

Description

The present invention relates to a button attaching machine having a chute assembly, and more particularly to an apparatus for preventing button parts from falling from an intermediate chute when the latter is detached from the chute assembly (see for example EP—A—63366).

A known button attaching machine has a chute assembly for conveying button parts from a reservoir to a terminal guide which leads to a button attaching station. The chute assembly includes an upper chute connected to the reservoir, a lower chute connected to the terminal guide, and an intermediate chute extending between the upper and lower chutes and detachable therefrom. The intermediate chute defines jointly with the upper and lower chutes a combined channel for receiving the button parts in a row. A primary problem with this known machine is that the button parts in the intermediate chute would fall from its lower open end to scatter over the floor when the intermediate chute is detached upon termination of the machine.

The invention seeks to provide an apparatus for preventing button parts from falling from an intermediate chute of a chute assembly in a button attaching machine when the intermediate chute is detached.

According to the present invention, in a button attaching machine having a support, a reservoir mounted on an upper portion of said support for containing a multiplicity of button parts, a terminal guide mounted on a lower portion of said support, and a chute assembly for conveying the button parts successively from said reservoir to said terminal guide, said chute assembly including an upper chute connected to said reservoir, a lower chute connected to said terminal guide, and an intermediate chute detachably mounted on said support for extending between said upper and lower chutes so as to define jointly with said upper and lower chutes a combined channel for receiving the button parts in a row, said intermediate chute having through its entire length a pair of confronting flanges, defining therebetween a longitudinal aperture opening to said channel; an apparatus for preventing the button parts from falling from said intermediate chute when the latter is detached, said apparatus comprising: a blocking member adapted to be supported by said intermediate chute and having a first projection and a second projection, said blocking member being movable between a first position in which said first projection penetrates into said channel of said intermediate chute through said opening, and a second position in which said first projection is retracted from said channel; a spring normally urging said blocking member to move to said first position; and a stop adapted to be disposed adjacent to said lower end of said intermediate chute and engageable with said second projection to cause said blocking member to move to said second position against the bias of said spring when said intermediate

chute is mounted on said support between said upper and lower chutes.

Many other advantages, features and additional objects of the present invention will become manifest to those versed in the art upon making reference to the detailed description and the accompanying drawings in which a preferred embodiment incorporating the principles of the present invention is shown by way of illustrative example.

Figure 1 is a fragmentary side elevational view of a button attaching machine having an apparatus embodying the present invention;

Figure 2 is an enlarged cross-sectional view taken along line II—II of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is an enlarged, exploded perspective view of the apparatus of Figure 1;

Figure 4 is an enlarged front view of the apparatus of Figure 1;

Figure 5 is a bottom view, with parts broken away of Figure 4; and

Figure 6 is a view similar to Figure 5, illustrating the operation of the apparatus.

As shown in Figure 1, a button attaching machine has a support 2, a reservoir 3 mounted on an upper portion of the support 2 for containing a multiplicity of button parts B, a terminal guide 5 disposed at a lower portion of the support 2 and leading to an upper unit 4 of a button attaching station, and a chute assembly 1 for conveying the button parts B successively from the reservoir 3 to the terminal guide 5.

The chute assembly 1 includes an upper chute 9 connected to the reservoir 3, a lower chute 10 connected to the terminal guide 5, and a detachable intermediate chute 13 extending between the upper and lower chutes 9, 10 so as to define jointly therewith a combined channel 8 for receiving the button parts B in a row. Each of the chutes 9, 10, 13 has through its entire length a pair of confronting flanges 7, 7 defining therebetween a longitudinal aperture 7a (Figures 5 and 6) opening to the channel 8.

As shown in Figures 1 and 2, the intermediate chute 13 is detachably mounted on the support 2 by means of a pair of fastener assemblies, each including a first plate 17 secured to the support 2, a second plate 16 for clamping the intermediate chute 13 in cooperation with the first plate 17, and a screw 18 for fastening the second plate 16 to the first plate 17.

The upper end of the intermediate chute 13 is releasably connected to the lower end of the upper chute 9 by means of a first chute holder 11 secured to the upper chute 9, while the lower end of the intermediate chute 13 is releasably connected to the upper end of the lower chute 10 by means of a second chute holder 12 secured to the lower chute 10. Each chute holder 11, 12 has through its entire length a groove 14, 15 for receiving the confronting ends of the adjacent chutes 9, 13; 10, 13.

For detaching the intermediate chute 13 from the machine, the screw 18 of each fastener assembly is loosened and then the second plate

16 is angularly moved about the screw 18 through an angle of 90° or removed.

The machine also has an apparatus contiguous to the second chute holder 12 in Figures 1 and 2 for preventing the button parts B from the intermediate chute 13 when the latter is detached upon termination of the machine.

As shown in Figures 1—6, the apparatus generally comprises a bracket 21 adapted to be mounted on one of the confronting flanges 7 of the intermediate chute 13 adjacent to the lower end thereof, a transverse lever 31 pivotally connected at one end to the bracket 21, and a blocking member 41 carried on the lever 31 for blocking the button parts B in response to pivotal movement of the lever 31.

The bracket 21 has a pair of parallel bearing portions 23, 23 projecting upwardly (Figures 3, 5 and 6) from a base 22 through which a screw 24 (Figures 3 and 5) extends for threadedly extending into the intermediate chute 13. The bearing portions 23, 23 have a pair of axially aligned first holes 26, 26, respectively, through which a shaft 25 extends. One end portion of the lever 31 is divided into a pair of parallel branches 32, 32 having a pair of axially aligned second holes 33, 33, respectively, through which the shaft 25 also extends. Thus the lever is turnable on the bracket 21 and extends transversely over the confronting flanges 7, 7 of the intermediate chute 13. A spring 34 is supported on the shaft 25 so as to normally urge the lever 31 to turn toward the confronting flanges 7, 7.

The blocking member 41 is attached to the lever 31 remotely from the bracket 21 by means of a screw 42 and has a first projection 43 disposed at a midportion of the lever 31 and a second projection 44 disposed at a free end of the lever 31. The blocking member 41 is movable, in response to pivotal movement of the lever 31, between a first position (Figure 6) in which the lower (Figures 3—6) end 43a of the first projection 43 penetrates into the channel 8 of the intermediate chute 13 through the opening 7a to block the passage of the button parts B, and a second position (Figure 5) in which the lower end 43a of the first projection 43 is retracted from the channel 8 into the opening 7a to allow the passage of the button parts B.

In Figure 5, which shows the intermediate chute 13 having been mounted on the machine, the lower (Figures 3—6) end 44a of the second projection 44 abuts against a contact surface 12a (Figures 3—5) of the second chute holder 12 under the bias of the spring 34. Thus the second chute holder 12 serves as a stop to restrict the clockwise pivotal movement of the lever 31. Although the stop is the chute holder 12 in the illustrated example, it may be any other non-illustrated member, such as a block or plate, which is not movable with respect to the lower chute 10.

When the intermediate chute 13 is detached from the machine upon termination of the machine, the second chute holder 12 will be brought out of contact with the lower end 44a of

the second projection 41, thus allowing the lever 31 to turn clockwise in Figure 5 under the bias of the spring 34 until the lower edge of the lever 31 abuts one of the confronting flanges 7 of the intermediate chute 13, as shown in Figure 6. As a result, the lower end 43a of the first projection 43 penetrates into the channel 8 to block the passage of the button parts B.

Given that the button attaching machine is provided with the apparatus described above, it is possible to prevent the button parts B from falling from the intermediate chute 13 when the latter is detached.

Since the blocking member 41 and hence the lever 31 return to the original position of Figure 5 as the second projection 44 is merely pushed by the second chute holder 12 when the lower end of the intermediate chute 13 is received in the second chute holder 12 contiguously to the upper end of the lower chute 10, the intermediate chute 13 can be mounted on the machine easily and accurately.

Claims

1. In a button attaching machine having a support (2), a reservoir (3) mounted on an upper portion of said support (2) for containing a multiplicity of button parts (B), a terminal guide (5) mounted on a lower portion of said support (2), and a chute assembly (1) for conveying the button parts (B) successively from said reservoir (3) to said terminal guide (5), said chute assembly (1) including an upper chute (9) connected to said reservoir (3), a lower chute (10) connected to said terminal guide (5), and an intermediate chute (13) detachably mounted on said support (2) for extending between said upper and lower chutes (9), (10) so as to define jointly with said upper and lower chutes (9), (10) a combined channel (8) for receiving the button parts (B) in a row, said intermediate chute (13) having through its entire length a pair of confronting flanges (7, 7), defining therebetween a longitudinal aperture (7a) opening to said channel (8);

an apparatus for preventing the button parts (B) from falling from said intermediate chute (13) when the latter is detached, said apparatus comprising: a blocking member (41) adapted to be supported by said intermediate chute (13) and having a first projection (43) and a second projection (44), said blocking member (41) being movable between a first position in which said first projection (43) penetrates into said channel (8) of said intermediate chute (13) through said opening (7a), and a second position in which said first projection (43) is retracted from said channel (8); a spring (34) normally urging said blocking member (41) to move to said first position; and a stop (12) adapted to be disposed adjacent to said lower end of said intermediate chute (13) and engageable with said second projection (44) to cause said blocking member (41) to move to said second position against the bias of said spring (34) when said intermediate chute (13) is mounted



16 is angularly moved about the screw 18 through an angle of 90° or removed.

The machine also has an apparatus contiguous to the second chute holder 12 in Figures 1 and 2 for preventing the button parts B from the intermediate chute 13 when the latter is detached upon termination of the machine.

As shown in Figures 1—6, the apparatus generally comprises a bracket 21 adapted to be mounted on one of the confronting flanges 7 of the intermediate chute 13 adjacent to the lower end thereof, a transverse lever 31 pivotally connected at one end to the bracket 21, and a blocking member 41 carried on the lever 31 for blocking the button parts B in response to pivotal movement of the lever 31.

The bracket 21 has a pair of parallel bearing portions 23, 23 projecting upwardly (Figures 3, 5 and 6) from a base 22 through which a screw 24 (Figures 3 and 5) extends for threadedly extending into the intermediate chute 13. The bearing portions 23, 23 have a pair of axially aligned first holes 26, 26, respectively, through which a shaft 25 extends. One end portion of the lever 31 is divided into a pair of parallel branches 32, 32 having a pair of axially aligned second holes 33, 33, respectively, through which the shaft 25 also extends. Thus the lever is turnable on the bracket 21 and extends transversely over the confronting flanges 7, 7 of the intermediate chute 13. A spring 34 is supported on the shaft 25 so as to normally urge the lever 31 to turn toward the confronting flanges 7, 7.

The blocking member 41 is attached to the lever 31 remotely from the bracket 21 by means of a screw 42 and has a first projection 43 disposed at a midportion of the lever 31 and a second projection 44 disposed at a free end of the lever 31. The blocking member 41 is movable, in response to pivotal movement of the lever 31, between a first position (Figure 6) in which the lower (Figures 3—6) end 43a of the first projection 43 penetrates into the channel 8 of the intermediate chute 13 through the opening 7a to block the passage of the button parts B, and a second position (Figure 5) in which the lower end 43a of the first projection 43 is retracted from the channel 8 into the opening 7a to allow the passage of the button parts B.

In Figure 5, which shows the intermediate chute 13 having been mounted on the machine, the lower (Figures 3—6) end 44a of the second projection 44 abuts against a contact surface 12a (Figures 3—5) of the second chute holder 12 under the bias of the spring 34. Thus the second chute holder 12 serves as a stop to restrict the clockwise pivotal movement of the lever 31. Although the stop is the chute holder 12 in the illustrated example, it may be any other non-illustrated member, such as a block or plate, which is not movable with respect to the lower chute 10.

When the intermediate chute 13 is detached from the machine upon termination of the machine, the second chute holder 12 will be brought out of contact with the lower end 44a of

the second projection 41, thus allowing the lever 31 to turn clockwise in Figure 5 under the bias of the spring 34 until the lower edge of the lever 31 abuts one of the confronting flanges 7 of the intermediate chute 13, as shown in Figure 6. As a result, the lower end 43a of the first projection 43 penetrates into the channel 8 to block the passage of the button parts B.

Given that the button attaching machine is provided with the apparatus described above, it is possible to prevent the button parts B from falling from the intermediate chute 13 when the latter is detached.

Since the blocking member 41 and hence the lever 31 return to the original position of Figure 5 as the second projection 44 is merely pushed by the second chute holder 12 when the lower end of the intermediate chute 13 is received in the second chute holder 12 contiguously to the upper end of the lower chute 10, the intermediate chute 13 can be mounted on the machine easily and accurately.

Claims

1. In a button attaching machine having a support (2), a reservoir (3) mounted on an upper portion of said support (2) for containing a multiplicity of button parts (B), a terminal guide (5) mounted on a lower portion of said support (2), and a chute assembly (1) for conveying the button parts (B) successively from said reservoir (3) to said terminal guide (5), said chute assembly (1) including an upper chute (9) connected to said reservoir (3), a lower chute (10) connected to said terminal guide (5), and an intermediate chute (13) detachably mounted on said support (2) for extending between said upper and lower chutes (9), (10) so as to define jointly with said upper and lower chutes (9), (10) a combined channel (8) for receiving the button parts (B) in a row, said intermediate chute (13) having through its entire length a pair of confronting flanges (7, 7), defining therebetween a longitudinal aperture (7a) opening to said channel (8);

an apparatus for preventing the button parts (B) from falling from said intermediate chute (13) when the latter is detached, said apparatus comprising: a blocking member (41) adapted to be supported by said intermediate chute (13) and having a first projection (43) and a second projection (44), said blocking member (41) being movable between a first position in which said first projection (43) penetrates into said channel (8) of said intermediate chute (13) through said opening (7a), and a second position in which said first projection (43) is retracted from said channel (8); a spring (34) normally urging said blocking member (41) to move to said first position; and a stop (12) adapted to be disposed adjacent to said lower end of said intermediate chute (13) and engageable with said second projection (44) to cause said blocking member (41) to move to said second position against the bias of said spring (34) when said intermediate chute (13) is mounted



on said support (2) between said upper and lower chutes (9), (10).

2. An apparatus according to claim 1, said first projection (43), when retracted, extending into said opening (7a).

3. An apparatus according to claim 1 or 2, said stop comprising a chute holder (12) for connecting said lower end of said intermediate chute (13) and an upper end of said lower chute (10).

4. An apparatus according to claim 3, said chute holder (12) having a groove (15) for receiving said lower end of said intermediate chute (13) and said upper end of said lower chute (10).

5. An apparatus according to one of the claims 1 to 4, further comprising a bracket (21) adapted to be mounted on one of said confronting flanges (7) of said intermediate chute (13) adjacent to a lower end thereof, and a transverse lever (31) connected at one end to said bracket (21) for pivotal movement in a plane perpendicular to the axis of said intermediate chute (13), said blocking member (41) being carried on said lever (31), said spring acting between said bracket and said lever.

Patentansprüche

1. In einer Maschine zum Ansetzen von Knöpfen mit einem Gestell (2), einem an einem oberen Bereich des Gestells (2) angebrachten Vorratsbehälter (3) zur Aufnahme einer Vielzahl von Knopfteilen (B), einer an einem unteren Bereich des Gestells (2) angebrachten Abschlußführung (5) und einer Rinnenanordnung (1) zum aufeinanderfolgenden Zuführen der Knopfteile (B) von dem Vorratsbehälter (3) zu der Abschlußführung (5), wobei die Rinnenanordnung (1) eine mit dem Vorratsbehälter (3) verbundene obere Rinne (9), eine mit der Abschlußführung (5) verbundene untere Rinne (10) und eine an dem Gestell (2) lösbar angeordnete mittlere Rinne (13) aufweist, die sich zwischen der oberen und der unteren Rinne (9, 10) erstreckt, um gemeinsam mit der oberen und der unteren Rinne (9, 10) einen zusammengesetzten Kanal (8) zur Aufnahme der Knopfteile (B) in einer Reihe zu begrenzen, wobei die mittlere Rinne (13) über ihre gesamte Länge zwei einander zugekehrte Flansche (7, 7) hat, die dazwischen eine zu dem Kanal (8) hin offene Längsöffnung (7a) begrenzen;

eine Vorrichtung zur Verhinderung des Abfal-
lens der Knopfteile (B) von der mittleren Rinne (13), wenn diese abgenommen ist, umfassend: ein Blockierteil (41), das durch die mittlere Rinne (13) abstützbar ist und einen ersten Vorsprung (43) und einen zweiten Vorsprung (44) aufweist, wobei das Blockierteil (41) zwischen einer ersten Stellung, in der der erste Vorsprung (43) durch die besagte Öffnung (7a) hindurch in den Kanal (8) der mittleren Rinne (13) hineinragt, und einer zweiten Stellung bewegbar ist, in der der erste Vorsprung (43) aus dem Kanal (8) zurückgezogen ist; eine Feder (34), die das Blockierteil (41) zu einer Bewegung in die erste Stellung belastet; und einen Anschlag (12), der nahe dem unteren Ende der mittleren Rinne (13) anbringbar und mit

dem zweiten Vorsprung (44) in Eingriff bringbar ist, um das Blockierteil (41) gegen die Vorspannkraft der Feder (34) in die zweite Stellung zu bewegen, wenn die mittlere Rinne (13) zwischen der oberen und der unteren Rinne (9, 10) auf dem Gestell (2) angebracht wird.

2. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei sich der erste Vorsprung (43) im zurückgezogenen Zustand in die besagte Öffnung (7a) hinein erstreckt.

3. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1 oder 2, wobei der Anschlag einen Rinnenhalter (12) zur Verbindung des unteren Endes der mittleren Rinne (13) mit einem oberen Ende der unteren Rinne (10) umfaßt.

4. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 3, wobei der Rinnenhalter (12) eine Nut (15) zur Aufnahme des unteren Endes der mittleren Rinne (13) und des oberen Endes der unteren Rinne (10) hat.

5. Vorrichtung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 4, ferner umfassend einen Bügel (21), der an einem der gegenüberliegenden Flansche (7) der mittleren Rinne (13) neben einem unteren Ende derselben anbringbar ist, und einen Querhebel (31), dessen eines Ende mit dem Bügel (21) zu einer Verschwenkung in einer zur Achse der mittleren Rinne (13) rechtwinkligen Ebene verbunden ist, wobei das Blockierteil (41) auf dem Hebel (31) angeordnet ist und sich die Feder zwischen diesem Bügel und dem Hebel abstützt.

Revendications

1. Dans une machine à poser les boutons ayant un support (2), un réservoir (3) monté sur une partie supérieure dudit support (2) pour contenir une multiplicité d'éléments de bouton (B), un guidage terminal (5) monté sur une partie inférieure dudit support (2), et un assemblage de goulotte (1) pour transporter les éléments de bouton (B) successivement dudit réservoir (3) audit guidage terminal (5), ledit assemblage de goulotte (1) comprenant une goulotte supérieure (9) reliée audit réservoir (3), une goulotte inférieure (10) reliée audit guidage terminal (5), et une goulotte intermédiaire (13) montée de façon amovible sur ledit support (2) pour s'étendre entre lesdites goulottes supérieure et inférieure (9), (10) de manière à définir conjointement avec lesdites goulottes supérieure et inférieure (9), (10) un canal combiné (8) pour recevoir les éléments de bouton (B) en rangée, ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) ayant sur toute sa longueur une paire de rebords se faisant face (7, 7), définissant entre eux une ouverture longitudinale (7a) s'ouvrant sur ledit canal (8);

un appareil pour empêcher les éléments de bouton (B) de tomber de ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) lorsque cette dernière est détachée, ledit appareil comprenant: un élément de blocage (41) adapté pour être supporté par ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) et ayant une première saillie (43) et une seconde saillie (44), ledit élément de blocage (41) étant mobile entre une première position dans laquelle ladite première saillie (43)



pénètre dans ledit canal (8) de ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) par ladite ouverture (7a), et une seconde position dans laquelle ladite première saillie (43) est rétractée dudit canal (8); un ressort (34) poussant normalement ledit élément de blocage (41) à passer dans ladite première position; et une butée (12) adaptée pour être disposée de façon adjacente à ladite extrémité inférieure de ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) et pouvant venir en contact avec ladite seconde saillie (44) pour faire passer ledit élément de blocage (41) dans ladite seconde position contre la sollicitation dudit ressort (34) lorsque ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) est montée sur ledit support (2) entre lesdites goulottes supérieure et inférieure (9), (10).

2. Appareil selon la revendication 1, ladite première saillie (43), lorsqu'elle est rétractée, s'étendant dans ladite ouverture (7a).

3. Appareil selon la revendication 1 ou 2, ladite butée comprenant un porte-goulotte (12) pour

relier ladite extrémité inférieure de ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) et une extrémité supérieure de ladite goulotte inférieure (10).

5 4. Appareil selon la revendication 3, ledit porte-goulotte (12) ayant une rainure (15) pour recevoir ladite extrémité inférieure de ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) et ladite extrémité supérieure de ladite goulotte inférieure (10).

10 5. Appareil selon l'une des revendications 1 à 4, comprenant en outre une console (21) adaptée pour être montée sur l'un desdits rebords se faisant face (7) de ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13) de façon adjacente à une extrémité inférieure de celle-ci, et un levier transversal (31) relié, à une
15 extrémité, à ladite console (21) pour effectuer un mouvement pivotant dans un plan perpendiculaire à l'axe de ladite goulotte intermédiaire (13), ledit élément de blocage (41) étant porté sur ledit
20 levier (31), ledit ressort agissant entre ladite console et ledit levier.

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