

Abstract

A method for determining the resource consumption in the usage of a fluid, in particular water, withdrawn from a withdrawal site, determines the amount of fluid withdrawn from the withdrawal site during a withdrawal unit. The fluid quantity is based either on the fluid quantity of an individual withdrawal process or the fluid quantity of an overall withdrawal process combining several individual withdrawal processes. The overall withdrawal process is taken into account when the individual withdrawal processes take place in a time interval that is smaller than a predetermined time window.

15 Significant Figure: Fig. 1



162162



G00002