

Description

The present invention relates to a water-resistant slide fastener comprising a pair of fastener stringers including a pair of water-resistant stringer tapes and two pairs of rows of coupling elements each mounted along a respective one of the inner longitudinal marginal portions of and on the opposite or upper and lower surfaces of the stringer tapes and a slider moveable reciprocally on and along the coupling element rows to couple and uncouple the same, the slider including an upper and a lower wing joined with each other to define a tape-passing gap therebetween.

A water-resistant slide fastener of this type is shown in EP-0 111 889 A2, wherein the two pairs of upper and lower coupling element rows being engageable with a pair of corresponding coupling element rows, respectively, of the like companion stringer, to thus cause a contact edge of the stringer tape engage with the corresponding contact edge of the companion stringer tape, thereby ensuring a water-tightness between the two fastener stringer.

However, there has been produced no water-resistant slide fasteners of the separable type or the type that is equipped with a separable bottom stop assembly so that the fastener stringers can be fully separated from their lower ends. This is attributable to there having remained various problems in making separable type slide fasteners of such water-resistant fastener stringers.

Firstly, since the water-resistant stringer tapes are literally made of water-resistant material such as natural or synthetic rubber or other elastomeric synthetic resin and hence are considerably rigid, it would be very difficult if not impossible to manipulate the separable bottom-end-stop assembly attached to such rigid water-resistant stringer tapes. Particularly, since the water-resistant stringer tapes are too rigid to bend easily, an insert pin member secured to one of the stringer tapes cannot be inserted into a socket member secured to the other stringer tape easily and smoothly.

Secondly, since two or upper and lower fastener element rows mounted on one fastener stringer instead of a single fastener element row must be brought into interdigitating engagement with the two corresponding upper and lower fastener element rows on the other or companion stringer and that simultaneously, this manipulation is very difficult. There is a great difficulty in placing the lowermost elements of one pair of coupling element rows on one stringer into correct engagement with the corresponding lowermost elements of the other pair of coupling element rows on the other stringer; failing which, even if an attempt is made to lift a slider, the slider will never start to

ascend for engagement of the coupling element rows. Granting that the lowermost elements on the one stringer engaged correctly with the corresponding element on the other stringer, considerable force would be necessary to start to lift the slider along the coupling element rows.

Thirdly, existence of the two or upper and lower coupling element rows on the opposite surfaces of the stringer tape instead of a single coupling element row on any one surface thereof gives naturally rise to the slider becoming the greater in thickness, so that the slider is apt to be inclined relative to the socket member. As a result, it is very difficult to thread the insert pin member through the thus inclined slider into the socket member.

With the foregoing drawbacks in view, it is an object of the invention to provide a water-resistant slide fastener with a separable bottom-end-stop assembly wherein an insert pin member is insertable through a slider and a socket member easily and reliably; a slider is easy to start to ascend along coupling element rows; and coupling elements can be brought into reliable engagement with each other.

This object is realized by the basic concept of the invention set forth in the characterizing portion of claim 1.

Further developments of the invention are set forth in the depending claims.

The invention will now be described in more detail with reference to several embodiments thereof illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which

FIG. 1 is a fragmentary front elevational view, partly cross-sectional, of a separable type water-resistant slide fastener having a separable bottom-end-stop assembly according to one preferred embodiment of the present invention; FIG. 2 is a fragmentary side elevational view, partly cut away, of the separable type water-resistant slide fastener of FIG. 1; FIG. 3 is a fragmentary front elevational view, partly cross-sectional, of the separable type water-resistant slide fastener of FIG. 1 and showing the same standing in another disposition; FIG. 4 is a fragmentary front elevational view, partly cross-sectional, of the separable type water-resistant slide fastener of FIG. 1 and showing the same standing in still another disposition; FIG. 5 is a cross-sectional view taken along line A-A of FIG. 3; FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view taken along line B-B of FIG. 4; FIG. 7 is a cross-sectional view taken along line C-C of FIG. 4;

FIG. 8 is an enlarged perspective view of an insert pin member partly constituting the separable bottom-end-stop assembly of the separable type water-resistant slide fastener of Fig. 1;

FIG. 9 is a cross-sectional view of a reinforcing strip of the separable type water-resistant slide fastener of Fig. 1;

FIG. 10 is a front elevational view, partly left out for brevity, of the separable type water-resistant slide fastener of Fig. 1;

FIG. 11 is a cross-sectional view of a separable type water-resistant slide fastener according to another embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. 12 is a cross-sectional view of a separable bottom-end-stop assembly of a separable type water-resistant slide fastener according to still another embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. 1 through 10 show a separable type water-resistant slide fastener 5 according to one preferred embodiment of the present invention. As better shown in FIG. 10, the slide fastener 5 generally comprises a pair of slide fastener stringers 3, 4, which in turn comprise a pair of water-resistant stringer tapes 1, 1' coated with elastomeric synthetic resin such as polyvinyl chloride or synthetic rubber and two pairs of coiled type coupling elements 2, 2' each mounted on and sewn to a respective one of the inner longitudinal edges 1a, 1a' of and on the opposite or upper and lower surfaces of the stringer tapes 1, 1', the pair of upper and lower coupling element rows 2 on the stringer 3 being engageable with the corresponding pair of upper and lower coupling element rows 2' on the other or the companion stringer 4.

The stringer tape 1 has a reinforcing strip or film 6 of thermoplastic synthetic resin mounted onto the lower portion 3a of the fastener stringer 3 by injection-molding in such a manner to extend from the lower end of the stringer tape 1 to beneath the lowermost element 2a on the stringer 3. Integrally formed with the reinforcing strip 6 is an insert pin member 8 composing partly a separable bottom-end-stop assembly 7. The insert pin member 8 extends on and along the inner longitudinal marginal portion 1a of the stringer tape 1 and contiguous to the lower end of the fastener element rows 2. Likewise, the other stringer tape 1' has a thermoplastic synthetic resinous reinforcing strip or film 9 mounted onto the lower portion 4a of the other stringer 4. Integrally formed with the reinforcing strip 9 is a socket member 11 also composing partly the separable bottom-end-stop assembly. A socket pin member 10, the other part of the separable bottom-end-stop assembly 7 is fit into and secured to the socket member 11 to project upwardly from the latter. It is to be noted here that the upper end of the insert pin member 8 lies higher

than the upper end of the socket pin member 10 by three pitches of coupling elements when the fastener stringers 3 and 4 come into engagement with each other. The insert pin member 8 is provided, on its side facing the other fastener stringer 4 in its region above the upper end of the socket pin member 10, with an elongate ridge 12 extending longitudinally of the insert pin member 8. The insert pin member 8 extends from beneath the lowermost element 2a on the fastener stringer 3 down to a predetermined position above the lower end of the stringer tape 1. Importantly, the remaining part of reinforcing strip which extends from the lower end of the insert pin member 8 down to the lower end of the stringer tape 1 constitutes an insert-pin guide 6a which functions to guide the insert pin member 8 when threading the same into the socket member 11 in the manner closely described hereinbelow.

There is a slider 13 mounted on the coupling element rows 2, 2' for reciprocal movement therealong to bring the coupling element rows 2, 2' into and out of engagement with each other. The slider 13 generally comprises a flanged upper wing 14 and a flanged lower wing 15 joined with each other to thus define therebetween a Y-shaped opening for reciprocal movement of the coupling element rows 2, 2' therethrough, there being defined between the respective pairs of lateral flanges 14' and 15', of the upper and lower wing 14, 15, a pair of gaps 13', 13' (only one of them being shown in FIG. 2) for letting the stringer tapes 1, 1' pass therethrough during the reciprocal movement of the coupling element rows 2, 2' through the Y-shaped opening of the slider 13.

The two or upper and lower coupling element rows 2 of the fastener stringer 3 can be simultaneously brought into and out of engagement with the upper and lower coupling element rows 2', respectively, of the other fastener stringer 4 by reciprocally moving the slider 13 along the coupling element rows 2, 2'.

Turning now to the way to manipulate the separable type water-resistant slide fastener 5 according to the embodiment; first, the fastener stringer 3 is gripped at the reinforcing strip 6, and then the insert pin member 8 is inserted through the Y-shaped opening of the slider 13, with the insert-pin guide 6a inserted through the gap 13' between the flanges 14' and 15', as better shown in FIGS. 2 and 3. Then, while rectifying the inclination of the slider 13, the insert-pin guide 6a is inserted into the slit 11a of the socket member 11, thereby placing the slider 13 and the socket member 11 into coplanar relation to or registry with each other as shown in FIG. 2. With the slider 13 and the socket member 11 thus placed in coplanar relation to or registry with each other by the preceding insert-pin

guide 6a beforehand, the following insert pin member 8 can be inserted smoothly and unobstructedly into the socket member 11.

Let it be assumed here that there were no insert-pin guide 6a on the reinforcing strip 6, in other words, the insert pin member 8 were formed on the stringer 3 in such a manner to extend fully down to the lower end of the stringer tape 1. When the slider 13 were inclined even slightly relative to the socket member 11, the insert pin member 8 would be very likely to be caught and thus prevented from smooth insertion by the inlet edge of the socket member 11.

Then, the insert pin member 8 is fully inserted to the bottom of the socket member 11, so that the insert pin member 8 and the socket member 11 are united to provide the separable bottom-end-stop assembly 7, as shown in FIG. 3. In this disposition, the insert pin member 8 is movable between the position indicated by the solid line and that indicated by the two-dotted chain line in FIG. 5. Ascent of the slider 13 from the separable bottom-end-stop assembly 7 in this disposition causes both pairs of coupling element rows 2, 2' engage each other with a respective one of the stringer tape 1, 1' interposed between each pair of the upper and lower element rows 2, 2', thereby causing the inner longitudinal marginal portions 1a, 1a' of the stringer tapes 1, 1' intimately contact each other. At this moment, thanks to the upper end of the insert pin member 8 lying higher than the upper end of the socket pin member 10 by three inter-element pitches according to this embodiment, the lowermost or the first element 2a on one fastener stringer 3 engages between the fourth and fifth elements 2d' and 2e' on the other stringer 4. It is to be noted here that the ordinal numbers referring to some coupling elements here are counted from the lower end of each element row. The first elements 2a' through the third elements 2c' on the other stringer 4 remain uncoupled and hence are entirely free from influence which would be exerted by corresponding elements on the other fastener stringer if coupled; so that not only these elements 2a' through 2c' but also the fourth and fifth elements 2d' and 2e' immediately adjacent thereto can maintain their proper positions and inter-element pitches. Since the first element 2a on the fastener stringer 3 engages between the fourth and fifth elements 2d' and 2e' which thus maintain the proper positions and inter-element pitches, the starting step of the engagement can be accomplished smoothly. Besides, as better shown in FIGS. 4 and 6, the first element 2a' through the third element 2c' on the fastener stringer 4 are disposed in confronting relation to the insert pin member 8 and the inner longitudinal marginal portion 1a' of the other stringer tape 1' comes into

intimate abutting engagement with the elongate ridge 12 of the insert pin member 8.

With the construction of this embodiment set forth above, even if the stringer tape 1 lacks in flexibility in and around the region of the insert pin member 8, since the insert pin member 8 is threaded into the socket member 11 while well guided by the insert pin guide 6a, the threading operation of the insert pin member 8 into the socket member 11 can be effected very smoothly.

Furthermore, since the upper end of the insert pin member 8 lies higher than the upper end of the socket pin member 10 by approximately three inter-element pitches, the threading operation can be effected the more smoothly.

Still furthermore, since the coupling element rows 2, 2' can start to engage with each other easily and reliably, only a little force is required to start to lift the slider 13.

Yet furthermore, according to this preferred embodiment, since the ridge 12 of the insert pin member 8 intimately contacts the inner longitudinal marginal portion 1a' of the stringer tape 1', this advantageously provides a water-tightness between the two fastener stringers 3, 4 in the region ranging from the upper end of the insert pin member 8 and the upper end of the socket pin member 11.

FIG. 11 shows another embodiment of the present invention which is substantially the same as the first embodiment in construction, with the exception that the insert pin member 8 is devoid of a ridge. Despite of absence of a ridge, this separable type water-resistant slide fastener 5 suffices to be used for articles of the nature where water-tightness is not required in the region of its separable bottom-end-stop assembly 7, such as for example, flies or inlet flaps of a tent.

FIG. 12 shows still another embodiment in which the insert pin member 8 is provided adjacent to its lower end with a protuberant lug 8a, while the socket member 11 is provided in its inner side surface adjacent its lower end with a recess 11b for fitting engagement with the protuberant lug 8a. With this construction, when the insert pin member 8 is fully inserted into the socket member 11, the protuberant lug 8a of the insert pin member 8 comes into fitting engagement with the recess 11a of the socket member 11, thereby assuredly preventing the insert pin member 8 from accidentally coming off the socket member 11, which otherwise would oftentimes occur particularly when the slider 13 is lifted from the separable bottom-end-stop assembly 7.

The upper end of the insert pin member 8 has only to lie higher than the upper end of the socket pin member 10 by not less than one inter-element pitch. The adequate number of inter-element pitches may be selected accordingly.

As set forth hereinabove, since the upper end of the insert pin member lies higher than the upper end of the socket pin member by not less than one inter-element pitch, there arises no mutual interference between adjacent coupling elements when the insert pin member is inserted into the socket member, so that the threading operation of the insert pin member into the socket member can be effected easily and smoothly.

Furthermore, since the first element on one fastener stringer engages the second element or any other element positioned thereabove on the other fastener stringer which is immune from objectionable displacement and disorderly inter-element pitches, misengagement of coupling elements and malfunction of the slider is well prevented, so that smooth and reliable engagement of coupling elements can be accomplished.

The elongate ridge, provided on the insert pin member, can advantageously prevent water from being leaked through between the insert pin member on one fastener stringer and the confronting elements on the other fastener stringer.

Claims

1. A water-resistant slide fastener (5) comprising a pair of fastener stringers (3,4) including a pair of water-resistant stringer tapes (1,1') and two pairs of rows of coupling elements (2,2') each mounted along a respective one of the inner longitudinal marginal portions (1a, 1a') of and on the opposite or upper and lower surfaces of the stringer tapes (1,1'); and a slider (13) moveable reciprocally on and along the coupling element rows (2,2') to couple and uncouple the same, the slider (13) including an upper and a lower wing (14,15) joined with each other to define a tape-pasing gap (13') therebetween; characterized by a reinforcing strip (6) provided on one fastener stringer (3) to extend from beneath the lower end of the stringer tape (1) to beneath the lowermost element (2a); and a separable bottom-end-stop assembly (7) including an insert pin member (8) formed integrally to the reinforcing strip (6), a socket member (11) secured to the other fastener stringer (4) in opposite relation to the insert pin member (8) and having a slit (11a) in the side facing the one fastener stringer (3), and a socket pin member (10) secured to the other fastener stringer (4) to project from the socket member (11), the insert pin member (8) extending from beneath the lowermost element (2a) down to a predetermined position above the lower end of the stringer tape (1); the reinforcing strip (6) having an insert-pin guide (6a) extending from the lower end of the insert

pin member (8) to the lower end of the one fastener stringer (3), the insert-pin guide (6a) being insertable through the gap (13a) of the slider (13) into the slit (11a) of the insert pin member (8), to thereby place the slider (13) and the socket member (11) into coplanar relation to each other before threading the insert pin member (8) through the slider (13) into the socket member (11); and, when being fully inserted into the socket member (11), the insert pin member (8) having its upper end lie higher than the upper end of the socket pin member (10) by not less than one inter-element pitch.

2. A separable type water-resistant slide fastener (5) according to claim 1, wherein the insert-pin member (8) is provided, on the side facing the other fastener stringer (4) in the region above the upper end of the socket pin member (10), with an elongate ridge (12) extending longitudinally of the insert pin member (8) for intimate abutting engagement with the confronting inner longitudinal marginal portion (1a') of the other stringer tape (1').
3. A separable type water-resistant slide fastener (5) according to claims 1 or 2, wherein the insert pin member (8) is provided on its one side adjacent to its lower end with a protuberant lug (8a), while the socket member (11) is provided in its inner side surface adjacent its lower end with a recess (11b) for fitting engagement with the protuberant lug (8a).

Patentansprüche

1. Wasserdichter Reißverschluß (5), umfassend zwei Reißverschlußbänder (3; 4), die zwei wasserdichte Tragbänder (1, 1') und zwei Paare von Kuppelgliederreihen (2, 2') aufweisen, die jeweils entlang einem zugeordneten inneren Längsrandbereich (1a, 1a') und auf der gegenüberliegenden oberen und unteren Seite der Tragbänder (1, 1') angeordnet sind; und einen Schieber (13), der auf und entlang den Kuppelgliederreihen (2, 2') hin- und herbewegbar ist, um diese zu kuppeln und zu entkuppeln, wobei der Schieber (13) einen Oberschild (14) und einen Unterschild (15) aufweist, die miteinander verbunden sind, um dazwischen einen Banddurchlaß-Spalt (13') zu begrenzen; gekennzeichnet durch einen Verstärkungsstreifen (6), der an einem Reißverschlußband (3) vorgesehen ist, um sich vom unteren Ende des Tragbandes (1) bis zum untersten Kuppelglied (2a) zu erstrecken, und ein Teilbarkeitselement (7), das einen mit dem Verstärkungsstreifen (6)



As set forth hereinabove, since the upper end of the insert pin member lies higher than the upper end of the socket pin member by not less than one inter-element pitch, there arises no mutual interference between adjacent coupling elements when the insert pin member is inserted into the socket member, so that the threading operation of the insert pin member into the socket member can be effected easily and smoothly.

Furthermore, since the first element on one fastener stringer engages the second element or any other element positioned thereabove on the other fastener stringer which is immune from objectionable displacement and disorderly inter-element pitches, misengagement of coupling elements and malfunction of the slider is well prevented, so that smooth and reliable engagement of coupling elements can be accomplished.

The elongate ridge, provided on the insert pin member, can advantageously prevent water from being leaked through between the insert pin member on one fastener stringer and the confronting elements on the other fastener stringer.

Claims

1. A water-resistant slide fastener (5) comprising a pair of fastener stringers (3,4) including a pair of water-resistant stringer tapes (1,1') and two pairs of rows of coupling elements (2,2') each mounted along a respective one of the inner longitudinal marginal portions (1a, 1a') of and on the opposite or upper and lower surfaces of the stringer tapes (1,1'); and a slider (13) moveable reciprocally on and along the coupling element rows (2,2') to couple and uncouple the same, the slider (13) including an upper and a lower wing (14,15) joined with each other to define a tape-pasing gap (13') therebetween; characterized by a reinforcing strip (6) provided on one fastener stringer (3) to extend from beneath the lower end of the stringer tape (1) to beneath the lowermost element (2a); and a separable bottom-end-stop assembly (7) including an insert pin member (8) formed integrally to the reinforcing strip (6), a socket member (11) secured to the other fastener stringer (4) in opposite relation to the insert pin member (8) and having a slit (11a) in the side facing the one fastener stringer (3), and a socket pin member (10) secured to the other fastener stringer (4) to project from the socket member (11), the insert pin member (8) extending from beneath the lowermost element (2a) down to a predetermined position above the lower end of the stringer tape (1); the reinforcing strip (6) having an insert-pin guide (6a) extending from the lower end of the insert

pin member (8) to the lower end of the one fastener stringer (3), the insert-pin guide (6a) being insertable through the gap (13a) of the slider (13) into the slit (11a) of the insert pin member (8), to thereby place the slider (13) and the socket member (11) into coplanar relation to each other before threading the insert pin member (8) through the slider (13) into the socket member (11); and, when being fully inserted into the socket member (11), the insert pin member (8) having its upper end lie higher than the upper end of the socket pin member (10) by not less than one inter-element pitch.

2. A separable type water-resistant slide fastener (5) according to claim 1, wherein the insert-pin member (8) is provided, on the side facing the other fastener stringer (4) in the region above the upper end of the socket pin member (10), with an elongate ridge (12) extending longitudinally of the insert pin member (8) for intimate abutting engagement with the confronting inner longitudinal marginal portion (1a') of the other stringer tape (1').

3. A separable type water-resistant slide fastener (5) according to claims 1 or 2, wherein the insert pin member (8) is provided on its one side adjacent to its lower end with a protuberant lug (8a), while the socket member (11) is provided in its inner side surface adjacent its lower end with a recess (11b) for fitting engagement with the protuberant lug (8a).

Patentansprüche

1. Wasserdichter Reißverschluß (5), umfassend zwei Reißverschlußbänder (3, 4), die zwei wasserdichte Tragbänder (1, 1') und zwei Paare von Kuppelgliederreihen (2, 2') aufweisen, die jeweils entlang einem zugeordneten inneren Längsrandbereich (1a, 1a') und auf der gegenüberliegenden oberen und unteren Seite der Tragbänder (1, 1') angeordnet sind; und einen Schieber (13), der auf und entlang den Kuppelgliederreihen (2, 2') hin- und herbewegbar ist, um diese zu kuppeln und zu entkuppeln, wobei der Schieber (13) einen Oberschild (14) und einen Unterschild (15) aufweist, die miteinander verbunden sind, um dazwischen einen Banddurchlaß-Spalt (13') zu begrenzen; gekennzeichnet durch einen Verstärkungsstreifen (6), der an einem Reißverschlußband (3) vorgesehen ist, um sich vom unteren Ende des Tragbandes (1) bis zum untersten Kuppelglied (2a) zu erstrecken, und ein Teilbarkeitselement (7), das einen mit dem Verstärkungsstreifen (6)



einstückig ausgebildeten Einsteckstift (8), ein an dem anderen Reißverschlußband (4) in gegenüberliegender Beziehung zu dem Einsteckstift (8) befestigtes Kastenteil (11), das an seiner dem anderen Reißverschlußband (3) zugekehrten Seite einen Schlitz (11a) hat, und einen Kastenstift (10) aufweist, der an dem anderen Reißverschlußband (4) befestigt ist, um von dem Kastenteil (11) vorzuspringen, wobei sich der Einsteckstift (8) von dem untersten Kuppelglied (2a) nach unten zu einer bestimmten Position über dem unteren Ende des Tragbandes (1) erstreckt; wobei der Verstärkungsstreifen (6) eine Einsteckstiftführung (6a) aufweist, die sich von dem unteren Ende des Einsteckstifts (8) zum unteren Ende des einen Reißverschlußbandes (3) erstreckt, wobei die Einsteckstiftführung (6a) durch den Spalt (13a) des Schiebers (13) in den Schlitz (11a) des Einsteckstifts (8) (richtig: des Kastenteils (11)) einführbar ist, um dadurch den Schieber (13) und das Kastenteil (11) flächenbündig anzuordnen, bevor der Einsteckstift (8) durch den Schieber (13) in das Kastenteil (11) eingeführt wird; und wobei das obere Ende des Einsteckstifts (8) nach dem vollständigen Einsetzen in das Kastenteil (11) um nicht weniger als eine Teilung der Kuppelglieder höher liegt als das obere Ende des Kastenstifts (10).

2. Teilbarer wasserdichter Reißverschluß (5) nach Anspruch 1, wobei der Einsteckstift (8) an seiner dem anderen Reißverschlußband (4) zugekehrten Seite in dem Bereich über dem oberen Ende des Kastenstifts (10) mit einer länglichen Rippe (12) versehen ist, die sich in Längsrichtung des Einsteckstifts (8) zur innigen Anlageberührung mit dem gegenüberliegenden inneren Längsrandbereich (1a') des anderen Tragbandes (1') erstreckt.

3. Teilbarer wasserdichter Reißverschluß (5) nach Anspruch 1 oder 2, wobei der Einsteckstift (8) an seiner einen Seite nahe seinem unteren Ende mit einer vorspringenden Nase (8a) versehen ist, während das Kastenteil (11) an seiner Innenseite nahe seinem unteren Ende mit einer Ausnehmung (11b) zum Paßeingriff mit der vorspringenden Nase (8a) versehen ist.

Revendications

1. Fermeture à glissière (5) étanche à l'eau, comprenant une paire de bandes d'accrochage (3, 4) consistant en une paire de rubans (1, 1') étanche à l'eau et deux paires de rangées d'éléments d'accouplement (2, 2') montées chacune le long de celle correspondante des

parties marginales longitudinales intérieures (1a, 1a') des surfaces opposées ou surfaces supérieure et inférieure des rubans (1, 1') de bande d'accrochage et sur ces surfaces; et un curseur (13) pouvant être déplacé en va-et-vient sur et le long des rangées (2, 2') d'éléments d'accouplement pour accoupler et désaccoupler ces rangées, le curseur (13) comprenant une aile supérieure (14) et une aile inférieure (15) reliées l'une à l'autre de manière à définir entre elles un intervalle (13') pour le passage des rubans; caractérisée par une bande de renforcement (6) présente sur une première bande d'accrochage (3) de manière à s'étendre depuis le dessous de l'extrémité inférieure du ruban (1) de la bande d'accrochage jusqu'en dessous de l'élément inférieur extrême (2a); et un ensemble séparable (7) de butée d'extrémité inférieure comprenant un doigt d'insertion (8) faisant corps avec la bande de renforcement (6), un élément femelle (11) fixé à la seconde bande d'accrochage (4) en face du doigt d'insertion (8) et comportant une fente (11a) dans le côté orienté vers la première bande d'accrochage (3), et un doigt (10) d'élément femelle fixé à la seconde bande d'accrochage (4) de manière à faire saillie de l'élément femelle (11), le doigt d'insertion (8) s'étendant depuis le dessous de l'élément inférieur extrême (2a) vers le bas jusqu'à une position prédéterminée au-dessus de l'extrémité inférieure du ruban (1) de bande d'accrochage; la bande de renforcement (6) comportant un guide (6a) de doigt d'insertion s'étendant depuis l'extrémité inférieure du doigt d'insertion (8) jusqu'à l'extrémité inférieure de la bande d'accrochage (3), le guide (6a) de doigt d'insertion pouvant être inséré à travers l'intervalle (13a) du curseur (13) jusque dans la fente (11a) de l'élément femelle (11) de manière à placer ainsi le curseur (13) et l'élément femelle (11) dans le même plan l'un par rapport à l'autre avant d'enfiler le doigt d'insertion (8) à travers le curseur (3) jusque dans l'élément femelle (11); et lorsque le doigt d'insertion (8) a été entièrement inséré dans l'élément femelle (11), son extrémité supérieure est, par rapport à l'extrémité supérieure du doigt (10) d'élément femelle, plus haute d'une distance qui n'est pas inférieure à un pas ou espacement entre éléments.

2. Fermeture à glissière du type séparable (5) étanche à l'eau selon la revendication 1, dans laquelle le doigt d'insertion (8) est présent sur le côté orienté vers la seconde bande d'accrochage (4) dans la région située audessus de l'extrémité supérieure du doigt (10) d'élément



femelle, une nervure allongée (12) s'étendant dans le sens longitudinal du doigt d'insertion (8) en vue d'un contact de butée intime avec la partie marginale longitudinale intérieure (1a') située en regard de l'autre ruban (1') de bande d'accrochage.

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3. Fermeture à glissière du type séparable (5) étanche à l'eau selon les revendications 1 ou 2, dans laquelle le doigt d'insertion (8) est pourvu sur son côté, en un point adjacent à son extrémité inférieure, d'une protubérance (8a), tandis que l'élément femelle (11) est pourvu dans sa surface latérale intérieure en un point adjacent à son extrémité inférieure d'un évidement (11b) en vue d'un assemblage par encastrement avec la protubérance (8a).

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