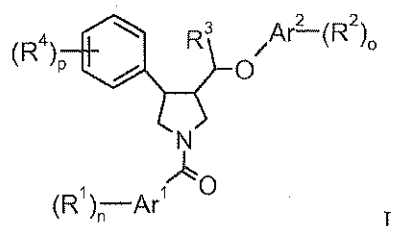


PYRROLIDINE ARYL-ETHER AS NK3 RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

The invention relates to a compound of general formula



wherein

- 5 Ar¹ is aryl or a five or six membered heteroaryl;
 Ar² is aryl or a five or six membered heteroaryl;
 R¹ is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl substituted by
 halogen, lower alkoxy substituted by halogen, S-lower alkyl, -S(O)₂-lower
 alkyl, -S(O)₂-di-lower alkyl amino, -(CH₂)_qR, cyano, amino, mono or di-
 10 lower alkyl amino, NHC(O)-lower alkyl, cycloalkyl or is or a five membered
 heteroaryl, optionally substituted by lower alkyl;
 wherein R is cyano, di-lower alkyl amino or pyrrolidin-1-yl;
 R² is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen or cyano;
 R³ is hydrogen or lower alkyl or CH₂OH;
 15 R⁴ is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen or cyano;
 n is 1, 2 or 3; in case n is 2 or 3, R¹ may be the same or different;
 o is 1, 2 or 3; in case o is 2 or 3, R² may be the same or different;
 p is 1, 2 or 3; in case p is 2 or 3, R⁴ may be the same or different;
 q is 1 or 2;
 20 or to a pharmaceutically active salt thereof.

The invention includes all stereoisomeric forms, including individual
 diastereoisomers and enantiomers of the compound of formula (I) as well as racemic and
 non-racemic mixtures thereof.

- 25 It has been found that the present compounds are high potential NK-3
 receptor antagonists for the treatment of depression, pain, psychosis, Parkinson's disease,
 schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

The three main mammalian tachykinins, substance P (SP), neurokinin A (NKA) and neurokinin B (NKB) belong to the family of neuropeptides sharing the common COOH-terminal pentapeptide sequence of Phe-X-Gly-Leu-Met-NH₂. As neurotransmitters, these peptides exert their biological activity via three distinct
5 neurokinin (NK) receptors termed as NK-1, NK-2 and NK-3. SP binds preferentially to the NK-1 receptor, NKA to the NK-2 and NKB to the NK-3 receptor.

The NK-3 receptor is characterized by a predominant expression in CNS and its involvement in the modulation of the central monoaminergic system has been shown. These properties make the NK-3 receptor a potential target for central nervous system
10 disorders such as anxiety, depression, bipolar disorders, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia and pain (*Neurosci. Letters*, 2000, 283, 185 -188; *Exp. Opin. Ther. Patents* 2000, 10, 939-960; *Neuroscience*, 1996, 74, 403-414; *Neuropeptides*, 1998, 32, 481-488).

Schizophrenia is one of the major neuropsychiatric disorders, characterized by severe and chronic mental impairment. This devastating disease affects about 1 % of the
15 world's population. Symptoms begin in early adulthood and are followed by a period of interpersonal and social dysfunction. Schizophrenia manifests as auditory and visual hallucinations, paranoia, delusions (positive symptoms), blunted affect, depression, anhedonia, poverty of speech, memory and attention deficits as well as social withdrawal (negative symptoms).

For decades scientists and clinicians have made efforts with the aim of
20 discovering an ideal agent for the pharmacological treatment of schizophrenia. However, the complexity of the disorders, due to a wide array of symptoms, has hampered those efforts. There are no specific focal characteristics for the diagnosis of schizophrenia and no single symptom is consistently present in all patients. Consequently, the diagnosis of
25 schizophrenia as a single disorder or as a variety of different disorders has been discussed but not yet resolved. The major difficulty in the development of a new drug for schizophrenia is the lack of knowledge about the cause and nature of this disease. Some neurochemical hypotheses have been proposed on the basis of pharmacological studies to rationalize the development of a corresponding therapy: the dopamine, the serotonin and
30 the glutamate hypotheses. But taking into account the complexity of schizophrenia, an appropriate multireceptor affinity profile might be required for efficacy against positive and negative signs and symptoms. Furthermore, an ideal drug against schizophrenia would preferably have a low dosage allowing once-per-day dosage, due to the low adherence of schizophrenic patients.

35 In recent years clinical studies with selective NK1 and NK2 receptor antagonists appeared in the literature showing results for the treatment of emesis, depression, anxiety, pain and migraine (NK1) and asthma (NK2 and NK1). The most

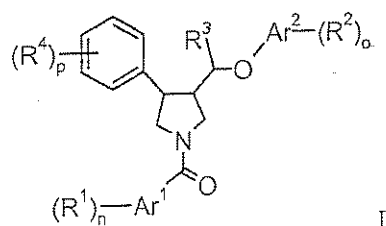
exciting data were produced in the treatment of chemotherapy-induced emesis, nausea and depression with NK1- and in asthma with NK2- receptor antagonists. In contrast, no clinical data on NK3 receptor antagonists have appeared in the literature until 2000. Osanetant (SR 142,801) from Sanofi-Synthelabo was the first identified potent and selective non-peptide antagonist described for the NK3 tachykinin receptor for the potential treatment of schizophrenia, which was reported in the literature (*Current Opinion in Investigational Drugs*, 2001, 2(7), 950-956 and *Psychiatric Disorders Study 4, Schizophrenia*, June 2003, *Decision Resources, Inc., Waltham, Massachusetts*). The proposed drug SR 142,801 has been shown in a phase II trial as active on positive symptoms of schizophrenia, such as altered behaviour, delusion, hallucinations, extreme emotions, excited motor activity and incoherent speech, but inactive in the treatment of negative symptoms, which are depression, anhedonia, social isolation or memory and attention deficits.

The neurokinin-3 receptor antagonists have been described as useful in pain or inflammation, as well as in schizophrenia, *Exp. Opin. Ther. Patents* (2000), 10(6), 939-960 and *Current Opinion in Investigational Drugs*, 2001, 2(7), 950-956 956 and *Psychiatric Disorders Study 4, Schizophrenia*, June 2003, *Decision Resources, Inc., Waltham, Massachusetts*).

Objects of the embodiments disclosed herein are novel compounds of formula I, their manufacture, medicaments based on a compound in accordance with the disclosure and their production as well as the use of compounds of formula I in the control or prevention of illnesses such as depression, pain, bipolar disorders, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

The preferred indications using the compounds of the disclosure are depression, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

In a first aspect, there is provided a compound of formula



wherein

Ar¹ is aryl or a five or six membered heteroaryl;

Ar² is aryl or a five or six membered heteroaryl;

R¹ is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl substituted by

halogen, lower alkoxy substituted by halogen, S-lower alkyl, -S(O)₂-lower alkyl, -S(O)₂-di-lower alkyl amino, -(CH₂)_qR, cyano, amino, mono or di-lower alkyl amino, NHC(O)-lower alkyl, cycloalkyl or is or a five membered heteroaryl, optionally substituted by lower alkyl;

wherein R is cyano, di-lower alkyl amino or pyrrolidin-1-yl;

R² is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen or cyano;

R³ is hydrogen or lower alkyl or CH₂OH;

R⁴ is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen or cyano;

n is 1, 2 or 3; in case n is 2 or 3, R¹ may be the same or different;

o is 1, 2 or 3; in case o is 2 or 3, R² may be the same or different;

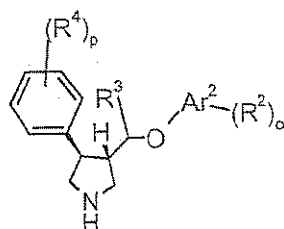
p is 1, 2 or 3; in case p is 2 or 3, R⁴ may be the same or different;

q is 1 or 2;

or a pharmaceutically active salt thereof, including individual diastereoisomers and enantiomers of the compound of formula (I) as well as racemic and non-racemic mixtures thereof.

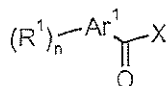
In a second aspect, there is provided a process for preparation of the compound as defined above, which process comprises

a) reacting a compound of formula

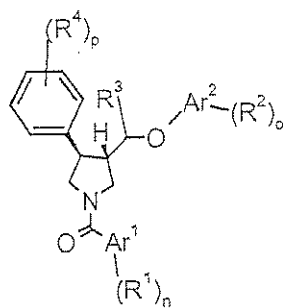


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with a compound of formula



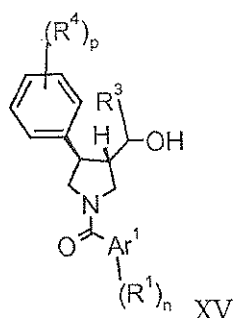
to a compound of formula



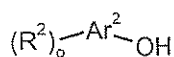
I

wherein the definitions have same meanings as described above and X is halogen, preferably chloro, or hydroxy, or

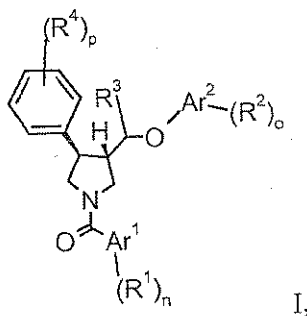
b) reacting a compound of formula



with a compound of formula



to a compound of formula



and

if desired, converting the compounds obtained into pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts.

In a third aspect, there is provided a compound as defined above, whenever prepared by a process as defined above or by an equivalent method.

In a fourth aspect, there is a medicament containing one or more compounds as defined above and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

In a fifth aspect, there is also the use of a compound as defined above for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of depression, pain, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

The following definitions of the general terms used in the present description apply irrespective of whether the terms in question appear alone or in combination.

As used herein, the term "lower alkyl" denotes a straight- or branched-chain alkyl group containing from 1-8 carbon atoms, for example, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, i-butyl, t-butyl and the like. Preferred lower alkyl groups are groups with 1-4 carbon atoms.

The term "lower alkyl substituted by halogen" denotes an alkyl group as defined above, wherein at least one hydrogen atom is replaced by halogen, for example -CF₃, -

CHF₂, -CH₂F, -CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CH₂CF₃, -CH₂CF₂CF₃ and the like. Preferred lower alkyl substituted by halogen groups are groups having 1-4 carbon atoms.

The term "lower alkoxy" denotes a group wherein the alkyl residue is as defined above and which is attached via an oxygen atom, for example, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, i-butoxy, 2-butoxy, t-butoxy and the like. Preferred alkoxy groups are groups with 1-4 carbon atoms.

The term "lower alkoxy substituted by halogen" denotes a group wherein the alkyl residue is as defined above "lower alkyl substituted by halogen" and which is attached via an oxygen atom. Preferred lower alkoxy substituted by halogen groups are groups having 1-4 carbon atoms.

The term "halogen" denotes chlorine, iodine, fluorine and bromine.

The term "cycloalkyl" denotes a saturated carbon ring containing from 3-7 carbon atoms, for example, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, and the like.

The term "aryl" denotes a cyclic aromatic hydrocarbon radical consisting of one or more fused rings containing 6-14 carbon atoms in which at least one ring is aromatic in nature, for example phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl or indanyl. Preferred is the phenyl group.

The term "five or six membered heteroaryl" denotes a cyclic aromatic hydrocarbon radical, which contains at least one heteroatom, selected from N, O or S, for example quinoxaliny, pyraziny, pyridaziny, pyrazoly, pyridine-2, 3 or 4-yl, pyrimidinyl, oxazoly, [1.2.4]oxadiazoly, [1.3.4]oxadiazoly, triazoly, tetrazoly, thiazoly, thiadiazoly, thiophenyl, isoxazoly, pyrroly, furanyl or imidazoly. Preferred heteroaryl groups are pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, thiophenyl, furanyl, isoxazoly, pyrroly, thiazoly or pyridinyl.

The term "pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt" embraces salts with inorganic and organic acids, such as hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid, citric acid, formic acid, fumaric acid, maleic acid, acetic acid, succinic acid, tartaric acid, methanesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid and the like.

The following groups of compounds of formula I are preferred:

- A compound of formula I, wherein Ar¹ is phenyl, for example the following compounds
4-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-benzonitrile

- 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(4-oxazol-5-yl-benzoyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile
- 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-[4-(3-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzoyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile
- 5 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-[4-(5-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-3-yl)-benzoyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile
- 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(4-[1,3,4]oxadiazol-2-yl-benzoyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile
- 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-(4-cyano-2-fluoro-benzoyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile or
- 10 {(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-[4-(3-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-phenyl]-methanone.

- A compound of formula I, wherein Ar¹ is pyridine-4-yl, for example the following compounds
- 15

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyridin-4-yl)-methanone or

(2-chloro-pyridin-4-yl)-{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-methanone.

20

- A compound of formula I, wherein Ar¹ is pyridine-3-yl, for example the following compounds

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

- 25 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-dimethylamino-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

- 30 [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

5-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-dimethylaminomethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

- 35 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methylsulfanyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

- 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-cyano-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
- 5-[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile
- 5 5-[(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile
- 5-[(3RS,4SR)-3-[(SR)-1-(5-cyano-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-sulfonic acid dimethylamide
- 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-pyrazol-1-yl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
- 10 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methanesulfonyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
- 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-imidazol-1-yl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
- 15 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(5-methyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
- 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-[6-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethoxy)-pyridine-3-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
- {(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-pyrazol-1-yl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone
- 20 (6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-methanone or
- 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-ethyl-5-methyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile.

25

- A compound of formula I, wherein Ar¹ is a five membered heteroaryl, for example the following compound

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-methanone.

30

- A compound of formula I, wherein Ar¹ is pyrimidin, for example the following compounds

[(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

35

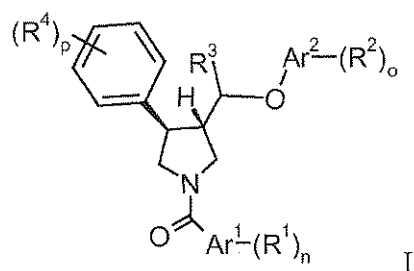
5-[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile or

(2-cyclopropyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-methanone.

- A compound of formula I, wherein Ar¹ is pyridazinyl, for example the following
- 5 compounds
- 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
- [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-{(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone
- 10 [(3S,4R)-3-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-{(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone
- 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
- [(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-
- 15 phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-{(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone
- [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-{(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone or
- {(3S,4R)-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-{(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone.

20

A further object of the present invention are compounds of formula



wherein

- Ar¹ is aryl or a five or six membered heteroaryl;
- 25 Ar² is aryl or a five or six membered heteroaryl;
- R¹ is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, cyano, amino, mono or di-lower alkyl amino, cycloalkyl or is lower alkyl substituted by hydrogen, cyano or amino;
- R² is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, cyano or is lower alkyl substituted by
- 30 halogen or cyano;
- R³ is hydrogen or lower alkyl;
- R⁴ is hydrogen, lower alkyl or halogen;

n is 1, 2 or 3; in case n is 2 or 3, R¹ may be the same or different;
 o is 1, 2 or 3; in case o is 2 or 3, R² may be the same or different;
 p is 1, 2 or 3; in case p is 2 or 3, R⁴ may be the same or different;
 or to a pharmaceutically active salt thereof.

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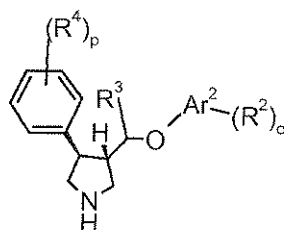
The preparation of compounds of formula I of the present invention may be carried out in sequential or convergent synthetic routes. Syntheses of the compounds of the invention are shown in the following schemes 1 to 7. The skills required for carrying out the reaction and purification of the resulting products are known to those skilled in the art. The substituents and indices used in the following description of the processes have the significance given herein before unless indicated to the contrary.

In more detail, the compounds of formula I can be manufactured by the methods given below, by the methods given in the examples or by analogous methods. Appropriate reaction conditions for the individual reaction steps are known to a person skilled in the art. The reaction sequence is not limited to the one displayed in scheme 1, however, depending on the starting materials and their respective reactivity the sequence of reaction steps can be freely altered. Starting materials are either commercially available or can be prepared by methods analogous to the methods given below, by methods described in references cited in the description or in the examples, or by methods known in the art.

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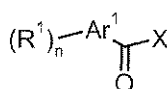
The present compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts can be prepared by processes described below, which process comprises

a) reacting a compound of formula



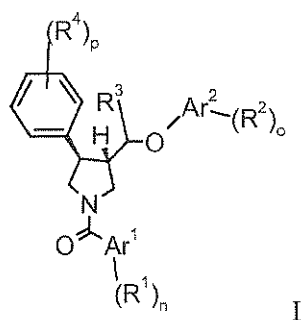
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25 with a compound of formula



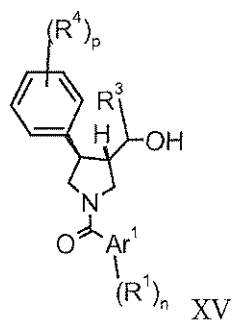
to a compound of formula

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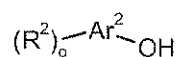


wherein the definitions have same meanings as described above and X is halogen, preferably chloro or hydroxy, or

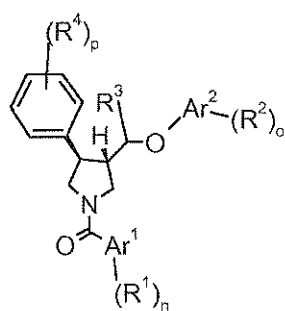
- 5 b) reacting a compound of formula



with a compound of formula



to a compound of formula



10

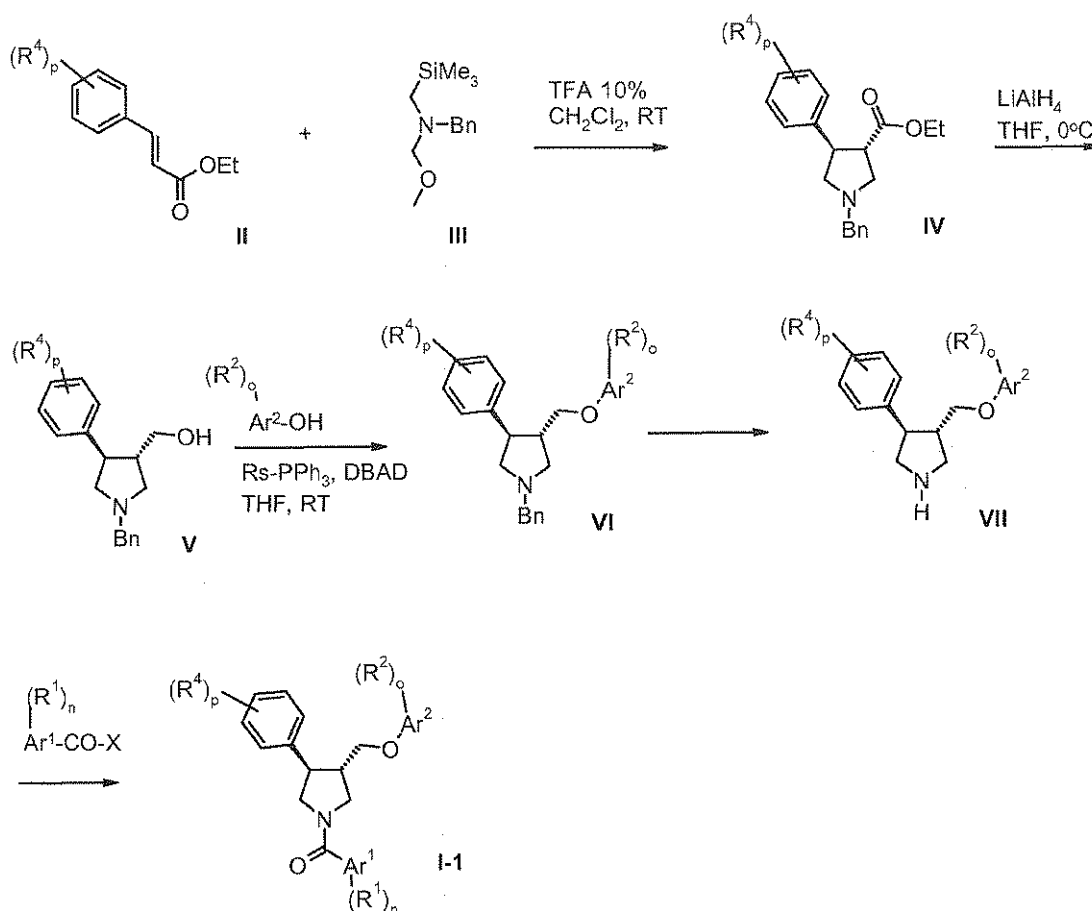
and

if desired, converting the compounds obtained into pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts.

The processes are described in the following schemes in more detail.

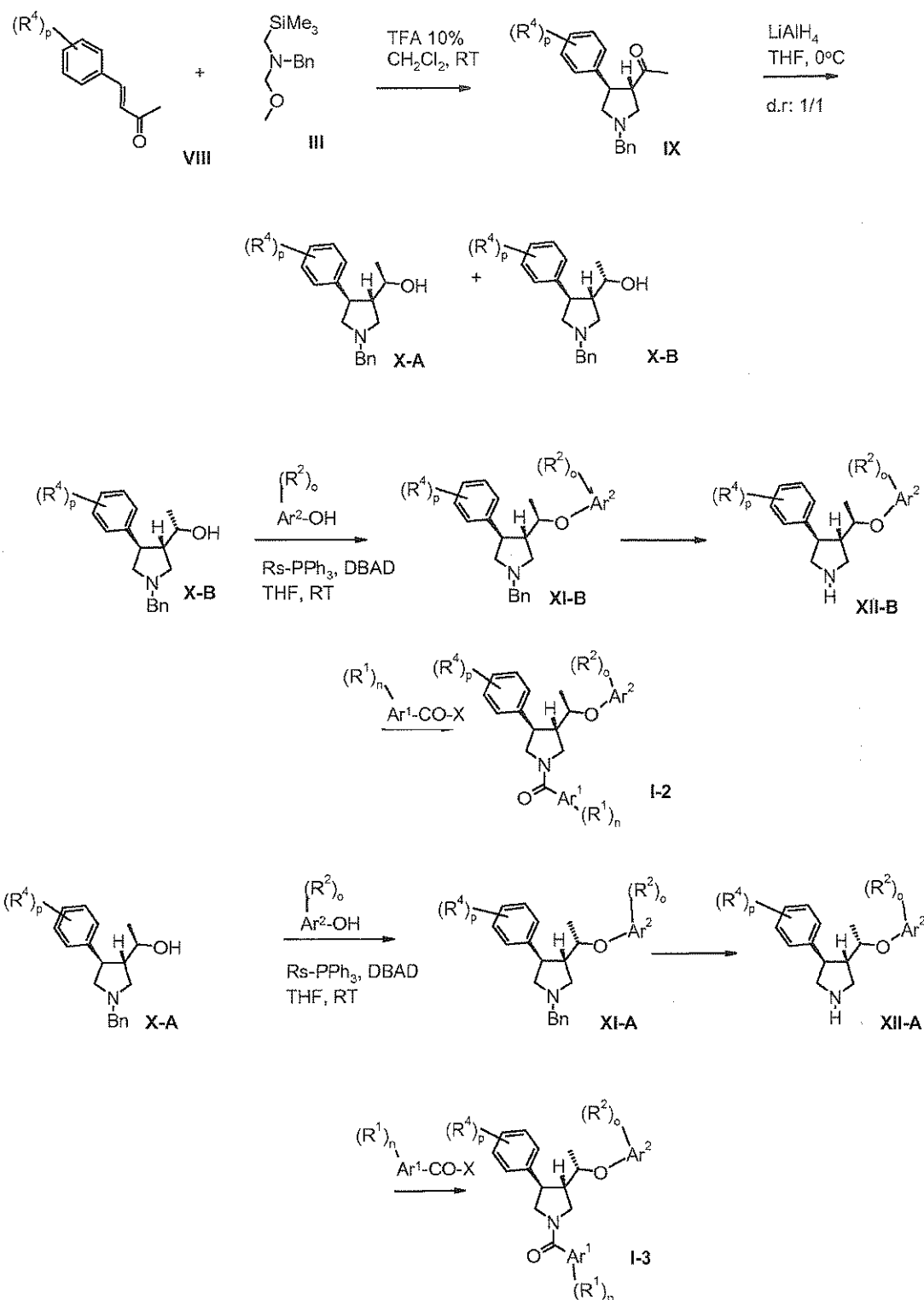
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Scheme 1

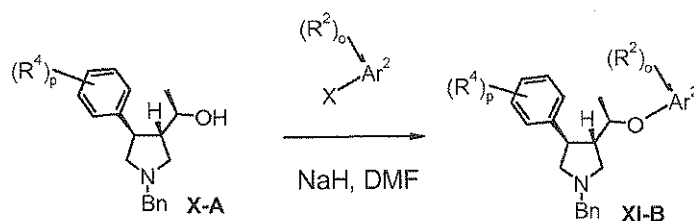


- 5 The 3,4-disubstituted pyrrolidines IV were prepared *via* a stereo specific 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition between the (E)-3-substituted phenyl-acrylic acid ethyl ester derivatives II and the azomethine ylide generated *in situ* from the N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine III in the presence of a catalytic amount of acid, such as TFA. Reduction of the ester moiety using standard conditions for
- 10 example LiAlH₄ yielded the alcohol V. Standard Mitsunobu reaction with for example a phenol, pyridin-ol, pyrimidin-ol gave the aryl-ether VI. Selective N-debenzylation was then carried out using several known procedures which are compatible with the substitution patterns of the aromatic rings to afford VII. Final derivatives I-1 were obtained *via* a coupling with a suitable acid chloride or carboxylic acid using known
- 15 methods.

Scheme 2

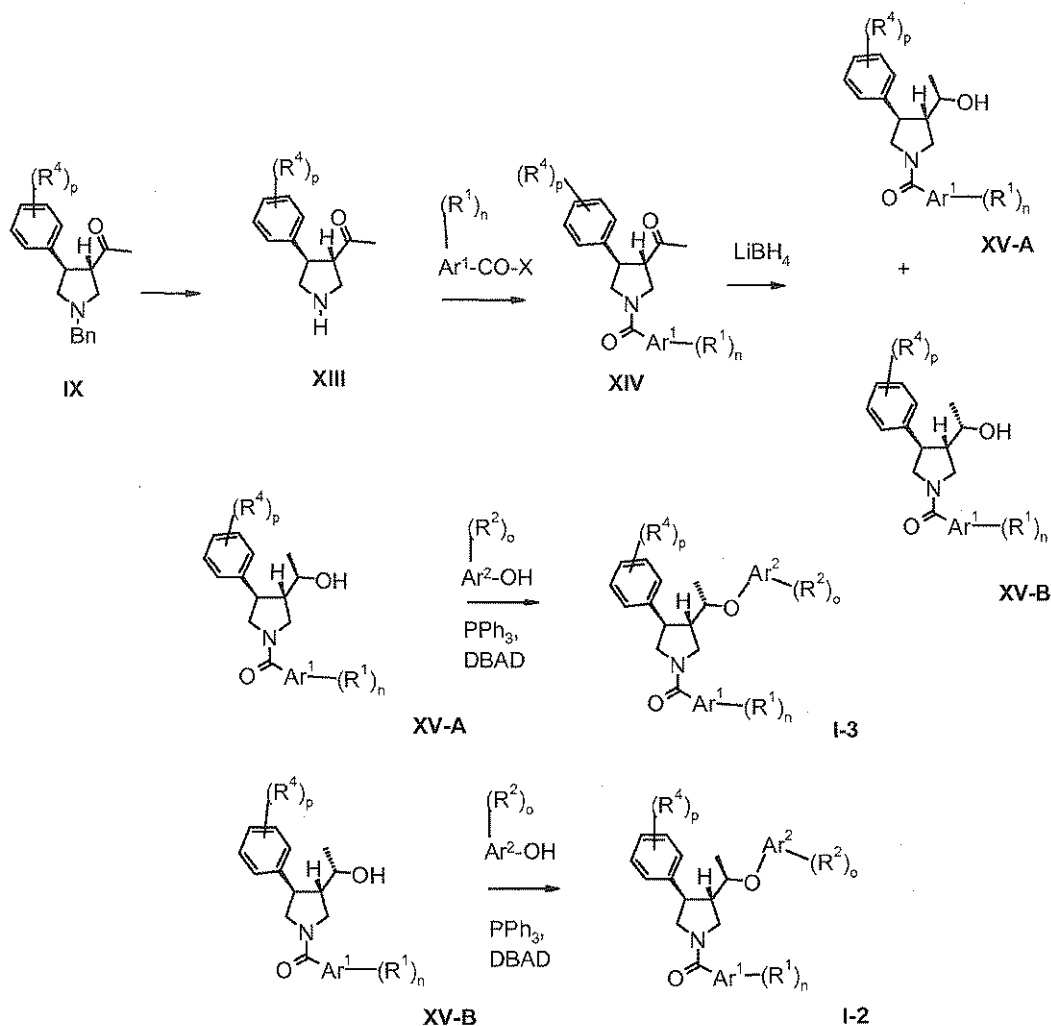


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- The 3,4-disubstituted pyrrolidines IX were prepared *via* a stereo specific 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition between substituted (E)-4-phenyl-but-3-en-2-one derivative VIII and the azomethine ylide generated *in situ* from the N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine III in the presence of a catalytic amount of acid, such as TFA. Reduction of the acetyl moiety using standard conditions for example LiAlH_4 yielded the two diastereoisomers X-A and X-B which were subsequently separated by column chromatography. Each of the diastereoisomers were then separately converted to the final derivatives I-3 and I-2 in the same manner. For instance X-B were subjected to a standard Mitsunobu reaction with for example a phenol, pyridin-ol, pyrimidin-ol to give the aryl-ether XI-B. Selective N-debenzylation was then carried out using several known procedures which are compatible with the substitution patterns of the aromatic rings to afford XII-B. Final derivatives I-2 were prepared *via* a coupling with a suitable acid chloride or carboxylic acid using known methods.
- In case of Ar^2 is a o-pyridyl or o-pyrimidinyl moiety, a nucleophilic aromatic substitution reaction is possible to convert derivative X-A into XI-B.

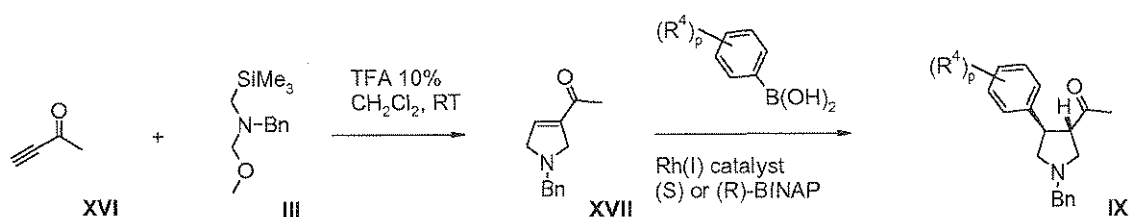
Scheme 3



Alternatively, intermediates IX were subjected to N-debenzylation using several known procedures which are compatible with the substitution patterns of the aromatic rings to afford XIII. Coupling with a suitable acid chloride or carboxylic acid using known methods yielded amides XIV. Reduction of the acetyl moiety was achieved with for instance LiBH₄, and produced the two diastereoisomers XV-A and XV-B, which were separated by column chromatography. Both underwent a standard Mitsunobu reaction with for example a phenol, pyridin-ol, pyrimidin-ol to give the aryl-ether derivatives I-3 and I-2.

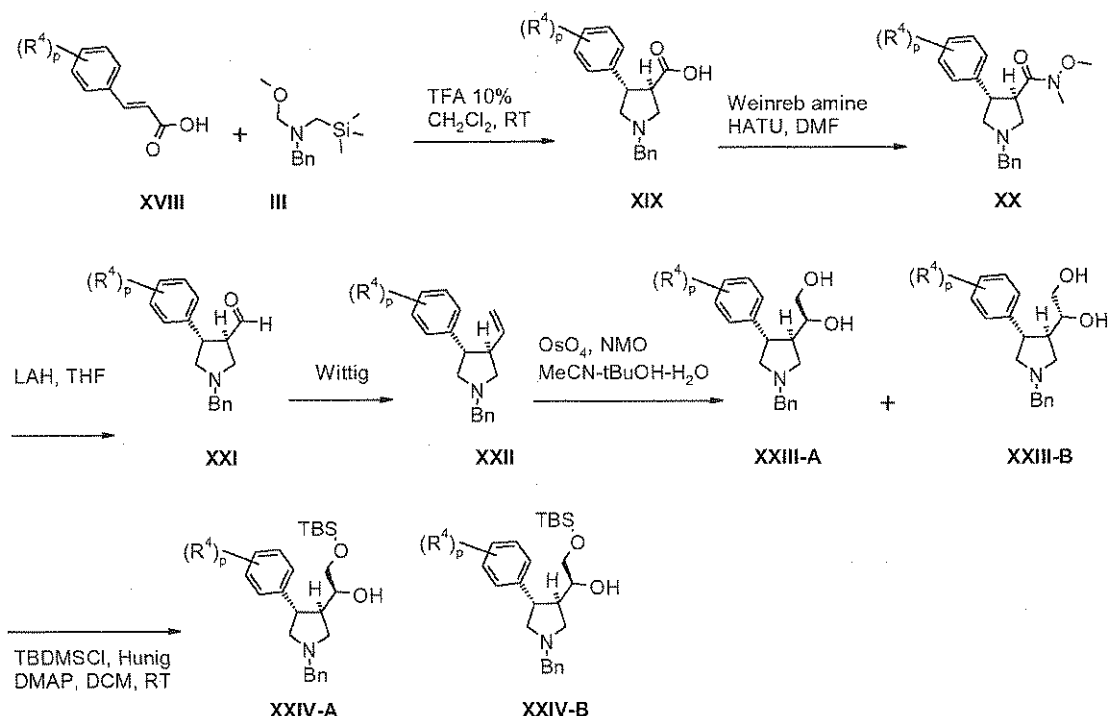
- 14 -

Scheme 4

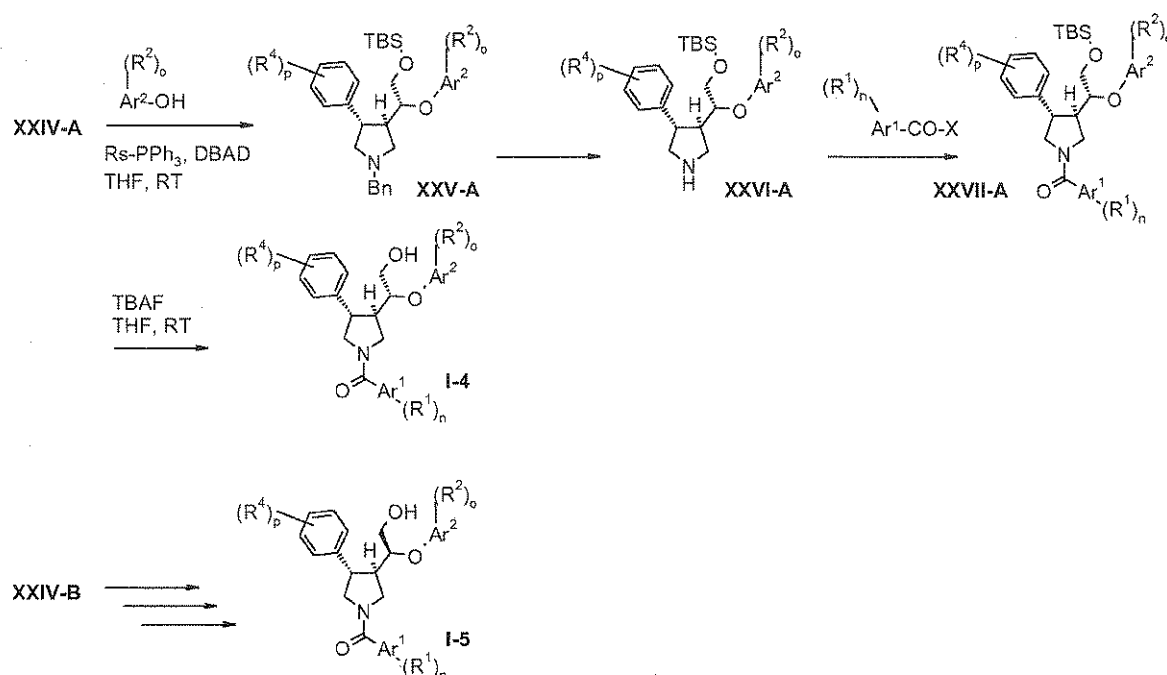


An alternative method for the preparation of intermediates IX is highlighted scheme 4. A 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition between the commercially available but-3-yn-2-one XVI and the azomethine ylide generated *in situ* from the N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine III in the presence of a catalytic amount of acid, such as TFA afforded the dihydropyrrole derivative XVII. A 1,4-addition of a boronic acid catalysed by a Rh(I) catalyst such as the Rhacetylacetonatbis(ethylene) in a presence of of a chiral phosphine ligand such as the (R) or (S)-BINAP afforded the optically enriched disubstituted pyrrolidine IX. Similar Rh-catalysed asymmetric 1,4-arylation have been reported earlier (*Tet. Lett.*, 2004, 45(16), 3265)

Scheme 5



- 15 -



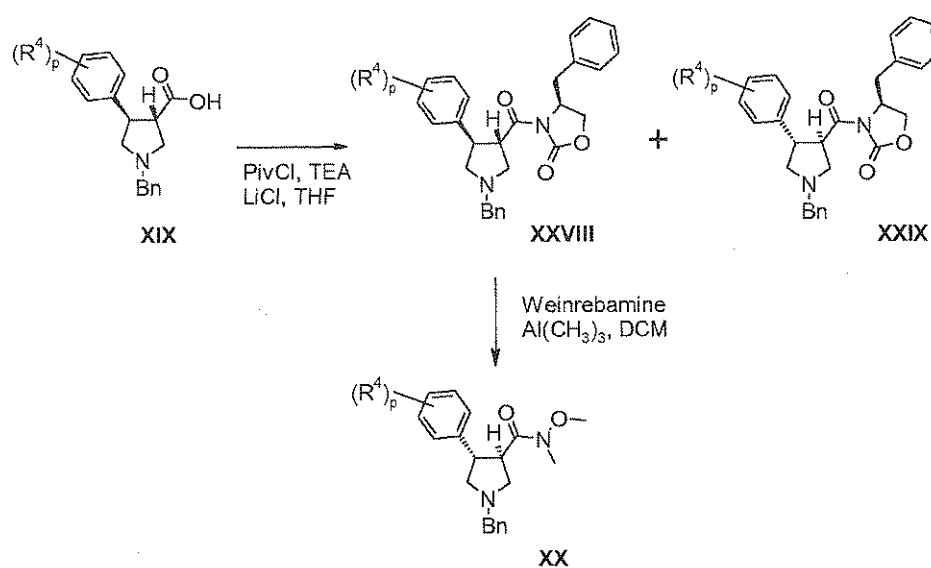
The scheme 5 describe the preparation of derivatives of the type I with R^3 is a hydromethyl moiety. The 3,4-disubstituted pyrrolidines XIX were prepared *via* a stereo specific 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition between the (E)-3-substituted phenyl-acrylic acid derivatives XVIII and the azomethine ylide generated *in situ* from the N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine III in the presence of a catalytic amount of acid, such as TFA. Amide derivatives XX were obtained using known methods. Reduction of the amide moiety using standard conditions for example $LiAlH_4$ yielded the aldehyde XXI. Standard Wittig reaction gave the vinyl derivative XXII.

Two diastereomeric diols XXIII-A and XXIII-B were obtained using catalytic amount of OsO_4 with a combination of co-oxidant such as NMO. The primary hydroxyl group of these diols were selectively silylated by using DMAP as a catalyst to provide respectively XXIV-A and XXIV-B.

A standard Mitsunobu reaction with XXIV-A gave the aryl-ether XXV-A. Selective N-debenzylation was then carried out using known procedures afforded XXVI-A. Amide derivatives were obtained *via* a coupling with a suitable acid chloride or carboxylic acid using known methods. Deprotection of silyl group provided final derivatives of the type I-4 using known methods such as TBAF. Finally, the diastereomer XXIV-B was converted into I-5 using the same synthetic route (as XXIV into I-4)

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Scheme 6

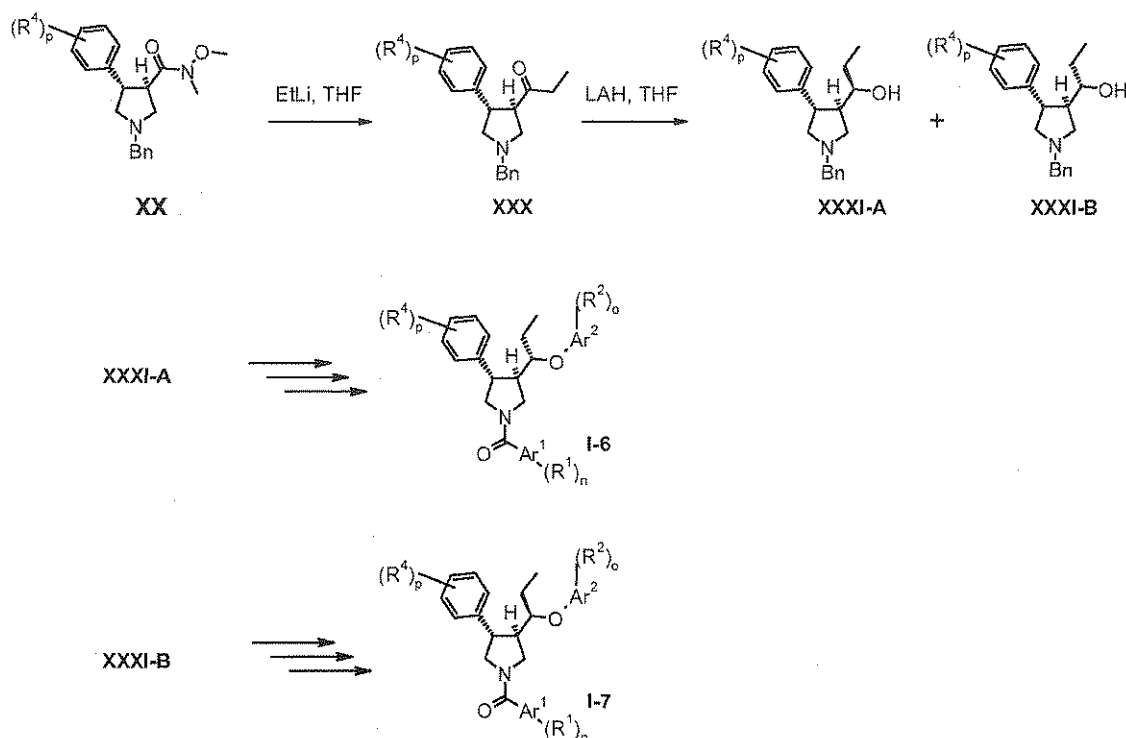


- An preparation of the optically pure amide XX is described scheme 6. The racemic carboxylic acid derivatives XIX were converted into the two diastereomeric oxazolidinone derivatives XXVIII and XXIX, which were readily separated using chromatography on silica gel. XXVIII was converted into the corresponding amide XX using a known condition, such as a combination of trimethylaluminum and amine.

10

15

Scheme 7



The scheme 7 described the synthesis of derivatives of the type I with R^3 is an ethyl moiety. Treatment of the amide derivatives XX with ethyl lithium provided the ketone derivatives XXX. Reduction of the carbonyl moiety using standard conditions for example LiAlH_4 yielded the alcohol XXXI-A and XXXI-B which were then converted respectively into I-6 and I-7 using the same synthetic route described in scheme 2.

The salt formation is effected at room temperature in accordance with methods which are known per se and which are familiar to any person skilled in the art. Not only salts with inorganic acids, but also salts with organic acids come into consideration. Hydrochlorides, hydrobromides, sulphates, nitrates, citrates, acetates, maleates, succinates, methan-sulphonates, p-toluenesulphonates and the like are examples of such salts.

As mentioned earlier, the compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically usable addition salts possess valuable pharmacological properties. It has been found that the compounds of the present invention are antagonists of neurokinin 3 (NK-3) receptors. The compounds were investigated in accordance with the tests given hereinafter.

Experimental procedure

The compounds were investigated in accordance with the tests given hereinafter.

[³H]SR142801 competition binding assay

- hNK3 receptor binding experiment were performed using [³H]SR142801 (Catalog No. TRK1035, specific activity: 74.0 Ci/mmol, Amersham, GE Healthcare UK limited, Buckinghamshire, UK) and membrane isolated from HEK293 cells transiently expressing recombinant human NK3 receptor. After thawing, the membrane homogenates were centrifuged at 48,000 X g for 10 min at 4 °C, the pellets were resuspended in the 50 mM Tris-HCl, 4 mM MnCl₂, 1 μM phosphoramidon, 0.1 % BSA binding buffer at pH 7.4 to a final assay concentration of 5 μg protein/well. For inhibition experiments, membranes were incubated with [³H]SR142801 at a concentration equal to K_D value of radioligand and 10 concentrations of the inhibitory compound (0.0003-10 μM) (in a total reaction volume of 500 μl) for 75 min at room temperature (RT). At the end of the incubation, membranes were filtered onto unitfilter (96-well white microplate with bonded GF/C filter preincubated 1 h in 0.3% PEI + 0.3% BSA, Packard BioScience, Meriden, CT) with a Filtermate 196 harvester (Packard BioScience) and washed 4 times with ice-cold 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4 buffer. Nonspecific binding was measured in the presence of 10 μM SB222200 for both radioligands. The radioactivity on the filter was counted (5 min) on a Packard Top-count microplate scintillation counter with quenching correction after addition of 45 μl of microscint 40 (Canberra Packard S.A., Zürich, Switzerland) and shaking for 1 h. Inhibition curves were fitted according to the Hill equation: $y = 100 / (1 + (x/IC_{50})^{n_H})$, where n_H = slope factor using Excel-fit 4 software (Microsoft). IC₅₀ values were derived from the inhibition curve and the affinity constant (K_i) values were calculated using the Cheng-Prusoff equation $K_i = IC_{50} / (1 + [L]/K_D)$ where [L] is the concentration of radioligand and K_D is its dissociation constant at the receptor, derived from the saturation isotherm. All experiments were performed in duplicate and the mean ± standard error (SEM) of the individual K_i values was calculated.

Some results of preferred compounds of the hNK-3 receptor affinity are shown in the following Table 1.

Table 1

Example No.	K _i NK3 h (μM)	Example No.	K _i NK3 h (μM)
2	0.0355	64	0.0357
6	0.0636	65	0.0026
9	0.0798	66	0.0038
10	0.0032	67	0.0058
11	0.0118	68	0.0147
12	0.0194	69	0.0289
13	0.05	70	0.0349
14	0.0278	71	0.0061
15	0.0063	72	0.0209
16	0.0092	73	0.0068
17	0.0118	74	0.0186
18	0.0227	75	0.0336
19	0.0058	76	0.0035
20	0.017	77	0.0328
21	0.0056	78	0.0272
25	0.0633	79	0.0272
26	0.066	80	0.0015
28	0.059	81	0.0048
30	0.08	82	0.0032
31	0.005	83	0.0006
34	0.047	84	0.022
35	0.002	85	0.0075
36	0.084	86	0.0043
37	0.0316	87	0.0562
38	0.0156	89	0.0091
39	0.0093	90	0.011
40	0.0068	91	0.0184
41	0.0664	92	0.0338
42	0.0255	93	0.0646
43	0.0246	95	0.0524
44	0.0118	97	0.0675
45	0.0073	98	0.0457
46	0.0019	101	0.046

47	0.0125	102	0.0914
48	0.0426	103	0.0257
49	0.0223	104	0.004
50	0.0046	106	0.0309
51	0.0787	107	0.0026
52	0.0054	108	0.0028
54	0.002	109	0.0241
55	0.0065	110	0.0177
56	0.0043	111	0.0037
57	0.0234	112	0.005
58	0.0005	113	0.0177
59	0.0021	114	0.0854
60	0.0011	115	0.004
61	0.0014	116	0.028
62	0.0594	117	0.027
63	0.0021	119	0.003

The compounds of formula I as well as their pharmaceutically usable acid addition salts can be used as medicaments, e.g. in the form of pharmaceutical preparations. The pharmaceutical preparations can be administered orally, e.g. in the form of tablets, coated tablets, dragées, hard and soft gelatine capsules, solutions, emulsions or suspensions. The administration can, however, also be effected rectally, e.g. in the form of suppositories, or parenterally, e.g. in the form of injection solutions.

The compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically usable acid addition salts can be processed with pharmaceutically inert, inorganic or organic excipients for the production of tablets, coated tablets, dragees and hard gelatine capsules. Lactose, corn starch or derivatives thereof, talc, stearic acid or its salts etc can be used as such excipients e.g. for tablets, dragées and hard gelatine capsules.

Suitable excipients for soft gelatine capsules are e.g. vegetable oils, waxes, fats, semi-solid and liquid polyols etc.

Suitable excipients for the manufacture of solutions and syrups are e.g. water, polyols, saccharose, invert sugar, glucose etc.

Suitable excipients for injection solutions are e.g. water, alcohols, polyols, glycerol, vegetable oils etc.

Suitable excipients for suppositories are e.g. natural or hardened oils, waxes, fats, semi-liquid or liquid polyols etc.

Moreover, the pharmaceutical preparations can contain preservatives, solubilizers, stabilizers, wetting agents, emulsifiers, sweeteners, colorants, flavorants, salts for varying
5 the osmotic pressure, buffers, masking agents or antioxidants. They can also contain still other therapeutically valuable substances.

The dosage can vary within wide limits and will, of course, be fitted to the individual requirements in each particular case. In general, in the case of oral administration a daily dosage of about 10 to 1000 mg per person of a compound of
10 general formula I should be appropriate, although the above upper limit can also be exceeded when necessary.

Example A

Tablets of the following composition are manufactured in the usual manner:

	<u>mg / tablet</u>
15 Active substance	5
Lactose	45
Corn starch	15
Microcrystalline cellulose	34
Magnesium stearate	1
20 Tablet weight	100

Example B

Capsules of the following composition are manufactured:

	<u>mg / capsule</u>
25 Active substance	10
Lactose	155
Corn starch	30
Talc	5
Capsule fill weight	200

30 The active substance, lactose and corn starch are firstly mixed in a mixer and then in a comminuting machine. The mixture is returned to the mixer, the talc is added

thereto and mixed thoroughly. The mixture is filled by machine into hard gelatine capsules.

Example C

Suppositories of the following composition are manufactured:

5		<u>mg / supp.</u>
	Active substance	15
	Suppository mass	1285
	Total	1300

The suppository mass is melted in a glass or steel vessel, mixed thoroughly and
10 cooled to 45 °C. Thereupon, the finely powdered active substance is added thereto and stirred until it has dispersed completely. The mixture is poured into suppository moulds of suitable size, left to cool, the suppositories are then removed from the moulds and packed individually in wax paper or metal foil.

The following Examples illustrate the present invention without limiting it. All
15 temperatures are given in degrees Celsius.

EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES

Abbreviations:

CH₂Cl₂ = dichloromethane;

DMAP = dimethylaminopyridine;

20 HOBT = 1-hydroxy-benzotriazol hydrate;

EDC = 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride;

Et₃N = triethylamine;

EtOAc = ethyl acetate;

H = hexane;

25 RT = room temperature;

PPh₃ = triphenylphosphine;

DBAD = di-tert-butyl azodicarboxylate.

General procedure I: Amid coupling (pyrrolidine XII and carboxylic acid)

30

To a stirred solution of a carboxylic acid derivative (commercially available or known in the literature) (1 mmol) in 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added (1.3 mmol) of EDC, (1.3 mmol) of HOBT and Et₃N (1.3 mmol). After one hour at RT, was added a pyrrolidine intermediate of general formula (XII). The mixture was stirred at RT over night and then

poured onto water and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined organic phases were dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under vacuo. Flash chromatography or preparative HPLC afforded the title compound.

General procedure II: Coupling between a compound of formula XII and an acid chlorid

- 5 A solution of the pyrrolidine (1 mmol) of formula (XII) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was treated with Et_3N (1.2 mmol) and an acid chloride (1.2 mmol) and stirred at RT overnight. Purification by preparative HPLC yielded the title compound.

General procedure III: Mitsunobu reaction

- 10 PPh_3 bound on resin (2.2 mmol) was put in suspension in THF (50 mL). Then the DBAD (1.6 mmol) and the phenol, pyridin-ol or pyrimidin-ol (1.5 mmol) were added. After 5 min at RT, the alcohol of formula V, XI or XV was added and stirring was continued at RT overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered on celite and then concentrated under vacuo. The crude residue was dissolved in EtOAc, washed with aq. NaOH (1M) and the
15 organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 . Column chromatography or preparative HPLC yielded the title compound.

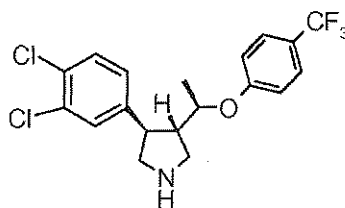
Description of pyrrolidine intermediates of formula XII-B, XV-A and XV-B

20

Pyrrolidine intermediates of formula XII-B

Pyrrolidine XII-B-1

(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine



XII-B-1

25

a) 1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-1)

- A solution of N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine (32.78 g, 0.138 mol) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) was added dropwise, over a 30 minutes period, to a stirred solution of (E)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-but-3-en-2-one (19.80 g, 0.092 mol)
30 and trifluoroacetic acid (1.05 mL, 0.009 mol) in CH_2Cl_2 (100 mL) at 0 °C. The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at 25 °C for an additional 48 h. It was then

concentrated and purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 98:2) afforded 28.3 g (88 %) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 348.2 (M+H⁺).

- b) (RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-1) and (SR)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-1)

To a solution of 1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-1) (14.90 g, 0.043 mol) in THF (300 mL) at 0 °C were added portion wise LiAlH₄ (2.05 g, 0.051 mol). Stirring was continued for one hour, and the reaction mixture was carefully quenched by addition of aq. NH₄Cl, concentrated under vacuo and the product extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomers were separated by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:1) to yield (SR)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-1) 4.69 g (31%) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 350.2 (M+H⁺) and (RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-1) 5.30 g (35 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 350.2 (M+H⁺).

- c) (3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XI-B-1)

To a suspension of PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (1.80 g, 5.59 mmol) in THF (40 mL) at 0 °C were added 4-trifluoromethyl-phenol (0.618 g, 3.81 mmol) and then DBAD (0.936 g, 4.07 mmol). After 5 minutes was added (SR)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-1) (0.89 g, 2.54 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:6) yielded 0.990 g (79 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 493.0 (M+H⁺).

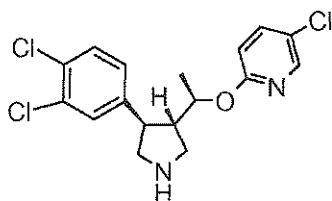
- d) (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1)

To a solution of (3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XI-B-1) 0.99 g (2.00 mmol) dissolved in CH₃CN (25 mL) was added 0.40 mL (3.00 mmol) of 2,2,2-trichloroethyl chloroformate and stirring was continued for 4 hours at RT. Volatiles were removed under vacuo, and the crude was dissolved in AcOH (20 mL) before a total of 800 mg of Zn dust was added

portion wise. After three hours at RT, the reaction mixture was filtered on celite, the solvent removed under vacuo, followed by extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaHCO₃ (basic pH). The organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 0.54 g (67 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS
 5 m/e: 404.2 (M+H⁺).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-2

5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine



XII-B-2

10

a) 2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (XI-B-2)

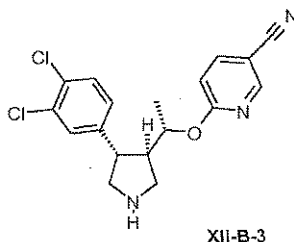
To a suspension of PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (3.14 g, 9.4 mmol) in THF (70 mL) at 0 °C were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (0.832 g, 6.42 mmol) and then
 15 DBAD (1.578 g, 6.85 mmol). After 5 minutes was added (SR)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-1) (1.50 g, 4.28 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H₂O, 1:6) yielded 1.71 g (87 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e:
 20 461.2 (M+H⁺).

b) 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2)

To a solution of 2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (XI-B-2) 1.71 g (3.71 mmol) dissolved in CH₃CN (50 mL)
 25 was added 0.75 mL (5.57 mmol) of 2,2,2-trichloroethyl chloroformate and stirring was continued for 4 hours at RT. Volatiles were removed under vacuo, and the crude was dissolved in AcOH (30 mL) before a total of 1.0 g of Zn dust was added portion wise. After three hours at RT, the reaction mixture was filtered on celite, the solvent removed
 30 under vacuo, followed by an extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaHCO₃ (basic pH). The organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 0.74g (54 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 373.1 (M+H⁺).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-3

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



5 a) 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XI-B-3)

To a suspension of PPh_3 (PPh_3 polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh_3/g resin) (1.97 g) in THF (300 mL) at 0°C were added 6-hydroxy-nicotinonitrile (0.61 g, 5.1 mmol) and then DBAD (1.10 g). After 5 minutes was added (RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (1.20 g, 3.4 mmol, described herein above). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO_2 , EtOAc/H, 1:4) yielded 1.02 g (66 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e : 452.0 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

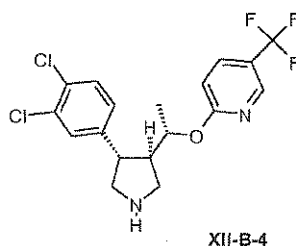
15 b) 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

To a solution of 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile 0.75 g (1.70 mmol) dissolved in CH_3CN (50 mL) was added 0.56 mL (4.14 mmol) of 2,2,2-trichloroethyl chloroformate and stirring was continued for 4 hours at RT. Volatiles were removed under vacuo, and the crude was dissolved in AcOH (30 mL) before a total of 0.45 g of Zn dust was added portion wise. After three hours at RT, the reaction mixture was filtered on celite, the solvent removed under vacuo, followed by an extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaHCO_3 (basic pH). The organic phases were dried on Na_2SO_4 and column chromatography (SiO_2 , $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ 9:1) yielded 0.36 g (60 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e : 362.3 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-4

2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine

- 27 -



a) 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XI-B-4)

To a suspension of PPh_3 (PPh_3 polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh_3/g resin) (0.77 g) in THF (25 mL) at 0 °C were added 5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-ol (0.28 g, 1.75 mmol) and then DBAD (0.43 g). After 5 minutes was added (RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (0.41 g, 1.17 mmol, described herein above). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq.NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO_2 , EtOAc/H, 1:4) yielded 0.45 g (78 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 495.8 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

b) 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)

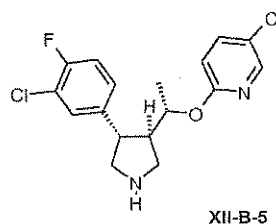
To a solution of 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine 0.45 g (0.91 mmol) dissolved in toluene (5 mL) were added 0.30 mL (2.7 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.46 mL of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO_2 , $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ 9:1) yielded 0.32 g (87 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 405.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

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Pyrrolidine XII-B-5

5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine

- 28 -



a) 1-(1-Benzyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-ethanone (XVII)

To a solution of N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine (9.76 g, 0.041 mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) at 0 °C, was added dropwise over a 5 minutes

- 5 period but-3-yn-2-one (2.0 g, 0.029 mol) followed by trifluoroacetic acid (0.22 mL, 0.003 mol) (very exothermic reaction). The ice bath was removed after 30 minutes, and the solution was stirred at 25 °C for an additional 2 h. It was then concentrated and purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/Heptane 1:1) afforded 2.90 g (49 %) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 202.2 (M+H⁺).

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b) 1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-5)

A two necked flask was charged under argon with rhodium(acac)bis ethylene (31 mg, 0.05 eq.), (R)-BINAP (76 mg, 0.05 eq.) and 3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenylboronic acid (850 mg, 2.0 eq.). 60 mL of MeOH and 6.0 mL of H₂O were added followed by 1-(1-benzyl-

- 15 2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-ethanone. The reaction mixture was heated at 60 °C for 2 hours, cooled down to RT and concentrated under vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/Heptane 2/1) afforded 180 mg (22 %) of the title product as a light yellow oil.

- 20 c) (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-5) and (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-5)

To a solution of 1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (191 mg, 0.57 mmol) in THF (7 mL) at 0 °C were added portion wise LiAlH₄

- 25 (19 mg, 0.50 mmol). Stirring was continued for one hour, and the reaction mixture was carefully quenched by addition of aq. NH₄Cl, concentrated under vacuo and the product extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomers were separated by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:1) to yield (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-5) 81 mg (42 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 334.2 (M+H⁺) and (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-5) 43 mg (22 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 334.2 (M+H⁺).
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d) 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (XI-B-5)

- To a suspension of PPh_3 (PPh_3 polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh_3/g resin) (141 mg, 0.53 mmol) in THF (8 mL) at 0 °C were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (47 mg, 0.36 mmol) and then DBAD (90 mg, 0.39 mmol). After 5 minutes was added (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (81 mg, 0.24 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq.NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO_2 , EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 88 mg (81 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 446.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

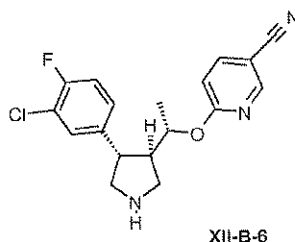
e) 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-5)

- To a solution of 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine 88 mg (0.19 mmol) dissolved in toluene (2 mL) were added 0.06 mL (0.57 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.10 mL of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO_2 , $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ 9:1) yielded 43 mg (61 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 355.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

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Pyrrolidine XII-B-6

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



a) 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XI-B-6)

- To a stirred solution of 43 mg (0.13 mmol) of (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol in DMF (5 mL) was added NaH (9 mg, 0.18 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes, and then at 50 °C for 20

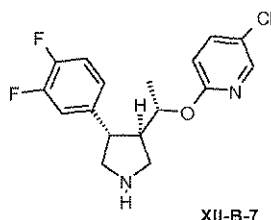
minutes. A solution of 6-chloro-nicotinonitrile (22 mg, 0.16 mmol) in DMF (1 mL) was added dropwise and stirring was continued 3 hours at 50 °C. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/H₂O, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 48 mg (86 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 436.1 (M+H⁺).

b) 6-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-6)

To a solution of 6-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile 48 mg (0.11 mmol) dissolved in toluene (1 mL) were added 47 mg (0.33 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 43 mg (0.33 mmol) of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 28 mg (72 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 346.1 (M+H⁺).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-7

20 5-Chloro-2-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-pyridine



a) 1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-7)

A two necked flask was charged under argon with rhodium(acac)₃ ethylene (0.239 g, 0.05 eq.), (R)-BINAP (0.575 g, 0.05 eq.) and 3,4-difluoro-phenylboronic acid (7.3 g, 2.5 eq.). 400 mL of MeOH and 40 mL of H₂O were added followed by 1-(1-benzyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-ethanone (3.72 g). The reaction mixture was heated at 55 °C for 8 hours, cooled down to RT and concentrated under vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/Heptane 2/1) afforded 2.31 g (40 %) of the title product as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 316.1 (M+H⁺).

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b) (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-7)
and

(R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-7)

To a solution of 1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (2.31 g, 7.32 mmol) in THF (80 mL) at 0 °C were added portion wise LiAlH₄ (0.245 g, 6.44 mmol). Stirring was continued for one hour, and the reaction mixture was carefully
5 quenched by addition of aq. NH₄Cl, concentrated under vacuo and the product extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomers were separated by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:1) to yield (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-7) 0.98 g (42 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 318.1
10 (M+H⁺) and (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-7) 0.86 g (37 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 318.1 (M+H⁺).

c) 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (XI-B-7)

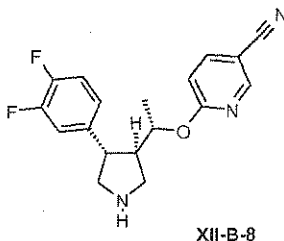
15 To a suspension of PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (1.78 g, 6.79 mmol) in THF (20 mL) at 0 °C were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (0.60 g, 4.63 mmol) and then DBAD (1.14 g, 4.95 mmol). After 5 minutes was added (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (0.98 g, 3.09 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under
20 vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 0.917 g (69 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 429.2 (M+H⁺).

d) 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-7)

25 To a solution of 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine 917 mg (2.13 mmol) dissolved in toluene (20 mL) were added 0.69 mL (6.39 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 1.09 mL (6.39 mmol) of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (20 mL). The
30 reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 464 mg (64 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 339.1 (M+H⁺).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-8

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



- a) 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XI-B-8)

To a stirred solution of 84 mg (0.26 mmol) of (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol in DMF (10 mL) was added NaH (19 mg, 0.40 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes, and then at 50 °C for 20 minutes. A solution of 6-chloro-nicotinonitrile (45 mg, 0.32 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) was added dropwise and stirring was continued 3 hours at 50 °C. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/H₂O, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 66 mg (60 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 420.3 (M+H⁺).

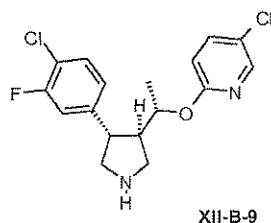
- b) 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-8)

To a solution of 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile 66 mg (0.16 mmol) dissolved in toluene (2 mL) were added 67 mg (0.47 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 61 mg (0.47 mmol) of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100°C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (10 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 45 mg (85 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 330.3 (M+H⁺).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-9

5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine

- 33 -



a) 1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-9)

A two necked flask was charged under argon with rhodium(acac)bis ethylene (31 mg, 0.05 eq.), (R)-BINAP (74 mg, 0.05 eq.) and 4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenylboronic acid (825 mg, 2.5 eq.). 30 mL of MeOH and 3 mL of H₂O were added followed by 1-(1-benzyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-ethanone (480 mg). The reaction mixture was heated at 55 °C for 3 hours, cooled down to RT and concentrated under vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/Heptane 2/1) afforded 261 mg (33 %) of the title product as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 332.1 (M+H⁺).

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b) (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-9) and (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-9)

To a solution of 1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (260 mg, 0.78 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at 0 °C were added portion wise LiAlH₄ (26 mg, 0.68 mmol). Stirring was continued for one hour, and the reaction mixture was carefully quenched by addition of aq. NH₄Cl, concentrated under vacuo and the product extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomers were separated by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:1) to yield (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-9) 101 mg (38 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 334.2 (M+H⁺) and (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-9) 80 mg (30 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 334.2 (M+H⁺).

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c) 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (XI-B-9)

To a suspension of PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (216 mg, 0.65 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at 0 °C were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (58 mg, 0.45 mmol) and then DBAD (110 mg, 0.48 mmol). After 5 minutes was added (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (100 mg, 0.30 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂,

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EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 100 mg (75 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e : 445.1 ($M+H^+$).

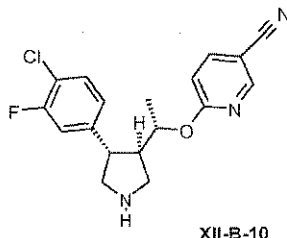
5 d) 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-9)

To a solution of 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine 98 mg (0.22 mmol) dissolved in toluene (5 mL) were added 0.072 mL (0.66 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.11 mL (0.66 mmol) of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling
10 down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO_2 , CH_2Cl_2 /MeOH 9:1) yielded 75 mg (95 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e : 355.1 ($M+H^+$).

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Pyrrolidine XII-B-10

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



20 a) 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XI-B-10)

To a stirred solution of 88 mg (0.26 mmol) of (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol in DMF (6 mL) was added NaH (19 mg, 0.40 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes, and then at 50 °C for 20 minutes. A solution of 6-chloro-nicotinonitrile (45 mg, 0.32 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) was
25 added dropwise and stirring was continued 3 hours at 50 °C. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/ H_2O , followed by column chromatography (SiO_2 , EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 100 mg (87 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e : 436.2 ($M+H^+$).

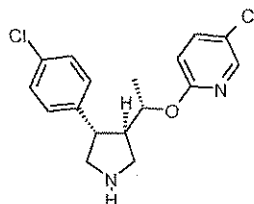
30 b) 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-10)

To a solution of 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile 100 mg (0.23 mmol) dissolved in toluene (2 mL) were added 98 mg (0.69 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 89 mg (0.69 mmol) of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (10 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 60 mg (76 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 346.1 (M+H⁺).

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Pyrrolidine XII-B-11

5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine



XII-B-11

a) 1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-11)

A two necked flask was charged under argon with rhodium(acac)bis ethylene (45 mg, 0.05 eq.), (R)-BINAP (110 mg, 0.05 eq.) and 4-chloro-phenylboronic acid (1.20 g, 2.2 eq.). 100 mL of MeOH and 10 mL of H₂O were added followed by 1-(1-benzyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-ethanone (0.70 g). The reaction mixture was heated at 55 °C for 8 hours, cooled down to RT and concentrated under vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/Heptane 2/1) afforded 0.36 g (33 %) of the title product as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 314.0 (M+H⁺).

b) (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-11) and (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-11)

To a solution of 1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (0.52 g, 1.65 mmol) in THF (20 mL) at 0 °C were added portion wise LiAlH₄ (55 mg, 1.45 mmol). Stirring was continued for one hour, and the reaction mixture was carefully quenched by addition of aq. NH₄Cl, concentrated under vacuo and the product extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomers were separated by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:1) to yield (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-11) 0.24 g (46 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 316.1 (M+H⁺) and (S)-1-

[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-11) 0.25 g (47 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 316.1 (M+H⁺).

5 c) 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (XI-B-11)

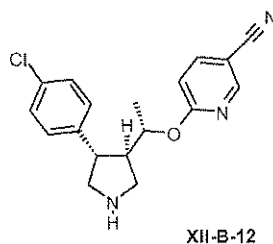
To a suspension of PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (0.44 g, 1.69 mmol) in THF (50 mL) at 0 °C were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (0.15 g, 1.15 mmol) and then DBAD (0.28 g, 1.23 mmol). After 5 minutes was added (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (0.25 g, 0.79 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq.NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 0.22 g (65 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 427.8 (M+H⁺).

15 d) 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-11)

To a solution of 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine 220 mg (0.51 mmol) dissolved in toluene (5 mL) were added 0.17 mL (1.53 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.27 mL (1.53 mmol) of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (10 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 110 mg (62 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 337.1 (M+H⁺).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-12

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



30 a) 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XI-B-12)

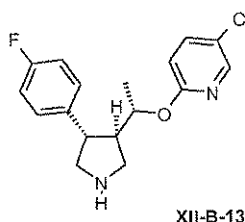
To a stirred solution of 250 mg (0.79 mmol) of (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol in DMF (10 mL) was added NaH (57 mg, 1.18 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes, and then at 50 °C for 20 minutes. A solution of 6-chloro-nicotinonitrile (132 mg, 0.95 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) was added
 5 dropwise and stirring was continued 3 hours at 50 °C. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/H₂O, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 265 mg (80 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 418.3 (M+H⁺).

10 b) 6-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-12)

To a solution of 6-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile 265 mg (0.63 mmol) dissolved in toluene (4 mL) were added 0.20 mL (1.89 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.32 mL (1.89 mmol) of Hunig's
 15 base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (10 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 148 mg (67 %) of the title compound
 20 as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 328.2 (M+H⁺).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-13

5-Chloro-2-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-pyridine



25 a) 1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-13)

A two necked flask was charged under argon with rhodium(acac)bis ethylene (185 mg, 0.05 eq.), (R)-BINAP (442 mg, 0.05 eq.) and 4-fluoro-phenylboronic acid (4.87 g, 2.5 eq.). 300 mL of MeOH and 30 mL of H₂O were added followed by 1-(1-benzyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-ethanone (2.8 g). The reaction mixture was heated at 60 °C for
 30 8 hours, cooled down to RT and concentrated under vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/Heptane 2/1) afforded 0.40 g (10 %) of the title product as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 298.2 (M+H⁺).

b) (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-13) and (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-13)

To a solution of 1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone
5 (0.38 g, 1.27 mmol) in THF (15 mL) at 0 °C were added portion wise LiAlH₄ (43 mg, 1.13 mmol). Stirring was continued for one hour, and the reaction mixture was carefully quenched by addition of aq. NH₄Cl, concentrated under vacuo and the product extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomeres were separated by column chromatography
10 (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:1) to yield (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-13) 0.16 g (41 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 300.2 (M+H⁺) and (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-13) 0.15 g (39 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 300.2 (M+H⁺).

15 c) 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (XI-B-13)

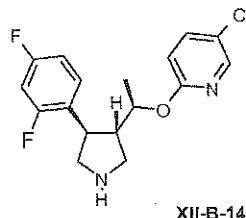
To a suspension of PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (0.36 g, 1.1 mmol) in THF (40 mL) at 0 °C were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (97 mg, 0.75 mmol) and then DBAD (0.18 g, 0.80 mmol). After 5 minutes was added (R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-
20 fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (0.15 g, 0.50 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq.NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:3) yielded 0.15 g (73 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 411.2 (M+H⁺).

25 d) 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-13)

To a solution of 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine 285 mg (0.69 mmol) dissolved in toluene (5 mL) were added 0.22 mL (2.07 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.35 mL (2.07 mmol) of
30 Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (10 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 152 mg (68 %) of the title
35 compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 321.1 (M+H⁺).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-14

5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine



XII-B-14

5

a) (E)-4-(2,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-but-3-en-2-one

A two necked flask was charged with 2,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (4.0 g, 28.1 mmol) and (2-oxo-propyl)-phosphonic acid dimethyl ester (5.78 g, 33.0 mmol) and cooled down at 0°C. K₂CO₃ (7.62 g, 55.1 mmol) in H₂O (14 mL) was added dropwise. Stirring was continued over night at RT. The product was extracted with EtOAc, and the organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄. Flash chromatography (SiO₂, Heptane/EtOAc 1:3) afforded 4.0 g (79 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil.

b) 1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-14)

A solution of N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine (7.82 g, 32.9 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) was added dropwise, over a 30 minutes period, to a stirred solution of (E)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-but-3-en-2-one (4.0 g, 21.9 mmol) and trifluoroacetic acid (0.17 mL, 0.21 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at 0 °C. The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at 25 °C for an additional 48 h. It was then concentrated and purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 98:2) afforded 6.2 g (89 %) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 316.1 (M+H⁺).

c) (RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-14) and (SR)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-14)

To a solution of 1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-14) (1.87 g, 5.92 mmol) in THF (30 mL) at 0 °C were added portion wise LiAlH₄ (0.19 g, 5.21 mol). Stirring was continued for one hour, and the reaction mixture was carefully quenched by addition of aq. NH₄Cl, concentrated under vacuo and the product extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomers were separated by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:1) to yield (SR)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-14) 0.72 g (38 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e:

318.1 ($M+H^+$) and (RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-A-14) 0.374 g (19 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 318.1 ($M+H^+$).

d) 2-{(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-Benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-chloro-pyridine (XI-B-14)

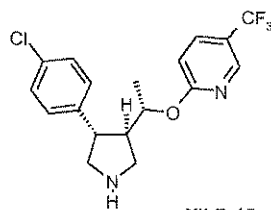
To a suspension of PPh_3 (PPh_3 polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh_3 /g resin) (1.27 g, 4.85 mmol) in THF (25 mL) at 0 °C were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (0.429 g, 3.31 mmol) and then DBAD (0.81 g, 3.51 mmol). After 5 minutes was added (SR)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (X-B-14) (0.70 g, 2.20 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/aq.NaOH 1M, followed by column chromatography (SiO_2 , EtOAc/H, 1:6) yielded 0.69 g (73 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 429.2 ($M+H^+$).

e) 5-Chloro-2-{(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-pyridine (XII-B-14)

To a solution of 2-{(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-chloro-pyridine 570 mg (1.32 mmol) dissolved in toluene (12 mL) were added 0.43 mL (3.96 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.68 mL (3.96 mmol) of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (10 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO_2 , CH_2Cl_2 /MeOH 9:1) yielded 350 mg (78 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 339.1 ($M+H^+$).

Pyrrolidine XII-B-15

2-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine



XII-B-15

a) 2-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XI-B-12)

To a stirred solution of 250 mg (0.79 mmol) of (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol in DMF (10 mL) was added NaH (57 mg, 1.18 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 30 minutes, and then at 50 °C for 20 minutes. A solution of 2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (172 mg, 0.95 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) was added dropwise and stirring was continued 3 hours at 50 °C. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuo. Extraction with EtOAc/H₂O, followed by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:4) yielded 350 mg (96 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 461.3 (M+H⁺).

10 b) 2-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-15)

To a solution of 6-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile 340 mg (0.74 mmol) dissolved in toluene (6 mL) were added 0.24 mL (2.21 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.38 mL (2.21 mmol) of Hunig's base. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C for one hour. After cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the crude was dissolved in MeOH (10 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 85 °C for 30 minutes and after cooling down to RT, volatiles were removed under vacuo and the residue was directly purified on column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1) yielded 150 mg (55 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 371.2 (M+H⁺).

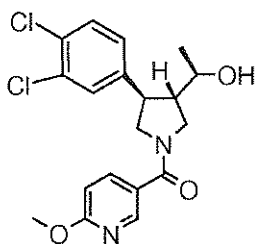
Pyrrolidine intermediates of formula XV-A and XV-B

Pyrrolidine XV-A-1 / XV-B-1

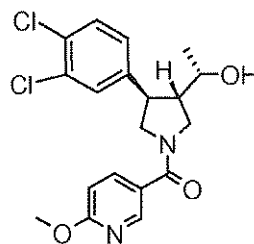
25 [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-((RS)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-A-1)

and

[(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-((SR)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-B-1)



XV-A-1



XV-B-1

30 a) 1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (XIII-1)

To a solution of 1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (IX-1) 4.00 g (9.20 mmol) dissolved in CH₃CN (50 mL) was added 2.48 mL

(18.40 mmol) of 2,2,2-trichloroethyl chloroformate and stirring was continued for 3 hours at RT. Volatiles were removed under vacuo, and the crude residue was dissolved in AcOH (30 mL) before a total of 1.5 g of Zn dust was added portionwise. After three hours at RT, the reaction mixture was filtered on celite, the solvent removed under vacuo,
 5 followed by extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaHCO₃ (basic pH). The organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 9:1 to 8:2) yielded 1.50 g (63 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 258.0 (M+H⁺).

10 b) 1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methoxy-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (XIV-1)

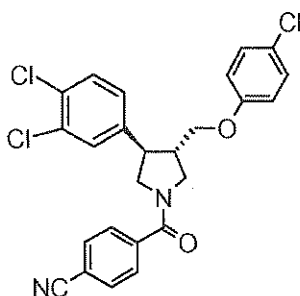
To a stirred solution of 6-methoxy-nicotinic acid (0.53 g, 3.40 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) were added EDC (0.659 g, 3.40 mmol), HOBt (0.465 g, 3.40 mmol) and Et₃N (0.59 mL, 4.3 mmol). After one hour at RT was added 1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (XIII-1) (0.74 g, 2.90 mmol) and stirring was continued over
 15 night. The reaction mixture was then poured onto water and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrate under vacuo. Flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:1) afforded 0.64 g (57 %) of the title product as a white solid. ES-MS m/e: 393.1 (M+H⁺).

20 c) [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-((RS)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-A-1) and [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-((SR)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-B-1)
 To a stirred solution of 1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methoxy-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanone (XIV-1) (0.64 g, 1.60 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) at -
 25 78 °C was added LiBH₄ (0.047 g, 1.70 mmol). The temperature was slowly raised to RT (over 1 hour), and the reaction mixture was quenched by addition of H₂O. The product was extracted with EtOAc, the combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. The two diastereoisomers were separated by column chromatography (SiO₂) to yield 0.15 g (23 %) of [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-((RS)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-A-1) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 395.3 (M+H⁺) and 0.48 g (75 %) of [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-((SR)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-B-1) as a white solid
 30 ES-MS m/e: 395.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 1

35 4-[(3SR,4RS)-3-(4-Chloro-phenoxy-methyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-benzonitrile

- 43 -



a) (3SR,4RS)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester

A solution of N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine (2.46 g, 10.4 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) was added dropwise, over a 30 minutes period, to a stirred solution of (E)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-acrylic acid ethyl ester (2.40 g, 10.4 mmol) and trifluoroacetic acid (0.08 mL, 1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at 0 °C. The ice bath was removed, and the solution was stirred at 25 °C for an additional 48 h. It was then concentrated and purification by flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H 1:4) afforded 2.48 g (66 %) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 379.3 (M+H⁺).

b) [(3SR,4RS)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-methanol

To a solution of (3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid ethyl ester (1.00 g, 2.64 mmol) in THF (15 mL) at 0 °C were added portion wise LiAlH₄ (211 mg, 5.56 mmol). Stirring was continued for 2 hours, and the reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aq. NH₄Cl, concentrated under vacuo and the product extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic phases were dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. Flash chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc) to yield 0.70 g (79 %) of the title product as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 336.3 (M+H⁺).

c) (3SR,4RS)-1-Benzyl-3-(4-chloro-phenoxy-methyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine

Using the standard procedure for a Mitsunobu reaction (general procedure III), the coupling between [(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-methanol (700 mg, 2.08 mmol) and 4-chloro-phenol (294 mg, 2.28 mmol) yielded the title product (360 mg, 39 %) as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 446.1 (M+H⁺).

d) (3SR,4RS)-3-(4-Chloro-phenoxy-methyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine

To a solution of (3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-3-(4-chloro-phenoxy-methyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine 350 mg (0.78 mmol) dissolved in CH₃CN (8 mL) was added 0.12 mL (0.86 mmol) of 2,2,2-trichloroethyl chloroformate and stirring was continued for 2 hours at RT. Volatiles were removed under vacuo, and the crude residue was dissolved in AcOH (5 mL) before a total of 200 mg of Zn dust was added portion wise. After three hours at

RT, the reaction mixture was filtered on celite, the solvent removed under vacuo, followed by an extraction with EtOAc/aq. NaHCO_3 (basic pH). The organic phases were dried on Na_2SO_4 and column chromatography (SiO_2 , $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ 9:1 to 8:2) yielded 210 mg (75 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 357.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

5

e) 4-[(3SR,4RS)-3-(4-Chloro-phenoxyethyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-benzonitrile

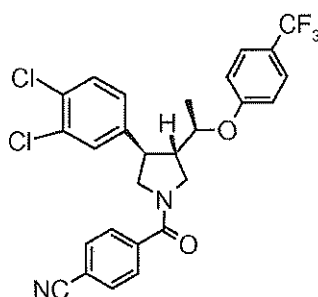
Using the general procedure II, the coupling between (3SR,4RS)-3-(4-chloro-phenoxyethyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine (105 mg, 0.29 mmol) and 4-cyano-benzoyl chloride (58 mg, 0.35 mmol) afforded 55 mg (39 %) of the title compound as a white solid. ES-MS m/e: 486.9 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

10

Example 2

4-[(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-benzonitrile

15



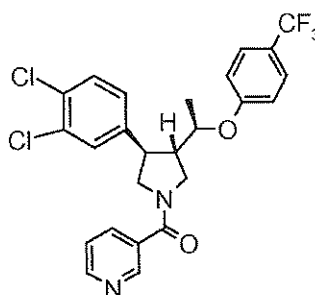
Coupling according to general procedure II:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1),
 - Acid chloride: 4-Cyano-benzoyl chloride (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 534.6 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

20

Example 3

{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-pyridin-3-yl-methanone



25

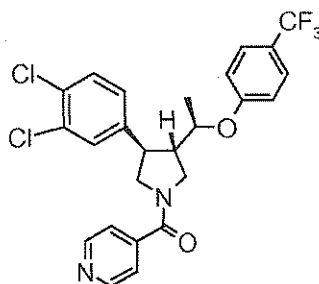
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1),
- Carboxylic acid: Nicotinic acid (commercially available),

5 ES-MS m/e: 509.0 ($M+H^+$).

Example 4

{{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-pyridin-4-yl-methanone



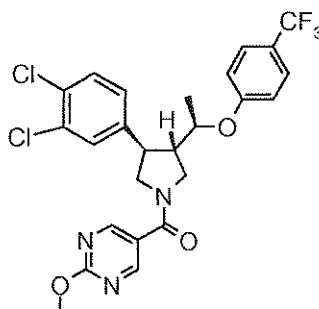
10 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1),
- Carboxylic acid: Isonicotinic acid (commercially available),

ES-MS m/e: 509.0 ($M+H^+$).

Example 5

{{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(2-methoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

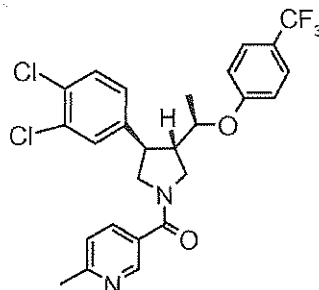


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1),
 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methoxy-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 540.2 ($M+H^+$).

Example 6

{{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



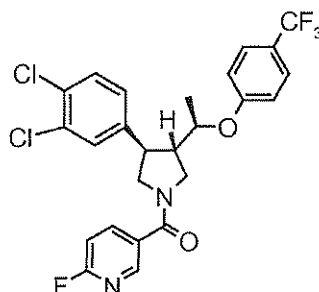
5 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1),
 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 523.0 (M+H⁺).

10

Example 7

{{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



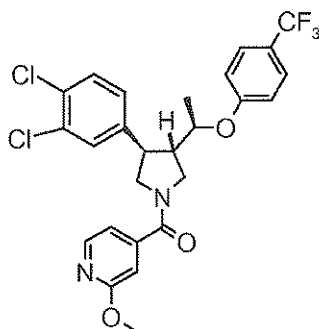
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 15
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1),
 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Fluoro-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 527.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 8

20 {{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(2-methoxy-pyridin-4-yl)-methanone

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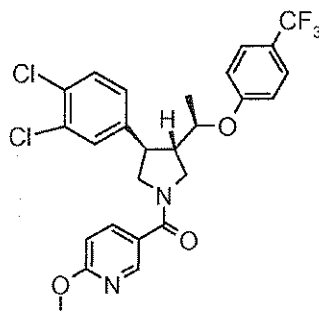


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1),
 - 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methoxy-isonicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 539.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 9

{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



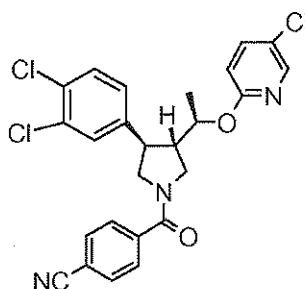
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: (3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine (XII-B-1),
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methoxy-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 539.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 10

4-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-benzonitrile



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Coupling according to general procedure II:

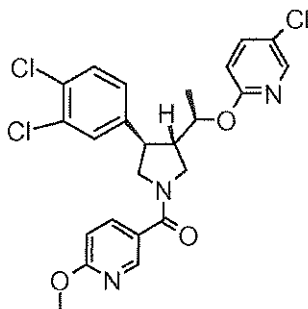
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),

- Acid chlorid: 4-Cyano-benzoyl chloride (commercially available),

5 ES-MS m/e: 502.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 11

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



10 Coupling according to general procedure II:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),

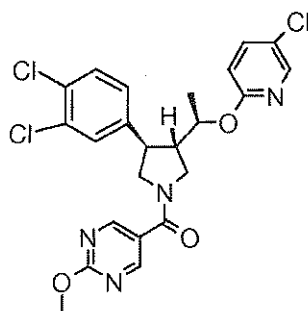
- Acid chlorid: 6-Methoxy-nicotinic acid (commercially available),

ES-MS m/e: 508.1 (M+H⁺).

15

Example 12

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methoxy-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



Coupling according to general procedure I:

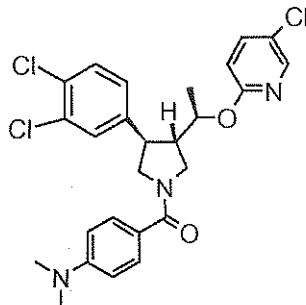
20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),

- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methoxy-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),

ES-MS m/e: 509.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 13

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(4-dimethylamino-phenyl)-methanone

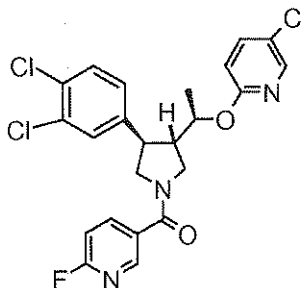


- 5 Coupling according to general procedure II:
 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - Acid chlorid: 4-Dimethylamino-benzoyl chloride (commercially available),
 ES-MS m/e: 519.8 (M+H⁺).

10

Example 14

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-fluoro-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



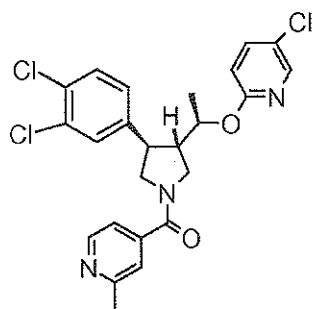
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 15 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Fluoro-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
 ES-MS m/e: 495.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 15

- 20 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyridin-4-yl)-methanone

- 50 -

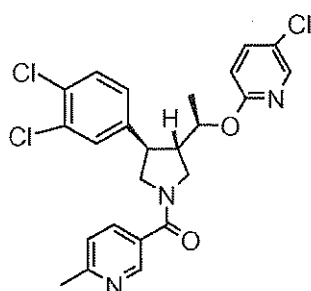


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-isonicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 491.9 ($M+H^+$).

Example 16

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



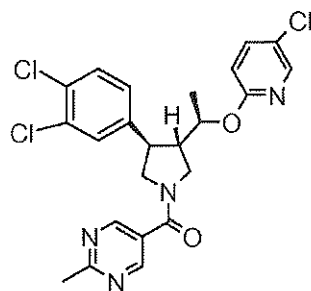
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 491.9 ($M+H^+$).

Example 17

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



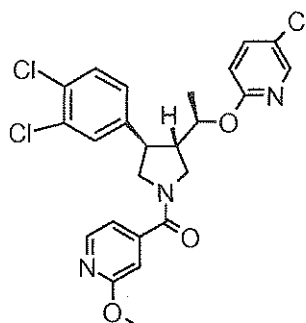
- 20 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 492.8 (M+H⁺).

5

Example 18

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methoxy-pyridin-4-yl)-methanone

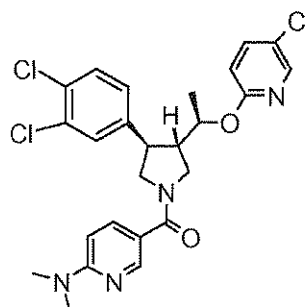


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 10 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methoxy-isonicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 507.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 19

- 15 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-dimethylamino-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

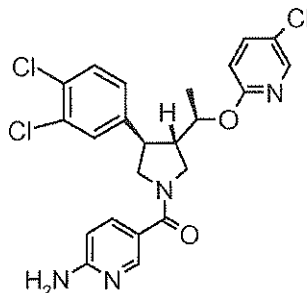


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Dimethylamino-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 519.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 20

(6-Amino-pyridin-3-yl)-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-methanone



5 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),

- Carboxylic acid: 6-Amino-nicotinic acid (commercially available),

ES-MS m/e: 493.2 (M+H⁺).

10

Example 21

[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

And

[(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

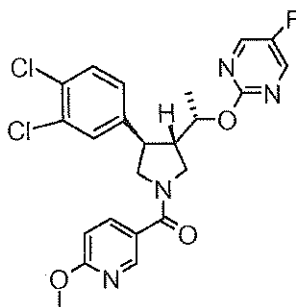
15

The racemic mixture consisting of [(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone and [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone were resolved by chiral

20 preparative HPLC to give both enantiomers optically pure. ES-MS m/e: 508.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 22

{{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-fluoro-pyrimidin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

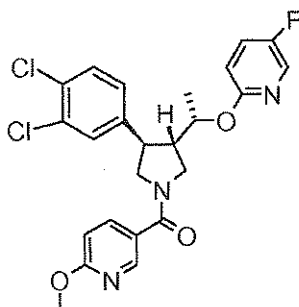


Mitsunobu reaction according to general procedure III:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-((RS)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-A-1),
 - Pyrimidin-ol: 5-Fluoro-pyrimidin-2-ol (commercially available),
- 5 ES-MS m/e: 490.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 23

{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-fluoro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

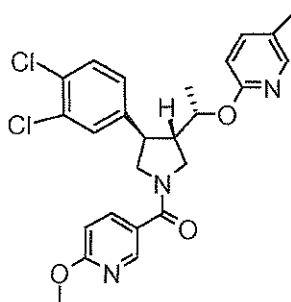


- 10 Mitsunobu reaction according to general procedure III:
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-((RS)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-A-1),
 - Pyridin-ol: 5-Fluoro-pyridin-2-ol (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 490.0 (M+H⁺).

15

Example 24

{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-methyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



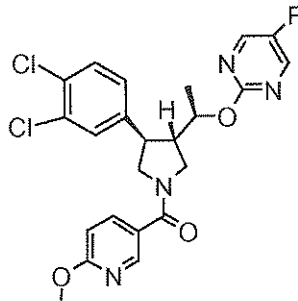
Mitsunobu reaction according to general procedure III:

- 20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-((RS)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-A-1),
- Pyridin-ol: 5-Methyl-pyridin-2-ol (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 486.0 (M+H⁺).

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Example 25

{{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(5-fluoro-pyrimidin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

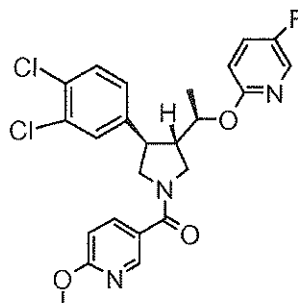


- 5 Mitsunobu reaction according to general procedure III:
 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-((SR)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-B-1),
 - Pyrimidin-ol: 5-Fluoro-pyrimidin-2-ol (commercially available),
 ES-MS m/e: 491.0 (M+H⁺).

10

Example 26

{{(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(RS)-1-(5-fluoro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



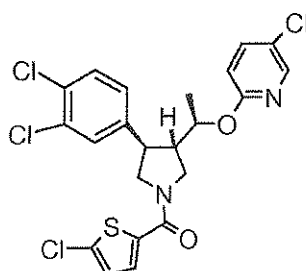
Mitsunobu reaction according to general procedure III:

- 15 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-((SR)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-B-1),
 - Pyridin-ol: 5-Fluoro-pyridin-2-ol (commercially available),
 ES-MS m/e: 490.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 27

- 20 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(5-chloro-thiophen-2-yl)-methanone

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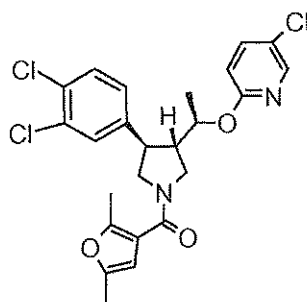


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - 5 - Carboxylic acid: 5-Chloro-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 516.7 (M+H⁺).

Example 28

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2,5-dimethyl-furan-3-yl)-methanone



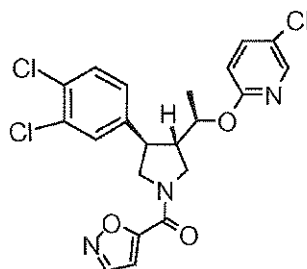
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 2,5-Dimethyl-furan-3-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 492.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 29

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-isoxazol-5-yl-methanone



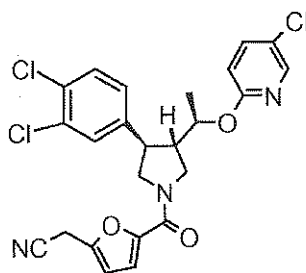
- 20 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - Carboxylic acid: Isoxazole-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 468.2 (M+H⁺).

5

Example 30

{5-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-furan-2-yl}-acetonitrile

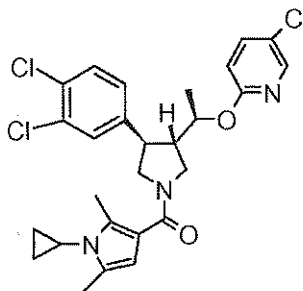


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 10 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 5-Cyanomethyl-furan-2-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 505.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 31

- 15 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-methanone



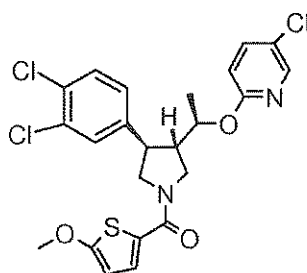
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 1-Cyclopropyl-2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 533.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 32

- 25 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(5-methoxy-thiophen-2-yl)-methanone

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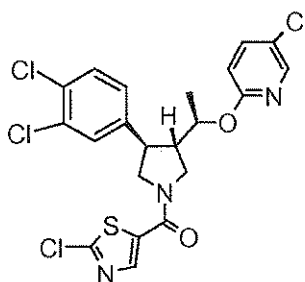


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 5-Methoxy-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
ES-MS m/e: 510.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 33

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-chloro-thiazol-5-yl)-methanone



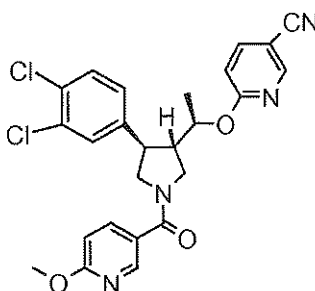
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 2-Chloro-thiazole-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 517.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 34

6-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methoxy-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



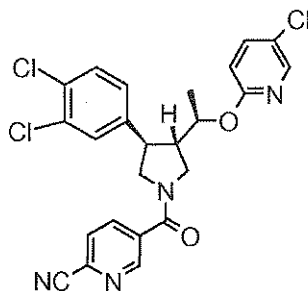
- 20 Mitsunobu reaction according to general procedure III:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: [(3RS,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-((SR)-1-hydroxy-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (XV-B-1),
 - Pyridin-ol: 6-Hydroxy-nicotinonitrile (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 497.0 (M+H⁺).

5

Example 35

5-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile

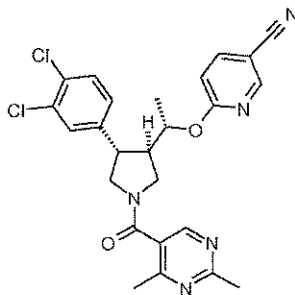


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Cyano-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 503.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 36

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2,4-dimethyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



Coupling according to general procedure I:

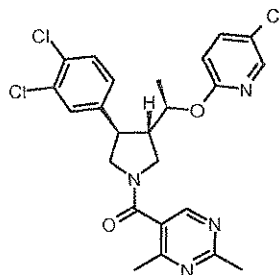
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - Carboxylic acid: 2,4-Dimethyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 496.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 37

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2,4-dimethyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

25

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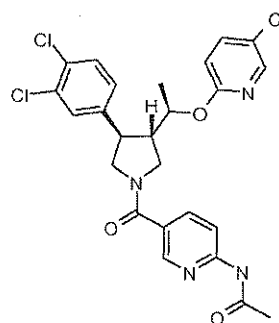


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2,4-Dimethyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 507.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 38

N-{5-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridin-2-yl}-acetamide



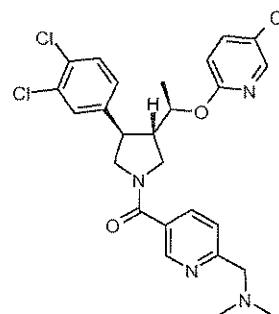
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Acetylaminonicotinic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 354.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 39

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-dimethylaminomethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),

- Carboxylic acid: 6-Dimethylaminomethyl-nicotinic acid (described herein after),

5 ES-MS m/e: 535.1 ($M+H^+$).

6-Dimethylaminomethyl-nicotinic acid:

1st step: To a stirred suspension of 6-methylnicotinic acid (commercially available) (500 mg, 3.64 mmol) in THF (14 mL) at RT, was added 1,3-dibromo-5,5-dimethylhydantoin (DDH) (1.06 g, 3.71 mmol). Stirring was continued over night and concentrated under vacuo. Column chromatography (SiO_2 , $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$: 8/2) yielded 410 mg (52 %) of 6-bromomethyl-nicotinic acid as a light orange solid. ES-MS m/e: 214.2-216.3 ($M+H^+$).

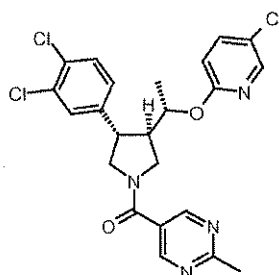
2nd step: To a stirred solution of 6-bromomethyl-nicotinic acid (350 mg, 1.62 mmol) in EtOH (3 mL) was added a solution of dimethyl-amine in EtOH (2 mL, 30 % solution). Stirring was continued for 1 hour, concentrated under vacuo. Column chromatography (10 SiO_2 , $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH$: 8/2, aq. NH_3 1%) yielded 205 mg (70 %) of 6-dimethylaminomethyl-nicotinic acid as a light brown solid. ES-MS m/e: 181.1 ($M+H^+$).

Example 40 & 41

20 [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

and

[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



25 The two optically pure enantiomers were obtained with a preparative chiral HPLC separation of the racemic mixture prepared from:

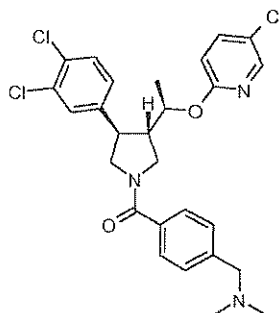
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),

30 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 492.8 ($M+H^+$).. Same MS spectra for both enantiomers.

Example 42

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(4-dimethylaminomethyl-phenyl)-methanone



5

Coupling according to general procedure I:

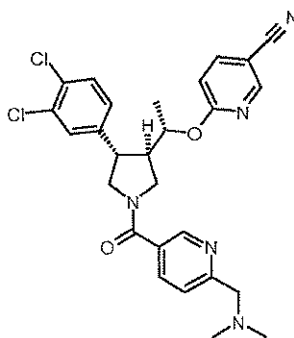
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),

- Carboxylic acid: 4-Dimethylaminomethyl-benzoic acid (commercially available),

10 ES-MS m/e: 533.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 43

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-dimethylaminomethyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



15 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: 6-Dimethylaminomethyl-nicotinic acid (described herein above),

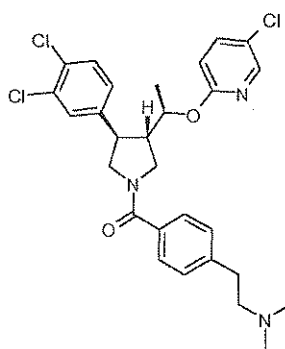
ES-MS m/e: 525.5 (M+H⁺).

20

Example 44

[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-[4-(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-phenyl]-methanone

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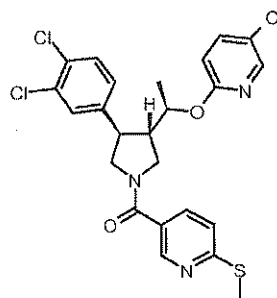


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - 5 - Carboxylic acid: 4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethyl)-benzoic acid (described in EP 529858 A1),
- ES-MS m/e: 547.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 45

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-[6-methylsulfanyl-pyridin-3-yl]-methanone



10

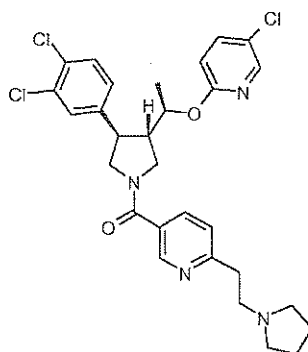
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methylsulfanyl-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 523.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 46

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-[6-(2-pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-methanone

- 63 -

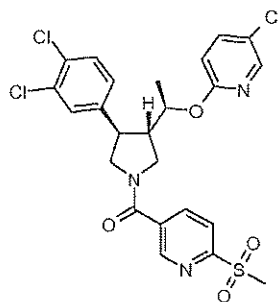


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 6-(2-Pyrrolidin-1-yl-ethyl)-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
ES-MS m/e: 573.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 47

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methanesulfonyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



10

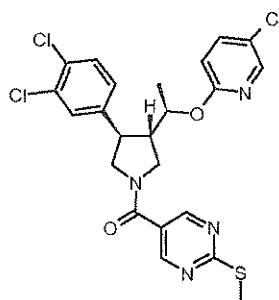
- To a stirred solution of [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methylsulfonyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone (described herein above) (35 mg, 0.067 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) at RT was added mCPBA (33 mg, 0.19 mmol). After 2 hours, an aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃ (50 mg in 1 mL H₂O) was added. The organic layer was washed with aq. NaHCO₃ saturated and dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic phases were concentrated under vacuo and column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc) afforded 25 mg (67%) of the title compound as a white solid. ES-MS m/e: 554.9 (M+H⁺).

15

Example 48

- 20 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methylsulfonyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

- 64 -

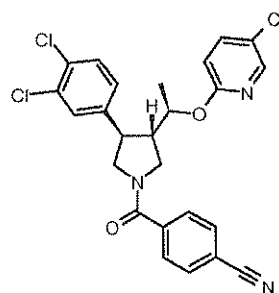


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methylsulfanyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 525.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 49

- 4-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-benzonitrile

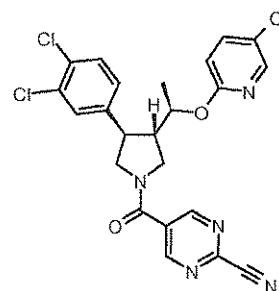


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
- 15 - Carboxylic acid: 4-Cyano-benzoic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 488.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 50

- 5-[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile

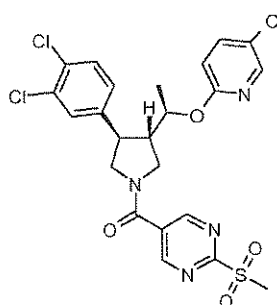


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Cyano-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (prepared from the
- 5 corresponding commercially available methyl ester by standard hydrolysis),
- ES-MS m/e: 504.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 51

[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methanesulfonyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



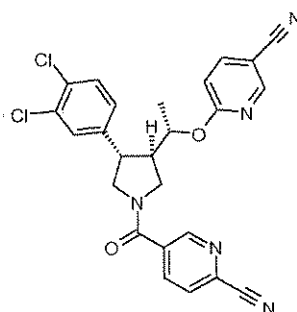
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),
 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methanesulfonyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially
- 15 available), ES-MS m/e: 555.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 52

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-cyano-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



20 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Cyano-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 492.3 (M+H⁺).

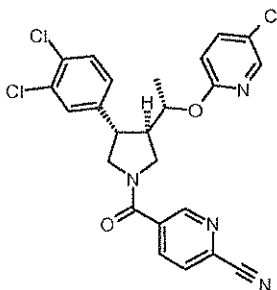
25

Example 53 & 54

5-[(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile

and

5-[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile



The two optically pure enantiomers were obtained with a preparative chiral HPLC separation of the racemic mixture prepared from:

10 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-2),

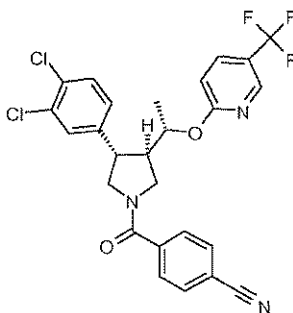
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Cyano-nicotinic acid (commercially available),

ES-MS m/e: 504.1 (M+H⁺). Same MS spectra for both enantiomers.

15

Example 55

4-[(3SR,4SR)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-benzonitrile



20 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(SR)-1-[(3SR,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)

- Carboxylic acid: 4-Cyano-benzoic acid (commercially available),

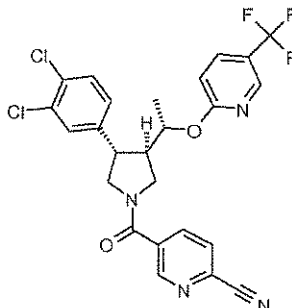
ES-MS m/e: 534.4 (M+H⁺).

25

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Example 56

5-[(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile

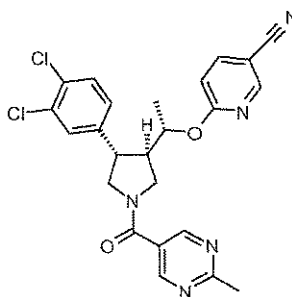


- 5 Coupling according to general procedure I:
 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)
 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Cyano-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
 ES-MS m/e: 535.6 (M+H⁺).

10

Example 57

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



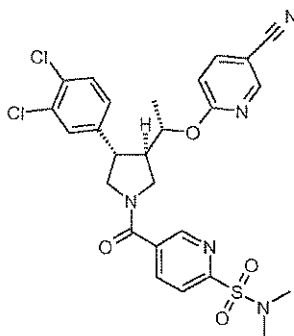
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 15 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
 ES-MS m/e: 484.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 58

- 20 5-[(3RS,4SR)-3-[(SR)-1-(5-Cyano-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-sulfonic acid dimethylamide

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Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

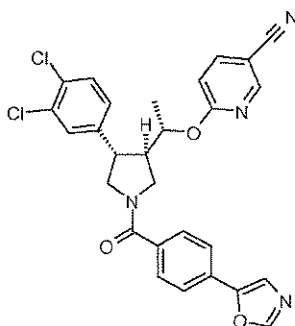
5 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Dimethylsulfamoyl-nicotinic acid (described herein after),

6-Dimethylsulfamoyl-nicotinic acid:

1st step: To a stirred solution of 6-sulfamoyl-nicotinic acid methyl ester (250 mg, 1.15 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) at 0 °C was added NaH (53 mg, 55 %, 1.20 mmol). After 10 minutes, MeI (0.079 mL, 1.26 mL) was added. Stirring was continued for one hour before
 10 the reaction was quenched upon addition of H₂O. The product was extracted with EtOAc, the combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. Column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1/2) afforded 51 mg of the title compound (19 %) as a white solid.

Example 59

15 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(4-oxazol-5-yl-benzoyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



Coupling according to general procedure I:

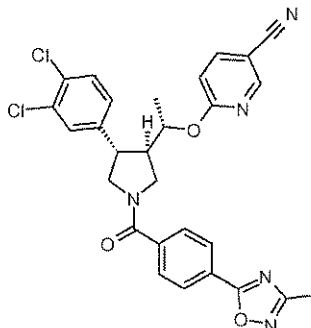
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

20 - Carboxylic acid: 4-Oxazol-5-yl-benzoic acid (commercially available),

ES-MS m/e: 534.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 60

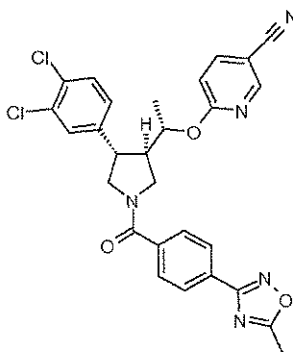
6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-[4-(3-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzoyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile



- 5 Coupling according to general procedure I:
 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - Carboxylic acid: 4-(3-Methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzoic acid (commercially available),
- 10 ES-MS m/e: 549.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 61

6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-[4-(5-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-3-yl)-benzoyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile

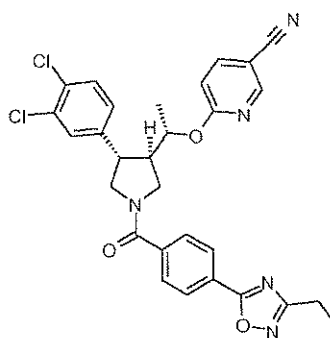


- 15 Coupling according to general procedure I:
 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - Carboxylic acid: 4-(5-Methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-3-yl)-benzoic acid (commercially available),
- 20 ES-MS m/e: 550.0 (M+H⁺).

Example 62

6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-[4-(3-ethyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzoyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile

- 70 -

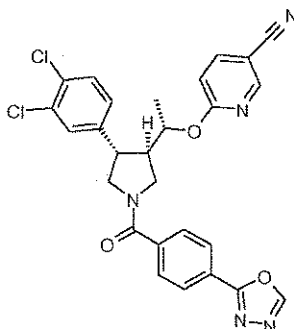


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - 5 - Carboxylic acid: 4-(3-Ethyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzoic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 563.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 63

- 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(4-[1,3,4]oxadiazol-2-yl-benzoyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile



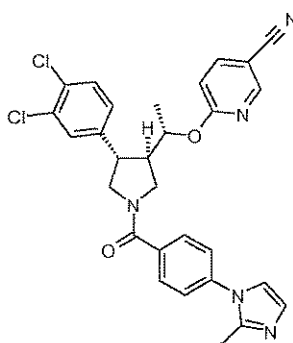
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - 15 - Carboxylic acid: 4-[1,3,4]Oxadiazol-2-yl-benzoic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 535.7(M+H⁺).

Example 64

- 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-[4-(2-methyl-imidazol-1-yl)-benzoyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile

- 71 -

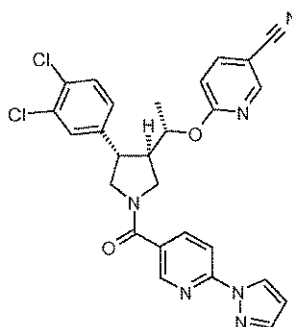


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - 5 - Carboxylic acid: 4-(2-Methyl-imidazol-1-yl)-benzoic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 547.8 (M+H⁺).

Example 65

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-pyrazol-1-yl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



10

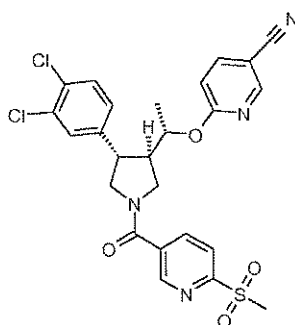
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Pyrazol-1-yl-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 534.9 (M+H⁺).

Example 66

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methanesulfonyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

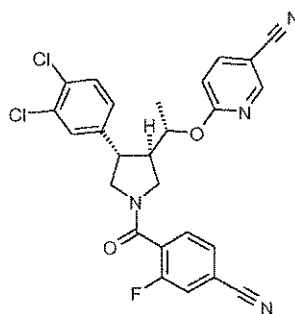
- 72 -



An amid coupling according to general procedure I, between the pyrrolidine intermediate 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3) and the carboxylic acid 6-methylsulfanyl-nicotinic acid (commercially available), afforded the corresponding amid. The crude product was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 and mCPBA (1.4 eq.) was added. Stirring was continued for 2 hours at RT, before the reaction was quenched upon addition of aq. $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$, and then the organic phase was washed with aq. NaOH. The organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under vacuo. Column chromatography afforded 22 mg (58 %) of the title compound as a white solid. ES-MS m/e: 545.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

Example 67

6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-(4-Cyano-2-fluoro-benzoyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile

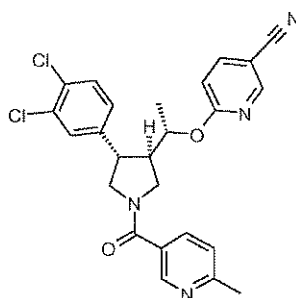


Coupling according to general procedure I:
 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - Carboxylic acid: 4-Cyano-2-fluoro-benzoic acid (commercially available),
 ES-MS m/e: 509.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

Example 68

6-((SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile

- 73 -

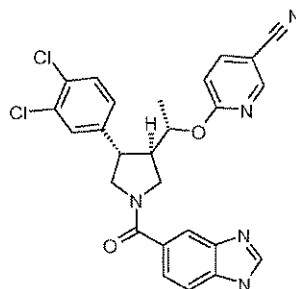


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-nicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 481.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 69

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-(1H-Benzoimidazole-5-carbonyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



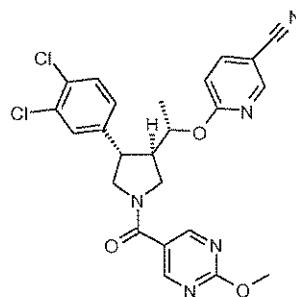
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- Carboxylic acid: 1H-Benzoimidazole-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS
- 15 m/e: 506.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 70

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methoxy-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



20 Coupling according to general procedure I:

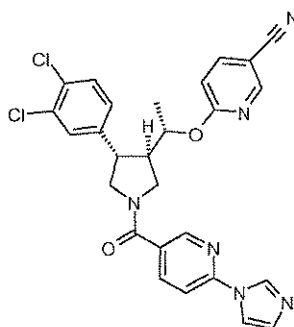
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methoxy-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 498.2 (M+H⁺).

5

Example 71

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-imidazol-1-yl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



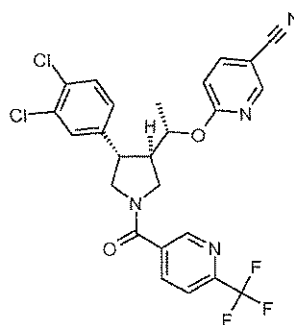
Coupling according to general procedure I:

10 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: 6-Imidazol-1-yl-nicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 533.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 72

15 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



Coupling according to general procedure I:

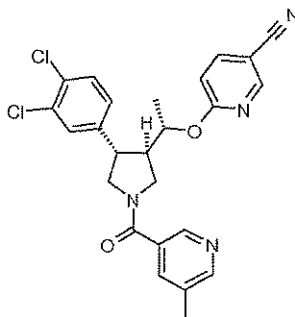
20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: 6-Trifluoromethyl-nicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 535.1 (M+H⁺).

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Example 73

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(5-methyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



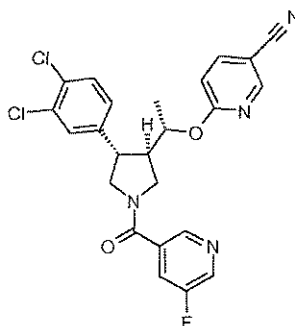
5 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- Carboxylic acid: 5-Methyl-nicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 481.1 (M+H⁺).

10

Example 74

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(5-fluoro-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



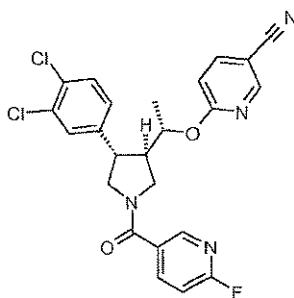
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 15
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
 - Carboxylic acid: 5-Fluoro-nicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 485.4 (M+H⁺).

Example 75

20 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-fluoro-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

- 76 -

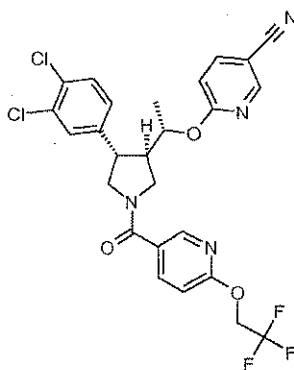


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Fluoro-nicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 485.4 (M+H⁺).

Example 76

6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-[6-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethoxy)-pyridine-3-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile



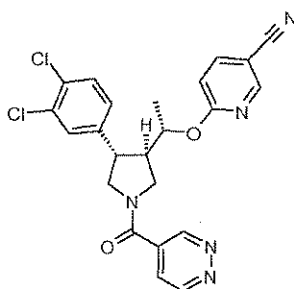
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- Carboxylic acid: 6-(2,2,2-Trifluoro-ethoxy)-nicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-
- 15 MS m/e: 565.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 77

6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile



Coupling according to general procedure I:

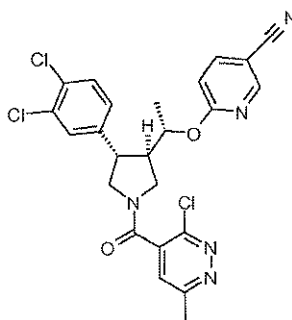
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: Pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e:

5 468.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 78

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-(3-Chloro-6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



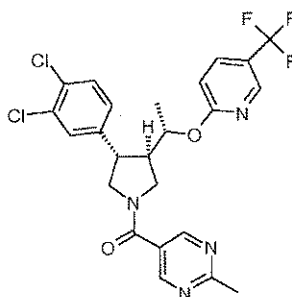
10 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: 3-Chloro-6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 518.0 (M+H⁺).

15 Example 79

{{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



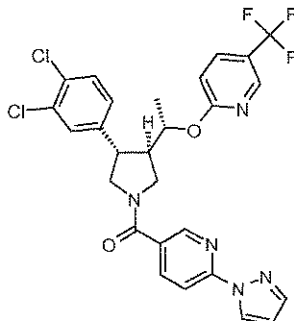
Coupling according to general procedure I:

20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)

- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 525.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 80

{{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-pyrazol-1-yl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone



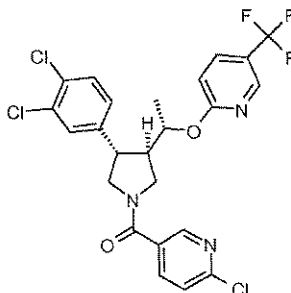
5 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)
 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Pyrazol-1-yl-nicotinic acid (commercially available),
- ES-MS m/e: 576.3 (M+H⁺).

10

Example 81

(6-Chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-methanone



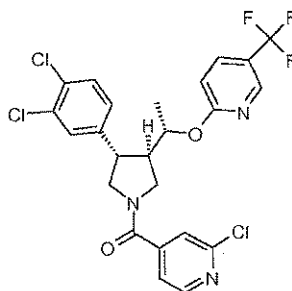
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- 15 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Chloro-nicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 546.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 82

20 (2-Chloro-pyridin-4-yl)-{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-methanone

- 79 -

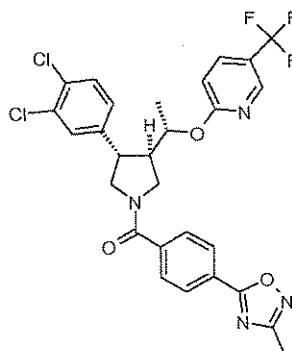


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Chloro-isonicotinic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 544.0 (M+H⁺).

Example 83

{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-[4-(3-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-phenyl]-methanone



10

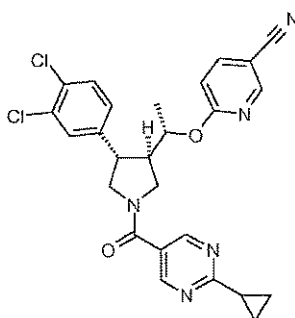
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)
- Carboxylic acid: 4-(3-Methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzoic acid (commercially
- 15 available), ES-MS m/e: 591.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 84

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-(2-Cyclopropyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

- 80 -

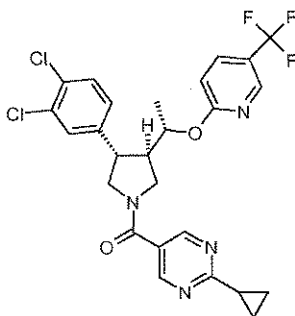


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Cyclopropyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 508.2 ($M+H^+$).

Example 85

(2-Cyclopropyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-[(3RS,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-methanone



10

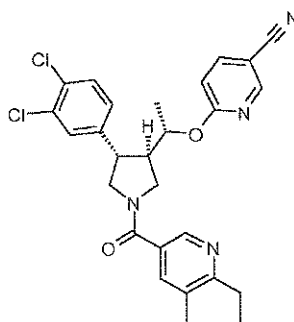
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-4)
- Carboxylic acid: 2-Cyclopropyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 551.2 ($M+H^+$).

Example 86

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-ethyl-5-methyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

- 81 -

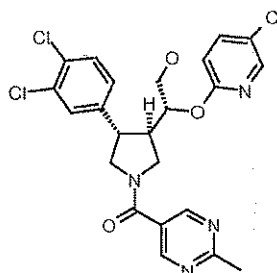


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Ethyl-5-methyl-nicotinic acid (described in J. Het. Chem. 1987, 24(2), 351-5), ES-MS m/e: 509.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 87

[(3RS,4SR)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



10

a) (3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

- To a solution of N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine (16.87 g, 0.071 mol) and (E)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-acrylic acid (7.71g, 0.036 mol) in THF (50 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (0.19 mL, 0.002 mol) at 0 °C. The mixture
- 15 was gradually warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. It was then diluted with n-heptane (250 mL). The resulted white precipitation was collected and washed with heptane affording 11.6 g (94 %) of the title compound as a white solid. ES-MS m/e: 350.2 (M+H⁺).

- 20 b) (3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid methoxy-methyl-amide

- To a solution of N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.41 g, 4.2 mmol) and 1.23 g (3.5 mmol) of (3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid in DMF (20 mL) at RT was added Hunig base (1.79 ml, 10.5 mmol) and HATU
- 25 (1.468 g, 3.9 mmol) and stirring was continued for one hour. The reaction mixture was

diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with aq. ammonium chloride solution three times. The separated organic layer was washed with brine and dried on Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under vacuo yielding 1.36 g (99 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e : 393.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

5

c) (3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde

To a solution of (3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid methoxy-methyl-amide (3A) 6.58 g (0.017 mol) dissolved in THF (100 mL) was added 16 mL (0.017 mol) of lithiumaluminumhydride (1.0M in THF) dropwise at 0°C and stirred for one hour. The reaction was quenched by aq. ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethylacetate twice. The combined organic layers were dried on anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (3:2) yielding 5.21 g (93 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e : 334.2 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

15

d) (3SR,4RS)-1-Benzyl-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-vinyl-pyrrolidine

To a suspension of methyltriphenylphosphonium iodide (5.53 g, 0.0136 mol) in THF (50 mL) was added n-BuLi (1.6N in heptane, 6.5 mL, 0.0104 mol) dropwise at 0°C and stirred for one hour. To this reaction mixture was added a solution of (3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde 2.68 g (0.008 mol) in THF (15 mL) dropwise at 0 °C and stirred for another one hour. The reaction was quenched by aq. ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethylacetate. The separated organic layer was dried on anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (4:1) yielding 2.12 g (80 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e : 332.1 ($\text{M}+\text{H}^+$).

25

e) (SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol and (RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol

30

To a solution of OsO_4 (73 mg, 0.3 mmol) in MeCN (3 mL), t-BuOH (4.5 mL) and water (1.5 mL) was added NMO (aq. 50 % solution, 0.42 mL, 2 mmol) and (3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-vinyl-pyrrolidine (331 mg, 1.0 mmol) as solution of MeCN (4 mL) at room temperature. The whole mixture was vigorously stirred over night. The reaction was quenched by an addition of sat. aq. Na_2SO_3 solution. The mixture was then concentrated in vacuo, followed by dilution with AcOEt, and washed with brine.

35

The separated aqueous phase was extracted with AcOEt twice. The combined organic phase were dried over Na₂SO₄. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by DCM to acetone yielding 255 mg (70 %) of a mixture of the diastereomeric diols as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 366.0 (M+H⁺).

- 5 The residue was dissolved in DCM (10 mL) followed by additions of TBDMSCl (133 mg, 0.86 mmol), Hunig base (0.205 mL, 1.21 mmol) and DMAP (20 mg, 0.16 mmol) subsequently at room temperature, and the resulted mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with aq. ammonium chloride solution three times. The separated organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate and
- 10 concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted with a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (4:1 to 3:1) yielding 124 mg (32 %) of (SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol and 156 mg (40 %) of (RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-
- 15 ethanol (6A-2) as a light brown oil. ES-MS m/e: 480.2 (M+H⁺).

f) 2-[(RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine

- (RS)-1-[(3RS,4RS)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol (123 mg, 0.256 mmol) and PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (125 mg, 0.38 mmol) were suspended in THF (3 mL). To the mixture were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (50 mg, 0.384 mmol) and then DBAD (0.088 g, 0.384 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 45 °C over night. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. The
- 20 residue was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:15) yielded 108 mg (72 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 593.3 (M+H⁺).

g) 2-[(RS)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine

- 30 To a solution of 2-[(RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (7A-1) 108 mg (0.182 mmol) dissolved in toluene (2 mL) was added 0.059 mL (0.547 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.093 mL (0.547 mmol) of Hunig base subsequently, and the mixture was heated at 100 °C for 40 minutes, then concentrated in vacuo. The residue was
- 35 dissolved in methanol (5 mL) and heated at reflux temperature for 30 minutes. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and diluted with ethyl acetate, then washed with aq. sodium bicarbonate solution twice. The combined organic layers was dried over sodium

sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (DCM/MeOH 10:1 to 4:1) yielding 0.047g (51 %) of the title compound as a light brown oil. ES-MS m/e: 501.2 (M+H⁺).

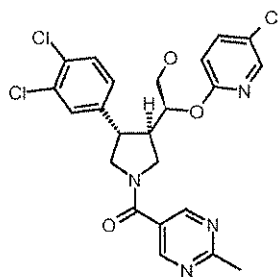
- 5 h) [(3RS,4SR)-3-[(RS)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone
To a solution of 2-[(RS)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-chloro-pyridine (8A-1) (220 mg) in DMF (12 mL) at -20 °C were added Hunig base (0.132 mL, 0.78 mmol) and then HATU (202
10 mg). The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with aq. ammonium chloride solution three times and aq. sodium bicarbonate solution. The separated organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by TLC (SiO₂, MeOH/DCM, 1:20) yielded 24 mg (40 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 623.1 (M+H⁺).

15

- i) [(3RS,4SR)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone
To a solution of [(3RS,4SR)-3-[(RS)-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone 0.024 g (0.038 mmol) dissolved in THF (4 mL) was added 0.05 mL of
20 TBAF (1.0M in THF). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at room temperature. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water and aq. sodium bicarbonate solution subsequently. The separated organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by
25 TLC (SiO₂, MeOH/DCM, 1:10) yielded 18 mg (93 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 509.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 88

- 30 [(3RS,4SR)-3-[(SR)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



a) 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine

(SR)-1-[(3RS,4RS)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol (described herein above) (13.2 mg, 0.0275 mmol) and PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (18 mg, 0.055 mmol) were suspended in THF (2 mL). To the mixture were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (7 mg, 0.055 mmol) and then DBAD (13 mg, 0.055 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 40 °C over night. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. The residue was purified by TLC (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:4) yielded 7.2 mg (44 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 593.3 (M+H⁺).

b) 2-{(SR)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-chloro-pyridine

The titled compound was obtained as a light brown oil from 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine following the general procedure IV. ES-MS m/e: 501.1 (M+H⁺).

c) [(3RS,4SR)-3-[(SR)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

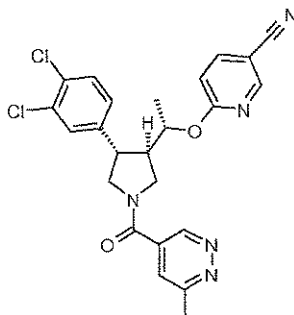
The titled compound was obtained as a light yellow oil starting from 2-{(SR)-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-chloro-pyridine (8A-2) following the general procedure I. ES-MS m/e: 623.1 (M+H⁺).

d) [(3RS,4SR)-3-[(SR)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

To a solution of [(3RS,4SR)-3-[(SR)-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone (10B) (3.9 mg, 0.0063 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added TBAF (1.0M in THF, 0.01 mL, 0.01 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour, then quenched by an addition of aq.ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The separated organic layer was washed with brine, then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The titled compound was obtained as a light yellow oil (1.6 mg, 50 % yield) after purification of the residue by TLC (SiO₂, DCM/MeOH 10:1). ES-MS m/e: 509.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 89

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



5 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (described herein after),
ES-MS m/e: 482.3 (M+H⁺).

6-

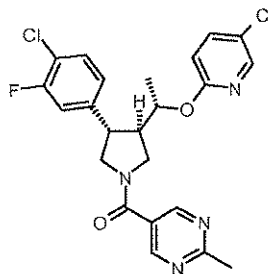
10 Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid:

To a stirred solution of 3-chloro-6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (500 mg, 2.89 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) was added NaOH (395 mg, 9.85 mmol) in pellets, followed by 150 mg of Pd/C (10 %). The reaction mixture was put under a H₂ atmosphere for 3 hours (atmospheric pressure). The reaction mixture was filtered on celite, acidified with aq.

15 HCl (pH = 6), and concentrated under vacuo. Column chromatography (SiO₂, CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 7/3) yielded 120 mg (29 %) of 6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid as a brown solid.

Example 90

20 [(3S,4R)-3-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



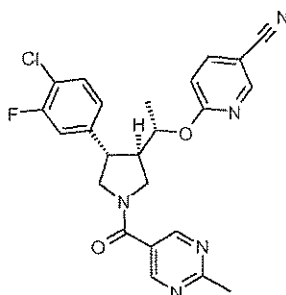
Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-9)

- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 475.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 91

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

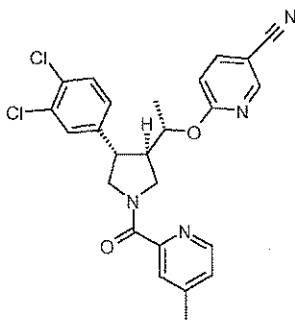


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-10)
- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 466.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 92

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(4-methyl-pyridine-2-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

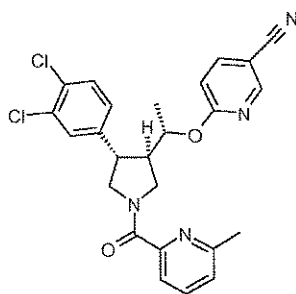


- Coupling according to general procedure I:
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- Carboxylic acid: 4-Methyl-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 481.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 93

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridine-2-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

- 88 -

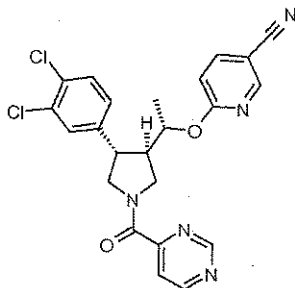


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 481.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 94

6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(pyrimidine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile



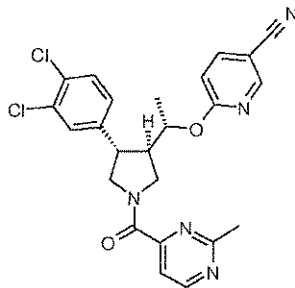
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- Carboxylic acid: Pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e:
- 15 468.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 95

6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile



- 20 Coupling according to general procedure I:

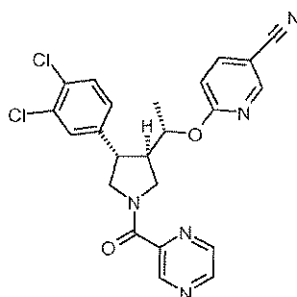
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 482.2 (M+H⁺).

5

Example 96

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(pyrazine-2-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



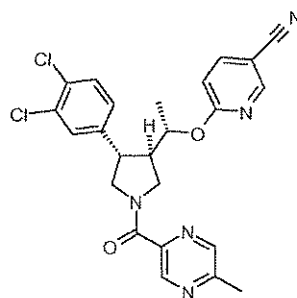
Coupling according to general procedure I:

10 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: Pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 468.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 97

15 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



Coupling according to general procedure I:

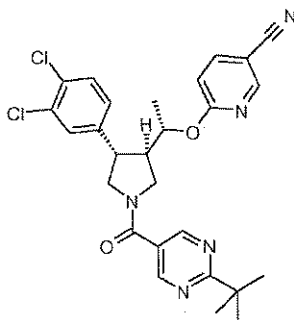
20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)

- Carboxylic acid: 5-Methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 482.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 98

25 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-(2-tert-Butyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

- 90 -

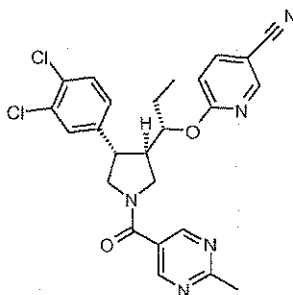


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-3)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2-tert-Butyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 524.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 99

6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile



10

a) 1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propan-1-one

- To a solution of (3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid methoxy-methyl-amide (described herein above) 377 mg (0.959 mmol) dissolved in THF (4 mL) was added 0.676 mL (1.15 mmol) of ethyllithium (1.7M in dibutylether) dropwise at -78 °C and stirred for one hour. The reaction was quenched by aq. ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethylacetate. The separated organic layer was dried on anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (10:1) yielding 212 mg (61 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 362.2
- 15
- 20 (M+H⁺).

b) (RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propan-1-ol
and (SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propan-1-ol

- To a solution of 1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propan-1-one (211 mg, 0.5825 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added LAH (1M in THF, 0.58
- 25

mL, 0.58 mmol) at 0 °C and stirred for 30 minutes. The reaction was quenched by an addition of aq. KF solution (135 mg in 0.5 mL of water). The mixture was stirred vigorously for 10 minutes followed by an addition of anhydrous sodium sulfate. The insolubles were removed by filtration through a cotton pad and the cake was washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (heptane/ethyl acetate 3:1 to 1:1) yielding (RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propan-1-ol as a light yellow oil with ES-MS m/e: 364.1 (M+H⁺) and (SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propan-1-ol as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 364.1 (M+H⁺).

c) 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile

To a solution of (SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propan-1-ol (15.2 mg, 0.0417 mmol) and 6-chloro-nicotinonitrile (7 mg, 0.05 mmol) in 1 mL of DMF was added sodium hydride (60 %, 10 mg, 0.25 mmol) at room temperature. The mixture was stirred over night and quenched by an addition of aq. ammonium chloride solution. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate and the separated organic layer was washed with water two times and brine subsequently. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by TLC (heptane/ethyl acetate 2:1) yielding the title compound (12.4 mg, 64 % yield) as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 466.1 (M+H⁺).

d) 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile

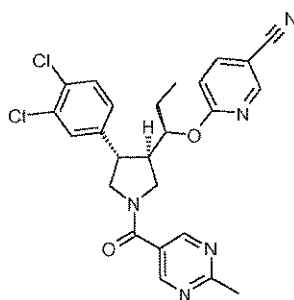
The titled compound was obtained as a light yellow oil following the general procedure IV for debenzylation. ES-MS m/e: 376.1 (M+H⁺).

e) 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile

The titled compound was obtained as a light yellow oil following a general procedure I for amidation between 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile and 2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid. ES-MS m/e: 496.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 100

6-[(RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile



a) 6-[(RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile

- 5 To a solution of (RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propan-1-ol (described herein above) (21.0 mg, 0.0576 mmol) and 6-chloro-nicotinonitrile (9.6 mg, 0.069 mmol) in 1 mL of DMF was added sodium hydride (60 %, 10 mg, 0.25 mmol) at room temperature. The mixture was stirred over night and quenched by an addition of aq. ammonium chloride solution. The mixture was extracted
10 with ethyl acetate and the separated organic layer was washed with water two times and brine subsequently. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by TLC (heptane/ethyl acetate 2:1) yielding the titled compound (19.6 mg, 73 % yield) as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 466.1 (M+H⁺).

b) 6-[(RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile

The titled compound was obtained as a light yellow oil following a general procedure IV for debenzylation. ES-MS m/e: 376.1 (M+H⁺).

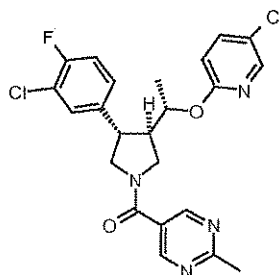
c) 6-[(RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile

The titled compound was obtained as a light yellow oil following the general procedure I for amidation between 6-[(RS)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-propoxy]-nicotinonitrile and 2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid. ES-MS m/e: 496.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 101

{(3S,4R)-3-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

- 93 -

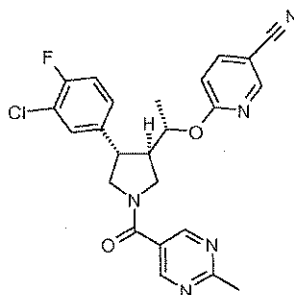


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3-chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-5)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
ES-MS m/e: 475.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 102

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



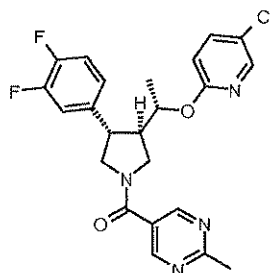
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3-Chloro-4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-6)
- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 466.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 103

[(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]- (2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



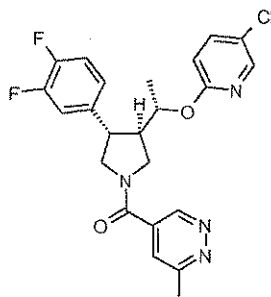
- 20 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-7)
- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 459.2 (M+H⁺).

5

Example 104

[(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone

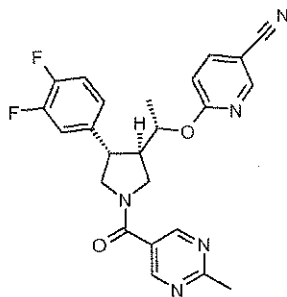


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-7)
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (described herein above), ES-MS m/e: 459.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 105

- 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-1-(2-methyl-pyrimidine-5-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



Coupling according to general procedure I:

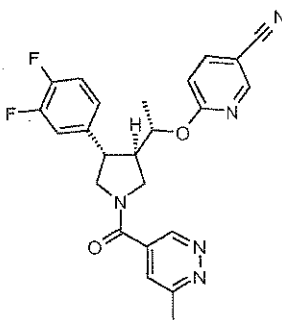
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-8)
- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available), ES-MS m/e: 450.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 106

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

25

- 95 -

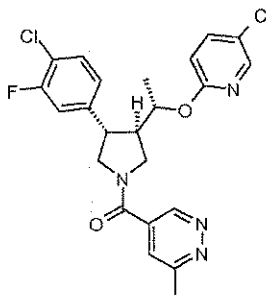


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-8)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (described herein above),
ES-MS m/e: 450.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 107

{(3S,4R)-3-(4-Chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



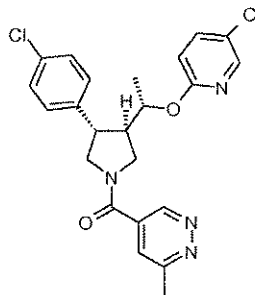
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-9)
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (described herein above),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 475.0 (M+H⁺).

Example 108

{(3S,4R)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



Coupling according to general procedure I:

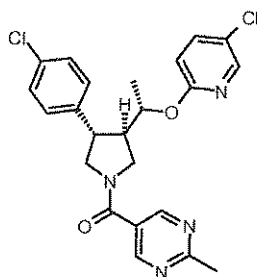
- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-11)

- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (described herein above),

5 ES-MS m/e: 457.2 ($M+H^+$).

Example 109

{(3S,4R)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone



10 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-11)

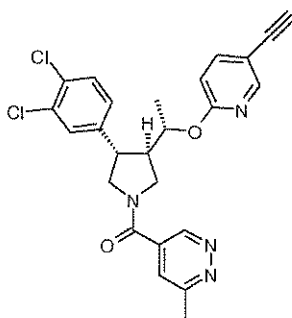
- Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),

ES-MS m/e: 457.3 ($M+H^+$).

15

Example 110

{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-ethynyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



20 a) 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-bromo-pyridine

The titled compound was obtained as a light yellow oil following a general procedure for Mitsunobu reaction between (SR)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethanol (described herein above) and 5-bromo-pyridin-2-ol. ES-MS m/e: 507.0 ($M+H^+$).

25

b) 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trimethylsilanylethynyl-pyridine

To a suspension of 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-bromo-pyridine (128 mg, 0.253 mmol) and bis(triphenylphosphine) palladium(II) chloride (53 mg, 0.076 mmol) and triphenylphosphine (16.6 mg, 0.0632 mmol) and CuI (11 mg, 0.0578 mmol) in THF (3 mL) and diethylamine (1.5 mL) was added ethynyltrimethylsilane (0.108 mL, 0.759 mmol) under Ar. The mixture was heated at 85 °C over night. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with aq.ammonium chloride solution two times. The separated organic phase was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (DCM) yielding 89.5 mg (68 %) of the titled compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 523.3 (M+H⁺).

c) 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-ethynyl-pyridine

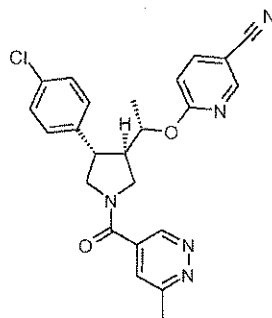
The titled compound was obtained as a light yellow oil following a general procedure IV for debenzylolation reaction. Concomitant desilylation took place. ES-MS m/e: 361.1 (M+H⁺).

d) [(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-ethynyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone

The titled compound was obtained as a white foam following a general I procedure for amidation reaction between 2-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-ethynyl-pyridine and 6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid. ES-MS m/e: 481.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 111

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



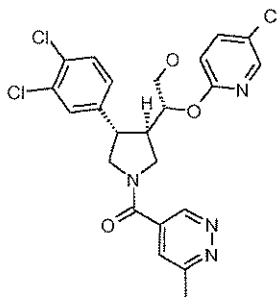
30 Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-12)
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (described herein above), ES-MS m/e: 448.1 ($M+H^+$).

5

Example 112

[(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



- a) (S)-4-Benzyl-3-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbonyl]-oxazolidin-2-one and (S)-4-Benzyl-3-[(3S,4R)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbonyl]-oxazolidin-2-one

- To a solution of (3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid (described herein above) (13.39 g, 0.038 mol) in THF (200 mL) at -20 °C were added triethylamine (13.32 mL, 0.096 mol) and pivaloyl chloride (11.76 mL, 0.096 mol) subsequently. Stirring was continued for two hours at the same temperature, and to this mixture were added (S)-4-benzyl-oxazolidin-2-one (8.13 g, 0.046 mol) and lithium chloride (1.94 g, 0.046 mol). The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water two times and saturated sodiumbicarbonate. The separated organic phase was dried on Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomeres were separated by column chromatography (SiO_2 , EtOAc/H, 1:2) to yield (S)-4-benzyl-3-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbonyl]-oxazolidin-2-one 9.47 g (49 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 509.3 ($M+H^+$) and (S)-4-benzyl-3-[(3S,4R)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbonyl]-oxazolidin-2-one 9.40 g (48 %) as a white solid ES-MS m/e: 509.3 ($M+H^+$).

b) (3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid methoxy-methyl-amide

- To a suspension of N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (3.61 g, 0.037 mol) in DCM (40 mL) at RT was added trimethylaluminium (2.0M solution in heptane, 18.5 ml, 0.037 mol) dropwise and stirring was continued for one hour. To this mixture was added

a solution of (S)-4-benzyl-3-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbonyl]-oxazolidin-2-one (9.47 g, 0.0186 mol) in DCM (50 mL) over 10 minutes. Stirring was continued for three hours. The reaction was quenched by an addition of aq. Potassium sodium tartarate solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The separated
5 organic layer was washed with brine and dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 2:3) yielded 6.58 g (90 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 393.1 (M+H⁺).

c) (3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde

10 To a solution of (3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid methoxy-methyl-amide 6.58 g (0.017 mol) dissolved in THF (100 mL) was added 16 mL (0.017 mol) of lithiumaluminiumhydride (1.0M in THF) dropwise at 0°C and stirred for one hour. The reaction was quenched by aq. ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethylacetate twice. The combined organic layers were dried on anhydrous sodium
15 sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (3:2) yielding 5.21 g (93 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 334.2 (M+H⁺).
compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 393.1 (M+H⁺).

20 d) (3S,4R)-1-Benzyl-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-vinyl-pyrrolidine

To a suspension of methyltriphenylphosphonium iodide (5.53 g, 0.0136 mol) in THF (50 mL) was added n-BuLi (1.6N in heptane, 6.5 mL, 0.0104 mol) dropwise at 0 °C and stirred for one hour. To this reaction mixture was added a solution of (3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde 2.68 g (0.008 mol) in THF (15 mL)
25 dropwise at 0 °C and stirred for another one hour. The reaction was quenched by aq. ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethylacetate. The separated organic layer was dried on anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (4:1) yielding 2.12 g (80 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS
30 m/e: 332.1 (M+H⁺).

f) (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol

(DHQ)₂PHAL (452 mg, 0.6 mmol) was dissolved in MeCN (20 mL), t-BuOH (28 mL)
35 and water (12 mL). To the solution was added OsO₄ (73 mg, 0.3 mmol) and the resulted mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. To the solution were added NMO (aq. 50 % solution, 1.47 mL, 7 mmol) and (3S,4R)-1-benzyl-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-vinyl-pyrrolidine

(1.93 g, 5.8 mmol) as a solution of MeCN (20 mL) at room temperature. The whole mixture was vigorously stirred for 80 minutes. The reaction was quenched by an addition of sat. aq. Na₂SO₃ solution (10ml). The mixture was then concentrated in vacuo, followed by dilution with AcOEt, and washed with brine. The separated aqueous phase
 5 was extracted with AcOEt twice. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by DCM to acetone yielding 1.85 g of a mixture of the diols as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 366.0 (M+H⁺). The residue was dissolved in DCM (30 mL) followed by additions of TBDMSCl (915 mg, 6 mmol), Hunig base (1.29 mL, 8 mmol) and DMAP (124 mg) subsequently at room
 10 temperature, and the resulted mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with aq. ammonium chloride solution three times. The separated organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted with a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (4:1 to 3:1) yielding 1.64 g (67 %) of the title
 15 compound as a light brown oil. ES-MS m/e: 480.2 (M+H⁺).

g) 2-[(R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine
 (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-
 20 dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol (17) and PPh₃ (PPh₃ polymer bound, 3 mmol PPh₃/g resin) (614 mg, 1.87 mmol) were suspended in THF (10 mL). To the mixture were added 5-chloro-pyridin-2-ol (0.243 g, 1.87 mmol) and then DBAD (0.431 g, 1.87 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 45 °C over night. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and filtered on celite and concentrated under vacuo. The residue was purified by
 25 column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 1:15) yielded 571 mg (77 %) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ES-MS m/e: 593.3 (M+H⁺).

h) 2-{(R)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-chloro-pyridine
 30 To a solution of 2-[(R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine 570 mg (0.96 mmol) dissolved in toluene (4 mL) was added 0.31 mL (2.89 mmol) of 1-chloroethyl chloroformate and 0.491 mL (2.89 mmol) of Hunig base subsequently, and the mixture was heated at 100 °C for 40 minutes, then concentrated in vacuo. The residue was
 35 dissolved in methanol (5 mL) and stirred at room temperature over night. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo and diluted with ethyl acetate, then washed with aq. sodium bicarbonate solution twice. The separated organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate and

concentrated in vacuo after filtration yielded 0.40 g (83 %) of the title compound as a light brown oil. ES-MS m/e: 501.2 (M+H⁺).

i) [(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone

To a solution of 2-[(R)-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine (220 mg) in DMF (12 mL) at -20 °C were added Hunig base (0.132 mL, 0.78 mmol) and then HATU (202 mg) and then 6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (0.78 mmol, described herein above). The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with aq. ammonium chloride solution three times and aq. sodium bicarbonate solution. The separated organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by TLC (SiO₂, MeOH/DCM, 1:10) yielded 74 mg (27 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 623.3 (M+H⁺).

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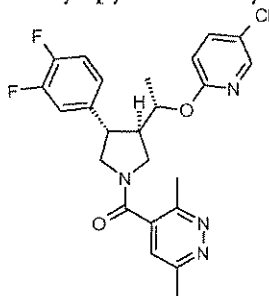
j) [(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

To a solution of [(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone (0.074 g, 0.119 mmol) dissolved in THF (4 mL) was added 0.014 mL (0.24 mmol) of acetic acid and 0.119 mL of TBAF (1.0M in THF). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at room temperature. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water and aq. sodium bicarbonate solution subsequently. The separated organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by TLC (SiO₂, MeOH/DCM, 1:10) yielded 55 mg (91 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 507.1 (M+H⁺).

25

Example 113

[(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(3,6-dimethyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



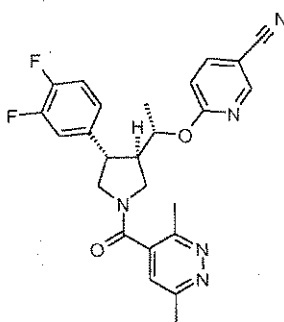
30

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-7)
 - Carboxylic acid: 3,6-Dimethyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (prepared by hydrolysis of
- 5 the commercially available ethyl ester), ES-MS m/e: 473.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 114

6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-1-(3,6-dimethyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile



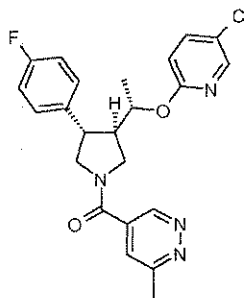
10

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 6-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-Difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile (XII-B-8)
 - Carboxylic acid: 3,6-Dimethyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (prepared by hydrolysis of
- 15 the commercially available ethyl ester), ES-MS m/e: 464.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 115

[(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



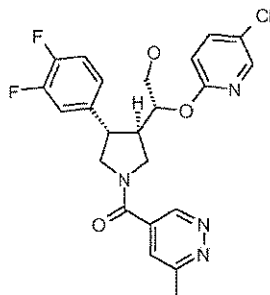
20

Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-13)
 - Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (described herein above),
- 25 ES-MS m/e: 441.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 116

[(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



5

a) (3RS,4SR)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

To a solution of N-(methoxymethyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)-N-(trimethylsilyl)methylamine (48.3 g, 204 mmol) and (E)-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-acrylic acid (15 g, 81.5 mmol) in THF (200 mL) was added trifluoroacetic acid (0.312 mL, 0.0041 mol) at 0 °C. The mixture was gradually warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. It was then concentrated in vacuo and the residue was diluted with n-heptane (500 mL) followed by vigorous stirring for 1 hour. The resulted white precipitation was collected and washed with heptane affording 26 g (100 %) of the title compound as a white solid. MS m/e: 318.1 (M+H⁺).

15

b) (S)-4-Benzyl-3-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbonyl]-oxazolidin-2-one

To a solution of (3RS,4SR)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid (25 g, 78.8 mmol) in THF (350 mL) at -20°C were added triethylamine (27.45 mL, 197 mmol) and pivaloyl chloride (24.2 mL, 197 mmol) subsequently. Stirring was continued for two hours at the same temperature, and to this mixture were added (S)-4-Benzyl-oxazolidin-2-one (14.7 g, 82.7 mmol) and lithium chloride (3.67 g, 86.7 mmol). The reaction mixture was gradually warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water two times and saturated sodiumbicarbonate. The separated organic phase was dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. The two diastereoisomeres were separated by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 15:85) to yield (S)-4-benzyl-3-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbonyl]-oxazolidin-2-one 18 g (48 %) as a white solid. MS m/e: 477.1 (M+H⁺).

30

c) (3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid methoxy-methyl-amide

To a suspension of N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (7.82 g, 80.6 mmol) in DCM (130 mL) at RT was added trimethylaluminium (2.0M solution in heptane, 40.3 ml, 80.6 mmol) dropwise and stirring was continued for one hour. To this mixture was added a solution of (S)-4-benzyl-3-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbonyl]-oxazolidin-2-one (19.2 g, 40.3 mmol) in DCM (100 mL) over 10 minutes. Stirring was continued for three hours. The reaction was quenched by an addition of aq. Potassium sodium tartarate solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The separated organic layer was washed with brine and dried on Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuo. Its purification by column chromatography (SiO₂, EtOAc/H, 15:85) yielded 13 g (90 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 361.2 (M+H⁺).

d) (3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde

To a solution of (3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid methoxy-methyl-amide 3.24 g (9 mmol) dissolved in THF (60 mL) was added 9 mL (9 mmol) of lithiumaluminiumhydride (1.0M in THF) dropwise at 0 °C and stirred for one hour. The reaction was quenched by aq. ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethylacetate twice. The combined organic layers were dried on anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (3:2) yielding 2.7 g (99 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 302.1 (M+H⁺).

e) (3S,4R)-1-Benzyl-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-4-vinyl-pyrrolidine

To a suspension of methyltriphenylphosphonium iodide (6.35 g, 15.6 mmol) in THF (60 mL) was added n-BuLi (1.6N in heptane, 7.4 mL, 0.0119 mol) dropwise at 0 °C and stirred for one hour. To this reaction mixture was added a solution of (3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-3-carbaldehyde 2.77 g (9.2 mmol) in THF (15 mL) dropwise at 0 °C and stirred for another one hour. The reaction was quenched by aq. ammonium chloride solution and extracted with ethylacetate. The separated organic layer was dried on anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (7:3) yielding 1.7 g (62 %) of the title compound as a light yellow oil ES-MS m/e: 300.1 (M+H⁺).

f) (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol

(DHQ)₂PHAL (178 mg, 0.2 mmol) was dissolved in MeCN (20 mL), t-BuOH (28 mL) and water (12 mL). To the solution was added OsO₄ (29 mg, 0.114 mmol) and the resulted mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. To the solution were added NMO (aq. 50 % solution, 1.44 mL, 7 mmol) and (3S,4R)-1-benzyl-3-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-4-vinyl-pyrrolidine (1.707 g, 6 mmol) as a solution of MeCN (20 mL) at room temperature. The whole mixture was vigorously stirred for 3 hours. The reaction was quenched by an addition of sat. aq. Na₂SO₃ solution (10 ml). The mixture was then concentrated in vacuo, followed by dilution with AcOEt, and washed with brine. The separated aqueous phase was extracted with AcOEt twice. The combined organic phases were dried over Na₂SO₄. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted by DCM to acetone yielding 1.97 g of a mixture of the diols as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 334.2 (M+H⁺).

The residue was dissolved in DCM (10 mL) followed by additions of TBDMSCl (1.247 g, 8 mmol), Hunig base (2 mL, 12 mmol) and DMAP (144 mg, 1 mmol) subsequently at room temperature, and the resulted mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with aq. ammonium chloride solution three times. The separated organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluted with a mixture of heptane and ethyl acetate (4:1) yielding 1.49 g (56 %) of the titled compound as a light yellow oil. ES-MS m/e: 448.3 (M+H⁺).

g) 2-[(R)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-Benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine

The titled compound was prepared following the general procedure for Mitsunobu reaction using (S)-1-[(3R,4S)-1-benzyl-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-ethanol and 5-Chloro-pyridin-2-ol. ES-MS m/e: 559.2 (M+H⁺).

h) 2-[(R)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-chloro-pyridine

The titled compound was prepared following a general procedure IV for debenzylation reaction. ES-MS m/e: 469.2 (M+H⁺).

i) [(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-2-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone

The titled compound was prepared following a general procedure I for amidation between 2-[(R)-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-

pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-5-chloro-pyridine and 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid .
ES-MS m/e: 589.1 ($M+H^+$).

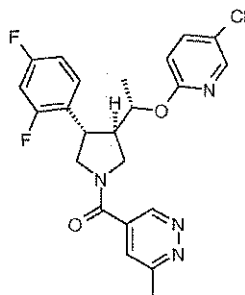
j) [(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-
5 phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

To a solution of [(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-
2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-
methanone (0.050 g, 0.085 mmol) dissolved in THF (4 mL) was added 0.10 mL of TBAF
(1.0M in THF). The reaction mixture was stirred over night at room temperature. The
10 mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with water and aq. sodium
bicarbonate solution subsequently. The separated organic phase was dried over sodium
sulfate and concentrated in vacuo after filtration. The residue was purified by TLC
(SiO₂, MeOH/DCM, 1:10) yielded 40 mg (84 %) of the title compound as a light yellow
oil. ES-MS m/e: 475.1 ($M+H^+$).

15

Example 117

[(3RS,4SR)-3-[(SR)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-
pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



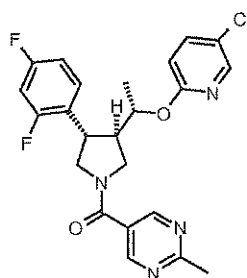
Coupling according to general procedure I:

20 - Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-
pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-14)
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (described herein above), ES-
MS m/e: 459.3 ($M+H^+$).

Example 118

25 [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-Chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(2,4-difluoro-ph
enyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone

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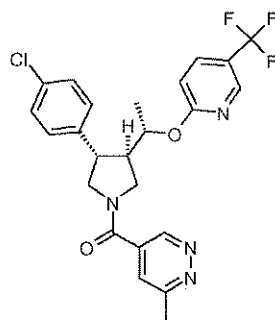


Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 5-Chloro-2-[(RS)-1-[(3SR,4RS)-4-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-pyridine (XII-B-14)
- 5 - Carboxylic acid: 2-Methyl-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
ES-MS m/e: 459.3 (M+H⁺).

Example 119

{(3S,4R)-3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone



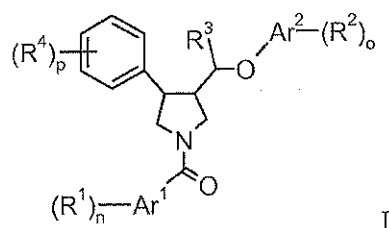
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Coupling according to general procedure I:

- Pyrrolidine intermediate: 2-[(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridine (XII-B-15)
- Carboxylic acid: 6-Methyl-pyridazine-4-carboxylic acid (commercially available),
- 15 ES-MS m/e: 491.2(M+H⁺).

Claims

1. A compound of formula



5 wherein

Ar¹ is aryl or a five or six membered heteroaryl;

Ar² is aryl or a five or six membered heteroaryl;

10 R¹ is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl substituted by halogen, lower alkoxy substituted by halogen, S-lower alkyl, -S(O)₂-lower alkyl, -S(O)₂-di-lower alkyl amino, -(CH₂)ₐR, cyano, amino, mono or di-lower alkyl amino, NHC(O)-lower alkyl, cycloalkyl or is or a five membered heteroaryl, optionally substituted by lower alkyl;

wherein R is cyano, di-lower alkyl amino or pyrrolidin-1-yl;

R² is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen or cyano;

15 R³ is hydrogen or lower alkyl or CH₂OH;

R⁴ is hydrogen, halogen, lower alkyl, lower alkyl substituted by halogen or cyano;

n is 1, 2 or 3; in case n is 2 or 3, R¹ may be the same or different;

o is 1, 2 or 3; in case o is 2 or 3, R² may be the same or different;

p is 1, 2 or 3; in case p is 2 or 3, R⁴ may be the same or different;

20 q is 1 or 2;

or a pharmaceutically active salt thereof, including individual diastereoisomers and enantiomers of the compound of formula (I) as well as racemic and non-racemic mixtures thereof.

25 2. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein Ar¹ is phenyl.

3. A compound of formula I according to claim 2, wherein the compounds are

4-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-benzonitrile

30 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(4-oxazol-5-yl-benzoyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile

- 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-[4-(3-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzoyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile
- 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-[4-(5-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-3-yl)-benzoyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile
- 5 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(4-[1,3,4]oxadiazol-2-yl-benzoyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile
- 6-((SR)-1-((3RS,4SR)-1-(4-cyano-2-fluoro-benzoyl)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)-ethoxy)-nicotinonitrile or
- {(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-((SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-[4-(3-methyl-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-phenyl]-methanone.
- 10

4. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein Ar¹ is pyridine-4-yl.

- 15 5. A compound of formula I according to claim 4, which compounds are [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyridin-4-yl)-methanone or (2-chloro-pyridin-4-yl)-{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-methanone.

20

6. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein Ar¹ is pyridine-3-yl.

7. A compound of formula I according to claim 6, which compounds are
- 25 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone
- [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-dimethylamino-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone
- [(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone
- 30 [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone
- 5-[(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile
- 35 [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-dimethylaminomethyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone

- [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methylsulfanyl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone
 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-cyano-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile
- 5 5-[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile
 5-[(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-carbonitrile
 5-[(3RS,4SR)-3-[(SR)-1-(5-cyano-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyridine-2-sulfonic acid dimethylamide
- 10 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-pyrazol-1-yl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile
 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methanesulfonyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile
- 15 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-imidazol-1-yl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile
 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(5-methyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile
 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-[6-(2,2,2-trifluoro-ethoxy)-pyridine-3-carbonyl]-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile
- 20 [(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-pyrazol-1-yl-pyridin-3-yl)-methanone
 (6-chloro-pyridin-3-yl)-[(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-methanone or
- 25 6-[(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-ethyl-5-methyl-pyridine-3-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy]-nicotinonitrile.

8. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein Ar¹ is a five membered heteroaryl.

30

9. A compound of formula I according to claim 8, which compound is [(3SR,4RS)-3-[(RS)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(1-cyclopropyl-2,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)-methanone.

35

10. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein Ar¹ is pyrimidin.

11. A compound of formula I according to claim 10, which compounds are
 [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-
 1-yl]-(2-methyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-methanone
 5 5-[(3S,4R)-3-[(R)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-
 phenyl)-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl]-pyrimidine-2-carbonitrile or
 (2-cyclopropyl-pyrimidin-5-yl)-{(3SR,4RS)-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-4-[(SR)-1-(5-
 trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl}-methanone.

12. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein Ar¹ is pyridazinyl.

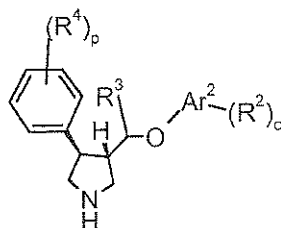
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13. A compound of formula I according to claim 12, wherein the compounds
 are

6-{(SR)-1-[(3RS,4SR)-4-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-
 pyrrolidin-3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
 15 [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-
 1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone
 {(3S,4R)-3-(4-chloro-3-fluoro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-
 pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone
 6-{(S)-1-[(3R,4S)-4-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-(6-methyl-pyridazine-4-carbonyl)-pyrrolidin-
 20 3-yl]-ethoxy}-nicotinonitrile
 [(3R,4S)-3-[(R)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-4-(3,4-dichloro-
 phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone
 [(3R,4S)-3-[(S)-1-(5-chloro-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-4-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-
 yl]-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone
 25 {(3S,4R)-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-4-[(S)-1-(5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-yloxy)-ethyl]-
 pyrrolidin-1-yl}-(6-methyl-pyridazin-4-yl)-methanone.

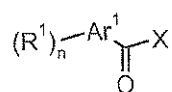
14. A process for preparation of the compound according to any one of claims 1-
 13, which process comprises

30 a) reacting a compound of formula

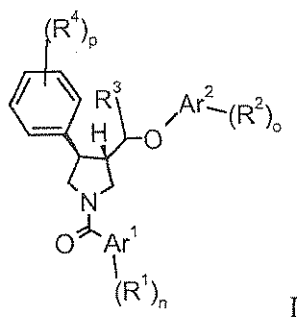


VII-1

with a compound of formula

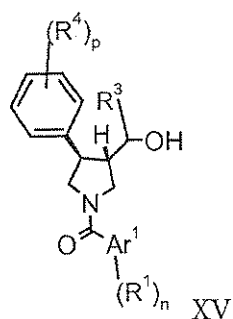


to a compound of formula

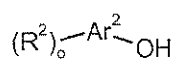


- 5 wherein the definitions have same meanings as described above and X is halogen, preferably chloro, or hydroxy, or

b) reacting a compound of formula

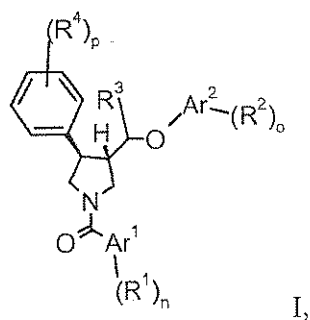


with a compound of formula



10

to a compound of formula



and

if desired, converting the compounds obtained into pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts.

15. A compound according to claim 1, whenever prepared by a process as claimed in claim 14 or by an equivalent method.

16. A medicament containing one or more compounds as claimed in any one of claims 1-13 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

17. A medicament according to claim 16 for the treatment of depression, pain, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).

18. The use of a compound as claimed in any one of claims 1-13 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of depression, pain, psychosis, Parkinson's disease, schizophrenia, anxiety or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD).
