Abstract

MEDICINE FOR PREVENTING OR TREATING OPHTHALMIC DISEASE ASSOCIATED WITH ENHANCED INTRAOCULAR NEOVASCULARIZATION AND/OR INTRAOCULAR VASCULAR PERMEABILITY

Provided is a pharmaceutical for preventing or treating an ophthalmic disease associated with intraocular neovascularization and/or increased intraocular vascular permeability. The inventors of the present invention have made investigations on a pharmaceutical for preventing or treating an ophthalmic disease associated with intraocular neovascularization and/or increased intraocular vascular permeability, and have confirmed that a selective S1P receptor agonist having agonist activity at an $S1P_1$ receptor has an intraocular neovascularization-reducing action and an intraocular vascular permeability-reducing action, thus completing the present invention. A compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of the present invention, which serves as the selective S1P receptor agonist having agonist activity at the $S1P_1$ receptor, has an intraocular neovascularization-reducing action and an intraocular vascular permeability-reducing action, and can be used as a preventive and/or therapeutic agent for, for example, exudative age-related macular degeneration, diabetic retinopathy, diabetic macular edema, myopic choroidal neovascularization, retinal artery occlusion, retinal vein occlusion, or neovascular glaucoma.

[Fig. 1]