidin-1-yl)methyl,

Ar is phenyl or pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or mono- or
 disubstituted by Hal, LA or O(LA),

15 R¹ is Hal, LA, O(LA) or Cyc²,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates or solvates of salts thereof.

3. Compounds according to claim 1, selected from the group consisting of:

20 6-{4-[(S)-2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-
 phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine;
 6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-
 phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine;
 6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-
 25 yl)pyrimidin-4-amine;
 2-(4-(6-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-N-(2-
 (dimethylamino)ethyl)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetamide;
 6-{4-[(R)-2-Amino-1-(6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-
 phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine;
 30 6-{4-[(S)-2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperidin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-
 phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine;
 {4-[6-Amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperazin-1-yl}-(6-trifluoromethyl-
 pyridin-3-yl)-acetonitrile;
 6-{4-[3-Azetidin-1-yl-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-
 35 phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine;

(S)-6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine;

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine;

6-(4-(2-(azetidin-1-yl)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine;

6-(4-(2-(dimethylamino)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)pyrimidin-4-amine;

6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperidin-1-yl)-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)pyrimidin-4-amine;

N-{3-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl}-2,4-difluoro-benzamide;

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamine;

6-{4-[(S)-2-Amino-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-ethyl-pyrimidin-4-ylamine;

6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-vinylpyrimidin-4-amine;

6-(4-(2-amino-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-ethoxypyrimidin-4-amine;

4-Amino-1-[6-amino-5-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid [(S)-1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propyl]-amide;

6-{4-[2-Amino-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-ethyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-5-chloro-pyrimidin-4-ylamine

and, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, or solvates thereof.

4. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any of claims 1 to 3, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or solvate thereof, as active ingredient, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

5. A compound of any of claims 1 to 3, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or solvate thereof, for use as a medicament.

6. A compound of any of claims 1 to 3, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or solvate thereof, for treating cancer.

7. A compound of claim 6, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or solvate thereof, wherein the cancer is selected from brain, lung, colon, epidermoid, squamous cell, bladder, gastric, pancreatic, breast, head, neck, renal, kidney, liver, ovarian, prostate, colorectal, uterine, rectal, oesophageal, testicular, gynecological, thyroid cancer, melanoma, acute myelogenous leukemia, multiple myeloma, chronic myelogenous leukemia, myeloid cell leukemia, glioma, Kaposi's sarcoma, glioblastoma.
8. Set (kit) consisting of separate packs of
- a) an effective amount of a compound according to one or more of claims 1 to 3 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or prodrug thereof, and
 - b) an effective amount of a further medicament active ingredient.