

Novel heteroaryl-triazole and heteroaryl-tetrazole compounds as pesticides

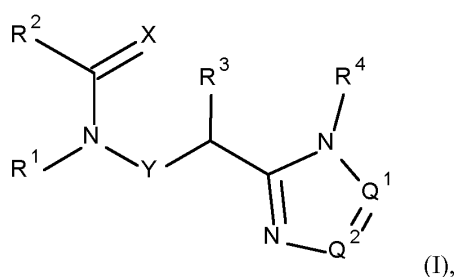
The present invention relates to novel heteroaryl-triazole and heteroaryl-tetrazole compounds, to formulations and compositions comprising such compounds and to their use in the control of animal pests including arthropods and insects in plant protection and to their use for the control of ectoparasites on animals.

Certain heteroaryl-triazole and heteroaryl-tetrazole compounds of formula I are disclosed for the use in controlling ectoparasites on animals in WO 2017/192385.

Modern plant protection products and veterinary ectoparasiticides have to meet many demands, for example in relation to efficacy, persistence, spectrum and resistance breaking properties. Questions of toxicity, the combinability with other active compounds or formulation auxiliaries play a role, as well as the question of the expense that the synthesis of an active compound requires. Furthermore, resistances may occur. For all these reasons, the search for novel crop protection compositions or veterinary ectoparasiticides cannot be considered to be complete, and there is a constant need for novel compounds having properties which, compared to the known compounds, are improved at least in respect of individual aspects.

It was an object of the present invention to provide compounds which widen the spectrum of the pesticides in various aspects.

The present invention therefore provides compounds of the general formula (I)



in which (Configuration 1-1):

X is O or S;

Q¹ and Q² are independently CR⁵ or N, provided at least one of Q¹ and Q² is N;

Y is a direct bond or CH₂;

- R¹ is hydrogen; C₁-C₆alkyl optionally substituted with one substituent selected from -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH, -NO₂ and -Si(CH₃)₃; C₁-C₆haloalkyl; C₂-C₆alkenyl; C₂-C₆haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆alkynyl; C₂-C₆haloalkynyl; C₃-C₄cycloalkyl-C₁-C₂alkyl- wherein the C₃-C₄cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or two halogen atoms; oxetan-3-yl-CH₂- or benzyl optionally substituted with halogen atoms or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;
- R² is phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is optionally substituted with one to three substituents, provided the substituent(s) are not on either carbon adjacent to the carbon bonded to the C=X-group, each independently selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, halogen, -NO₂, -SF₅, -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH and -C(S)NH₂;
- R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;
- R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with two to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;
- or
- R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with a total of one to three substituent(s), provided at least one and up to three substituent(s) are independently selected from group A consisting of -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₅-C₆cycloalkyl, substituted C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -NHCO-phenyl, wherein the

phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl; -N(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl)₂, -NH(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, and in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

the other one to two optional substituent(s) are each independently selected from group B consisting of halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

or

R⁴ is a 5-membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

or

- R^4 is a heterocyclic ring which is selected from the group consisting of 4- to 10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclyl, 9-membered heteroaryl and 10-membered heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, =O (oxo), hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -SF₅, -NH₂, in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfanyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;
- R^5 is hydrogen, halogen, -CN, or in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₃alkyl, C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃alkoxyC(O)-, (C₁-C₃alkoxy)₂CH-, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, or -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl.

The present invention furthermore provides compounds of the general formula (I)

in which (Configuration 1-2)

- X is O or S;
- Q^1 and Q^2 are independently CR⁵ or N, provided at least one of Q^1 and Q^2 is N;
- Y is a direct bond or CH₂;
- R^1 is hydrogen; C₁-C₆alkyl optionally substituted with one substituent selected from -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH, -NO₂ and -Si(CH₃)₃; C₁-C₆haloalkyl; C₂-C₆alkenyl; C₂-C₆haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆alkynyl; C₂-C₆haloalkynyl; C₃-C₄cycloalkyl-C₁-C₂alkyl- wherein the C₃-C₄cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or two halogen atoms; oxetan-3-yl-CH₂- or benzyl optionally substituted with halogen atoms or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

- R² is phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is optionally substituted with one to three substituents, provided the substituent(s) are not on either carbon adjacent to the carbon bonded to the C=X-group, each independently selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, halogen, -NO₂, -SF₅, -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH and -C(S)NH₂;
- R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;
- R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with two to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of
- halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -SO₂NH₂, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -SF₅, -NH₂;
- and in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆haloalkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₆alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)-C₁-C₆alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl;
- or
- R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with a total of one to three substituent(s), provided at least one and up to three substituent(s) are independently selected from group A consisting of
- CN, -COOH, -SO₂NH₂, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -SF₅, -NH₂, substituted C₃-C₄cycloalkyl;
- and C₁-C₃alkyl and C₁-C₃alkoxy, both substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of -NH₂, -OH, -NO₂, -CN, -SH, CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH₂, SF₅, -SO₂NH₂, C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₂-C₄alkenyl, C₅-C₆cycloalkenyl, C₂-C₄alkynyl, -NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, N-C₁-C₄alkanoylamino, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₄haloalkoxy, C₂-C₄alkenyloxy, C₂-C₄alkynyloxy, C₃-C₄cycloalkoxy, C₅-C₆cycloalkenyloxy, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyl, C₂-C₄alkenyloxycarbonyl, C₂-C₄alkynyloxycarbonyl, C₆-, C₁₀-, C₁₄-aryloxycarbonyl, C₁-

5 C₄alkanoyl, C₂-C₄alkenylcarbonyl, C₂-C₄alkynylcarbonyl, C₆-, C₁₀-, C₁₄-arylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄alkylthio, C₁-C₄haloalkylthio, C₃-C₄cycloalkylthio, C₂-C₄alkenylthio, C₅-C₆cycloalkenylthio, C₂-C₄alkynylthio, C₁-C₄alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄haloalkylsulfonyl, -SO₂-NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -SO₂-N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, C₁-C₄alkylphosphinyl, C₁-C₄alkylphosphonyl, *N*-C₁-C₄alkylaminocarbonyl, *N,N*-di-C₁-C₄alkylaminocarbonyl, *N*-C₁-C₄alkanoylaminocarbonyl, *N*-C₁-C₄alkanoyl-*N*-C₁-C₄alkylaminocarbonyl, C₆-, C₁₀-, C₁₄-aryl, C₆-, C₁₀-, C₁₄-aryloxy, benzyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio, C₆-, C₁₀-, C₁₄-arylthio, C₆-, C₁₀-, C₁₄-arylamino, benzylamino, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl and trialkylsilyl, and substituents bonded via a double bond, such as C₁-C₄alkylidene (e.g. methylenidene or ethylenidene), an oxo group, an imino group and a substituted imino group;

15 and in each case optionally substituted -CO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₅-C₆cycloalkyl, C₄-C₆alkyl, C₄-C₆haloalkyl, C₄-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfinyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkynylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkynylsulfinyl, C₂-C₄alkynylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, phenylsulfinyl, phenylsulfonyl, S-C₁-C₆alkylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkenylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkynylsulfinimidoyl, S-phenylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₁-C₆alkylsulfonimidoyl, S-C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkenylsulfonimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkynylsulfonimidoyl, S-phenylsulfonimidoyl, -NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₆alkyl-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CO-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-phenyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CO-phenyl, -NHCO-phenyl, -N(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -N(CO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -N(CO-phenyl)₂, -N(CO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(CO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)(CO-phenyl), -N(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl)(CO-phenyl), -CONH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -CONH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CON(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -CONH-SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -CONH-SO₂-phenyl, -CONH-SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-phenyl, -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CONH-phenyl, -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)phenyl, -CON(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)phenyl, -N(SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -N(SO₂-C₁-C₆haloalkyl)₂, -N(SO₂-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -N(SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -N(SO₂-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -NHSO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHSO₂-C₁-C₆haloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHSO₂-phenyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-

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phenyl, -NHSO₂-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂NH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -SO₂NH(phenyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)(phenyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₄cycloalkyl)(phenyl), -NHCS-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CS-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHCS-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CS-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-phenyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CS-phenyl, -NHCS-phenyl, -CSNH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -CSNH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CSN(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -CSNH-phenyl, -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)phenyl, -CSN(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)phenyl, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)-C₁-C₆alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl;

and the other one to two optional substituent(s) are each independently selected from group B consisting of

halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂;

and in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆haloalkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₆alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)-C₁-C₆alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl;

or

R⁴ is a 5-membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -SO₂NH₂, -NO₂, -SF₅, -NH₂;

and in each case optionally substituted -CO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆haloalkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfinyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfonyl, phenylsulfinyl, phenylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, S-C₁-C₆alkylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkenylsulfinimidoyl,

S-C₂-C₆alkynylsulfinimidoyl, S-phenylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₁-C₆alkylsulfonimidoyl, S-
 C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkenylsulfonimidoyl, S-C₂-
 C₆alkinylsulfonimidoyl, S-phenylsulfonimidoyl, -NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -
 NHCO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CO-C₁-
 5 C₆alkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl)CO-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-phenyl, -N(C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl)CO-phenyl, -NHCO-phenyl, -N(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -N(CO-C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -N(CO-phenyl)₂, -N(CO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(CO-
 10 C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)(CO-phenyl), -N(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl)(CO-phenyl), -CONH(C₁-C₆alkyl),
 -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -CONH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl),
 -CON(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -CONH-SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -CONH-SO₂-phenyl, -CONH-
 SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-
 15 phenyl, -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CONH-phenyl, -CON(C₁-
 C₆alkyl)phenyl, -CON(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)phenyl, -N(SO₂C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -N(SO₂C₁-
 C₆haloalkyl)₂, -N(SO₂C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -N(SO₂C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -N(SO₂C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -NHSO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHSO₂-C₁-C₆haloalkyl, -N(C₁-
 C₆alkyl)SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHSO₂-phenyl, -
 20 N(C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -NHSO₂-C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-(C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂NH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -
 SO₂NH(phenyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)(phenyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₆cycloalkyl)(phenyl), -
 25 NHCS-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CS-C₁-
 C₆alkyl, -NHCS-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl)CS-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-phenyl, -N(C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl)CS-phenyl, -NHCS-phenyl, -CSNH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -
 CSNH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CSN(C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -CSNH-phenyl, -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)phenyl, -CSN(C₃-
 C₆cycloalkyl)phenyl, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)-C₁-C₆alkyl, phenyl
 30 and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl;

or

R⁴ is a heterocyclic ring which is selected from the group consisting of 4- to 10-membered
 saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclyl, 9-membered heteroaryl and 10-membered
 heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted by one to three substituents
 35 independently selected from the group consisting of

halogen, =O (oxo), hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -SO₂NH₂, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -SF₅, -NH₂;

and in each case optionally substituted -CO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆haloalkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfinyl, C₂-C₄alkenylsulfonyl, C₂-C₄alkinylsulfinyl, C₂-C₄alkinylsulfonyl, phenylsulfinyl, phenylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, S-C₁-C₆alkylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkenylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkinylsulfinimidoyl, S-phenylsulfinimidoyl, S-C₁-C₆alkylsulfonimidoyl, S-C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkenylsulfonimidoyl, S-C₂-C₆alkinylsulfonimidoyl, S-phenylsulfonimidoyl, -NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CO-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-phenyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CO-phenyl, -NHCO-phenyl, -N(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -N(CO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -N(CO-phenyl)₂, -N(CO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl), -N(CO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)(CO-phenyl), -N(CO-C₁-C₆alkyl)(CO-phenyl), -CONH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -CONH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CON(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -CONH-SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -CONH-SO₂-phenyl, -CONH-SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-phenyl, -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)-SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CONH-phenyl, -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)phenyl, -CON(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)phenyl, -N(SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -N(SO₂-C₁-C₆haloalkyl)₂, -N(SO₂-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -N(SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -N(SO₂-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -NHSO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHSO₂-C₁-C₆haloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHSO₂-phenyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-phenyl, -NHSO₂-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)SO₂-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂NH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂NH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -SO₂N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -SO₂NH(phenyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₆alkyl)(phenyl), -SO₂N(C₁-C₄cycloalkyl)(phenyl), -NHCS-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CS-C₁-C₆alkyl, -NHCS-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CS-(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CS-phenyl, -N(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)CS-phenyl, -NHCS-phenyl, -CSNH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -CSNH(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl), -CSN(C₃-

C₆cycloalkyl)₂, -CSNH-phenyl, -CSN(C₁-C₆alkyl)phenyl, -CSN(C₃-C₆cycloalkyl)phenyl, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)-C₁-C₆alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl;

5 R⁵ is hydrogen, halogen, -CN, or in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, -C(O)C₁-C₆alkoxy, -CH(C₁-C₆alkoxy)₂, -CO₂C₁-C₆alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₆alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₆alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -N(C₁-C₆alkyl)CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)H, or -C(=NOC₁-C₆alkyl)-C₁-C₆alkyl.

10 The compounds of the formula (I) likewise encompass any diastereomers or enantiomers and E/Z isomers which exist, and also salts and N-oxides of compounds of the formula (I), and the use thereof for control of animal pests.

Preferred radical definitions for the formulae specified above and hereinafter are given below.

Preference (Configuration 2-1) is given to the compounds of the formula (I) in which

- X is O or S;
- 15 Q¹ and Q² are independently CR⁵ or N, provided at least one of Q¹ and Q² is N;
- Y is a direct bond or CH₂;
- 20 R¹ is hydrogen; C₁-C₆alkyl optionally substituted with one substituent selected from -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH, -NO₂ and -Si(CH₃)₃; C₁-C₆haloalkyl; C₂-C₆alkenyl; C₂-C₆haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆alkynyl; C₂-C₆haloalkynyl; C₃-C₄cycloalkyl-C₁-C₂alkyl- wherein the C₃-C₄cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or two halogen atoms; oxetan-3-yl-CH₂- or benzyl optionally substituted with halogen atoms or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;
- 25 R² is phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is optionally substituted with one to three substituents, provided the substituent(s) are not on either carbon adjacent to the carbon bonded to the C=X-group, each independently selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, halogen, -NO₂, -SF₅, -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH and -C(S)NH₂;
- 30 R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;
- R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with two to three substituents independently selected from the

group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₁-C₆alkyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

or

R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with a total of one to three substituent(s), provided at least one and up to three substituent(s) are independently selected from group A consisting of -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, substituted C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -NHCO-phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl; -N(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl)₂, -NH(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

the other one to two optional substituent(s) are each independently selected from group B consisting of halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the

phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

or

5 R⁴ is a 5-membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently
10 selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

or

15 R⁴ is a heterocyclic ring which is selected from the group consisting of 4- to 10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclyl, 9-membered heteroaryl and 10-membered heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, =O (oxo), hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -SF₅, -NH₂, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted
20 with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

25 R⁵ is hydrogen, halogen, -CN, C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkoxyC(O)-, (C₁-C₃alkoxy)₂CH-, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-

C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, or -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl.

Also preferred (Configuration 2-2) are the compounds of the formula (I) in which

5 X is O or S;

Q¹ and Q² are independently CR⁵ or N, provided at least one of Q¹ and Q² is N;

Y is a direct bond or CH₂;

10 R¹ is hydrogen; C₁-C₆alkyl optionally substituted with one substituent selected from -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH, -NO₂ and -Si(CH₃)₃; C₁-C₆haloalkyl; C₂-C₆alkenyl; C₂-C₆haloalkenyl; C₂-C₆alkynyl; C₂-C₆haloalkynyl; C₃-C₄cycloalkyl-C₁-C₂alkyl- wherein the C₃-C₄cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or two halogen atoms; oxetan-3-yl-CH₂- or benzyl optionally substituted with halogen atoms or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

15 R² is phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is optionally substituted with one to three substituents, provided the substituent(s) are not on either carbon adjacent to the carbon bonded to the C=X-group, each independently selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, halogen, -NO₂, -SF₅, -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH and -C(S)NH₂;

R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

20 R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with two to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

25 halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₁-C₆alkyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

30

and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

5 or

R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with a total of one to three substituent(s), provided at least one and up to three substituent(s) are independently selected from group A consisting of

10 -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₅-C₆cycloalkyl, substituted C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₁-C₄haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfanyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄haloalkyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄cyanoalkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, wherein the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, halogen, C₁-C₃alkyl and C₂-C₄haloalkenyl; -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -NHCO-phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl; -N(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl)₂, -NH(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -NHSO₂C₁-C₄haloalkyl, -NHCS-C₁-C₄alkyl, -NHCS-C₃-C₅cycloalkyl, -NHCS-C₁-C₄alkyl-C₃-C₅cycloalkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₅alkyl), wherein the alkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano and halogen; -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -CONH-C₃-C₅cycloalkyl, wherein the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano and halogen; -CON(C₁-C₅alkyl)(C₃-C₅cycloalkyl), CONH-phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano and halogen; -CONHSO₂-C₁-C₄alkyl, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

30 and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

the other one to two optional substituent(s) are each independently selected from group B consisting of

5 halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfanyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

10 and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

or

15 R⁴ is a 5-membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

20 halogen, hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfanyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

25 and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

or

30 R⁴ is a heterocyclic ring which is selected from the group consisting of 4- to 10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclyl, 9-membered heteroaryl and 10-membered heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

5 halogen, =O (oxo), hydroxy, -CN, -COOH, -CONH₂, -CSNH₂, -NO₂, -SF₃, -NH₂, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl-C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

10 and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl and C₁-C₄alkoxy;

15 R⁵ is hydrogen, halogen, -CN, C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, -C(O)C₁-C₃alkoxy, -CH(C₁-C₃alkoxy)₂, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, or -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl.

Further preferred (Configuration 3-1) are the compounds of the formula (I) in which

X is O or S;

20 Q¹ and Q² are independently CR⁵ or N, provided at least one of Q¹ and Q² is N;

Y is a direct bond or CH₂;

25 R¹ is hydrogen; C₁-C₃alkyl optionally substituted with one substituent selected from -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH, -NO₂ and -Si(CH₃)₃; C₁-C₃haloalkyl; C₂-C₄alkenyl; C₂-C₄haloalkenyl; C₂-C₄alkynyl; C₂-C₄haloalkynyl; C₃-C₄cycloalkyl-C₁-C₂alkyl- wherein the C₃-C₄cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or two halogen atoms; oxetan-3-yl-CH₂-; or benzyl optionally substituted with halogen atoms or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

30 R² is phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is optionally substituted with one to three substituents, provided the substituent(s) are not on either carbon adjacent to the carbon bonded to the C=X-group, each independently selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-

C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, halogen, -NO₂, -SF₅, -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH and -C(S)NH₂;

R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

5 R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with two to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkylthio, C₁-C₃alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

or

15 R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with a total of one to three substituent(s), provided at least one and up to three substituent(s) are independently selected from group A consisting of -CN, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, substituted C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkylthio, C₁-C₃alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, -NHCO-phenyl, 20 wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine and chlorine; -N(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl)₂, -NH(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl), -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

30 the other one to two optional substituent(s) are each independently selected from group B consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkylthio, C₁-C₃alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

or

5 R^4 is a 5-membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_3 haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_3 alkylthio, C_1 - C_3 alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_3 alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_3 haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_3 haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_3 haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO- C_1 - C_4 alkyl, -CONH(C_1 - C_4 alkyl), -CON(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁- C_4 alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁- C_4 alkyl)- C_1 - C_4 alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C_1 - C_6 alkyl and C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl

or

15 R^4 is a heterocyclic ring which is selected from the group consisting of 4- to 10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclyl, 9-membered heteroaryl and 10-membered heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, =O (oxo), -CN, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_3 alkoxy, C_1 - C_3 haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_3 alkylthio, C_1 - C_3 alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_3 alkylsulfonyl, C_3 - C_4 cycloalkylsulfonyl, C_3 - C_4 cycloalkylsulfinyl, C_3 - C_4 cycloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_3 haloalkylthio, C_1 - C_3 haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_3 haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO- C_1 - C_4 alkyl, -N(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)CO- C_1 - C_4 alkyl, -CONH(C_1 - C_4 alkyl), -CON(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁- C_4 alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁- C_4 alkyl)- C_1 - C_4 alkyl, phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C_1 - C_6 alkyl and C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl;

25 R^5 is hydrogen, halogen, -CN, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl, C_3 - C_4 cycloalkyl, or C_1 - C_3 alkoxy.

Also further preferred (Configuration 3-2) are the compounds of the formula (I) in which

X is O or S;

Q^1 and Q^2 are independently CR⁵ or N, provided at least one of Q^1 and Q^2 is N;

Y is a direct bond or CH₂;

30 R^1 is hydrogen; C_1 - C_3 alkyl optionally substituted with one substituent selected from -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH, -NO₂ and -Si(CH₃)₃; C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl; C_2 - C_4 alkenyl; C_2 - C_4 haloalkenyl;

C₂-C₄alkynyl; C₂-C₄haloalkynyl; C₃-C₄cycloalkyl-C₁-C₂alkyl- wherein the C₃-C₄cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or two halogen atoms; oxetan-3-yl-CH₂-; or benzyl optionally substituted with halogen atoms or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

5 R² is phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the phenyl, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is optionally substituted with one to three substituents, provided the substituent(s) are not on either carbon adjacent to the carbon bonded to the C=X-group, each independently selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, halogen, -NO₂, -SF₅, -CN, -CONH₂, -COOH and -C(S)NH₂;

10 R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl or C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with two to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

15 halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkylthio, C₁-C₃alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

20 and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

or

25 R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with a total of one to three substituent(s), provided at least one and up to three substituent(s) are independently selected from group A consisting of

30 -CONH₂, -CN, -NO₂, -NH₂, C₅-C₆cycloalkyl, substituted C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₁-C₄haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkylthio, C₁-C₃alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄haloalkyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄cyanoalkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, wherein the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, halogen, C₁-C₃alkyl and C₂-

C₄haloalkenyl; -NHCO-C₁-C₃alkyl-C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, -NHCO-phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine and chlorine; -N(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl)₂, -NH(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl), -NHSO₂C₁-C₄haloalkyl, -NHCS-C₁-C₄alkyl, -NHCS-C₃-C₅cycloalkyl, -NHCS-C₁-C₄alkyl-C₃-C₅cycloalkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₅alkyl), wherein the alkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano and halogen; -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -CONH-C₃-C₅cycloalkyl, wherein the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano and halogen; -CON(C₁-C₅alkyl)(C₃-C₅cycloalkyl), CONH-phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano and halogen; -CONHSO₂-C₁-C₄alkyl -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

the other one to two optional substituent(s) are each independently selected from group B consisting of

halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkylthio, C₁-C₃alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

or

R⁴ is a 5-membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkylthio, C₁-C₃alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl,

-CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

5 and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl

or

10 R⁴ is a heterocyclic ring which is selected from the group consisting of 4- to 10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclyl, 9-membered heteroaryl and 10-membered heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

15 halogen, =O (oxo), -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₃alkylthio, C₁-C₃alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₄cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₄cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₄cycloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylthio, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₃haloalkylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -N(C₁-C₄alkyl)CO-C₁-C₄alkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₄alkyl), -CON(C₁-C₄alkyl)₂, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)H, -C(=NOC₁-C₄alkyl)-C₁-C₄alkyl;

20 and phenyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents, each independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, -CN, C₁-C₆alkyl and C₁-C₃haloalkyl;

R⁵ is hydrogen, halogen, -CN, C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, or C₁-C₃alkoxy.

Particularly preferred (Configuration 4-1) are the compounds of the formula (I) in which

25 X is O or S;

Q¹ and Q² are independently CR⁵ or N, provided at least one of Q¹ and Q² is N;

Y is a direct bond or CH₂;

30 R¹ is hydrogen; C₁-C₃alkyl optionally substituted with -CN, -Si(CH₃)₃ or one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine or bromine; C₂-C₄alkenyl; C₂-C₄alkynyl; or C₃-C₄cycloalkyl-C₁-C₂alkyl- wherein the C₃-C₄cycloalkyl is

optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine and bromine;

5 R^2 is phenyl or pyridine, wherein the phenyl or pyridine is optionally substituted with one to three substituents, provided the substituent(s) are not on either carbon adjacent to the carbon bonded to the C=X group, each independently selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, -NO₂, -SF₅, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, difluoromethylthio, and trifluoromethylthio;

R^3 is C₁-C₃alkyl;

10 R^4 is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with two to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, methyl, cyclopropyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl and phenyl, wherein
15 the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

or

20 R^4 is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with a total of one to three substituent(s), provided at least one and up to three substituent(s) are independently selected from group A consisting of -CN, -NO₂, -NH₂, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₃alkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₅cycloalkyl, -NHCO-phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two
25 substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine and chlorine; -N(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl)₂, -CONH(C₁-C₃alkyl), -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl, phenyl and 5-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two
30 substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

the other one to two optional substituents are each independently selected from group B consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, methyl, cyclopropyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl,

methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl and phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

5 or

10 R^4 is a 5-membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, methyl, cyclopropyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl and phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

or

15 R^4 is a heterocyclic ring which is selected from the group consisting of 5-membered saturated heterocyclyl, 9-membered heteroaryl and 10-membered heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, =O (oxo), -CN, methyl, cyclopropyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl and phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

25 R^5 is hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, methyl, ethyl, iso-propyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, methoxy, or ethoxy.

Particular preference is also given (Configuration 4-2) to the compounds of the formula (I) in which

X is O or S;

30 Q^1 and Q^2 are independently CR^5 or N, provided at least one of Q^1 and Q^2 is N;

Y is a direct bond or CH_2 ;

- R¹ is hydrogen; C₁-C₃alkyl optionally substituted with -CN, -Si(CH₃)₃ or one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine or bromine; C₂-C₄alkenyl; C₂-C₄alkynyl; or C₃-C₄cycloalkyl-C₁-C₂alkyl- wherein the C₃-C₄cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine and bromine;
- R² is phenyl or pyridine, wherein the phenyl or pyridine is optionally substituted with one to three substituents, provided the substituent(s) are not on either carbon adjacent to the carbon bonded to the C=X group, each independently selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, -NO₂, -SF₃, methyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, heptafluoropropyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, difluoromethylthio, and trifluoromethylthio;
- R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl;
- R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with two to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, -CN, methyl, cyclopropyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl and phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;
- or
- R⁴ is pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine, wherein the pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrazine or pyridazine is substituted with a total of one to three substituent(s), provided at least one and up to three substituent(s) are independently selected from group A consisting of -CONH₂, -CN, -NO₂, -NH₂, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy, 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropoxy, 4,4,4-trifluorobutoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, methoxyiminomethyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₃alkyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₃haloalkyl, -NHCO-C₁-C₃cyanoalkyl, -NHCO-C₃-C₅cycloalkyl, wherein the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one to three

substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, fluorine, chlorine, methyl and C₂-C₄haloalkenyl; -NHCO-C₁-C₃alkyl-C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, -NHCO-phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine and chlorine; -N(SO₂C₁-C₃alkyl)₂, -NHSO₂C₁-C₃alkyl, -NHSO₂C₁-C₃haloalkyl, -NHCS-C₁-C₃alkyl, -NHCS-C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, -NHCS-C₁-C₃alkyl-C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, -CONH(C₁-C₅alkyl), wherein the alkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, fluorine and chlorine; -CON(C₁-C₃alkyl)₂, -CONH-C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, wherein the cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, fluorine and chlorine; -CON(C₁-C₃alkyl)(C₃-C₄cycloalkyl), -CONH-phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, fluorine and chlorine; -CONHSO₂-C₁-C₃alkyl, -CO₂C₁-C₄alkyl;

and phenyl and 5-membered heteroaryl, wherein the phenyl or 5-membered heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

the other one to two optional substituents are each independently selected from group B consisting of

fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, -CN, methyl, cyclopropyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl and phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

or

R⁴ is a 5-membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, -CN, methyl, cyclopropyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl,

trifluoromethylsulfonyl and phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

or

5 R⁴ is a heterocyclic ring which is selected from the group consisting of 5-membered saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclyl, 9-membered heteroaryl and 10-membered heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted by one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of

10 fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, =O (oxo), -CN, methyl, cyclopropyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, methylthio, methylsulfinyl, methylsulfonyl, difluoromethylthio, difluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl and phenyl, wherein the phenyl is optionally substituted with one to two substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, difluoromethyl and trifluoromethyl;

15

R⁵ is hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, -CN, methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, methoxy, or ethoxy.

Very particularly preferred (Configuration 5-1) are the compounds of the formula (I) in which

20 X is O;

Q¹ is N;

Q² is CR⁵;

Y is a direct bond;

R¹ is hydrogen or cyclopropyl-CH₂-;

25 R² 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-cyano-5-fluorophenyl, 3-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 4-chloro-3,5-difluorophenyl, 3-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl, 3-bromo-5-chlorophenyl, 3,5-dichlorophenyl, 3-chloro-5-(pentafluoro-λ6-sulfanyl)phenyl, 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, or 5-bromopyridin-3-yl;

- R³ is methyl;
- R⁴ is 4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl, 4-methoxy-6-methylpyrimidin-2-yl, 1,3-thiazol-2-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, [1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyridin-2-yl, 1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-2-yl, 5-cyanopyrimidin-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidin-2-yl, 5-(difluoromethoxy)pyrimidin-2-yl, 5-chloro-3-fluoropyridin-2-yl, 3,5-difluoropyridin-2-yl, 4-cyanopyridin-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl, 5-chloro-4-(difluoromethyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl, 1,1-dioxothiolan-3-yl, 5-(trifluoromethylthio)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)pyridin-2-yl, 5-nitropyridin-2-yl, 5-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl, 5-aminopyridin-2-yl, 5-(methoxycarbonyl)pyridin-2-yl, 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl, 5-(acetylamino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-[(cyclopropylcarbonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, 5-[(4-fluorobenzoyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl, 5-[bis(methylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl, 5-(methylcarbamoyl)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, 1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl, 5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]pyridin-2-yl, 4-(3-chlorophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, or 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl;

R⁵ is hydrogen or methyl.

Very particular preference is also given (Configuration 5-2) to the compounds of the formula (I) in which

- X is O or S;
- Q¹ is N;
- Q² is CR⁵;
- Y is a direct bond;
- R¹ is hydrogen, ethyl, cyclopropyl-CH₂-, 2-trimethylsilylethyl or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl;
- R² 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-cyano-5-fluorophenyl, 3-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 4-chloro-3,5-difluorophenyl, 3-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl, 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl, 3-bromo-5-chlorophenyl, 3,5-dichlorophenyl, 3-chloro-5-(pentafluoro-λ⁶-sulfanyl)phenyl, 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 5-bromopyridin-3-yl, 5-iodopyridin-3-yl, 5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl, 3-chloro-5-methoxyphenyl, 3-bromo-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-methoxy-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-chloro-5-

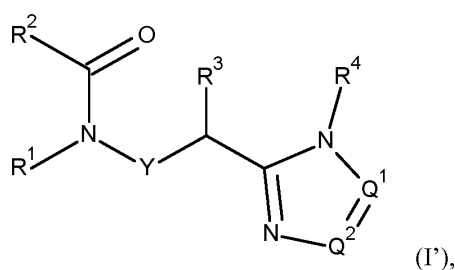
(difluoromethoxy)phenyl, 3-bromo-5-cyanophenyl, 3-cyano-5-(trifluoromethyl), 3-bromo-5-fluorophenyl, 3-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl, 3-chloro-5-nitrophenyl, 5,6-bis(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl, 5-chloropyridin-3-yl, 3-((1,2,2,2-tetrafluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl)phenyl, 6-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl, or 3-chlorophenyl;

5 R³ is methyl or ethyl;

R⁴ is 4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl, 4-methoxy-6-methylpyrimidin-2-yl, 1,3-thiazol-2-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, [1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyridin-2-yl, 1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl, 5-cyanopyridin-2-yl, 5-cyanopyrimidin-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidin-2-yl, 5-(difluoromethoxy)pyrimidin-2-yl, 5-chloro-3-fluoropyridin-2-yl, 3,5-difluoropyridin-2-yl, 10 4-cyanopyridin-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl, 5-chloro-4-(difluoromethyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl, 1,1-dioxothiolan-3-yl, 5-(trifluoromethylthio)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)pyridin-2-yl, 5-nitropyridin-2-yl, 5-(difluoromethoxy)pyridin-2-yl, 5-aminopyridin-2-yl, 5-(methoxycarbonyl)pyridin-2-yl, 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl, 5-(acetylamino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-[(cyclopropylcarbonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl, 4- 15 (4-chlorophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, 5-[(4-fluorobenzoyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl, 5-[bis(methylsulfonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl, 5-(methylcarbonyl)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl, 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, 1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl, 5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]pyridin-2-yl, 4- 20 (3-chlorophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-thiazol-2-yl, 5-(methylsulfonamido)pyridin-2-yl, 6-cyanopyridin-2-yl, 1,3-benzoxazol-2-yl, 6-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropoxy)pyridin-2-yl, N-cyclopropylpyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, 5-methylsulfonylpyridin-2-yl, 6-methylsulfonylpyridin-2-yl, 5-(methoxyiminomethyl)pyridin-2-yl, 5-((2,2,2-trifluoroacetyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-((2-cyanoacetyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-pyrazolylpyridin-2-yl, 4,5-dihydrothiazol-2-yl, 5-((1-cyanocyclopropylcarbonyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, 5-bromothiazol-2-yl, 4-(trifluoromethyl)thiazol-2-yl, 5- 25 (trifluoromethyl)thiazol-2-yl, 5-imidazolylpyridin-2-yl, 5-(1,2,4-triazolyl)pyridin-2-yl, 5-chlorothiazol-2-yl, 5-(trifluoromethylsulfonylamino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-((cyclopropylethylthioyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(cyclopropylcarbothioylamino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(2-methylpropylthioylamino)pyridin-2-yl, pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, 5-((1-chlorocyclopropylcarbonyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, N-(4-fluorophenyl)pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N-cyclopropyl-N-methylpyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N-methylsulfonylpyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N-(1-cyanocyclopropyl)pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, 5-iodothiazol-2-yl, 4-(2,4-difluorophenyl)thiazol-2-yl, N,N-dimethylpyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N,N-diethylpyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N-isobutylpyridin-2-yl-5-

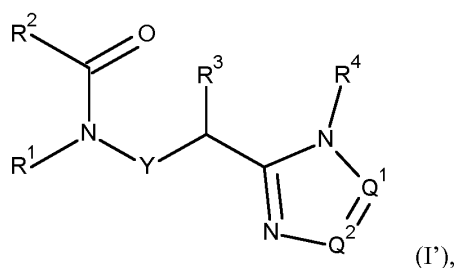
- carboxamide, 5-((2-cyclopropylacetyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-((2,2-difluorocyclopropylcarbonyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-((3,3-((Z)-2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoroprop-1-enyl)-2,2-dimethyl-cyclopropylcarbonyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(propanoylamino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-((3-chlorobenzoyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, 5-(4,4,4-trifluorobutoxy)pyridin-2-yl, N-ethyl-pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N-(1,2-dimethylpropyl)pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, 5-((2-chlorobenzoyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl, N-cyanomethyl-pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N-(2-chlorophenyl)-pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N-(4-chlorophenyl)-pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, N-(3-chlorophenyl)-pyridin-2-yl-5-carboxamide, or 4-pyrazol-1-yl-pyridin-2-yl;
- 10 R^5 is hydrogen, methyl, propyl or trifluoromethyl.

In a further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I')



- in which the structural elements Y, Q^1 , Q^2 , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 have the meanings given in Configuration (1-1) or in Configuration (2-1) or in Configuration (3-1) or in Configuration (4-1) or in Configuration (5-1).
- 15

In another further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I')



- in which the structural elements Y, Q^1 , Q^2 , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 have the meanings given in Configuration (1-2) or in Configuration (2-2) or in Configuration (3-2) or in Configuration (4-2) or in Configuration (5-2).
- 20

In further preferred embodiments of the compounds of the formula (I'), Q¹ represents N or CR⁵ and Q² represents N and all further structural elements Y, R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ have the meanings described above in Configuration (1-1) or in Configuration (2-1) or in Configuration (3-1) or in Configuration (4-1) or in Configuration (5-1).

- 5 In other further preferred embodiments of the compounds of the formula (I'), Q¹ represents N or CR⁵ and Q² represents N and all further structural elements Y, R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ have the meanings described above in Configuration (1-2) or in Configuration (2-2) or in Configuration (3-2) or in Configuration (4-2) or in Configuration (5-2).

- 10 In other further preferred embodiments of the compounds of the formula (I'), Q¹ represents N and Q² represents CR⁵ and all further structural elements Y, R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ have the meaning described above in Configuration (1-1) or in Configuration (2-1) or in Configuration (3-1) or in Configuration (4-1) or in Configuration (5-1).

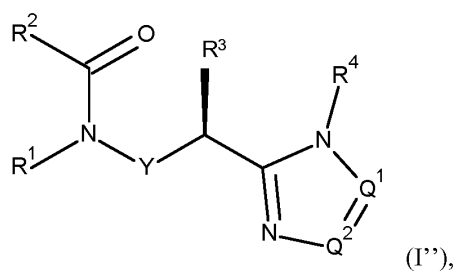
- 15 In other further preferred embodiments of the compounds of the formula (I'), Q¹ represents N and Q² represents CR⁵ and all further structural elements Y, R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ have the meaning described above in Configuration (1-2) or in Configuration (2-2) or in Configuration (3-2) or in Configuration (4-2) or in Configuration (5-2).

Among these, particular preference is given to the configurations shown below:

Compounds of the formula	with Q ¹ as per	with Q ² as per	all other structural elements as per
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (1-1)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (2-1)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (3-1)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (4-1)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (5-1)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (1-1)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (2-1)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (3-1)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (4-1)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (5-1)
I'	N	N	Configuration (1-1)
I'	N	N	Configuration (2-1)
I'	N	N	Configuration (3-1)
I'	N	N	Configuration (4-1)

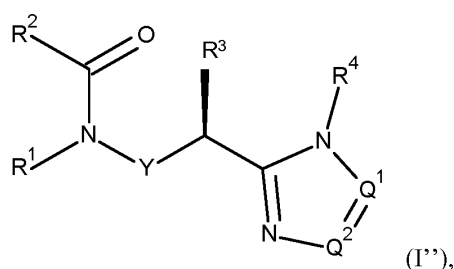
I'	N	N	Configuration (5-1)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (1-2)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (2-2)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (3-2)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (4-2)
I'	N	CR ⁵	Configuration (5-2)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (1-2)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (2-2)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (3-2)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (4-2)
I'	CR ⁵	N	Configuration (5-2)
I'	N	N	Configuration (1-2)
I'	N	N	Configuration (2-2)
I'	N	N	Configuration (3-2)
I'	N	N	Configuration (4-2)
I'	N	N	Configuration (5-2)

In a further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I'') in which R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl, especially preferred methyl, and



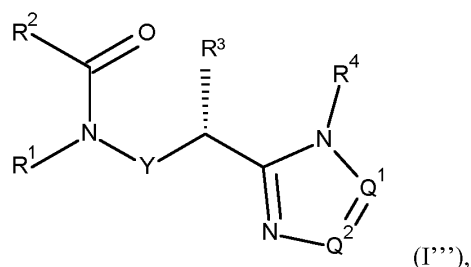
in which the structural elements Y, Q¹, Q², R¹, R², R⁴ and R⁵ have the meanings given in Configuration (1-1) or in Configuration (2-1) or in Configuration (3-1) or in Configuration (4-1) or in Configuration (5-1).

In another further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I'') in
5 which R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl, especially preferred methyl, and



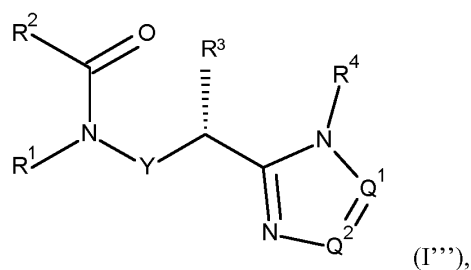
in which the structural elements Y, Q¹, Q², R¹, R², R⁴ and R⁵ have the meanings given in Configuration (1-2) or in Configuration (2-2) or in Configuration (3-2) or in Configuration (4-2) or in Configuration (5-2).

10 In a further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I''') in which R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl, especially preferred methyl, and



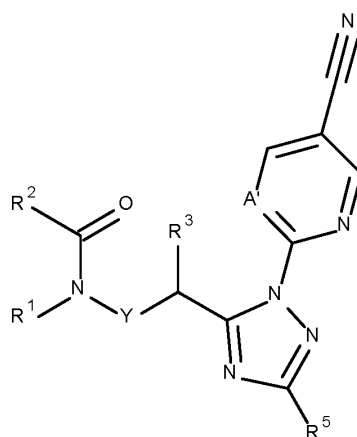
15 in which the structural elements Y, Q¹, Q², R¹, R², R⁴ and R⁵ have the meanings given in Configuration (1-1) or in Configuration (2-1) or in Configuration (3-1) or in Configuration (4-1) or in Configuration (5-1).

In another further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I''') in which R³ is C₁-C₃alkyl, especially preferred methyl, and



in which the structural elements Y, Q¹, Q², R¹, R², R⁴ and R⁵ have the meanings given in Configuration (1-2) or in Configuration (2-2) or in Configuration (3-2) or in Configuration (4-2) or in Configuration (5-2).

- 5 In a further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I'p1)



(I'p1),

in which Y is a direct bond and the structural elements A', R¹, R², R³ and R⁵ have the meanings given the following table:

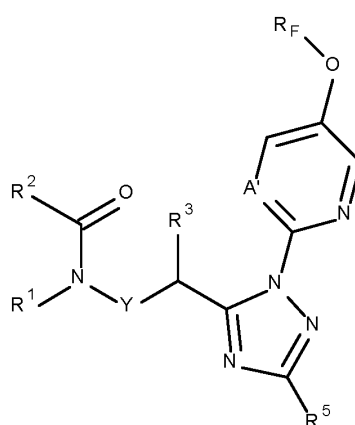
entry	A'	R ¹ meaning given in Configuration	R ² meaning given in Configuration	R ³ meaning given in Configuration	R ⁵ meaning given in Configuration
1	CH	4-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
2	CH	4-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
3	CH	4-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
4	CH	4-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
5	CH	4-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
6	CH	5-1	4-1	3-1	4-1

7	CH	5-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
8	CH	5-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
9	CH	5-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
10	CH	5-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
11	CH	4-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
12	CH	5-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
13	CH	4-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
14	CH	4-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
15	CH	4-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
16	CH	5-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
17	CH	5-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
18	CH	5-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
19	CH	5-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
20	CH	4-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
21	CH	5-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
22	CH	4-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
23	CH	4-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
24	CH	5-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
25	N	4-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
26	N	4-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
27	N	4-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
28	N	4-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
29	N	4-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
30	N	5-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
31	N	5-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
32	N	5-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
33	N	5-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
34	N	5-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
35	N	4-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
36	N	5-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
37	N	4-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
38	N	4-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
39	N	4-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
40	N	5-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
41	N	5-1	4-1	3-1	5-1

42	N	5-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
43	N	5-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
44	N	4-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
45	N	5-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
46	N	4-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
47	N	4-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
48	N	5-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
49	CH	4-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
50	CH	4-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
51	CH	4-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
52	CH	4-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
53	CH	4-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
54	CH	5-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
55	CH	5-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
56	CH	5-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
57	CH	5-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
58	CH	5-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
59	CH	4-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
60	CH	5-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
61	CH	4-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
62	CH	4-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
63	CH	4-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
64	CH	5-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
65	CH	5-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
66	CH	5-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
67	CH	5-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
68	CH	4-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
69	CH	5-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
70	CH	4-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
71	CH	4-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
72	CH	5-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
73	N	4-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
74	N	4-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
75	N	4-2	5-2	4-2	4-2

76	N	4-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
77	N	4-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
78	N	5-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
79	N	5-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
80	N	5-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
81	N	5-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
82	N	5-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
83	N	4-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
84	N	5-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
85	N	4-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
86	N	4-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
87	N	4-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
88	N	5-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
89	N	5-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
90	N	5-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
91	N	5-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
92	N	4-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
93	N	5-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
94	N	4-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
95	N	4-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
96	N	5-2	4-2	5-2	4-2

In a further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I'p2)



(I'p2),

in which Y is a direct bond and the structural elements A', R_F, R¹, R², R³ and R⁵ have the meanings given the following table:

entry	A'	R _F	R ¹ meaning given in Configuration	R ² meaning given in Configuration	R ³ meaning given in Configuration	R ⁵ meaning given in Configuration
1	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
2	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
3	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
4	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
5	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
6	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
7	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
8	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
9	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
10	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
11	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
12	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
13	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
14	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
15	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
16	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
17	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
18	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
19	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
20	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
21	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
22	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
23	CH	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
24	CH	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
25	N	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
26	N	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
27	N	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
28	N	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
29	N	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	5-1	5-1

30	N	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
31	N	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
32	N	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
33	N	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
34	N	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
35	N	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
36	N	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
37	N	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
38	N	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
39	N	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
40	N	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
41	N	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
42	N	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
43	N	CHF ₂	5-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
44	N	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
45	N	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
46	N	CHF ₂	4-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
47	N	CHF ₂	4-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
48	N	CHF ₂	5-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
49	CH	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
50	CH	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
51	CH	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
52	CH	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
53	CH	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
54	CH	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
55	CH	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
56	CH	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
57	CH	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
58	CH	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
59	CH	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
60	CH	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
61	CH	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
62	CH	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
63	CH	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
64	CH	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	4-1	5-1

65	CH	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
66	CH	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
67	CH	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
68	CH	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
69	CH	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
70	CH	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
71	CH	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
72	CH	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
73	N	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
74	N	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
75	N	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
76	N	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
77	N	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
78	N	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
79	N	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
80	N	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
81	N	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
82	N	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
83	N	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
84	N	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
85	N	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
86	N	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
87	N	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
88	N	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
89	N	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
90	N	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
91	N	CF ₃	5-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
92	N	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
93	N	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
94	N	CF ₃	4-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
95	N	CF ₃	4-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
96	N	CF ₃	5-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
97	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
98	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	3-2	4-2

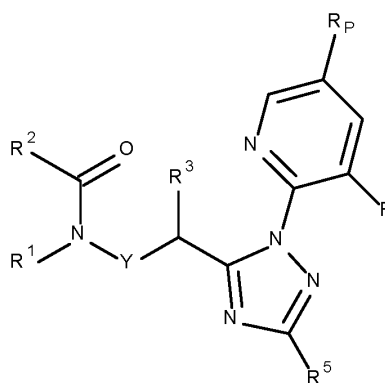
99	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
100	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
101	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
102	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
103	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
104	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
105	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
106	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
107	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
108	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
109	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
110	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
111	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
112	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
113	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
114	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
115	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
116	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
117	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
118	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
119	CH	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
120	CH	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
121	N	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
122	N	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
123	N	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
124	N	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
125	N	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
126	N	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
127	N	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
128	N	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
129	N	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
130	N	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
131	N	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
132	N	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
133	N	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	5-2	5-2

134	N	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
135	N	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
136	N	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
137	N	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
138	N	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
139	N	CHF ₂	5-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
140	N	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
141	N	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
142	N	CHF ₂	4-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
143	N	CHF ₂	4-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
144	N	CHF ₂	5-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
145	CH	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
146	CH	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
147	CH	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
148	CH	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
149	CH	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
150	CH	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
151	CH	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
152	CH	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
153	CH	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
154	CH	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
155	CH	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
156	CH	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
157	CH	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
158	CH	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
159	CH	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
160	CH	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
161	CH	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
162	CH	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
163	CH	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
164	CH	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
165	CH	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
166	CH	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
167	CH	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
168	CH	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	5-2	4-2

169	N	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
170	N	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
171	N	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
172	N	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
173	N	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
174	N	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	3-2	4-2
175	N	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	3-2	4-2
176	N	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	4-2	4-2
177	N	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	5-2	4-2
178	N	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
179	N	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
180	N	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	4-2	4-2
181	N	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
182	N	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
183	N	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
184	N	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
185	N	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	3-2	5-2
186	N	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
187	N	CF ₃	5-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
188	N	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	3-2	5-2
189	N	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	5-2	5-2
190	N	CF ₃	4-2	4-2	5-2	4-2
191	N	CF ₃	4-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
192	N	CF ₃	5-2	4-2	5-2	4-2

In a further preferred embodiment, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I'p3)

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(I'p3),

in which Y is a direct bond and the structural elements R_P , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^5 have the meanings given the following table:

entry	R_P	R^1 meaning given in Configuration	R^2 meaning given in Configuration	R^3 meaning given in Configuration	R^5 meaning given in Configuration
1	F	4-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
2	F	4-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
3	F	4-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
4	F	4-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
5	F	4-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
6	F	5-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
7	F	5-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
8	F	5-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
9	F	5-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
10	F	5-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
11	F	4-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
12	F	5-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
13	F	4-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
14	F	4-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
15	F	4-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
16	F	5-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
17	F	5-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
18	F	5-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
19	F	5-1	5-1	3-1	5-1

20	F	4-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
21	F	5-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
22	F	4-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
23	F	4-1	5-1	4-1	5-1
24	F	5-1	4-1	5-1	4-1
25	Cl	4-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
26	Cl	4-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
27	Cl	4-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
28	Cl	4-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
29	Cl	4-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
30	Cl	5-1	4-1	3-1	4-1
31	Cl	5-1	5-1	3-1	4-1
32	Cl	5-1	5-1	4-1	4-1
33	Cl	5-1	5-1	5-1	4-1
34	Cl	5-1	5-1	5-1	5-1
35	Cl	4-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
36	Cl	5-1	4-1	4-1	4-1
37	Cl	4-1	4-1	5-1	5-1
38	Cl	4-1	4-1	3-1	5-1
39	Cl	4-1	4-1	4-1	5-1
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43	Cl	5-1	5-1	3-1	5-1
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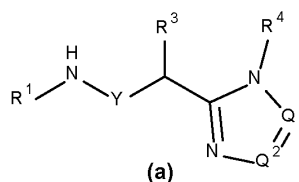
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197	I	4-2	5-2	5-2	5-2
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231	CN	4-2	4-2	4-2	5-2
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239	CN	4-2	5-2	4-2	5-2
240	CN	5-2	4-2	5-2	4-2

In accordance with a further aspect, the present invention covers intermediate compounds which are useful for the preparation of the compounds of general formula (I), *supra*.

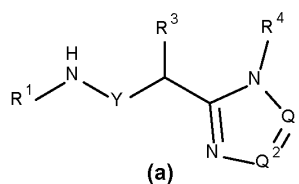
Particularly, the invention covers the intermediate compounds of general formula (a):



5

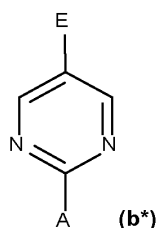
in which the structural elements Y, Q¹, Q², R¹, R³, R⁴ and R⁵ have the meaning given in Configuration (1-1) or in Configuration (2-1) or in Configuration (3-1) or in Configuration (4-1) or in Configuration (5-1) and wherein the compound of formula (a) is not N-{1-[1-(2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl)-1H-tetrazol-5-yl]propyl}prop-2-yn-1-amine.

10 Particularly, the invention also covers the intermediate compounds of general formula (a):



in which the structural elements Y, Q¹, Q², R¹, R³, R⁴ and R⁵ have the meaning given in Configuration (1-2) or in Configuration (2-2) or in Configuration (3-2) or in Configuration (4-2) or in Configuration (5-2) and wherein the compound of formula (a) is not N-{1-[1-(2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl)-1H-tetrazol-5-yl]propyl}prop-2-yn-1-amine.

- 5 Particularly, the invention covers the intermediate compounds of general formula (b*) and salts thereof:



in which

E is trifluoromethoxy or difluoromethoxy;

A is methylsulfonyl or hydrazinyl;

- 10 and wherein the compound of formula (b*) is not 5-(difluoromethoxy)-2-(methylsulfonyl)pyrimidine.

The invention also covers the intermediate 5-(difluoromethoxy)-2-hydrazinopyridine and salts thereof.

- The compounds of the formula (I) may possibly also, depending on the nature of the substituents, be in the form of stereoisomers, i.e. in the form of geometric and/or optical isomers or isomer mixtures of varying composition. This invention provides both the pure stereoisomers and any desired mixtures of these isomers, even though it is generally only compounds of the formula (I) that are discussed here.

However, preference is given in accordance with the invention to using the optically active, stereoisomeric forms of the compounds of the formula (I) and salts thereof.

The invention therefore relates both to the pure enantiomers and diastereomers and to mixtures thereof for controlling animal pests, including arthropods and particularly insects.

- 20 If appropriate, the compounds of the formula (I) may be present in various polymorphic forms or as a mixture of various polymorphic forms. Both the pure polymorphs and the polymorph mixtures are provided by the invention and can be used in accordance with the invention.

Definitions

The person skilled in the art is aware that, if not stated explicitly, the expressions "a" or "an" as used in the present application may, depending on the situation, mean "one (1)", "one (1) or more" or "at least one (1)".

- 5 For all the structures described herein, such as ring systems and groups, adjacent atoms must not be -O-O- or -O-S-.

Structures having a variable number of possible carbon atoms (C atoms) may be referred to in the present application as C_{lower limit of carbon atoms}-C_{upper limit of carbon atoms} structures (C_{LL}-C_{UL} structures), in order thus to be stipulated more specifically. Example: an alkyl group may consist of 3 to 10 carbon atoms and
10 in that case corresponds to C₃-C₁₀alkyl. Ring structures composed of carbon atoms and heteroatoms may be referred to as "LL- to UL-membered" structures. One example of a 6-membered ring structure is toluene (a 6-membered ring structure substituted by a methyl group).

If a collective term for a substituent, for example C_{LL}-C_{UL}alkyl, is at the end of a composite substituent, for example C_{LL}-C_{UL}cycloalkyl-C_{LL}-C_{UL}alkyl, the constituent at the start of the composite substituent,
15 for example the C_{LL}-C_{UL}cycloalkyl, may be mono- or polysubstituted identically or differently and independently by the latter substituent, for example C_{LL}-C_{UL}alkyl. All the collective terms used in this application for chemical groups, cyclic systems and cyclic groups can be stipulated more specifically through the addition "C_{LL}-C_{UL}" or "LL- to UL-membered".

In the definitions of the symbols given in the above formulae, collective terms which are generally
20 representative of the following substituents were used:

Halogen relates to elements of the 7th main group, preferably fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine, more preferably fluorine, chlorine and bromine, and even more preferably fluorine and chlorine.

Examples of heteroatom are N, O, S, P, B, Si. Preferably, the term "heteroatom" relates to N, S and O.

According to the invention, "alkyl" – on its own or as part of a chemical group – represents straight-
25 chain or branched hydrocarbons preferably having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, for example methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, s-butyl, t-butyl, pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 1-ethylpropyl, hexyl, 1-methylpentyl, 2-methylpentyl, 3-methylpentyl, 4-methylpentyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl, 1,4-dimethylbutyl, 2,3-dimethylbutyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 3,3-dimethylbutyl, 1,1,2-
30 trimethylpropyl, 1,2,2-trimethylpropyl, 1-ethylbutyl and 2-ethylbutyl. Preference is also given to alkyls having 1 to 4 carbon atoms such as, inter alia, methyl, ethyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, s-butyl or t-butyl. The inventive alkyls may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkenyl" – on its own or as part of a chemical group – represents straight-chain or branched hydrocarbons preferably having 2 to 6 carbon atoms and at least one double bond, for example vinyl, 2-propenyl, 2-butenyl, 3-butenyl, 1-methyl-2-propenyl, 2-methyl-2-propenyl, 2-pentenyl, 3-pentenyl, 4-pentenyl, 1-methyl-2-butenyl, 2-methyl-2-butenyl, 3-methyl-2-butenyl, 1-methyl-3-butenyl, 2-methyl-3-butenyl, 3-methyl-3-butenyl, 1,1-dimethyl-2-propenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-2-propenyl, 1-ethyl-2-propenyl, 2-hexenyl, 3-hexenyl, 4-hexenyl, 5-hexenyl, 1-methyl-2-pentenyl, 2-methyl-2-pentenyl, 3-methyl-2-pentenyl, 4-methyl-2-pentenyl, 3-methyl-3-pentenyl, 4-methyl-3-pentenyl, 1-methyl-4-pentenyl, 2-methyl-4-pentenyl, 3-methyl-4-pentenyl, 4-methyl-4-pentenyl, 1,1-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 1,1-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 1,3-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 1-ethyl-2-butenyl, 1-ethyl-3-butenyl, 2-ethyl-2-butenyl, 2-ethyl-3-butenyl, 1,1,2-trimethyl-2-propenyl, 1-ethyl-1-methyl-2-propenyl and 1-ethyl-2-methyl-2-propenyl. Preference is also given to alkenyls having 2 to 4 carbon atoms such as, inter alia, 2-propenyl, 2-butenyl or 1-methyl-2-propenyl. The inventive alkenyls may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkynyl" – on its own or as part of a chemical group – represents straight-chain or branched hydrocarbons preferably having 2 to 6 carbon atoms and at least one triple bond, for example 2-propynyl, 2-butyne, 3-butyne, 1-methyl-2-propynyl, 2-pentyne, 3-pentyne, 4-pentyne, 1-methyl-3-butyne, 2-methyl-3-butyne, 1-methyl-2-butyne, 1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl, 1-ethyl-2-propynyl, 2-hexynyl, 3-hexynyl, 4-hexynyl, 5-hexynyl, 1-methyl-2-pentyne, 1-methyl-3-pentyne, 1-methyl-4-pentyne, 2-methyl-3-pentyne, 2-methyl-4-pentyne, 3-methyl-4-pentyne, 4-methyl-2-pentyne, 1,1-dimethyl-3-butyne, 1,2-dimethyl-3-butyne, 2,2-dimethyl-3-butyne, 1-ethyl-3-butyne, 2-ethyl-3-butyne, 1-ethyl-1-methyl-2-propynyl and 2,5-hexadiynyl. Preference is also given to alkynyls having 2 to 4 carbon atoms such as, inter alia, ethynyl, 2-propynyl or 2-butyne-2-propenyl. The inventive alkynyls may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "cycloalkyl" – on its own or as part of a chemical group – represents mono-, bi- or tricyclic hydrocarbons preferably having 3 to 10 carbons, for example cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl, bicyclo[2.2.2]octyl or adamantyl. Preference is also given to cycloalkyls having 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 carbon atoms such as, inter alia, cyclopropyl or cyclobutyl. The inventive cycloalkyls may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkylcycloalkyl" represents mono-, bi- or tricyclic alkylcycloalkyl preferably having 4 to 10 or 4 to 7 carbon atoms, for example methylcyclopropyl, ethylcyclopropyl, isopropylcyclobutyl, 3-methylcyclopentyl and 4-methylcyclohexyl. Preference is also given to alkylcycloalkyls having 4, 5 or 7 carbon atoms such as, inter alia, ethylcyclopropyl or 4-

methylcyclohexyl. The inventive alkylcycloalkyls may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "cycloalkylalkyl" represents mono-, bi- or tricyclic cycloalkylalkyl preferably having 4 to 10 or 4 to 7 carbon atoms, for example cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl and cyclopentylethyl. Preference is also given to cycloalkylalkyls having 4, 5 or 7 carbon atoms such as, inter alia, cyclopropylmethyl or cyclobutylmethyl. The inventive cycloalkylalkyls may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "hydroxyalkyl" represents a straight-chain or branched alcohol preferably having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, for example methanol, ethanol, n-propanol, isopropanol, n-butanol, isobutanol, s-butanol and t-butanol. Preference is also given to hydroxyalkyl groups having 1 to 4 carbon atoms. The inventive hydroxyalkyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkoxy" represents a straight-chain or branched O-alkyl preferably having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, for example methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, isobutoxy, s-butoxy and t-butoxy. Preference is also given to alkoxy groups having 1 to 4 carbon atoms. The inventive alkoxy groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkylthio", or "alkylsulfanyl" represents straight-chain or branched S-alkyl preferably having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, for example methylthio, ethylthio, n-propylthio, isopropylthio, n-butylthio, isobutylthio, s-butylthio and t-butylthio. Preference is also given to alkylthio groups having 1 to 4 carbon atoms. The inventive alkylthio groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkylsulfinyl" represents straight-chain or branched alkylsulfinyl preferably having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, for example methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, n-propylsulfinyl, isopropylsulfinyl, n-butylsulfinyl, isobutylsulfinyl, s-butylsulfinyl and t-butylsulfinyl. Preference is also given to alkylsulfinyl groups having 1 to 4 carbon atoms. The inventive alkylsulfinyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals and embrace both enantiomers.

According to the invention, "alkylsulfonyl" represents straight-chain or branched alkylsulfonyl preferably having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, for example methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, n-propylsulfonyl, isopropylsulfonyl, n-butylsulfonyl, isobutylsulfonyl, s-butylsulfonyl and t-butylsulfonyl. Preference is also given to alkylsulfonyl groups having 1 to 4 carbon atoms. The inventive alkylsulfonyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "cycloalkylthio" or "cycloalkylsulfanyl" represents -S-cycloalkyl preferably having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, for example cyclopropylthio, cyclobutylthio, cyclopentylthio,

cyclohexylthio. Preference is also given to cycloalkylthio groups having 3 to 5 carbon atoms. The inventive cycloalkylthio groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "cycloalkylsulfinyl" represents -S(O)-cycloalkyl preferably having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, for example cyclopropylsulfinyl, cyclobutylsulfinyl, cyclopentylsulfinyl, cyclohexylsulfinyl. Preference is also given to cycloalkylsulfinyl groups having 3 to 5 carbon atoms. The inventive cycloalkylsulfinyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals and embrace both enantiomers.

According to the invention, "cycloalkylsulfonyl" represents -SO₂-cycloalkyl preferably having 3 to 6 carbon atoms, for example cyclopropylsulfonyl, cyclobutylsulfonyl, cyclopentylsulfonyl, cyclohexylsulfonyl. Preference is also given to cycloalkylsulfonyl groups having 3 to 5 carbon atoms. The inventive cycloalkylsulfonyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "phenylthio", or "phenylsulfanyl" represents -S-phenyl, for example phenylthio. The inventive phenylthio groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "phenylsulfinyl" represents -S(O)-phenyl, for example phenylsulfinyl. The inventive phenylsulfinyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals and embrace both enantiomers.

According to the invention, "phenylsulfonyl" represents -SO₂-phenyl for example phenylsulfonyl. The inventive phenylsulfonyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkylcarbonyl" represents straight-chain or branched alkyl-C(=O) preferably having 2 to 7 carbon atoms such as methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, n-propylcarbonyl, isopropylcarbonyl, s-butylcarbonyl and t-butylcarbonyl. Preference is also given to alkylcarbonyls having 1 to 4 carbon atoms. The inventive alkylcarbonyls may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkoxycarbonyl" - alone or as a constituent of a chemical group - represents straight-chain or branched alkoxycarbonyl, preferably having 1 to 6 carbon atoms or having 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the alkoxy moiety, for example methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, n-propoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, s-butoxycarbonyl and t-butoxycarbonyl. The inventive alkoxycarbonyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "alkylaminocarbonyl" represents straight-chain or branched alkylaminocarbonyl having preferably 1 to 6 carbon atoms or 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the alkyl moiety,

for example methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, n-propylaminocarbonyl, isopropylaminocarbonyl, s-butylaminocarbonyl and t-butylaminocarbonyl. The inventive alkylaminocarbonyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "*N,N*-dialkylaminocarbonyl" represents straight-chain or branched *N,N*-dialkylaminocarbonyl having preferably 1 to 6 carbon atoms or 1 to 4 carbon atoms in the alkyl moiety, for example *N,N*-dimethylaminocarbonyl, *N,N*-diethylaminocarbonyl, *N,N*-di(n-propylamino)carbonyl, *N,N*-di(isopropylamino)carbonyl and *N,N*-di(s-butylamino)carbonyl. The inventive *N,N*-dialkylaminocarbonyl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

According to the invention, "aryl" represents a mono-, bi- or polycyclic aromatic system having preferably 6 to 14, especially 6 to 10, ring carbon atoms, for example phenyl, naphthyl, anthryl, phenanthrenyl, preferably phenyl. In addition, aryl also represents polycyclic systems such as tetrahydronaphthyl, indenyl, indanyl, fluorenyl, biphenyl, where the bonding site is on the aromatic system. The inventive aryl groups may be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

Examples of substituted aryls are the arylalkyls, which may likewise be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals in the C₁-C₄alkyl and/or C₆-C₁₄aryl moiety. Examples of such arylalkyls include benzyl and phenyl-1-ethyl.

According to the invention, "heterocycle", "heterocyclic ring" or "heterocyclic ring system" represents a carbocyclic ring system having at least one ring in which at least one carbon atom is replaced by a heteroatom, preferably by a heteroatom from the group consisting of N, O, S, P, B, Si, Se, and which is saturated, unsaturated or heteroaromatic and may be unsubstituted or substituted, where the bonding site is on a ring atom. Unless defined differently, the heterocyclic ring contains preferably 3 to 9 ring atoms, especially 3 to 6 ring atoms, and one or more, preferably 1 to 4, especially 1, 2 or 3, heteroatoms in the heterocyclic ring, preferably from the group consisting of N, O, and S, although no two oxygen atoms should be directly adjacent. The heterocyclic rings usually contain not more than 4 nitrogen atoms and/or not more than 2 oxygen atoms and/or not more than 2 sulphur atoms. When the heterocyclic radical or the heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted, it may be fused to other carbocyclic or heterocyclic rings. In the case of optionally substituted heterocyclyl, the invention also embraces polycyclic systems, for example 8-azabicyclo[3.2.1]octanyl or 1-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl. In the case of optionally substituted heterocyclyl, the invention also embraces spirocyclic systems, for example 1-oxa-5-azaspiro[2.3]hexyl.

Inventive heterocyclyl groups are, for example, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, dihydropyranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, dioxanyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrrolidinyl, imidazoliny, imidazolidinyl, thiazolidinyl, oxazolidinyl, dioxolanyl, dioxolyl, pyrazolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, dihydrofuranyl,

oxetanyl, oxiranyl, azetidiny, aziridiny, oxazetidiny, oxaziridiny, oxazepanyl, oxazinanyl, azepanyl, oxopyrrolidiny, dioxopyrrolidiny, oxomorpholiny, oxopiperaziny and oxepanyl.

Of particular significance are heteroaryls, i.e. heteroaromatic systems. According to the invention, the term heteroaryl represents heteroaromatic compounds, i.e. completely unsaturated aromatic heterocyclic compounds which fall under the above definition of heterocycles. Preference is given to 5- to 7-membered rings having 1 to 3, preferably 1 or 2, identical or different heteroatoms from the group above. Inventive heteroaryls are, for example, furyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, 1,2,3- and 1,2,4-triazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, 1,2,3-, 1,3,4-, 1,2,4- and 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, azepiny, pyrrolyl, pyridyl, pyridaziny, pyrimidiny, pyraziny, 1,3,5-, 1,2,4- and 1,2,3-triaziny, 1,2,4-, 1,3,2-, 1,3,6- and 1,2,6-oxaziny, oxepiny, thiopiny, 1,2,4-triazolonyl and 1,2,4-diazepiny. The inventive heteroaryl groups may also be substituted by one or more identical or different radicals.

The term "(optionally) substituted" groups/substituents, such as a substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, phenyl, benzyl, heterocyclyl and heteroaryl radical, mean, for example, a substituted radical derived from the unsubstituted base structure, where the substituents, for example, one (1) substituent or a plurality of substituents, preferably 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7, are selected from a group consisting of amino, hydroxyl, halogen, nitro, cyano, isocyano, mercapto, isothiocyanato, C₁-C₄carboxyl, carbonamide, SF₅, aminosulphonyl, C₁-C₄alkyl, C₁-C₄haloalkyl C₃-C₄cycloalkyl, C₂-C₄alkenyl, C₅-C₆cycloalkenyl, C₂-C₄alkynyl, *N*-mono-C₁-C₄alkylamino, *N,N*-di-C₁-C₄alkylamino, *N*-C₁-C₄alkanoylamino, C₁-C₄alkoxy, C₁-C₄haloalkoxy, C₂-C₄alkenyloxy, C₂-C₄alkynyloxy, C₃-C₄cycloalkoxy, C₅-C₆cycloalkenyloxy, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyl, C₂-C₄alkenyloxycarbonyl, C₂-C₄alkynyloxycarbonyl, C₆-,C₁₀-,C₁₄-aryloxycarbonyl, C₁-C₄alkanoyl, C₂-C₄alkenylcarbonyl, C₂-C₄alkynylcarbonyl, C₆-,C₁₀-,C₁₄-arylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄alkylthio, C₁-C₄haloalkylthio, C₃-C₄cycloalkylthio, C₂-C₄alkenylthio, C₅-C₆cycloalkenylthio, C₂-C₄alkynylthio, C₁-C₄alkylsulfinyl, including both enantiomers of the C₁-C₄alkylsulfinyl group, C₁-C₄haloalkylsulfinyl, including both enantiomers of the C₁-C₄haloalkylsulfinyl group, C₁-C₄alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄haloalkylsulfonyl, *N*-mono-C₁-C₄alkylaminosulfonyl, *N,N*-di-C₁-C₄alkylaminosulfonyl, C₁-C₄alkylphosphiny, C₁-C₄alkylphosphonyl, including both enantiomers of C₁-C₄alkylphosphiny and C₁-C₄alkylphosphonyl, *N*-C₁-C₄alkylaminocarbonyl, *N,N*-di-C₁-C₄alkylaminocarbonyl, N-C₁-C₄alkanoylaminocarbonyl, N-C₁-C₄alkanoyl-N-C₁-C₄alkylaminocarbonyl, C₆-,C₁₀-,C₁₄-aryl, C₆-,C₁₀-,C₁₄-aryloxy, benzyl, benzyloxy, benzylthio, C₆-,C₁₀-,C₁₄-arylthio, C₆-,C₁₀-,C₁₄-arylamino, benzylamino, heterocyclyl and trialkylsilyl, substituents bonded via a double bond, such as C₁-C₄alkylidene (e.g. methylenide or ethylenide), an oxo group, an imino group and a substituted imino group. When two or more radicals form one or more rings, these may be carbocyclic, heterocyclic, saturated, partly saturated, unsaturated, for example including aromatic rings and with further substitution. The substituents mentioned by way of example ("first substituent level") may, if they contain hydrocarbonaceous components, optionally have further substitution therein ("second substituent level"), for example by one

or more of the substituents each independently selected from halogen, hydroxyl, amino, nitro, cyano, isocyano, azido, acylamino, an oxo group and an imino group. The term "(optionally) substituted" group preferably embraces just one or two substituent levels.

The inventive halogen-substituted chemical groups or halogenated groups (for example alkyl or alkoxy) are mono- or polysubstituted by halogen up to the maximum possible number of substituents. Such groups are also referred to as halo groups (for example haloalkyl). In the case of polysubstitution by halogen, the halogen atoms may be the same or different, and may all be bonded to one carbon atom or may be bonded to a plurality of carbon atoms. Halogen is especially fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine, preferably fluorine, chlorine or bromine and more preferably fluorine. More particularly, halogen-substituted groups are monohalocycloalkyl such as 1-fluorocyclopropyl, 2-fluorocyclopropyl or 1-fluorocyclobutyl, monohaloalkyl such as 2-chloroethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 1-chloroethyl, 1-fluoroethyl, chloromethyl, or fluoromethyl; perhaloalkyl such as trichloromethyl or trifluoromethyl or CF_2CF_3 , polyhaloalkyl such as difluoromethyl, 2-fluoro-2-chloroethyl, dichloromethyl, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl or 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl. Further examples of haloalkyls are trichloromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, chloromethyl, bromomethyl, 1-fluoroethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, 3,3,3-trifluoropropyl and pentafluoro-*t*-butyl. Preference is given to haloalkyls having 1 to 4 carbon atoms and 1 to 9, preferably 1 to 5, identical or different halogen atoms selected from fluorine, chlorine and bromine. Particular preference is given to haloalkyls having 1 or 2 carbon atoms and 1 to 5 identical or different halogen atoms selected from fluorine and chlorine, such as, inter alia, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or 2,2-difluoroethyl. Further examples of halogen-substituted compounds are haloalkoxy such as OCF_3 , OCHF_2 , OCH_2F , OCF_2CF_3 , OCH_2CF_3 , OCH_2CHF_2 und $\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$, haloalkylsulfanyls such as difluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylthio, trichloromethylthio, chlorodifluoromethylthio, 1-fluoroethylthio, 2-fluoroethylthio, 2,2-difluoroethylthio, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethylthio, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylthio or 2-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethylthio, haloalkylsulfinyls such as difluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, trichloromethylsulfinyl, chlorodifluoromethylsulfinyl, 1-fluoroethylsulfinyl, 2-fluoroethylsulfinyl, 2,2-difluoroethylsulfinyl, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethylsulfinyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylsulfinyl and 2-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethylsulfinyl, haloalkylsulfonyl groups such as difluoromethylsulfonyl, trifluoromethylsulfonyl, trichloromethylsulfonyl, chlorodifluoromethylsulfonyl, 1-fluoroethylsulfonyl, 2-fluoroethylsulfonyl, 2,2-difluoroethylsulfonyl, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethylsulfonyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylsulfonyl and 2-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethylsulfonyl.

In the case of radicals having carbon atoms, preference is given to those having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, especially 1 or 2 carbon atoms. Preference is generally given to substituents from the group of halogen,

e.g. fluorine and chlorine, (C₁-C₄)alkyl, preferably methyl or ethyl, (C₁-C₄)haloalkyl, preferably trifluoromethyl, (C₁-C₄)alkoxy, preferably methoxy or ethoxy, (C₁-C₄)haloalkoxy, nitro and cyano. Particular preference is given here to the substituents methyl, methoxy, fluorine and chlorine.

- Substituted amino such as mono- or disubstituted amino means a radical from the group of the substituted amino radicals which are *N*-substituted, for example, by one or two identical or different radicals from the group of alkyl, hydroxy, amino, alkoxy, acyl and aryl; preferably *N*-mono- and *N,N*-dialkylamino, (for example methylamino, ethylamino, *N,N*-dimethylamino, *N,N*-diethylamino, *N,N*-di-n-propylamino, *N,N*-diisopropylamino or *N,N*-dibutylamino), *N*-mono- or *N,N*-dialkoxyalkylamino groups (for example *N*-methoxymethylamino, *N*-methoxyethylamino, *N,N*-di(methoxymethyl)amino or *N,N*-di(methoxyethyl)amino), *N*-mono- and *N,N*-diarylamino, such as optionally substituted anilines, acylamino, *N,N*-diacylamino, *N*-alkyl-*N*-arylamino, *N*-alkyl-*N*-acylamino and also saturated *N*-heterocycles; preference is given here to alkyl radicals having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; here, aryl is preferably phenyl or substituted phenyl; for acyl, the definition given further below applies, preferably (C₁-C₄)-alkanoyl. The same applies to substituted hydroxylamino or hydrazino.
- Substituted amino also includes quaternary ammonium compounds (salts) having four organic substituents on the nitrogen atom.

- Optionally substituted phenyl is preferably phenyl which is unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted, preferably up to trisubstituted, by identical or different radicals from the group of halogen, (C₁-C₄)alkyl, (C₁-C₄)alkoxy, (C₁-C₄)alkoxy-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, (C₁-C₄)alkoxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, (C₁-C₄)haloalkyl, (C₁-C₄)haloalkoxy, (C₁-C₄)alkylthio, (C₁-C₄)haloalkylthio, (C₁-C₄)alkylsulfinyl (C₁-C₄) haloalkylsulfinyl, (C₁-C₄)alkylsulfonyl (C₁-C₄)haloalkylsulfonyl, cyano, isocyano and nitro, for example *o*-, *m*- and *p*-tolyl, dimethylphenyls, 2-, 3- and 4-chlorophenyl, 2-, 3- and 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- and 4-trifluoromethyl- and 4-trichloromethylphenyl, 2,4-, 3,5-, 2,5- and 2,3-dichlorophenyl, *o*-, *m*- and *p*-methoxyphenyl, 4-heptafluorophenyl.
- Optionally substituted cycloalkyl is preferably cycloalkyl which is unsubstituted or mono- or polysubstituted, preferably up to trisubstituted, by identical or different radicals from the group of halogen, cyano, (C₁-C₄)alkyl, (C₁-C₄)alkoxy, (C₁-C₄)alkoxy-(C₁-C₄)alkoxy, (C₁-C₄)alkoxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, (C₁-C₄)haloalkyl and (C₁-C₄)haloalkoxy, especially by one or two (C₁-C₄)alkyl radicals.

- Inventive compounds may occur in preferred embodiments. Individual embodiments described herein may be combined with one another. Not included are combinations which contravene the laws of nature and which the person skilled in the art would therefore rule out on the basis of his/her expert knowledge. Ring structures having three or more adjacent oxygen atoms, for example, are excluded.

Isomers

Depending on the nature of the substituents, the compounds of the formula (I) may be in the form of geometric and/or optically active isomers or corresponding isomer mixtures in different compositions. These stereoisomers are, for example, enantiomers, diastereomers, atropisomers or geometric isomers.

5 Accordingly, the invention encompasses both pure stereoisomers and any mixture of these isomers.

Methods and uses

The invention also relates to methods for controlling animal pests, in which compounds of the formula (I) are allowed to act on animal pests and/or their habitat. The control of the animal pests is preferably conducted in agriculture and forestry, and in material protection. Preferably excluded herefrom are
10 methods for the surgical or therapeutic treatment of the human or animal body and diagnostic methods carried out on the human or animal body.

The invention furthermore relates to the use of the compounds of the formula (I) as pesticides, in particular crop protection agents.

In the context of the present application, the term "pesticide" in each case also always comprises the
15 term "crop protection agent".

The compounds of the formula (I), having good plant tolerance, favourable homeotherm toxicity and good environmental compatibility, are suitable for protecting plants and plant organs against biotic and abiotic stressors, for increasing harvest yields, for improving the quality of the harvested material and for controlling animal pests, especially insects, arachnids, helminths, in particular nematodes, and
20 molluscs, which are encountered in agriculture, in horticulture, in animal husbandry, in aquatic cultures, in forests, in gardens and leisure facilities, in the protection of stored products and of materials, and in the hygiene sector.

Within the context of the present patent application, the term "hygiene" is understood to mean any and all measures, procedures and practices which aim to prevent disease, in particular infectious disease, and
25 which serve to protect the health of humans and animals and/or to protect the environment, and/or which maintain cleanliness. In accordance with the invention, this especially includes measures for cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation of, for example, textiles or hard surfaces, especially surfaces of glass, wood, concrete, porcelain, ceramics, plastic or also of metal(s), and for ensuring that these are kept free of hygiene pests and/or their excretions. Preferably excluded from the scope of the invention in this
30 regard are surgical or therapeutic treatment procedures applicable to the human body or to the bodies of animals and diagnostic procedures which are carried out on the human body or on the bodies of animals.

The term “hygiene sector” thus covers all areas, technical fields and industrial applications in which these hygiene measures, procedures and practices are important, in relation for example to hygiene in kitchens, bakeries, airports, bathrooms, swimming pools, department stores, hotels, hospitals, stables, animal husbandries, etc.

- 5 The term “hygiene pest” is therefore understood to mean one or more animal pests whose presence in the hygiene sector is problematic, in particular for health reasons. It is therefore a primary objective to avoid or minimize the presence of hygiene pests, and/or exposure to them, in the hygiene sector. This can be achieved in particular through the application of a pesticide that can be used both to prevent infestation and to tackle an infestation which is already present. Preparations which avoid or reduce exposure to pests can also be used. Hygiene pests include, for example, the organisms mentioned below.

The term “hygiene protection” thus covers all actions to maintain and/or improve these hygiene measures, procedures and practices.

- The compounds of the formula (I) can preferably be used as pesticides. They are active against normally sensitive and resistant species and against all or some stages of development. The abovementioned pests include:

- pests from the phylum of the Arthropoda, in particular from the class of the Arachnida, for example *Acarus* spp., for example *Acarus siro*, *Aceria kuko*, *Aceria sheldoni*, *Aculops* spp., *Aculus* spp., for example *Aculus fockeui*, *Aculus schlechtendali*, *Amblyomma* spp., *Amphitetranynchus viennensis*, *Argas* spp., *Boophilus* spp., *Brevipalpus* spp., for example *Brevipalpus phoenicis*, *Bryobia graminum*, *Bryobia praetiosa*, *Centruroides* spp., *Choriotopes* spp., *Dermanyssus gallinae*, *Dermatophagoides pteronyssinus*, *Dermatophagoides farinae*, *Dermacentor* spp., *Eotetranychus* spp., for example *Eotetranychus hicoriae*, *Epitrimerus pyri*, *Eutetranychus* spp., for example *Eutetranychus banksi*, *Eriophyes* spp., for example *Eriophyes pyri*, *Glycyphagus domesticus*, *Halotydeus destructor*, *Hemitarsonemus* spp., for example *Hemitarsonemus latus* (=Polyphagotarsonemus latus), *Hyalomma* spp., *Ixodes* spp., *Latrodectus* spp., *Loxosceles* spp., *Neutrombicula autumnalis*, *Nuphessa* spp., *Oligonychus* spp., for example *Oligonychus coffeae*, *Oligonychus coniferarum*, *Oligonychus ilicis*, *Oligonychus indicus*, *Oligonychus mangiferus*, *Oligonychus pratensis*, *Oligonychus punicae*, *Oligonychus yothersi*, *Ornithodorus* spp., *Ornithonyssus* spp., *Panonychus* spp., for example *Panonychus citri* (=Metatetranychus citri), *Panonychus ulmi* (=Metatetranychus ulmi), *Phyllocoptruta oleivora*, *Platytetranychus multidigituli*, *Polyphagotarsonemus* spp., *Psoroptes* spp., *Rhipicephalus* spp., *Rhizoglyphus* spp., *Sarcoptes* spp., *Scorpio maurus*, *Steneotarsonemus* spp., *Steneotarsonemus spinki*, *Tarsonemus* spp., for example *Tarsonemus confusus*, *Tarsonemus pallidus*, *Tetranychus* spp., for example *Tetranychus canadensis*, *Tetranychus cinnabarinus*, *Tetranychus turkestani*, *Tetranychus urticae*, *Trombicula alfreddugesi*, *Vaejovis* spp., *Vasates lycopersici*;

from the class of the Chilopoda, for example *Geophilus* spp., *Scutigera* spp.;

from the order or the class of the Collembola, for example *Onychiurus armatus*; *Sminthurus viridis*;

from the class of the Diplopoda, for example *Blaniulus guttulatus*;

from the class of the Insecta, for example from the order of the Blattodea, for example *Blatta orientalis*,
 5 *Blattella asahinai*, *Blattella germanica*, *Leucophaea maderae*, *Loboptera decipiens*, *Neostylopyga rhombifolia*, *Panchlora* spp., *Parcoblatta* spp., *Periplaneta* spp., for example *Periplaneta americana*, *Periplaneta australasiae*, *Pycnoscelus surinamensis*, *Supella longipalpa*;

from the order of the Coleoptera, for example *Acalymma vittatum*, *Acanthoscelides obtectus*, *Adoretus* spp., *Aethina tumida*, *Agelastica alni*, *Agrilus* spp., for example *Agrilus planipennis*, *Agrilus coxalis*,
 10 *Agrilus bilineatus*, *Agrilus anxius*, *Agriotes* spp., for example *Agriotes linneatus*, *Agriotes mancus*, *Alphitobius diaperinus*, *Amphimallon solstitialis*, *Anobium punctatum*, *Anoplophora* spp., for example *Anoplophora glabripennis*, *Anthonomus* spp., for example *Anthonomus grandis*, *Anthrenus* spp., *Apion* spp., *Apogonia* spp., *Atomaria* spp., for example *Atomaria linearis*, *Attagenus* spp., *Baris caerulescens*, *Bruchidius obtectus*, *Bruchus* spp., for example *Bruchus pisorum*, *Bruchus rufimanus*, *Cassida* spp.,
 15 *Cerotoma trifurcata*, *Ceutorrhynchus* spp., for example *Ceutorrhynchus assimilis*, *Ceutorrhynchus quadridens*, *Ceutorrhynchus rapae*, *Chaetocnema* spp., for example *Chaetocnema confinis*, *Chaetocnema denticulata*, *Chaetocnema ectypa*, *Cleonus mendicus*, *Conoderus* spp., *Cosmopolites* spp., for example *Cosmopolites sordidus*, *Costelytra zealandica*, *Ctenicera* spp., *Curculio* spp., for example *Curculio caryae*, *Curculio caryatrypes*, *Curculio obtusus*, *Curculio sayi*, *Cryptolestes ferrugineus*, *Cryptolestes*
 20 *pusillus*, *Cryptorhynchus lapathi*, *Cryptorhynchus mangiferae*, *Cylindrocopturus* spp., *Cylindrocopturus adpersus*, *Cylindrocopturus furnissi*, *Dendroctonus* spp., for example *Dendroctonus ponderosae*, *Dermestes* spp., *Diabrotica* spp., for example *Diabrotica balteata*, *Diabrotica barberi*, *Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi*, *Diabrotica undecimpunctata undecimpunctata*, *Diabrotica virgifera virgifera*, *Diabrotica virgifera zea*, *Dichocrocis* spp., *Dicladispa armigera*, *Diloboderus* spp., *Epicaerus* spp.,
 25 *Epilachna* spp., for example *Epilachna borealis*, *Epilachna varivestis*, *Epitrix* spp., for example *Epitrix cucumeris*, *Epitrix fuscata*, *Epitrix hirtipennis*, *Epitrix subcrinita*, *Epitrix tuberis*, *Faustinus* spp., *Gibbium psylloides*, *Gnathocerus cornutus*, *Hellula undalis*, *Heteronychus arator*, *Heteronyx* spp., *Hylamorpha elegans*, *Hylotrupes bajulus*, *Hypera postica*, *Hypomeces squamosus*, *Hypothenemus* spp., for example *Hypothenemus hampei*, *Hypothenemus obscurus*, *Hypothenemus pubescens*, *Lachnosterna*
 30 *consanguinea*, *Lasioderma serricorne*, *Latheticus oryzae*, *Lathridius* spp., *Lema* spp., *Leptinotarsa decemlineata*, *Leucoptera* spp., for example *Leucoptera coffeella*, *Limonius ectypus*, *Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus*, *Listronotus* (= *Hyperodes*) spp., *Lixus* spp., *Luperodes* spp., *Luperomorpha xanthodera*, *Lyctus* spp., *Megacyllene* spp., for example *Megacyllene robiniae*, *Megascelis* spp., *Melanotus* spp., for example *Melanotus longulus oregonensis*, *Meligethes aeneus*, *Melolontha* spp., for example *Melolontha*
 35 *melolontha*, *Migdolus* spp., *Monochamus* spp., *Naupactus xanthographus*, *Necrobia* spp.,

Neogalerucella spp., Niptus hololeucus, Oryctes rhinoceros, Oryzaephilus surinamensis, Oryzaphagus oryzae, Otiorhynchus spp., for example Otiorhynchus cribricollis, Otiorhynchus ligustici, Otiorhynchus ovatus, Otiorhynchus rugosostriatus, Otiorhynchus sulcatus, Oulema spp., for example Oulema melanopus, Oulema oryzae, Oxycetonia jucunda, Phaedon cochleariae, Phyllophaga spp., Phyllophaga helleri, Phyllotreta spp., for example Phyllotreta armoraciae, Phyllotreta pusilla, Phyllotreta ramosa, Phyllotreta striolata, Popillia japonica, Premnotypes spp., Prostophanus truncatus, Psylliodes spp., for example Psylliodes affinis, Psylliodes chrysocephala, Psylliodes punctulata, Ptinus spp., Rhizobius ventralis, Rhizopertha dominica, Rhynchophorus spp., Rhynchophorus ferrugineus, Rhynchophorus palmarum, Scolytus spp., for example Scolytus multistriatus, Sinoxylon perforans, Sitophilus spp., for example Sitophilus granarius, Sitophilus linearis, Sitophilus oryzae, Sitophilus zeamais, Sphenophorus spp., Stegobium paniceum, Sternechus spp., for example Sternechus paludatus, Symphyletes spp., Tanymericus spp., for example Tanymericus dilaticollis, Tanymericus indicus, Tanymericus palliatus, Tenebrio molitor, Tenebrioides mauretanicus, Tribolium spp., for example Tribolium audax, Tribolium castaneum, Tribolium confusum, Trogoderma spp., Tychius spp., Xylotrechus spp., Zabrus spp., for example Zabrus tenebrioides;

from the order of the Dermaptera, for example Anisolabis maritime, Forficula auricularia, Labidura riparia;

from the order of the Diptera, for example Aedes spp., for example Aedes aegypti, Aedes albopictus, Aedes sticticus, Aedes vexans, Agromyza spp., for example Agromyza frontella, Agromyza parvicornis, Anastrepha spp., Anopheles spp., for example Anopheles quadrimaculatus, Anopheles gambiae, Asphondylia spp., Bactrocera spp., for example Bactrocera cucurbitae, Bactrocera dorsalis, Bactrocera oleae, Bibio hortulanus, Calliphora erythrocephala, Calliphora vicina, Ceratitis capitata, Chironomus spp., Chrysomya spp., Chrysops spp., Chrysosoma pluvialis, Cochliomya spp., Contarinia spp., for example Contarinia johnsoni, Contarinia nasturtii, Contarinia pyrivora, Contarinia schulzi, Contarinia sorghicola, Contarinia tritici, Cordylobia anthropophaga, Cricotopus sylvestris, Culex spp., for example Culex pipiens, Culex quinquefasciatus, Culicoides spp., Culiseta spp., Cuterebra spp., Dacus oleae, Dasineura spp., for example Dasineura brassicae, Delia spp., for example Delia antiqua, Delia coarctata, Delia florilega, Delia platura, Delia radicum, Dermatobia hominis, Drosophila spp., for example Drosophila melanogaster, Drosophila suzukii, Echinocnemus spp., Euleia heraclei, Fannia spp., Gasterophilus spp., Glossina spp., Haematopota spp., Hydrellia spp., Hydrellia griseola, Hylemya spp., Hippobosca spp., Hypoderma spp., Liriomyza spp., for example Liriomyza brassicae, Liriomyza huidobrensis, Liriomyza sativae, Lucilia spp., for example Lucilia cuprina, Lutzomyia spp., Mansonia spp., Musca spp., for example Musca domestica, Musca domestica vicina, Oestrus spp., Oscinella frit, Paratanytarsus spp., Paralauterborniella subcineta, Pegomya or Pegomyia spp., for example Pegomya betae, Pegomya hyoscyami, Pegomya rubivora, Phlebotomus spp., Phorbia spp., Phormia spp., Piophil casei, Platyparea poeciloptera, Prodiptosis spp., Psila rosae, Rhagoletis spp., for example Rhagoletis

cingulata, Rhagoletis completa, Rhagoletis fausta, Rhagoletis indifferens, Rhagoletis mendax, Rhagoletis pomonella, Sarcophaga spp., Simulium spp., for example Simulium meridionale, Stomoxys spp., Tabanus spp., Tetanops spp., Tipula spp., for example Tipula paludosa, Tipula simplex, Toxotrypana curvicauda;

- 5 from the order of the Hemiptera, for example Acizzia acaciaebaileyanae, Acizzia dodonaeae, Acizzia uncatoides, Acrida turrita, Acyrthosipon spp., for example Acyrthosiphon pisum, Acrogonia spp., Aeneolamia spp., Agonosцена spp., Aleurocanthus spp., Aleyrodes proletella, Aleurolobus barodensis, Aleurothrixus floccosus, Allocaridara malayensis, Amrasca spp., for example Amrasca bigutulla, Amrasca devastans, Anuraphis cardui, Aonidiella spp., for example Aonidiella aurantii, Aonidiella
- 10 citrina, Aonidiella inornata, Aphanostigma piri, Aphis spp., for example Aphis citricola, Aphis craccivora, Aphis fabae, Aphis forbesi, Aphis glycines, Aphis gossypii, Aphis hederace, Aphis illinoisensis, Aphis middletoni, Aphis nasturtii, Aphis nerii, Aphis pomi, Aphis spiraeicola, Aphis viburniphila, Arboridia apicalis, Azyrtainilla spp., Aspidiella spp., Aspidiotus spp., for example Aspidiotus nerii, Atanus spp., Aulacorthum solani, Bemisia tabaci, Blastopsylla occidentalis,
- 15 Boreioglycaspis melaleucae, Brachycaudus helichrysi, Brachycolus spp., Brevicoryne brassicae, Cacopsylla spp., for example Cacopsylla pyricola, Calligypona marginata, Capulinia spp., Carneocephala fulgida, Ceratovacuna lanigera, Cercopidae, Ceroplastes spp., Chaetosiphon fragaefolii, Chionaspis tegalensis, Chlorita onukii, Chondracris rosea, Chromaphis juglandicola, Chrysomphalus aonidium, Chrysomphalus ficus, Cicadulina mbila, Coccomytilus halli, Coccus spp., for example Coccus
- 20 hesperidum, Coccus longulus, Coccus pseudomagnoliarum, Coccus viridis, Cryptomyzus ribis, Cryptoneossa spp., Ctenarytaina spp., Dalbulus spp., Dialeurodes chittendeni, Dialeurodes citri, Diaphorina citri, Diaspis spp., Diuraphis spp., Doralis spp., Drosicha spp., Dysaphis spp., for example Dysaphis apiifolia, Dysaphis plantaginea, Dysaphis tulipae, Dysmicoccus spp., Empoasca spp., for example Empoasca abrupta, Empoasca fabae, Empoasca maligna, Empoasca solana, Empoasca stevensi,
- 25 Eriosoma spp., for example Eriosoma americanum, Eriosoma lanigerum, Eriosoma pyricola, Erythroneura spp., Eucalyptolyma spp., Euphyllura spp., Euscelis bilobatus, Ferrisia spp., Fiorinia spp., Furcaspis oceanica, Geococcus coffeae, Glycaspis spp., Heteropsylla cubana, Heteropsylla spinulosa, Homalodisca coagulata, Hyalopterus arundinis, Hyalopterus pruni, Icerya spp., for example Icerya purchasi, Idiocerus spp., Idioscopus spp., Laodelphax striatellus, Lecanium spp., for example Lecanium corni (=Parthenolecanium corni), Lepidosaphes spp., for example Lepidosaphes ulmi, Lipaphis erysimi, Lopholeucaspis japonica, Lycorma delicatula, Macrosiphum spp., for example Macrosiphum euphorbiae, Macrosiphum lili, Macrosiphum rosae, Macrosteles facifrons, Mahanarva spp., Melanaphis
- 30 sacchari, Metcalfiella spp., Metcalfa pruinosa, Metopolophium dirhodum, Monellia costalis, Monelliopsis pecanis, Myzus spp., for example Myzus ascalonicus, Myzus cerasi, Myzus ligustri, Myzus ornatus, Myzus persicae, Myzus nicotianae, Nasonovia ribisnigri, Neomaskellia spp., Nephotettix spp., for example Nephotettix cincticeps, Nephotettix nigropictus, Nettletoniella spectra, Nilaparvata lugens, Oncometopia spp., Orthezia praelonga, Oxya chinensis, Pachypsylla spp.,

Parabemisia myricae, Paratrioza spp., for example Paratrioza cockerelli, Parlatoria spp., Pemphigus spp., for example Pemphigus bursarius, Pemphigus populivenae, Peregrinus maidis, Perkinsiella spp., Phenacoccus spp., for example Phenacoccus madeirensis, Phloeomyzus passerinii, Phorodon humuli, Phylloxera spp., for example Phylloxera devastatrix, Phylloxera notabilis, Pinnaspis aspidistrae, Planococcus spp., for example Planococcus citri, Prosopidopsylla flava, Protopulvinaria pyriformis, Pseudaulacaspis pentagona, Pseudococcus spp., for example Pseudococcus calceolariae, Pseudococcus comstocki, Pseudococcus longispinus, Pseudococcus maritimus, Pseudococcus viburni, Psyllopsis spp., Psylla spp., for example Psylla buxi, Psylla mali, Psylla pyri, Pteromalus spp., Pulvinaria spp., Pyrilla spp., Quadraspidiotus spp., for example Quadraspidiotus juglansregiae, Quadraspidiotus ostreaeformis, Quadraspidiotus perniciosus, Quesada gigas, Rastrococcus spp., Rhopalosiphum spp., for example Rhopalosiphum maidis, Rhopalosiphum oxyacanthae, Rhopalosiphum padi, Rhopalosiphum rufiabdominale, Saissetia spp., for example Saissetia coffeae, Saissetia miranda, Saissetia neglecta, Saissetia oleae, Scaphoideus titanus, Schizaphis graminum, Selenaspidus articulatus, Siphia flava, Sitobion avenae, Sogata spp., Sogatella furcifera, Sogatodes spp., Stictocephala festina, Siphoninus phillyreae, Tenalaphara malayensis, Tetragnonocephala spp., Tinocallis caryaefoliae, Tomaspis spp., Toxoptera spp., for example Toxoptera aurantii, Toxoptera citricidus, Trialeurodes vaporariorum, Trioza spp., for example Trioza diospyri, Typhlocyba spp., Unaspis spp., Viteus vitifolii, Zygina spp.;

from the suborder of the Heteroptera, for example Aelia spp., Anasa tristis, Antestiopsis spp., Boisea spp., Blissus spp., Calocoris spp., Campylomma livida, Cavelerius spp., Cimex spp., for example Cimex adjunctus, Cimex hemipterus, Cimex lectularius, Cimex pilosellus, Collaria spp., Creontiades dilutus, Dasynus piperis, Dichelops furcatus, Diconocoris hewetti, Dysdercus spp., Euschistus spp., for example Euschistus heros, Euschistus servus, Euschistus tristigmus, Euschistus variolarius, Eurydema spp., Eurygaster spp., Halyomorpha halys, Heliopeltis spp., Horcias nobilellus, Leptocoris spp., Leptocoris varicornis, Leptoglossus occidentalis, Leptoglossus phyllopus, Lygocoris spp., for example Lygocoris pabulinus, Lygus spp., for example Lygus elisus, Lygus hesperus, Lygus lineolaris, Macropes excavatus, Megacopta cribraria, Miridae, Monalonion atratum, Nezara spp., for example Nezara viridula, Nysius spp., Oebalus spp., Pentomidae, Piesma quadrata, Piezodorus spp., for example Piezodorus guildinii, Psallus spp., Pseudacysta persea, Rhodnius spp., Sahlbergella singularis, Scaptocoris castanea, Scotinophora spp., Stephanitis nashi, Tibraca spp., Triatoma spp.;

from the order of the Hymenoptera, for example Acromyrmex spp., Athalia spp., for example Athalia rosae, Atta spp., Camponotus spp., Dolichovespula spp., Diprion spp., for example Diprion similis, Hoplocampa spp., for example Hoplocampa cookei, Hoplocampa testudinea, Lasius spp., Linepithema (Iridomyrmex) humile, Monomorium pharaonis, Paratrechina spp., Paravespula spp., Plagiolepis spp., Sirex spp., for example Sirex noctilio, Solenopsis invicta, Tapinoma spp., Technomyrmex albipes, Urocetus spp., Vespa spp., for example Vespa crabro, Wasmannia auropunctata, Xeris spp.;

from the order of the Isopoda, for example *Armadillidium vulgare*, *Oniscus asellus*, *Porcellio scaber*;

from the order of the Isoptera, for example *Coptotermes* spp., for example *Coptotermes formosanus*, *Cornitermes cumulans*, *Cryptotermes* spp., *Incisitermes* spp., *Kaloterms* spp., *Microtermes obesi*, *Nasutitermes* spp., *Odontotermes* spp., *Porotermes* spp., *Reticulitermes* spp., for example *Reticulitermes flavipes*, *Reticulitermes hesperus*;

from the order of the Lepidoptera, for example *Achroia grisella*, *Acronicta major*, *Adoxophyes* spp., for example *Adoxophyes orana*, *Aedia leucomelas*, *Agrotis* spp., for example *Agrotis segetum*, *Agrotis ipsilon*, *Alabama* spp., for example *Alabama argillacea*, *Amyelois transitella*, *Anarsia* spp., *Anticarsia* spp., for example *Anticarsia gemmatilis*, *Argyroplote* spp., *Autographa* spp., *Barathra brassicae*, *Blastodacna atra*, *Borbo cinnara*, *Bucculatrix thurberiella*, *Bupalus piniarius*, *Busseola* spp., *Cacoecia* spp., *Caloptilia theivora*, *Capua reticulana*, *Carpocapsa pomonella*, *Carposina niponensis*, *Cheimatobia brumata*, *Chilo* spp., for example *Chilo plejadellus*, *Chilo suppressalis*, *Choreutis pariana*, *Choristoneura* spp., *Chrysodeixis chalcites*, *Clysia ambiguella*, *Cnaphalocerus* spp., *Cnaphalocrocis medinalis*, *Cnephasia* spp., *Conopomorpha* spp., *Conotrachelus* spp., *Copitarsia* spp., *Cydia* spp., for example *Cydia nigricana*, *Cydia pomonella*, *Dalaca noctuoides*, *Diaphania* spp., *Diparopsis* spp., *Diatraea saccharalis*, *Dioryctria* spp., for example *Dioryctria zimmermani*, *Earias* spp., *Ecdytolopha aurantium*, *Elasmopalpus lignosellus*, *Eldana saccharina*, *Ephestia* spp., for example *Ephestia elutella*, *Ephestia kuehniella*, *Epilotia* spp., *Epiphyas postvittana*, *Erannis* spp., *Erschoviella musculana*, *Etiella* spp., *Eudocima* spp., *Eulia* spp., *Eupoecilia ambiguella*, *Euproctis* spp., for example *Euproctis chrysorrhoea*, *Euxoa* spp., *Feltia* spp., *Galleria mellonella*, *Gracillaria* spp., *Grapholitha* spp., for example *Grapholitha molesta*, *Grapholitha prunivora*, *Hedylepta* spp., *Helicoverpa* spp., for example *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Helicoverpa zea*, *Heliothis* spp., for example *Heliothis virescens*, *Hofmannophila pseudospretella*, *Homocosoma* spp., *Homona* spp., *Hyponomeuta padella*, *Kakivoria flavofasciata*, *Lampides* spp., *Laphygma* spp., *Laspeyresia molesta*, *Leucinodes orbonalis*, *Leucoptera* spp., for example *Leucoptera coffeella*, *Lithocolletis* spp., for example *Lithocolletis blancardella*, *Lithophane antennata*, *Lobesia* spp., for example *Lobesia botrana*, *Loxagrotis albicosta*, *Lymantria* spp., for example *Lymantria dispar*, *Lyonetia* spp., for example *Lyonetia clerkella*, *Malacosoma neustria*, *Maruca testulalis*, *Mamestra brassicae*, *Melanitis leda*, *Mocis* spp., *Monopis obviella*, *Mythimna separata*, *Nemapogon cloacellus*, *Nymphula* spp., *Oiketicus* spp., *Omphisa* spp., *Operophtera* spp., *Oria* spp., *Orthaga* spp., *Ostrinia* spp., for example *Ostrinia nubilalis*, *Panolis flammea*, *Parnara* spp., *Pectinophora* spp., for example *Pectinophora gossypiella*, *Perileucoptera* spp., *Phthorimaea* spp., for example *Phthorimaea operculella*, *Phyllocnistis citrella*, *Phyllonorycter* spp., for example *Phyllonorycter blancardella*, *Phyllonorycter crataegella*, *Pieris* spp., for example *Pieris rapae*, *Platynota stultana*, *Plodia interpunctella*, *Plusia* spp., *Plutella xylostella* (= *Plutella maculipennis*), *Podesia* spp., for example *Podesia syringae*, *Prays* spp., *Prodenia* spp., *Protoparce* spp., *Pseudaletia* spp., for example *Pseudaletia unipuncta*, *Pseudoplusia includens*, *Pyrausta nubilalis*, *Rachiplusia nu*, *Schoenobius* spp., for example *Schoenobius bipunctifer*,

Scirpophaga spp., for example *Scirpophaga innotata*, *Scotia segetum*, *Sesamia* spp., for example *Sesamia inferens*, *Sparganothis* spp., *Spodoptera* spp., for example *Spodoptera eradiana*, *Spodoptera exigua*, *Spodoptera frugiperda*, *Spodoptera praefica*, *Stathmopoda* spp., *Stenoma* spp., *Stomopteryx subsecivella*, *Synanthedon* spp., *Tecia solanivora*, *Thaumetopoea* spp., *Thermesia gemmatilis*, *Tinea* cloacella, *Tinea pellionella*, *Tineola bisselliella*, *Tortrix* spp., *Trichophaga tapetzella*, *Trichoplusia* spp., for example *Trichoplusia ni*, *Tryporyza incertulas*, *Tuta absoluta*, *Virachola* spp.;

from the order of the Orthoptera or Saltatoria, for example *Acheta domesticus*, *Dichroplus* spp., *Gryllotalpa* spp., for example *Gryllotalpa gryllotalpa*, *Hieroglyphus* spp., *Locusta* spp., for example *Locusta migratoria*, *Melanoplus* spp., for example *Melanoplus devastator*, *Paratlanticus ussuriensis*, *Schistocerca gregaria*;

from the order of the Phthiraptera, for example *Damalinea* spp., *Haematopinus* spp., *Linognathus* spp., *Pediculus* spp., *Phylloxera vastatrix*, *Phthirus pubis*, *Trichodectes* spp.;

from the order of the Psocoptera, for example *Lepinotus* spp., *Liposcelis* spp.;

from the order of the Siphonaptera, for example, *Ceratophyllus* spp., *Ctenocephalides* spp., for example *Ctenocephalides canis*, *Ctenocephalides felis*, *Pulex irritans*, *Tunga penetrans*, *Xenopsylla cheopis*;

from the order of the Thysanoptera, for example *Anaphothrips obscurus*, *Baliothrips biformis*, *Chaetanaphothrips leeuweni*, *Drepanothrips reuteri*, *Enneothrips flavens*, *Frankliniella* spp., for example *Frankliniella fusca*, *Frankliniella occidentalis*, *Frankliniella schultzei*, *Frankliniella tritici*, *Frankliniella vaccinii*, *Frankliniella williamsi*, *Haplothrips* spp., *Heliothrips* spp., *Hercinothrips femoralis*, *Kakothrips* spp., *Rhipiphorothrips cruentatus*, *Scirtothrips* spp., *Taeniothrips cardamomi*, *Thrips* spp., for example *Thrips palmi*, *Thrips tabaci*;

from the order of the Zygentoma (= Thysanura), for example *Ctenolepisma* spp., *Lepisma saccharina*, *Lepismodes inquilinus*, *Thermobia domestica*;

from the class of the Symphyla, for example *Scutigera* spp., for example *Scutigera immaculata*;

pests from the phylum of the Mollusca, for example from the class of the Bivalvia, for example *Dreissena* spp.,

and also from the class of the Gastropoda, for example *Arion* spp., for example *Arion ater rufus*, *Biomphalaria* spp., *Bulinus* spp., *Deroceras* spp., for example *Deroceras laeve*, *Galba* spp., *Lymnaea* spp., *Oncomelania* spp., *Pomacea* spp., *Succinea* spp.;

plant pests from the phylum of the Nematoda, i.e. phytoparasitic nematodes, in particular *Aglenchus* spp., for example *Aglenchus agricola*, *Anguina* spp., for example *Anguina tritici*, *Aphelenchoides* spp.,

for example *Aphelenchoides arachidis*, *Aphelenchoides fragariae*, *Belonolaimus* spp., for example *Belonolaimus gracilis*, *Belonolaimus longicaudatus*, *Belonolaimus nortoni*, *Bursaphelenchus* spp., for example *Bursaphelenchus cocophilus*, *Bursaphelenchus eremus*, *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus*, *Cacopaurus* spp., for example *Cacopaurus pestis*, *Criconemella* spp., for example *Criconemella curvata*,
 5 *Criconemella onoensis*, *Criconemella ornata*, *Criconemella rusium*, *Criconemella xenoplax* (= *Mesocriconema xenoplax*), *Criconemoides* spp., for example *Criconemoides ferniae*, *Criconemoides onoense*, *Criconemoides ornatum*, *Ditylenchus* spp., for example *Ditylenchus dipsaci*, *Dolichodorus* spp., *Globodera* spp., for example *Globodera pallida*, *Globodera rostochiensis*, *Helicotylenchus* spp., for example *Helicotylenchus dihystra*, *Hemicriconemoides* spp., *Hemicycliophora* spp., *Heterodera* spp.,
 10 for example *Heterodera avenae*, *Heterodera glycines*, *Heterodera schachtii*, *Hirschmaniella* spp., *Hoplolaimus* spp., *Longidorus* spp., for example *Longidorus africanus*, *Meloidogyne* spp., for example *Meloidogyne chitwoodi*, *Meloidogyne fallax*, *Meloidogyne hapla*, *Meloidogyne incognita*, *Meloinema* spp., *Nacobbus* spp., *Neotylenchus* spp., ., *Paralongidorus* spp., *Paraphelenchus* spp., *Paratrichodorus* spp., for example *Paratrichodorus minor*, *Paratylenchus* spp., *Pratylenchus* spp., for example
 15 *Pratylenchus penetrans*, *Pseudohalenchus* spp., *Psilenchus* spp., *Punctodera* spp., *Quinisulcius* spp., *Radopholus* spp., for example *Radopholus citrophilus*, *Radopholus similis*, *Rotylenchulus* spp., *Rotylenchus* spp., *Scutellonema* spp., *Subanguina* spp., *Trichodorus* spp., for example *Trichodorus obtusus*, *Trichodorus primitivus*, *Tylenchorhynchus* spp., for example *Tylenchorhynchus annulatus*, *Tylenchulus* spp., for example *Tylenchulus semipenetrans*, *Xiphinema* spp., for example *Xiphinema*
 20 index.

The compounds of the formula (I) can optionally, at certain concentrations or application rates, also be used as herbicides, safeners, growth regulators or agents to improve plant properties, as microbicides or gametocides, for example as fungicides, antimycotics, bactericides, viricides (including agents against viroids) or as agents against MLO (mycoplasma-like organisms) and RLO (rickettsia-like organisms). If
 25 appropriate, they can also be used as intermediates or precursors for the synthesis of other active compounds.

Formulations

The present invention further relates to formulations and use forms prepared therefrom as pesticides, for example drench, drip and spray liquors, comprising at least one compound of the formula (I). In some
 30 cases, the use forms comprise further pesticides and/or adjuvants which improve action, such as penetrants, e.g. vegetable oils, for example rapeseed oil, sunflower oil, mineral oils, for example paraffin oils, alkyl esters of vegetable fatty acids, for example rapeseed oil methyl ester or soya oil methyl ester, or alkanol alkoxylates and/or spreaders, for example alkylsiloxanes and/or salts, for example organic or inorganic ammonium or phosphonium salts, for example ammonium sulphate or diammonium
 35 hydrogenphosphate and/or retention promoters, for example dioctyl sulphosuccinate or hydroxypropyl

guar polymers and/or humectants, for example glycerol and/or fertilizers, for example ammonium-, potassium- or phosphorus-containing fertilizers.

Customary formulations are, for example, water-soluble liquids (SL), emulsion concentrates (EC), emulsions in water (EW), suspension concentrates (SC, SE, FS, OD), water-dispersible granules (WG), granules (GR) and capsule concentrates (CS); these and further possible formulation types are described, for example, by Crop Life International and in Pesticide Specifications, Manual on development and use of FAO and WHO specifications for pesticides, FAO Plant Production and Protection Papers – 173, prepared by the FAO/WHO Joint Meeting on Pesticide Specifications, 2004, ISBN: 9251048576. The formulations, in addition to one or more compounds of the formula (I), optionally comprise further agrochemically active compounds.

These are preferably formulations or use forms which comprise auxiliaries, for example extenders, solvents, spontaneity promoters, carriers, emulsifiers, dispersants, frost protectants, biocides, thickeners and/or further auxiliaries, for example adjuvants. An adjuvant in this context is a component which enhances the biological effect of the formulation, without the component itself having any biological effect. Examples of adjuvants are agents which promote retention, spreading, attachment to the leaf surface or penetration.

These formulations are prepared in a known way, for example by mixing the compounds of the formula (I) with auxiliaries such as, for example, extenders, solvents and/or solid carriers and/or other auxiliaries such as, for example, surfactants. The formulations are prepared either in suitable facilities or else before or during application.

The auxiliaries used may be substances suitable for imparting special properties, such as certain physical, technical and/or biological properties, to the formulation of the compounds of the formula (I), or to the use forms prepared from these formulations (for example ready-to-use pesticides such as spray liquors or seed dressing products).

Suitable extenders are, for example, water, polar and nonpolar organic chemical liquids, for example from the classes of the aromatic and non-aromatic hydrocarbons (such as paraffins, alkylbenzenes, alkylnaphthalenes, chlorobenzenes), the alcohols and polyols (which, if appropriate, may also be substituted, etherified and/or esterified), the ketones (such as acetone, cyclohexanone), the esters (including fats and oils) and (poly)ethers, the unsubstituted and substituted amines, amides, lactams (such as N-alkylpyrrolidones) and lactones, the sulphones and sulphoxides (such as dimethyl sulphoxide), the carbonates and the nitriles.

If the extender used is water, it is also possible to employ, for example, organic solvents as auxiliary solvents. Essentially, suitable liquid solvents are: aromatics such as xylene, toluene or

alkylnaphthalenes, chlorinated aromatics or chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons such as chlorobenzenes, chloroethylenes or methylene chloride, aliphatic hydrocarbons such as cyclohexane or paraffins, for example mineral oil fractions, mineral and vegetable oils, alcohols such as butanol or glycol and their ethers and esters, ketones such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone or cyclohexanone, strongly polar solvents such as dimethylformamide or dimethyl sulphoxide, carbonates such as propylene carbonate, butylene carbonate, diethyl carbonate or dibutyl carbonate, or nitriles such as acetonitrile or propanenitrile.

In principle, it is possible to use all suitable solvents. Examples of suitable solvents are aromatic hydrocarbons, such as xylene, toluene or alkylnaphthalenes, chlorinated aromatic or chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, such as chlorobenzene, chloroethylene or methylene chloride, aliphatic hydrocarbons, such as cyclohexane, paraffins, petroleum fractions, mineral and vegetable oils, alcohols, such as methanol, ethanol, isopropanol, butanol or glycol and their ethers and esters, ketones such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone or cyclohexanone, strongly polar solvents, such as dimethyl sulphoxide, carbonates such as propylene carbonate, butylene carbonate, diethyl carbonate or dibutyl carbonate, nitriles such as acetonitrile or propanenitrile, and also water.

In principle, it is possible to use all suitable carriers. Useful carriers include especially: for example ammonium salts and ground natural minerals such as kaolins, clays, talc, chalk, quartz, attapulgite, montmorillonite or diatomaceous earth, and ground synthetic materials such as finely divided silica, alumina and natural or synthetic silicates, resins, waxes and/or solid fertilizers. Mixtures of such carriers can likewise be used. Useful carriers for granules include: for example crushed and fractionated natural rocks such as calcite, marble, pumice, sepiolite, dolomite, and synthetic granules of inorganic and organic meals, and also granules of organic material such as sawdust, paper, coconut shells, corn cobs and tobacco stalks.

Liquefied gaseous extenders or solvents can also be used. Particularly suitable extenders or carriers are those which are gaseous at ambient temperature and under atmospheric pressure, for example aerosol propellant gases, such as halohydrocarbons, and also butane, propane, nitrogen and carbon dioxide.

Examples of emulsifiers and/or foam-formers, dispersants or wetting agents with ionic or nonionic properties, or mixtures of these surfactants, are salts of polyacrylic acid, salts of lignosulphonic acid, salts of phenolsulphonic acid or naphthalenesulphonic acid, polycondensates of ethylene oxide with fatty alcohols or with fatty acids or with fatty amines, with substituted phenols (preferably alkylphenols or arylphenols), salts of sulphosuccinic esters, taurine derivatives (preferably alkyl taurates), isethionate derivatives, phosphoric esters of polyethoxylated alcohols or phenols, fatty esters of polyols, and derivatives of the compounds containing sulphates, sulphonates and phosphates, for example alkylaryl polyglycol ethers, alkylsulphonates, alkyl sulphates, arylsulphonates, protein hydrolysates, lignosulphite waste liquors and methylcellulose. The presence of a surfactant is advantageous if one of the compounds

of the formula (I) and/or one of the inert carriers is insoluble in water and when the application takes place in water.

It is possible to use colorants such as inorganic pigments, for example iron oxide, titanium oxide and Prussian Blue, and organic dyes such as alizarin dyes, azo dyes and metal phthalocyanine dyes, and nutrients and trace nutrients such as salts of iron, manganese, boron, copper, cobalt, molybdenum and zinc as further auxiliaries in the formulations and the use forms derived therefrom.

Additional components may be stabilizers, such as low-temperature stabilizers, preservatives, antioxidants, light stabilizers or other agents which improve chemical and/or physical stability. Foam formers or antifoams may also be present.

10 Tackifiers such as carboxymethylcellulose and natural and synthetic polymers in the form of powders, granules or latices, such as gum arabic, polyvinyl alcohol and polyvinyl acetate, or else natural phospholipids such as cephalins and lecithins and synthetic phospholipids may also be present as additional auxiliaries in the formulations and the use forms derived therefrom. Further possible auxiliaries are mineral and vegetable oils.

15 Optionally, further auxiliaries may be present in the formulations and the use forms derived therefrom. Examples of such additives include fragrances, protective colloids, binders, adhesives, thickeners, thixotropic agents, penetrants, retention promoters, stabilizers, sequestrants, complexing agents, humectants, spreaders. In general, the compounds of the formula (I) can be combined with any solid or liquid additive commonly used for formulation purposes.

20 Useful retention promoters include all those substances which reduce the dynamic surface tension, for example dioctyl sulposuccinate, or increase the viscoelasticity, for example hydroxypropylguar polymers.

Suitable penetrants in the present context are all those substances which are usually used for improving the penetration of agrochemical active compounds into plants. Penetrants are defined in this context by their ability to penetrate from the (generally aqueous) application liquor and/or from the spray coating into the cuticle of the plant and thereby increase the mobility of active compounds in the cuticle. The method described in the literature (Baur et al., 1997, Pesticide Science 51, 131-152) can be used to determine this property. Examples include alcohol alkoxylates such as coconut fatty ethoxylate (10) or isotridecyl ethoxylate (12), fatty acid esters, for example rapeseed oil methyl ester or soya oil methyl ester, fatty amine alkoxylates, for example tallowamine ethoxylate (15), or ammonium and/or phosphonium salts, for example ammonium sulphate or diammonium hydrogenphosphate.

The formulations preferably comprise between 0.00000001 and 98% by weight of the compound of the formula (I) or, with particular preference, between 0.01% and 95% by weight of the compound of the

formula (I), more preferably between 0.5% and 90% by weight of the compound of the formula (I), based on the weight of the formulation.

The content of the compound of the formula (I) in the use forms prepared from the formulations (in particular pesticides) may vary within wide ranges. The concentration of the compound of the formula (I) in the use forms is usually between 0.00000001 and 95% by weight of the compound of the formula (I), preferably between 0.00001 and 1% by weight, based on the weight of the use form. The compounds are employed in a customary manner appropriate for the use forms.

Mixtures

The compounds of the formula (I) may also be employed as a mixture with one or more suitable fungicides, bactericides, acaricides, molluscicides, nematocides, insecticides, microbiologicals, beneficial species, herbicides, fertilizers, bird repellents, phytotonics, sterilants, safeners, semiochemicals and/or plant growth regulators, in order thus, for example, to broaden the spectrum of action, to prolong the duration of action, to increase the rate of action, to prevent repulsion or prevent evolution of resistance. In addition, such active compound combinations may improve plant growth and/or tolerance to abiotic factors, for example high or low temperatures, to drought or to elevated water content or soil salinity. It is also possible to improve flowering and fruiting performance, optimize germination capacity and root development, facilitate harvesting and improve yields, influence maturation, improve the quality and/or the nutritional value of the harvested products, prolong storage life and/or improve the processability of the harvested products.

Furthermore, the compounds of the formula (I) can be present in a mixture with other active compounds or semiochemicals such as attractants and/or bird repellants and/or plant activators and/or growth regulators and/or fertilizers. Likewise, the compounds of the formula (I) can be used to improve plant properties such as, for example, growth, yield and quality of the harvested material.

In a particular embodiment according to the invention, the compounds of the formula (I) are present in formulations or the use forms prepared from these formulations in a mixture with further compounds, preferably those as described below.

If one of the compounds mentioned below can occur in different tautomeric forms, these forms are also included even if not explicitly mentioned in each case. Further, all named mixing partners can, if their functional groups enable this, optionally form salts with suitable bases or acids.

Insecticides/acaricides/nematicides

The active compounds identified here by their common names are known and are described, for example, in the pesticide handbook ("The Pesticide Manual" 16th Ed., British Crop Protection Council

2012) or can be found on the Internet (e.g. <http://www.alanwood.net/pesticides>). The classification is based on the current IRAC Mode of Action Classification Scheme at the time of filing of this patent application.

(1) Acetylcholinesterase (AChE) inhibitors, preferably carbamates selected from alanycarb, aldycarb, bendiocarb, benfuracarb, butocarboxim, butoxycarboxim, carbaryl, carbofuran, carbosulfan, ethiofencarb, fenobucarb, formetanate, furathiocarb, isoprocarb, methiocarb, methomyl, metolcarb, oxamyl, pirimicarb, propoxur, thiodicarb, thiofanox, triazamate, trimethacarb, XMC and xylylcarb, or organophosphates selected from acephate, azamethiphos, azinphos-ethyl, azinphos-methyl, cadusafos, chlorethoxyfos, chlorfenvinphos, chlormephos, chlorpyrifos-methyl, coumaphos, cyanophos, demeton-S-methyl, diazinon, dichlorvos/DDVP, dicrotophos, dimethoate, dimethylvinphos, disulfoton, EPN, ethion, ethoprophos, famphur, fenamiphos, fenitrothion, fenthion, fosthiazate, heptenophos, imicyafos, isofenphos, isopropyl O-(methoxyaminothiophosphoryl) salicylate, isoxathion, malathion, mecarbam, methamidophos, methidathion, mevinphos, monocrotophos, naled, omethoate, oxydemeton-methyl, parathion-methyl, phenthoate, phorate, phosalone, phosmet, phosphamidon, phoxim, pirimiphos-methyl, profenofos, propretamphos, prothiofos, pyraclofos, pyridaphenthion, quinalphos, sulfotep, tebupirimfos, temephos, terbufos, tetrachlorvinphos, thiometon, triazophos, triclofon and vamidothion.

(2) GABA-gated chloride channel blockers, preferably cyclodiene-organochlorines selected from chlordane and endosulfan, or phenylpyrazoles (fiproles) selected from ethiprole and fipronil.

(3) Sodium channel modulators, preferably pyrethroids selected from acrinathrin, allethrin, d-cis-trans allethrin, d-trans allethrin, bifenthrin, bioallethrin, bioallethrin s-cyclopentenyl isomer, bioresmethrin, cycloprothrin, cyfluthrin, beta-cyfluthrin, cyhalothrin, lambda-cyhalothrin, gamma-cyhalothrin, cypermethrin, alpha-cypermethrin, beta-cypermethrin, theta-cypermethrin, zeta-cypermethrin, cyphenothrin [(1R)-trans-isomer], deltamethrin, empenethrin [(EZ)-(1R)-isomer], esfenvalerate, etofenprox, fenpropathrin, fenvalerate, flucythrinate, flumethrin, tau-fluvalinate, halfenprox, imiprothrin, kadethrin, momfluorothrin, permethrin, phenothrin [(1R)-trans-isomer], prallethrin, pyrethrins (pyrethrum), resmethrin, silafluofen, tefluthrin, tetramethrin, tetramethrin [(1R)- isomer], tralomethrin and transfluthrin or DDT or methoxychlor.

(4) Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR) competitive modulators, preferably neonicotinoids selected from acetamiprid, clothianidin, dinotefuran, imidacloprid, nitenpyram, thiacloprid and thiamethoxam, or nicotine, or sulfoximines selected from sulfoxaflor, or butenolids selected from flupyradifurone, or mesoionics selected from triflumezopyrim.

(5) Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR) allosteric modulators, preferably spinosyns selected from spinetoram and spinosad.

- (6) Glutamate-gated chloride channel (GluCl) allosteric modulators, preferably avermectins/milbemycins selected from abamectin, emamectin benzoate, lepimectin and milbemectin.
- (7) Juvenile hormone mimics, preferably juvenile hormone analogues selected from hydroprene, kinoprene and methoprene, or fenoxycarb or pyriproxyfen.
- 5 (8) Miscellaneous non-specific (multi-site) inhibitors, preferably alkyl halides selected from methyl bromide and other alkyl halides, or chloropicrine or sulphuryl fluoride or borax or tartar emetic or methyl isocyanate generators selected from diazomet and metam.
- (9) Chordotonal organ TRPV channel modulators selected from pymetrozine and pyrifluquinazone.
- (10) Mite growth inhibitors selected from clofentezine, hexythiazox, diflovidazin and etoxazole.
- 10 (11) Microbial disruptors of the insect gut membrane selected from *Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *israelensis*, *Bacillus sphaericus*, *Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *aizawai*, *Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *kurstaki*, *Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *tenebrionis*, and *B.t.* plant proteins selected from Cry1Ab, Cry1Ac, Cry1Fa, Cry1A.105, Cry2Ab, Vip3A, mCry3A, Cry3Ab, Cry3Bb and Cry34Ab1/35Ab1.
- 15 (12) Inhibitors of mitochondrial ATP synthase, preferably ATP disruptors selected from diafenthiuron, or organotin compounds selected from azocyclotin, cyhexatin and fenbutatin oxide, or propargite or tetradifon.
- (13) Uncouplers of oxidative phosphorylation via disruption of the proton gradient selected from chlorfenapyr, DNOC and sulfluramid.
- 20 (14) Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor channel blockers selected from bensultap, cartap hydrochloride, thiocylam and thiosultap-sodium.
- (15) Inhibitors of chitin biosynthesis, type 0, selected from bistrifluron, chlorfluazuron, diflubenzuron, flucycloxuron, flufenoxuron, hexaflumuron, lufenuron, novaluron, noviflumuron, teflubenzuron and triflumuron.
- 25 (16) Inhibitors of chitin biosynthesis, type 1 selected from buprofezin.
- (17) Moulting disruptor (in particular for Diptera, i.e. dipterans) selected from cyromazine.
- (18) Ecdysone receptor agonists selected from chromafenozide, halofenozide, methoxyfenozide and tebufenozide.
- (19) Octopamine receptor agonists selected from amitraz.

- (20) Mitochondrial complex III electron transport inhibitors selected from hydramethylnone, acequinocyl and fluacrypyrim.
- (21) Mitochondrial complex I electron transport inhibitors, preferably METI acaricides selected from fenazaquin, fenpyroximate, pyrimidifen, pyridaben, tebufenpyrad and tolfenpyrad, or rotenone (Derris).
- 5 (22) Voltage-dependent sodium channel blockers selected from indoxacarb and metaflumizone.
- (23) Inhibitors of acetyl CoA carboxylase, preferably tetronic and tetramic acid derivatives selected from spirodiclofen, spiromesifen and spirotetramat.
- (24) Mitochondrial complex IV electron transport inhibitors, preferably phosphines selected from aluminium phosphide, calcium phosphide, phosphine and zinc phosphide, or cyanides selected from
10 calcium cyanide, potassium cyanide and sodium cyanide.
- (25) Mitochondrial complex II electron transport inhibitors, preferably *beta*-ketonitrile derivatives selected from cyenopyrafen and cyflumetofen, and carboxanilides selected from pyflubumide.
- (28) Ryanodine receptor modulators, preferably diamides selected from chlorantraniliprole, cyantraniliprole and flubendiamide.
- 15 (29) Chordotonal organ Modulators (with undefined target site) selected from flonicamid.
- (30) further active compounds selected from Acynonapyr, Afidopyropen, Afoxolaner, Azadirachtin, Benclothiaz, Benzoximate, Benzpyrimoxan, Bifenazate, Broflanilide, Bromopropylate, Chinomethionat, Chloroprallethrin, Cryolite, Cyclaniliprole, Cycloxaprid, Cyhalodiamide, Dicloromezotiaz, Dicofol, Dimpropyridaz, epsilon-Metofluthrin, epsilon-Momfluthrin, Flometoquin, Fluazaindolizine,
20 Fluensulfone, Flufenerim, Flufenoxystrobin, Flufiprole, Fluhexafon, Fluopyram, Flupyrimin, Fluralaner, Fluxametamide, Fufenozide, Guadipyr, Heptafluthrin, Imidaclothiz, Iprodione, Isocycloseram, kappa-Bifenthrin, kappa-Tefluthrin, Lotilaner, Meperfluthrin, Oxazosulfyl, Paichongding, Pyridalyl, Pyrifluquinazon, Pyriminostrobin, Spirobudiclofen, Spiropidion, Tetramethylfluthrin, Tetraniliprole, Tetrachlorantraniliprole, Tigolaner, Tioxazafen, Thiofluoximate iodomethane; furthermore preparations
25 based on *Bacillus firmus* (I-1582, BioNeem, Votivo), and also the following compounds: 1-{2-fluoro-4-methyl-5-[(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)sulphinyl]phenyl}-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole-5-amine (known from WO2006/043635) (CAS 885026-50-6), {1'-[(2E)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-yl]-5-fluorospiro[indol-3,4'-piperidin]-1(2H)-yl}(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)methanone (known from
WO2003/106457) (CAS 637360-23-7), 2-chloro-N-[2-{1'-[(2E)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-yl]piperidin-4-yl}-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]isonicotinamide (known from WO2006/003494) (CAS
30 872999-66-1), 3-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-4-hydroxy-8-methoxy-1,8-diazaspiro[4.5]dec-3-en-2-one (known from WO 2010052161) (CAS 1225292-17-0), 3-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-8-methoxy-

2-oxo-1,8-diazaspiro[4.5]dec-3-en-4-yl ethyl carbonate (known from EP2647626) (CAS 1440516-42-6),
4-(but-2-yn-1-yloxy)-6-(3,5-dimethylpiperidin-1-yl)-5-fluoropyrimidine (known from
WO2004/099160) (CAS 792914-58-0), PF1364 (known from JP2010/018586) (CAS 1204776-60-2),
(3*E*)-3-[1-[(6-chloro-3-pyridyl)methyl]-2-pyridylidene]-1,1,1-trifluoro-propan-2-one (known from
5 WO2013/144213) (CAS 1461743-15-6), , *N*-[3-(benzylcarbamoyl)-4-chlorophenyl]-1-methyl-3-
(pentafluoroethyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-5-carboxamide (known from WO2010/051926)
(CAS 1226889-14-0), 5-bromo-4-chloro-*N*-[4-chloro-2-methyl-6-(methylcarbamoyl)phenyl]-2-(3-
chloro-2-pyridyl)pyrazole-3-carboxamide (known from CN103232431) (CAS 1449220-44-3), 4-[5-(3,5-
dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-3-isoxazolyl]-2-methyl-*N*-(*cis*-1-oxido-3-thietanyl)-
10 benzamide, 4-[5-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-3-isoxazolyl]-2-methyl-*N*-(*trans*-
1-oxido-3-thietanyl)-benzamide and 4-[(5*S*)-5-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-3-
isoxazolyl]-2-methyl-*N*-(*cis*-1-oxido-3-thietanyl)benzamide (known from WO 2013/050317 A1) (CAS
1332628-83-7), *N*-[3-chloro-1-(3-pyridinyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl]-*N*-ethyl-3-[(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)
sulfinyl]-propanamide, (+)-*N*-[3-chloro-1-(3-pyridinyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl]-*N*-ethyl-3-[(3,3,3-
15 trifluoropropyl)sulfinyl]-propanamide and (-)-*N*-[3-chloro-1-(3-pyridinyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl]-*N*-ethyl-3-
[(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)sulfinyl]-propanamide (known from WO 2013/162715 A2,
WO 2013/162716 A2, US 2014/0213448 A1) (CAS 1477923-37-7), 5-[[*(2E)*-3-chloro-2-propen-1-yl]
amino]-1-[2,6-dichloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfinyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-3-
carbonitrile (known from CN 101337937 A) (CAS 1105672-77-2), 3-bromo-*N*-[4-chloro-2-methyl-6-
20 [(methylamino)thioxomethyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-5-carboxamide,
(Liudaibenjiaxuanan, known from CN 103109816 A) (CAS 1232543-85-9); *N*-[4-chloro-2-[[*(1,1*-
dimethylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-6-methylphenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-3-(fluoromethoxy)-1*H*-
Pyrazole-5-carboxamide (known from WO 2012/034403 A1) (CAS 1268277-22-0), *N*-[2-(5-amino-1,3,
4-thiadiazol-2-yl)-4-chloro-6-methylphenyl]-3-bromo-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-5-
25 carboxamide (known from WO 2011/085575 A1) (CAS 1233882-22-8), 4-[3-[2,6-dichloro-4-[(3,3-
dichloro-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]phenoxy]propoxy]-2-methoxy-6-(trifluoromethyl)-pyrimidine (known from
CN 101337940 A) (CAS 1108184-52-6); (*2E*)- and 2(*Z*)-2-[2-(4-cyanophenyl)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)
phenyl]ethylidene]-*N*-[4-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl]-hydrazinecarboxamide (known from
CN 101715774 A) (CAS 1232543-85-9); 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethyl-4-(1*H*-benzimidazol-2-
30 yl)phenyl-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid ester (known from CN 103524422 A) (CAS 1542271-46-4);
(4*aS*)-7-chloro-2,5-dihydro-2-[[*(methoxycarbonyl)*[4-[(trifluoromethyl)thio]phenyl]amino]carbonyl]-
indeno[1,2-*e*][1,3,4]oxadiazine-4*a*(3*H*)-carboxylic acid methyl ester (known from CN 102391261 A)
(CAS 1370358-69-2); 6-deoxy-3-*O*-ethyl-2,4-di-*O*-methyl-, 1-[*N*-[4-[1-[4-(1,1,2,2,2-pentafluoroethoxy)
phenyl]-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl]phenyl]carbamate]- α -L-mannopyranose (known from
35 US 2014/0275503 A1) (CAS 1181213-14-8); 8-(2-cyclopropylmethoxy-4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-3-
(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridazin-3-yl)-3-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]octane (CAS 1253850-56-4), (8-*anti*)-8-(2-
cyclopropylmethoxy-4-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-3-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridazin-3-yl)-3-aza-

bicyclo[3.2.1]octane (CAS 933798-27-7), (8-*syn*)-8-(2-cyclopropylmethoxy-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-3-(6-trifluoromethyl-pyridazin-3-yl)-3-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]octane (known from WO 2007040280 A1, WO 2007040282 A1) (CAS 934001-66-8), N-[3-chloro-1-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-N-ethyl-3-[(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)thio]-propanamide (known from WO 2015/058021 A1, WO 2015/058028 A1) (CAS 1477919-27-9) and N-[4-(aminothioxomethyl)-2-methyl-6-[(methylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-3-bromo-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxamide (known from CN 103265527 A) (CAS 1452877-50-7), 5-(1,3-dioxan-2-yl)-4-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methoxy]-pyrimidine (known from WO 2013/115391 A1) (CAS 1449021-97-9), 3-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-8-methoxy-1-methyl-1,8-diazaspiro[4.5]decane-2,4-dione (known from WO 2014/187846 A1) (CAS 1638765-58-8), 3-(4-chloro-2,6-dimethylphenyl)-8-methoxy-1-methyl-2-oxo-1,8-diazaspiro[4.5]dec-3-en-4-yl-carbonic acid ethyl ester (known from WO 2010/066780 A1, WO 2011151146 A1) (CAS 1229023-00-0), 4-[(5S)-5-(3,5-Dichloro-4-fluorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-3-isoxazolyl]-N-[(4R)-2-ethyl-3-oxo-4-isoxazolidinyl]-2-methyl-benzamide (bekannt aus WO 2011/067272, WO2013/050302) (CAS 1309959-62-3).

15 Fungicides

The active ingredients specified herein by their Common Name are known and described, for example, in The Pesticide Manual (16th Ed. British Crop Protection Council) or can be searched in the internet (e.g. www.alanwood.net/pesticides).

All named fungicidal mixing partners of the classes (1) to (15) can, if their functional groups enable this, optionally form salts with suitable bases or acids. All named mixing partners of the classes (1) to (15) can include tautomeric forms, where applicable.

1) Inhibitors of the ergosterol biosynthesis, for example (1.001) cyproconazole, (1.002) difenoconazole, (1.003) epoxiconazole, (1.004) fenhexamid, (1.005) fenpropidin, (1.006) fenpropimorph, (1.007) fenpyrazamine, (1.008) fluquinconazole, (1.009) flutriafol, (1.010) imazalil, (1.011) imazalil sulfate, (1.012) ipconazole, (1.013) metconazole, (1.014) myclobutanil, (1.015) paclobutrazol, (1.016) prochloraz, (1.017) propiconazole, (1.018) prothioconazole, (1.019) Pyrisoxazole, (1.020) spiroxamine, (1.021) tebuconazole, (1.022) tetraconazole, (1.023) triadimenol, (1.024) tridemorph, (1.025) triticonazole, (1.026) (1R,2S,5S)-5-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(chloromethyl)-2-methyl-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)cyclopentanol, (1.027) (1S,2R,5R)-5-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(chloromethyl)-2-methyl-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)cyclopentanol, (1.028) (2R)-2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-4-[(1R)-2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol, (1.029) (2R)-2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-4-[(1S)-2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol, (1.030) (2R)-2-[4-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)propan-2-ol, (1.031) (2S)-2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-4-[(1R)-2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol, (1.032) (2S)-2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-4-[(1S)-2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol, (1.033) (2S)-

- 2-[4-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)propan-2-ol, (1.034) (R)-[3-(4-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)-5-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1,2-oxazol-4-yl](pyridin-3-yl)methanol, (1.035) (S)-[3-(4-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)-5-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1,2-oxazol-4-yl](pyridin-3-yl)methanol, (1.036) [3-(4-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)-5-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1,2-oxazol-4-yl](pyridin-3-yl)methanol, (1.037) 1-({(2R,4S)-2-[2-chloro-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenyl]-4-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl} methyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole, (1.038) 1-({(2S,4S)-2-[2-chloro-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenyl]-4-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl} methyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole, (1.039) 1-{[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl thiocyanate, (1.040) 1-{[rel(2R,3R)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl thiocyanate, (1.041) 1-{[rel(2R,3S)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl thiocyanate, (1.042) 2-[(2R,4R,5R)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.043) 2-[(2R,4R,5S)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.044) 2-[(2R,4S,5R)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.045) 2-[(2R,4S,5S)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.046) 2-[(2S,4R,5R)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.047) 2-[(2S,4R,5S)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.048) 2-[(2S,4S,5R)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.049) 2-[(2S,4S,5S)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.050) 2-[1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-2,6,6-trimethylheptan-4-yl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.051) 2-[2-chloro-4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)propan-2-ol, (1.052) 2-[2-chloro-4-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol, (1.053) 2-[4-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)butan-2-ol, (1.054) 2-[4-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)pentan-2-ol, (1.055) Mefentrifluconazole, (1.056) 2-{[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.057) 2-{[rel(2R,3R)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.058) 2-{[rel(2R,3S)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione, (1.059) 5-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(chloromethyl)-2-methyl-1-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)cyclopentanol, (1.060) 5-(allylsulfanyl)-1-{[3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,4-triazole, (1.061) 5-(allylsulfanyl)-1-{[rel(2R,3R)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,4-triazole, (1.062) 5-(allylsulfanyl)-1-{[rel(2R,3S)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)oxiran-2-yl]methyl}-1H-1,2,4-triazole, (1.063) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-{[3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl]sulfanyl}phenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.064) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-{[3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)phenyl]sulfanyl}phenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.065) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-{[3-(2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropoxy)phenyl]sulfanyl}phenyl)-N-ethyl-N-

- methylimidoformamide, (1.066) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-{[3-(pentafluoroethoxy)phenyl]sulfanyl}phenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.067) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-{3-[(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl)sulfanyl]phenoxy}phenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.068) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-{3-[(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)sulfanyl]phenoxy}phenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.069) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-{3-[(2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropyl)sulfanyl]phenoxy}phenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.070) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-{3-[(pentafluoroethyl)sulfanyl]phenoxy}phenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.071) N'-(2,5-dimethyl-4-phenoxyphenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.072) N'-(4-{[3-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl]sulfanyl}-2,5-dimethylphenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.073) N'-(4-{3-[(difluoromethyl)sulfanyl]phenoxy}-2,5-dimethylphenyl)-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.074) N'-[5-bromo-6-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yloxy)-2-methylpyridin-3-yl]-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.075) N'-{4-[(4,5-dichloro-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)oxy]-2,5-dimethylphenyl}-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.076) N'-{5-bromo-6-[(1R)-1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)ethoxy]-2-methylpyridin-3-yl}-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.077) N'-{5-bromo-6-[(1S)-1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)ethoxy]-2-methylpyridin-3-yl}-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.078) N'-{5-bromo-6-[(cis-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)oxy]-2-methylpyridin-3-yl}-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.079) N'-{5-bromo-6-[(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)oxy]-2-methylpyridin-3-yl}-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.080) N'-{5-bromo-6-[1-(3,5-difluorophenyl)ethoxy]-2-methylpyridin-3-yl}-N-ethyl-N-methylimidoformamide, (1.081) Ipfentrifluconazole.
- 2) Inhibitors of the respiratory chain at complex I or II, for example (2.001) benzovindiflupyr, (2.002) bixafen, (2.003) boscalid, (2.004) carboxin, (2.005) fluopyram, (2.006) flutolanil, (2.007) fluxapyroxad, (2.008) furametpyr, (2.009) Isofetamid, (2.010) isopyrazam (anti-epimeric enantiomer 1R,4S,9S), (2.011) isopyrazam (anti-epimeric enantiomer 1S,4R,9R), (2.012) isopyrazam (anti-epimeric racemate 1RS,4SR,9SR), (2.013) isopyrazam (mixture of syn-epimeric racemate 1RS,4SR,9RS and anti-epimeric racemate 1RS,4SR,9SR), (2.014) isopyrazam (syn-epimeric enantiomer 1R,4S,9R), (2.015) isopyrazam (syn-epimeric enantiomer 1S,4R,9S), (2.016) isopyrazam (syn-epimeric racemate 1RS,4SR,9RS), (2.017) penflufen, (2.018) penthiopyrad, (2.019) pydiflumetofen, (2.020) Pyraziflumid, (2.021) sedaxane, (2.022) 1,3-dimethyl-N-(1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.023) 1,3-dimethyl-N-[(3R)-1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.024) 1,3-dimethyl-N-[(3S)-1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.025) 1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2'-(trifluoromethyl)biphenyl-2-yl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.026) 2-fluoro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-N-(1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl)benzamide, (2.027) 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-(1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.028) 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[(3R)-1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.029) 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[(3S)-1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.030) Fluindapyr, (2.031) 3-(difluoromethyl)-N-[(3R)-7-fluoro-1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-

4-carboxamide, (2.032) 3-(difluoromethyl)-N-[(3S)-7-fluoro-1,1,3-trimethyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-4-yl]-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.033) 5,8-difluoro-N-[2-(2-fluoro-4-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl]oxy}phenyl)ethyl]quinazolin-4-amine, (2.034) N-(2-cyclopentyl-5-fluorobenzyl)-N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.035) N-(2-tert-butyl-5-methylbenzyl)-N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.036) N-(2-tert-butylbenzyl)-N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.037) N-(5-chloro-2-ethylbenzyl)-N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.038) isoflucypram, (2.039) N-[(1R,4S)-9-(dichloromethylene)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,4-methanonaphthalen-5-yl]-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.040) N-[(1S,4R)-9-(dichloromethylene)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,4-methanonaphthalen-5-yl]-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.041) N-[1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-methoxypropan-2-yl]-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.042) N-[2-chloro-6-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.043) N-[3-chloro-2-fluoro-6-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.044) N-[5-chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.045) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-N-[5-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.046) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-N-(2-fluoro-6-isopropylbenzyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.047) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-N-(2-isopropyl-5-methylbenzyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.048) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-N-(2-isopropylbenzyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carbothioamide, (2.049) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-N-(2-isopropylbenzyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.050) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-N-(5-fluoro-2-isopropylbenzyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.051) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-N-(2-ethyl-4,5-dimethylbenzyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.052) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-N-(2-ethyl-5-fluorobenzyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.053) N-cyclopropyl-3-(difluoromethyl)-N-(2-ethyl-5-methylbenzyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.054) N-cyclopropyl-N-(2-cyclopropyl-5-fluorobenzyl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.055) N-cyclopropyl-N-(2-cyclopropyl-5-methylbenzyl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.056) N-cyclopropyl-N-(2-cyclopropylbenzyl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, (2.057) pyrapropoyne.

3) Inhibitors of the respiratory chain at complex III, for example (3.001) ametocradin, (3.002) amisulbrom, (3.003) azoxystrobin, (3.004) coumethoxystrobin, (3.005) coumoxystrobin, (3.006) cyazofamid, (3.007) dimoxystrobin, (3.008) enoxastrobin, (3.009) famoxadone, (3.010) fenamidone, (3.011) flufenoxystrobin, (3.012) fluoxastrobin, (3.013) kresoxim-methyl, (3.014) metominostrobin, (3.015) orysastrobin, (3.016) picoxystrobin, (3.017) pyraclostrobin, (3.018) pyrametostrobin, (3.019)

pyraoxystrobin, (3.020) trifloxystrobin, (3.021) (2E)-2-{2-[[[(1E)-1-(3-{[(E)-1-fluoro-2-phenylvinyl]oxy}phenyl)ethylidene]amino}oxy)methyl]phenyl}-2-(methoxyimino)-N-methylacetamide, (3.022) (2E,3Z)-5-{[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]oxy}-2-(methoxyimino)-N,3-dimethylpent-3-enamide, (3.023) (2R)-2-{2-[(2,5-dimethylphenoxy)methyl]phenyl}-2-methoxy-N-methylacetamide, (3.024) (2S)-2-{2-[(2,5-dimethylphenoxy)methyl]phenyl}-2-methoxy-N-methylacetamide, (3.025) (3S,6S,7R,8R)-8-benzyl-3-[(3-{[(isobutyryloxy)methoxy]-4-methoxypyridin-2-yl}carbonyl)amino]-6-methyl-4,9-dioxo-1,5-dioxonan-7-yl 2-methylpropanoate, (3.026) mandestrobin, (3.027) N-(3-ethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl)-3-formamido-2-hydroxybenzamide, (3.028) (2E,3Z)-5-{[1-(4-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]oxy}-2-(methoxyimino)-N,3-dimethylpent-3-enamide, (3.029) methyl {5-[3-(2,4-dimethylphenyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-2-methylbenzyl} carbamate, (3.030) metyltetraprole, (3.031) florylpicoxamid.

4) Inhibitors of the mitosis and cell division, for example (4.001) carbendazim, (4.002) diethofencarb, (4.003) ethaboxam, (4.004) fluopicolide, (4.005) pencycuron, (4.006) thiabendazole, (4.007) thiophanate-methyl, (4.008) zoxamide, (4.009) 3-chloro-4-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-6-methyl-5-phenylpyridazine, (4.010) 3-chloro-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-6-methylpyridazine, (4.011) 3-chloro-5-(6-chloropyridin-3-yl)-6-methyl-4-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)pyridazine, (4.012) 4-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.013) 4-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-bromo-6-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.014) 4-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-bromophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.015) 4-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.016) 4-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.017) 4-(2-bromo-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.018) 4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.019) 4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.020) 4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.021) 4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.022) 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-3,6-dimethylpyridazine, (4.023) N-(2-bromo-6-fluorophenyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.024) N-(2-bromophenyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine, (4.025) N-(4-chloro-2,6-difluorophenyl)-4-(2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-amine.

5) Compounds capable to have a multisite action, for example (5.001) bordeaux mixture, (5.002) captafol, (5.003) captan, (5.004) chlorothalonil, (5.005) copper hydroxide, (5.006) copper naphthenate, (5.007) copper oxide, (5.008) copper oxychloride, (5.009) copper(2+) sulfate, (5.010) dithianon, (5.011) dodine, (5.012) folpet, (5.013) mancozeb, (5.014) maneb, (5.015) metiram, (5.016) metiram zinc, (5.017) oxine-copper, (5.018) propineb, (5.019) sulfur and sulfur preparations including calcium

polysulfide, (5.020) thiram, (5.021) zineb, (5.022) ziram, (5.023) 6-ethyl-5,7-dioxo-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3',4':5,6][1,4]dithiino[2,3-c][1,2]thiazole-3-carbonitrile.

6) Compounds capable to induce a host defence, for example (6.001) acibenzolar-S-methyl, (6.002) isotianil, (6.003) probenazole, (6.004) tiadinil.

5 7) Inhibitors of the amino acid and/or protein biosynthesis, for example (7.001) cyprodinil, (7.002) kasugamycin, (7.003) kasugamycin hydrochloride hydrate, (7.004) oxytetracycline, (7.005) pyrimethanil, (7.006) 3-(5-fluoro-3,3,4,4-tetramethyl-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1-yl)quinoline.

8) Inhibitors of the ATP production, for example (8.001) silthiofam.

9) Inhibitors of the cell wall synthesis, for example (9.001) benthiavalicarb, (9.002) dimethomorph,
10 (9.003) flumorph, (9.004) iprovalicarb, (9.005) mandipropamid, (9.006) pyrimorph, (9.007) valifenalate, (9.008) (2E)-3-(4-tert-butylphenyl)-3-(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)-1-(morpholin-4-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, (9.009) (2Z)-3-(4-tert-butylphenyl)-3-(2-chloropyridin-4-yl)-1-(morpholin-4-yl)prop-2-en-1-one.

10) Inhibitors of the lipid and membrane synthesis, for example (10.001) propamocarb, (10.002) propamocarb hydrochloride, (10.003) tolclofos-methyl.

15 11) Inhibitors of the melanin biosynthesis, for example (11.001) tricyclazole, (11.002) 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl {3-methyl-1-[(4-methylbenzoyl)amino]butan-2-yl}carbamate.

12) Inhibitors of the nucleic acid synthesis, for example (12.001) benalaxyl, (12.002) benalaxyl-M (kiralaxyl), (12.003) metalaxyl, (12.004) metalaxyl-M (mefenoxam).

13) Inhibitors of the signal transduction, for example (13.001) fludioxonil, (13.002) iprodione, (13.003) procymidone, (13.004) proquinazid, (13.005) quinoxifen, (13.006) vinclozolin.
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14) Compounds capable to act as an uncoupler, for example (14.001) fluazinam, (14.002) meptyldinocap.

15) Further compounds, for example (15.001) Absciscic acid, (15.002) benthiazole, (15.003) bethoxazin, (15.004) capsimycin, (15.005) carvone, (15.006) chinomethionat, (15.007) cufraneb, (15.008) cyflufenamid, (15.009) cymoxanil, (15.010) cyprosulfamide, (15.011) flutianil, (15.012) fosetyl-aluminium, (15.013) fosetyl-calcium, (15.014) fosetyl-sodium, (15.015) methyl isothiocyanate, (15.016) metrafenone, (15.017) mildiomyacin, (15.018) natamycin, (15.019) nickel dimethyldithiocarbamate, (15.020) nitrothal-isopropyl, (15.021) oxamocarb, (15.022) oxathiapiroline, (15.023) oxyfenthion, (15.024) pentachlorophenol and salts, (15.025) phosphorous acid and its salts, (15.026) propamocarb-fosetyl, (15.027) pyriofenone (chlazafenone), (15.028) tebufloquin, (15.029) tecloftalam, (15.030) tolnifanide, (15.031) 1-(4-{4-[(5R)-5-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-3-yl]-1,3-thiazol-2-
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yl}piperidin-1-yl)-2-[5-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethanone, (15.032) 1-(4-{4-[(5S)-5-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-3-yl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}piperidin-1-yl)-2-[5-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]ethanone, (15.033) 2-(6-benzylpyridin-2-yl)quinazoline, (15.034) dipymetitrone, (15.035) 2-[3,5-bis(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-1-[4-(4-{5-[2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-3-yl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}piperidin-1-yl)ethanone, (15.036) 2-[3,5-bis(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-1-[4-(4-{5-[2-chloro-6-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-3-yl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}piperidin-1-yl)ethanone, (15.037) 2-[3,5-bis(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-1-[4-(4-{5-[2-fluoro-6-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-3-yl]-1,3-thiazol-2-yl}piperidin-1-yl)ethanone, (15.038) 2-[6-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methylpyridin-2-yl]quinazoline, (15.039) 2-[(5R)-3-[2-(1-{[3,5-bis(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetyl}piperidin-4-yl)-1,3-thiazol-4-yl]-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-5-yl]-3-chlorophenyl methanesulfonate, (15.040) 2-[(5S)-3-[2-(1-{[3,5-bis(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetyl}piperidin-4-yl)-1,3-thiazol-4-yl]-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-5-yl]-3-chlorophenyl methanesulfonate, (15.041) Ipflufenquin, (15.042) 2-{2-fluoro-6-[(8-fluoro-2-methylquinolin-3-yl)oxy]phenyl}propan-2-ol, (15.043) 2-{3-[2-(1-{[3,5-bis(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetyl}piperidin-4-yl)-1,3-thiazol-4-yl]-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-5-yl]-3-chlorophenyl methanesulfonate, (15.044) 2-{3-[2-(1-{[3,5-bis(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]acetyl}piperidin-4-yl)-1,3-thiazol-4-yl]-4,5-dihydro-1,2-oxazol-5-yl}phenyl methanesulfonate, (15.045) 2-phenylphenol and salts, (15.046) 3-(4,4,5-trifluoro-3,3-dimethyl-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1-yl)quinoline, (15.047) quinofumelin, (15.048) 4-amino-5-fluoropyrimidin-2-ol (tautomeric form: 4-amino-5-fluoropyrimidin-2(1H)-one), (15.049) 4-oxo-4-[(2-phenylethyl)amino]butanoic acid, (15.050) 5-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-thiol, (15.051) 5-chloro-N'-phenyl-N'-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)thiophene-2-sulfonohydrazide, (15.052) 5-fluoro-2-[(4-fluorobenzyl)oxy]pyrimidin-4-amine, (15.053) 5-fluoro-2-[(4-methylbenzyl)oxy]pyrimidin-4-amine, (15.054) 9-fluoro-2,2-dimethyl-5-(quinolin-3-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzoxazepine, (15.055) but-3-yn-1-yl {6-[(Z)-{(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)(phenyl)methylene}amino]oxy)methyl}pyridin-2-yl}carbamate, (15.056) ethyl (2Z)-3-amino-2-cyano-3-phenylacrylate, (15.057) phenazine-1-carboxylic acid, (15.058) propyl 3,4,5-trihydroxybenzoate, (15.059) quinolin-8-ol, (15.060) quinolin-8-ol sulfate (2:1), (15.061) tert-butyl {6-[(Z)-{(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5-yl)(phenyl)methylene}amino]oxy)methyl}pyridin-2-yl}carbamate, (15.062) 5-fluoro-4-imino-3-methyl-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-2(1H)-one, (15.063) aminopyrifen.

30 Biological pesticides as mixing components

The compounds of the formula (I) can be combined with biological pesticides.

Biological pesticides comprise in particular bacteria, fungi, yeasts, plant extracts and products formed by microorganisms, including proteins and secondary metabolites.

Biological pesticides comprise bacteria such as spore-forming bacteria, root-colonising bacteria and
35 bacteria which act as biological insecticides, fungicides or nematicides.

Examples of such bacteria which are employed or can be used as biological pesticides are:

- Bacillus amyloliquefaciens*, strain FZB42 (DSM 231179), or *Bacillus cereus*, in particular *B. cereus* strain CNCM I-1562 or *Bacillus firmus*, strain I-1582 (Accession number CNCM I-1582) or *Bacillus pumilus*, in particular strain GB34 (Accession No. ATCC 700814) and strain QST2808 (Accession No. NRRL B-30087), or *Bacillus subtilis*, in particular strain GB03 (Accession No. ATCC SD-1397), or *Bacillus subtilis* strain QST713 (Accession No. NRRL B-21661) or *Bacillus subtilis* strain OST 30002 (Accession No. NRRL B-50421) *Bacillus thuringiensis*, in particular *B. thuringiensis* subspecies *israelensis* (serotype H-14), strain AM65-52 (Accession No. ATCC 1276), or *B. thuringiensis* subsp. *aizawai*, in particular strain ABTS-1857 (SD-1372), or *B. thuringiensis* subsp. *kurstaki* strain HD-1, or *B. thuringiensis* subsp. *tenebrionis* strain NB 176 (SD-5428), *Pasteuria penetrans*, *Pasteuria* spp. (Rotylenchulus reniformis nematode)-PR3 (Accession Number ATCC SD-5834), *Streptomyces microflavus* strain AQ6121 (= QRD 31.013, NRRL B-50550), *Streptomyces galbus* strain AQ 6047 (Accession Number NRRL 30232).

Examples of fungi and yeasts which are employed or can be used as biological pesticides are:

- Beauveria bassiana*, in particular strain ATCC 74040, *Coniothyrium minitans*, in particular strain CON/M/91-8 (Accession No. DSM-9660), *Lecanicillium* spp., in particular strain HRO LEC 12, *Lecanicillium lecanii*, (formerly known as *Verticillium lecanii*), in particular strain KV01, *Metarhizium anisopliae*, in particular strain F52 (DSM3884/ ATCC 90448), *Metschnikowia fructicola*, in particular strain NRRL Y-30752, *Paecilomyces fumosoroseus* (now: *Isaria fumosorosea*), in particular strain IFPC 200613, or strain Apopka 97 (Accession No. ATCC 20874), *Paecilomyces lilacinus*, in particular *P. lilacinus* strain 251 (AGAL 89/030550), *Talaromyces flavus*, in particular strain V117b, *Trichoderma atroviride*, in particular strain SC1 (Accession Number CBS 122089), *Trichoderma harzianum*, in particular *T. harzianum* rifai T39. (Accession Number CNCM I-952).

Examples of viruses which are employed or can be used as biological pesticides are:

- Adoxophyes orana* (summer fruit tortrix) granulosis virus (GV), *Cydia pomonella* (codling moth) granulosis virus (GV), *Helicoverpa armigera* (cotton bollworm) nuclear polyhedrosis virus (NPV), *Spodoptera exigua* (beet armyworm) mNPV, *Spodoptera frugiperda* (fall armyworm) mNPV, *Spodoptera littoralis* (African cotton leafworm) NPV.

- Also included are bacteria and fungi which are added as 'inoculant' to plants or plant parts or plant organs and which, by virtue of their particular properties, promote plant growth and plant health. Examples which may be mentioned are:

Agrobacterium spp., *Azorhizobium caulinodans*, *Azospirillum* spp., *Azotobacter* spp., *Bradyrhizobium* spp., *Burkholderia* spp., in particular *Burkholderia cepacia* (formerly known as *Pseudomonas cepacia*),

Gigaspora spp., or *Gigaspora monosporum*, *Glomus* spp., *Laccaria* spp., *Lactobacillus buchneri*, *Paraglomus* spp., *Pisolithus tinctorius*, *Pseudomonas* spp., *Rhizobium* spp., in particular *Rhizobium trifolii*, *Rhizopogon* spp., *Scleroderma* spp., *Suillus* spp., *Streptomyces* spp.

5 Examples of plant extracts and products formed by microorganisms including proteins and secondary metabolites which are employed or can be used as biological pesticides are:

Allium sativum, Artemisia absinthium, azadirachtin, Biokeeper WP, Cassia nigricans, Celastrus angulatus, Chenopodium anthelminticum, chitin, Armour-Zen, Dryopteris filix-mas, Equisetum arvense, Fortune Aza, Fungastop, Heads Up (Chenopodium quinoa saponin extract), Pyrethrum/Pyrethrins, Quassia amara, Quercus, Quillaja, Regalia, "Requiem TM Insecticide", rotenone, ryania/ryanodine, 10 Symphytum officinale, Tanacetum vulgare, thymol, Triact 70, TriCon, Tropaeolum majus, Urtica dioica, Veratrin, Viscum album, Brassicaceae extract, in particular oilseed rape powder or mustard powder.

Safener as mixing components

The compounds of the formula (I) can be combined with safeners such as, for example, benoxacor, cloquintocet (-mexyl), cyometrinil, cyprosulfamide, dichlormid, fenchlorazole (-ethyl), fenclorim, 15 flurazole, fluxofenim, furilazole, isoxadifen (-ethyl), mefenpyr (-diethyl), naphthalic anhydride, oxabetrinil, 2-methoxy-N-({4-[(methylcarbamoyl)amino]phenyl}sulphonyl)benzamide (CAS 129531-12-0), 4-(dichloroacetyl)-1-oxa-4-azaspiro[4.5]decane (CAS 71526-07-3), 2,2,5-trimethyl-3-(dichloroacetyl)-1,3-oxazolidine (CAS 52836-31-4).

Plants and plant parts

20 All plants and plant parts can be treated in accordance with the invention. Here, plants are to be understood to mean all plants and plant parts such as wanted and unwanted wild plants or crop plants (including naturally occurring crop plants), for example cereals (wheat, rice, triticale, barley, rye, oats), maize, soya bean, potato, sugar beet, sugar cane, tomatoes, pepper, cucumber, melon, carrot, watermelon, onion, lettuce, spinach, leek, beans, *Brassica oleracea* (e.g. cabbage) and other vegetable 25 species, cotton, tobacco, oilseed rape, and also fruit plants (with the fruits apples, pears, citrus fruits and grapevines). Crop plants can be plants which can be obtained by conventional breeding and optimization methods or by biotechnological and genetic engineering methods or combinations of these methods, including the transgenic plants and including the plant varieties which can or cannot be protected by varietal property rights. Plants should be understood to mean all developmental stages, such as seeds, 30 seedlings, young (immature) plants up to mature plants. Plant parts should be understood to mean all parts and organs of the plants above and below ground, such as shoot, leaf, flower and root, examples given being leaves, needles, stalks, stems, flowers, fruit bodies, fruits and seeds, and also tubers, roots

and rhizomes. Parts of plants also include harvested plants or harvested plant parts and vegetative and generative propagation material, for example seedlings, tubers, rhizomes, cuttings and seeds.

Treatment according to the invention of the plants and plant parts with the compounds of the formula (I) is carried out directly or by allowing the compounds to act on the surroundings, environment or storage space by the customary treatment methods, for example by immersion, spraying, evaporation, fogging, scattering, painting on, injection and, in the case of propagation material, in particular in the case of seeds, also by applying one or more coats.

As already mentioned above, it is possible to treat all plants and their parts according to the invention. In a preferred embodiment, wild plant species and plant cultivars, or those obtained by conventional biological breeding methods, such as crossing or protoplast fusion, and also parts thereof, are treated. In a further preferred embodiment, transgenic plants and plant cultivars obtained by genetic engineering methods, if appropriate in combination with conventional methods (genetically modified organisms), and parts thereof are treated. The term "parts" or "parts of plants" or "plant parts" has been explained above. The invention is used with particular preference to treat plants of the respective commercially customary cultivars or those that are in use. Plant cultivars are to be understood as meaning plants having new properties ("traits") and which have been obtained by conventional breeding, by mutagenesis or by recombinant DNA techniques. They can be cultivars, varieties, bio- or genotypes.

Transgenic plant, seed treatment and integration events

The transgenic plants or plant cultivars (those obtained by genetic engineering) which are to be treated with preference in accordance with the invention include all plants which, through the genetic modification, received genetic material which imparts particular advantageous useful properties ("traits") to these plants. Examples of such properties are better plant growth, increased tolerance to high or low temperatures, increased tolerance to drought or to levels of water or soil salinity, enhanced flowering performance, easier harvesting, accelerated ripening, higher yields, higher quality and/or a higher nutritional value of the harvested products, better storage life and/or processability of the harvested products. Further and particularly emphasized examples of such properties are increased resistance of the plants against animal and microbial pests, such as against insects, arachnids, nematodes, mites, slugs and snails owing, for example, to toxins formed in the plants, in particular those formed in the plants by the genetic material from *Bacillus thuringiensis* (for example by the genes CryIA(a), CryIA(b), CryIA(c), CryIIA, CryIIIA, CryIIIB2, Cry9c Cry2Ab, Cry3Bb and CryIF and also combinations thereof), furthermore increased resistance of the plants against phytopathogenic fungi, bacteria and/or viruses owing, for example, to systemic acquired resistance (SAR), systemin, phytoalexins, elicitors and also resistance genes and correspondingly expressed proteins and toxins, and also increased tolerance of the plants to certain herbicidally active compounds, for example imidazolinones, sulphonylureas, glyphosate or phosphinothricin (for example the "PAT" gene). The

genes which impart the desired traits in question may also be present in combinations with one another in the transgenic plants. Examples of transgenic plants which may be mentioned are the important crop plants, such as cereals (wheat, rice, triticale, barley, rye, oats), maize, soya beans, potatoes, sugar beet, sugar cane, tomatoes, peas and other types of vegetable, cotton, tobacco, oilseed rape and also fruit plants (with the fruits apples, pears, citrus fruits and grapes), with particular emphasis being given to maize, soya beans, wheat, rice, potatoes, cotton, sugar cane, tobacco and oilseed rape. Traits which are particularly emphasized are the increased resistance of the plants to insects, arachnids, nematodes and slugs and snails.

Crop protection – types of treatment

10 The treatment of the plants and plant parts with the compounds of the formula (I) is carried out directly or by action on their surroundings, habitat or storage space using customary treatment methods, for example by dipping, spraying, atomizing, irrigating, evaporating, dusting, fogging, broadcasting, foaming, painting, spreading-on, injecting, watering (drenching), drip irrigating and, in the case of propagation material, in particular in the case of seed, furthermore as a powder for dry seed treatment, a
15 solution for liquid seed treatment, a water-soluble powder for slurry treatment, by incrusting, by coating with one or more coats, etc. It is furthermore possible to apply the compounds of the formula (I) by the ultra-low volume method or to inject the application form or the compound of the formula (I) itself into the soil.

A preferred direct treatment of the plants is foliar application, i.e. the compounds of the formula (I) are
20 applied to the foliage, where treatment frequency and the application rate should be adjusted according to the level of infestation with the pest in question.

In the case of systemically active compounds, the compounds of the formula (I) also access the plants via the root system. The plants are then treated by the action of the compounds of the formula (I) on the habitat of the plant. This may be done, for example, by drenching, or by mixing into the soil or the
25 nutrient solution, i.e. the locus of the plant (e.g. soil or hydroponic systems) is impregnated with a liquid form of the compounds of the formula (I), or by soil application, i.e. the compounds of the formula (I) according to the invention are introduced in solid form (e.g. in the form of granules) into the locus of the plants, or by drip application (often also referred to as "chemigation"), i.e. the liquid application of the compounds of the formula (I) according to the invention from surface or sub-surface driplines over a
30 certain period of time together with varying amounts of water at defined locations in the vicinity of the plants. In the case of paddy rice crops, this can also be done by metering the compound of the formula (I) in a solid application form (for example as granules) into a flooded paddy field.

Treatment of seed

The control of animal pests by treating the seed of plants has been known for a long time and is the subject of continuous improvements. However, the treatment of seed entails a series of problems which cannot always be solved in a satisfactory manner. Thus, it is desirable to develop methods for protecting the seed and the germinating plant which dispense with, or at least reduce considerably, the additional application of pesticides during storage, after sowing or after emergence of the plants. It is furthermore desirable to optimize the amount of active compound employed in such a way as to provide optimum protection for the seed and the germinating plant from attack by animal pests, but without damaging the plant itself by the active compound employed. In particular, methods for the treatment of seed should also take into consideration the intrinsic insecticidal or nematicidal properties of pest-resistant or -tolerant transgenic plants in order to achieve optimum protection of the seed and also the germinating plant with a minimum of pesticides being employed.

The present invention therefore in particular also relates to a method for the protection of seed and germinating plants, from attack by pests, by treating the seed with one of the compounds of the formula (I). The method according to the invention for protecting seed and germinating plants against attack by pests furthermore comprises a method where the seed is treated simultaneously in one operation or sequentially with a compound of the formula (I) and a mixing component. It also comprises a method where the seed is treated at different times with a compound of the formula (I) and a mixing component.

The invention likewise relates to the use of the compounds of the formula (I) for the treatment of seed for protecting the seed and the resulting plant from animal pests.

Furthermore, the invention relates to seed which has been treated with a compound of the formula (I) according to the invention so as to afford protection from animal pests. The invention also relates to seed which has been treated simultaneously with a compound of the formula (I) and a mixing component. The invention furthermore relates to seed which has been treated at different times with a compound of the formula (I) and a mixing component. In the case of seed which has been treated at different points in time with a compound of the formula (I) and a mixing component, the individual substances may be present on the seed in different layers. Here, the layers comprising a compound of the formula (I) and mixing components may optionally be separated by an intermediate layer. The invention also relates to seed where a compound of the formula (I) and a mixing component have been applied as component of a coating or as a further layer or further layers in addition to a coating.

Furthermore, the invention relates to seed which, after the treatment with a compound of the formula (I), is subjected to a film-coating process to prevent dust abrasion on the seed.

One of the advantages encountered with a systemically acting compound of the formula (I) is the fact that, by treating the seed, not only the seed itself but also the plants resulting therefrom are, after emergence, protected against animal pests. In this manner, the immediate treatment of the crop at the time of sowing or shortly thereafter can be dispensed with.

- 5 It has to be considered a further advantage that by treatment of the seed with a compound of the formula (I), germination and emergence of the treated seed may be enhanced.

It is likewise to be considered advantageous that compounds of the formula (I) can be used in particular also for transgenic seed.

- 10 Furthermore, compounds of the formula (I) can be employed in combination with compositions or compounds of signalling technology, leading to better colonization by symbionts such as, for example, rhizobia, mycorrhizae and/or endophytic bacteria or fungi, and/or to optimized nitrogen fixation.

- 15 The compounds of the formula (I) are suitable for protection of seed of any plant variety which is used in agriculture, in the greenhouse, in forests or in horticulture. In particular, this takes the form of seed of cereals (for example wheat, barley, rye, millet and oats), corn, cotton, soya beans, rice, potatoes, sunflowers, coffee, tobacco, canola, oilseed rape, beets (for example sugarbeets and fodder beets), peanuts, vegetables (for example tomatoes, cucumbers, bean, cruciferous vegetables, onions and lettuce), fruit plants, lawns and ornamental plants. The treatment of the seed of cereals (such as wheat, barley, rye and oats), maize, soya beans, cotton, canola, oilseed rape, vegetables and rice is of particular importance.

- 20 As already mentioned above, the treatment of transgenic seed with a compound of the formula (I) is also of particular importance. This takes the form of seed of plants which, as a rule, comprise at least one heterologous gene which governs the expression of a polypeptide with in particular insecticidal and/or nematicidal properties. The heterologous genes in transgenic seed can originate from microorganisms such as *Bacillus*, *Rhizobium*, *Pseudomonas*, *Serratia*, *Trichoderma*, *Clavibacter*, *Glomus* or
25 *Gliocladium*. The present invention is particularly suitable for the treatment of transgenic seed which comprises at least one heterologous gene originating from *Bacillus* sp. It is particularly preferably a heterologous gene derived from *Bacillus thuringiensis*.

- In the context of the present invention, the compound of the formula (I) is applied to the seed. Preferably, the seed is treated in a state in which it is stable enough to avoid damage during treatment. In
30 general, the seed may be treated at any point in time between harvest and sowing. The seed usually used has been separated from the plant and freed from cobs, shells, stalks, coats, hairs or the flesh of the fruits. For example, it is possible to use seed which has been harvested, cleaned and dried down to a moisture content which allows storage. Alternatively, it is also possible to use seed which, after drying,

has been treated with, for example, water and then dried again, for example priming. In the case of rice seed, it is also possible to use seed which has been soaked, for example in water to a certain stage of the rice embryo ('pigeon breast stage'), stimulating the germination and a more uniform emergence.

5 When treating the seed, care must generally be taken that the amount of the compound of the formula (I) applied to the seed and/or the amount of further additives is chosen in such a way that the germination of the seed is not adversely affected, or that the resulting plant is not damaged. This must be ensured particularly in the case of active compounds which can exhibit phytotoxic effects at certain application rates.

10 In general, the compounds of the formula (I) are applied to the seed in a suitable formulation. Suitable formulations and processes for seed treatment are known to the person skilled in the art.

The compounds of the formula (I) can be converted to the customary seed dressing formulations, such as solutions, emulsions, suspensions, powders, foams, slurries or other coating compositions for seed, and also ULV formulations.

15 These formulations are prepared in a known manner, by mixing the compounds of the formula (I) with customary additives such as, for example, customary extenders and also solvents or diluents, colorants, wetting agents, dispersants, emulsifiers, antifoams, preservatives, secondary thickeners, adhesives, gibberellins and also water.

20 Colorants which may be present in the seed-dressing formulations which can be used in accordance with the invention are all colorants which are customary for such purposes. It is possible to use either pigments, which are sparingly soluble in water, or dyes, which are soluble in water. Examples include the dyes known by the names Rhodamine B, C.I. Pigment Red 112 and C.I. Solvent Red 1.

25 Useful wetting agents which may be present in the seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention are all substances which promote wetting and which are conventionally used for the formulation of agrochemically active compounds. Preference is given to using alkyl naphthalenesulphonates, such as diisopropyl- or diisobutyl naphthalenesulphonates.

30 Useful dispersants and/or emulsifiers which may be present in the seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention are all nonionic, anionic and cationic dispersants conventionally used for the formulation of active agrochemical ingredients. Preference is given to using nonionic or anionic dispersants or mixtures of nonionic or anionic dispersants. Suitable nonionic dispersants include in particular ethylene oxide/propylene oxide block polymers, alkylphenol polyglycol ethers and triarylphenol polyglycol ethers, and the phosphated or sulphated derivatives thereof. Suitable anionic dispersants are in particular lignosulphonates, polyacrylic acid salts and arylsulphonate/formaldehyde condensates.

Antifoams which may be present in the seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention are all foam-inhibiting substances conventionally used for the formulation of active agrochemical ingredients. Preference is given to using silicone antifoams and magnesium stearate.

5 Preservatives which may be present in the seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention are all substances usable for such purposes in agrochemical compositions. Examples include dichlorophene and benzyl alcohol hemiformal.

10 Secondary thickeners which may be present in the seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention are all substances which can be used for such purposes in agrochemical compositions. Cellulose derivatives, acrylic acid derivatives, xanthan, modified clays and finely divided silica are preferred.

Adhesives which may be present in the seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention are all customary binders usable in seed dressing products. Polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl alcohol and tylose may be mentioned as being preferred.

15 Gibberellins which can be present in the seed-dressing formulations which can be used in accordance with the invention are preferably the gibberellins A1, A3 (= gibberellic acid), A4 and A7; gibberellic acid is especially preferably used. The gibberellins are known (cf. R. Wegler "Chemie der Pflanzenschutz- und Schädlingsbekämpfungsmittel", vol. 2, Springer Verlag, 1970, pp. 401-412).

20 The seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention can be used to treat a wide variety of different kinds of seed either directly or after prior dilution with water. For instance, the concentrates or the preparations obtainable therefrom by dilution with water can be used to dress the seed of cereals, such as wheat, barley, rye, oats, and triticale, and also the seed of maize, rice, oilseed rape, peas, beans, cotton, sunflowers, soya beans and beets, or else a wide variety of different vegetable seed. The seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention, or the dilute use forms thereof, can also be used to dress seed of transgenic plants.

25 For treatment of seed with the seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention, or the use forms prepared therefrom by adding water, all mixing units usable customarily for the seed dressing are useful. Specifically, the procedure in the seed dressing is to place the seed into a mixer, operated batch-wise or continuously, to add the particular desired amount of seed dressing formulations, either as such or after prior dilution with water, and to mix everything until the formulation is distributed
30 homogeneously on the seed. If appropriate, this is followed by a drying operation.

The application rate of the seed dressing formulations usable in accordance with the invention can be varied within a relatively wide range. It is guided by the particular content of the compounds of the formula (I) in the formulations and by the seed. The application rates of the compound of the formula (I)

are generally between 0.001 and 50 g per kilogram of seed, preferably between 0.01 and 15 g per kilogram of seed.

Animal health

5 In the animal health field, i.e. in the field of veterinary medicine, the compounds of the formula (I) are active against animal parasites, in particular ectoparasites or endoparasites. The term endoparasite includes in particular helminths and protozoae, such as coccidia. Ectoparasites are typically and preferably arthropods, in particular insects or acarids.

10 In the field of veterinary medicine the compounds of the formula (I) are suitable, with favourable toxicity in warm blooded animals, for controlling parasites which occur in animal breeding and animal husbandry in livestock, breeding, zoo, laboratory, experimental and domestic animals. They are active against all or specific stages of development of the parasites.

Agricultural livestock include, for example, mammals, such as, sheep, goats, horses, donkeys, camels, buffaloes, rabbits, reindeers, fallow deers, and in particular cattle and pigs; or poultry, such as turkeys, ducks, geese, and in particular chickens; or fish or crustaceans, e.g. in aquaculture; or, as the case may
15 be, insects such as bees.

Domestic animals include, for example, mammals, such as hamsters, guinea pigs, rats, mice, chinchillas, ferrets or in particular dogs, cats; cage birds; reptiles; amphibians or aquarium fish.

According to a particular embodiment, the compounds of the formula (I) are administered to mammals.

20 According to another particular embodiment, the compounds of the formula (I) are administered to birds, namely cage birds or in particular poultry.

By using the compounds of the formula (I) to control animal parasites, it is intended to reduce or prevent illness, cases of deaths and performance reductions (in the case of meat, milk, wool, hides, eggs, honey and the like), so that more economical and simpler animal keeping is made possible and better animal well-being is achievable.

25 The term "control" or "controlling", as used herein with regard to the animal health field, means that the compounds of the formula (I) are effective in reducing the incidence of the respective parasite in an animal infected with such parasites to innocuous levels. More specifically, "controlling", as used herein, means that the compounds of the formula (I) are effective in killing the respective parasite, inhibiting its growth, or inhibiting its proliferation.

30 Exemplary arthropods include, without any limitation

from the order of the Anoplurida, for example, *Haematopinus* spp., *Linognathus* spp., *Pediculus* spp., *Phtirus* spp., *Solenopotes* spp.;

- from the order of the Mallophagida and the suborders Amblycerina and Ischnocerina, for example *Bovicola* spp., *Damalina* spp., *Felicola* spp., *Lepikentron* spp., *Menopon* spp., *Trichodectes* spp.,
- 5 *Trimenopon* spp., *Trinoton* spp., *Werneckiella* spp.;

- from the order of the Diptera and the suborders Nematocerina and Brachycerina, for example *Aedes* spp., *Anopheles* spp., *Atylotus* spp., *Braula* spp., *Calliphora* spp., *Chrysomyia* spp., *Chrysops* spp., *Culex* spp., *Culicoides* spp., *Eusimulium* spp., *Fannia* spp., *Gasterophilus* spp., *Glossina* spp., *Haematobia* spp., *Haematopota* spp., *Hippobosca* spp., *Hybomitra* spp., *Hydrotaea* spp., *Hypoderma*
- 10 spp., *Lipoptena* spp., *Lucilia* spp., *Lutzomyia* spp., *Melophagus* spp., *Morellia* spp., *Musca* spp., *Odagmia* spp., *Oestrus* spp., *Philipomyia* spp., *Phlebotomus* spp., *Rhinoestrus* spp., *Sarcophaga* spp., *Simulium* spp., *Stomoxys* spp., *Tabanus* spp., *Tipula* spp., *Wilhelmia* spp., *Wohlfahrtia* spp.

from the order of the Siphonaptera, for example *Ceratophyllus* spp.; *Ctenocephalides* spp., *Pulex* spp., *Tunga* spp., *Xenopsylla* spp.;

- 15 from the order of the Heteroptera, for example *Cimex* spp., *Panstrongylus* spp., *Rhodnius* spp., *Triatoma* spp.; as well as nuisance and hygiene pests from the order of the Blattaria.

Further, among the arthropods, the following acari may be mentioned by way of example, without any limitation:

- from the subclass of the Acari (Acarina) and the order of the Metastigmata, for example, from the family
- 20 of argasidae like *Argas* spp., *Ornithodoros* spp., *Otobius* spp., from the family of Ixodidae like *Amblyomma* spp., *Dermacentor* spp., *Haemaphysalis* spp., *Hyalomma* spp., *Ixodes* spp., *Rhipicephalus* (*Boophilus*) spp., *Rhipicephalus* spp. (the original genus of multi host ticks); from the order of mesostigmata like *Dermanyssus* spp., *Ornithonyssus* spp., *Pneumonyssus* spp., *Raillietia* spp., *Sternostoma* spp., *Tropilaelaps* spp., *Varroa* spp.; from the order of the Actinotardigrada (Prostigmata), for
- 25 example *Acarapis* spp., *Cheyletiella* spp., *Demodex* spp., *Listrophorus* spp., *Myobia* spp., *Neotrombicula* spp., *Ornithocheyletiella* spp., *Psorergates* spp., *Trombicula* spp.; and from the order of the Acaridida (Astigmata), for example *Acarus* spp., *Caloglyphus* spp., *Choriopetes* spp., *Cytodites* spp., *Hypodectes* spp., *Knemidocoptes* spp., *Laminosioptes* spp., *Notoedres* spp., *Otodectes* spp., *Psoroptes* spp., *Pterolichus* spp., *Sarcoptes* spp., *Trixacarus* spp., *Tyrophagus* spp.

- 30 Exemplary parasitic protozoa include, without any limitation:

Mastigophora (Flagellata) such as:

Metamonada: from the order Diplomonadida, for example, *Giardia* spp., *Spironucleus* spp.

Parabasala: from the order Trichomonadida, for example, *Histomonas* spp., *Pentatrichomonas* spp., *Tetratrichomonas* spp., *Trichomonas* spp., *Tritrichomonas* spp.

Euglenozoa: from the order Trypanosomatida, for example, *Leishmania* spp., *Trypanosoma* spp.

- 5 *Sarcomastigophora* (Rhizopoda), such as Entamoebidae, for example, *Entamoeba* spp., Centramoebidae, for example, *Acanthamoeba* sp., Euamoebidae, e.g. *Hartmanella* sp.

Alveolata such as Apicomplexa (Sporozoa): e.g. *Cryptosporidium* spp.; from the order Eimeriida, for example, *Besnoitia* spp., *Cystoisospora* spp., *Eimeria* spp., *Hammondia* spp., *Isospora* spp., *Neospora* spp., *Sarcocystis* spp., *Toxoplasma* spp.; from the order Adeleida e.g. *Hepatozoon* spp., *Klossiella* spp.;

- 10 from the order Haemosporida e.g. *Leucocytozoon* spp., *Plasmodium* spp.; from the order Piroplasmida e.g. *Babesia* spp., *Ciliophora* spp., *Echinozoon* spp., *Theileria* spp.; from the order Vesiculiferida e.g. *Balantidium* spp., *Buxtonella* spp.

Microspora such as *Encephalitozoon* spp., *Enterocytozoon* spp., *Globidium* spp., *Nosema* spp., and furthermore, e.g. *Myxozoa* spp.

- 15 Helminths pathogenic for humans or animals include, for example, acanthocephala, nematodes, pentastoma and platyhelmintha (e.g. monogenea, cestodes and trematodes).

Exemplary helminths include, without any limitation:

Monogenea: e.g.: *Dactylogyrus* spp., *Gyrodactylus* spp., *Microbothrium* spp., *Polystoma* spp., *Troglocephalus* spp.

- 20 Cestodes: from the order of the Pseudophyllidea, for example: *Bothridium* spp., *Diphylobothrium* spp., *Diplogonoporus* spp., *Ichthyobothrium* spp., *Ligula* spp., *Schistocephalus* spp., *Spirometra* spp.

from the order of the Cyclophyllida, for example: *Andrya* spp., *Anoplocephala* spp., *Avitellina* spp., *Bertiella* spp., *Cittotaenia* spp., *Davainea* spp., *Diorchis* spp., *Diplopylidium* spp., *Dipylidium* spp., *Echinococcus* spp., *Echinocotyle* spp., *Echinolepis* spp., *Hydatigera* spp., *Hymenolepis* spp., *Joyeuxiella* spp., *Mesocestoides* spp., *Moniezia* spp., *Paranoplocephala* spp., *Raillietina* spp., *Stilesia* spp., *Taenia* spp., *Thysaniezia* spp., *Thysanosoma* spp.

- 25 Trematodes: from the class of the Digenea, for example: *Austrobilharzia* spp., *Brachylaima* spp., *Calicophoron* spp., *Catatropis* spp., *Clonorchis* spp., *Collyriclum* spp., *Cotylophoron* spp., *Cyclocoelum* spp., *Dicrocoelium* spp., *Diplostomum* spp., *Echinochasmus* spp., *Echinoparyphium* spp., *Echinostoma* spp., *Eurytrema* spp., *Fasciola* spp., *Fasciolides* spp., *Fasciolopsis* spp., *Fischoederius* spp.,
- 30

Gastrothylacus spp., Gigantobilharzia spp., Gigantocotyle spp., Heterophyes spp., Hypoderaeum spp., Leucochloridium spp., Metagonimus spp., Metorchis spp., Nanophyetus spp., Notocotylus spp., Opisthorchis spp., Ornithobilharzia spp., Paragonimus spp., Paramphistomum spp., Plagiorchis spp., Posthodiplostomum spp., Prosthogonimus spp., Schistosoma spp., Trichobilharzia spp., Troglotrema
5 spp., Typhlocoelum spp.

Nematodes: from the order of the Trichinellida, for example: Capillaria spp., Eucoleus spp., Paracapillaria spp., Trichinella spp., Trichomosoides spp., Trichuris spp.

from the order of the Tylenchida, for example: Micronema spp., Parastrongyloides spp., Strongyloides spp.

10 from the order of the Rhabditina, for example: Aelurostrongylus spp., Amidostomum spp., Ancylostoma spp., Angiostrongylus spp., Bronchonema spp., Bunostomum spp., Chabertia spp., Cooperia spp., Cooperioides spp., Crenosoma spp., Cyathostomum spp., Cyclococercus spp., Cyclodontostomum spp., Cylicocyclus spp., Cylicostephanus spp., Cylindropharynx spp., Cystocaulus spp., Dictyocaulus spp., Elaphostrongylus spp., Filaroides spp., Globocephalus spp., Graphidium spp., Gyaloccephalus spp.,
15 Haemonchus spp., Heligmosomoides spp., Hyostrongylus spp., Marshallagia spp., Metastrongylus spp., Muellerius spp., Necator spp., Nematodirus spp., Neostongylus spp., Nippostrongylus spp., Obeliscoides spp., Oesophagodontus spp., Oesophagostomum spp., Ollulanus spp.; Ornithostrongylus spp., Oslerus spp., Ostertagia spp., Paracooperia spp., Paracrenosoma spp., Parastrongylus spp., Parelaphostrongylus spp., Pneumocaulus spp., Pneumostrongylus spp., Poteriostomum spp.,
20 Protostrongylus spp., Spicocaulus spp., Stephanurus spp., Strongylus spp., Syngamus spp., Teladorsagia spp., Trichonema spp., Trichostrongylus spp., Triodontophorus spp., Troglstrongylus spp., Uncinaria spp.

from the order of the Spirurida, for example: Acanthocheilonema spp., Anisakis spp., Ascaridia spp.; Ascaris spp., Ascarops spp., Aspiculuris spp., Baylisascaris spp., Brugia spp., Cercopithifilaria spp.,
25 Crassicauda spp., Dipetalonema spp., Dirofilaria spp., Dracunculus spp.; Draschia spp., Enterobius spp., Filaria spp., Gnathostoma spp., Gongylonema spp., Habronema spp., Heterakis spp.; Litomosoides spp., Loa spp., Onchocerca spp., Oxyuris spp., Parabronema spp., Parastrongylus spp., Parascaris spp., Passalurus spp., Physaloptera spp., Probstmayria spp., Pseudofilaria spp., Setaria spp., Skjabinema spp., Spirocerca spp., Stephanofilaria spp., Strongyluris spp., Syphacia spp., Thelazia spp., Toxascaris spp., Toxocara
30 spp., Wuchereria spp.

Acantocephala: from the order of the Oligacanthorhynchida, for example: Macracanthorhynchus spp., Prosthonorchis spp.; from the order of the Moniliformida, for example: Moniliformis spp.

from the order of the Polymorphida, for example: Filicollis spp.; from the order of the Echinorhynchida, for example: Acanthocephalus spp., Echinorhynchus spp., Leptorhynchoides spp.

Pentastoma: from the order of the Porocephalida, for example: Linguatula spp.

5 In the veterinary field and in animal keeping, the administration of the compounds of the formula (I) is carried out by methods generally known in the art, such as enterally, parenterally, dermally or nasally, in the form of suitable preparations. Administration can be carried out prophylactically, methaphylactically or therapeutically.

Thus, one embodiment of the present invention refers to the compounds of the formula (I) for use as a medicament.

10 Another aspect refers to the compounds of the formula (I) for use as an antiendoparasitical agent.

Another particular aspect refers to the compounds of the formula (I) for use as a anthelmintic agent, more particular for use as a nematocidal agent, a platyhelminthicidal agent, an acanthocephalicidal agent, or a pentastomicidal agent.

Another particular aspect refers to the compounds of the formula (I) for use as an antiprotozoal agent.

15 Another aspect refers to the compounds of the formula (I) for use as an antiectoparasitical agent, in particular an arthropodicidal agent, more particular an insecticidal agent or acaricidal agent.

Further aspects of the invention are veterinary formulations, comprising an effective amount of at least one compound of the formula (I) and at least one of the following: pharmaceutically acceptable excipient (e.g. solid or liquid diluents), pharmaceutically acceptable auxiliary (e.g. surfactants), in particular a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and/or pharmaceutically acceptable auxiliary which is normally used in veterinary formulations.

20 A related aspect of the invention is a method for preparing a veterinary formulation as described herein, comprising the step of mixing at least one compound of the formula (I) with pharmaceutically acceptable excipients and/or auxiliaries, in particular with pharmaceutically acceptable excipients and/or auxiliaries which are normally used in veterinary formulations.

Another particular aspect of the invention are veterinary formulations, selected from the group of ectoparasiticidal and endoparasiticidal formulations, more particular selected from the group of anthelmintic, antiprotozoal, and arthropodicidal formulations, even more particular selected from the group of nematocidal, platyhelminthicidal, acanthocephalicidal, pentastomicidal, insecticidal, and acaricidal formulations, in accordance with the mentioned aspects, as well as their methods for preparation.

Another aspect refers to a method for treatment of a parasitic infection, in particular an infection by a parasite selected from the group of ectoparasites and endoparasites mentioned herein, by applying an effective amount of a compound of the formula (I) to an animal, in particular a non-human animal, in need thereof.

- 5 Another aspect refers to a method for treatment of a parasitic infection, in particular an infection by a parasite selected from the group of ectoparasites and endoparasites mentioned herein, by applying a veterinary formulation as defined herein to an animal, in particular a non-human animal, in need thereof.

- Another aspect refers to the use of the compounds of the formula (I) in the treatment of a parasitic infection, in particular an infection by a parasite selected from the group of ectoparasites and endoparasites mentioned herein, in an animal, in particular a non-human animal.
- 10

In the present context of the animal health or veterinary field, the term "treatment" includes prophylactic, metaphylactic or therapeutical treatment.

In a particular embodiment, mixtures of at least one compound of the formula (I) with other active ingredients, particularly with endo- and ectoparasiticides, for the veterinary field are provided herewith.

- 15 In the field of animal health "mixture" not only means that two (or more) different active ingredients are formulated in a joint formulation and are accordingly applied together but also refers to products which comprise separate formulations for each active compound. Accordingly, if more than two active compounds are to be applied, all active compounds may be formulated in a joint formulation or all active compounds may be formulated in separate formulations; also feasible are mixed forms where
- 20 some of the active compounds are formulated jointly and some of the active compounds are formulated separately. Separate formulations allow the separate or successive application of the active compounds in question.

- The active compounds specified herein by their common names are known and described, for example, in the Pesticide Manual (see above) or can be searched in the internet (e.g.
- 25 <http://www.alanwood.net/pesticides>).

- Exemplary active ingredients from the group of ectoparasiticides, as mixing partners, include, without limitation insecticides and acaricides listed in detail above. Further active ingredients which may be used are listed below following the aforementioned classification which is based on the current IRAC Mode of Action Classification Scheme: (1) Acetylcholinesterase (AChE) inhibitors; (2) GABA-gated chloride channel blockers; (3) Sodium channel modulators; (4) Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR) competitive modulators; (5) Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor (nAChR) allosteric modulators; (6) Glutamate-gated chloride channel (GluCl) allosteric modulators; (7) Juvenile hormone mimics; (8) Miscellaneous non-specific (multi-site) inhibitors; (9) Modulators of Chordotonal Organs; (10) Mite
- 30

- growth inhibitors; (12) Inhibitors of mitochondrial ATP synthase, such as, ATP disruptors; (13) Uncouplers of oxidative phosphorylation via disruption of the proton gradient; (14) Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor channel blockers; (15) Inhibitors of chitin biosynthesis, type 0; (16) Inhibitors of chitin biosynthesis, type 1; (17) Moulting disruptor (in particular for Diptera, i.e. dipterans); (18) Ecdysone receptor agonists; (19) Octopamine receptor agonists; (21) Mitochondrial complex I electron transport inhibitors; (25) Mitochondrial complex II electron transport inhibitors; (20) Mitochondrial complex III electron transport inhibitors; (22) Voltage-dependent sodium channel blockers; (23) Inhibitors of acetyl CoA carboxylase; (28) Ryanodine receptor modulators;

- Active compounds with unknown or non-specific mode of action, e.g., fentrifanil, fenoxacrim, cycloprene, chlorobenzilate, chlordimeform, flubenzimine, dicyclanil, amidoflumet, quinomethionate, triarathene, clothiazoben, tetrasul, potassium oleate, petroleum, metoxadiazone, gossyplure, flutenzin, bromopropylate, cryolite;

- Compounds from other classes, e.g. butacarb, dimetilan, cloethocarb, phosphocarb, pirimiphos (-ethyl), parathion (-ethyl), methacrifos, isopropyl o-salicylate, trichlorfon, tigolaner, sulprofos, propaphos, sebufos, pyridathion, prothoate, dichlofenthion, demeton-S-methylsulphone, isazofos, cyanofenphos, dialifos, carbophenothion, autathiofos, aromfenvinfos (-methyl), azinphos (-ethyl), chlorpyrifos (-ethyl), fosmethilan, iodofenphos, dioxabenzofos, formothion, fonofos, flupyrazofos, fensulfothion, etrimfos;

- organochlorines, e.g. camphechlor, lindane, heptachlor; or phenylpyrazoles, e.g. acetoprole, pyrafluprole, pyriprole, vaniliprole, sisapronil; or isoxazolines, e.g. sarolaner, afoxolaner, lotilaner, fluralaner;

- pyrethroids, e.g. (cis-, trans-), metofluthrin, profluthrin, flufenprox, flubrocylthrin, fubfenprox, fenfluthrin, protrifenbutate, pyresmethrin, RU15525, tallethrin, cis-resmethrin, heptafluthrin, bioethanomethrin, biopermethrin, fenpyrithrin, cis-cypermethrin, cis-permethrin, clopyrithrin, cyhalothrin (lambda-), chlovaporthrin, or halogenated carbonhydrogen compounds (HCHs),

- neonicotinoids, e.g. nithiazine

dicloromezotiaz, triflumezopyrim

macrocyclic lactones, e.g. nemadectin, ivermectin, latidectin, moxidectin, selamectin, eprinomectin, doramectin, emamectin benzoate; milbemycin oxime

triprene, epofenonane, diofenolan;

- Biologicals, hormones or pheromones, for example natural products, e.g. thuringiensin, codlemone or neem components

dinitrophenols, e.g. dinocap, dinobuton, binapacryl;

benzoylureas, e.g. fluazuron, penfluron,

amidine derivatives, e.g. chlormebuform, cymiazole, demiditraz

Bee hive varroa acaricides, for example organic acids, e.g. formic acid, oxalic acid.

- 5 Exemplary active ingredients from the group of endoparasiticides, as mixing partners, include, without limitation, anthelmintically active compounds and antiprotozoal active compounds.

Anthelmintically active compounds, including, without limitation, the following nematocidally, trematocidally and/or cestocidally active compounds:

- 10 from the class of macrocyclic lactones, for example: eprinomectin, abamectin, nemadectin, moxidectin, doramectin, selamectin, lepipsectin, latidectin, milbemectin, ivermectin, emamectin, milbemycin;

from the class of benzimidazoles and probenzimidazoles, for example: oxibendazole, mebendazole, triclabendazole, thiophanate, parabendazole, oxfendazole, netobimin, fenbendazole, febantel, thiabendazole, cyclobendazole, cambendazole, albendazole-sulphoxide, albendazole, flubendazole;

- 15 from the class of depsipeptides, preferably cyclic depsipeptides, in particular 24-membered cyclic depsipeptides, for example: emodepside, PF1022A;

from the class of tetrahydropyrimidines, for example: morantel, pyrantel, oxantel;

from the class of imidazothiazoles, for example: butamisol, levamisole, tetramisol;

from the class of aminophenylamidines, for example: amidantel, deacylated amidantel (dAMD), tribendimidine;

- 20 from the class of aminoacetonitriles, for example: monepantel;

from the class of paraherquamides, for example: paraherquamide, derquantel;

from the class of salicylanilides, for example: tribromsalan, bromoxanide, brotlanide, clioxanide, closantel, niclosamide, oxyclozanide, rafoxanide;

- 25 from the class of substituted phenols, for example: nitroxylin, bithionol, disophenol, hexachlorophene, niclofolan, meniclopholan;

from the class of organophosphates, for example: trichlorfon, naphthalofos, dichlorvos/DDVP, crufomate, coumaphos, haloxon;

from the class of piperazinones / quinolines, for example: praziquantel, epsiprantel;

from the class of piperazines, for example: piperazine, hydroxyzine;

from the class of tetracyclines, for example: tetracyclin, chlorotetracycline, doxycyclin, oxytetracyclin, rolitetracyclin;

- 5 from diverse other classes, for example: bunamidine, niridazole, resorantel, omphalotin, oltipraz, nitroscanate, nitroxyne, oxamniquine, mirasan, miracil, lucanthone, hycanthone, hetolin, emetine, diethylcarbamazine, dichlorophen, diamfenetide, clonazepam, bephenium, amoscanate, clorsulon.

Antiprotozoal active compounds, including, without limitation, the following active compounds:

from the class of triazines, for example: diclazuril, ponazuril, letrazuril, toltrazuril;

- 10 from the class of polyether ionophore, for example: monensin, salinomycin, maduramicin, narasin;

from the class of macrocyclic lactones, for example: milbemycin, erythromycin;

from the class of quinolones, for example: enrofloxacin, pradofloxacin;

from the class of quinines, for example: chloroquine;

from the class of pyrimidines, for example: pyrimethamine;

- 15 from the class of sulfonamides, for example: sulfaquinoxaline, trimethoprim, sulfaclozin;

from the class of thiamines, for example: amprolium;

from the class of lincosamides, for example: clindamycin;

from the class of carbanilides, for example: imidocarb;

from the class of nitrofurans, for example: nifurtimox;

- 20 from the class of quinazolinone alkaloids, for example: halofuginon;

from diverse other classes, for example: oxamniquin, paromomycin;

from the class of vaccines or antigens from microorganisms, for example: Babesia canis rossi, Eimeria tenella, Eimeria praecox, Eimeria necatrix, Eimeria mitis, Eimeria maxima, Eimeria brunetti, Eimeria acervulina, Babesia canis vogeli, Leishmania infantum, Babesia canis canis, Dictyocaulus viviparus.

All named mixing partners can, if their functional groups enable this, optionally form salts with suitable bases or acids.

Vector control

The compounds of the formula (I) can also be used in vector control. For the purpose of the present invention, a vector is an arthropod, in particular an insect or arachnid, capable of transmitting pathogens such as, for example, viruses, worms, single-cell organisms and bacteria from a reservoir (plant, animal, human, etc.) to a host. The pathogens can be transmitted either mechanically (for example trachoma by non-stinging flies) to a host, or by injection (for example malaria parasites by mosquitoes) into a host.

Examples of vectors and the diseases or pathogens they transmit are:

10 1) Mosquitoes

- Anopheles: malaria, filariasis;

- Culex: Japanese encephalitis, other viral diseases, filariasis, transmission of other worms;

- Aedes: yellow fever, dengue fever, other viral diseases, filariasis;

- Simuliidae: transmission of worms, in particular *Onchocerca volvulus*;

15 - Psychodidae: transmission of leishmaniasis

2) Lice: skin infections, epidemic typhus;

3) Fleas: plague, endemic typhus, cestodes;

4) Flies: sleeping sickness (trypanosomiasis); cholera, other bacterial diseases;

20 5) Mites: acariosis, epidemic typhus, rickettsialpox, tularaemia, Saint Louis encephalitis, tick-borne encephalitis (TBE), Crimean–Congo haemorrhagic fever, borreliosis;

6) Ticks: borellioses such as *Borrelia burgdorferi sensu lato.*, *Borrelia duttoni*, tick-borne encephalitis, Q fever (*Coxiella burnetii*), babesioses (*Babesia canis canis*), ehrlichiosis.

25 Examples of vectors in the sense of the present invention are insects, for example aphids, flies, leafhoppers or thrips, which are capable of transmitting plant viruses to plants. Other vectors capable of transmitting plant viruses are spider mites, lice, beetles and nematodes.

Further examples of vectors in the sense of the present invention are insects and arachnids such as mosquitoes, in particular of the genera *Aedes*, *Anopheles*, for example *A. gambiae*, *A. arabiensis*, *A.*

funestus, A. dirus (malaria) and Culex, psychodids such as Phlebotomus, Lutzomyia, lice, fleas, flies, mites and ticks capable of transmitting pathogens to animals and/or humans.

Vector control is also possible if the compounds of the formula (I) are resistance-breaking.

Compounds of the formula (I) are suitable for use in the prevention of diseases and/or pathogens transmitted by vectors. Thus, a further aspect of the present invention is the use of compounds of the formula (I) for vector control, for example in agriculture, in horticulture, in gardens and in leisure facilities, and also in the protection of materials and stored products.

Protection of industrial materials

The compounds of the formula (I) are suitable for protecting industrial materials against attack or destruction by insects, for example from the orders Coleoptera, Hymenoptera, Isoptera, Lepidoptera, Psocoptera and Zygentoma.

Industrial materials in the present context are understood to mean inanimate materials, such as preferably plastics, adhesives, sizes, papers and cards, leather, wood, processed wood products and coating compositions. The use of the invention for protecting wood is particularly preferred.

In a further embodiment, the compounds of the formula (I) are used together with at least one further insecticide and/or at least one fungicide.

In a further embodiment, the compounds of the formula (I) are present as a ready-to-use pesticide, i.e. they can be applied to the material in question without further modifications. Suitable further insecticides or fungicides are in particular those mentioned above.

Surprisingly, it has also been found that the compounds of the formula (I) can be employed for protecting objects which come into contact with saltwater or brackish water, in particular hulls, screens, nets, buildings, moorings and signalling systems, against fouling. Likewise, the compounds of the formula (I), alone or in combinations with other active compounds, can be used as antifouling agents.

Control of animal pests in the hygiene sector

The compounds of the formula (I) are suitable for controlling animal pests in the hygiene sector. In particular, the invention can be applied in the domestic sector, in the hygiene sector and in the protection of stored products, especially for controlling insects, arachnids, ticks and mites encountered in enclosed spaces such as dwellings, factory halls, offices, vehicle cabins, animal husbandries. For controlling animal pests, the compounds of the formula (I) are used alone or in combination with other active compounds and/or auxiliaries. They are preferably used in domestic insecticide products. The

compounds of the formula (I) are effective against sensitive and resistant species, and against all developmental stages.

5 These pests include, for example, pests from the class Arachnida, from the orders Scorpiones, Araneae and Opiliones, from the classes Chilopoda and Diplopoda, from the class Insecta the order Blattodea, from the orders Coleoptera, Dermaptera, Diptera, Heteroptera, Hymenoptera, Isoptera, Lepidoptera, Phthiraptera, Psocoptera, Saltatoria or Orthoptera, Siphonaptera and Zygentoma and from the class Malacostraca the order Isopoda.

10 They are used, for example, in aerosols, pressure-free spray products, for example pump and atomizer sprays, automatic fogging systems, foggers, foams, gels, evaporator products with evaporator tablets made of cellulose or plastic, liquid evaporators, gel and membrane evaporators, propeller-driven evaporators, energy-free, or passive, evaporation systems, moth papers, moth bags and moth gels, as granules or dusts, in baits for spreading or in bait stations.

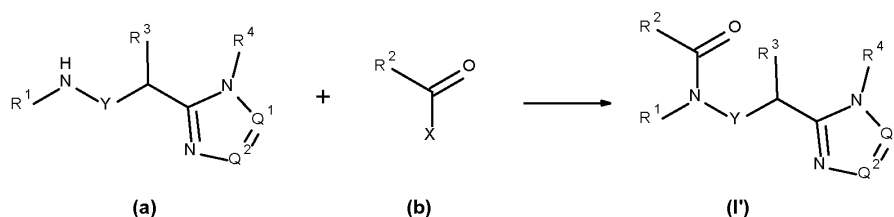
Abbreviations and Symbols

	AcOH:	acetic acid
	aq.:	aqueous
	br.:	broad
5	d:	doublet
	DCC:	N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide
	DIPEA:	diisopropylethylamine
	DMF:	N,N-dimethylformamide
	DMSO:	dimethylsulfoxide
10	ee:	enantiomeric excess
	eq.:	equivalent
	ES:	electrospray ionization
	EtOAc:	ethyl acetate
	HATU:	1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium-3-oxid
15		hexafluorophosphate
	HOBt:	1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate
	HPLC:	high performance liquid chromatography
	<i>i</i> PrOH:	isopropanol
	<i>J</i> :	coupling constant
20	LCMS:	liquid chromatography-mass spectrometry
	<i>m/z</i> :	mass-to-charge ratio
	M:	molarity
	m:	multiplet

	MeCN	acetonitrile
	MeOH:	methanol
	NMR:	nuclear magnetic resonance
	q:	quartet
5	r. t.:	room temperature
	R _t :	retention time
	s:	singlet
	sat.:	saturated
	T:	temperature
10	t:	triplet
	T3P [®] :	propylphosphonic anhydride
	THF:	tetrahydrofuran
	wt.:	weight
	δ:	chemical shift
15	λ:	wavelength

Description of the processes and intermediates

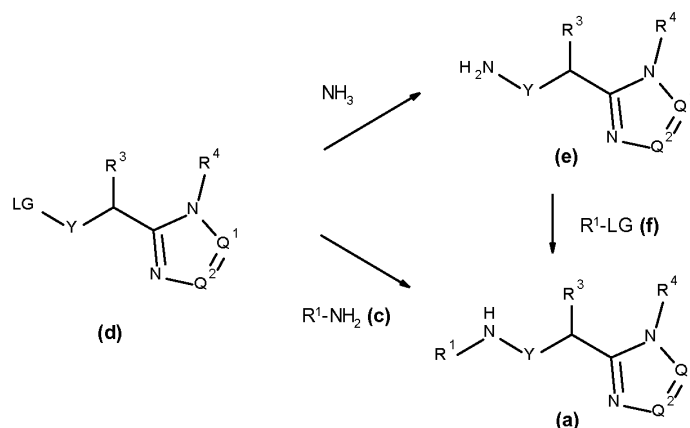
Compounds of formula I' may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 1 where R¹, R², R³, R⁴, Q¹, Q² and Y are as previously defined and X stands for OH or Cl.

Scheme 1

X = OH: An azole compound of formula (a) is reacted with a carboxylic acid of formula (b) (X = OH) to form compounds of formula I'. For example, a mixture of an azole of formula (a), a carboxylic acid of formula (b) (X = OH), a suitable coupling reagent, such as T3P[®], HATU, DCC or HOBt, a suitable base such as triethylamine or DIPEA, in a suitable solvent, such as ethyl acetate or DMF are mixed at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 100 °C to provide compounds of formula I' which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

X = Cl: An azole compound of formula (a) is reacted with a carboxylic acid chloride of formula (b) (X = Cl) to form compounds of formula I'. For example, a mixture of an azole of formula (a), a carboxylic acid chloride of formula (b) (X = Cl), a suitable base such as triethylamine or DIPEA, in a suitable solvent, such as dichloromethane or THF are mixed at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 100 °C to provide compounds of formula I' which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

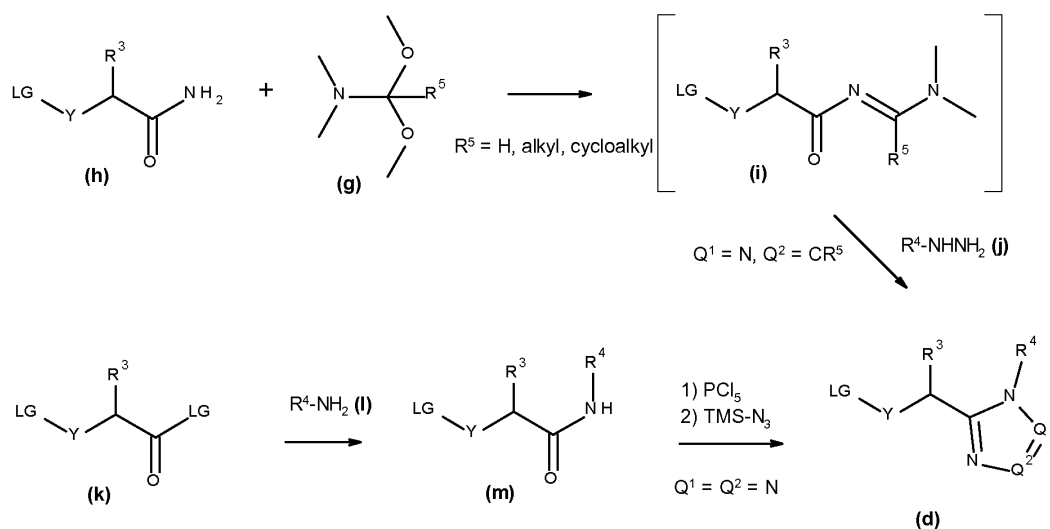
Carboxylic acids of formula (b) (X = OH) and carboxylic acid chlorides of formula (b) (X = Cl) are commercially available or may be synthesized by methods known to the skilled artisan. The requisite azole compounds of formula (a) may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 2, where R¹, R³, R⁴, Q¹, Q² and Y are as previously described and LG is a suitable leaving group (see also WO 2017192385).

Scheme 2

An amine of formula (c) is reacted with a substituted azole of formula (d) to form compounds of formula (a). For example, a mixture of an azole of formula (d), an amine of formula (c), a suitable base, such as K₂CO₃, NaH or DIPEA in a suitable solvent, such as acetonitrile or DMF are mixed at temperatures ranging from around 20 to 120 °C to provide compounds of formula (a) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

Alternatively, a substituted azole of formula (d) is reacted with ammonia to form compounds of formula (e). For example, a solution of ammonia in a suitable solvent, such as methanol, and a substituted azole of formula (d) are mixed in a sealed tube at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 25 °C to provide compounds of formula (e) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as trituration. A substituted azole of formula (e), a compound of formula (f), a suitable base, such as K₂CO₃ or DIPEA in a suitable solvent, such as acetonitrile or DMF are mixed at temperatures ranging from around 20 to 120 °C to provide compounds of formula (a) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art such as chromatography.

Amines of formula (c) and compounds of formula (f) are commercially available or may be synthesized by methods known to the skilled artisan. The requisite azole compounds of formula (d) may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 3, where R³, R⁴, R⁵, Q¹, Q² and Y are as previously described, LG is a suitable leaving group (see also WO 2017192385).

Scheme 3

An amide of formula (h) is reacted with an *N,N*-dimethylamide dimethyl acetal (g) to form compounds of formula (i) which are subsequently reacted with hydrazines (j) under acidic conditions to form compounds of formula (d). For example, a compound of formula (h) and an *N,N*-dimethylamide dimethyl acetal of formula (g) are reacted in a suitable solvent, such as CH_2Cl_2 at reflux to provide compounds of formula (i). Upon removal of the solvent, compounds of formula (i) are reacted with a substituted hydrazine (j) in a suitable solvent such as 1,4-dioxane, acetic acid or a mixture of such solvents at temperatures ranging from around 20 to 100 °C to provide compounds of formula (d) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

Alternatively, a carboxylic acid derivative of formula (k) is reacted with an amine of formula (l) and a suitable base, such as triethylamine or DIPEA, in a suitable solvent, such as toluene, at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 120 °C. The resulting compounds (m) may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography. The resulting amides of formula (m) and phosphorus pentachloride are reacted in a suitable solvent, such as CH_2Cl_2 , at r.t. and then trimethylsilyl azide is added to the mixture at 0 °C and the mixture is stirred at r.t. to provide compounds of formula (d) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

N,N-dimethylamide acetals of formula (g), amides of formula (h), carboxylic acid derivatives of formula (k) and hydrazines of formula (j) are commercially available or may be synthesized by methods known to the skilled artisan.

For example:

For 5-bromo-2-hydrazinopyridine, see WO2013/038362

For 2-hydrazino-1,3,4-thiadiazoles, see WO2006/078942

For 2-hydrazino-1,3,-thiazoles, see US2008/0234327, WO2018/064119, WO2008/144767,

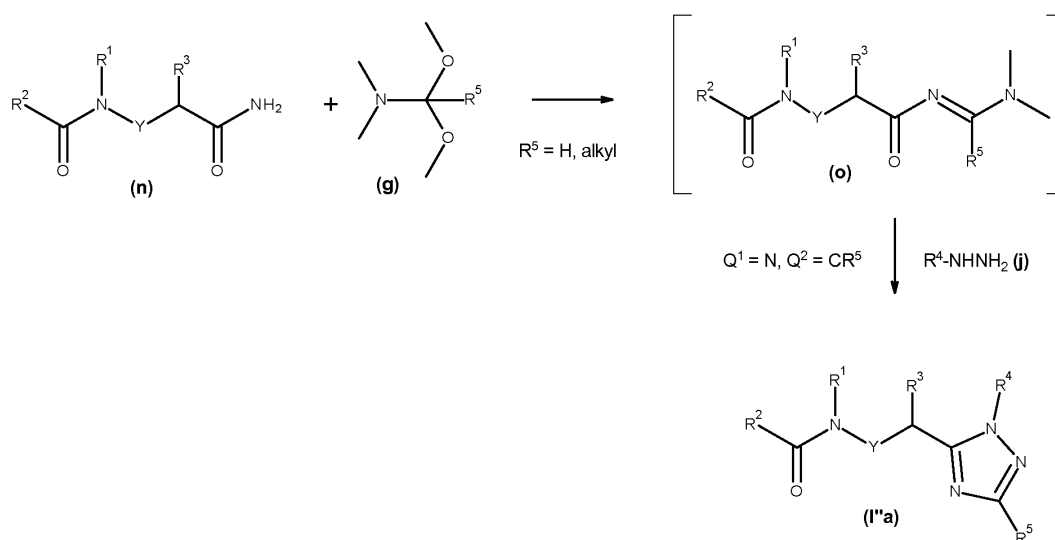
5 WO2008\121861, WO2004046120

For 4-hydrazino-pyrazoles, see US20160185785, WO2017/158381, WO2016/090380, WO2016/0185785.

Compounds of formula I'a may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 4 where R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵ and Y are as previously defined.

10

Scheme 4



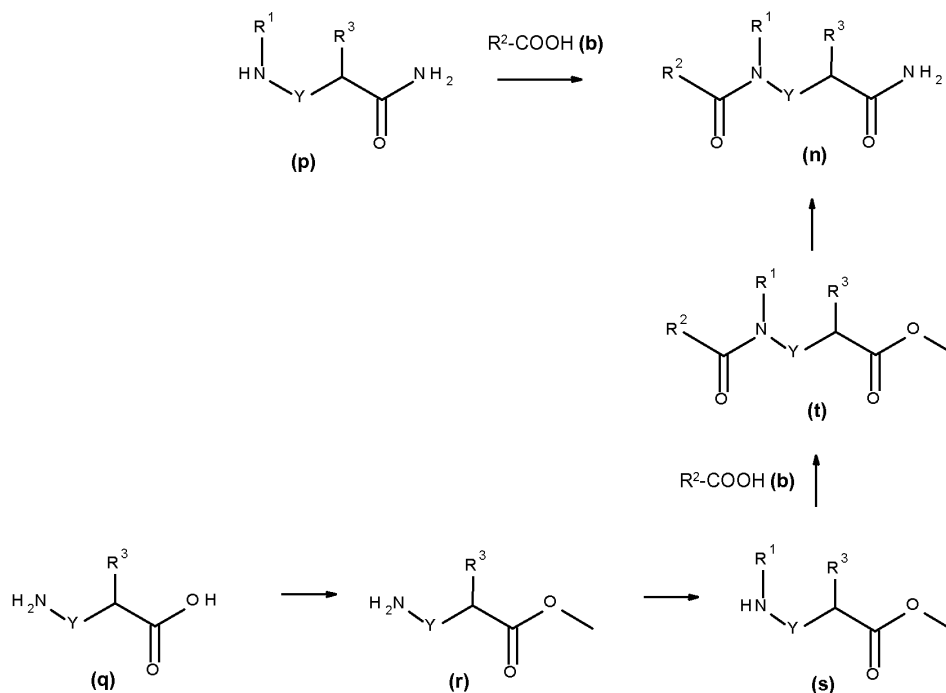
15

An amide of formula (n) is reacted with an *N,N*-dimethylamide dimethyl acetal of formula (g) to form compounds of formula (o) which are subsequently reacted with substituted hydrazines of formula (j) under acidic conditions to form compounds of formula I'a. For example, a compound of formula (n) and an *N,N*-dimethylamide dimethyl acetal of formula (g) are reacted in a suitable solvent, such as CH₂Cl₂ at reflux to provide compounds of formula (o). Upon removal of the solvent, compounds of formula (o) are reacted with a substituted hydrazine of formula (i) in a suitable solvent such as 1,4-dioxane, acetic acid or a mixture of such solvents at temperatures ranging from around 20 to 100 °C. The resulting compounds of formula I'a may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

20

The requisite amides of formula (n) may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 5, where R¹, R², R³, and Y are as previously described (see also WO 2017192385).

Scheme 5



- 5 An amino amide of formula (p) is reacted with a carboxylic acid of formula (b) to form compounds of formula (n). For example, a mixture of an amino amide of formula (p), a carboxylic acid (b), a suitable coupling reagent, such as T3P[®], HATU, DCC or HOBt, a suitable base such as triethylamine or DIPEA, in a suitable solvent such as ethyl acetate or DMF are mixed at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 100 °C to provide compounds of formula (n) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired,
- 10 purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

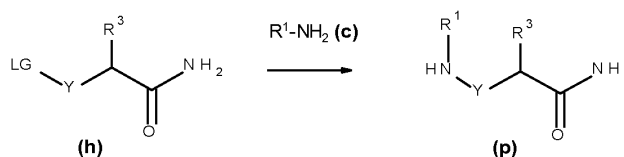
- Alternatively, an amino acid of formula (q) is reacted with thionyl chloride in a suitable solvent, such as MeOH, at r.t. to provide amino esters of formula (r). The resulting amino esters (r) are reacted with an aldehyde or a ketone, a suitable reducing agent such as sodium triacetoxyborohydride, a dehydrating agent such as Na₂SO₄, in a suitable solvent such as acetic acid, at r.t. to provide compounds of formula
- 15 (s). The resulting amino esters of formula (s) are then reacted with a carboxylic acid of formula (b), a suitable coupling reagent, such as T3P[®], a suitable base such as DIPEA, in a suitable solvent, such as ethyl acetate at about 90 °C to provide amido esters of formula (t) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography. The resulting amido esters of formula (t) are reacted with magnesium nitride in a suitable solvent, such as

MeOH at about 80 °C in a sealed tube to provide compounds of formula (n) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography or extraction.

Compounds of formula (b) and (q) are commercially available. The requisite amino amide compounds of formula (p) are commercially available or may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 6, where R^1 , R^3 and Y are as previously described and LG is a suitable leaving group (see also WO 2017192385).

Compounds of formula (c) and (h) are commercially available.

Scheme 6

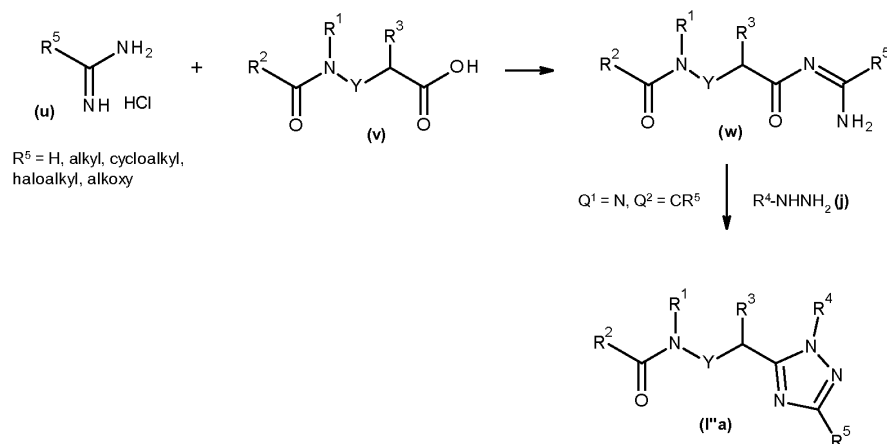


10

An amine of formula (c) is reacted with an amide of formula (h) to form compounds of formula (p). For example, a mixture of an amine of formula (c), an amide of formula (h), a suitable base, such as K_2CO_3 or DIPEA in a suitable solvent, such as acetonitrile or DMF are mixed at 25-80 °C to provide compounds of formula (p) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

15

In an alternative approach compounds of formula I'a may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 7 where R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 and Y are as previously defined.

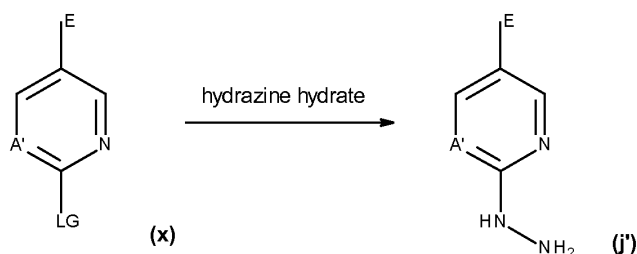
Scheme 7

An amidine hydrochloride of formula (u) is reacted with an acid of formula (v). For example, an amidine hydrochloride of formula (u), a carboxylic acid (v), a suitable coupling reagent, such as HATU, DCC or HOBt, a suitable base such as triethylamine or DIPEA, in a suitable solvent such as acetonitrile or DMF are mixed at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 100 °C, to form compounds of formula (w) which are subsequently reacted with substituted hydrazines of formula (j) under acidic conditions to form compounds of formula I''a which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

- 10 Amidine hydrochlorides of formula (u), carboxylic acid derivatives of formula (v) and hydrazines of formula (j) are commercially available or may be synthesized by methods known to the skilled artisan.

Compounds of formula (j') may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 8 where E is trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy or trifluoromethylsulfanyl, LG is chlorine, fluorine, methylthio, methylsulfinyl or methylsulfonyl and A' is N or CH.

15

Scheme 8

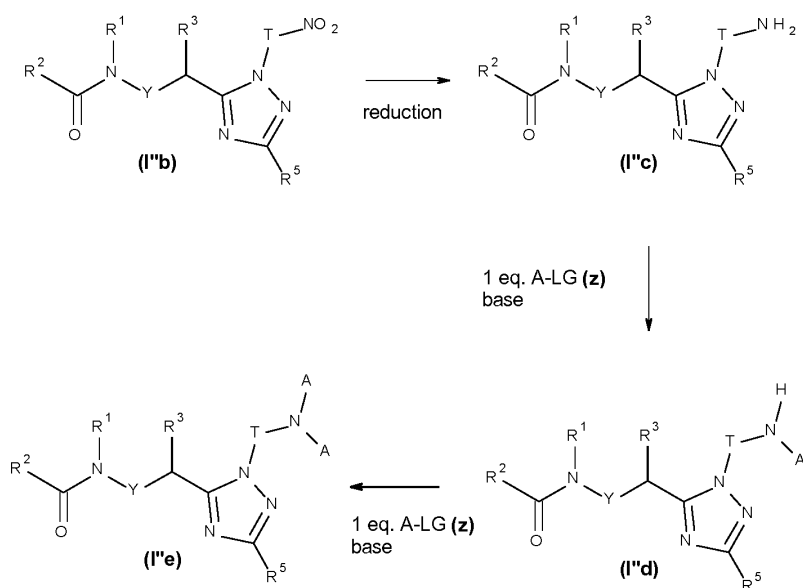
A compound of formula (x) containing a leaving group (LG) (WO2016/001266 for LG = methylsulfonyl) is reacted with hydrazine hydrate to form hydrazines of formula (j'). For example, a

mixture of a leaving group containing compound (x) and hydrazine hydrate in a suitable solvent, such as methanol or ethanol is reacted at 0-80 °C to provide compounds of formula (j') or their hydrochloride, hydrobromide or methanesulfonate salts which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art.

- 5 Compounds of formula (x) are either commercially available or may be synthesized by methods known to the skilled artisan.

Compounds of formula I'd and I'e may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 9 where R¹, R², R³, R⁵ and Y are as previously defined. T is R⁴ as previously described which is at least substituted with a -NO₂-group, -NH₂-group, -NH-A-group or -NA₂-group respectively. LG is a suitable leaving group and A represents optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, CO-C₁-C₆alkyl, CO-C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, CO-phenyl, or SO₂C₁-C₆alkyl.

Scheme 9



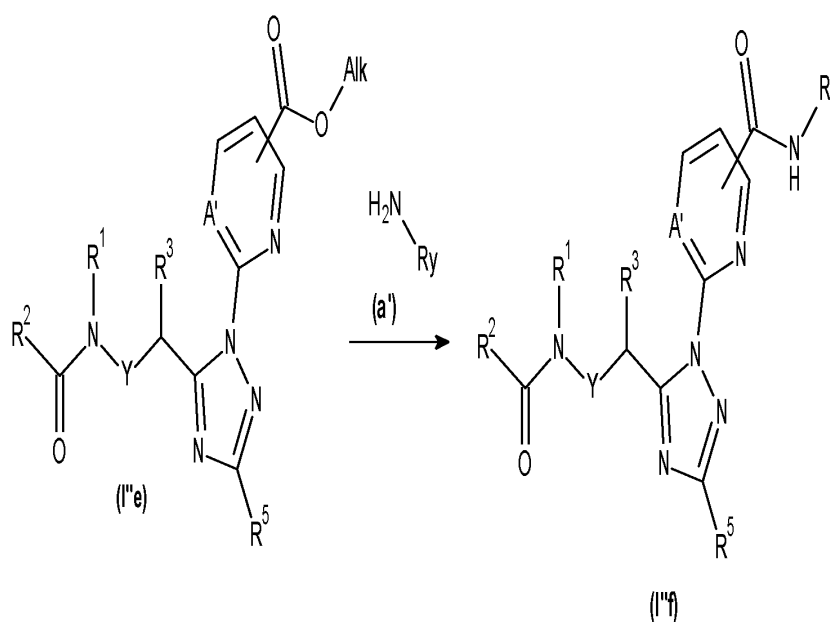
- 15 A nitro compound of formula (I'b) is converted into the respective amino compound of formula (I'c) under reducing conditions, likewise with hydrogen and palladium on charcoal in a suitable solvent like THF or ethanol (European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 158, 322-333; 2018), with tin(II) chloride and HCl in a suitable solvent like ethanol (WO 2018085247), with iron powder and HCl in a suitable solvent like ethanol (WO 2017216293) or with iron powder in a mixture of acetic acid and ethanol. The resulting amino compound (I'c) reacts, in the presence of a suitable base such as DIPEA or potassium carbonate, with acylation, benzoylation, sulfonylation or alkylation reagents A-LG of formula (z). If one
- 20

equivalent of A-LG is used compounds of formula (I'd) are obtained. Reaction with another equivalent of A-LG yields compounds of formula (I'e). The obtained compounds of formula (I'd) and (I'e) are then if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

Optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl-LG, carboxylic acid chlorides and sulfonyl chlorides of formula (z) are commercially available or may be synthesized by methods known to the skilled artisan. The required compounds of formula (I'b) can be obtained as described in scheme 4.

Compounds of formula I'h may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 10 where R¹, R², R³, R⁵ and Y are as previously defined. T is R⁴ as previously described and at least substituted with a -CO₂alkyl-group, -COOH or CON(E¹)E² group respectively. E¹ and E² are independently selected from the group of H and in each case optionally substituted C₁-C₆alkyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, phenyl or SO₂C₁-C₆alkyl.

Scheme 10



An ester compound of formula (I'f) is saponified to obtain the respective carboxylic acid compound of formula (I'g) followed by an amide coupling step with amines of formula (za) to obtain amides of formula (I'h) by methods known to a person skilled in the state of the art.

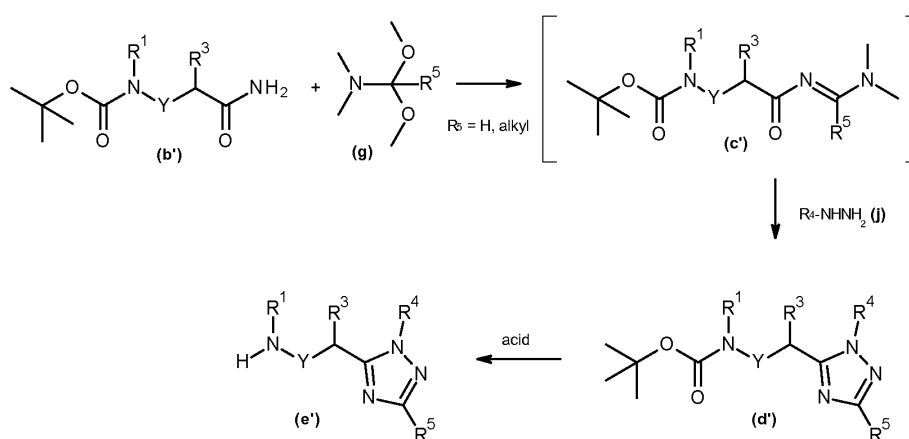
For example, a mixture of an amine of formula (za), a carboxylic acid (I'g), a suitable coupling reagent, such as T3P[®], HATU, DCC or HOBt, a suitable base such as triethylamine or DIPEA, in a suitable solvent such as ethyl acetate or DMF are mixed at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 100 °C to

provide compounds of formula (I'h) which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

Amines of formula (za) are commercially available or may be synthesized by methods known to the skilled artisan. The required compounds of formula (I'f) can be obtained as described in scheme 4.

- 5 Compounds of formula (e') may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 11 where R¹, R³, R⁴, R⁵ and Y are as previously defined.

Scheme 11



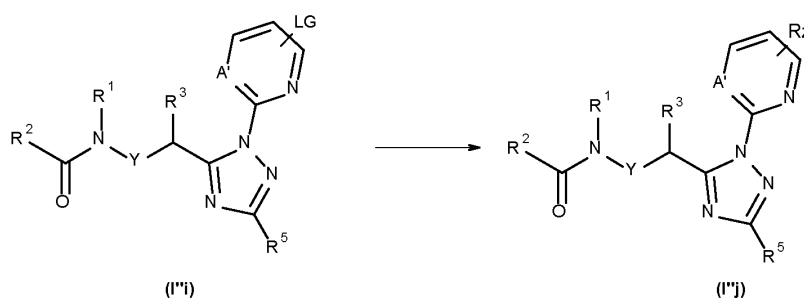
- An amide of formula (b') is reacted with an N,N-dimethylamide dimethyl acetal of formula (g) to form compounds of formula (c') which are subsequently reacted with substituted hydrazines of formula (j) under acidic conditions to form compounds of formula (d'). For example, a compound of formula (b') and an N,N-dimethylamide dimethyl acetal of formula (g) are reacted in a suitable solvent, such as CH₂Cl₂ at reflux to provide compounds of formula (c'). After removal of the solvent, compounds of formula (c') are reacted with a substituted hydrazine of formula (j) in a suitable solvent such as 1,4-dioxane, acetic acid or a mixture of such solvents at temperatures ranging from around 20 to 80 °C. The resulting compounds of formula (d') may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

- A carbamate of formula (d') is treated with an acid to form amines of formula (e'). For example, a carbamate of formula (d') and a suitable acid, such as hydrogen chloride or trifluoroacetic acid, are reacted in a suitable solvent, such as dioxane or in the case of trifluoroacetic acid without an additional solvent at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 80 °C. The resulting amines of formula (e') may then be isolated as their acid salts or after base treatment as free amines and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

The requisite amides of formula (b') and hydrazines of formula (j) are commercially available or may be synthesized by methods described in this application or methods known to the skilled artisan.

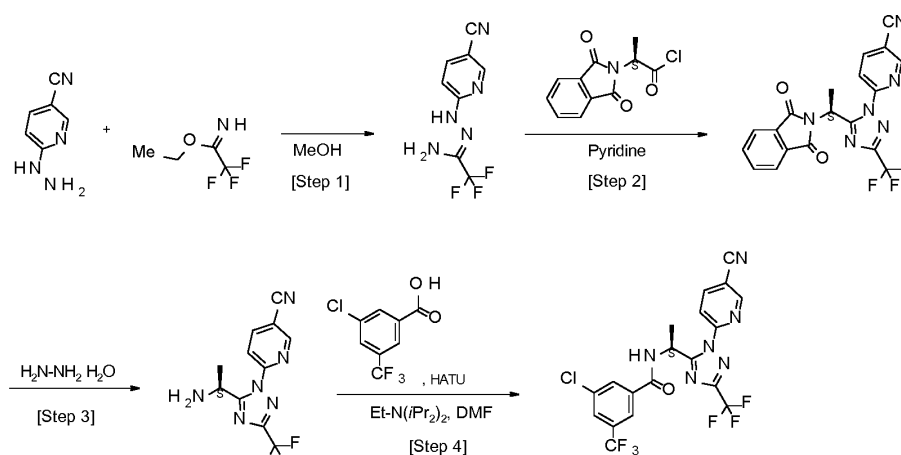
Compounds of formula (I''j) may be prepared as illustrated in the following scheme 12 where R¹, R², R³, R⁵ and Y are as previously defined. A' is CH or N, LG is an appropriate leaving group such as chlorine, bromine or iodine, Rz is an optionally substituted 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl or an optionally substituted phenyl or an optionally substituted C₁-C₄alkoxy group.

Scheme 12



The required compounds of formula (I''i) can be obtained as described in scheme 4.

- 10 For example, LG may be bromine which can be exchanged by an appropriate nucleophile, e.g. in a transition-metal catalyzed reaction with a substituted pyrazole or a substituted alcohol or a sulfinate, according to generally known procedures. For example, in case of bromine replacement with pyrazoles, see: WO2013/062981 A1 page 37 example 6 step 1. In case of bromine replacement with alcohols, see: WO2012/053186. In case of iodine replacement with sulfonates, see WO2017177979.
- 15 In a similar manner, compounds of formula (I''a) with R⁴ = 2-thiazolyl can be further derivatized, e.g. by halogenation on R⁴. The required methods are known to the skilled artisan. E.g. chlorination is achieved with a halogenating agent as N-chloro-succinimide in a suitable solvent as DMF.

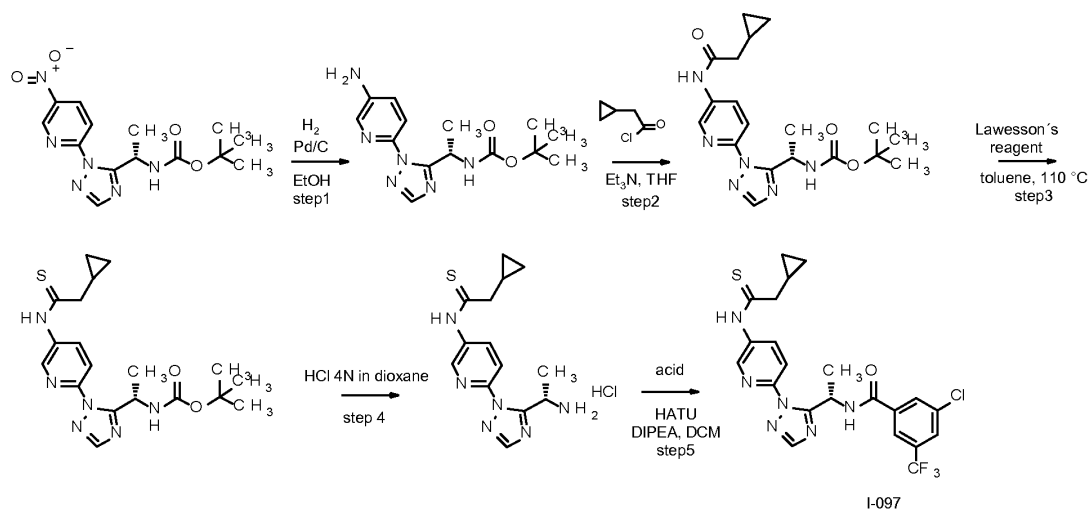
Scheme 13

I-066

Scheme 13 illustrates the preparation of 3-haloalkyl triazoles as shown e.g. in example I-066. In a first step, a hydrazone amide is formed as described in EP 1099695. In a second step, (α S)-1,3-dihydro- α -methyl-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2-acetyl chloride, prepared from (α S)-1,3-dihydro- α -methyl-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2-acetic acid (Pht-Ala-OH purchased from ABCR) and oxalyl chloride according to *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, 21(8), 936-942, 2010, reacts with a hydrazone amide in the presence of a base, like pyridine, as described in EP 1099695. In a third step, the phthalimide protecting group is removed by reaction with hydrazine hydrate in a suitable solvent, like ethanol, as described in WO 2018086605.

10 In a final step, the obtained amine is reacted with a carboxylic acid to form the example compound, e.g. I-066. For example, a mixture of an amine, a carboxylic acid, a suitable coupling reagent, such as T3P[®], [O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium-hexafluorophosphate] (HATU), dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide (EDC) or hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBt), a suitable base such as triethylamine or N,N-diisopropylethylamine, in a

15 suitable solvent such as ethyl acetate or N,N-dimethylformamide are mixed at temperatures ranging from around 0 to 100 °C to provide the example compound which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

Scheme 14

Scheme 14 illustrates the preparation of thioamides as shown e.g. in example I-097. The synthesis starts with *tert*-butyl {(1*S*)-1-[1-(5-nitropyridin-2-yl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl} carbamate which was prepared as described in scheme 11. In the first step the nitro group is reduced with hydrogen under the catalysis of Pd/C. After that the amine reacts with different acid chlorides in order to give the amide which is converted to the corresponding thioamide in the next step using the Lawesson's reagent in boiling toluene as described in WO 2005009435. In the fourth step the BOC-group is removed with HCl 4N in dioxane and finally the amine reacts further with different acids using a suitable coupling reagent such as HATU to provide the example compound which may then be isolated and, if necessary and desired, purified using techniques well known in the art, such as chromatography.

The preparation and use examples which follow illustrate the invention without limiting it.

Preparation examples**Synthesis of 3-Chloro-N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N-{1-[1-(4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-002)**

A solution of 70 mg (0.20 mmol) N-(1-amino-1-oxopropan-2-yl)-3-chloro-N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide and 40 μ L (0.30 mmol) *N,N*-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal in 2 mL dichloromethane was heated to reflux. After 2 h the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. To the residue were added 47 mg (0.34 mmol) 2-hydrazino-4,6-dimethylpyrimidine and 2 mL acetic acid. The mixture was heated for 1 h at 80 °C. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue purified by preparative HPLC (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 69 mg of 3-chloro-N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N-{1-[1-(4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

¹H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD₃CN, 260 K):

δ = 8.0579 (2.6); 7.9952 (0.9); 7.8774 (0.1); 7.7920 (1.4); 7.7705 (0.1); 7.7449 (0.1); 7.5604 (0.6); 7.2792 (0.5); 7.2598 (2.3); 7.2499 (0.5); 7.2137 (1.5); 7.1595 (1.5); 7.1080 (0.8); 6.4680 (0.3); 6.4564 (0.8); 6.4448 (0.8); 6.4332 (0.3); 6.0097 (0.1); 5.9983 (0.3); 5.9868 (0.3); 5.9754 (0.1); 5.4723 (5.2); 3.8632 (0.2); 3.8531 (0.2); 3.8396 (0.2); 3.8294 (0.2); 3.6125 (0.2); 3.6005 (0.2); 3.5889 (0.2); 3.5768 (0.2); 2.8727 (0.5); 2.8614 (0.5); 2.8466 (0.7); 2.8352 (0.7); 2.7094 (0.6); 2.6997 (0.7); 2.6832 (0.5); 2.6735 (0.5); 2.5757 (0.1); 2.4963 (0.1); 2.4705 (16.0); 2.3617 (0.2); 2.3447 (5.5); 2.2921 (29.3); 2.0803 (0.1); 2.0761 (0.1); 2.0720 (0.2); 2.0679 (0.1); 2.0639 (0.1); 1.9854 (0.4); 1.9772 (0.5); 1.9694 (12.5); 1.9653 (24.3); 1.9612 (35.7); 1.9571 (24.6); 1.9530 (12.6); 1.8543 (0.1); 1.8502 (0.1); 1.8461 (0.2); 1.8420 (0.2); 1.8379 (0.1); 1.8076 (3.6); 1.7959 (3.6); 1.7307 (1.3); 1.7192 (1.2); 1.5799 (0.2); 1.5686 (0.2); 1.2604 (0.1); 1.2138 (0.2); 1.2027 (0.2); 1.1931 (0.2); 0.5692 (0.2); 0.5565 (0.4); 0.5505 (0.4); 0.5435 (0.4); 0.5378 (0.3); 0.5294 (0.3); 0.5244 (0.2); 0.5155 (0.4); 0.5050 (0.4); 0.4947 (0.4); 0.4860 (0.2); 0.4833 (0.2); 0.4733 (0.1); 0.4378 (0.2); 0.4299 (0.2); 0.4231 (0.2); 0.4155 (0.1); 0.3996 (0.1); 0.3923 (0.2); 0.3862 (0.2); 0.3783 (0.2); 0.3056 (0.2); 0.2965 (0.2); 0.2903 (0.4); 0.2825 (0.5); 0.2749 (0.4); 0.2684 (0.3); 0.2600 (0.2); 0.2349 (0.2); 0.2262 (0.4); 0.2189 (0.4); 0.2124 (0.5); 0.2046 (0.4); 0.1981 (0.2); 0.1894 (0.2); 0.0968 (0.1); 0.0053 (0.8); -0.0001 (24.6); -0.0055 (0.8); -0.1002 (0.1); -0.2220 (0.2); -0.2305 (0.4); -0.2384 (0.6); -0.2464 (0.6); -0.2544 (0.5); -0.2626 (0.2); -0.3853 (0.2); -0.3936 (0.5); -0.4016 (0.6); -0.4095 (0.5); -0.4176 (0.4); -0.4258 (0.2).

ESI mass [m/z]: 479.2 [M+H]⁺

Synthesis of 5-(difluoromethoxy)-2-hydrazinopyrimidine

A solution of 500 mg (2.60 mmol) 5-(difluoromethoxy)-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrimidine in 2 mL ethanol was treated with 0.52 mL (11 mmol) of hydrazine hydrate. The mixture was heated to reflux overnight. The reaction mixture was then cooled to 5 °C upon which a white precipitate formed. The suspension
5 was filtered and the precipitate washed with ethanol. The residue was dried under reduced pressure to provide 125 mg of 5-(difluoromethoxy)-2-hydrazinopyrimidine.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): 8.35 (s, 1 H), 8.28 (s, 2 H), 7.06 (t, *J* = 74 Hz, 1 H), 4.17 (*br s*, 2 H).

ESI mass [*m/z*]: 177.2 [*M*+H]⁺

10 Synthesis of 2-hydrazino-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine**Step 1: 4-(2-furyl)-2-(methylsulfanyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine**

To a suspension of 40.2 g (290 mmol) *S*-methyl isothiurea hemisulfate in 1 L *i*PrOH were added under careful stirring 15.7 g (290 mmol) sodium methoxide. The mixture was stirred for 15 min at ambient temperature and 48 g (193 mmol) 3-(dimethylamino)-1-(2-furyl)-2-(trifluoromethoxy)prop-2-en-1-one
15 (prepared as described in WO 2013/120876) were added carefully. The mixture was heated for 20 h at 60 °C and stirred for further 50 h at ambient temperature. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue poured onto 1 L water. After extraction with 4 x 100 mL diethyl ether the combined organic layers were washed with 70 mL water and dried with Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by distillation. 4-(2-furyl)-2-(methylsulfanyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine was collected at 120-140 °C (1 Torr) as a yellow liquid, 20 g (38%).
20

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz): 8.46 (s, 1 H), 7.70 (s, 1 H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1 H), 6.61 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.61 (s, 3 H).

Step 2: 2-(methylsulfonyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid

To a solution of 41.7 g (183 mmol) H₅IO₆ in 170 mL water were added 183 mL 1M aq. NaOH, followed
25 by 175 mL hexane and 175 mL EtOAc. 4.6 g (17 mmol) 4-(2-furyl)-2-(methylsulfanyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine and 0.20 g Ruthenium(III) chloride hydrate were added and the mixture was stirred for 20 h at ambient temperature. The organic layer was separated, the aq. layer saturated with solid sodium chloride and the product was extracted with 4 x 50 mL EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to afford 4.0 g residue as a yellowish oil which solidified
30 upon storage. The solid was washed with 2 mL CH₂Cl₂ at -30 °C to provide 2.0 g 2-(methylsulfonyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid as a yellowish powder.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 200.1 MHz): 9.48 (s, 1 H), 3.48 (s, 3 H).

Step 3: 2-(methylsulfonyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine

A mixture of 1.10 g (3.84 mmol) 2-(methylsulfonyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid and 4 ml anisole was heated to reflux for 1 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the
5 residue purified by chromatography on silica to provide 759 mg 2-(methylsulfonyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): 9.31 (s, 2 H), 3.46 (s, 3 H).

ESI mass [m/z]: 243.1 [M+H]⁺

Step 4: 2-hydrazino-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine

10 A solution of 759 mg (3.13 mmol) 2-(methylsulfonyl)-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine in 3 mL methanol was treated with 0.62 mL (13 mmol) of hydrazine hydrate. The mixture was stirred for 4 h at room temperature upon which a white precipitate formed. The suspension was filtered and the precipitate washed with methanol. The residue was dried under reduced pressure to provide 490 mg of 2-hydrazino-5-(trifluoromethoxy)pyrimidine.

15 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): 8.62 (s, 1 H), 8.44 (s, 2 H), 4.25 (s, 2 H).

ESI mass [m/z]: 195.2 [M+H]⁺

Synthesis of 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzamide (example I-027)

20 **Step 1: Synthesis of 2-hydrazino-5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]pyridine**

A solution of 500 mg (2.34 mmol) 2-chloro-5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]pyridine in 1 mL ethanol was treated with 1.8 mL (37 mmol) hydrazine hydrate. The mixture was heated at reflux for 4 h and stirred over night at room temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to provide 713 mg of a residue containing 2-hydrazino-5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]pyridine.

25 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): 8.27 (*br s*, 1 H), 8.17 (d, 1 H), 7.67 (dd, 1 H), 6.78 (d, 1 H), 4.34 (*br s*, 2 H).

ESI mass [m/z]: 210.1 [M+H]⁺

Step 2: 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfanyl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzamide (example I-026)

A mixture of 270 mg (0.91 mmol) N-[(2S)-1-amino-1-oxopropan-2-yl]-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide, 0.18 mL (1.35 mmol) N,N-dimethylformamide dimethyl acetal and 10 mL CH₂Cl₂ was heated at reflux for 2 h. All volatile components were removed under reduced pressure and the residue dissolved in 10 mL glacial acetic acid. To this solution were added 300 mg of the crude product of 2-hydrazino-5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfanyl]pyridine obtained in the previous step. The mixture was heated at 80 °C for 2 h. The acetic acid was removed under reduced pressure and the residue purified by reversed phase chromatography (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 228 mg 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfanyl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzamide.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): δ= 9.4031 (3.9); 9.3855 (4.0); 8.8088 (6.8); 8.8034 (6.8); 8.4426 (3.6); 8.4369 (3.4); 8.4212 (4.0); 8.4155 (3.8); 8.2355 (15.8); 8.1235 (7.4); 8.0685 (7.9); 8.0545 (7.1); 8.0417 (7.7); 8.0203 (6.8); 6.1185 (0.6); 6.1011 (2.7); 6.0837 (4.2); 6.0663 (2.7); 6.0489 (0.6); 3.5872 (0.5); 3.5815 (0.4); 3.3292 (117.7); 2.6778 (0.6); 2.6730 (0.7); 2.6690 (0.5); 2.5086 (98.8); 2.5043 (121.9); 2.5000 (87.5); 2.3353 (0.6); 2.3311 (0.8); 2.3270 (0.6); 1.6597 (16.0); 1.6424 (16.0); 1.2593 (0.4); 1.2336 (0.9); 0.0076 (1.2); -0.0002 (22.8).

ESI mass [m/z]: 496.0 [M+H]⁺

Step 3: 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzamide (example I-027)

To a solution of 72 mg (0.14 mmol) 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfanyl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzamide in a solvent mixture of 2.8 mL CH₂Cl₂, 2.8 mL acetonitrile and 5.8 mL water were added 94 mg (0.43 mmol) sodium periodate followed by 0.03 mg (0.1 μmol) ruthenium (III) chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred for 6 h at room temperature before it was quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of sodium thiosulfate. The mixture was repeatedly extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue purified by reversed phase chromatography (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 65 mg of 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzamide.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 600 MHz): δ= 9.4305 (1.4); 9.4189 (1.4); 9.2120 (2.1); 9.2084 (2.1); 8.7877 (1.2); 8.7836 (1.2); 8.7731 (1.2); 8.7690 (1.3); 8.3335 (5.0); 8.2943 (2.3); 8.2933 (2.2); 8.2797 (2.2); 8.2787 (2.2); 8.1479 (2.3); 8.0887 (2.4); 8.0709 (2.2); 6.1710 (0.9); 6.1594 (1.5); 6.1478 (1.0); 3.3185 (16.0);

2.5241 (0.8); 2.5210 (1.0); 2.5179 (1.0); 2.5090 (16.6); 2.5060 (34.7); 2.5030 (47.8); 2.5000 (37.2); 2.4971 (19.6); 1.6703 (5.6); 1.6588 (5.7); 1.2336 (0.5); -0.0001 (6.2); -0.0056 (0.3).

ESI mass [m/z]: 527.9 [M+H]⁺

5 **Synthesis of 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(cyclopropylcarbonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-034)**

Step 1: N-[(1S)-1-[1-(5-aminopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-030)

To a solution of 1.22 g (2.76 mmol) 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-[1-(5-nitropyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide in a mixture of 65 mL ethanol and 6.4 mL acetic acid was added
10 0.62 g (11 mmol) iron powder. The mixture was heated at 80 °C for 2 h. All volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. Water and a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ were added to the residue. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted several times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under
15 reduced pressure to give 1.19 g of N-[(1S)-1-[1-(5-aminopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): δ= 9.3155 (3.1); 9.2973 (3.2); 8.3160 (2.3); 8.1145 (6.0); 8.0718 (6.0); 8.0489 (5.4); 8.0038 (16.0); 7.7932 (6.4); 7.7866 (6.3); 7.4056 (6.0); 7.3840 (7.0); 7.3085 (0.5); 7.1236 (4.7); 7.1165 (4.5); 7.1020 (4.1); 7.0949 (4.1); 5.7925 (0.5); 5.7754 (2.4); 5.7577 (3.7); 5.7400 (2.4);
20 5.7224 (0.5); 5.6711 (10.8); 4.0560 (0.9); 4.0382 (2.7); 4.0204 (2.7); 4.0026 (0.9); 3.3257 (96.9); 3.3015 (0.7); 2.6807 (0.3); 2.6762 (0.7); 2.6717 (1.0); 2.6670 (0.7); 2.6624 (0.3); 2.5251 (2.6); 2.5204 (3.7); 2.5117 (57.2); 2.5072 (118.8); 2.5027 (157.4); 2.4981 (110.6); 2.4935 (51.0); 2.3341 (0.7); 2.3295 (1.0); 2.3249 (0.7); 2.1011 (0.4); 1.9892 (12.0); 1.5794 (14.6); 1.5620 (14.4); 1.3360 (0.4); 1.2591 (0.4); 1.2497 (0.7); 1.2348 (1.3); 1.1931 (3.3); 1.1754 (6.6); 1.1576 (3.2); 0.8536 (0.4); 0.0080 (0.7); -0.0002
25 (24.8); -0.0085 (0.7).

ESI mass [m/z]: 411.2 [M+H]⁺

Step 2: 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(cyclopropylcarbonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-034)

A solution of 150 mg (0.36 mmol) N-[(1S)-1-[1-(5-aminopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide in 0.6 mL tetrahydrofuran was treated at 0 °C with 38 mg (0.36
30 mmol) cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride and 0.06 mL (0.4 mmol) triethylamine. The reaction mixture was

stirred over night at room temperature. Water was added, the layers separated and the aqueous layer was extracted several times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by reversed phase chromatography (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 132 mg of 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-
5 [(cyclopropylcarbonyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): δ= 10.6212 (3.1); 9.3426 (1.8); 9.3247 (1.9); 8.7101 (3.3); 8.7044 (3.3); 8.2495 (2.2); 8.2430 (2.1); 8.2274 (2.4); 8.2209 (2.4); 8.1074 (9.4); 8.0924 (3.3); 8.0887 (2.3); 8.0418 (6.4); 8.0395 (6.2); 7.7606 (3.6); 7.7384 (3.3); 5.9342 (1.3); 5.9166 (2.0); 5.8990 (1.3); 3.3289 (106.3); 2.6769 (0.4); 2.6722 (0.5); 2.6676 (0.4); 2.5258 (1.3); 2.5211 (2.0); 2.5124 (28.6); 2.5079 (59.4); 2.5033 (78.7); 2.4987 (55.5); 2.4941 (25.7); 2.3347 (0.3); 2.3302 (0.5); 2.3255 (0.3); 2.0755 (16.0); 1.8176 (1.1); 1.8024 (1.4); 1.7870 (1.1); 1.7712 (0.4); 1.6287 (7.6); 1.6113 (7.6); 0.8733 (1.0); 0.8630 (6.1); 0.8486 (10.9); -0.0002 (0.7).

ESI mass [m/z]: 479.1 [M+H]⁺

15 **Synthesis of 6-(5-[(1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-N-methylnicotinamide (example I-038)**

A 2 M solution of methylamine in tetrahydrofuran (0.44 mL, 0.88 mmol) was diluted with 5 mL CH₂Cl₂. At 0 °C were carefully added 0.44 mL (0.88 mmol) of a 2 M solution of trimethyl aluminium in toluene. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. A solution of 200 mg (0.44 mmol) methyl 6-(5-
20 {(1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)nicotinate in CH₂Cl₂ was added at 0 °C and the mixture stirred for 1 h at room temperature, 6 h at reflux and over night at room temperature. Further 0.44 mL (0.88 mmol) of a 2 M solution of methylamine in tetrahydrofuran and 0.44 mL (0.88 mmol) of a 2 M solution of trimethyl aluminium in toluene were added and the mixture heated for 9 h at reflux and over night at room temperature. The reaction mixture was carefully quenched by the
25 addition of a 10% aqueous solution of potassium sodium tartrate. CH₂Cl₂ was added and the layers separated. The organic layer was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 66 mg of 6-(5-[(1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-N-methylnicotinamide.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): δ= 9.4258 (3.0); 9.4082 (3.1); 8.9523 (5.7); 8.9479 (5.4); 8.9466 (5.4);
30 8.7504 (2.2); 8.7391 (2.2); 8.7284 (0.8); 8.4476 (3.9); 8.4417 (3.7); 8.4263 (4.2); 8.4204 (4.2); 8.3163 (0.8); 8.1967 (14.4); 8.1438 (5.6); 8.1071 (0.7); 8.0936 (5.8); 8.0563 (5.1); 8.0422 (0.4); 7.9733 (6.0); 7.9519 (5.5); 6.1232 (0.5); 6.1059 (2.2); 6.0885 (3.5); 6.0711 (2.2); 6.0536 (0.5); 3.3275 (130.3); 3.3030 (0.4); 2.8303 (16.0); 2.8190 (15.9); 2.6811 (0.3); 2.6768 (0.7); 2.6722 (0.9); 2.6676 (0.6); 2.6632 (0.3);

2.5256 (3.1); 2.5122 (54.2); 2.5078 (108.9); 2.5033 (142.5); 2.4987 (100.4); 2.4941 (46.7); 2.3347 (0.6); 2.3301 (0.9); 2.3255 (0.7); 2.0757 (2.5); 1.6563 (13.4); 1.6390 (13.3); 1.6114 (0.5); 0.8633 (0.4); 0.8485 (0.6); -0.0002 (2.6).

ESI mass [m/z]: 453.2 [M+H]⁺

5

Synthesis of 3-chloro-N-{(1S)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzamide (example I-041)

Step 1: tert-butyl {(1S)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}carbamate

To a solution of 2.00 g (10.6 mmol) N²-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-alaninamide in 40 mL CH₂Cl₂ was added 2.1 mL (16 mmol) N,N-dimethylformamide dimethylacetal. The solution was heated at reflux for 2 h after which the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in a mixture of 20 mL 1,4-dioxane and 20 mL glacial acetic acid. 1.7 g (13 mmol) 6-hydrazinonicotinonitrile was added and the mixture stirred at 50 °C for 60 min. The solvents were removed under reduced pressure, a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ was added and the mixture repeatedly extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by reversed phase chromatography (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 3.0 g of tert-butyl {(1S)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}carbamate.

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +89$ (c = 1.0; ethanol)

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): 9.10 (s, 1 H), 8.57 (dd, 1 H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.05 (d, 1H), 7.52 (d, 1H), 5.63 (m, 1 H), 1.43 (d, 3 H), 1.31 (s, 9 H).

ESI mass [m/z]: 259.2 [M-C₄H₈+H]⁺

Step 2: 6-{5-[(1S)-1-aminoethyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl}nicotinonitrile hydrochloride

To a solution of 2.9 g (9.2 mmol) tert-butyl {(1S)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}carbamate in 40 mL 1,4-dioxane were added 23 mL of a 4 M solution of HCl in 1,4-dioxane. The mixture was stirred for 4 h at 50 °C and overnight at room temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to provide 2.81 g of a residue containing 6-{5-[(1S)-1-aminoethyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl}nicotinonitrile hydrochloride. This was used without further purification.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): 9.11 (d, 1H), 8.80 (br d, 3H), 8.61 (dd, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, 1H), 5.39 (m, 1H), 1.63 (d, 3H).

ESI mass [m/z]: 215.2 [M+H]⁺

Step 3: 3-chloro-N-{(1S)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzamide (example I-041)

A mixture of 211 mg (0.87 mmol) 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzoic acid, 605 mg (1.59 mmol) 1-[Bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium 3-oxid hexafluorophosphate (HATU), 0.31 mL (2.4 mmol) *N*-Ethyl-diisopropylamine and 3 mL acetonitrile was stirred for 60 min at room temperature. 200 mg of the residue containing 6-{5-[(1S)-1-aminoethyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl}nicotinonitrile hydrochloride from the previous step and 1 mL acetonitrile were added and the mixture stirred for 2 d at room temperature. The mixture was then diluted with acetonitrile and adsorbed onto reversed phase silica gel. Purification by reversed phase chromatography (H₂O / acetonitrile) provided 198 mg 3-chloro-N-{(1S)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethoxy)benzamide.

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): δ= 9.3719 (3.1); 9.3545 (3.2); 9.0610 (5.4); 9.0593 (6.0); 9.0556 (5.9); 9.0537 (5.7); 8.5843 (5.2); 8.5788 (4.9); 8.5629 (5.5); 8.5573 (5.5); 8.3160 (1.0); 8.2462 (16.0); 8.0840 (6.3); 8.0822 (6.4); 8.0626 (5.9); 8.0607 (6.0); 7.9588 (4.8); 7.9546 (7.4); 7.9507 (5.1); 7.7824 (4.4); 7.7325 (4.5); 7.7299 (4.8); 7.7272 (4.0); 6.1038 (0.5); 6.0863 (2.4); 6.0689 (3.8); 6.0516 (2.4); 6.0340 (0.5); 3.3243 (352.4); 2.6802 (1.1); 2.6757 (2.4); 2.6710 (3.4); 2.6665 (2.4); 2.6619 (1.1); 2.5246 (10.1); 2.5199 (14.8); 2.5112 (196.8); 2.5067 (404.5); 2.5021 (530.9); 2.4975 (372.2); 2.4929 (172.6); 2.3380 (1.1); 2.3335 (2.4); 2.3289 (3.3); 2.3243 (2.4); 2.3197 (1.1); 2.0745 (0.4); 1.6382 (14.6); 1.6208 (14.6); 0.1459 (2.5); 0.0080 (20.9); -0.0001 (646.4); -0.0086 (19.8); -0.1496 (2.5).

ESI mass [m/z]: 437.2 [M+H]⁺

Synthesis of 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-{1-[5-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl}ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-039)

Step 1: N-[(2S)-1-amino-1-oxopropan-2-yl]-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

5.6 g (45 mmol) L-alaninamide-hydrochloride, 10.05 g (45 mmol) 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid and 15 mL triethylamine were stirred in 300 mL DMF at ice-water cooling. To the mixture were added 30 mL of T3P (cyclic propanphosphonic acid anhydride) 50% in EtOAc during 30 min. In the course of the next two days further 6 mL of the T3P solution were added in portions of 3 mL. To the mixture was added aq. citric acid, then the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc and water. The organic layer was extracted with aq. citric acid and two times

with aq. K_2CO_3 , dried with aq. NaCl and Na_2SO_4 and evaporated to provide 12,63g (95%) (9S N-[(2S)-1-amino-1-oxopropan-2-yl]-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

ESI mass [m/z]: 293.1 [M-H]⁻

ESI mass [m/z]: 295.1 [M+H]⁺

- 5 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): 1.3 (d, 3H), 4.4 (m, 1H), 7.0 (s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 8.1 (s, 1H), 8.2 (s, 1H), 8.25(s, 1H), 8.9 (d, 1H).

Step 2: N-{(1S)-1-[1-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

- 10 3.22 g (11 mmol) N-[(2S)-1-amino-1-oxopropan-2-yl]-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide and 10 ml (75 mmol) N,N-dimethylformamide dimethylacetal were heated at reflux in 60 ml THF for 1 h. The solution was evaporated under reduced pressure. 2.07 g (11 mmol) 5-bromo-2-hydrazinopyridine and 50 ml AcOH were added and the resulting mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 1 h, then evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc, aq. K_2CO_3 and aq. NaCl. The aqueous layer
15 was extracted two times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried with Na_2SO_4 and evaporated. Chromatography of the residue (silica 60, petrol ether / acetone) provided 3.29 g (63%). Washing with methyl tert-butyl ether and drying provided 2.75 g (51%) of N-{(1S)-1-[1-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

ESI mass [m/z]: 475.9 [M+H]⁺

- 20 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz): 1.6 (d, 3H), 6.0 (m, 1H), 7.8 (m, 1H), 8.1 (br, 2H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.2 (s, 1H), 8.3 (dd, 1H), 8.7 (s, 1H), 9.4 (d, 1H).

Step 3: 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-[1-[5-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-039)

- 25 A mixture of 1.0 g (2.1 mmol) N-{(1S)-1-[1-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide, 0.2 g (1 mmol) copper(I) iodide, 0.2 g (0.7 mmol) (E,E)-N,N'-cyclohexane-1,2-diylbis[1-(pyridin-2-yl)methanimine and 1.0 g (7.2 mmol) K_2CO_3 in 20 ml trifluoroethanol was stirred under argon at slight reflux for 3 days. The mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure and to the residue were added EtOAc and aq. solution of ethylenediaminetetraacetic
30 acid tetrasodium salt. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic

layers were dried with Na₂SO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure. Chromatography of the residue (silica 60, petrol ether / acetone, then silica RP-18, water / acetone / 0.1% HCOOH) provided 0.24 g (23%) 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-{1-[5-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl}ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

5 ESI mass [m/z]: 494.1 [M+H]⁺

¹H NMR : see NMR peak list

Synthesis of 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzamide (example I-045)

10 A mixture of 0.5 g (1.05 mmol) N-{(1S)-1-[1-(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide, 0.2 g (1 mmol) copper(I) iodide, 0.2 g (0.7 mmol) (E,E)-N,N'-cyclohexane-1,2-diylbis[1-(pyridin-2-yl)methanimine], 0.5 g (3.7 mmol) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole and 2.0 g (14.5 mmol) K₂CO₃ in 50 ml 1,4-dioxane was stirred under argon in a thick-walled reaction tube with over-pressure relief valve at 140°C for 3 days. The mixture was evaporated under reduced
15 pressure and to the residue were added EtOAc and aq. solution of ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid tetrasodium salt. The layers were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure. Chromatography of the residue (silica 60, petrol ether / acetone) provided 0.32 g (51%) 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-
20 5-yl)ethyl]benzamide.

ESI mass [m/z]: 530.0 [M+H]⁺

¹H NMR : see NMR peak list

Synthesis 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(methoxyimino)methyl]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-065)

Step 1: 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-{1-[5-(hydroxymethyl)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl}ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

A solution of 200 mg (0.44 mmol) methyl 6-(5-{(1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)nicotinate in 7 mL CH₂Cl₂ was cooled to -78 °C using a dry ice bath. 0.53 mL
30 (0.53 mmol) of a 1 M solution of hydrido(diisobutyl)aluminium in CH₂Cl₂ was added dropwise. The

reaction mixture was stirred overnight during which time the dry ice bath expired and the reaction mixture warmed up to room temperature. Then another 0.53 mL (0.53 mmol) of a 1M solution of hydrido(diisobutyl)aluminium in CH₂Cl₂ were added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature. For workup the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and quenched by the careful addition of several drops of acetone followed an aqueous saturated solution of sodium potassium tartrate. The mixture was stirred for 60 min at room temperature, CH₂Cl₂ was added and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted several times with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by preparative HPLC (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 12 mg of 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-[1-[5-(hydroxymethyl)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

ESI mass [m/z]: 426.3 [M+H]⁺

Step 2: 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-[1-(5-formylpyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

To a solution of 11 mg (26 µmol) 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-[1-(5-(hydroxymethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide in 0.5 mL CH₂Cl₂ were added at 0 °C 14 mg (33 µmol) 1,1,1-triacetoxy-1,1-dihydro-1,2-benziodoxol-3(1H)-one. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. Another 22 mg (52 µmol) 1,1,1-triacetoxy-1,1-dihydro-1,2-benziodoxol-3(1H)-one were added and the reaction mixture was stirred until almost complete conversion of the starting material was observed. A saturated aqueous solution of Na₂S₂O₃ and a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ were added and the mixture stirred for 15 min at room temperature. CH₂Cl₂ was added and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted several times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to provide 10 mg of 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-[1-(5-formylpyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

ESI mass [m/z]: 424.1 [M+H]⁺

Step 3: 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-(1-[5-[(methoxyimino)methyl]pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-065)

To a solution of 10 mg of 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-[1-(5-formylpyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide in a mixture of 0.06 mL THF and 0.01 mL water were added 16 mg of a 25 - 30 % aqueous solution of O-methylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (1:1) and 5 µL pyridine. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. It was then concentrated and the residue was purified by reversed phase chromatography (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 4 mg of 3-chloro-N-[(1S)-1-(1-[5-[(methoxyimino)methyl]pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide.

ESI mass [m/z]: 453.2 [M+H]⁺

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz) see NMR peaklist in table 1.

Synthesis of 3-chloro-*N*-{(1*S*)-1-[1-(6-cyano-3-pyridinyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-066)

5 **Step 1: 2-[6-cyano-3-pyridinyl]hydrazide-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethanimidic acid**

To 1.00 g (7.10 mmol) 5-hydrazinyl-2-pyridinecarbonitrile in methanol (10 mL) 1.83 g (9.94 mmol) 2,2,2-trifluoro-ethanimidic acid ethyl ester (purity: 76,5%) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was then stirred with n-hexane (30 mL) and ethyl acetate (3 mL). The brownish precipitate was separated and dried to obtain
10 1.6 g (yield: 96.7 %) 2-[6-cyano-3-pyridinyl]hydrazide-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethanimidic acid.

ESI mass [m/z]: 230.1 [M+H]⁺

Step 2: 2-[(1*S*)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-(6-cyano-3-pyridinyl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl]-1*H*-isoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione

To 1.55 g (6.80 mmol) 2-[6-cyano-3-pyridinyl]hydrazide-2,2,2-trifluoro-ethanimidic acid in pyridine
15 (20 mL), 1.61 g (6.80 mmol) (α*S*)-1,3-dihydro-α-methyl-1,3-dioxo-2*H*-isoindole-2-acetyl chloride (see preparation from (α*S*)-1,3-dihydro-α-methyl-1,3-dioxo-2*H*-isoindole-2-acetic acid (Pht-Ala-OH purchased from ABCR) and oxalyl chloride: D. A. Gruzdev *et al.*, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, 21(8), 936-942, **2010**) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Then water (200 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (200 mL). The organic phase
20 was shaken out twice with saturated sodium hydrogencarbonat solution (100 mL) and separated. After drying the solvent was evaporated. The remaining solid residue was chromatographed with a cyclohexane/acetone gradient on silica gel to afford 627 mg (purity: 100%; yield: 22.3 %) of the title compound as a colorless solid.

ESI mass [m/z]: 413.2 [M+H]⁺

25 ¹³C-NMR with ¹H dec. (CPD) (150 MHz, DMSO-d₆, ppm) δ = 17.2 (H₃C); 43.8 (CH); 109.5 (C, pyridinyl); 115.9 (CN, pyridinyl); 117.2 (C-H, pyridinyl); 119.1 (F₃C, triazolyl); 123.4 (2x C-H, phthalyl); 131.0 (2xC, phthalyl); 134.9 (2x C-H, phthalyl); 144.3 (C-H, pyridinyl); 151.0 (C, pyridinyl); 151.8 (C-N, pyridinyl); 151.9 (C, triazolyl); 158.1 (C, triazolyl); 166.8 (2x C=O, phthalyl).

Step 3: 6-{5-[(1S)-1-aminoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl}nicotinonitrile

To 910 mg (2.21 mmol) 2-[(1S)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-(1-(6-cyano-3-pyridinyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]-1H-isindole-1,3(2H)-dione in ethanol (15 mL), 502 mg (5.52 mmol) hydrazine-hydrate was added, and the reaction mixture was heated under reflux. After 30 minutes a colorless precipitate was formed. The reaction mixture was stirred and heated under reflux one additional hour, acetone (15 mL) was added and the heating was continued for further 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the solid residue was treated with ethanol. Then, the solvent was evaporated to afford 630 mg (purity: 76%; yield: 76.9%) 6-{5-[(1S)-1-aminoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl}nicotinonitrile, which was used for the *N*-acylation reaction (step 4) without purification.

ESI mass [m/z]: 283.0 [M+H]⁺

Step 4: 3-chloro-N-{(1S)-1-[1-(6-cyano-3-pyridinyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-066)

To 282 mg (1 mmol) 6-{5-[(1S)-1-aminoethyl]-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl}nicotinonitrile, 231.5 mg (1 mmol) 3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-benzoic acid, 168 mg (1.30 mmol) *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (Hünig's Base) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) (5 mL), 456.3 mg (1.20 mmol) [*O*-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyluronium-hexafluorophosphate] (HATU) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated and the solid residue was treated with dichloromethane and then extracted with a saturated NaHCO₃ solution and water. The organic phase was separated, dried and the solvent was evaporated. The remaining solid residue was chromatographed with a cyclohexane/acetone gradient on silica gel to afford after stir out with diethyl ether 226 mg (purity: 100 %; yield: 46.2 %) of the title compound.

ESI mass [m/z]: 489.0 [M+H]⁺

¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz) see NMR peaklist in table 1.

25 Synthesis of 3-chloro-N-{(1R)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzenecarbothioamide (example I-80)

A solution of 50 mg (0.11 mmol) 3-chloro-N-{(1R)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide in 2.4 ml toluene was treated with 48 mg (0.11 mmol) of Lawesson's reagent and then the mixture was stirred 3 h at 110 °C. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and a saturated aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ was added and then the mixture was extracted several times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with a saturated aqueous

solution of Na₂CO₃, with brine, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 49 mg of 3-chloro-N-{(1R)-1-[1-(5-cyanopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzenecarbothioamide.

ESI mass [m/z]: 437.1 [M+H]⁺

5 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz) see NMR peaklist in table 1.

Synthesis of 3-chloro-N-{(1S)-1-[1-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-082)

1.95 g (5.6 mmol) of crude 3-chloro-N-[(2S)-1-{(E)-[(dimethylamino)methylene]amino}-1-oxopropan-2-yl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (see WO2017/192385) and 0.7 g (6.1 mmol) 2-hydrazino-1,3-thiazole were stirred in 40 ml AcOH at 110°C for 1 h. The mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc, aq. K₂CO₃ and aq. NaCl. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to provide 2.31g crude product. Chromatography with petrol ether/acetone on silica gel, evaporation, washing with petrol ether and drying provided 1.27 (55%) of the title compound.

ESI mass [m/z]: 402.2 [M+H]⁺

¹H NMR see NMR peaklist in table 1

Synthesis of N-{(1S)-1-[1-(5-bromo-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (example I-083)

0.26 g (0.6 mmol) of 3-chloro-N-{(1S)-1-[1-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide and 0.4 g (2.4 mmol) N-bromo-succinimide were dissolved in 20 ml DMF and left overnight. Aq. sodium bisulfite was added. The mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc, aq. K₂CO₃ and aq. NaCl. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to provide 0.39 g crude product. Chromatography with petrol ether/acetone on silica gel provided 0.23 g (74%) of the title compound.

ESI mass [m/z]: 482.1 [M+H]⁺

¹H NMR see NMR peaklist in table 1

Synthesis of *tert*-butyl [(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(2-cyclopropylethanethioyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]carbamate)

Step 1: *tert*-butyl {(1S)-1-[1-(5-aminopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}carbamate

5 A mixture of 900 mg (2.69 mmol) *tert*-butyl {(1S)-1-[1-(5-nitropyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}carbamate and 90 mg of 10 % Pd/C in ethanol (9 mL) was stirred under hydrogen (atmospheric pressure) at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite, and the solvent was concentrated to give 850 mg (100% yield) of *tert*-butyl {(1S)-1-[1-(5-aminopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}carbamate

10 ESI mass [m/z]: 305.1 [M+H]⁺

Step 2: *tert*-butyl [(1S)-1-{1-[5-(2-cyclopropylacetamido)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl}ethyl]carbamate

To a solution of 400 mg (1.31 mmol) *tert*-butyl {(1S)-1-[1-(5-aminopyridin-2-yl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl]ethyl}carbamate in 3.6 mL anhydrous tetrahydrofuran was added 0.20 mL (1.46 mmol)
15 triethylamine. The mixture was cooled at 0 °C and then 156 mg (1.31 mmol) of cyclopropylacetyl chloride were added and the reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was quenched with water and extracted several times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with an aqueous 5% NaH₂PO₄ solution, brine and finally dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtered. The solvent was concentrated in vacuo to give 436 mg of *tert*-butyl [(1S)-1-{1-[5-(2-cyclopropylacetamido)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl}ethyl]carbamate (84 % yield).
20

ESI mass [m/z]: 387.2 [M+H]⁺

Step 3: *tert*-butyl [(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(2-cyclopropylethanethioyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]carbamate

A solution of 436 mg (1.12 mmol) *tert*-butyl [(1S)-1-{1-[5-(2-cyclopropylacetamido)pyridin-2-yl]-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl}ethyl]carbamate in 14.5 ml toluene was treated with 456 mg (1.12 mmol) of
25 Lawesson's reagent and then the mixture was stirred 3 h at 110 °C. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, a saturated aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ was added and then the mixture was extracted several times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with a saturated aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃, with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuo. The residue
30 was purified by flash chromatography to provide 252 mg (55% yield) of *tert*-butyl [(1S)-1-(1-{5-[(2-cyclopropylethanethioyl)amino]pyridin-2-yl}-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5-yl)ethyl]carbamate.

ESI mass [m/z]: 403.2 [M+H]⁺

Synthesis of 6-(5-((1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-N-cyclopropyl-N-methylnicotinamide (example I-110)

- 5 **Step 1:** 6-(5-((1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)nicotinic acid

To a solution of 120 mg (0.26 mmol) methyl 6-(5-((1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)nicotinate in 1.1 mL methanol were added 0.74 mL (0.74 mmol) of a 1 M aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at
10 room temperature and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was acidified with 1 M hydrochloric acid and the mixture repeatedly extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to provide 100 mg of 6-(5-((1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)nicotinic acid.

ESI mass [m/z]: 440.2 [M+H]⁺

- 15 **Step 2:** 6-(5-((1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-N-cyclopropyl-N-methylnicotinamide (example I-110)

To a solution of 200 mg (0.45 mmol) 6-(5-((1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)nicotinic acid and 32 mg (0.45 mmol) N-methylcyclopropanamine in 1.7 mL acetonitrile were added 0.15 mL (1.2 mmol) *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine and 302 mg (0.79 mmol) [*O*-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyluronium-hexafluorophosphate] (HATU). The reaction
20 mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. It was then concentrated and the residue was purified by reversed phase chromatography (H₂O / acetonitrile) to provide 220 mg 6-(5-((1S)-1-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)benzamido]ethyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-N-cyclopropyl-N-methylnicotinamide.

ESI mass [m/z]: 493.2 [M+H]⁺

- 25 ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz) see NMR peaklist in table 1

Analytical data of the compounds

The determination of [M+H]⁺ or M⁻ by LC-MS under acidic chromatographic conditions was done with 1 ml formic acid per liter acetonitrile and 0.9 ml formic acid per liter Millipore water

as eluents. The column Zorbax Eclipse Plus C18 50 mm * 2.1 mm was used. The temperature of the column oven was 55 °C.

Instruments:

LC-MS3: Waters UPLC with SQD2 mass spectrometer and SampleManager autosampler.

- 5 Linear gradient 0.0 to 1.70 minutes from 10 % acetonitrile to 95 % acetonitrile, from 1.70 to 2.40 minutes constant 95 % acetonitrile, flow 0.85 ml/min.

LC-MS6 and LC-MS7: Agilent 1290 LC, Agilent MSD, HTS PAL autosampler. Linear gradient 0.0 to 1.80 minutes from 10 % acetonitrile to 95 % acetonitrile, from 1.80 to 2.50 minutes constant 95 % acetonitrile, flow 1.0 ml/min.

- 10 The determination of $[M+H]^+$ by LC-MS under neutral chromatographic conditions was done with acetonitrile and Millipore water containing 79 mg/l ammonia carbonate as eluents.

Instruments:

LC-MS4: Waters IClass Acquity with QDA mass spectrometer and FTN autosampler (column Waters Acquity 1.7 μ m 50 mm * 2.1 mm, oven temperature 45°C). Linear gradient 0.0 to 2.10

- 15 minutes from 10 % acetonitrile to 95 % acetonitrile, from 2.10 to 3.00 minutes constant 95 % acetonitrile, flow 0.7 ml/min.

LC-MS5: Agilent 1100 LC system with MSD mass spectrometer and HTS PAL autosampler (column: Zorbax XDB C18 1.8 μ m 50 mm * 4.6 mm, oven temperature 55°C). Linear gradient 0.0 to 4.25 minutes from 10 % acetonitrile to 95 % acetonitrile, from 4.25 to 5.80 minutes

- 20 constant 95 % acetonitrile, flow 2.0 ml/min.

The logP values reported in the tables and preparation examples above were determined in accordance with EEC directive 79/831 Annex V.A8 by HPLC (High Performance Liquid Chromatography) using a reversed-phase column (C18). Temperature 43°C. The calibration is effected with unbranched alkan-2-ones (having 3 to 16 carbon atoms), for which the logP values

25 are known.

Optical rotations were measured using a Perkin Elmer model 341 polarimeter at a wavelength of 589 nm, a pathlength of 10 cm and a temperature of 20 °C. They are reported as specific rotations including the concentration "c" of the measured compound (in g / 100 mL) and the solvent used.

- 30 The determination of the ^1H NMR data was effected with a Bruker Avance III 400 MHz equipped with a 1.7 mm TCI cryo probe, a Bruker Avance III 600 MHz equipped with a 5 mm

multi-nuclear cryo probe or a Bruker Avance NEO 600 MHz equipped with a 5 mm TCI cryo probe with tetramethylsilane as reference (0.0) and the solvents CD₃CN, CDCl₃ or D₆-DMSO.

The NMR data of selected examples are listed either in conventional form (δ values, multiplet splitting, number of hydrogen atoms) or as NMR peak lists.

5 NMR peak list method

The ¹H NMR data of selected examples are stated in the form of ¹H NMR peak lists. For each signal peak, first the δ value in ppm and then the signal intensity in round brackets are listed. The pairs of δ value–signal intensity numbers for different signal peaks are listed with separation from one another by semicolons.

10 The peak list for one example therefore takes the form of:

δ_1 (intensity₁); δ_2 (intensity₂);.....; δ_i (intensity_i);.....; δ_n (intensity_n)

The intensity of sharp signals correlates with the height of the signals in a printed example of an NMR spectrum in cm and shows the true ratios of the signal intensities. In the case of broad signals, several peaks or the middle of the signal and the relative intensity thereof may be shown in comparison to the

15 most intense signal in the spectrum.

For calibration of the chemical shift of ¹H NMR spectra, we use tetramethylsilane and/or the chemical shift of the solvent, particularly in the case of spectra which are measured in DMSO. Therefore, the tetramethylsilane peak may but need not occur in NMR peak lists.

20 The lists of the ¹H NMR peaks are similar to the conventional ¹H NMR printouts and thus usually contain all peaks listed in a conventional NMR interpretation.

In addition, like conventional ¹H NMR printouts, they may show solvent signals, signals of stereoisomers of the target compounds which are likewise provided by the invention, and/or peaks of impurities.

25 In the reporting of compound signals within the delta range of solvents and/or water, our lists of ¹H NMR peaks show the standard solvent peaks, for example peaks of DMSO in DMSO-D₆ and the peak of water, which usually have a high intensity on average.

The peaks of stereoisomers of the target compounds and/or peaks of impurities usually have a lower intensity on average than the peaks of the target compounds (for example with a purity of > 90%).

Such stereoisomers and/or impurities may be typical of the particular preparation process. Their peaks can thus help in identifying reproduction of our preparation process with reference to "by-product fingerprints".

- 5 A person skilled in the art calculating the peaks of the target compounds by known methods (MestreC, ACD simulation, but also with empirically evaluated expected values) can, if required, isolate the peaks of the target compounds, optionally using additional intensity filters. This isolation would be similar to the peak picking in question in conventional ^1H NMR interpretation.

Further details of ^1H NMR peak lists can be found in the Research Disclosure Database Number 564025.

- 10 The compounds according to the invention described in table 1 below are likewise preferred compounds of the formula (I) according to the invention which are obtained according to or analogously to the preparation examples described above.

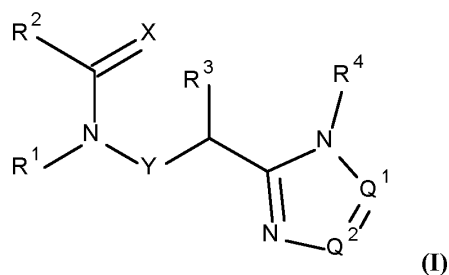
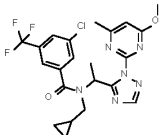
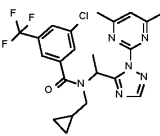
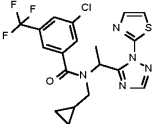
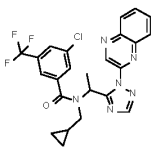
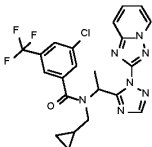
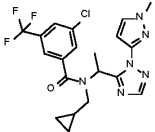


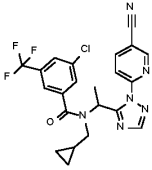
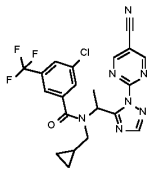
Table 1

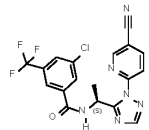
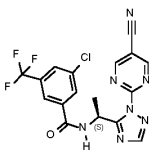
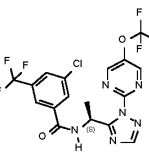
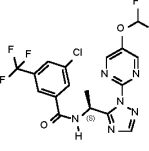
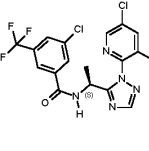
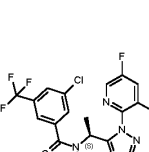
Example	Structure	NMR Peaklist ¹⁾	ESI mass [m/z] ²⁾
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I-002		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN, 260 K): δ = 8.0579 (2.6); 7.9952 (0.9); 7.8774 (0.1); 7.7920 (1.4); 7.7705 (0.1); 7.7449 (0.1); 7.5604 (0.6); 7.2792 (0.5); 7.2598 (2.3); 7.2499 (0.5); 7.2137 (1.5); 7.1595 (1.5); 7.1080 (0.8); 6.4680 (0.3); 6.4564 (0.8); 6.4448 (0.8); 6.4332 (0.3); 6.0097 (0.1); 5.9983 (0.3); 5.9868 (0.3); 5.9754 (0.1); 5.4723 (5.2); 3.8632 (0.2); 3.8531 (0.2); 3.8396 (0.2); 3.8294 (0.2); 3.6125 (0.2); 3.6005 (0.2); 3.5889 (0.2); 3.5768 (0.2); 2.8727 (0.5); 2.8614 (0.5); 2.8466 (0.7); 2.8352 (0.7); 2.7094 (0.6); 2.6997 (0.7); 2.6832 (0.5); 2.6735 (0.5); 2.5757 (0.1); 2.4963 (0.1); 2.4705 (16.0); 2.3617 (0.2); 2.3447 (5.5); 2.2921 (29.3); 2.0803 (0.1); 2.0761 (0.1); 2.0720 (0.2); 2.0679 (0.1); 2.0639 (0.1); 1.9854 (0.4); 1.9772 (0.5); 1.9694 (12.5); 1.9653 (24.3); 1.9612 (35.7); 1.9571 (24.6); 1.9530 (12.6); 1.8543 (0.1); 1.8502 (0.1); 1.8461 (0.2); 1.8420 (0.2); 1.8379 (0.1); 1.8076 (3.6); 1.7959 (3.6); 1.7307 (1.3); 1.7192 (1.2); 1.5799 (0.2); 1.5686 (0.2); 1.2604 (0.1); 1.2138 (0.2); 1.2027 (0.2); 1.1931 (0.2); 0.5692 (0.2); 0.5565 (0.4); 0.5505 (0.4); 0.5435 (0.4); 0.5378 (0.3)	479.2

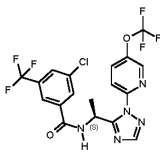
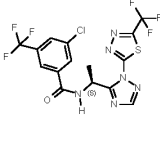
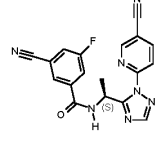
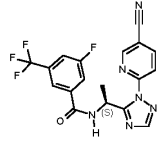
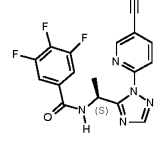
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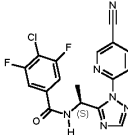
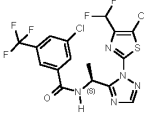
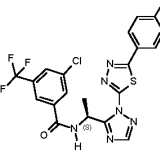
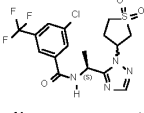
		(0.3); 0.0759 (0.4); 0.0673 (1.0); 0.0589 (1.9); 0.0515 (2.5); 0.0436 (2.4); 0.0358 (1.6); 0.0283 (0.7); -0.0001 (3.4); -0.1388 (0.8); -0.1472 (2.0); -0.1551 (2.8); -0.1629 (2.9); -0.1708 (2.2); -0.1785 (0.9); -0.2968 (0.1); -0.3454 (0.9); -0.3534 (2.3); -0.3609 (2.9); -0.3688 (2.7); -0.3766 (1.9); -0.3849 (0.8); -0.3983 (0.1)	
I-004		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN, 260 K): δ= 9.6182 (15.9); 9.5634 (0.6); 9.3569 (3.2); 9.2702 (0.5); 8.2393 (16.0); 8.1958 (7.7); 8.1820 (8.5); 8.1577 (4.6); 8.1421 (2.0); 7.9492 (7.3); 7.9353 (8.6); 7.9056 (0.8); 7.8933 (1.7); 7.8804 (1.4); 7.8708 (1.6); 7.8566 (5.5); 7.8444 (8.1); 7.8311 (4.9); 7.8186 (0.4); 7.7843 (5.2); 7.7717 (7.2); 7.7589 (3.3); 7.7285 (11.8); 7.6303 (1.8); 7.6170 (1.6); 7.2993 (12.1); 7.2477 (3.0); 7.2288 (13.0); 6.9382 (2.6); 6.7519 (2.0); 6.7403 (6.2); 6.7288 (6.2); 6.7175 (2.1); 6.3883 (0.5); 6.3771 (1.3); 6.3663 (1.3); 3.8995 (0.8); 3.8899 (0.9); 3.8760 (1.1); 3.8664 (1.0); 3.7058 (1.0); 3.6939 (1.1); 3.6820 (1.0); 3.6708 (0.8); 3.1061 (0.4); 2.9043 (3.4); 2.8927 (3.5); 2.8779 (4.8); 2.8664 (4.9); 2.7530 (4.8); 2.7438 (4.9); 2.7267 (3.5); 2.7176 (3.4); 2.2940 (221.4); 2.2607 (0.4); 2.0728 (1.4); 2.0704 (1.3); 1.9845 (1.6); 1.9660 (156.3); 1.9621 (240.5); 1.9595 (219.7); 1.9585 (216.6); 1.8929 (0.4); 1.8657 (24.5); 1.8542 (25.7); 1.8404 (7.0); 1.8288 (5.2); 1.2596 (1.4); 0.5733 (1.8); 0.5370 (0.6); 0.5140 (2.9); 0.5038 (3.7); 0.4942 (3.1); 0.4714 (0.8); 0.4513 (1.4); 0.4363 (1.2); 0.4264 (1.3); 0.4230 (1.3); 0.2592 (1.1); 0.2438 (3.2); 0.2359 (4.3); 0.2287 (3.6); 0.2137 (1.5); 0.1856 (1.6); 0.1761 (3.0); 0.1704 (3.5); 0.1637 (4.2); 0.1557 (3.1); 0.1410 (1.1); 0.0966 (8.0); 0.0849 (0.4); 0.0630 (0.4); 0.0494 (0.5); 0.0382 (1.1); 0.0319 (1.3); -0.0002 (1384.2); -0.0262 (1.8); -0.0434 (0.3); -0.0570 (0.5); -0.0691 (0.4); -0.0760 (0.4); -0.0805 (0.4); -0.1002 (7.8)	501.1
I-005		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN, 260 K): δ= 8.7103 (3.6); 8.6990 (3.7); 8.6216 (1.8); 8.6106 (1.8); 8.1254 (8.1); 8.0770 (3.6); 7.8501 (0.6); 7.7636 (6.4); 7.7473 (9.8); 7.7379 (5.3); 7.7221 (0.9); 7.7146 (0.8); 7.5721 (1.9); 7.5575 (1.6); 7.4507 (2.7); 7.4076 (2.7); 7.3689 (6.0); 7.3540 (6.1); 7.3400 (2.9); 7.2859 (1.1); 7.2740 (2.5); 7.2702 (2.6); 7.2655 (2.9); 7.2591 (3.5); 7.2485 (1.7); 7.2453 (1.5); 6.1623 (1.0); 6.1510 (3.1); 6.1394 (3.6); 6.1272 (2.5); 6.1151 (1.6); 6.1040 (0.5); 5.4722 (0.4); 4.0683 (2.3); 4.0564 (7.0); 4.0445 (7.0); 4.0326 (2.4); 3.7297 (0.8); 3.7194 (0.9); 3.7059 (1.2); 3.6957 (1.1); 3.5661 (1.1); 3.5547 (1.2); 3.5424 (0.9); 3.5308 (0.9); 3.1175 (0.7); 3.1063 (0.7); 2.8793 (1.3); 2.8675 (1.4); 2.8533 (2.7); 2.8414 (2.7); 2.8048 (2.6); 2.7956 (2.7); 2.7787 (1.4); 2.7694 (1.3); 2.2911 (55.7); 2.0802 (0.5); 2.0761 (1.0); 2.0720 (1.5); 2.0679 (1.1); 2.0638 (0.5); 1.9842 (31.3); 1.9772 (3.4); 1.9694 (91.4); 1.9653 (178.0); 1.9612 (267.8); 1.9570 (178.8); 1.9529 (90.3); 1.9441 (1.3); 1.9391 (0.5); 1.8747 (0.3); 1.8536 (12.3); 1.8420 (13.1); 1.7837 (5.8); 1.7723 (5.6); 1.5142 (1.5); 1.5026 (1.5); 1.4055 (0.4); 1.3937 (0.4); 1.3756 (0.4); 1.3409 (0.7); 1.2827 (1.1); 1.2733 (0.6); 1.2608 (0.9); 1.2178 (8.1); 1.2059 (16.0); 1.1940 (7.9); 1.1256 (1.1); 1.1161 (0.8); 0.9074 (0.4); 0.6646 (1.4); 0.6547 (1.7); 0.6438 (1.4); 0.5213 (1.3); 0.5145 (1.4); 0.5059 (1.5); 0.5004 (1.4); 0.4912 (1.3); 0.4842 (1.3); 0.4696 (0.7); 0.4571 (0.4); 0.3654 (0.8); 0.3577 (1.1); 0.3505 (1.4); 0.3442 (1.2); 0.3352 (1.0); 0.3188 (2.2); 0.3113 (3.2); 0.3048 (3.0); 0.2980 (2.5); 0.2894 (1.7); 0.2837 (1.5); 0.2752 (1.8); 0.2679 (1.9); 0.2619 (2.1); 0.2541 (1.5); 0.2390 (0.5); 0.0967 (1.3); 0.0310 (0.3); 0.0241 (0.4); 0.0162 (0.5); 0.0054 (9.2); -0.0001 (284.6); -0.0057 (9.5); -0.1002 (1.3); -0.1478 (0.7); -0.1555 (1.5); -0.1635 (2.1); -0.1713 (2.3); -0.1790 (1.8); -0.1871 (0.7); -0.2844 (0.8); -0.2926 (1.8); -0.3000 (2.3); -0.3079 (2.1); -0.3158	490.1

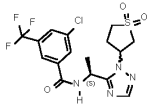
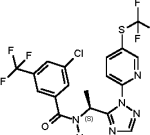
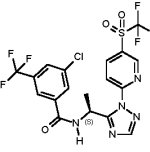
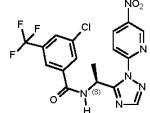
		(1.4); -0.3238 (0.6)	
I-006		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN, 260 K): δ = 8.0053 (4.9); 7.9603 (1.8); 7.8125 (2.5); 7.7593 (1.2); 7.6496 (2.7); 7.6459 (2.7); 7.5509 (1.1); 7.5476 (1.1); 7.4235 (2.6); 7.3752 (1.2); 7.3664 (2.9); 7.2709 (1.0); 6.4785 (3.0); 6.4747 (3.0); 6.2887 (1.2); 6.2852 (1.2); 5.9466 (0.5); 5.9350 (1.5); 5.9234 (1.5); 5.9118 (0.5); 5.4720 (0.7); 5.4396 (0.6); 5.4282 (0.6); 3.9259 (1.5); 3.7880 (16.0); 3.6993 (5.9); 3.5295 (0.4); 3.5187 (0.4); 3.5058 (0.5); 3.4951 (0.5); 3.3717 (0.5); 3.3600 (0.5); 3.3481 (0.4); 3.3364 (0.4); 2.8212 (0.7); 2.8096 (0.7); 2.7952 (1.4); 2.7835 (1.4); 2.7522 (1.4); 2.7424 (1.4); 2.7262 (0.7); 2.7164 (0.6); 2.4769 (1.8); 2.2909 (23.0); 2.2755 (0.5); 2.0759 (0.4); 2.0718 (0.6); 2.0677 (0.5); 1.9770 (1.3); 1.9691 (38.3); 1.9650 (75.1); 1.9609 (110.4); 1.9568 (75.0); 1.9527 (37.7); 1.9439 (0.4); 1.8499 (0.4); 1.8458 (0.7); 1.8417 (0.4); 1.7862 (6.9); 1.7746 (6.9); 1.6982 (2.7); 1.6867 (2.6); 1.5798 (0.4); 1.5685 (0.4); 1.3759 (0.4); 1.3409 (0.4); 1.2828 (0.7); 1.2732 (0.6); 1.2605 (1.4); 0.9934 (0.4); 0.6078 (0.6); 0.5980 (0.7); 0.5866 (0.6); 0.4982 (0.3); 0.4907 (0.4); 0.4837 (0.4); 0.4768 (0.3); 0.4288 (0.4); 0.4216 (0.4); 0.4140 (0.3); 0.3305 (0.5); 0.3249 (0.8); 0.3175 (1.2); 0.3112 (1.1); 0.3040 (1.1); 0.2950 (0.7); 0.2760 (0.5); 0.2674 (0.7); 0.2601 (0.7); 0.2536 (0.9); 0.2461 (0.7); 0.2399 (0.4); 0.1156 (0.4); 0.1080 (0.5); 0.0968 (0.7); 0.0054 (3.7); -0.0001 (115.3); -0.0057 (3.4); -0.1001 (0.5); -0.1724 (0.7); -0.1804 (1.0); -0.1884 (1.1); -0.1962 (0.8); -0.2045 (0.4); -0.3297 (0.4); -0.3379 (0.8); -0.3457 (1.0); -0.3538 (1.0); -0.3618 (0.7)	453.1

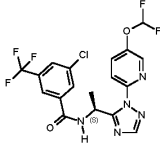
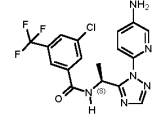
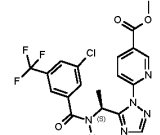
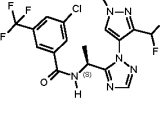
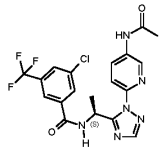
I-007		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN, 260 K): δ = 8.7946 (6.3); 8.7918 (6.4); 8.3735 (3.5); 8.3701 (3.6); 8.3592 (3.9); 8.3558 (4.0); 8.3193 (3.3); 8.2763 (1.8); 8.2733 (1.7); 8.2621 (1.9); 8.2592 (1.8); 8.1394 (0.4); 8.1364 (0.4); 8.1275 (11.8); 8.0928 (6.2); 8.0783 (6.4); 8.0740 (5.5); 7.9210 (2.7); 7.9068 (2.5); 7.8029 (6.5); 7.6025 (3.2); 7.3726 (7.6); 7.3144 (2.9); 7.2610 (7.1); 6.4108 (1.2); 6.3993 (3.9); 6.3877 (4.0); 6.3762 (1.3); 6.1640 (0.6); 6.1526 (1.8); 6.1411 (1.8); 6.1295 (0.6); 3.7323 (1.0); 3.7215 (1.1); 3.7085 (1.5); 3.6979 (1.4); 3.6002 (1.4); 3.5887 (1.5); 3.5765 (1.1); 3.5649 (1.0); 2.9249 (1.2); 2.9133 (1.2); 2.8987 (4.0); 2.8870 (4.2); 2.8773 (4.0); 2.8679 (4.0); 2.8510 (1.2); 2.8417 (1.2); 2.2887 (107.7); 2.0801 (0.6); 2.0760 (1.2); 2.0719 (1.7); 2.0677 (1.2); 2.0636 (0.6); 1.9841 (1.5); 1.9771 (3.2); 1.9692 (104.7); 1.9651 (205.2); 1.9610 (302.3); 1.9569 (206.9); 1.9528 (104.7); 1.9441 (1.3); 1.9382 (0.6); 1.9343 (0.4); 1.9311 (0.3); 1.8541 (0.7); 1.8500 (1.2); 1.8459 (1.8); 1.8418 (1.2); 1.8377 (0.7); 1.8124 (15.8); 1.8008 (16.0); 1.7636 (7.2); 1.7521 (7.0); 1.5797 (0.3); 1.5684 (0.4); 1.4322 (6.4); 1.3763 (0.8); 1.3408 (0.5); 1.2827 (0.5); 1.2734 (0.4); 1.2598 (0.8); 1.2178 (0.4); 1.2058 (0.6); 1.1939 (0.4); 1.1108 (0.8); 1.1003 (1.1); 1.0904 (0.8); 0.5497 (1.6); 0.5380 (2.0); 0.5286 (2.0); 0.5209 (1.6); 0.5152 (1.8); 0.5075 (1.6); 0.5008 (1.6); 0.4944 (1.6); 0.4882 (1.4); 0.4817 (1.3); 0.4747 (0.9); 0.4597 (0.4); 0.3681 (0.4); 0.3609 (0.8); 0.3529 (1.1); 0.3454 (1.4); 0.3393 (1.3); 0.3123 (1.3); 0.3066 (1.4); 0.2986 (1.1); 0.2912 (0.7); 0.2814 (0.9); 0.2723 (1.1); 0.2659 (1.8); 0.2581 (2.4); 0.2508 (2.0); 0.2440 (1.6); 0.2357 (1.1); 0.2236 (1.1); 0.2151 (1.7); 0.2079 (1.9); 0.2014 (2.3); 0.1939 (1.7); 0.1880 (1.0); 0.1788 (0.6); 0.0967 (1.4); 0.0054 (9.1); -0.0001 (312.8); -0.0057 (10.1); -0.0124 (0.5); -0.1002 (1.4); -0.1849 (0.8); -0.1933 (1.8); -0.2011 (2.6); -0.2092 (2.7); -0.2170 (2.0); -0.2251 (0.8); -0.4009 (0.8); -0.4090 (2.0); -0.4168 (2.7); -0.4248 (2.5); -0.4328 (1.8); -0.4410 (0.7)	475.1
I-008		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN, 260 K): δ = 9.1810 (16.0); 8.9124 (2.5); 8.1612 (7.7); 8.1026 (1.2); 7.8205 (4.4); 7.6934 (1.0); 7.5306 (4.6); 7.4813 (4.9); 7.4411 (1.1); 7.4277 (1.0); 6.4540 (0.8); 6.4425 (2.7); 6.4309 (2.6); 6.4194 (0.8); 6.0795 (0.5); 6.0685 (0.5); 4.0681 (0.9); 4.0562 (2.8); 4.0443 (2.8); 4.0324 (0.9); 3.6824 (0.4); 3.6717 (0.4); 3.5710 (0.4); 3.5596 (0.4); 3.5476 (0.3); 2.9647 (0.9); 2.9532 (0.9); 2.9383 (2.6); 2.9269 (2.6); 2.9114 (2.5); 2.9021 (2.5); 2.8851 (0.9); 2.8757 (0.9); 2.2914 (83.0); 2.0761 (0.4); 2.0720 (0.6); 2.0679 (0.4); 1.9841 (12.5); 1.9772 (1.3); 1.9694 (40.7); 1.9652 (79.5); 1.9611 (116.6); 1.9570 (80.2); 1.9529 (40.7); 1.9443 (0.8); 1.8502 (0.5); 1.8461 (0.7); 1.8419 (0.5); 1.7906 (10.3); 1.7790 (10.5); 1.7503 (2.1); 1.7390 (2.0); 1.5138 (0.4); 1.5022 (0.4); 1.3410 (0.7); 1.2828 (1.1); 1.2607 (1.1); 1.2177 (3.3); 1.2058 (6.5); 1.1939 (3.2); 1.0503 (0.4); 0.8817 (0.3); 0.5623 (0.4); 0.5499 (1.0); 0.5404 (1.3); 0.5296 (1.1); 0.4808 (0.6); 0.4731 (0.6); 0.4654 (0.6); 0.4510 (0.3); 0.3341 (0.4); 0.3268 (0.4); 0.2752 (0.6); 0.2662 (1.1); 0.2602 (1.6); 0.2523 (2.0); 0.2447 (1.5); 0.2387 (1.1); 0.2296 (0.7); 0.1958 (0.6); 0.1870 (1.1); 0.1798 (1.2); 0.1732 (1.6); 0.1656 (1.2); 0.1596 (0.7); 0.1503 (0.4); 0.0054 (1.7); -0.0001 (54.8); -0.0057 (1.8); -0.1853 (0.5); -0.1936 (1.2); -0.2017 (1.7); -0.2096 (1.8); -0.2177 (1.3); -0.2260 (0.5); -0.4453 (0.6); -0.4536 (1.4); -0.4616 (1.8); -0.4696 (1.7); -0.4777 (1.2); -0.4862 (0.5)	476.1

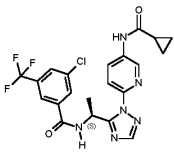
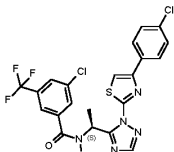
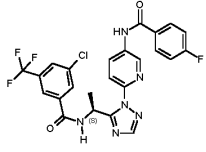
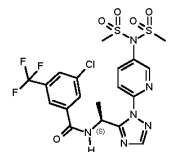
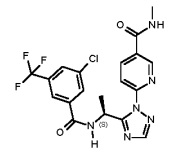
I-009		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4594 (3.7); 9.4421 (3.8); 9.0679 (6.8); 9.0640 (6.4); 9.0626 (6.7); 8.5867 (4.4); 8.5812 (4.3); 8.5652 (4.8); 8.5597 (4.8); 8.2511 (14.6); 8.1638 (7.0); 8.1053 (7.2); 8.0859 (7.4); 8.0726 (6.8); 8.0661 (7.7); 8.0645 (7.6); 6.1269 (0.6); 6.1099 (2.7); 6.0925 (4.2); 6.0751 (2.7); 6.0577 (0.6); 5.7575 (0.5); 3.3275 (47.4); 2.6733 (0.6); 2.5089 (67.8); 2.5045 (88.7); 2.5001 (65.9); 2.3358 (0.4); 2.3313 (0.5); 2.3270 (0.4); 1.6497 (16.0); 1.6323 (15.9); 0.0079 (0.6); -0.0002 (14.0); -0.0084 (0.5)	421.1
I-010		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4898 (16.0); 9.4771 (2.2); 9.4596 (2.1); 8.2671 (7.6); 8.1815 (3.8); 8.1283 (3.8); 8.0760 (3.5); 6.1076 (0.3); 6.0911 (1.4); 6.0737 (2.2); 6.0563 (1.4); 5.7571 (2.2); 3.3283 (24.2); 2.5089 (33.4); 2.5046 (42.0); 2.5004 (31.1); 2.0768 (0.6); 1.8837 (0.4); 1.8665 (0.3); 1.6511 (8.4); 1.6337 (8.2); -0.0002 (6.3)	422.1
I-011		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3979 (3.0); 9.3800 (3.1); 9.1880 (16.0); 9.1870 (16.0); 8.2226 (12.9); 8.1034 (5.6); 8.0610 (5.3); 8.0416 (5.6); 6.0084 (0.5); 5.9910 (2.1); 5.9735 (3.3); 5.9560 (2.2); 5.9385 (0.5); 3.3260 (25.0); 2.6775 (0.3); 2.6730 (0.4); 2.6688 (0.3); 2.5265 (1.2); 2.5128 (27.8); 2.5087 (56.7); 2.5043 (74.9); 2.4998 (55.2); 2.3356 (0.3); 2.3310 (0.5); 2.3267 (0.4); 2.0768 (1.5); 1.6592 (12.7); 1.6419 (12.7); -0.0002 (2.4)	481.0
I-012		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4131 (2.1); 9.3954 (2.2); 8.9605 (16.0); 8.1840 (9.1); 8.1172 (4.1); 8.0613 (8.4); 7.6207 (2.3); 7.4398 (4.8); 7.2588 (2.4); 5.9662 (0.3); 5.9491 (1.5); 5.9316 (2.4); 5.9141 (1.6); 5.8968 (0.3); 3.3292 (71.2); 2.6729 (0.4); 2.5262 (1.1); 2.5126 (23.7); 2.5084 (48.1); 2.5039 (63.3); 2.4994 (46.0); 2.4951 (22.7); 2.3307 (0.4); 1.6502 (9.2); 1.6328 (9.2); -0.0002 (1.7)	463.1
I-013		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3252 (0.6); 9.3070 (0.6); 8.5085 (1.7); 8.5033 (1.9); 8.4494 (0.8); 8.4441 (0.7); 8.4260 (0.8); 8.4207 (0.7); 8.2376 (3.2); 8.0662 (1.1); 8.0072 (1.2); 7.9524 (1.2); 5.4181 (0.5); 5.4004 (0.8); 5.3827 (0.5); 3.3253 (30.0); 2.5251 (0.6); 2.5205 (0.8); 2.5118 (13.8); 2.5073 (28.8); 2.5027 (38.3); 2.4981 (27.0); 2.4935 (12.6); 1.9093 (3.9); 1.6385 (3.0); 1.6209 (3.0); 1.3977 (16.0); 0.0080 (0.5); -0.0002 (16.9); -0.0086 (0.5)	448.0
I-014		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3249 (2.0); 9.3067 (2.0); 8.5204 (5.4); 8.5142 (5.8); 8.3366 (1.2); 8.3303 (1.1); 8.3139 (2.2); 8.3076 (2.0); 8.2916 (1.2); 8.2854 (1.1); 8.2235 (10.2); 8.0667 (3.5); 8.0187 (3.9); 7.9551 (3.8); 5.3912 (0.3); 5.3736 (1.6); 5.3559 (2.5); 5.3382 (1.6); 5.3206 (0.4); 4.0560 (1.2); 4.0382 (3.6); 4.0204 (3.7); 4.0026 (1.2); 3.3261 (117.6); 2.6762 (0.5); 2.6717 (0.7); 2.6672 (0.5); 2.5251 (2.1); 2.5204 (3.2); 2.5118 (40.6); 2.5073 (83.4); 2.5028 (110.1); 2.4982 (77.9); 2.4936 (36.3); 2.3341 (0.5); 2.3295 (0.7); 2.3250 (0.5); 1.9892 (16.0); 1.9059 (2.0); 1.6310 (9.9); 1.6135 (9.8); 1.2348 (0.8); 1.1931 (4.3); 1.1753 (8.6); 1.1575 (4.2); 0.0080 (1.0); -0.0002 (30.8); -0.0085 (1.0)	432.1
I-015		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 11.9605 (0.7); 9.4237 (3.5); 9.4061 (3.6); 8.8070 (6.3); 8.7943 (6.5); 8.3173 (8.8); 8.2357 (14.1); 8.1302 (6.9); 8.0685 (13.9); 7.9652 (4.7); 7.9636 (4.6); 7.9525 (4.5); 7.9510 (4.5); 6.0544 (0.6); 6.0372 (2.7); 6.0198 (4.2); 6.0023 (2.7); 5.9849 (0.6); 5.7567 (8.8); 3.3259 (79.8); 2.6765 (0.5); 2.6725 (0.7); 2.6676 (0.5); 2.5428 (0.4); 2.5255 (1.9); 2.5078 (87.4); 2.5034 (115.3); 2.4990 (83.5); 2.3347 (0.5); 2.3302 (0.7); 2.3258 (0.5); 1.9896 (0.6); 1.9100 (6.2); 1.6451 (16.0); 1.6278 (15.9); 1.3973 (0.8); 1.2324 (0.5); 1.1758 (0.4); -0.0003 (4.9)	421.2

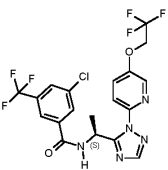
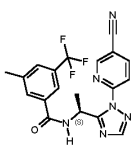
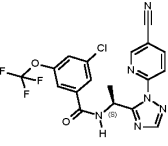
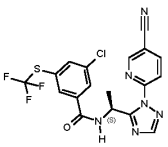
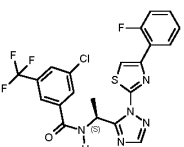
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I-017		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.6286 (0.8); 10.5647 (0.4); 9.5618 (3.6); 9.5456 (3.6); 8.4291 (15.4); 8.2156 (6.6); 8.1625 (6.7); 8.0957 (6.1); 6.0584 (0.6); 6.0414 (2.6); 6.0244 (3.9); 6.0075 (2.6); 5.9902 (0.6); 3.3271 (22.2); 2.5273 (0.9); 2.5140 (19.0); 2.5097 (38.9); 2.5053 (51.8); 2.5008 (37.7); 2.4964 (18.3); 2.0885 (1.9); 1.9816 (0.4); 1.9755 (0.4); 1.6866 (16.0); 1.6691 (15.8); 1.3966 (0.4); 1.2905 (0.5); 1.2439 (0.4); 1.2324 (0.6); 1.0885 (5.3); 1.0389 (3.3); 1.0103 (0.6); 0.8839 (0.7); 0.8658 (1.4); 0.8516 (0.4); 0.8478 (0.7); 0.8403 (1.7); 0.8230 (1.6); 0.8176 (0.5); 0.7990 (0.6); 0.0080 (1.4); 0.0072 (1.4); -0.0002 (43.2); -0.0085 (1.6)	471.0
I-018		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3581 (2.6); 9.3408 (2.7); 9.0689 (4.7); 9.0672 (5.1); 9.0635 (5.2); 9.0617 (4.9); 8.5871 (4.2); 8.5816 (4.1); 8.5656 (4.6); 8.5601 (4.5); 8.2483 (13.3); 8.1553 (4.1); 8.1519 (7.7); 8.1485 (4.6); 8.0899 (5.4); 8.0881 (5.6); 8.0811 (2.0); 8.0779 (2.1); 8.0748 (2.3); 8.0713 (2.2); 8.0685 (5.4); 8.0666 (5.4); 8.0602 (2.0); 8.0569 (2.1); 8.0539 (2.1); 8.0508 (1.8); 7.9778 (2.0); 7.9742 (2.2); 7.9715 (2.0); 7.9679 (1.7); 7.9541 (2.1); 7.9505 (2.3); 7.9478 (2.0); 7.9441 (1.7); 6.1227 (0.4); 6.1055 (2.1); 6.0882 (3.3); 6.0708 (2.1); 6.0532 (0.4); 5.7567 (16.0); 4.0388 (0.8); 4.0210 (0.8); 3.3274 (43.2); 2.6730 (0.4); 2.5266 (1.2); 2.5218 (1.9); 2.5132 (24.3); 2.5087 (49.6); 2.5041 (65.3); 2.4995 (45.7); 2.4950 (21.0); 2.3309 (0.4); 1.9900 (3.6); 1.6411 (12.8); 1.6237 (12.7); 1.1937 (1.0); 1.1759 (2.0); 1.1581 (1.0); 0.0080 (2.0); -0.0002 (54.3); -0.0085 (1.5)	362.1
I-019		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4337 (3.5); 9.4164 (3.6); 9.0664 (6.3); 9.0612 (6.5); 9.0325 (0.3); 8.5854 (4.4); 8.5799 (4.3); 8.5640 (4.6); 8.5585 (4.6); 8.2499 (14.8); 8.0862 (6.9); 8.0647 (6.4); 8.0331 (6.8); 7.9550 (2.8); 7.9314 (2.9); 7.9205 (2.8); 7.8992 (2.7); 6.1286 (0.6); 6.1114 (2.7); 6.0940 (4.2); 6.0767 (2.7); 6.0594 (0.6); 4.0388 (0.6); 4.0210 (0.6); 3.3276 (75.4); 2.6776 (0.5); 2.6730 (0.6); 2.6683 (0.5); 2.5263 (1.6); 2.5128 (37.8); 2.5085 (78.3); 2.5041 (104.4); 2.4996 (75.5); 2.4953 (36.6); 2.3351 (0.4); 2.3308 (0.6); 2.3264 (0.4); 1.9901 (2.7); 1.6524 (16.0); 1.6350 (15.9); 1.1938 (0.8); 1.1759 (1.5); 1.1581 (0.8); 0.0079 (2.2); -0.0002 (63.5); -0.0084 (2.1)	405.1
I-020		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.2491 (3.2); 9.2319 (3.3); 9.0623 (6.1); 9.0584 (6.2); 8.5863 (4.7); 8.5808 (4.5); 8.5648 (5.1); 8.5593 (5.0); 8.2386 (15.2); 8.0842 (6.3); 8.0827 (6.3); 8.0628 (5.8); 8.0612 (5.9); 7.8252 (0.4); 7.8175 (0.7); 7.8076 (4.5); 7.7905 (4.9); 7.7856 (4.8); 7.7686 (4.2); 7.7585 (0.7); 6.0985 (0.6); 6.0813 (2.6); 6.0640 (4.1); 6.0466 (2.6); 6.0292 (0.6); 4.0572 (0.8); 4.0394 (2.5); 4.0216 (2.5); 4.0038 (0.8); 3.3295 (35.0); 2.6742 (0.3); 2.5277 (0.9); 2.5228 (1.4); 2.5142 (19.8); 2.5098 (40.6); 2.5053 (53.5); 2.5007 (38.1); 2.4963 (18.0); 2.3321 (0.3); 1.9906 (10.6); 1.6528 (0.4); 1.6335 (16.0); 1.6161 (15.7); 1.1943 (3.0); 1.1765 (5.9); 1.1587 (2.9); 0.0079 (1.4); -0.0002 (40.1); -0.0085 (1.3)	373.2

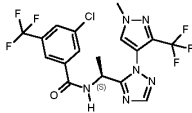
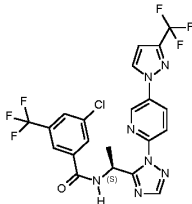
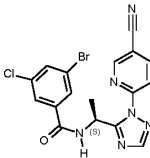
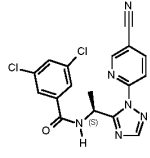
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I-022		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, CDCl ₃): δ= 7.9750 (3.9); 7.9711 (2.6); 7.9466 (12.8); 7.7573 (1.1); 7.7377 (4.6); 7.2645 (10.2); 6.9332 (2.5); 6.8004 (5.5); 6.6676 (2.8); 6.2276 (0.4); 6.2100 (1.6); 6.1922 (1.7); 6.1894 (1.8); 6.1716 (1.6); 6.1540 (0.4); 5.3012 (4.4); 2.2669 (0.4); 2.1792 (0.5); 2.1737 (14.0); 2.0169 (0.3); 1.9996 (0.4); 1.9823 (0.3); 1.7453 (13.1); 1.7277 (13.0); 1.7031 (0.6); 1.6905 (1.0); 1.5736 (0.7); 1.5548 (0.9); 1.5494 (1.0); 1.5368 (0.6); 1.5324 (0.6); 1.5286 (0.6); 1.5186 (0.5); 1.5086 (1.2); 1.4003 (0.4); 1.3935 (0.6); 1.3805 (0.6); 1.3756 (0.8); 1.3654 (0.4); 1.3565 (0.6); 1.3511 (0.4); 1.3468 (0.4); 1.3371 (0.5); 1.3338 (0.6); 1.3283 (0.4); 1.3160 (0.5); 1.2568 (2.1); 1.2448 (0.3); 1.2298 (0.9); 1.2140 (16.0); 1.2061 (0.6); 1.1629 (10.5); 1.1391 (1.7); 0.9411 (2.1); 0.9327 (0.4); 0.9286 (0.6); 0.9229 (4.2); 0.9095 (4.1); 0.9048 (2.1); 0.9010 (0.8); 0.8953 (1.6); 0.8922 (4.0); 0.8768 (2.2); 0.8625 (0.4); 0.8579 (1.1); -0.0002 (11.0); -0.0085 (0.4)	485.9
I-023		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5636 (2.4); 9.5473 (2.5); 8.3601 (9.6); 8.2139 (4.5); 8.1653 (4.5); 8.1392 (0.4); 8.1317 (3.5); 8.1265 (1.6); 8.1184 (3.8); 8.1095 (4.0); 8.1015 (1.6); 8.0963 (3.7); 8.0791 (4.1); 7.4836 (0.4); 7.4762 (3.7); 7.4541 (7.0); 7.4372 (1.2); 7.4321 (3.5); 7.4243 (0.4); 6.0549 (0.4); 6.0375 (1.6); 6.0205 (2.5); 6.0037 (1.7); 5.9866 (0.4); 3.3276 (37.3); 3.0776 (5.3); 2.6779 (0.3); 2.6736 (0.4); 2.6694 (0.3); 2.5269 (1.2); 2.5133 (25.8); 2.5091 (52.7); 2.5047 (69.6); 2.5003 (50.7); 2.3313 (0.4); 1.7001 (10.0); 1.6827 (9.9); 1.3566 (0.4); 1.2317 (1.4); 1.1484 (0.3); 1.1068 (16.0); 1.0882 (1.0); 1.0384 (0.5); 0.8656 (0.3); 0.0079 (1.2); -0.0002 (33.6); -0.0085 (1.2)	497.0
I-024	 diastereomer 1	¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, CDCl ₃): δ= 7.9243 (5.9); 7.9162 (10.9); 7.9002 (0.5); 7.8762 (5.4); 7.7491 (5.0); 7.2634 (28.8); 7.1053 (1.3); 7.0873 (1.3); 5.6259 (0.5); 5.6086 (1.6); 5.5904 (2.2); 5.5718 (1.7); 5.5546 (0.5); 5.5201 (0.6); 5.5024 (2.1); 5.4844 (3.0); 5.4663 (2.1); 5.4486 (0.5); 5.3018 (7.9); 3.7508 (1.5); 3.7301 (1.5); 3.7163 (2.2); 3.6965 (3.1); 3.6767 (2.2); 3.6637 (1.3); 3.6569 (1.2); 3.6438 (2.6); 3.6238 (1.4); 3.5645 (2.9); 3.5469 (2.8); 3.5299 (2.0); 3.5123 (1.9); 3.2874 (1.0); 3.2855 (1.0); 3.2700 (2.0); 3.2676 (2.1); 3.2523 (1.9); 3.2370 (1.7); 3.2347 (1.8); 3.2193 (0.9); 3.2169 (1.0); 2.7634 (1.6); 2.7572 (1.5); 2.7453 (3.2); 2.7401 (3.0); 2.7272 (3.1); 2.7230 (2.6); 2.7203 (2.9); 2.7095 (1.4); 2.7029 (1.6); 2.6855 (0.4); 2.1733 (0.9); 1.9733 (0.5); 1.7649 (0.5); 1.7480 (15.9); 1.7306 (16.0); 1.7115 (2.5); 1.6938 (1.2); 1.5734 (0.5); 1.5675 (0.4); 1.5544 (0.7); 1.5496 (0.4); 1.5362 (0.6); 1.5310 (0.4); 1.5274 (0.4); 1.5172 (0.3); 1.5072 (0.7); 1.3719 (0.4); 1.3531 (0.4); 1.3332 (0.4); 1.3125 (0.3); 1.2565 (1.4); 1.2296 (0.4); 1.2139 (8.7); 1.1630 (5.8); 1.1390 (1.0); 0.9387 (1.1); 0.9205 (2.2); 0.9074 (2.4); 0.9023 (1.1); 0.8902 (2.4); 0.8799 (0.3); 0.8748 (1.3); 0.8559 (0.7); 0.0705 (1.4); 0.0080 (0.8); -0.0002 (31.5); -0.0085 (1.1)	437.1

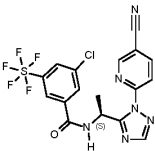
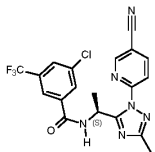
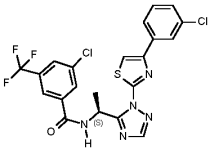
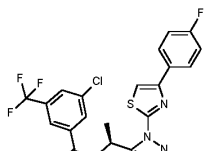
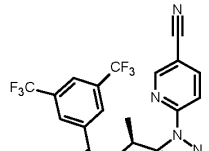
I-025	 diastereomer 2	¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, CDCl ₃): δ = 7.9151 (14.4); 7.8974 (0.6); 7.8821 (4.4); 7.7356 (5.0); 7.3735 (1.2); 7.3579 (0.8); 7.2650 (22.5); 5.6071 (0.5); 5.5886 (1.5); 5.5706 (2.2); 5.5524 (1.6); 5.5339 (1.0); 5.5164 (1.9); 5.4983 (2.8); 5.4801 (1.9); 5.4625 (0.5); 5.3024 (0.4); 3.7057 (1.6); 3.6863 (1.6); 3.6718 (3.1); 3.6525 (3.0); 3.6437 (1.2); 3.6245 (1.8); 3.6043 (3.5); 3.5912 (2.2); 3.5835 (2.7); 3.5717 (2.2); 3.5494 (1.3); 3.3078 (1.0); 3.3058 (1.1); 3.2890 (2.4); 3.2869 (2.3); 3.2747 (1.1); 3.2704 (1.5); 3.2681 (1.3); 3.2560 (2.0); 3.2538 (1.9); 3.2371 (1.0); 3.2350 (1.0); 2.8691 (0.4); 2.8514 (1.1); 2.8341 (1.7); 2.8167 (2.2); 2.7993 (1.8); 2.7819 (0.6); 2.7482 (1.0); 2.7288 (2.1); 2.7102 (2.1); 2.6938 (1.4); 2.6756 (1.2); 2.6563 (0.5); 1.7876 (9.6); 1.7418 (16.0); 1.7243 (15.8); 1.7104 (0.8); 1.6927 (0.6); 1.5746 (0.4); 1.5558 (0.4); 1.5374 (0.3); 1.5087 (0.5); 1.3716 (0.3); 1.2574 (0.8); 1.2153 (7.1); 1.1637 (4.8); 1.1401 (0.8); 0.9374 (0.9); 0.9191 (1.8); 0.9069 (2.1); 0.9009 (0.9); 0.8896 (2.1); 0.8738 (1.0); 0.8549 (0.5); 0.0713 (0.4); 0.0080 (0.7); -0.0002 (23.3); -0.0084 (0.8)	437.1
I-026		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ = 9.4031 (3.9); 9.3855 (4.0); 8.8088 (6.8); 8.8034 (6.8); 8.4426 (3.6); 8.4369 (3.4); 8.4212 (4.0); 8.4155 (3.8); 8.2355 (15.8); 8.1235 (7.4); 8.0685 (7.9); 8.0545 (7.1); 8.0417 (7.7); 8.0203 (6.8); 6.1185 (0.6); 6.1011 (2.7); 6.0837 (4.2); 6.0663 (2.7); 6.0489 (0.6); 3.5872 (0.5); 3.5815 (0.4); 3.3292 (117.7); 2.6778 (0.6); 2.6730 (0.7); 2.6690 (0.5); 2.5086 (98.8); 2.5043 (121.9); 2.5000 (87.5); 2.3353 (0.6); 2.3311 (0.8); 2.3270 (0.6); 1.6597 (16.0); 1.6424 (16.0); 1.2593 (0.4); 1.2336 (0.9); 0.0076 (1.2); -0.0002 (22.8)	496.0
I-027		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ = 9.4305 (1.4); 9.4189 (1.4); 9.2120 (2.1); 9.2084 (2.1); 8.7877 (1.2); 8.7836 (1.2); 8.7731 (1.2); 8.7690 (1.3); 8.3335 (5.0); 8.2943 (2.3); 8.2933 (2.2); 8.2797 (2.2); 8.2787 (2.2); 8.1479 (2.3); 8.0887 (2.4); 8.0709 (2.2); 6.1710 (0.9); 6.1594 (1.5); 6.1478 (1.0); 3.3185 (16.0); 2.5241 (0.8); 2.5210 (1.0); 2.5179 (1.0); 2.5090 (16.6); 2.5060 (34.7); 2.5030 (47.8); 2.5000 (37.2); 2.4971 (19.6); 1.6703 (5.6); 1.6588 (5.7); 1.2336 (0.5); -0.0001 (6.2); -0.0056 (0.3)	527.9
I-028		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ = 9.4810 (3.4); 9.4637 (3.5); 9.3633 (6.9); 9.3566 (7.0); 8.8528 (4.8); 8.8459 (4.6); 8.8302 (5.0); 8.8234 (5.0); 8.2800 (15.1); 8.1766 (6.5); 8.1570 (7.5); 8.1343 (7.1); 8.1192 (6.6); 8.0712 (5.9); 6.1656 (0.6); 6.1485 (2.6); 6.1311 (4.2); 6.1138 (2.7); 6.0966 (0.6); 3.3269 (54.4); 2.6776 (0.4); 2.6731 (0.5); 2.6685 (0.4); 2.5265 (1.4); 2.5131 (31.2); 2.5087 (63.0); 2.5042 (82.5); 2.4997 (59.4); 2.4952 (28.8); 2.3355 (0.4); 2.3310 (0.5); 2.3266 (0.4); 1.9902 (0.7); 1.9106 (1.2); 1.6686 (16.0); 1.6512 (15.9); 1.2328 (0.4); 1.1761 (0.4); 0.0079 (0.9); -0.0002 (24.6); -0.0084 (0.9)	441.1

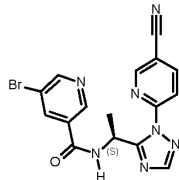
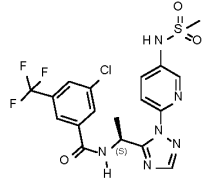
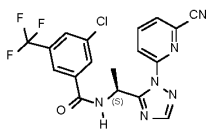
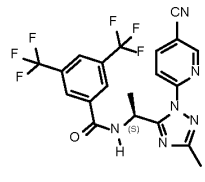
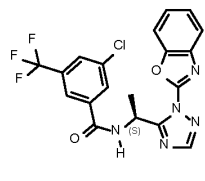
I-029		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.9186 (0.5); 9.3950 (3.1); 9.3773 (3.2); 8.4678 (5.4); 8.4611 (5.4); 8.3164 (0.3); 8.1585 (16.0); 8.1248 (6.0); 8.0676 (6.7); 8.0598 (4.9); 8.0560 (5.3); 7.9643 (1.7); 7.9575 (1.5); 7.9421 (5.0); 7.9352 (5.2); 7.9199 (8.5); 7.9186 (8.9); 7.8979 (2.8); 7.8963 (2.8); 7.5618 (3.9); 7.3794 (8.4); 7.3096 (0.4); 7.2849 (0.4); 7.2621 (0.4); 7.1969 (4.2); 7.1246 (0.6); 5.9823 (0.5); 5.9651 (2.4); 5.9476 (3.8); 5.9302 (2.4); 5.9129 (0.5); 3.3263 (94.2); 2.6767 (0.6); 2.6721 (0.9); 2.6676 (0.6); 2.5425 (0.5); 2.5256 (2.3); 2.5209 (3.3); 2.5122 (49.4); 2.5077 (103.2); 2.5032 (137.3); 2.4986 (97.2); 2.4940 (45.2); 2.3345 (0.6); 2.3299 (0.8); 2.3254 (0.6); 2.2181 (2.9); 1.9099 (7.4); 1.6419 (14.9); 1.6245 (14.8); 1.2988 (0.4); 1.2590 (0.7); 1.2345 (1.4); 1.1394 (0.4); 1.1234 (0.3); 0.8537 (0.4); 0.0079 (0.8); -0.0002 (27.5); -0.0086 (0.8)	462.1
I-030		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3155 (3.1); 9.2973 (3.2); 8.3160 (2.3); 8.1145 (6.0); 8.0718 (6.0); 8.0489 (5.4); 8.0038 (16.0); 7.7932 (6.4); 7.7866 (6.3); 7.4056 (6.0); 7.3840 (7.0); 7.3085 (0.5); 7.1236 (4.7); 7.1165 (4.5); 7.1020 (4.1); 7.0949 (4.1); 5.7925 (0.5); 5.7754 (2.4); 5.7577 (3.7); 5.7400 (2.4); 5.7224 (0.5); 5.6711 (10.8); 4.0560 (0.9); 4.0382 (2.7); 4.0204 (2.7); 4.0026 (0.9); 3.3257 (96.9); 3.3015 (0.7); 2.6807 (0.3); 2.6762 (0.7); 2.6717 (1.0); 2.6670 (0.7); 2.6624 (0.3); 2.5251 (2.6); 2.5204 (3.7); 2.5117 (57.2); 2.5072 (118.8); 2.5027 (157.4); 2.4981 (110.6); 2.4935 (51.0); 2.3341 (0.7); 2.3295 (1.0); 2.3249 (0.7); 2.1011 (0.4); 1.9892 (12.0); 1.5794 (14.6); 1.5620 (14.4); 1.3360 (0.4); 1.2591 (0.4); 1.2497 (0.7); 1.2348 (1.3); 1.1931 (3.3); 1.1754 (6.6); 1.1576 (3.2); 0.8536 (0.4); 0.0080 (0.7); -0.0002 (24.8); -0.0085 (0.7)	411.2
I-031		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4151 (0.6); 9.3976 (0.6); 9.0275 (1.1); 9.0257 (1.2); 9.0218 (1.2); 9.0200 (1.1); 8.5418 (1.0); 8.5361 (1.0); 8.5204 (1.1); 8.5147 (1.1); 8.2272 (3.2); 8.1267 (1.1); 8.1229 (0.7); 8.0619 (1.8); 8.0604 (1.8); 8.0276 (1.2); 8.0259 (1.2); 8.0063 (1.1); 8.0044 (1.2); 6.1140 (0.4); 6.0966 (0.7); 6.0792 (0.4); 3.9141 (8.2); 3.3293 (6.4); 2.5267 (0.3); 2.5220 (0.5); 2.5133 (7.1); 2.5088 (14.8); 2.5042 (19.5); 2.4995 (13.6); 2.4949 (6.2); 1.9901 (1.0); 1.9103 (16.0); 1.6605 (2.7); 1.6431 (2.7); 1.1761 (0.6); -0.0002 (4.0)	454.1
I-032		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3177 (1.8); 9.2997 (1.9); 8.3162 (0.3); 8.3001 (5.9); 8.1360 (3.6); 8.1323 (2.5); 8.1032 (9.8); 8.0931 (3.6); 8.0716 (3.2); 7.0278 (1.8); 6.8940 (3.7); 6.7607 (2.0); 5.7565 (0.3); 5.2429 (1.4); 5.2252 (2.2); 5.2075 (1.4); 3.8904 (16.0); 3.3246 (28.7); 2.6715 (0.4); 2.5251 (1.2); 2.5204 (1.7); 2.5117 (24.2); 2.5072 (50.3); 2.5026 (66.8); 2.4980 (46.9); 2.4935 (21.6); 2.3294 (0.4); 1.5254 (8.8); 1.5079 (8.7); -0.0002 (5.6)	449.1
I-033		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.3731 (2.4); 9.3508 (1.4); 9.3330 (1.4); 8.6913 (2.5); 8.6851 (2.5); 8.2490 (1.4); 8.2424 (1.4); 8.2268 (1.6); 8.2204 (1.6); 8.1162 (0.4); 8.1079 (7.4); 8.1011 (2.8); 8.0490 (5.6); 8.0056 (0.5); 7.7691 (2.8); 7.7470 (2.6); 5.9388 (1.0); 5.9213 (1.6); 5.9038 (1.0); 3.3293 (30.4); 2.5266 (0.8); 2.5218 (1.1); 2.5132 (15.2); 2.5087 (31.1); 2.5041 (40.9); 2.4995 (29.0); 2.4950 (13.6); 2.1023 (16.0); 2.0765 (4.6); 1.6305 (6.2); 1.6131 (6.1); 1.5811 (0.4); 1.5636 (0.4); -0.0002 (0.3)	453.2

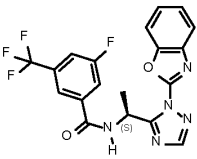
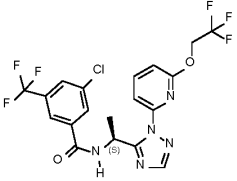
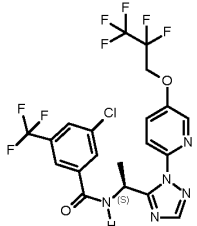
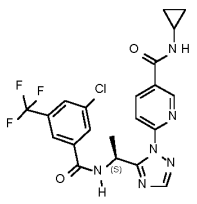
I-034		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.6212 (3.1); 9.3426 (1.8); 9.3247 (1.9); 8.7101 (3.3); 8.7044 (3.3); 8.2495 (2.2); 8.2430 (2.1); 8.2274 (2.4); 8.2209 (2.4); 8.1074 (9.4); 8.0924 (3.3); 8.0887 (2.3); 8.0418 (6.4); 8.0395 (6.2); 7.7606 (3.6); 7.7384 (3.3); 5.9342 (1.3); 5.9166 (2.0); 5.8990 (1.3); 3.3289 (106.3); 2.6769 (0.4); 2.6722 (0.5); 2.6676 (0.4); 2.5258 (1.3); 2.5211 (2.0); 2.5124 (28.6); 2.5079 (59.4); 2.5033 (78.7); 2.4987 (55.5); 2.4941 (25.7); 2.3347 (0.3); 2.3302 (0.5); 2.3255 (0.3); 2.0755 (16.0); 1.8176 (1.1); 1.8024 (1.4); 1.7870 (1.1); 1.7712 (0.4); 1.6287 (7.6); 1.6113 (7.6); 0.8733 (1.0); 0.8630 (6.1); 0.8486 (10.9); -0.0002 (0.7)	479.1
I-035		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5179 (2.0); 9.5013 (2.0); 8.2693 (9.0); 8.1753 (3.6); 8.1610 (9.6); 8.1287 (3.5); 8.0467 (3.2); 8.0034 (0.8); 7.9971 (6.3); 7.9923 (2.0); 7.9804 (2.0); 7.9756 (6.9); 7.9692 (0.8); 7.5314 (0.8); 7.5251 (7.0); 7.5203 (2.1); 7.5082 (1.9); 7.5036 (6.3); 7.4972 (0.7); 6.1577 (1.4); 6.1406 (2.1); 6.1236 (1.4); 3.3278 (23.8); 3.0776 (5.3); 2.6739 (0.3); 2.5273 (0.9); 2.5226 (1.4); 2.5140 (19.5); 2.5095 (40.0); 2.5050 (52.7); 2.5004 (37.4); 2.4959 (17.6); 1.7313 (8.1); 1.7140 (8.1); 1.1067 (16.0); 1.0883 (0.8); 1.0387 (0.5); 0.8705 (0.3); 0.8538 (1.5); 0.8375 (1.3); 0.8322 (0.9); 0.8230 (1.0); 0.8152 (0.4); 0.8067 (0.7); -0.0002 (0.5)	511.9
I-036		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.6702 (7.5); 9.3747 (3.6); 9.3569 (3.7); 8.9074 (6.4); 8.9015 (6.4); 8.4407 (4.0); 8.4342 (3.8); 8.4186 (4.3); 8.4120 (4.3); 8.3165 (0.4); 8.1344 (16.0); 8.1174 (6.5); 8.0973 (0.7); 8.0898 (5.4); 8.0845 (2.3); 8.0761 (6.3); 8.0674 (10.6); 8.0540 (6.1); 8.0380 (5.8); 8.0203 (1.5); 8.0149 (0.6); 8.0062 (1.6); 7.9980 (1.6); 7.9894 (0.6); 7.9839 (1.5); 7.8463 (6.6); 7.8242 (6.2); 7.4490 (0.6); 7.4414 (5.8); 7.4362 (1.8); 7.4192 (11.1); 7.4022 (1.8); 7.3971 (5.4); 7.3897 (0.6); 7.3398 (1.4); 7.3346 (0.4); 7.3176 (2.7); 7.3124 (0.6); 7.3004 (0.4); 7.2953 (1.3); 6.0053 (0.5); 5.9881 (2.4); 5.9706 (3.8); 5.9530 (2.4); 5.9358 (0.5); 4.0565 (0.9); 4.0388 (2.6); 4.0209 (2.7); 4.0032 (0.9); 3.3275 (67.9); 2.6817 (0.4); 2.6772 (0.7); 2.6727 (0.9); 2.6680 (0.7); 2.6636 (0.3); 2.5261 (2.8); 2.5212 (4.4); 2.5127 (56.8); 2.5082 (113.4); 2.5037 (147.5); 2.4991 (104.9); 2.4946 (49.9); 2.3351 (0.6); 2.3305 (0.9); 2.3259 (0.7); 1.9898 (11.8); 1.6532 (14.1); 1.6359 (14.0); 1.3974 (14.7); 1.2325 (0.8); 1.1936 (3.3); 1.1759 (6.5); 1.1581 (3.2); -0.0002 (2.4)	533.2
I-037		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4664 (1.3); 9.4490 (1.3); 8.7553 (2.5); 8.7488 (2.5); 8.3302 (1.6); 8.3237 (1.6); 8.3085 (1.8); 8.3019 (1.8); 8.2123 (6.0); 8.1769 (2.3); 8.1335 (2.3); 8.0576 (2.1); 8.0335 (2.6); 8.0117 (2.3); 6.1081 (0.9); 6.0908 (1.4); 6.0734 (0.9); 3.6137 (16.0); 3.3268 (30.2); 2.5257 (0.7); 2.5209 (1.0); 2.5123 (15.1); 2.5078 (31.2); 2.5032 (41.2); 2.4986 (29.2); 2.4941 (13.7); 2.0754 (13.5); 1.6679 (5.2); 1.6505 (5.2); 1.2341 (0.6); -0.0002 (0.7)	567.1
I-038		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4258 (3.0); 9.4082 (3.1); 8.9523 (5.7); 8.9479 (5.4); 8.9466 (5.4); 8.7504 (2.2); 8.7391 (2.2); 8.7284 (0.8); 8.4476 (3.9); 8.4417 (3.7); 8.4263 (4.2); 8.4204 (4.2); 8.3163 (0.8); 8.1967 (14.4); 8.1438 (5.6); 8.1071 (0.7); 8.0936 (5.8); 8.0563 (5.1); 8.0422 (0.4); 7.9733 (6.0); 7.9519 (5.5); 6.1232 (0.5); 6.1059 (2.2); 6.0885 (3.5); 6.0711 (2.2); 6.0536 (0.5); 3.3275 (130.3); 3.3030 (0.4); 2.8303 (16.0); 2.8190 (15.9); 2.6811 (0.3); 2.6768 (0.7); 2.6722 (0.9); 2.6676 (0.6); 2.6632 (0.3); 2.5256 (3.1); 2.5122 (54.2); 2.5078 (108.9); 2.5033 (142.5); 2.4987 (100.4); 2.4941 (46.7); 2.3347 (0.6); 2.3301 (0.9); 2.3255 (0.7); 2.0757 (2.5); 1.6563 (13.4); 1.6390 (13.3); 1.6114 (0.5); 0.8633 (0.4); 0.8485 (0.6); -0.0002 (2.6)	453.2

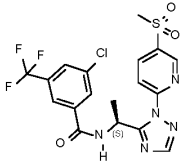
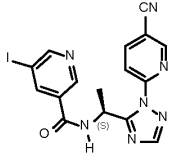
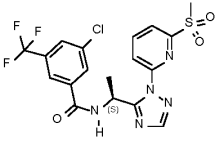
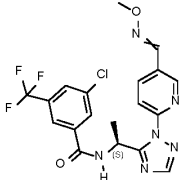
I-039		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3790 (2.5); 9.3612 (2.5); 8.3747 (3.7); 8.3696 (5.4); 8.3655 (3.8); 8.1204 (16.0); 8.0716 (4.7); 8.0530 (4.1); 7.8335 (0.3); 7.8094 (9.5); 7.8055 (13.6); 7.7868 (0.3); 5.9351 (0.4); 5.9178 (1.9); 5.9002 (3.0); 5.8827 (1.9); 5.8651 (0.4); 4.9747 (2.0); 4.9527 (6.4); 4.9307 (6.7); 4.9087 (2.3); 3.3287 (24.1); 2.6738 (0.4); 2.5273 (1.2); 2.5226 (1.8); 2.5139 (22.2); 2.5094 (45.4); 2.5048 (59.1); 2.5002 (41.4); 2.4956 (19.1); 2.3316 (0.4); 1.6317 (11.3); 1.6143 (11.2); 0.1458 (0.4); 0.0140 (0.3); 0.0079 (2.8); -0.0002 (85.0); -0.0086 (2.7); -0.1496 (0.3)	494.1
I-040		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.2810 (1.8); 9.2636 (1.9); 9.0635 (3.6); 9.0596 (3.4); 9.0580 (3.4); 8.5823 (2.9); 8.5767 (2.8); 8.5608 (3.1); 8.5553 (3.1); 8.2372 (9.4); 8.0787 (3.7); 8.0770 (3.8); 8.0572 (3.4); 8.0555 (3.6); 7.9134 (6.9); 7.7205 (3.1); 6.0923 (1.5); 6.0748 (2.4); 6.0574 (1.5); 3.3255 (90.7); 2.6760 (0.6); 2.6714 (0.9); 2.6669 (0.6); 2.5250 (2.7); 2.5203 (3.8); 2.5116 (51.4); 2.5071 (106.2); 2.5025 (139.8); 2.4979 (98.4); 2.4933 (46.0); 2.4273 (16.0); 2.3340 (0.6); 2.3294 (0.9); 2.3247 (0.6); 1.6428 (9.1); 1.6254 (9.0); 0.1458 (0.7); 0.0079 (5.0); -0.0002 (165.7); -0.0086 (5.4); -0.1497 (0.6)	401.2
I-041		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3719 (3.1); 9.3545 (3.2); 9.0610 (5.4); 9.0593 (6.0); 9.0556 (5.9); 9.0537 (5.7); 8.5843 (5.2); 8.5788 (4.9); 8.5629 (5.5); 8.5573 (5.5); 8.3160 (1.0); 8.2462 (16.0); 8.0840 (6.3); 8.0822 (6.4); 8.0626 (5.9); 8.0607 (6.0); 7.9588 (4.8); 7.9546 (7.4); 7.9507 (5.1); 7.7824 (4.4); 7.7325 (4.5); 7.7299 (4.8); 7.7272 (4.0); 6.1038 (0.5); 6.0863 (2.4); 6.0689 (3.8); 6.0516 (2.4); 6.0340 (0.5); 3.3243 (352.4); 2.6802 (1.1); 2.6757 (2.4); 2.6710 (3.4); 2.6665 (2.4); 2.6619 (1.1); 2.5246 (10.1); 2.5199 (14.8); 2.5112 (196.8); 2.5067 (404.5); 2.5021 (530.9); 2.4975 (372.2); 2.4929 (172.6); 2.3380 (1.1); 2.3335 (2.4); 2.3289 (3.3); 2.3243 (2.4); 2.3197 (1.1); 2.0745 (0.4); 1.6382 (14.6); 1.6208 (14.6); 0.1459 (2.5); 0.0080 (20.9); -0.0001 (646.4); -0.0086 (19.8); -0.1496 (2.5)	437.2
I-042		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4061 (3.0); 9.3887 (3.1); 9.0600 (5.5); 9.0581 (6.0); 9.0545 (6.0); 9.0526 (5.7); 8.5844 (5.2); 8.5788 (5.0); 8.5629 (5.6); 8.5573 (5.6); 8.2477 (16.0); 8.1153 (4.4); 8.1110 (7.3); 8.1066 (6.0); 8.0871 (9.1); 8.0854 (10.1); 8.0824 (7.0); 8.0658 (5.8); 8.0639 (5.9); 8.0193 (3.7); 8.0151 (5.9); 8.0109 (3.0); 6.1133 (0.5); 6.0962 (2.3); 6.0789 (3.7); 6.0615 (2.3); 6.0443 (0.5); 5.7566 (1.6); 3.3263 (83.3); 2.6769 (0.6); 2.6723 (0.8); 2.6677 (0.6); 2.5259 (2.6); 2.5212 (3.9); 2.5125 (49.9); 2.5080 (102.1); 2.5034 (133.5); 2.4987 (93.1); 2.4941 (42.7); 2.3347 (0.6); 2.3302 (0.8); 2.3256 (0.6); 1.6433 (14.1); 1.6259 (14.0); 0.1458 (0.6); 0.0080 (5.7); -0.0002 (173.6); -0.0086 (5.2); -0.1497 (0.7)	453.1
I-043		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5278 (3.2); 9.5112 (3.3); 8.2765 (16.0); 8.1754 (5.9); 8.1717 (4.0); 8.1284 (7.3); 8.1124 (3.2); 8.1080 (3.5); 8.0928 (1.7); 8.0882 (1.8); 8.0503 (5.3); 7.9735 (8.3); 7.9678 (8.3); 7.4790 (0.7); 7.4745 (0.8); 7.4659 (0.8); 7.4611 (1.7); 7.4580 (1.5); 7.4540 (1.4); 7.4482 (1.2); 7.4435 (1.7); 7.4405 (2.4); 7.4358 (1.4); 7.4271 (1.4); 7.4226 (1.3); 7.3777 (2.2); 7.3751 (2.6); 7.3571 (1.7); 7.3543 (1.6); 7.3458 (3.0); 7.3407 (3.7); 7.3378 (2.2); 7.3271 (1.8); 7.3219 (4.6); 7.3034 (2.3); 7.3003 (2.0); 6.1850 (0.5); 6.1678 (2.4); 6.1508 (3.7); 6.1338 (2.4); 6.1167 (0.5); 3.3288 (49.8); 2.6787 (0.5); 2.6742 (0.7); 2.6695 (0.5); 2.5277 (2.1); 2.5230 (3.0); 2.5143 (39.0); 2.5098 (80.0); 2.5052 (104.5); 2.5006 (73.0); 2.4960 (33.6); 2.3366 (0.5); 2.3320 (0.7); 2.3274 (0.4); 2.1853 (0.4); 1.7610 (0.3); 1.7343 (14.3); 1.7170 (14.2); 1.3572	496.0

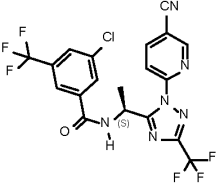
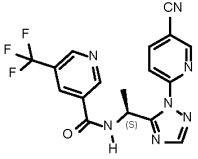
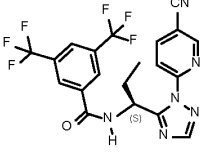
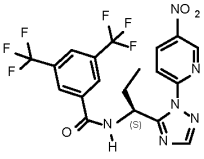
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I-044		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3190 (1.7); 9.3001 (1.7); 8.4430 (4.5); 8.1369 (8.4); 8.1103 (3.2); 8.1067 (2.4); 8.0696 (4.8); 5.2995 (1.2); 5.2815 (1.9); 5.2635 (1.2); 3.9426 (16.0); 3.3320 (38.5); 2.5268 (0.7); 2.5220 (1.1); 2.5133 (15.4); 2.5089 (31.4); 2.5043 (40.6); 2.4997 (28.4); 2.4951 (13.2); 1.5396 (7.8); 1.5220 (7.8); 0.0080 (0.8); -0.0002 (25.0); -0.0086 (0.7)	467.2
I-045		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4187 (3.1); 9.4010 (3.2); 9.1232 (6.0); 9.1171 (5.9); 8.8987 (4.1); 8.8945 (4.2); 8.8923 (3.8); 8.5777 (4.2); 8.5708 (4.0); 8.5555 (4.5); 8.5486 (4.5); 8.3017 (1.5); 8.2277 (1.1); 8.2255 (1.2); 8.2216 (1.2); 8.2053 (16.0); 8.1269 (5.8); 8.0721 (5.6); 8.0395 (6.5); 8.0184 (9.1); 7.8717 (0.6); 7.8664 (0.7); 7.8625 (0.6); 7.1582 (5.6); 7.1517 (5.6); 6.9829 (0.3); 6.8488 (1.4); 6.8426 (1.4); 6.3736 (0.5); 6.3684 (0.9); 6.3631 (0.5); 6.0789 (0.5); 6.0617 (2.3); 6.0442 (3.6); 6.0267 (2.3); 6.0094 (0.5); 3.3327 (51.2); 2.6802 (0.4); 2.6758 (0.5); 2.6711 (0.4); 2.5294 (1.6); 2.5247 (2.2); 2.5159 (29.8); 2.5115 (61.3); 2.5069 (79.9); 2.5023 (56.0); 2.4977 (26.0); 2.3382 (0.4); 2.3336 (0.5); 2.3290 (0.3); 2.0893 (3.1); 1.6811 (13.5); 1.6637 (13.4); 1.2326 (0.9); 1.0895 (2.2); 1.0398 (1.5); 0.8663 (0.7); 0.8520 (0.5); 0.8484 (0.5); 0.8409 (0.9); 0.8351 (0.3); 0.8236 (0.9); 0.7997 (0.4); 0.1459 (0.4); 0.0079 (3.5); -0.0002 (117.6); -0.0063 (1.7); -0.0086 (4.2); -0.1497 (0.4)	530.0
I-046		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3105 (3.1); 9.2931 (3.2); 9.0659 (5.4); 9.0641 (6.1); 9.0604 (5.9); 9.0586 (5.8); 8.5865 (5.1); 8.5809 (4.9); 8.5650 (5.4); 8.5595 (5.4); 8.3159 (0.4); 8.2407 (16.0); 8.0836 (6.4); 8.0818 (6.5); 8.0621 (5.9); 8.0603 (6.1); 7.9624 (4.6); 7.9583 (8.7); 7.9544 (6.0); 7.9255 (4.7); 7.9208 (8.7); 7.9163 (4.4); 7.8587 (5.8); 7.8543 (7.7); 7.8504 (4.8); 6.0913 (0.5); 6.0741 (2.5); 6.0567 (4.0); 6.0393 (2.5); 6.0220 (0.5); 5.7562 (4.9); 3.3255 (106.1); 2.6809 (0.4); 2.6765 (0.8); 2.6719 (1.1); 2.6673 (0.8); 2.6627 (0.4); 2.5255 (3.2); 2.5208 (4.6); 2.5120 (64.3); 2.5076 (132.8); 2.5030 (173.9); 2.4983 (122.3); 2.4938 (57.1); 2.3389 (0.3); 2.3343 (0.8); 2.3297 (1.1); 2.3251 (0.8); 2.3208 (0.3); 1.6245 (15.3); 1.6071 (15.3); 0.1459 (0.8); 0.0080 (6.6); -0.0001 (211.7); -0.0085 (6.5); -0.0181 (0.3); -0.1496 (0.8)	433.0
I-047		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3113 (2.0); 9.2939 (2.0); 9.0669 (3.4); 9.0654 (3.9); 9.0615 (3.6); 9.0598 (3.7); 8.5869 (3.2); 8.5814 (3.1); 8.5655 (3.5); 8.5599 (3.4); 8.2420 (10.4); 8.0845 (4.0); 8.0828 (4.2); 8.0630 (3.7); 8.0613 (3.9); 7.8307 (9.1); 7.8261 (16.0); 7.8143 (4.5); 7.8094 (4.3); 7.8049 (1.8); 6.0955 (0.3); 6.0782 (1.6); 6.0608 (2.6); 6.0434 (1.6); 6.0261 (0.3); 5.7570 (1.6); 3.3271 (27.1); 2.6730 (0.4); 2.5266 (1.2); 2.5219 (1.8); 2.5132 (22.1); 2.5087 (45.0); 2.5041 (58.8); 2.4995 (41.0); 2.4949 (18.9); 2.3308 (0.4); 1.6275 (10.0); 1.6101 (9.9); 0.0080 (2.4); -0.0002 (72.5); -0.0086 (2.0)	387.0

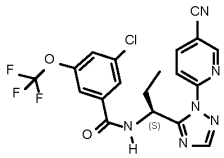
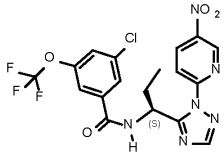
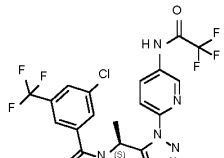
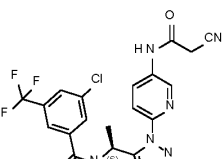
I-048		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5362 (3.1); 9.5189 (3.2); 9.0649 (5.8); 9.0630 (6.1); 9.0594 (6.3); 9.0574 (5.8); 8.5864 (5.4); 8.5809 (5.1); 8.5650 (5.8); 8.5594 (5.8); 8.2779 (3.6); 8.2730 (7.5); 8.2682 (4.8); 8.2567 (16.0); 8.2253 (4.0); 8.2219 (6.5); 8.2169 (4.7); 8.2088 (4.8); 8.2051 (6.0); 8.0865 (6.6); 8.0847 (6.4); 8.0651 (6.2); 8.0631 (6.0); 6.1267 (0.5); 6.1096 (2.3); 6.0922 (3.7); 6.0749 (2.4); 6.0574 (0.5); 5.7573 (7.1); 3.3278 (66.7); 2.6782 (0.5); 2.6736 (0.6); 2.6689 (0.5); 2.5271 (1.9); 2.5224 (2.8); 2.5137 (38.0); 2.5092 (78.2); 2.5046 (101.8); 2.4999 (71.2); 2.4953 (32.9); 2.3360 (0.4); 2.3313 (0.6); 2.3268 (0.4); 1.6558 (14.2); 1.6384 (14.1); 0.1460 (0.5); 0.0080 (4.3); -0.0002 (136.3); -0.0086 (4.1); -0.0126 (0.4); -0.1496 (0.5)	479.0
I-049		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4426 (1.2); 9.4250 (1.2); 9.0338 (2.3); 9.0299 (2.2); 9.0282 (2.3); 8.5444 (1.8); 8.5388 (1.8); 8.5228 (2.0); 8.5172 (2.0); 8.1869 (2.3); 8.1323 (2.3); 8.0726 (2.1); 8.0266 (2.4); 8.0249 (2.5); 8.0051 (2.2); 8.0033 (2.4); 6.1126 (1.0); 6.0951 (1.6); 6.0776 (1.0); 5.7578 (3.6); 3.3278 (17.7); 2.5273 (0.7); 2.5226 (0.9); 2.5139 (12.6); 2.5094 (25.9); 2.5048 (34.1); 2.5002 (24.2); 2.4956 (11.4); 2.3454 (16.0); 2.3319 (0.4); 1.6285 (5.6); 1.6111 (5.6); 0.0080 (1.2); -0.0002 (40.4); -0.0086 (1.3)	435.1
I-050		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4843 (2.8); 9.4677 (2.8); 8.3170 (0.5); 8.2889 (13.7); 8.2373 (16.0); 8.1938 (4.9); 8.1901 (3.4); 8.1519 (4.8); 8.0451 (3.4); 8.0405 (6.4); 8.0360 (6.2); 8.0323 (4.7); 7.9341 (2.0); 7.9304 (3.4); 7.9268 (1.9); 7.9156 (2.3); 7.9116 (3.6); 7.9080 (2.1); 7.4941 (2.1); 7.4744 (5.3); 7.4554 (4.3); 7.4448 (3.0); 7.4412 (4.1); 7.4365 (3.1); 7.4249 (1.3); 7.4199 (1.6); 7.4165 (1.1); 6.1651 (0.4); 6.1481 (2.0); 6.1311 (3.1); 6.1142 (2.0); 6.0970 (0.4); 3.3242 (63.5); 2.6810 (0.5); 2.6765 (1.0); 2.6719 (1.4); 2.6673 (1.0); 2.6627 (0.5); 2.5422 (0.5); 2.5254 (4.1); 2.5208 (5.9); 2.5121 (81.8); 2.5075 (169.0); 2.5030 (222.3); 2.4983 (156.1); 2.4937 (72.6); 2.3390 (0.5); 2.3343 (1.0); 2.3298 (1.4); 2.3252 (1.0); 2.3205 (0.5); 1.7330 (11.7); 1.7158 (11.7); 0.1460 (1.0); 0.0080 (7.4); -0.0001 (247.2); -0.0085 (7.6); -0.0197 (0.4); -0.1496 (1.0)	512.1
I-051		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5197 (2.9); 9.5031 (3.0); 8.2660 (14.8); 8.1769 (5.2); 8.1731 (3.4); 8.1308 (4.9); 8.1293 (4.9); 8.0869 (16.0); 8.0470 (4.7); 8.0343 (4.8); 8.0288 (1.8); 8.0206 (5.2); 8.0119 (5.1); 8.0037 (2.0); 7.9983 (4.7); 7.9906 (0.5); 7.3220 (0.5); 7.3144 (5.1); 7.3090 (1.4); 7.2973 (1.8); 7.2921 (9.7); 7.2869 (1.7); 7.2752 (1.5); 7.2698 (4.8); 7.2623 (0.5); 6.1880 (0.4); 6.1709 (2.0); 6.1539 (3.2); 6.1369 (2.1); 6.1198 (0.4); 5.7586 (1.0); 3.3288 (30.8); 2.6788 (0.4); 2.6741 (0.5); 2.6696 (0.4); 2.5278 (1.5); 2.5231 (2.1); 2.5144 (29.7); 2.5098 (61.2); 2.5052 (80.1); 2.5006 (55.8); 2.4960 (25.4); 2.3365 (0.4); 2.3320 (0.5); 2.3273 (0.4); 1.7335 (12.3); 1.7162 (12.2); 0.0080 (2.3); -0.0002 (76.5); -0.0086 (2.2)	496.0
I-052		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.6125 (3.1); 9.5951 (3.1); 9.0732 (5.6); 9.0714 (6.1); 9.0677 (6.1); 9.0659 (5.8); 8.5875 (5.1); 8.5820 (4.9); 8.5660 (5.5); 8.5605 (5.5); 8.4540 (11.1); 8.3220 (4.9); 8.2602 (16.0); 8.0913 (6.3); 8.0895 (6.3); 8.0699 (5.9); 8.0680 (5.9); 6.1617 (0.5); 6.1444 (2.4); 6.1271 (3.7); 6.1097 (2.4); 6.0923 (0.5); 5.7574 (2.9); 3.3445 (0.4); 3.3285 (94.5); 2.6781 (0.5); 2.6734 (0.7); 2.6689 (0.5); 2.5270 (2.1); 2.5223 (3.1); 2.5136 (42.4); 2.5091 (87.3); 2.5045 (114.4); 2.4999 (80.2); 2.4953 (37.3); 2.3359 (0.5); 2.3313 (0.7); 2.3268 (0.5); 1.6725 (14.3); 1.6551 (14.2); 0.0080 (2.5); -0.0002 (82.5); -0.0086 (2.4)	455.1

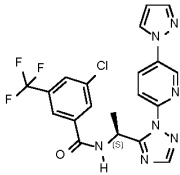
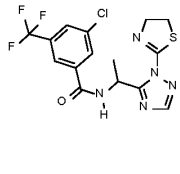
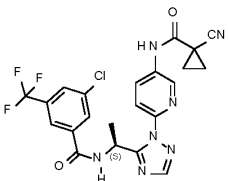
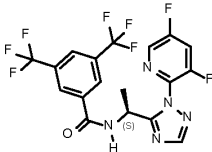
I-053		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3869 (3.3); 9.3696 (3.5); 9.0724 (5.4); 9.0708 (6.4); 9.0671 (6.0); 9.0653 (6.1); 8.9087 (8.3); 8.9042 (8.4); 8.8571 (8.0); 8.8515 (8.1); 8.5894 (5.0); 8.5838 (4.8); 8.5679 (5.4); 8.5623 (5.3); 8.4080 (5.1); 8.4027 (8.4); 8.3976 (4.9); 8.3161 (0.4); 8.2501 (15.7); 8.0912 (6.2); 8.0896 (6.7); 8.0698 (5.8); 8.0681 (6.2); 6.1217 (0.6); 6.1046 (2.6); 6.0872 (4.2); 6.0698 (2.6); 6.0525 (0.5); 5.7565 (2.4); 4.4263 (0.3); 3.5685 (3.4); 3.3255 (107.4); 2.8914 (0.4); 2.7317 (0.3); 2.6809 (0.4); 2.6763 (0.9); 2.6718 (1.2); 2.6672 (0.9); 2.6628 (0.4); 2.5253 (3.4); 2.5206 (5.0); 2.5118 (68.0); 2.5074 (140.5); 2.5029 (185.3); 2.4983 (131.1); 2.4938 (61.6); 2.3342 (0.8); 2.3297 (1.1); 2.3251 (0.8); 2.3207 (0.4); 1.9806 (0.4); 1.9532 (0.4); 1.6371 (16.0); 1.6197 (15.9); 0.1459 (0.5); 0.0080 (4.0); -0.0002 (129.1); -0.0085 (4.0); -0.1496 (0.5)	400.1
I-054		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.2835 (3.1); 9.3842 (1.2); 9.3666 (1.3); 8.3426 (2.2); 8.3374 (2.2); 8.3361 (2.2); 8.1247 (7.3); 8.0833 (2.3); 8.0569 (2.1); 7.8816 (0.9); 7.8752 (0.8); 7.8596 (2.3); 7.8531 (2.4); 7.8327 (3.2); 7.8106 (1.2); 5.9542 (0.9); 5.9366 (1.4); 5.9191 (0.9); 5.7565 (3.2); 4.0380 (0.4); 4.0201 (0.4); 3.3279 (22.4); 3.0849 (16.0); 2.6758 (0.4); 2.6713 (0.5); 2.6668 (0.4); 2.5248 (1.5); 2.5200 (2.2); 2.5113 (29.8); 2.5069 (61.5); 2.5024 (81.6); 2.4978 (58.4); 2.4933 (27.8); 2.3337 (0.4); 2.3291 (0.5); 2.3245 (0.4); 2.0092 (0.3); 1.9891 (2.1); 1.6340 (5.3); 1.6166 (5.3); 1.2587 (0.7); 1.2345 (3.4); 1.1930 (0.6); 1.1752 (1.0); 1.1574 (0.5); 0.8538 (0.7); 0.8366 (0.3); 0.0080 (0.4); -0.0002 (14.2); -0.0085 (0.4)	489.0
I-055		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4245 (3.1); 9.4072 (3.2); 8.3357 (3.9); 8.3166 (5.7); 8.3148 (6.1); 8.2958 (6.5); 8.2437 (16.0); 8.2011 (6.1); 8.1991 (7.2); 8.1802 (5.0); 8.1781 (4.8); 8.1450 (6.0); 8.1414 (4.3); 8.1355 (6.4); 8.1335 (6.3); 8.1167 (5.3); 8.1146 (5.1); 8.0948 (5.9); 8.0609 (5.3); 5.9726 (0.5); 5.9554 (2.5); 5.9381 (3.9); 5.9208 (2.5); 5.9035 (0.5); 4.0566 (0.7); 4.0388 (2.3); 4.0210 (2.3); 4.0032 (0.8); 3.3276 (69.0); 2.6773 (0.6); 2.6728 (0.8); 2.6681 (0.6); 2.5263 (2.4); 2.5215 (3.6); 2.5128 (47.0); 2.5084 (97.5); 2.5038 (128.2); 2.4992 (89.7); 2.4946 (41.3); 2.3352 (0.5); 2.3306 (0.8); 2.3261 (0.6); 1.9899 (10.2); 1.9104 (3.9); 1.6749 (15.2); 1.6575 (15.1); 1.3974 (0.7); 1.2335 (0.4); 1.1938 (2.8); 1.1760 (5.6); 1.1582 (2.7); 0.0080 (2.2); -0.0002 (70.5); -0.0085 (2.0)	421.1
I-056		I-056: ¹ H-NMR(600.4 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5758 (1.2); 9.5640 (1.3); 9.0319 (2.0); 9.0307 (2.2); 9.0282 (2.2); 9.0270 (2.1); 8.5358 (1.8); 8.5321 (1.8); 8.5215 (1.9); 8.5178 (1.9); 8.4729 (4.3); 8.3159 (1.9); 8.0229 (2.3); 8.0217 (2.3); 8.0086 (2.2); 8.0074 (2.2); 6.1389 (1.0); 6.1272 (1.6); 6.1155 (1.0); 4.0364 (0.6); 4.0245 (0.6); 3.3083 (58.2); 2.6138 (0.4); 2.5228 (1.0); 2.5197 (1.2); 2.5166 (1.2); 2.5079 (22.9); 2.5048 (49.0); 2.5018 (68.2); 2.4987 (49.9); 2.4957 (23.4); 2.3857 (0.4); 2.3470 (16.0); 1.9885 (2.5); 1.9073 (1.8); 1.6465 (5.6); 1.6350 (5.6); 1.3980 (0.4); 1.1875 (0.7); 1.1756 (1.4); 1.1638 (0.7); -0.0001 (2.2)	469.0
I-057		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 1.694 (15.84); 1.711 (16.00); 2.074 (2.79); 3.915 (0.99); 6.003 (0.57); 6.020 (2.56); 6.037 (3.91); 6.054 (2.56); 6.071 (0.57); 7.458 (0.74); 7.462 (1.13); 7.477 (3.68); 7.480 (4.19); 7.484 (4.12); 7.492 (8.02); 7.499 (4.37); 7.503 (4.27); 7.508 (4.11); 7.522 (1.36); 7.526 (0.90); 7.826 (3.56); 7.831 (3.52); 7.840 (4.63); 7.844 (4.91); 7.848 (4.07); 7.857 (3.40); 7.862 (3.15); 8.054 (4.75); 8.091 (6.57); 8.136 (6.24); 8.377 (8.57); 9.509 (3.89); 9.526 (3.81)	436.0

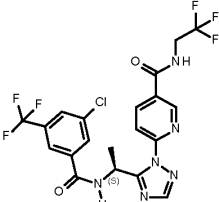
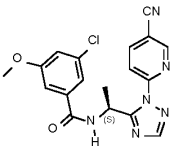
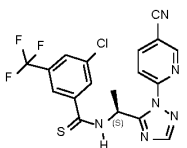
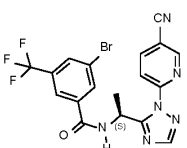
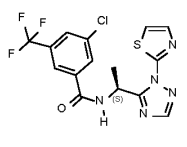
I-058		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 1.699 (15.85), 1.716 (16.00), 2.075 (1.00), 6.010 (0.57), 6.027 (2.58), 6.044 (3.95), 6.062 (2.60), 6.079 (0.60), 7.458 (0.75), 7.462 (1.17), 7.477 (3.80), 7.481 (4.38), 7.484 (4.35), 7.492 (8.56), 7.500 (4.61), 7.504 (4.51), 7.508 (4.37), 7.522 (1.44), 7.527 (0.94), 7.828 (3.83), 7.834 (3.68), 7.842 (4.87), 7.845 (4.90), 7.846 (5.04), 7.850 (4.21), 7.859 (3.65), 7.864 (3.40), 7.881 (2.67), 7.905 (4.65), 7.931 (2.74), 8.028 (6.58), 8.378 (11.37), 9.489 (3.72), 9.506 (3.67)	420.0
I-059		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.6290 (0.7); 10.5652 (0.4); 9.4113 (3.0); 9.3938 (3.1); 8.1685 (16.0); 8.0914 (5.7); 8.0879 (4.2); 8.0574 (7.6); 8.0537 (5.6); 8.0373 (12.3); 8.0176 (5.1); 7.5130 (6.9); 7.4944 (6.3); 7.0628 (6.8); 7.0424 (6.4); 6.0686 (0.5); 6.0514 (2.2); 6.0340 (3.5); 6.0166 (2.2); 5.9994 (0.5); 5.1047 (1.1); 5.0959 (1.0); 5.0821 (1.3); 5.0733 (3.1); 5.0672 (1.2); 5.0595 (0.7); 5.0508 (3.4); 5.0448 (3.2); 5.0359 (0.6); 5.0281 (1.4); 5.0224 (3.4); 5.0134 (1.1); 5.0000 (1.2); 4.9910 (1.1); 4.9687 (0.4); 4.5532 (1.4); 3.3279 (71.3); 3.3133 (0.3); 3.2412 (0.5); 2.6776 (0.4); 2.6732 (0.6); 2.6686 (0.4); 2.5266 (1.4); 2.5219 (2.2); 2.5133 (31.4); 2.5088 (65.2); 2.5042 (86.0); 2.4996 (60.2); 2.4950 (27.7); 2.4820 (2.4); 2.3356 (0.4); 2.3310 (0.5); 2.3264 (0.4); 2.1192 (4.2); 2.0876 (0.5); 1.6754 (12.9); 1.6581 (12.8); 1.3964 (0.4); 1.1422 (9.7); 1.0881 (4.9); 1.0384 (3.3); 1.0100 (0.6); 0.8837 (0.6); 0.8655 (1.2); 0.8476 (0.6); 0.8399 (1.7); 0.8226 (1.6); 0.8173 (0.4); 0.7986 (0.6); -0.0002 (7.5)	494.1
I-060		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3618 (3.6); 9.3440 (3.7); 8.3695 (5.3); 8.3673 (5.4); 8.3634 (6.0); 8.3610 (5.1); 8.3158 (0.4); 8.1219 (15.2); 8.1093 (7.0); 8.0512 (8.7); 7.8386 (1.2); 7.8323 (0.8); 7.8162 (7.7); 7.8093 (15.8); 7.7866 (1.3); 5.9289 (0.6); 5.9114 (2.7); 5.8939 (4.3); 5.8763 (2.7); 5.8589 (0.6); 5.0464 (3.2); 5.0130 (6.6); 4.9795 (3.4); 3.3258 (69.0); 2.6769 (0.6); 2.6724 (0.9); 2.6680 (0.6); 2.5259 (2.5); 2.5210 (3.8); 2.5124 (53.2); 2.5080 (107.7); 2.5035 (140.6); 2.4989 (99.0); 2.4944 (46.2); 2.3348 (0.6); 2.3303 (0.9); 2.3257 (0.6); 1.6309 (16.0); 1.6135 (15.8); 1.2351 (0.5); 0.0081 (0.3); -0.0002 (10.2)	544.0
I-061		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4264 (3.4); 9.4088 (3.4); 8.9401 (6.2); 8.9356 (5.9); 8.9345 (6.0); 8.7368 (3.4); 8.7264 (3.4); 8.4361 (4.2); 8.4303 (4.0); 8.4148 (4.5); 8.4090 (4.5); 8.3163 (1.7); 8.1938 (16.0); 8.1414 (6.3); 8.0924 (6.3); 8.0570 (5.6); 7.9625 (6.5); 7.9411 (6.1); 6.1184 (0.5); 6.1011 (2.4); 6.0837 (3.8); 6.0662 (2.4); 6.0484 (0.5); 4.0379 (0.7); 4.0202 (0.7); 3.3241 (167.2); 3.3001 (0.6); 2.9133 (0.4); 2.9036 (1.2); 2.8939 (1.7); 2.8853 (2.7); 2.8755 (2.7); 2.8671 (1.6); 2.8573 (1.3); 2.8472 (0.4); 2.6803 (0.8); 2.6759 (1.7); 2.6713 (2.3); 2.6668 (1.7); 2.6622 (0.8); 2.5248 (7.2); 2.5201 (11.0); 2.5114 (136.3); 2.5070 (278.0); 2.5024 (364.3); 2.4978 (259.6); 2.4933 (123.8); 2.3383 (0.7); 2.3338 (1.6); 2.3292 (2.2); 2.3247 (1.6); 2.3201 (0.8); 1.9891 (2.9); 1.6525 (14.7); 1.6352 (14.6); 1.3977 (1.3); 1.2348 (0.5); 1.1930 (0.8); 1.1752 (1.6); 1.1574 (0.8); 0.7563 (1.6); 0.7436 (4.1); 0.7382 (6.2); 0.7262 (5.6); 0.7200 (4.8); 0.7088 (2.2); 0.6161 (2.2); 0.6056 (6.3); 0.5991 (5.3); 0.5955 (5.1); 0.5898 (4.5); 0.5774 (1.5); 0.1458 (1.0); 0.0167 (0.3); 0.0160 (0.4); 0.0130 (0.8); 0.0079 (8.6); -0.0002 (252.1); -0.0086 (8.5); -0.0151 (0.6); -0.1497 (1.0)	479.2

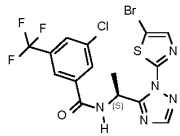
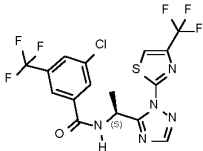
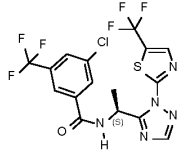
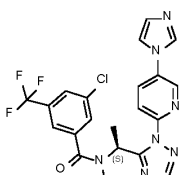
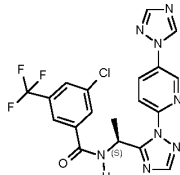
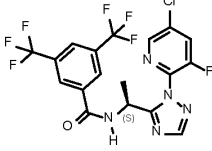
I-062		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4731 (3.0); 9.4557 (3.1); 9.0520 (5.9); 9.0474 (5.9); 9.0460 (5.8); 8.5853 (4.7); 8.5792 (4.5); 8.5637 (5.2); 8.5576 (5.2); 8.2544 (16.0); 8.1707 (5.7); 8.1669 (4.0); 8.1560 (6.1); 8.1548 (6.3); 8.1345 (5.7); 8.1331 (6.1); 8.1235 (5.6); 8.0679 (5.1); 6.1547 (0.5); 6.1375 (2.3); 6.1201 (3.7); 6.1028 (2.4); 6.0856 (0.5); 3.3864 (40.7); 3.3276 (103.5); 2.6770 (0.6); 2.6725 (0.8); 2.6680 (0.6); 2.5261 (2.5); 2.5214 (3.4); 2.5127 (48.9); 2.5082 (102.4); 2.5036 (135.5); 2.4990 (95.2); 2.4944 (44.4); 2.3349 (0.6); 2.3304 (0.8); 2.3258 (0.6); 2.0872 (7.2); 1.6681 (14.1); 1.6507 (14.0); 0.0081 (0.7); -0.0002 (28.0); -0.0085 (0.8)	474.2
I-063		I-063: ¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3513 (3.3); 9.3339 (3.4); 9.0699 (5.5); 9.0685 (6.2); 9.0647 (6.1); 9.0630 (6.0); 8.9456 (8.4); 8.9406 (8.7); 8.8925 (8.5); 8.8877 (8.8); 8.8805 (0.5); 8.8755 (0.4); 8.6009 (0.4); 8.5962 (0.4); 8.5884 (5.0); 8.5829 (4.8); 8.5670 (5.4); 8.5614 (5.4); 8.5269 (5.1); 8.5219 (9.5); 8.5170 (5.0); 8.3161 (0.4); 8.2466 (16.0); 8.2295 (0.4); 8.0889 (6.3); 8.0873 (6.6); 8.0674 (5.9); 8.0658 (6.2); 7.3657 (0.6); 7.3500 (0.6); 7.3472 (0.6); 7.1050 (0.4); 7.1011 (0.3); 7.0835 (0.6); 7.0662 (0.4); 7.0623 (0.4); 6.8624 (0.5); 6.8593 (0.6); 6.8436 (0.8); 6.8408 (0.9); 6.8252 (0.4); 6.8221 (0.4); 6.7193 (0.9); 6.7165 (0.8); 6.6988 (0.8); 6.6961 (0.8); 6.1104 (0.6); 6.0933 (2.6); 6.0758 (4.1); 6.0584 (2.6); 6.0411 (0.6); 4.2504 (0.3); 4.2361 (0.3); 4.2299 (0.6); 4.2232 (0.5); 4.2090 (0.5); 4.2017 (0.5); 4.1485 (0.4); 4.1408 (0.4); 4.1317 (0.4); 4.1229 (0.5); 4.0381 (0.4); 4.0204 (0.4); 3.9275 (0.4); 3.9145 (0.7); 3.9009 (0.4); 3.3240 (35.3); 2.9859 (0.8); 2.9135 (0.8); 2.6805 (0.5); 2.6761 (0.9); 2.6716 (1.3); 2.6671 (0.9); 2.6624 (0.5); 2.5251 (4.0); 2.5204 (5.8); 2.5117 (69.0); 2.5073 (139.8); 2.5027 (185.0); 2.4981 (134.3); 2.4936 (64.6); 2.3388 (0.4); 2.3341 (0.8); 2.3295 (1.2); 2.3250 (0.8); 2.3208 (0.4); 2.0157 (0.3); 2.0027 (0.4); 1.9944 (0.4); 1.9894 (1.8); 1.9813 (0.4); 1.7653 (0.3); 1.6306 (15.6); 1.6132 (15.5); 1.2447 (0.5); 1.2348 (0.5); 1.1931 (0.5); 1.1753 (0.9); 1.1575 (0.4); -0.0002 (4.3)	446.1
I-064		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5204 (3.5); 9.5033 (3.6); 8.4617 (4.1); 8.4414 (7.0); 8.4219 (5.7); 8.2519 (16.0); 8.2440 (6.6); 8.2428 (7.2); 8.2236 (5.6); 8.2222 (5.6); 8.1900 (6.6); 8.1448 (13.0); 8.1273 (5.9); 8.1257 (5.8); 8.0721 (5.9); 6.1067 (0.6); 6.0896 (2.6); 6.0724 (4.0); 6.0551 (2.6); 6.0379 (0.5); 3.4035 (46.8); 3.3274 (15.6); 2.9988 (0.9); 2.6782 (0.4); 2.6737 (0.5); 2.6691 (0.3); 2.5270 (1.7); 2.5136 (27.8); 2.5092 (55.2); 2.5047 (72.1); 2.5001 (52.4); 2.4956 (25.4); 2.3360 (0.3); 2.3315 (0.4); 2.0879 (0.6); 1.6919 (15.2); 1.6745 (15.0); -0.0002 (3.0)	474.2
I-065		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3996 (1.1); 9.3821 (1.1); 8.7081 (1.9); 8.7028 (1.9); 8.3672 (4.1); 8.2896 (1.2); 8.2841 (1.2); 8.2681 (1.3); 8.2626 (1.3); 8.1907 (0.6); 8.1812 (5.0); 8.1233 (2.1); 8.0654 (2.2); 8.0611 (2.2); 8.0560 (2.0); 7.9187 (2.0); 7.8973 (1.8); 7.6692 (0.5); 6.0640 (0.8); 6.0468 (1.2); 6.0293 (0.8); 5.7568 (0.4); 3.9999 (1.6); 3.9457 (16.0); 3.3229 (25.7); 2.6758 (0.6); 2.6712 (0.9); 2.6667 (0.6); 2.5247 (2.6); 2.5200 (3.9); 2.5112 (50.4); 2.5068 (102.1); 2.5022 (134.8); 2.4976 (98.0); 2.4931 (47.5); 2.3335 (0.6); 2.3290 (0.8); 2.3245 (0.6); 2.0084 (0.5); 1.9898 (0.5); 1.6497 (4.8); 1.6323 (4.7); 1.2346 (3.4); 0.8539 (0.8); -0.0002 (1.3)	453.2

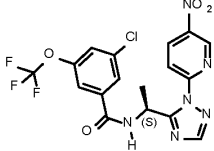
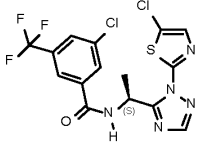
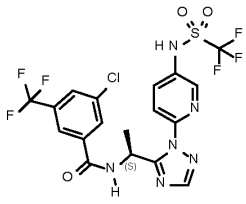
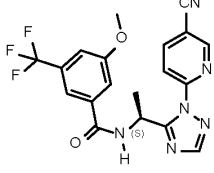
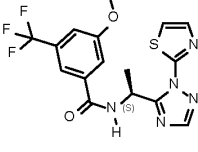
I-066		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5023 (3.8); 9.4853 (3.9); 9.1104 (6.6); 9.1065 (6.8); 9.1050 (6.5); 8.6458 (5.1); 8.6403 (5.0); 8.6244 (5.5); 8.6189 (5.6); 8.1303 (10.2); 8.1255 (7.3); 8.1104 (6.5); 8.1091 (6.5); 8.0814 (6.5); 8.0594 (6.9); 6.0842 (0.6); 6.0671 (2.9); 6.0499 (4.6); 6.0326 (2.9); 6.0154 (0.6); 3.3250 (29.4); 2.6774 (0.7); 2.6729 (1.0); 2.6685 (0.7); 2.5264 (2.8); 2.5217 (4.1); 2.5130 (54.1); 2.5085 (110.9); 2.5040 (147.5); 2.4994 (107.7); 2.4950 (52.7); 2.3354 (0.7); 2.3308 (0.9); 2.3264 (0.7); 1.9816 (0.5); 1.9544 (0.5); 1.6918 (16.0); 1.6743 (15.9); 1.3977 (5.6); -0.0002 (0.8)	489.0
I-067		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5402 (3.2); 9.5229 (3.2); 9.2157 (5.7); 9.2112 (5.8); 9.1326 (5.2); 9.1296 (5.2); 9.0772 (5.6); 9.0755 (6.3); 9.0717 (6.2); 9.0700 (6.0); 8.5902 (5.0); 8.5847 (4.8); 8.5687 (5.5); 8.5632 (5.4); 8.5446 (5.4); 8.3164 (0.3); 8.2607 (16.0); 8.0954 (6.4); 8.0937 (6.7); 8.0739 (6.0); 8.0722 (6.2); 6.1601 (0.6); 6.1427 (2.6); 6.1254 (4.1); 6.1080 (2.6); 6.0907 (0.6); 4.0384 (0.4); 4.0206 (0.4); 3.3259 (76.9); 2.6812 (0.4); 2.6766 (0.8); 2.6721 (1.0); 2.6675 (0.8); 2.6631 (0.4); 2.5256 (3.3); 2.5209 (4.8); 2.5122 (59.8); 2.5077 (121.4); 2.5031 (159.2); 2.4985 (114.8); 2.4940 (54.7); 2.3391 (0.3); 2.3346 (0.7); 2.3299 (1.0); 2.3254 (0.7); 2.3210 (0.3); 1.9896 (1.9); 1.6614 (16.0); 1.6440 (15.9); 1.3975 (0.4); 1.2499 (0.4); 1.2354 (0.6); 1.1933 (0.6); 1.1756 (1.1); 1.1577 (0.6); -0.0002 (1.0)	388.3
I-068		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5309 (3.5); 9.5124 (3.6); 9.1106 (6.0); 9.1089 (6.7); 9.1051 (6.8); 9.1034 (6.3); 8.5912 (5.0); 8.5857 (4.9); 8.5698 (5.4); 8.5642 (5.4); 8.4799 (13.5); 8.3255 (5.9); 8.2689 (15.6); 8.0918 (6.6); 8.0900 (6.8); 8.0703 (6.2); 8.0686 (6.4); 6.0535 (1.2); 6.0405 (1.5); 6.0319 (2.1); 6.0214 (1.9); 6.0132 (1.7); 5.9999 (1.2); 4.0400 (0.4); 4.0222 (0.4); 3.3283 (40.9); 2.6792 (0.4); 2.6746 (0.6); 2.6700 (0.4); 2.5281 (1.8); 2.5233 (2.7); 2.5146 (36.2); 2.5102 (72.9); 2.5056 (95.6); 2.5011 (69.6); 2.4967 (34.1); 2.3369 (0.4); 2.3325 (0.6); 2.3281 (0.4); 2.1190 (0.6); 2.1051 (1.0); 2.0854 (1.9); 2.0716 (1.5); 2.0666 (1.7); 2.0534 (1.5); 2.0419 (1.5); 2.0235 (1.8); 2.0200 (1.7); 2.0016 (1.6); 1.9911 (2.2); 1.9857 (1.1); 1.9674 (0.7); 1.2319 (0.4); 1.1949 (0.5); 1.1771 (0.9); 1.1593 (0.5); 1.0730 (7.4); 1.0549 (16.0); 1.0365 (6.9); -0.0002 (0.7)	469.3
I-069		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5538 (3.5); 9.5354 (3.6); 9.4165 (6.9); 9.4098 (7.1); 8.8582 (4.4); 8.8513 (4.3); 8.8356 (4.6); 8.8288 (4.6); 8.4919 (14.2); 8.3252 (6.2); 8.2963 (15.2); 8.1638 (7.5); 8.1412 (7.1); 6.0871 (1.2); 6.0744 (1.5); 6.0654 (2.1); 6.0555 (1.9); 6.0466 (1.7); 6.0337 (1.2); 3.3271 (18.2); 2.6788 (0.4); 2.6745 (0.6); 2.6702 (0.4); 2.5279 (1.8); 2.5100 (69.8); 2.5056 (90.7); 2.5011 (67.4); 2.3371 (0.4); 2.3323 (0.5); 2.3280 (0.4); 2.1366 (0.6); 2.1231 (1.0); 2.1185 (1.0); 2.1029 (1.9); 2.0894 (1.6); 2.0842 (1.7); 2.0714 (1.7); 2.0541 (1.7); 2.0360 (1.8); 2.0323 (1.7); 2.0134 (1.9); 1.9974 (1.2); 1.9938 (1.3); 1.9914 (1.4); 1.9796 (0.7); 1.9618 (0.4); 1.1772 (0.5); 1.1003 (7.5); 1.0822 (16.0); 1.0638 (7.0); -0.0002 (0.5)	489.3

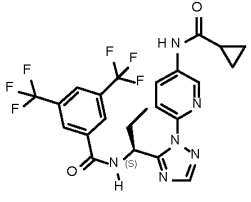
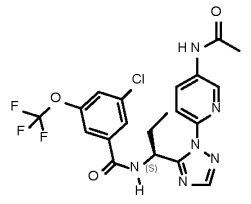
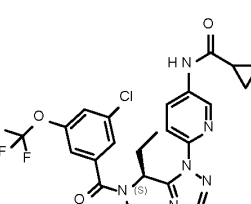
I-070		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.2907 (3.5); 9.2722 (3.6); 9.0988 (6.2); 9.0948 (6.8); 8.5882 (4.6); 8.5827 (4.6); 8.5667 (4.9); 8.5612 (5.0); 8.2538 (15.7); 8.0861 (6.5); 8.0847 (6.5); 8.0647 (6.1); 8.0632 (6.0); 7.9966 (4.9); 7.9928 (8.1); 7.9889 (5.8); 7.7857 (5.5); 7.7534 (5.4); 7.7510 (5.8); 5.9910 (1.2); 5.9779 (1.5); 5.9693 (2.1); 5.9567 (1.9); 5.9507 (1.8); 5.9374 (1.2); 5.7572 (2.1); 3.3264 (36.0); 2.6777 (0.5); 2.6733 (0.7); 2.6688 (0.6); 2.5267 (2.2); 2.5219 (3.3); 2.5132 (43.0); 2.5088 (88.1); 2.5043 (116.9); 2.4998 (88.4); 2.4955 (45.7); 2.3357 (0.5); 2.3311 (0.7); 2.3266 (0.6); 2.0810 (0.6); 2.0676 (0.9); 2.0633 (0.9); 2.0475 (1.9); 2.0335 (1.9); 2.0290 (2.0); 2.0145 (2.5); 1.9958 (2.1); 1.9916 (2.0); 1.9737 (1.8); 1.9574 (1.0); 1.9397 (0.6); 1.3974 (0.4); 1.2332 (0.4); 1.0550 (7.4); 1.0369 (16.0); 1.0185 (6.9); -0.0002 (0.6)	451.1
I-071		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4065 (7.1); 9.3997 (7.1); 9.3127 (3.4); 9.2942 (3.5); 8.8552 (4.6); 8.8483 (4.4); 8.8327 (4.8); 8.8258 (4.8); 8.3158 (0.6); 8.2808 (15.6); 8.1576 (7.6); 8.1350 (7.3); 8.0078 (4.7); 8.0041 (7.9); 8.0005 (5.2); 7.7865 (5.5); 7.7601 (5.6); 6.0239 (1.2); 6.0115 (1.4); 6.0020 (2.0); 5.9923 (1.8); 5.9893 (1.8); 5.9835 (1.6); 5.9705 (1.2); 4.0382 (0.6); 4.0204 (0.6); 3.3247 (166.4); 2.6759 (1.4); 2.6715 (1.9); 2.6672 (1.4); 2.5250 (5.3); 2.5203 (7.9); 2.5114 (114.1); 2.5071 (232.0); 2.5026 (306.2); 2.4981 (224.6); 2.4938 (111.2); 2.3339 (1.3); 2.3294 (1.9); 2.3249 (1.4); 2.0975 (0.6); 2.0835 (0.9); 2.0635 (1.9); 2.0502 (1.6); 2.0446 (2.0); 2.0317 (1.6); 2.0255 (1.9); 2.0090 (2.3); 2.0031 (1.7); 1.9894 (4.1); 1.9689 (1.0); 1.9510 (0.7); 1.3978 (0.9); 1.1933 (0.7); 1.1755 (1.4); 1.1578 (0.7); 1.0806 (7.4); 1.0625 (16.0); 1.0441 (6.9); -0.0001 (1.9)	471.2
I-072		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 11.7038 (3.9); 9.3670 (3.2); 9.3493 (3.2); 8.8114 (6.1); 8.8055 (6.0); 8.3506 (4.0); 8.3440 (3.8); 8.3284 (4.4); 8.3219 (4.4); 8.1552 (16.0); 8.0998 (5.9); 8.0357 (9.9); 7.9008 (6.5); 7.8786 (6.0); 6.0040 (0.5); 5.9866 (2.3); 5.9691 (3.6); 5.9516 (2.3); 5.9343 (0.5); 4.0582 (1.1); 4.0404 (3.4); 4.0226 (3.4); 4.0048 (1.1); 3.3343 (27.8); 2.6755 (0.3); 2.5289 (1.0); 2.5242 (1.6); 2.5156 (20.0); 2.5111 (40.4); 2.5066 (53.1); 2.5020 (37.5); 2.4974 (17.3); 1.9913 (15.0); 1.6512 (13.5); 1.6338 (13.3); 1.3972 (13.8); 1.2310 (0.4); 1.1953 (4.0); 1.1775 (8.0); 1.1597 (3.9); 0.0080 (0.6); -0.0002 (18.5); -0.0084 (0.5)	507.2
I-073		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.7533 (3.4); 9.3716 (2.2); 9.3538 (2.3); 8.6691 (3.9); 8.6636 (4.0); 8.6626 (3.9); 8.2377 (2.6); 8.2311 (2.5); 8.2156 (2.9); 8.2089 (3.0); 8.1246 (11.6); 8.1091 (4.1); 8.1054 (2.8); 8.0603 (4.2); 8.0563 (3.1); 8.0538 (3.3); 8.0521 (3.4); 8.0490 (3.7); 7.8327 (4.4); 7.8317 (4.3); 7.8107 (4.0); 7.8095 (4.0); 5.9800 (0.3); 5.9624 (1.6); 5.9449 (2.5); 5.9273 (1.6); 5.9101 (0.3); 3.9896 (16.0); 3.3288 (111.4); 2.6770 (0.4); 2.6724 (0.6); 2.6677 (0.4); 2.5259 (1.5); 2.5212 (2.2); 2.5125 (33.0); 2.5080 (68.8); 2.5034 (91.8); 2.4987 (65.1); 2.4942 (30.2); 2.3348 (0.4); 2.3302 (0.6); 2.3256 (0.4); 2.0754 (3.1); 1.6344 (9.3); 1.6170 (9.2); 0.1459 (0.9); 0.0225 (0.3); 0.0174 (0.4); 0.0167 (0.5); 0.0160 (0.5); 0.0152 (0.5); 0.0146 (0.6); 0.0138 (0.5); 0.0130 (0.6); 0.0080 (7.6); -0.0002 (223.5); -0.0086 (8.1); -0.0129 (0.7); -0.0136 (0.6); -0.1496 (0.9)	478.3

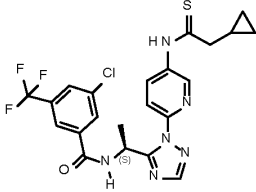
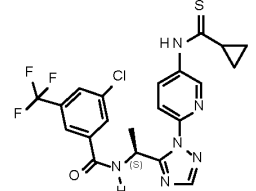
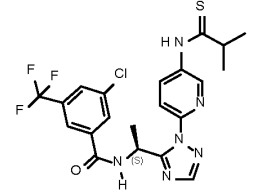
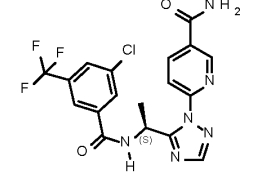
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I-075		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4720 (3.4); 9.4547 (3.4); 8.3156 (0.5); 8.2390 (6.7); 8.1971 (6.6); 8.1110 (14.9); 8.0974 (6.2); 5.9396 (0.6); 5.9222 (2.6); 5.9049 (4.1); 5.8876 (2.6); 5.8705 (0.6); 5.7560 (5.9); 4.4884 (0.9); 4.4676 (2.0); 4.4498 (2.4); 4.4290 (3.8); 4.4088 (2.2); 4.3945 (2.0); 4.3736 (4.6); 4.3527 (2.5); 4.3352 (2.2); 4.3142 (1.0); 3.5769 (6.0); 3.5560 (11.2); 3.5353 (4.9); 3.3274 (199.7); 2.6762 (1.1); 2.6716 (1.5); 2.6672 (1.1); 2.5250 (5.5); 2.5114 (94.7); 2.5072 (183.8); 2.5027 (236.3); 2.4982 (174.2); 2.4939 (88.0); 2.3341 (1.1); 2.3295 (1.5); 2.3251 (1.1); 1.5462 (16.0); 1.5288 (16.0); 0.0078 (0.4); -0.0002 (10.9); -0.0085 (0.4)	404.1
I-076		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.4339 (7.3); 9.3579 (3.5); 9.3401 (3.5); 8.7365 (6.3); 8.7309 (6.4); 8.3163 (0.6); 8.2505 (4.1); 8.2439 (3.9); 8.2283 (4.5); 8.2218 (4.5); 8.1349 (0.7); 8.1265 (16.0); 8.1027 (6.5); 8.0490 (11.9); 8.0477 (11.7); 7.8100 (6.5); 7.7879 (6.0); 5.9800 (0.5); 5.9629 (2.4); 5.9453 (3.8); 5.9278 (2.4); 5.9103 (0.5); 3.3274 (281.5); 2.6763 (1.1); 2.6717 (1.6); 2.6671 (1.2); 2.6627 (0.6); 2.5252 (4.1); 2.5204 (6.2); 2.5117 (90.9); 2.5073 (189.1); 2.5027 (252.1); 2.4981 (182.7); 2.4936 (87.6); 2.3341 (1.1); 2.3295 (1.6); 2.3250 (1.1); 2.0749 (4.1); 1.7653 (1.0); 1.7464 (4.5); 1.7375 (13.5); 1.7334 (8.0); 1.7249 (7.8); 1.7206 (13.4); 1.7117 (4.8); 1.6928 (1.0); 1.6315 (14.1); 1.6142 (14.0); 0.1460 (2.4); 0.0251 (0.5); 0.0236 (0.5); 0.0206 (0.7); 0.0185 (0.7); 0.0170 (0.8); 0.0081 (19.9); -0.0001 (552.6); -0.0084 (20.7); -0.0229 (0.7); -0.0259 (0.5); -0.0311 (0.4); -0.1495 (2.4)	504.3
I-077		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4739 (3.3); 9.4558 (3.4); 8.5108 (7.7); 8.5046 (8.1); 8.3170 (8.1); 8.3078 (16.0); 8.2807 (1.8); 8.2745 (1.6); 8.2339 (14.6); 5.4244 (0.6); 5.4071 (2.5); 5.3894 (4.0); 5.3716 (2.6); 5.3539 (0.6); 3.5089 (0.5); 3.3239 (44.9); 2.6762 (0.9); 2.6717 (1.3); 2.6672 (0.9); 2.5419 (0.6); 2.5251 (3.6); 2.5114 (76.9); 2.5073 (151.4); 2.5028 (197.7); 2.4983 (146.0); 2.4943 (73.0); 2.3341 (0.9); 2.3297 (1.2); 2.3252 (0.9); 2.0753 (6.5); 1.6529 (15.4); 1.6353 (15.3); 1.2335 (1.1); 0.1459 (1.3); 0.0078 (11.6); -0.0001 (279.0); -0.0084 (11.8); -0.0228 (0.9); -0.1496 (1.3)	466.2

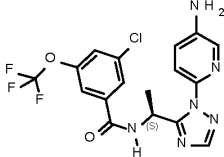
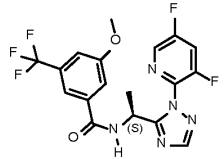
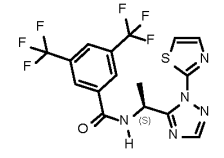
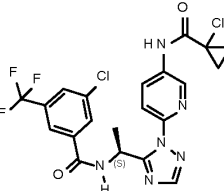
I-078		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4253 (4.6); 9.4115 (4.7); 9.4081 (4.6); 9.3967 (1.9); 9.0119 (6.0); 9.0072 (5.9); 8.5167 (4.1); 8.5108 (4.0); 8.4953 (4.4); 8.4894 (4.4); 8.3161 (0.7); 8.2135 (16.0); 8.1322 (6.3); 8.0770 (6.3); 8.0487 (5.7); 8.0166 (6.4); 7.9951 (5.9); 6.1308 (0.5); 6.1138 (2.4); 6.0963 (3.9); 6.0789 (2.5); 6.0618 (0.5); 4.1906 (1.0); 4.1751 (1.2); 4.1665 (3.1); 4.1507 (3.1); 4.1422 (3.3); 4.1265 (3.1); 4.1180 (1.2); 4.1023 (1.1); 3.3248 (195.0); 2.6804 (0.6); 2.6759 (1.3); 2.6713 (1.8); 2.6668 (1.3); 2.6623 (0.6); 2.5249 (4.5); 2.5201 (6.8); 2.5114 (102.0); 2.5070 (212.7); 2.5024 (284.8); 2.4978 (205.6); 2.4933 (97.8); 2.3381 (0.6); 2.3338 (1.2); 2.3292 (1.8); 2.3247 (1.2); 2.3203 (0.6); 2.1291 (0.4); 2.0747 (3.4); 2.0690 (0.4); 1.6626 (14.5); 1.6452 (14.5); 0.1457 (3.0); 0.0346 (0.4); 0.0239 (0.6); 0.0078 (24.2); -0.0003 (671.8); -0.0087 (23.7); -0.0219 (0.8); -0.1498 (3.0)	521.2
I-079		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.1684 (1.1); 9.1510 (1.1); 9.0649 (2.0); 9.0631 (2.1); 9.0595 (2.1); 9.0576 (2.0); 8.5845 (1.7); 8.5789 (1.6); 8.5630 (1.8); 8.5574 (1.8); 8.2329 (5.2); 8.0786 (2.2); 8.0768 (2.2); 8.0572 (2.1); 8.0554 (2.0); 7.4383 (1.7); 7.4344 (2.6); 7.4303 (1.8); 7.3053 (1.6); 7.3018 (1.8); 7.2994 (2.0); 7.2960 (1.7); 7.1929 (1.7); 7.1879 (2.3); 7.1824 (1.4); 6.0658 (0.8); 6.0484 (1.3); 6.0310 (0.8); 3.8056 (16.0); 3.3254 (28.3); 2.5253 (0.6); 2.5206 (1.0); 2.5118 (15.8); 2.5073 (32.6); 2.5027 (43.2); 2.4981 (31.0); 2.4936 (14.7); 1.6268 (5.0); 1.6094 (5.0); 0.1460 (0.4); 0.0079 (3.6); -0.0002 (100.9); -0.0086 (3.8); -0.0158 (0.4); -0.1496 (0.4)	383.2
I-080		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN 260 K): δ= 9.4851 (1.7); 9.4743 (1.8); 8.8845 (5.5); 8.8836 (5.6); 8.8810 (5.8); 8.3660 (4.0); 8.3623 (4.0); 8.3517 (4.5); 8.3480 (4.4); 8.1092 (6.2); 8.1083 (5.9); 8.0949 (5.6); 8.0939 (5.3); 8.0688 (13.4); 7.9606 (6.2); 7.8819 (9.4); 6.5487 (0.6); 6.5372 (2.6); 6.5258 (4.0); 6.5143 (2.6); 6.5028 (0.6); 5.4725 (2.2); 2.2970 (61.1); 2.0980 (3.5); 2.0768 (0.4); 2.0727 (0.6); 2.0686 (0.4); 1.9860 (9.3); 1.9780 (4.8); 1.9738 (5.7); 1.9700 (37.6); 1.9659 (67.1); 1.9618 (98.1); 1.9577 (67.5); 1.9536 (34.2); 1.9447 (0.4); 1.8509 (0.4); 1.8467 (0.6); 1.8426 (0.4); 1.7987 (16.0); 1.7872 (16.0); 1.2581 (0.4); 0.0054 (1.6); -0.0001 (49.6); -0.0057 (1.5)	437.1
I-081		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4566 (3.4); 9.4392 (3.4); 9.0669 (6.2); 9.0628 (6.0); 9.0616 (5.9); 8.5865 (4.8); 8.5809 (4.6); 8.5650 (5.1); 8.5594 (5.0); 8.3168 (0.4); 8.2972 (6.7); 8.2497 (16.0); 8.1755 (6.0); 8.1333 (6.4); 8.0860 (6.4); 8.0847 (6.6); 8.0646 (5.8); 8.0631 (6.1); 6.1227 (0.6); 6.1058 (2.6); 6.0884 (4.1); 6.0711 (2.6); 6.0537 (0.6); 5.7567 (3.2); 3.3237 (42.7); 2.6762 (0.8); 2.6717 (1.2); 2.6671 (0.8); 2.6626 (0.4); 2.5252 (3.0); 2.5204 (4.6); 2.5117 (67.2); 2.5073 (138.1); 2.5027 (183.1); 2.4981 (132.2); 2.4936 (63.1); 2.3385 (0.4); 2.3341 (0.8); 2.3296 (1.1); 2.3250 (0.8); 1.6462 (15.7); 1.6288 (15.6); 0.1458 (1.8); 0.0078 (15.1); -0.0003 (407.9); -0.0087 (15.1); -0.0248 (0.5); -0.1497 (1.8)	467.1
I-082		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5117 (0.9); 9.4949 (0.9); 8.2105 (1.9); 8.2048 (5.2); 8.1654 (1.7); 8.0873 (1.6); 7.7987 (2.4); 7.7900 (3.8); 7.7616 (3.9); 7.7528 (2.4); 6.0697 (0.7); 6.0525 (1.1); 6.0352 (0.7); 3.3262 (18.4); 2.5260 (0.7); 2.5212 (1.0); 2.5126 (13.4); 2.5081 (27.5); 2.5035 (36.3); 2.4989 (26.0); 2.4944 (12.3); 2.0872 (16.0); 1.6386 (4.6); 1.6211 (4.5); 0.0079 (2.3); -0.0002 (67.6); -0.0086 (2.5)	402.2

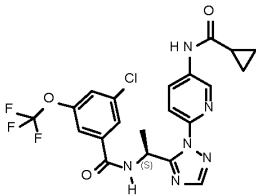
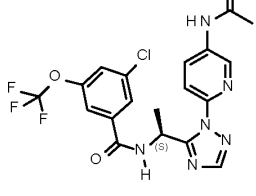
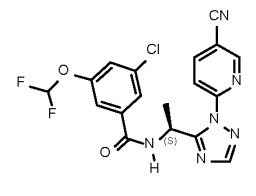
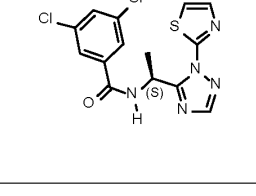
I-083		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5039 (3.3); 9.4929 (3.4); 8.2453 (10.0); 8.2113 (5.9); 8.1645 (6.1); 8.0868 (5.5); 7.9416 (11.0); 5.9977 (0.5); 5.9863 (2.2); 5.9749 (3.3); 5.9635 (2.2); 5.9520 (0.5); 3.3311 (16.0); 2.5275 (0.6); 2.5244 (0.7); 2.5100 (22.5); 1.6318 (12.5); 1.6201 (12.5); 1.2292 (0.4); -0.0001 (1.4)	482.1
I-084		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4699 (3.4); 9.4534 (3.5); 8.4726 (8.2); 8.4704 (8.5); 8.2985 (15.6); 8.1839 (6.5); 8.1349 (6.5); 8.0777 (5.9); 5.9680 (0.6); 5.9510 (2.6); 5.9340 (4.0); 5.9170 (2.6); 5.8997 (0.6); 3.3274 (32.5); 2.6784 (0.4); 2.6737 (0.6); 2.6691 (0.4); 2.5271 (2.0); 2.5137 (34.1); 2.5093 (68.1); 2.5047 (89.4); 2.5002 (64.7); 2.4957 (31.2); 2.3362 (0.4); 2.3315 (0.5); 2.3270 (0.4); 1.9905 (0.3); 1.6528 (16.0); 1.6354 (15.8); 0.1458 (0.7); 0.0080 (6.6); -0.0002 (154.1); -0.0086 (5.5); -0.1497 (0.7)	470.2
I-085		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5367 (3.5); 9.5203 (3.6); 8.4904 (7.2); 8.4873 (7.1); 8.3193 (16.0); 8.2154 (6.6); 8.1626 (6.5); 8.0937 (6.0); 6.0844 (0.6); 6.0673 (2.6); 6.0503 (4.0); 6.0332 (2.6); 6.0158 (0.6); 3.3259 (16.5); 2.6780 (0.4); 2.6736 (0.6); 2.6690 (0.4); 2.5270 (1.6); 2.5222 (2.6); 2.5136 (32.9); 2.5091 (65.8); 2.5046 (86.0); 2.5000 (61.7); 2.4955 (29.4); 2.3362 (0.4); 2.3314 (0.5); 2.3270 (0.4); 1.6514 (15.9); 1.6340 (15.8); 1.3976 (6.8); 0.1459 (0.7); 0.0167 (0.4); 0.0079 (5.9); -0.0002 (149.5); -0.0085 (5.4); -0.1496 (0.6)	470.2
I-086		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4511 (3.2); 9.4335 (3.3); 8.9830 (6.3); 8.9762 (6.2); 8.4326 (6.3); 8.4261 (7.9); 8.4109 (4.5); 8.4039 (4.4); 8.3172 (0.4); 8.1864 (16.0); 8.1520 (6.1); 8.1052 (6.0); 8.0520 (5.5); 8.0022 (6.7); 7.9801 (6.2); 7.9133 (5.5); 7.1881 (4.8); 6.0737 (0.5); 6.0568 (2.4); 6.0393 (3.8); 6.0218 (2.4); 6.0047 (0.5); 3.3253 (34.2); 2.6765 (0.7); 2.6719 (1.0); 2.6674 (0.8); 2.6631 (0.3); 2.5424 (1.2); 2.5254 (2.7); 2.5206 (4.2); 2.5120 (61.2); 2.5075 (126.6); 2.5029 (169.0); 2.4983 (122.4); 2.4938 (58.7); 2.3390 (0.4); 2.3344 (0.7); 2.3297 (1.0); 2.3252 (0.7); 2.3209 (0.4); 2.0757 (2.2); 1.6712 (14.1); 1.6538 (14.0); 0.1458 (1.5); 0.0200 (0.4); 0.0079 (12.9); -0.0002 (364.6); -0.0086 (13.9); -0.0223 (0.4); -0.0245 (0.4); -0.1497 (1.6)	462.3
I-087		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4510 (16.0); 9.4371 (3.1); 9.4196 (3.2); 9.1149 (6.0); 9.1092 (6.0); 9.1083 (5.8); 8.5561 (4.3); 8.5494 (4.1); 8.5341 (4.7); 8.5273 (4.6); 8.3565 (15.9); 8.2035 (15.0); 8.1410 (5.7); 8.0869 (5.7); 8.0668 (6.3); 8.0658 (6.2); 8.0435 (9.7); 6.0833 (0.5); 6.0662 (2.3); 6.0487 (3.6); 6.0312 (2.3); 6.0140 (0.5); 3.3273 (56.5); 2.6776 (0.4); 2.6731 (0.6); 2.6686 (0.4); 2.5266 (1.6); 2.5218 (2.6); 2.5132 (36.9); 2.5087 (75.5); 2.5041 (99.7); 2.4995 (71.5); 2.4950 (33.7); 2.3356 (0.4); 2.3309 (0.6); 2.3263 (0.5); 2.0765 (2.5); 1.6776 (13.4); 1.6602 (13.4); 0.1459 (1.0); 0.0079 (9.6); -0.0002 (240.8); -0.0086 (8.7); -0.0146 (0.8); -0.0181 (0.6); -0.1497 (1.1)	463.2
I-088		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4788 (3.3); 9.4607 (3.3); 8.4983 (8.7); 8.4930 (10.1); 8.4373 (4.4); 8.4321 (3.8); 8.4139 (4.4); 8.4087 (3.9); 8.3162 (7.4); 8.3099 (14.6); 8.2489 (16.0); 5.4707 (0.5); 5.4527 (2.4); 5.4350 (3.9); 5.4173 (2.5); 5.3995 (0.5); 3.3278 (310.9); 2.6809 (0.5); 2.6764 (1.1); 2.6718 (1.5); 2.6672 (1.1); 2.6627 (0.5); 2.5253 (4.5); 2.5205 (7.0); 2.5119 (93.2); 2.5074 (189.1); 2.5028 (248.4); 2.4983 (178.0); 2.4938 (84.8); 2.3388 (0.5); 2.3342 (1.1); 2.3297 (1.5); 2.3251 (1.1); 2.0749 (1.8); 1.6594 (15.1); 1.6419 (15.0); 1.2337 (1.3); 0.1459 (1.9); 0.0080 (16.2); -0.0001 (435.6); -0.0085 (15.7); -0.0231 (1.2); -0.0312 (0.3); -0.1496 (1.9)	482.1

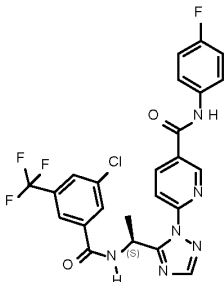
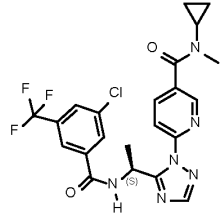
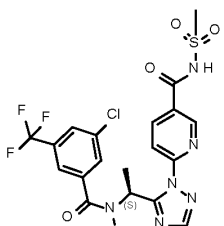
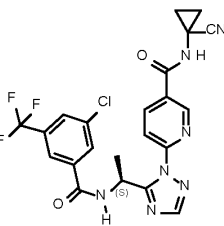
I-089		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3956 (3.3); 9.3783 (3.4); 9.3564 (6.4); 9.3554 (6.7); 9.3497 (6.8); 9.3485 (6.5); 8.8520 (5.2); 8.8451 (5.0); 8.8295 (5.5); 8.8226 (5.4); 8.3164 (0.4); 8.2764 (16.0); 8.1557 (7.0); 8.1546 (7.1); 8.1332 (6.7); 8.1321 (6.7); 7.9745 (5.0); 7.9704 (7.7); 7.9664 (5.2); 7.7805 (4.8); 7.7460 (5.0); 7.7434 (5.2); 7.7409 (4.2); 6.1437 (0.5); 6.1265 (2.5); 6.1091 (4.0); 6.0918 (2.5); 6.0744 (0.5); 4.0383 (0.4); 4.0205 (0.4); 3.3259 (135.7); 2.6809 (0.4); 2.6765 (0.8); 2.6718 (1.1); 2.6673 (0.8); 2.6627 (0.4); 2.5254 (3.3); 2.5205 (5.0); 2.5119 (65.4); 2.5074 (131.9); 2.5029 (172.8); 2.4983 (124.0); 2.4937 (59.2); 2.3388 (0.4); 2.3343 (0.8); 2.3297 (1.1); 2.3251 (0.8); 2.3207 (0.4); 1.9893 (1.6); 1.6580 (15.3); 1.6406 (15.2); 1.3977 (9.6); 1.1933 (0.5); 1.1755 (0.9); 1.1577 (0.5); 0.1459 (1.2); 0.0080 (10.1); -0.0001 (276.8); -0.0085 (10.5); -0.1496 (1.2)	457.1
I-090		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5110 (2.7); 9.4944 (2.8); 8.2416 (12.8); 8.2110 (5.2); 8.1623 (5.1); 8.0906 (4.7); 7.8958 (16.0); 5.9996 (0.4); 5.9825 (2.1); 5.9654 (3.2); 5.9483 (2.1); 5.9310 (0.4); 3.3262 (11.6); 2.6735 (0.4); 2.5268 (1.2); 2.5220 (1.9); 2.5135 (25.0); 2.5090 (50.2); 2.5045 (65.5); 2.4999 (46.9); 2.4954 (22.4); 2.3314 (0.4); 2.0878 (0.4); 1.6298 (12.6); 1.6123 (12.5); 1.2329 (0.5); 1.0881 (0.4); 0.1460 (0.4); 0.0079 (3.4); -0.0002 (93.1); -0.0085 (3.5); -0.1495 (0.4)	436.1
I-091		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3421 (0.6); 9.3241 (0.6); 8.1412 (1.2); 8.1011 (1.2); 8.0383 (1.1); 8.0264 (3.4); 8.0171 (1.3); 8.0158 (1.4); 8.0105 (1.4); 8.0091 (1.4); 7.6105 (0.8); 7.6039 (0.8); 7.5887 (1.3); 7.5821 (1.3); 7.5133 (1.6); 7.4927 (1.0); 7.4914 (1.0); 5.8810 (0.5); 5.8634 (0.8); 5.8458 (0.5); 4.0559 (1.2); 4.0381 (3.6); 4.0203 (3.6); 4.0025 (1.2); 3.3260 (17.2); 2.6717 (0.4); 2.5251 (1.1); 2.5204 (1.7); 2.5117 (21.3); 2.5073 (43.8); 2.5027 (57.5); 2.4981 (40.7); 2.4935 (19.0); 2.3295 (0.4); 1.9892 (16.0); 1.5987 (3.0); 1.5813 (2.9); 1.1931 (4.5); 1.1753 (9.0); 1.1575 (4.4); 0.0080 (2.3); -0.0002 (67.3); -0.0086 (2.0)	543.0
I-092		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3249 (1.3); 9.3074 (1.3); 9.0631 (2.3); 9.0579 (2.3); 8.5829 (1.5); 8.5774 (1.6); 8.5614 (1.6); 8.5559 (1.7); 8.3161 (0.8); 8.2408 (5.2); 8.0790 (2.4); 8.0575 (2.2); 7.7164 (2.5); 7.6233 (2.1); 7.4004 (2.1); 6.0957 (0.9); 6.0782 (1.4); 6.0608 (0.9); 3.8689 (16.0); 3.3218 (48.1); 2.6752 (1.8); 2.6707 (2.4); 2.6663 (2.0); 2.5240 (8.1); 2.5062 (295.7); 2.5017 (394.0); 2.4973 (301.8); 2.3330 (1.7); 2.3285 (2.5); 2.3242 (1.9); 1.9887 (0.7); 1.6488 (5.5); 1.6314 (5.5); 1.2374 (0.5); 1.1749 (0.4); 0.1458 (2.1); 0.0079 (18.3); -0.0002 (465.4); -0.0084 (23.9); -0.1496 (2.1)	417.3
I-093		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3843 (0.9); 9.3672 (0.9); 8.3162 (0.9); 8.1954 (4.4); 7.7992 (3.9); 7.7905 (4.6); 7.7606 (4.1); 7.7519 (2.7); 7.6716 (1.4); 7.4169 (1.4); 6.0626 (0.7); 6.0453 (1.1); 6.0280 (0.7); 3.8792 (13.8); 3.3220 (33.0); 2.6797 (0.5); 2.6753 (0.9); 2.6707 (1.3); 2.6661 (0.9); 2.6616 (0.4); 2.5242 (4.1); 2.5194 (6.3); 2.5108 (77.1); 2.5063 (154.5); 2.5017 (201.8); 2.4971 (143.2); 2.4926 (67.1); 2.3377 (0.4); 2.3332 (0.9); 2.3286 (1.2); 2.3240 (0.9); 2.3195 (0.4); 1.9887 (0.3); 1.6362 (4.4); 1.6187 (4.4); 1.3979 (16.0); 0.1459 (1.2); 0.0080 (11.1); -0.0002 (296.6); -0.0085 (10.4); -0.0200 (0.4); -0.1496 (1.2)	398.2

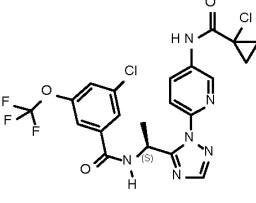
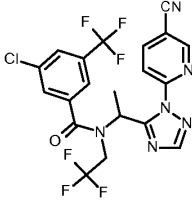
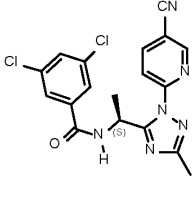
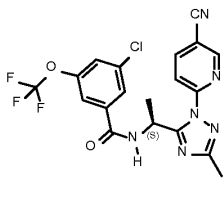
I-094		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.6247 (4.9); 9.4207 (2.7); 9.4017 (2.8); 8.7468 (5.0); 8.7409 (5.0); 8.4245 (10.0); 8.2937 (4.5); 8.2365 (3.2); 8.2299 (3.0); 8.2144 (3.5); 8.2078 (3.4); 8.1292 (13.3); 7.7663 (5.3); 7.7443 (4.9); 5.8719 (0.9); 5.8583 (1.1); 5.8506 (1.6); 5.8384 (1.5); 5.8309 (1.2); 5.8173 (0.9); 4.0581 (0.4); 4.0404 (1.2); 4.0226 (1.2); 4.0047 (0.4); 3.3313 (23.7); 2.6753 (0.4); 2.5286 (1.4); 2.5152 (25.7); 2.5108 (50.8); 2.5062 (65.6); 2.5016 (46.9); 2.4972 (22.3); 2.3331 (0.4); 2.1312 (0.5); 2.1171 (0.9); 2.1130 (0.8); 2.0979 (1.5); 2.0834 (1.1); 2.0790 (1.2); 2.0653 (0.9); 2.0447 (0.4); 2.0249 (1.0); 2.0064 (1.3); 2.0034 (1.2); 1.9913 (6.1); 1.9849 (1.3); 1.9721 (0.8); 1.9688 (0.9); 1.9508 (0.6); 1.8382 (0.5); 1.8224 (1.6); 1.8074 (2.2); 1.7922 (1.6); 1.7763 (0.6); 1.4916 (0.3); 1.1952 (1.5); 1.1825 (0.4); 1.1775 (2.9); 1.1669 (0.3); 1.1596 (1.4); 1.0372 (5.6); 1.0191 (12.0); 1.0007 (5.2); 0.8692 (8.5); 0.8662 (8.8); 0.8523 (16.0); 0.8198 (0.5); 0.8126 (0.9); 0.8069 (0.4); 0.8000 (0.4); 0.7927 (0.9); 0.7882 (0.8); 0.7827 (0.8); 0.7755 (0.7); 0.7711 (0.9); 0.7637 (0.4); 0.1460 (0.4); 0.0079 (4.2); -0.0002 (100.6); -0.0086 (3.6); -0.1496 (0.4)	527.3
I-095		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.3860 (2.5); 9.1925 (1.4); 9.1734 (1.4); 8.7226 (2.5); 8.7165 (2.5); 8.3167 (0.3); 8.2440 (1.5); 8.2375 (1.4); 8.2219 (1.6); 8.2153 (1.6); 8.1111 (6.8); 7.9422 (2.1); 7.9381 (3.3); 7.9342 (2.2); 7.7729 (3.0); 7.7617 (2.2); 7.7510 (2.8); 7.7084 (2.1); 7.7060 (2.3); 5.8185 (0.5); 5.8050 (0.6); 5.7971 (0.8); 5.7848 (0.8); 5.7777 (0.6); 5.7642 (0.5); 4.0382 (0.9); 4.0204 (1.0); 3.3236 (13.4); 2.6760 (0.6); 2.6715 (0.8); 2.6670 (0.6); 2.5250 (2.5); 2.5201 (3.8); 2.5116 (47.0); 2.5071 (93.6); 2.5025 (122.0); 2.4980 (87.3); 2.4935 (41.7); 2.3338 (0.5); 2.3294 (0.8); 2.3248 (0.6); 2.1106 (16.0); 2.0705 (0.5); 2.0514 (0.8); 2.0369 (0.6); 2.0323 (0.7); 2.0185 (0.6); 1.9951 (0.7); 1.9892 (4.4); 1.9771 (0.7); 1.9614 (0.5); 1.9549 (0.7); 1.9389 (0.4); 1.9212 (0.3); 1.9084 (1.0); 1.2354 (0.3); 1.1932 (1.2); 1.1754 (2.3); 1.1576 (1.1); 1.0150 (3.0); 0.9969 (6.5); 0.9785 (2.8); 0.1459 (0.7); 0.0080 (6.3); -0.0002 (173.7); -0.0085 (6.7); -0.1496 (0.7)	483.3
I-096		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 12.0467 (0.4); 10.6381 (4.8); 9.1875 (2.7); 9.1685 (2.8); 8.7497 (5.1); 8.7439 (5.0); 8.3168 (0.4); 8.2439 (3.2); 8.2374 (3.1); 8.2218 (3.5); 8.2152 (3.5); 8.1109 (13.6); 7.9376 (4.1); 7.9335 (6.3); 7.9296 (4.2); 7.7665 (6.1); 7.7573 (4.3); 7.7447 (5.2); 7.7049 (4.0); 7.7024 (4.3); 7.6998 (3.5); 5.8131 (0.9); 5.7999 (1.1); 5.7918 (1.6); 5.7800 (1.4); 5.7723 (1.2); 5.7588 (0.9); 4.0565 (0.8); 4.0387 (2.5); 4.0209 (2.5); 4.0031 (0.8); 3.3260 (30.4); 2.6770 (0.6); 2.6724 (0.8); 2.6679 (0.6); 2.5259 (2.6); 2.5211 (4.0); 2.5125 (48.7); 2.5080 (97.3); 2.5034 (126.7); 2.4988 (89.9); 2.4943 (42.1); 2.3349 (0.6); 2.3302 (0.8); 2.3256 (0.6); 2.0872 (0.5); 2.0732 (0.8); 2.0690 (0.8); 2.0538 (1.5); 2.0396 (1.1); 2.0348 (1.2); 2.0213 (1.0); 1.9896 (11.6); 1.9772 (1.3); 1.9735 (1.2); 1.9612 (1.0); 1.9551 (1.2); 1.9432 (0.7); 1.9391 (0.8); 1.9212 (0.6); 1.8456 (0.5); 1.8300 (1.9); 1.8148 (2.6); 1.7991 (2.1); 1.7837 (0.6); 1.4885 (0.5); 1.2336 (0.4); 1.1937 (3.1); 1.1759 (6.2); 1.1581 (3.1); 1.0162 (5.8); 0.9980 (12.3); 0.9796 (5.3); 0.8986 (0.4); 0.8708 (13.6); 0.8554 (16.0); 0.8172 (0.6); 0.8099 (1.2); 0.8044 (0.6); 0.7975 (0.5); 0.7900 (1.2); 0.7851 (1.2); 0.7795 (1.2); 0.7722 (1.0); 0.7679 (1.3); 0.7606 (0.6); 0.1459 (0.8); 0.0189 (0.4); 0.0079 (7.6); -0.0002 (197.0); -0.0086 (6.8); -0.0173 (0.4); -0.1497 (0.8)	509.3

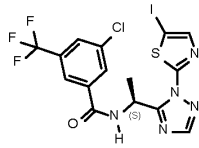
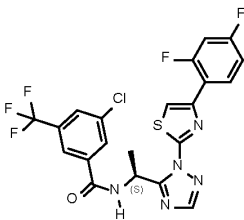
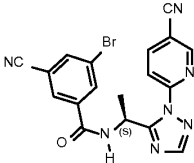
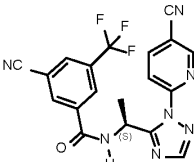
I-097		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 11.7238 (4.7); 9.3989 (3.6); 9.3811 (3.6); 8.9104 (6.5); 8.9043 (6.6); 8.6164 (4.1); 8.6098 (3.8); 8.5943 (4.4); 8.5878 (4.3); 8.3160 (0.8); 8.1531 (16.0); 8.1280 (6.5); 8.0812 (6.5); 8.0464 (5.9); 7.9034 (6.9); 7.8814 (6.5); 6.0397 (0.5); 6.0226 (2.5); 6.0051 (3.9); 5.9877 (2.5); 5.9702 (0.5); 3.3253 (229.4); 2.7080 (10.5); 2.6903 (10.8); 2.6808 (1.2); 2.6758 (1.8); 2.6712 (2.3); 2.6667 (1.7); 2.6622 (0.8); 2.5247 (6.3); 2.5199 (9.7); 2.5112 (125.7); 2.5068 (254.6); 2.5023 (335.5); 2.4977 (244.1); 2.4933 (118.4); 2.3381 (0.7); 2.3336 (1.5); 2.3290 (2.0); 2.3245 (1.5); 2.0746 (3.8); 1.6459 (14.8); 1.6285 (14.8); 1.3034 (0.5); 1.2971 (0.7); 1.2844 (1.4); 1.2776 (1.3); 1.2735 (1.1); 1.2655 (2.2); 1.2535 (1.4); 1.2460 (1.4); 1.2341 (0.9); 1.2279 (0.6); 0.5379 (1.8); 0.5271 (5.3); 0.5228 (5.8); 0.5182 (2.8); 0.5127 (2.8); 0.5070 (5.5); 0.5027 (5.4); 0.4928 (2.2); 0.3391 (2.2); 0.3261 (6.4); 0.3167 (5.6); 0.3134 (6.3); 0.3021 (1.6); 0.1458 (2.2); 0.0200 (0.6); 0.0079 (18.4); -0.0002 (503.2); -0.0086 (19.4); -0.0334 (0.4); -0.1497 (2.2)	509.2
I-098		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 11.9890 (4.0); 9.4029 (3.5); 9.3853 (3.6); 8.8698 (5.4); 8.8635 (5.5); 8.5470 (3.0); 8.5407 (2.9); 8.5252 (3.3); 8.5187 (3.2); 8.3162 (1.8); 8.1490 (15.0); 8.1359 (6.4); 8.0906 (6.3); 8.0467 (5.7); 7.8891 (6.0); 7.8671 (5.6); 6.0405 (0.5); 6.0230 (2.5); 6.0056 (3.9); 5.9880 (2.5); 5.9705 (0.5); 3.3228 (155.5); 2.6799 (1.6); 2.6755 (3.2); 2.6709 (4.4); 2.6664 (3.2); 2.6617 (1.6); 2.6279 (0.4); 2.5244 (13.9); 2.5196 (21.7); 2.5109 (257.6); 2.5065 (517.3); 2.5019 (676.3); 2.4973 (485.7); 2.4928 (231.3); 2.3917 (0.5); 2.3803 (1.2); 2.3714 (1.6); 2.3610 (2.5); 2.3503 (1.7); 2.3380 (1.9); 2.3332 (3.4); 2.3288 (4.6); 2.3242 (3.0); 2.0745 (16.0); 1.6454 (14.8); 1.6280 (14.8); 1.2359 (0.4); 1.1723 (1.4); 1.1630 (4.0); 1.1546 (6.7); 1.1442 (4.8); 1.1374 (1.8); 1.1046 (0.4); 1.0531 (1.9); 1.0460 (4.2); 1.0349 (4.0); 1.0270 (4.9); 1.0178 (3.1); 1.0089 (1.3); 0.1459 (4.5); 0.0396 (0.4); 0.0080 (41.6); -0.0001 (1063.4); -0.0085 (37.7); -0.0237 (1.1); -0.1495 (4.5)	495.2
I-099		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 11.7156 (1.4); 9.3958 (1.5); 9.3782 (1.5); 8.8897 (2.7); 8.8841 (2.8); 8.5819 (1.9); 8.5754 (1.8); 8.5599 (2.1); 8.5533 (2.0); 8.1590 (0.6); 8.1521 (7.0); 8.1275 (2.7); 8.0779 (2.7); 8.0447 (2.4); 7.8924 (2.9); 7.8704 (2.7); 7.8696 (2.7); 6.0194 (1.0); 6.0020 (1.6); 5.9845 (1.0); 3.3263 (30.2); 3.1571 (0.4); 3.1404 (1.0); 3.1237 (1.4); 3.1070 (1.1); 3.0904 (0.4); 2.6762 (0.4); 2.6716 (0.6); 2.6671 (0.4); 2.5251 (1.7); 2.5204 (2.6); 2.5117 (35.7); 2.5072 (73.4); 2.5027 (97.0); 2.4981 (69.4); 2.4935 (32.9); 2.3341 (0.4); 2.3295 (0.6); 2.3249 (0.4); 2.0865 (4.1); 2.0750 (5.9); 1.6448 (6.1); 1.6275 (6.1); 1.2399 (16.0); 1.2233 (15.7); 0.1459 (0.5); 0.0126 (0.5); 0.0080 (4.0); -0.0002 (124.9); -0.0085 (4.4); -0.1496 (0.5)	497.2
I-100		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, CD ₃ CN): δ= 8.9259 (4.4); 8.9244 (4.9); 8.9203 (4.8); 8.9187 (4.6); 8.3637 (3.4); 8.3578 (3.2); 8.3423 (3.8); 8.3364 (3.7); 7.9991 (13.8); 7.9845 (4.9); 7.9830 (5.1); 7.9615 (5.4); 7.9546 (5.2); 7.9533 (5.1); 7.8626 (5.6); 6.9098 (0.6); 6.2487 (0.8); 6.2312 (2.6); 6.2134 (3.8); 6.1955 (2.7); 6.1781 (0.9); 2.1404 (24.7); 2.1076 (0.5); 1.9644 (0.8); 1.9526 (25.5); 1.9465 (48.8); 1.9403 (68.4); 1.9341 (46.9); 1.9280 (23.8); 1.7688 (0.4); 1.6781 (16.0); 1.6608 (15.9); 1.2686 (1.4); 0.1457 (1.2); 0.0079 (11.0); -0.0002 (257.1); -0.0087 (10.5); -0.1497 (1.2)	439.3

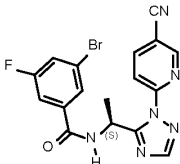
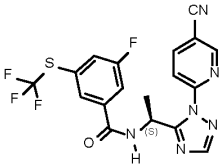
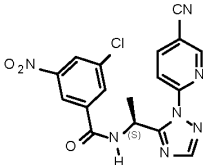
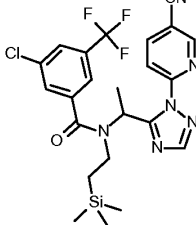
I-101		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.2401 (3.2); 9.2220 (3.3); 8.0015 (16.0); 7.9595 (0.5); 7.9180 (5.0); 7.9138 (7.6); 7.9099 (5.3); 7.7989 (6.6); 7.7928 (6.6); 7.7591 (4.8); 7.7095 (5.0); 7.7069 (5.3); 7.7043 (4.5); 7.4089 (6.0); 7.3873 (7.0); 7.1301 (5.0); 7.1230 (4.9); 7.1085 (4.4); 7.1014 (4.4); 5.7768 (0.6); 5.7594 (2.4); 5.7417 (3.9); 5.7240 (2.5); 5.7065 (0.7); 5.6780 (11.1); 4.0571 (1.0); 4.0392 (3.3); 4.0214 (3.3); 4.0036 (1.1); 3.3327 (75.9); 2.6780 (0.3); 2.6734 (0.4); 2.6689 (0.3); 2.5269 (1.2); 2.5222 (1.8); 2.5135 (26.7); 2.5090 (54.7); 2.5044 (72.1); 2.4998 (51.6); 2.4953 (24.3); 2.3359 (0.3); 2.3313 (0.4); 1.9903 (14.4); 1.5720 (14.5); 1.5546 (14.5); 1.5245 (0.4); 1.3972 (0.6); 1.2345 (0.5); 1.1939 (4.2); 1.1761 (8.3); 1.1699 (0.4); 1.1663 (0.4); 1.1583 (4.1); 0.0080 (2.0); -0.0002 (56.1); -0.0085 (1.6)	427.1
I-102		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.1896 (1.0); 9.1712 (1.1); 8.5143 (2.8); 8.5081 (3.0); 8.3224 (0.6); 8.3162 (0.5); 8.2988 (0.8); 8.2927 (0.8); 8.2775 (0.6); 8.2713 (0.5); 8.2231 (5.6); 7.5543 (2.0); 7.4922 (1.6); 7.3919 (1.7); 5.3897 (0.8); 5.3719 (1.3); 5.3540 (0.8); 3.8615 (16.0); 3.3330 (8.7); 2.5231 (0.4); 2.5144 (5.6); 2.5099 (11.5); 2.5053 (15.2); 2.5007 (10.8); 2.4961 (5.1); 2.0786 (1.5); 1.6346 (5.1); 1.6171 (5.0); -0.0002 (2.2)	428.2
I-103		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.6646 (1.0); 9.6479 (1.0); 8.5067 (3.9); 8.3424 (1.7); 8.2157 (5.2); 7.8017 (3.0); 7.7930 (4.7); 7.7653 (4.8); 7.7566 (3.0); 6.1040 (0.8); 6.0868 (1.3); 6.0696 (0.8); 3.3244 (45.4); 2.8907 (0.6); 2.7317 (0.5); 2.7304 (0.5); 2.6756 (0.6); 2.6709 (0.9); 2.6663 (0.6); 2.5245 (2.4); 2.5198 (3.7); 2.5111 (52.6); 2.5066 (108.0); 2.5020 (141.6); 2.4974 (100.0); 2.4928 (46.7); 2.3334 (0.6); 2.3288 (0.8); 2.3243 (0.6); 1.6586 (5.2); 1.6411 (5.2); 1.3975 (16.0); 0.0080 (0.5); -0.0002 (18.1); -0.0085 (0.5)	436.1
I-104		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.3487 (6.4); 9.3646 (3.0); 9.3468 (3.1); 8.7948 (5.7); 8.7892 (5.7); 8.3179 (3.9); 8.3114 (3.6); 8.2958 (4.1); 8.2893 (4.1); 8.1258 (15.5); 8.1079 (5.6); 8.0557 (5.9); 8.0473 (4.8); 8.0442 (5.1); 7.8100 (5.9); 7.7878 (5.5); 5.9866 (0.4); 5.9690 (2.1); 5.9515 (3.4); 5.9340 (2.2); 5.9165 (0.4); 3.3276 (83.9); 2.6769 (0.5); 2.6723 (0.8); 2.6677 (0.5); 2.5259 (2.2); 2.5211 (3.4); 2.5125 (44.3); 2.5080 (90.6); 2.5034 (119.3); 2.4988 (84.9); 2.4943 (40.0); 2.3348 (0.5); 2.3302 (0.7); 2.3256 (0.5); 2.0758 (7.5); 1.6526 (3.6); 1.6387 (10.3); 1.6336 (16.0); 1.6167 (13.6); 1.5766 (0.4); 1.4764 (0.4); 1.4342 (4.6); 1.4218 (7.9); 1.4142 (8.3); 1.4004 (3.2); 0.0080 (1.4); -0.0002 (42.9); -0.0085 (1.4)	513.2

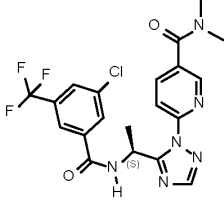
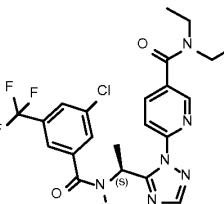
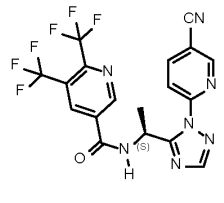
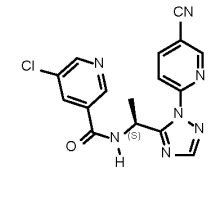
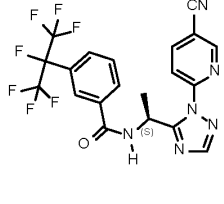
I-105		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.6282 (4.5); 9.2632 (2.6); 9.2454 (2.7); 8.7108 (4.9); 8.7051 (4.8); 8.2510 (3.1); 8.2445 (2.9); 8.2289 (3.4); 8.2223 (3.4); 8.1210 (0.6); 8.1045 (13.3); 7.8879 (3.9); 7.8838 (6.0); 7.8799 (4.2); 7.7605 (7.7); 7.7386 (4.9); 7.6728 (3.7); 7.6702 (4.1); 7.6675 (3.5); 5.9311 (0.4); 5.9137 (1.9); 5.8963 (2.9); 5.8786 (1.9); 5.8611 (0.4); 4.0556 (0.5); 4.0377 (1.5); 4.0199 (1.5); 4.0021 (0.5); 3.3251 (105.9); 2.6800 (0.7); 2.6755 (1.4); 2.6709 (2.0); 2.6663 (1.4); 2.6616 (0.7); 2.5244 (6.1); 2.5196 (9.6); 2.5110 (120.2); 2.5065 (242.9); 2.5019 (318.9); 2.4973 (228.2); 2.4928 (108.2); 2.3378 (0.7); 2.3333 (1.4); 2.3287 (1.9); 2.3242 (1.4); 2.3198 (0.6); 1.9892 (6.8); 1.8357 (0.5); 1.8197 (1.6); 1.8046 (2.1); 1.7894 (1.7); 1.7737 (0.6); 1.6176 (11.0); 1.6002 (11.0); 1.4969 (0.3); 1.4849 (0.4); 1.2492 (0.3); 1.2361 (0.6); 1.1923 (1.9); 1.1746 (3.8); 1.1567 (1.9); 0.8629 (9.0); 0.8487 (16.0); 0.8221 (0.6); 0.8134 (0.6); 0.8064 (1.0); 0.7936 (0.5); 0.7861 (1.0); 0.7812 (1.0); 0.7750 (1.1); 0.7679 (1.0); 0.7635 (1.2); 0.7562 (0.5); 0.0080 (1.0); -0.0002 (31.0); -0.0086 (1.0)	495.2
I-106		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.3788 (2.4); 9.2722 (1.4); 9.2544 (1.4); 8.6907 (2.4); 8.6847 (2.5); 8.2511 (1.4); 8.2446 (1.4); 8.2290 (1.6); 8.2225 (1.6); 8.1048 (7.0); 7.8977 (2.0); 7.8936 (3.2); 7.8897 (2.2); 7.7702 (3.2); 7.7614 (2.2); 7.7484 (2.6); 7.6810 (2.0); 7.6785 (2.2); 7.6759 (1.9); 5.9181 (1.0); 5.9006 (1.6); 5.8830 (1.0); 4.0380 (0.5); 4.0201 (0.6); 3.3261 (36.5); 2.6758 (0.5); 2.6713 (0.7); 2.6668 (0.5); 2.5248 (2.1); 2.5200 (3.2); 2.5114 (40.4); 2.5069 (81.7); 2.5024 (106.8); 2.4978 (76.1); 2.4933 (35.6); 2.3337 (0.5); 2.3293 (0.6); 2.3246 (0.5); 2.1032 (16.0); 1.9895 (2.4); 1.9078 (1.2); 1.6188 (6.0); 1.6014 (6.0); 1.2364 (0.4); 1.1925 (0.7); 1.1747 (1.3); 1.1569 (0.6); 0.0081 (0.3); -0.0002 (9.8)	469.2
I-107		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.2949 (3.6); 9.2777 (3.6); 9.0667 (6.2); 9.0652 (6.5); 9.0614 (6.7); 9.0600 (6.0); 8.5871 (4.7); 8.5816 (4.6); 8.5656 (5.1); 8.5601 (5.1); 8.2416 (15.9); 8.0859 (6.8); 8.0844 (6.6); 8.0644 (6.3); 8.0629 (6.1); 7.7768 (5.2); 7.7729 (8.3); 7.7690 (5.5); 7.5566 (6.4); 7.5215 (8.7); 7.5170 (7.5); 7.5119 (3.6); 7.3381 (8.3); 7.1549 (4.1); 6.1007 (0.6); 6.0837 (2.7); 6.0664 (4.2); 6.0490 (2.7); 6.0317 (0.6); 3.3295 (76.1); 2.6773 (0.4); 2.6729 (0.6); 2.6685 (0.4); 2.5263 (1.6); 2.5127 (34.4); 2.5084 (69.1); 2.5039 (90.2); 2.4994 (65.0); 2.4951 (31.2); 2.3353 (0.4); 2.3307 (0.6); 2.3263 (0.4); 2.0762 (0.7); 1.6343 (16.0); 1.6169 (15.9); 0.0080 (0.9); -0.0002 (27.4); -0.0085 (0.9)	419.1
I-108		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3613 (0.5); 9.3446 (0.6); 8.3162 (0.5); 8.1959 (2.8); 7.8789 (3.8); 7.8741 (4.5); 7.8319 (1.0); 7.8272 (1.6); 7.8225 (0.7); 7.7960 (1.7); 7.7873 (2.7); 7.7589 (2.7); 7.7502 (1.7); 6.0311 (0.5); 6.0139 (0.7); 5.9967 (0.5); 3.3251 (68.7); 2.6755 (0.5); 2.6710 (0.6); 2.6663 (0.5); 2.5245 (1.7); 2.5198 (2.6); 2.5111 (36.6); 2.5066 (76.1); 2.5020 (101.2); 2.4974 (71.7); 2.4928 (33.1); 2.3334 (0.4); 2.3288 (0.6); 2.3242 (0.4); 1.6158 (2.9); 1.5983 (2.9); 1.3977 (16.0); -0.0002 (5.2)	368.1

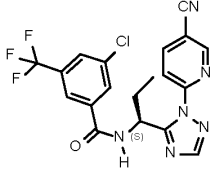
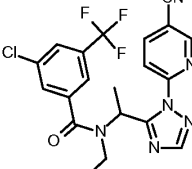
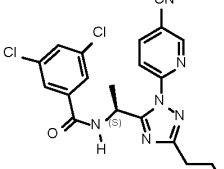
I-109		¹ H-NMR(600.4 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.5809 (3.8); 9.4627 (2.0); 9.4510 (2.0); 9.1168 (3.0); 9.1135 (3.0); 8.5835 (1.7); 8.5797 (1.7); 8.5693 (1.8); 8.5655 (1.8); 8.2240 (6.4); 8.1772 (3.3); 8.1301 (3.4); 8.0522 (5.3); 8.0377 (2.9); 7.8228 (2.2); 7.8144 (2.5); 7.8111 (1.9); 7.8078 (2.6); 7.7994 (2.3); 7.5992 (0.5); 7.5908 (0.5); 7.5874 (0.4); 7.5842 (0.5); 7.5758 (0.5); 7.2492 (2.5); 7.2345 (4.6); 7.2197 (2.4); 7.1352 (0.5); 7.1204 (0.9); 7.1056 (0.5); 6.1621 (1.3); 6.1505 (2.0); 6.1389 (1.3); 4.0404 (0.5); 4.0285 (0.5); 3.3364 (19.3); 2.6947 (16.0); 2.5274 (0.4); 2.5241 (0.4); 2.5125 (12.4); 2.5096 (16.2); 2.5068 (12.4); 2.0336 (3.9); 1.9929 (2.0); 1.6887 (7.2); 1.6771 (7.2); 1.1908 (0.6); 1.1789 (1.1); 1.1671 (0.5)	533.2
I-110		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4200 (2.0); 9.4022 (2.1); 8.6935 (1.8); 8.3162 (0.5); 8.2186 (1.0); 8.1913 (10.4); 8.1656 (3.5); 8.1198 (3.4); 8.0615 (3.4); 7.9147 (3.7); 7.9135 (3.9); 7.8938 (3.2); 7.8924 (3.4); 6.1305 (1.1); 6.1128 (1.7); 6.0954 (1.1); 4.0557 (0.6); 4.0379 (2.0); 4.0201 (2.0); 4.0023 (0.7); 3.3270 (180.0); 3.0061 (3.3); 2.6899 (16.0); 2.6805 (0.5); 2.6759 (0.9); 2.6713 (1.3); 2.6668 (0.9); 2.6624 (0.4); 2.5248 (3.5); 2.5200 (5.5); 2.5113 (72.5); 2.5069 (148.1); 2.5024 (195.1); 2.4978 (139.5); 2.4933 (66.0); 2.3337 (0.8); 2.3292 (1.2); 2.3247 (0.8); 2.3200 (0.4); 1.9891 (9.1); 1.6476 (8.4); 1.6303 (8.4); 1.3976 (1.4); 1.2343 (0.5); 1.1930 (2.4); 1.1752 (4.8); 1.1574 (2.4); 0.4914 (1.0); 0.4021 (1.1); 0.0080 (1.3); -0.0001 (39.6); -0.0085 (1.3)	493.2
I-111		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4523 (3.3); 9.4348 (3.4); 9.0397 (6.1); 9.0352 (5.9); 9.0339 (5.8); 8.5576 (4.3); 8.5517 (4.1); 8.5361 (4.6); 8.5302 (4.6); 8.3162 (0.4); 8.2276 (16.0); 8.2174 (0.3); 8.1621 (6.2); 8.1114 (6.1); 8.0646 (5.7); 8.0333 (6.1); 8.0117 (5.7); 6.1491 (0.5); 6.1319 (2.4); 6.1144 (3.8); 6.0970 (2.4); 6.0796 (0.5); 3.3985 (41.3); 3.3468 (6.7); 3.2222 (0.4); 2.6815 (0.3); 2.6772 (0.7); 2.6726 (0.9); 2.6682 (0.7); 2.5261 (2.9); 2.5214 (4.6); 2.5127 (56.3); 2.5083 (114.0); 2.5037 (148.6); 2.4991 (105.3); 2.4946 (49.5); 2.3396 (0.3); 2.3351 (0.7); 2.3304 (0.9); 2.3259 (0.7); 2.3216 (0.3); 2.0758 (5.3); 1.6582 (14.3); 1.6408 (14.2); 0.1459 (0.5); 0.0080 (4.1); -0.0002 (116.8); -0.0085 (3.8); -0.1495 (0.4)	517.2
I-112		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.6101 (4.8); 9.4315 (2.3); 9.4139 (2.3); 8.9661 (4.0); 8.9616 (4.0); 8.4707 (2.6); 8.4649 (2.5); 8.4493 (2.8); 8.4435 (2.8); 8.2127 (10.0); 8.1392 (4.2); 8.0892 (4.2); 8.0566 (3.8); 8.0107 (4.0); 7.9890 (3.7); 6.1284 (0.3); 6.1114 (1.6); 6.0940 (2.5); 6.0766 (1.6); 6.0594 (0.3); 4.0563 (1.2); 4.0385 (3.7); 4.0207 (3.7); 4.0029 (1.2); 3.3299 (96.5); 2.6771 (0.5); 2.6725 (0.6); 2.6681 (0.4); 2.5260 (1.8); 2.5125 (37.6); 2.5081 (75.7); 2.5036 (99.1); 2.4991 (71.6); 2.4947 (34.4); 2.3349 (0.4); 2.3304 (0.6); 2.3260 (0.4); 1.9898 (16.0); 1.6553 (9.2); 1.6379 (9.2); 1.6205 (2.0); 1.6063 (4.6); 1.5992 (4.8); 1.5864 (2.1); 1.3370 (2.3); 1.3236 (4.6); 1.3168 (4.8); 1.3024 (1.8); 1.2337 (0.5); 1.1936 (4.4); 1.1757 (8.9); 1.1580 (4.3); 0.0079 (0.8); -0.0002 (20.5); -0.0085 (0.6)	504.2

I-113		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 13.2641 (0.4); 10.3540 (4.5); 9.2868 (2.1); 9.2691 (2.2); 8.7977 (4.2); 8.7917 (4.2); 8.3224 (2.7); 8.3159 (2.6); 8.3002 (3.0); 8.2937 (3.0); 8.1217 (10.8); 7.9083 (3.2); 7.9042 (5.0); 7.9003 (3.4); 7.8119 (4.4); 7.7898 (4.1); 7.7527 (3.1); 7.6932 (3.1); 7.6906 (3.3); 7.6880 (2.8); 5.9715 (0.3); 5.9541 (1.6); 5.9365 (2.5); 5.9190 (1.6); 5.9018 (0.3); 5.7572 (1.3); 4.0570 (1.2); 4.0392 (3.7); 4.0214 (3.7); 4.0036 (1.2); 3.3295 (5.9); 2.5270 (0.8); 2.5222 (1.2); 2.5135 (19.5); 2.5091 (40.6); 2.5045 (53.8); 2.4999 (38.2); 2.4953 (17.9); 2.3313 (0.3); 1.9903 (16.0); 1.6564 (2.5); 1.6427 (6.1); 1.6349 (6.4); 1.6257 (9.8); 1.6083 (9.2); 1.5805 (0.4); 1.5665 (1.4); 1.5532 (3.2); 1.5451 (3.2); 1.5332 (2.0); 1.4347 (3.4); 1.4224 (5.9); 1.4148 (6.2); 1.4008 (3.1); 1.3973 (7.0); 1.3742 (1.9); 1.3622 (3.2); 1.3542 (3.2); 1.3408 (1.3); 1.1941 (4.5); 1.1763 (8.9); 1.1585 (4.4); 0.0080 (0.6); -0.0002 (19.0); -0.0085 (0.6)	529.2
I-114		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN 260 K): δ= 8.8016 (0.4); 8.3494 (7.3); 8.3468 (7.8); 8.2715 (4.3); 8.2682 (4.2); 8.2573 (4.7); 8.2539 (4.4); 8.1384 (0.5); 8.1215 (0.6); 8.1185 (0.6); 8.0881 (13.4); 7.8946 (6.9); 7.8803 (6.4); 7.8488 (0.5); 7.6118 (7.7); 7.4697 (0.4); 7.3738 (7.0); 6.3309 (1.4); 6.3195 (4.3); 6.3079 (4.3); 6.2963 (1.4); 5.4725 (0.4); 4.7596 (0.5); 4.7436 (1.6); 4.7327 (1.2); 4.7278 (1.9); 4.7174 (2.8); 4.7016 (2.7); 4.6858 (1.0); 4.6572 (0.9); 4.6423 (2.7); 4.6275 (3.0); 4.6161 (2.0); 4.6013 (1.8); 4.5863 (0.6); 4.0561 (0.6); 4.0441 (0.5); 2.3149 (0.7); 2.2965 (552.7); 2.2801 (0.7); 2.2759 (0.4); 2.2688 (0.4); 2.2636 (4.9); 2.1376 (0.5); 2.0973 (0.5); 2.0805 (1.2); 2.0763 (2.4); 2.0723 (3.1); 2.0682 (2.1); 2.0640 (1.1); 2.0031 (0.3); 1.9991 (0.5); 1.9856 (61.9); 1.9776 (31.6); 1.9734 (36.2); 1.9696 (212.0); 1.9655 (368.0); 1.9614 (539.5); 1.9573 (373.1); 1.9532 (190.8); 1.9446 (2.8); 1.9410 (1.3); 1.9304 (0.4); 1.9260 (0.4); 1.8700 (0.4); 1.8545 (1.3); 1.8505 (2.2); 1.8463 (3.1); 1.8422 (2.2); 1.8381 (1.1); 1.7454 (16.0); 1.7338 (15.4); 1.4773 (0.4); 1.4699 (0.3); 1.4662 (0.4); 1.2606 (0.6); 1.2178 (0.6); 1.2059 (1.0); 1.1940 (0.5); 1.1156 (0.5); -0.0001 (1.0)	503.1
I-115		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.2911 (1.2); 9.2736 (1.2); 9.0310 (2.3); 9.0271 (2.2); 9.0255 (2.2); 8.5440 (1.8); 8.5385 (1.7); 8.5225 (1.9); 8.5169 (1.9); 8.0234 (2.3); 8.0218 (2.4); 8.0019 (2.2); 8.0002 (2.2); 7.8535 (6.4); 7.8487 (8.1); 7.8178 (2.1); 7.8131 (2.9); 7.8083 (1.3); 6.0766 (1.0); 6.0591 (1.6); 6.0416 (1.0); 4.0380 (0.6); 4.0202 (0.7); 3.3271 (77.0); 2.6763 (0.4); 2.6716 (0.5); 2.6670 (0.4); 2.5252 (1.4); 2.5204 (2.2); 2.5117 (32.5); 2.5073 (67.3); 2.5027 (88.8); 2.4981 (62.9); 2.4936 (29.2); 2.3412 (16.0); 2.3298 (0.7); 2.3250 (0.5); 1.9893 (2.9); 1.6049 (5.6); 1.5875 (5.5); 1.3977 (1.4); 1.1931 (0.8); 1.1753 (1.6); 1.1575 (0.8); -0.0001 (9.8)	401.2
I-116		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3549 (1.3); 9.3372 (1.3); 9.0272 (2.2); 9.0256 (2.5); 9.0218 (2.4); 9.0201 (2.4); 8.5426 (1.9); 8.5370 (1.8); 8.5211 (2.0); 8.5155 (2.0); 8.3163 (0.4); 8.0237 (2.4); 8.0222 (2.5); 8.0023 (2.2); 8.0006 (2.3); 7.9828 (1.9); 7.9787 (3.0); 7.9749 (2.0); 7.7838 (2.0); 7.7537 (2.0); 7.7511 (2.1); 6.0867 (1.0); 6.0693 (1.6); 6.0518 (1.0); 3.3267 (191.9); 2.6803 (0.5); 2.6757 (1.0); 2.6712 (1.4); 2.6667 (1.0); 2.6621 (0.5); 2.5246 (5.1); 2.5197 (8.2); 2.5112 (87.3); 2.5068 (174.1); 2.5022 (226.2); 2.4977 (161.4); 2.4932 (76.6); 2.3431 (16.0); 2.3338 (1.4); 2.3291 (1.5); 2.3246 (1.1); 2.3200 (0.5); 1.9889 (1.1); 1.6167 (5.7); 1.5993 (5.7); 1.3977 (1.0); 1.1751 (0.6); 0.1459 (1.0); 0.0078 (9.0); -0.0002 (218.9); -0.0086 (7.0); -0.1496 (1.0)	451.2

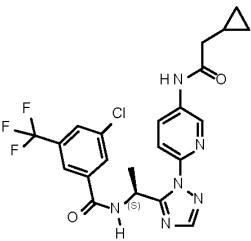
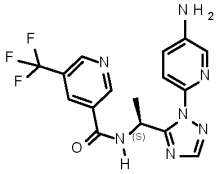
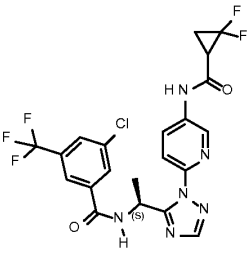
I-117		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4967 (2.3); 9.4802 (2.4); 8.2286 (11.2); 8.1995 (4.2); 8.1959 (2.8); 8.1535 (4.0); 8.1521 (4.1); 8.0888 (3.8); 7.9462 (16.0); 6.0045 (0.3); 5.9874 (1.6); 5.9703 (2.5); 5.9531 (1.6); 5.9356 (0.3); 3.3276 (107.6); 2.6767 (0.6); 2.6721 (0.8); 2.6676 (0.6); 2.5257 (2.2); 2.5210 (3.3); 2.5123 (46.4); 2.5078 (95.5); 2.5032 (125.6); 2.4986 (88.4); 2.4940 (41.1); 2.3346 (0.6); 2.3300 (0.7); 2.3254 (0.6); 1.6192 (9.6); 1.6017 (9.5); 1.3975 (12.2); 0.1458 (0.5); 0.0080 (4.0); -0.0002 (124.7); -0.0085 (4.0); -0.1496 (0.5)	528.0
I-118		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5111 (3.2); 9.4944 (3.3); 8.2775 (16.0); 8.1749 (1.5); 8.1593 (6.9); 8.1358 (3.0); 8.1303 (1.8); 8.1072 (5.9); 8.0472 (5.4); 7.9344 (7.3); 7.9285 (7.4); 7.4468 (1.5); 7.4404 (1.5); 7.4237 (1.6); 7.4172 (2.9); 7.4109 (1.6); 7.3941 (1.5); 7.3878 (1.5); 7.2447 (1.4); 7.2390 (1.3); 7.2240 (2.6); 7.2178 (2.4); 7.2023 (1.3); 7.1968 (1.2); 6.1687 (0.5); 6.1517 (2.3); 6.1346 (3.6); 6.1176 (2.3); 6.1004 (0.5); 5.7589 (2.5); 3.3288 (23.3); 2.6788 (0.5); 2.6743 (0.7); 2.6697 (0.5); 2.5277 (2.2); 2.5231 (3.3); 2.5144 (42.1); 2.5099 (86.2); 2.5053 (112.6); 2.5007 (79.2); 2.4961 (36.7); 2.3366 (0.5); 2.3321 (0.7); 2.3274 (0.5); 1.7244 (13.8); 1.7071 (13.7); 0.1459 (0.6); 0.0080 (4.8); -0.0002 (145.5); -0.0086 (4.4); -0.1497 (0.6)	514.1
I-119		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3819 (2.4); 9.3645 (2.5); 9.0678 (4.4); 9.0633 (4.5); 8.5877 (3.1); 8.5822 (3.1); 8.5663 (3.4); 8.5607 (3.4); 8.3517 (3.0); 8.3481 (5.4); 8.3443 (3.7); 8.2940 (3.5); 8.2899 (6.0); 8.2856 (3.6); 8.2526 (4.8); 8.2487 (16.0); 8.0870 (4.5); 8.0655 (4.2); 6.1159 (0.4); 6.0983 (1.8); 6.0810 (2.8); 6.0636 (1.8); 6.0462 (0.4); 5.7566 (8.8); 3.3253 (23.1); 2.6767 (0.5); 2.6723 (0.6); 2.6679 (0.5); 2.5257 (2.0); 2.5121 (39.7); 2.5078 (79.7); 2.5033 (104.1); 2.4988 (75.6); 2.4945 (37.1); 2.3347 (0.4); 2.3301 (0.6); 2.3255 (0.5); 2.1323 (0.4); 1.6346 (10.8); 1.6172 (10.8); 1.2334 (0.4); 0.1458 (0.4); 0.0080 (3.6); -0.0002 (97.3); -0.0085 (3.5); -0.1496 (0.4)	424.2
I-120		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5266 (3.2); 9.5093 (3.2); 9.0726 (5.9); 9.0708 (6.3); 9.0672 (6.4); 9.0653 (5.9); 8.5878 (5.1); 8.5823 (4.9); 8.5663 (5.8); 8.5607 (7.0); 8.5548 (12.5); 8.5523 (12.5); 8.4226 (5.9); 8.3167 (0.5); 8.2577 (16.0); 8.0917 (6.4); 8.0899 (6.3); 8.0702 (6.0); 8.0684 (5.9); 6.1502 (0.5); 6.1333 (2.4); 6.1159 (3.8); 6.0986 (2.4); 6.0812 (0.5); 5.7569 (1.8); 3.3248 (53.8); 2.6807 (0.5); 2.6764 (1.1); 2.6718 (1.5); 2.6673 (1.1); 2.6629 (0.5); 2.5253 (5.1); 2.5206 (7.9); 2.5119 (94.4); 2.5075 (190.6); 2.5029 (247.4); 2.4983 (174.5); 2.4938 (81.5); 2.3388 (0.5); 2.3342 (1.0); 2.3297 (1.5); 2.3251 (1.1); 2.3207 (0.5); 2.1501 (1.2); 2.0695 (1.0); 1.6581 (14.6); 1.6407 (14.5); 1.2341 (1.0); 1.2002 (0.8); 1.1837 (0.8); 0.1460 (1.0); 0.0080 (9.6); -0.0002 (265.4); -0.0085 (8.3); -0.1495 (1.1)	412.2

I-121		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.2821 (3.1); 9.2648 (3.1); 9.0657 (5.6); 9.0639 (6.4); 9.0602 (6.1); 9.0584 (6.1); 8.5865 (5.1); 8.5809 (4.9); 8.5650 (5.4); 8.5594 (5.4); 8.3167 (0.4); 8.2403 (16.0); 8.0841 (6.3); 8.0823 (6.5); 8.0626 (5.8); 8.0608 (6.2); 7.8820 (4.2); 7.8785 (7.6); 7.8748 (4.7); 7.7772 (2.1); 7.7715 (2.9); 7.7669 (2.0); 7.7566 (2.2); 7.7510 (2.9); 7.7464 (2.0); 7.6478 (2.3); 7.6444 (2.6); 7.6419 (2.5); 7.6384 (2.1); 7.6241 (2.4); 7.6207 (2.8); 7.6182 (2.4); 7.6147 (2.1); 6.0939 (0.5); 6.0767 (2.5); 6.0594 (3.9); 6.0420 (2.5); 6.0246 (0.5); 5.7570 (3.4); 3.3258 (59.5); 2.6808 (0.4); 2.6764 (0.8); 2.6718 (1.1); 2.6673 (0.8); 2.6627 (0.4); 2.5253 (3.3); 2.5206 (5.0); 2.5119 (64.3); 2.5074 (131.7); 2.5029 (173.1); 2.4982 (122.4); 2.4937 (57.2); 2.3390 (0.3); 2.3342 (0.7); 2.3297 (1.0); 2.3251 (0.7); 2.3206 (0.3); 1.6274 (15.0); 1.6100 (14.9); 1.2336 (0.4); 0.1458 (0.8); 0.0157 (0.3); 0.0079 (6.5); -0.0002 (188.2); -0.0086 (5.8); -0.0143 (0.4); -0.1497 (0.8)	417.1
I-122		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3771 (3.2); 9.3599 (3.3); 9.0590 (6.0); 9.0572 (6.6); 9.0535 (6.5); 9.0517 (6.2); 8.5836 (5.2); 8.5780 (4.9); 8.5621 (5.6); 8.5565 (5.5); 8.2471 (16.0); 8.0879 (6.8); 8.0861 (6.8); 8.0665 (6.3); 8.0646 (6.5); 8.0082 (7.0); 7.9497 (0.3); 7.9126 (2.0); 7.9088 (2.3); 7.9065 (2.8); 7.9030 (2.4); 7.8890 (2.1); 7.8853 (2.6); 7.8829 (2.9); 7.8794 (2.6); 7.8728 (2.2); 7.8690 (2.6); 7.8525 (2.2); 7.8489 (2.6); 6.1171 (0.5); 6.0998 (2.5); 6.0824 (4.0); 6.0650 (2.5); 6.0476 (0.5); 5.7571 (1.0); 3.3306 (79.5); 2.6781 (0.5); 2.6735 (0.6); 2.6690 (0.5); 2.5270 (2.1); 2.5222 (3.4); 2.5136 (38.6); 2.5091 (77.4); 2.5045 (100.2); 2.4999 (70.6); 2.4954 (32.8); 2.3359 (0.4); 2.3314 (0.6); 2.3269 (0.4); 1.6473 (15.2); 1.6298 (15.0); 1.2337 (0.3); 0.1459 (0.4); 0.0079 (4.3); -0.0002 (111.3); -0.0086 (3.4); -0.1496 (0.4)	437.1
I-123		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5847 (2.3); 9.5674 (2.4); 9.0738 (4.3); 9.0720 (4.7); 9.0683 (4.7); 9.0664 (4.4); 8.6027 (4.0); 8.5988 (5.1); 8.5978 (5.3); 8.5939 (4.4); 8.5904 (4.3); 8.5849 (3.8); 8.5689 (4.3); 8.5633 (4.2); 8.4577 (3.8); 8.4527 (7.1); 8.4476 (3.7); 8.3219 (4.4); 8.3175 (5.7); 8.3134 (3.9); 8.2548 (12.3); 8.0947 (4.8); 8.0929 (4.8); 8.0733 (4.5); 8.0714 (4.6); 6.1451 (0.4); 6.1278 (1.8); 6.1105 (2.8); 6.0931 (1.8); 6.0759 (0.4); 5.7565 (16.0); 3.3294 (94.5); 2.6770 (0.5); 2.6724 (0.6); 2.6678 (0.5); 2.5259 (2.1); 2.5212 (3.3); 2.5126 (39.6); 2.5081 (79.8); 2.5035 (103.6); 2.4988 (72.6); 2.4943 (33.6); 2.3348 (0.4); 2.3303 (0.6); 2.3256 (0.4); 2.1404 (0.5); 2.0757 (0.5); 2.0723 (0.4); 1.6555 (11.0); 1.6381 (10.9); 1.2337 (0.4); 0.1459 (0.4); 0.0080 (3.8); -0.0002 (103.3); -0.0086 (3.1); -0.1496 (0.4)	398.1
I-124		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN 260 K): δ= 8.8226 (0.6); 8.8191 (0.8); 8.3681 (0.4); 8.3644 (0.4); 8.3537 (0.5); 8.3501 (0.6); 8.2551 (0.4); 8.1319 (1.6); 8.0985 (0.6); 8.0934 (0.8); 8.0790 (0.8); 7.8085 (0.7); 7.4964 (0.7); 7.4018 (0.8); 7.3943 (0.4); 6.4988 (0.5); 6.4872 (0.5); 5.4722 (1.0); 2.2906 (14.0); 2.0761 (0.4); 2.0720 (0.4); 2.0678 (0.4); 2.0634 (0.4); 1.9854 (2.7); 1.9773 (2.4); 1.9731 (3.2); 1.9694 (25.1); 1.9653 (45.8); 1.9612 (66.7); 1.9571 (45.8); 1.9530 (23.1); 1.8461 (0.4); 1.7448 (0.8); 1.7332 (0.9); 1.7246 (2.0); 1.7129 (1.9); 0.5757 (0.3); 0.5690 (0.3); 0.0968 (0.7); 0.0797 (0.4); 0.0702 (7.1); 0.0648 (0.3); 0.0400 (0.4); 0.0345 (0.4); 0.0323 (0.4); 0.0297 (0.5); 0.0248 (0.6); 0.0190 (0.9); 0.0126 (1.4); 0.0053 (5.8); -0.0001 (112.0); -0.0057 (1.7); -0.1001 (0.4); -0.3665 (16.0)	521.2

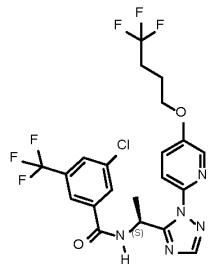
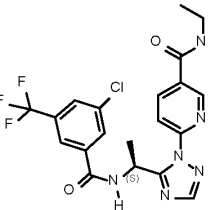
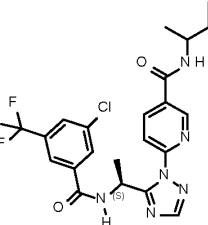
I-125		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 8.5966 (0.4); 8.5949 (0.4); 8.5910 (0.4); 8.5892 (0.4); 8.1853 (1.1); 8.1429 (0.4); 8.1370 (0.5); 8.1158 (0.4); 8.1101 (0.4); 8.0947 (0.4); 8.0542 (0.4); 7.9238 (0.4); 7.9221 (0.4); 7.9028 (0.4); 7.9011 (0.4); 3.3158 (6.7); 3.0138 (0.7); 2.9004 (0.8); 2.6902 (16.0); 2.5242 (0.4); 2.5195 (0.7); 2.5108 (7.8); 2.5063 (15.5); 2.5017 (20.3); 2.4971 (14.7); 2.4926 (7.1); 1.6518 (1.0); 1.6344 (1.0); 0.0080 (0.4); -0.0002 (12.5); -0.0085 (0.4)	467.2
I-126		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3920 (3.4); 9.3742 (3.4); 8.5369 (5.8); 8.5352 (6.1); 8.5313 (6.2); 8.5295 (5.7); 8.3143 (0.6); 8.1890 (16.0); 8.1360 (6.0); 8.1323 (4.1); 8.0933 (6.2); 8.0877 (9.8); 8.0725 (5.5); 8.0668 (5.7); 8.0565 (5.3); 7.9216 (6.6); 7.9199 (6.5); 7.9007 (5.4); 7.8990 (5.3); 6.1088 (0.5); 6.0915 (2.4); 6.0740 (3.7); 6.0564 (2.4); 6.0392 (0.5); 3.4521 (1.7); 3.3480 (0.4); 3.3230 (146.2); 3.3011 (0.6); 3.1453 (1.6); 3.1426 (1.6); 2.6773 (0.4); 2.6727 (0.6); 2.6681 (0.4); 2.5262 (1.8); 2.5215 (2.8); 2.5129 (34.6); 2.5083 (69.8); 2.5037 (91.9); 2.4991 (66.0); 2.4945 (31.4); 2.3351 (0.4); 2.3305 (0.6); 2.3259 (0.4); 1.9896 (1.2); 1.6520 (13.8); 1.6346 (13.7); 1.2357 (0.4); 1.1940 (1.0); 1.1762 (2.6); 1.1584 (3.4); 1.0929 (0.7); 1.0851 (0.7); 1.0234 (3.0); 0.0080 (1.9); -0.0002 (59.4); -0.0086 (1.8)	495.2
I-127		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.7452 (3.6); 9.7279 (3.7); 9.3183 (5.9); 9.0746 (6.2); 9.0707 (6.1); 9.0692 (6.0); 8.7990 (5.9); 8.5934 (5.1); 8.5879 (4.9); 8.5719 (5.5); 8.5664 (5.5); 8.3145 (0.5); 8.2775 (16.0); 8.1000 (6.6); 8.0986 (6.9); 8.0786 (6.1); 8.0770 (6.4); 6.1905 (0.6); 6.1732 (2.7); 6.1559 (4.2); 6.1386 (2.7); 6.1212 (0.6); 5.7547 (2.8); 3.3205 (109.5); 2.6804 (0.4); 2.6760 (0.9); 2.6715 (1.3); 2.6670 (0.9); 2.6624 (0.4); 2.5250 (3.4); 2.5203 (4.9); 2.5116 (67.5); 2.5070 (140.4); 2.5024 (194.2); 2.4979 (146.2); 2.4934 (71.3); 2.3385 (0.4); 2.3339 (0.9); 2.3294 (1.3); 2.3249 (0.9); 2.3207 (0.4); 1.6773 (15.8); 1.6600 (15.8); 0.1460 (0.6); 0.0080 (4.4); -0.0002 (143.9); -0.0086 (4.6); -0.1496 (0.6)	456.3
I-128		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3938 (3.2); 9.3765 (3.2); 9.0728 (5.4); 9.0713 (6.4); 9.0675 (6.0); 9.0658 (6.2); 8.8846 (8.2); 8.8800 (8.3); 8.7827 (7.9); 8.7768 (8.0); 8.5894 (4.9); 8.5839 (4.7); 8.5679 (5.3); 8.5624 (5.3); 8.3161 (0.4); 8.2820 (5.1); 8.2765 (7.7); 8.2714 (5.0); 8.2508 (16.0); 8.0919 (6.2); 8.0903 (6.8); 8.0705 (5.7); 8.0688 (6.3); 6.1256 (0.6); 6.1085 (2.6); 6.0912 (4.0); 6.0738 (2.6); 6.0564 (0.5); 5.7565 (2.4); 3.3296 (181.4); 2.6766 (0.8); 2.6720 (1.0); 2.6675 (0.8); 2.6629 (0.4); 2.5255 (3.4); 2.5208 (5.2); 2.5121 (62.9); 2.5077 (127.6); 2.5031 (167.2); 2.4985 (119.6); 2.4940 (56.8); 2.3387 (0.3); 2.3345 (0.7); 2.3299 (1.0); 2.3254 (0.7); 2.3210 (0.3); 1.6399 (15.7); 1.6225 (15.6); 0.1459 (0.5); 0.0079 (4.3); -0.0002 (123.5); -0.0086 (3.9); -0.1496 (0.5)	354.1
I-129		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3970 (3.2); 9.3797 (3.3); 9.0503 (6.3); 9.0464 (6.1); 9.0449 (6.1); 8.5798 (4.7); 8.5742 (4.5); 8.5583 (5.0); 8.5527 (5.0); 8.3169 (0.4); 8.2451 (16.0); 8.1481 (3.6); 8.1285 (3.9); 8.0844 (6.2); 8.0829 (6.5); 8.0629 (5.8); 8.0614 (6.0); 8.0088 (5.4); 7.8444 (2.1); 7.8242 (3.2); 7.7614 (3.3); 7.7418 (5.0); 7.7220 (2.0); 6.1217 (0.5); 6.1044 (2.5); 6.0870 (4.0); 6.0696 (2.6); 6.0521 (0.5); 5.7570 (1.9); 3.3272 (118.5); 2.6766 (0.9); 2.6721 (1.3); 2.6675 (1.0); 2.5255 (3.9); 2.5207 (5.9); 2.5120 (76.4); 2.5076 (156.2); 2.5031 (205.4); 2.4985 (147.7); 2.4940 (71.0); 2.3389 (0.4); 2.3344 (0.9); 2.3299 (1.2); 2.3253 (0.9); 1.6550 (15.3); 1.6376 (15.2); 0.1459 (0.6); 0.0080 (4.7); -0.0001 (146.1); -0.0085 (5.1); -0.1496 (0.6)	487.3

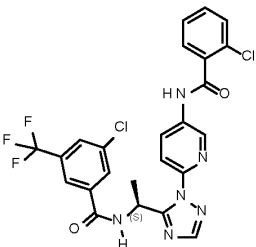
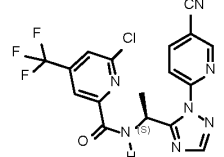
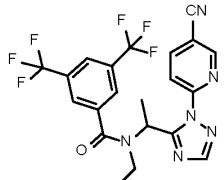
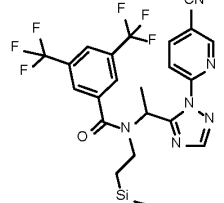
I-130		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3707 (3.3); 9.3521 (3.4); 9.1042 (5.2); 9.1025 (6.4); 9.0988 (6.0); 9.0970 (6.3); 8.5876 (5.0); 8.5820 (4.8); 8.5661 (5.3); 8.5605 (5.3); 8.3148 (0.4); 8.2559 (16.0); 8.1899 (6.2); 8.1248 (6.2); 8.0861 (6.2); 8.0844 (7.4); 8.0758 (5.8); 8.0647 (5.7); 8.0630 (6.4); 6.0114 (1.1); 5.9985 (1.3); 5.9897 (1.9); 5.9794 (1.7); 5.9709 (1.5); 5.9578 (1.1); 3.3259 (158.1); 2.6811 (0.4); 2.6767 (0.7); 2.6722 (1.0); 2.6677 (0.8); 2.6630 (0.4); 2.5257 (3.3); 2.5210 (4.6); 2.5122 (56.0); 2.5078 (115.4); 2.5032 (156.6); 2.4986 (118.0); 2.4941 (59.0); 2.3347 (0.7); 2.3300 (1.0); 2.3255 (0.7); 2.0908 (0.5); 2.0774 (0.9); 2.0726 (0.8); 2.0572 (1.7); 2.0436 (1.5); 2.0384 (1.8); 2.0250 (1.5); 2.0196 (1.8); 2.0013 (1.7); 1.9976 (1.6); 1.9893 (1.2); 1.9851 (1.1); 1.9792 (1.6); 1.9671 (0.7); 1.9629 (0.9); 1.9453 (0.7); 1.9087 (10.7); 1.2344 (0.4); 1.1758 (0.4); 1.0600 (7.0); 1.0419 (15.2); 1.0235 (6.5); 0.1457 (0.5); 0.0154 (0.3); 0.0080 (3.3); -0.0002 (107.6); -0.0085 (3.9); -0.1498 (0.4)	435.2
I-131		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN 260 K): δ= 8.0784 (0.4); 7.3557 (0.8); 5.4461 (1.7); 2.1279 (16.0); 2.0860 (0.6); 2.0501 (0.3); 1.9636 (1.7); 1.9555 (1.2); 1.9513 (1.5); 1.9475 (13.9); 1.9434 (25.7); 1.9393 (37.6); 1.9352 (25.7); 1.9311 (13.0); 1.9265 (0.4); 1.7308 (2.0); 1.7194 (2.0); 0.6920 (0.3); 0.0054 (1.4); -0.0001 (44.6); -0.0057 (1.2)	449.1
I-132		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.2873 (2.3); 9.2694 (2.4); 9.0285 (3.6); 9.0268 (4.0); 9.0230 (4.1); 9.0213 (3.9); 8.5385 (3.4); 8.5330 (3.2); 8.5170 (3.6); 8.5114 (3.6); 8.3138 (4.2); 8.0267 (4.1); 8.0249 (4.3); 8.0052 (3.9); 8.0033 (4.2); 7.9071 (0.9); 7.9024 (1.0); 7.8852 (0.5); 7.8805 (0.5); 7.8609 (0.3); 7.8340 (10.2); 7.8293 (16.0); 7.8129 (4.8); 7.8083 (5.0); 7.8035 (2.2); 7.7196 (0.3); 7.7117 (0.5); 7.4232 (0.4); 6.0871 (0.4); 6.0694 (1.7); 6.0517 (2.7); 6.0344 (1.7); 6.0167 (0.4); 3.3932 (0.5); 3.3181 (1042.7); 3.2869 (0.5); 2.8287 (0.3); 2.7851 (0.3); 2.7727 (0.6); 2.7530 (0.3); 2.6793 (4.0); 2.6746 (10.9); 2.6704 (11.4); 2.6658 (8.2); 2.6610 (4.6); 2.6560 (6.6); 2.6370 (5.4); 2.5238 (31.4); 2.5191 (45.0); 2.5104 (536.1); 2.5059 (1125.9); 2.5012 (1570.1); 2.4967 (1194.0); 2.4922 (584.6); 2.3373 (3.0); 2.3328 (7.0); 2.3282 (9.9); 2.3236 (7.1); 2.3192 (3.3); 2.1497 (0.5); 1.9802 (0.4); 1.9528 (0.5); 1.9145 (0.3); 1.7597 (0.4); 1.7396 (2.0); 1.7213 (4.0); 1.7029 (3.9); 1.6843 (2.0); 1.6655 (0.6); 1.6088 (9.3); 1.5913 (9.3); 1.3358 (0.6); 1.2970 (0.4); 1.2698 (0.3); 1.2588 (0.6); 1.2497 (1.1); 1.2327 (2.5); 1.2131 (1.8); 1.1929 (1.5); 1.1761 (0.8); 1.1533 (0.4); 0.9561 (7.6); 0.9378 (15.6); 0.9193 (6.9); 0.8698 (0.5); 0.8542 (0.6); 0.1459 (5.0); 0.0394 (0.4); 0.0262 (1.0); 0.0241 (0.9); 0.0204 (1.5); 0.0189 (1.4); 0.0167 (1.7); 0.0152 (1.4); 0.0081 (40.0); -0.0002 (1284.7); -0.0085 (40.4); -0.0232 (0.9); -0.0350 (0.5); -0.1496 (5.0)	429.3

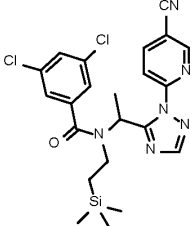
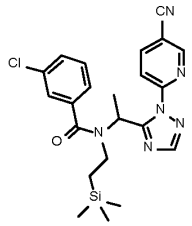
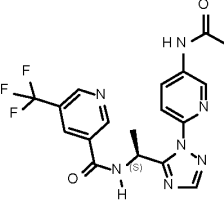
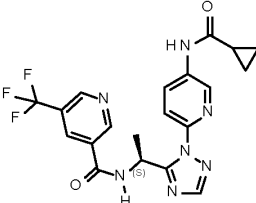
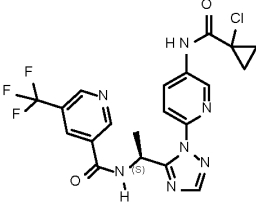
I-133		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4393 (2.1); 9.4218 (2.2); 9.0317 (3.9); 9.0299 (4.3); 9.0262 (4.2); 9.0243 (4.1); 8.5390 (3.7); 8.5334 (3.5); 8.5174 (3.9); 8.5118 (3.9); 8.3146 (4.5); 8.1639 (4.0); 8.1065 (3.9); 8.0710 (3.5); 8.0296 (4.2); 8.0278 (4.3); 8.0081 (3.9); 8.0062 (4.1); 6.1175 (0.4); 6.1008 (1.7); 6.0833 (2.7); 6.0658 (1.7); 6.0486 (0.3); 3.3636 (0.4); 3.3193 (627.5); 3.2961 (1.2); 2.8907 (1.5); 2.7307 (1.3); 2.6754 (7.5); 2.6704 (7.6); 2.6658 (5.6); 2.6585 (6.6); 2.6393 (4.4); 2.6134 (0.4); 2.5815 (0.7); 2.5240 (22.1); 2.5193 (31.7); 2.5106 (397.2); 2.5060 (813.7); 2.5014 (1096.3); 2.4968 (808.9); 2.4922 (391.9); 2.3373 (2.3); 2.3329 (5.0); 2.3283 (7.1); 2.3237 (5.0); 2.3191 (2.3); 1.9885 (0.6); 1.7588 (0.4); 1.7401 (1.9); 1.7220 (3.8); 1.7034 (3.7); 1.6851 (1.9); 1.6659 (0.5); 1.6301 (9.2); 1.6127 (9.1); 1.3981 (10.5); 1.2402 (0.6); 1.2210 (0.7); 1.2036 (0.4); 1.1750 (0.4); 0.9543 (7.7); 0.9359 (16.0); 0.9174 (7.0); 0.1459 (3.2); 0.0265 (0.4); 0.0170 (1.0); 0.0081 (25.3); -0.0002 (844.0); -0.0085 (27.0); -0.0177 (1.0); -0.0199 (0.9); -0.0222 (0.8); -0.0295 (0.6); -0.0331 (0.5); -0.0368 (0.4); -0.1495 (3.3)	463.2
I-134		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3538 (2.3); 9.3359 (2.4); 9.0246 (3.7); 9.0230 (4.2); 9.0191 (4.1); 9.0174 (4.0); 8.5376 (3.4); 8.5320 (3.2); 8.5161 (3.6); 8.5105 (3.6); 8.3148 (1.8); 8.0275 (4.2); 8.0260 (4.4); 8.0060 (3.9); 8.0044 (4.1); 7.9584 (3.2); 7.9542 (5.2); 7.9503 (3.5); 7.7784 (3.2); 7.7304 (3.2); 7.7278 (3.5); 6.0951 (0.3); 6.0780 (1.7); 6.0605 (2.8); 6.0430 (1.8); 6.0255 (0.3); 3.3188 (161.4); 3.2947 (0.5); 2.6756 (5.9); 2.6706 (3.7); 2.6659 (2.8); 2.6576 (6.5); 2.6387 (4.4); 2.5240 (9.7); 2.5193 (14.2); 2.5106 (176.1); 2.5061 (358.8); 2.5015 (484.4); 2.4969 (358.8); 2.4924 (174.4); 2.3375 (1.0); 2.3330 (2.2); 2.3283 (3.1); 2.3238 (2.2); 2.3193 (1.0); 1.9885 (0.4); 1.7582 (0.4); 1.7400 (2.0); 1.7217 (4.0); 1.7034 (4.0); 1.6849 (2.0); 1.6665 (0.5); 1.6208 (9.6); 1.6034 (9.6); 1.3979 (8.2); 1.2341 (0.8); 1.2164 (0.9); 1.1997 (0.5); 1.1748 (0.3); 0.9541 (7.8); 0.9357 (16.0); 0.9172 (7.1); 0.1459 (1.6); 0.0079 (11.6); -0.0003 (373.3); -0.0086 (12.1); -0.0168 (0.7); -0.0219 (0.5); -0.1497 (1.6)	479.3
I-135		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5559 (3.1); 9.5386 (3.2); 9.3701 (6.0); 9.3691 (6.8); 9.3635 (6.5); 9.3622 (6.7); 9.2269 (5.6); 9.2223 (5.7); 9.1292 (5.0); 9.1261 (5.0); 8.8560 (5.4); 8.8491 (5.2); 8.8334 (5.7); 8.8265 (5.6); 8.5582 (5.3); 8.3141 (0.4); 8.2872 (15.8); 8.1656 (6.9); 8.1643 (7.4); 8.1430 (6.4); 8.1417 (6.9); 6.2011 (0.6); 6.1837 (2.6); 6.1663 (4.1); 6.1489 (2.6); 6.1315 (0.6); 3.3167 (44.1); 2.6804 (0.4); 2.6758 (0.8); 2.6712 (1.0); 2.6667 (0.8); 2.6621 (0.4); 2.5248 (3.3); 2.5200 (5.2); 2.5114 (60.6); 2.5069 (121.4); 2.5023 (159.6); 2.4976 (115.2); 2.4931 (55.2); 2.3382 (0.3); 2.3337 (0.7); 2.3291 (1.0); 2.3245 (0.7); 1.6799 (16.0); 1.6625 (15.9); 0.1460 (0.4); 0.0080 (3.5); -0.0002 (101.9); -0.0085 (3.1); -0.1496 (0.4)	408.2
I-136		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 8.9737 (1.3); 8.9681 (1.4); 8.4655 (0.9); 8.4597 (0.9); 8.4443 (1.0); 8.4384 (1.0); 8.3576 (0.3); 8.3158 (16.0); 8.1974 (3.4); 8.1340 (1.3); 8.0834 (1.4); 8.0511 (1.2); 7.9734 (1.3); 7.9522 (1.3); 7.6319 (0.5); 7.6100 (0.4); 7.3319 (0.6); 6.0962 (0.6); 6.0894 (0.3); 6.0788 (0.6); 3.3213 (1.4); 3.2975 (1.8); 3.1343 (0.4); 3.1237 (1.6); 3.1064 (1.6); 2.6715 (0.3); 2.5249 (1.0); 2.5113 (20.5); 2.5070 (40.4); 2.5025 (52.2); 2.4979 (37.9); 2.4936 (18.6); 1.9891 (0.4); 1.8751 (0.4); 1.8582 (0.6); 1.8412 (0.5); 1.6609 (3.0); 1.6435 (3.0); 0.9134 (7.9); 0.8967 (7.6); 0.0079 (0.7); -0.0002 (23.6); -0.0084 (1.0)	495.3

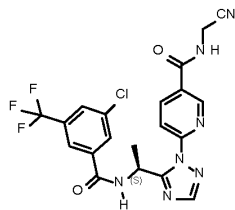
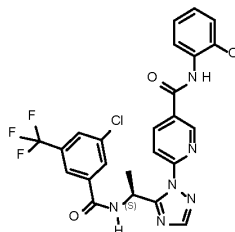
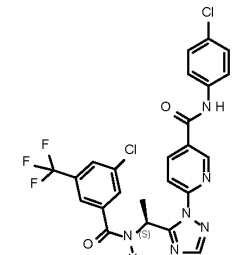
I-137		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.2440 (7.1); 9.3462 (3.9); 9.3284 (4.0); 8.7162 (6.3); 8.7099 (6.4); 8.3154 (0.5); 8.2783 (3.6); 8.2718 (3.5); 8.2562 (4.0); 8.2497 (4.0); 8.1091 (16.0); 8.0936 (6.8); 8.0430 (14.4); 8.0410 (13.9); 7.7720 (6.7); 7.7500 (6.2); 5.9579 (0.5); 5.9411 (2.4); 5.9236 (3.8); 5.9060 (2.5); 5.8886 (0.5); 4.0562 (1.0); 4.0384 (3.1); 4.0206 (3.1); 4.0029 (1.0); 3.3224 (90.6); 2.6760 (0.8); 2.6716 (1.2); 2.6673 (0.9); 2.5249 (3.5); 2.5071 (139.1); 2.5027 (185.8); 2.4983 (141.9); 2.3340 (0.8); 2.3295 (1.2); 2.3252 (0.9); 2.2714 (10.5); 2.2538 (10.8); 1.9891 (13.7); 1.6295 (14.1); 1.6122 (14.1); 1.3975 (3.6); 1.2342 (0.6); 1.1933 (3.5); 1.1755 (7.0); 1.1577 (3.4); 1.1110 (0.4); 1.1040 (0.7); 1.0917 (1.3); 1.0858 (1.2); 1.0736 (2.1); 1.0614 (1.3); 1.0540 (1.4); 1.0418 (0.8); 1.0364 (0.5); 0.5220 (1.8); 0.5110 (5.4); 0.5073 (6.0); 0.4970 (2.7); 0.4910 (5.4); 0.4871 (5.6); 0.4769 (2.0); 0.2279 (2.0); 0.2145 (7.0); 0.2022 (6.8); 0.1909 (1.6); 0.1457 (0.4); 0.0079 (2.6); -0.0002 (72.4); -0.0082 (3.1); -0.1497 (0.3)	493.3
I-138		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3869 (3.8); 9.3684 (3.8); 9.1605 (6.6); 9.1563 (6.5); 9.1100 (5.9); 9.1071 (5.8); 8.4889 (6.2); 8.3150 (1.0); 8.0303 (0.5); 8.0132 (15.8); 7.7941 (6.9); 7.7872 (6.9); 7.4088 (6.5); 7.3872 (7.5); 7.1205 (4.4); 7.1134 (4.2); 7.0988 (3.8); 7.0918 (3.8); 5.8202 (0.7); 5.8022 (2.6); 5.7846 (4.1); 5.7668 (2.7); 5.7497 (0.6); 5.6680 (12.8); 4.0558 (1.1); 4.0379 (3.4); 4.0201 (3.4); 4.0023 (1.1); 3.3206 (140.2); 2.8911 (0.5); 2.7317 (0.5); 2.6752 (2.3); 2.6707 (3.0); 2.6664 (2.2); 2.5238 (11.8); 2.5062 (369.4); 2.5018 (467.7); 2.4973 (337.0); 2.3331 (2.2); 2.3287 (2.8); 2.3242 (2.0); 1.9886 (14.8); 1.9084 (0.9); 1.5942 (16.0); 1.5769 (15.8); 1.2361 (0.4); 1.1927 (3.9); 1.1750 (7.7); 1.1572 (3.8); 0.1458 (0.9); 0.0076 (8.6); -0.0003 (182.3); -0.0084 (6.2); -0.1496 (0.9)	378.3
I-139		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 12.9880 (0.4); 10.8615 (2.6); 9.3466 (1.1); 9.3404 (1.1); 9.3289 (1.2); 9.3232 (1.1); 8.7075 (1.6); 8.7002 (2.8); 8.6929 (1.7); 8.3152 (0.7); 8.2591 (1.0); 8.2524 (1.1); 8.2492 (1.2); 8.2424 (1.0); 8.2370 (1.2); 8.2303 (1.3); 8.2271 (1.2); 8.2204 (1.1); 8.1190 (9.4); 8.0903 (2.7); 8.0869 (2.9); 8.0346 (5.8); 7.8005 (2.6); 7.7784 (2.4); 5.9448 (1.2); 5.9273 (2.0); 5.9097 (1.3); 4.1564 (0.3); 4.0558 (1.1); 4.0380 (3.5); 4.0202 (3.6); 4.0024 (1.2); 3.3205 (69.6); 2.8851 (0.5); 2.8615 (0.7); 2.8520 (0.6); 2.8375 (0.6); 2.8317 (0.6); 2.8254 (0.6); 2.8045 (0.5); 2.6799 (0.6); 2.6754 (1.2); 2.6708 (1.8); 2.6663 (1.3); 2.6618 (0.6); 2.6521 (0.3); 2.6321 (0.4); 2.6253 (0.4); 2.6178 (0.3); 2.6051 (0.4); 2.5973 (0.4); 2.5913 (0.4); 2.5707 (0.5); 2.5244 (4.8); 2.5196 (7.2); 2.5110 (102.6); 2.5065 (210.5); 2.5019 (278.7); 2.4972 (199.7); 2.4927 (94.8); 2.3379 (0.6); 2.3332 (1.3); 2.3287 (1.8); 2.3241 (1.3); 2.3195 (0.6); 2.0863 (0.6); 2.0693 (0.9); 2.0575 (1.3); 2.0477 (1.0); 2.0367 (1.2); 2.0316 (1.2); 2.0176 (0.9); 2.0032 (0.6); 1.9887 (16.0); 1.9753 (0.3); 1.9621 (0.4); 1.9484 (0.4); 1.9448 (0.6); 1.9283 (0.4); 1.9243 (0.6); 1.9189 (0.3); 1.9126 (0.4); 1.9080 (0.6); 1.9045 (0.4); 1.8969 (0.4); 1.8926 (0.5); 1.8768 (0.4); 1.6336 (7.8); 1.6162 (7.8); 1.2351 (0.3); 1.1929 (4.3); 1.1751 (8.6); 1.1573 (4.2); 0.1460 (0.6); 0.0079 (4.5); -0.0002 (144.5); -0.0086 (4.4); -0.1496 (0.6)	515.1

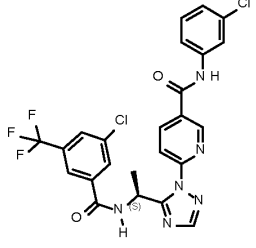
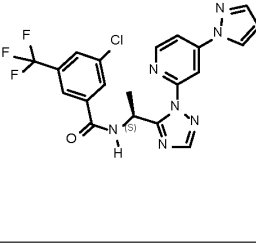
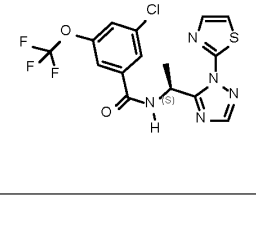
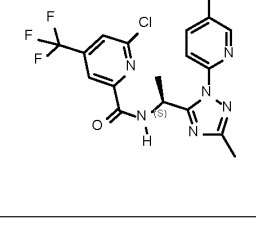
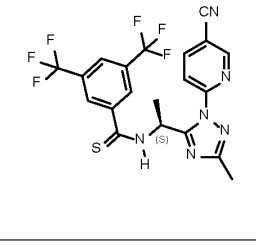
I-140		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.7211 (2.5); 9.3184 (1.0); 9.3124 (1.1); 9.3010 (1.1); 9.2948 (1.0); 8.6700 (1.6); 8.6632 (2.8); 8.6564 (1.5); 8.3148 (0.6); 8.2507 (0.8); 8.2443 (0.8); 8.2348 (1.0); 8.2286 (1.7); 8.2222 (1.0); 8.2128 (1.0); 8.2062 (1.0); 8.1094 (8.6); 8.0653 (2.0); 8.0616 (1.8); 8.0213 (1.6); 8.0157 (1.8); 8.0000 (3.2); 7.9977 (3.1); 7.7494 (1.6); 7.7416 (1.7); 7.7274 (1.5); 7.7197 (1.6); 7.2702 (1.0); 7.2609 (1.0); 7.2481 (1.0); 5.9161 (0.6); 5.9079 (0.7); 5.8985 (1.0); 5.8901 (1.0); 5.8810 (0.7); 5.8727 (0.7); 4.0560 (0.7); 4.0382 (2.2); 4.0204 (2.2); 4.0026 (0.8); 3.3251 (248.1); 2.6802 (0.5); 2.6759 (1.0); 2.6713 (1.4); 2.6668 (1.0); 2.6621 (0.5); 2.5248 (4.5); 2.5200 (6.8); 2.5114 (86.6); 2.5069 (174.2); 2.5023 (227.7); 2.4977 (162.8); 2.4932 (77.1); 2.3381 (0.5); 2.3337 (1.0); 2.3291 (1.4); 2.3246 (1.0); 2.3200 (0.4); 2.2860 (1.8); 2.2804 (2.0); 2.2717 (4.0); 1.9889 (9.7); 1.6325 (6.3); 1.6152 (6.3); 1.3333 (12.7); 1.2856 (16.0); 1.2596 (1.1); 1.2462 (0.4); 1.2286 (1.7); 1.1931 (2.6); 1.1753 (5.3); 1.1575 (2.6); 0.1460 (0.4); 0.0080 (3.5); -0.0002 (110.2); -0.0086 (3.3); -0.1495 (0.4)	635.2
I-141		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.2937 (3.8); 9.3415 (2.2); 9.3236 (2.2); 8.7073 (3.9); 8.7013 (4.0); 8.2608 (2.4); 8.2543 (2.3); 8.2387 (2.6); 8.2322 (2.6); 8.1084 (10.9); 8.0927 (4.0); 8.0414 (6.3); 7.7626 (4.3); 7.7405 (4.1); 5.9510 (0.3); 5.9334 (1.6); 5.9159 (2.5); 5.8983 (1.6); 5.8812 (0.3); 4.0382 (0.9); 4.0205 (0.9); 3.3236 (48.1); 2.9443 (0.5); 2.7843 (0.4); 2.6760 (0.5); 2.6714 (0.8); 2.6668 (0.6); 2.5249 (1.9); 2.5202 (2.9); 2.5115 (43.7); 2.5070 (91.6); 2.5024 (122.8); 2.4978 (89.7); 2.4933 (43.8); 2.4066 (1.9); 2.3878 (6.2); 2.3690 (6.4); 2.3501 (2.0); 2.3338 (0.6); 2.3293 (0.8); 2.3246 (0.6); 1.9894 (4.1); 1.9575 (0.4); 1.6278 (9.3); 1.6104 (9.2); 1.1927 (1.1); 1.1749 (2.3); 1.1571 (1.1); 1.1224 (7.4); 1.1036 (16.0); 1.0848 (7.1); 0.9873 (0.4); -0.0002 (6.1)	467.3
I-142		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.7494 (7.0); 9.3704 (3.4); 9.3527 (3.4); 8.9042 (6.1); 8.8980 (6.0); 8.4403 (3.8); 8.4338 (3.7); 8.4182 (4.2); 8.4117 (4.2); 8.1397 (16.0); 8.1142 (6.0); 8.0600 (6.2); 8.0415 (9.0); 8.0369 (9.0); 8.0322 (4.6); 7.9570 (2.4); 7.9542 (3.4); 7.9506 (2.4); 7.9377 (2.8); 7.9344 (3.7); 7.9312 (2.6); 7.8544 (6.3); 7.8321 (5.9); 7.7337 (2.1); 7.7312 (2.5); 7.7286 (2.3); 7.7260 (2.2); 7.7137 (3.2); 7.7112 (3.4); 7.7085 (3.5); 7.7059 (3.1); 7.6362 (4.6); 7.6166 (6.8); 7.5969 (2.9); 6.0046 (0.5); 5.9875 (2.3); 5.9699 (3.6); 5.9524 (2.3); 5.9347 (0.5); 4.0383 (0.7); 4.0205 (0.7); 3.3234 (104.8); 2.6805 (0.5); 2.6759 (1.0); 2.6714 (1.4); 2.6668 (1.0); 2.6625 (0.5); 2.5248 (4.4); 2.5200 (7.0); 2.5114 (84.1); 2.5070 (170.0); 2.5024 (223.7); 2.4978 (161.6); 2.4933 (78.0); 2.3382 (0.5); 2.3338 (1.0); 2.3292 (1.4); 2.3247 (1.0); 2.3203 (0.5); 2.0089 (0.4); 1.9894 (3.5); 1.6530 (13.2); 1.6356 (13.2); 1.3514 (0.3); 1.2985 (0.7); 1.2585 (1.2); 1.2334 (3.6); 1.1927 (1.0); 1.1749 (2.0); 1.1571 (1.0); 0.8700 (0.3); 0.8532 (0.9); 0.8358 (0.4); 0.0079 (0.4); -0.0002 (10.7); -0.0086 (0.4)	549.1

I-143		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, DMF): δ= 9.4136 (2.4); 9.4017 (2.4); 8.3162 (5.6); 8.3115 (5.7); 8.2275 (5.2); 8.2250 (3.4); 8.1907 (5.1); 8.1900 (5.0); 8.1098 (12.9); 8.0498 (4.6); 8.0278 (1.6); 7.8510 (5.0); 7.8362 (6.8); 7.7550 (4.4); 7.7500 (4.3); 7.7402 (3.3); 7.7351 (3.3); 6.1037 (0.5); 6.0921 (2.4); 6.0803 (3.7); 6.0686 (2.4); 6.0569 (0.5); 4.2934 (3.7); 4.2831 (7.5); 4.2727 (3.8); 3.4902 (16.0); 2.9227 (0.9); 2.9196 (1.9); 2.9164 (2.7); 2.9133 (1.9); 2.9101 (0.9); 2.7541 (1.0); 2.7509 (2.1); 2.7476 (3.0); 2.7444 (2.1); 2.7412 (1.0); 2.5734 (0.5); 2.5637 (0.3); 2.5602 (0.6); 2.5544 (1.9); 2.5460 (1.3); 2.5412 (1.7); 2.5354 (2.4); 2.5274 (2.4); 2.5221 (1.7); 2.5167 (1.3); 2.5085 (2.0); 2.5031 (0.6); 2.4986 (0.3); 2.4895 (0.6); 2.1053 (1.3); 2.0950 (3.0); 2.0921 (1.5); 2.0851 (2.4); 2.0814 (2.5); 2.0783 (2.5); 2.0682 (2.8); 2.0579 (1.1); 1.7200 (14.6); 1.7084 (14.7); 1.2976 (0.4); 1.2881 (0.5); 1.2779 (0.4); -0.0001 (3.0)	522.1
I-144		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4218 (1.8); 9.4041 (1.9); 8.9643 (3.3); 8.9600 (3.4); 8.9586 (3.2); 8.7740 (0.8); 8.7605 (1.7); 8.7470 (0.8); 8.4565 (2.4); 8.4506 (2.3); 8.4352 (2.6); 8.4293 (2.6); 8.1986 (9.4); 8.1387 (3.4); 8.1351 (2.4); 8.0874 (3.4); 8.0586 (3.1); 7.9699 (3.5); 7.9685 (3.4); 7.9486 (3.2); 7.9471 (3.2); 6.1036 (1.3); 6.0862 (2.1); 6.0687 (1.4); 4.0558 (1.1); 4.0380 (3.5); 4.0203 (3.5); 4.0025 (1.2); 3.3564 (0.8); 3.3385 (2.8); 3.3226 (91.7); 3.3067 (2.8); 3.2888 (0.8); 2.6799 (0.4); 2.6755 (0.8); 2.6710 (1.1); 2.6664 (0.8); 2.6617 (0.4); 2.5245 (3.0); 2.5198 (4.4); 2.5111 (64.2); 2.5066 (132.8); 2.5020 (176.4); 2.4974 (127.2); 2.4929 (61.0); 2.3378 (0.3); 2.3334 (0.7); 2.3289 (1.0); 2.3242 (0.8); 2.3195 (0.4); 1.9892 (16.0); 1.6569 (8.0); 1.6395 (7.9); 1.1926 (4.3); 1.1748 (8.7); 1.1657 (6.3); 1.1570 (4.5); 1.1476 (13.5); 1.1296 (6.0); -0.0001 (5.4)	467.2
I-145		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4302 (1.8); 9.4261 (1.8); 9.4128 (1.9); 9.4084 (1.7); 8.9790 (2.5); 8.9748 (4.6); 8.9697 (2.7); 8.4668 (3.3); 8.4610 (3.2); 8.4455 (4.8); 8.4397 (4.6); 8.4268 (1.6); 8.4206 (1.4); 8.1982 (11.5); 8.1377 (2.6); 8.1333 (2.8); 8.1285 (2.5); 8.0881 (2.7); 8.0843 (2.5); 8.0802 (2.6); 8.0557 (4.3); 7.9674 (4.7); 7.9461 (4.4); 6.1243 (0.4); 6.1071 (1.5); 6.0899 (2.4); 6.0724 (1.6); 6.0555 (0.4); 4.0559 (1.2); 4.0381 (3.5); 4.0203 (3.6); 4.0025 (1.2); 3.8892 (1.0); 3.8721 (1.7); 3.8514 (1.7); 3.8343 (1.0); 3.3228 (146.2); 2.6756 (1.0); 2.6710 (1.5); 2.6664 (1.1); 2.6619 (0.5); 2.5245 (3.8); 2.5197 (5.9); 2.5111 (91.2); 2.5066 (184.4); 2.5020 (241.0); 2.4975 (172.2); 2.4930 (82.3); 2.3380 (0.6); 2.3334 (1.1); 2.3289 (1.5); 2.3244 (1.1); 2.3200 (0.5); 1.9892 (16.0); 1.8028 (0.7); 1.7958 (0.7); 1.7860 (1.2); 1.7787 (1.2); 1.7691 (1.3); 1.7618 (1.2); 1.7524 (0.8); 1.7450 (0.7); 1.6630 (9.0); 1.6457 (8.9); 1.3975 (3.2); 1.1926 (4.3); 1.1748 (8.5); 1.1570 (4.2); 1.1294 (12.1); 1.1125 (12.0); 0.9130 (9.8); 0.9080 (8.3); 0.8984 (15.7); 0.8912 (8.0); 0.8817 (6.6); -0.0002 (7.4)	509.3

I-146		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.9677 (3.1); 9.3787 (1.6); 9.3609 (1.6); 8.8235 (2.7); 8.8177 (2.7); 8.4188 (1.7); 8.4123 (1.6); 8.3967 (1.9); 8.3902 (1.9); 8.1364 (8.6); 8.1074 (3.0); 8.1037 (2.0); 8.0582 (5.9); 7.8603 (2.8); 7.8381 (2.7); 7.6510 (1.5); 7.6470 (1.5); 7.6327 (2.1); 7.6281 (2.1); 7.6223 (1.3); 7.6190 (1.4); 7.6022 (2.4); 7.5993 (2.5); 7.5762 (1.2); 7.5718 (1.2); 7.5580 (2.0); 7.5535 (1.7); 7.5383 (1.2); 7.5335 (1.0); 7.5182 (1.6); 7.5145 (1.6); 7.4998 (2.0); 7.4962 (2.0); 7.4814 (0.8); 7.4779 (0.7); 5.9770 (1.1); 5.9594 (1.7); 5.9419 (1.1); 4.0558 (1.1); 4.0380 (3.4); 4.0202 (3.4); 4.0024 (1.1); 3.5855 (0.5); 3.5797 (0.3); 3.3326 (505.3); 2.6804 (0.4); 2.6759 (0.9); 2.6713 (1.2); 2.6667 (0.9); 2.6621 (0.4); 2.5248 (3.3); 2.5202 (4.7); 2.5115 (71.1); 2.5069 (148.2); 2.5023 (197.1); 2.4976 (139.9); 2.4931 (65.3); 2.3384 (0.4); 2.3337 (0.8); 2.3291 (1.2); 2.3245 (0.9); 2.3198 (0.4); 1.9890 (16.0); 1.6478 (6.2); 1.6304 (6.2); 1.3974 (0.6); 1.1925 (4.4); 1.1747 (9.0); 1.1569 (4.3); -0.0002 (6.8)	549.1
I-147		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3534 (2.9); 9.3345 (3.0); 9.1036 (5.3); 9.1017 (5.9); 9.0981 (5.9); 9.0962 (5.7); 8.5861 (4.9); 8.5806 (4.8); 8.5647 (5.3); 8.5591 (5.4); 8.2994 (6.3); 8.2979 (6.5); 8.2914 (16.0); 8.2100 (0.6); 8.1457 (6.5); 8.1436 (6.4); 8.0914 (5.9); 8.0896 (6.2); 8.0700 (5.5); 8.0681 (5.8); 6.1604 (0.5); 6.1432 (2.2); 6.1253 (3.2); 6.1073 (2.3); 6.0901 (0.5); 3.3225 (86.9); 2.6803 (0.4); 2.6758 (0.9); 2.6713 (1.2); 2.6667 (0.9); 2.6621 (0.4); 2.5248 (3.3); 2.5202 (4.7); 2.5114 (69.9); 2.5069 (146.3); 2.5023 (196.1); 2.4977 (141.1); 2.4931 (67.1); 2.3384 (0.4); 2.3338 (0.8); 2.3291 (1.2); 2.3245 (0.8); 2.3201 (0.4); 2.0756 (2.3); 1.6521 (14.2); 1.6349 (14.2); 1.3431 (0.5); 1.3265 (0.6); 1.2345 (0.4); -0.0002 (10.1)	422.2
I-148		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN 260 K): δ= 8.8025 (4.3); 8.7991 (4.5); 8.3741 (2.5); 8.3706 (2.5); 8.3597 (2.8); 8.3562 (2.8); 8.2360 (1.8); 8.2325 (2.1); 8.2216 (1.9); 8.2181 (2.3); 8.1820 (3.5); 8.1788 (3.2); 8.1437 (8.9); 8.1065 (4.9); 8.0992 (10.8); 8.0924 (5.0); 8.0468 (0.7); 7.9157 (3.7); 7.9086 (3.4); 7.9017 (3.4); 7.7346 (9.9); 7.6845 (6.1); 6.5364 (0.9); 6.5248 (2.8); 6.5131 (2.8); 6.5015 (0.8); 6.1662 (0.7); 6.1547 (2.2); 6.1432 (2.2); 6.1316 (0.7); 3.8758 (1.4); 3.8640 (4.3); 3.8523 (4.4); 3.8405 (1.4); 3.2475 (0.4); 3.2357 (1.3); 3.2235 (1.5); 3.2096 (1.8); 3.1976 (1.6); 3.1857 (0.5); 3.0266 (0.5); 3.0148 (1.6); 3.0027 (1.8); 2.9889 (1.5); 2.9767 (1.2); 2.9649 (0.4); 2.8937 (1.1); 2.7748 (1.0); 2.2942 (8.4); 2.0803 (0.5); 2.0764 (0.8); 2.0725 (0.9); 2.0681 (0.8); 2.0637 (0.8); 2.0597 (0.4); 2.0175 (0.4); 2.0135 (0.4); 2.0094 (0.3); 1.9990 (0.4); 1.9969 (0.4); 1.9928 (0.7); 1.9859 (23.1); 1.9777 (5.0); 1.9733 (6.8); 1.9699 (48.7); 1.9658 (88.7); 1.9617 (129.3); 1.9577 (90.1); 1.9536 (46.0); 1.8946 (0.3); 1.8508 (0.5); 1.8467 (0.7); 1.8426 (0.5); 1.7467 (11.4); 1.7341 (16.0); 1.7214 (8.7); 1.2365 (4.6); 1.2248 (9.5); 1.2130 (4.4); 0.6549 (5.8); 0.6430 (12.1); 0.6311 (5.6); 0.0968 (0.4); 0.0114 (0.4); 0.0051 (2.6); -0.0001 (72.8); -0.0051 (2.7); -0.1002 (0.4)	483.2
I-149		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN 260 K): δ= 8.8256 (0.8); 8.8221 (0.8); 8.3746 (0.5); 8.3710 (0.5); 8.3603 (0.5); 8.3567 (0.5); 8.1388 (1.8); 8.1019 (1.4); 8.0927 (0.8); 8.0874 (1.0); 7.7483 (1.8); 7.7131 (0.6); 6.5336 (0.5); 6.5220 (0.5); 2.2945 (1.7); 1.9860 (0.6); 1.9779 (0.5); 1.9734 (0.6); 1.9700 (5.1); 1.9660 (9.4); 1.9618 (13.8); 1.9577 (9.6); 1.9536 (5.0); 1.7445 (2.2); 1.7365 (1.0); 1.7329 (2.2); 0.5631 (0.3); 0.5563 (0.3); 0.0745 (5.6); -0.0001 (8.1); -0.0063 (0.5); -0.3989 (16.0)	555.2

I-150		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN 260 K): δ= 8.8194 (0.8); 8.8159 (0.8); 8.3625 (0.5); 8.3588 (0.5); 8.3481 (0.6); 8.3441 (0.8); 8.3394 (0.5); 8.1265 (1.7); 8.0938 (1.0); 8.0873 (0.8); 8.0729 (0.7); 7.9348 (0.4); 7.9205 (0.4); 7.5382 (0.5); 7.5351 (1.0); 7.5321 (0.5); 7.3592 (0.5); 7.1723 (2.0); 7.1692 (2.0); 7.0311 (0.7); 7.0288 (0.8); 6.4676 (0.5); 6.4560 (0.5); 2.2934 (4.0); 1.9858 (2.2); 1.9776 (0.9); 1.9733 (1.2); 1.9697 (9.8); 1.9657 (17.9); 1.9615 (26.2); 1.9574 (18.1); 1.9533 (9.3); 1.7423 (1.1); 1.7308 (1.1); 1.7058 (2.0); 1.6942 (2.0); 0.0640 (9.0); 0.0052 (0.5); -0.0001 (15.1); -0.0057 (0.8); -0.3284 (0.7); -0.3335 (16.0); -0.3386 (0.7)	453.1
I-151		¹ H-NMR(600.1 MHz, CD ₃ CN 260 K): δ= 8.8161 (0.8); 8.8127 (0.8); 8.3643 (0.5); 8.3607 (0.5); 8.3500 (0.5); 8.3463 (0.5); 8.2275 (0.4); 8.2242 (0.4); 8.1229 (1.7); 8.0873 (0.9); 8.0824 (0.9); 8.0681 (0.8); 7.8980 (0.4); 7.8838 (0.4); 7.4205 (0.5); 7.3931 (0.6); 7.3803 (0.8); 7.3671 (0.4); 7.2520 (0.4); 7.1903 (0.8); 7.1182 (0.6); 7.1057 (0.5); 7.0121 (0.4); 6.4950 (0.5); 6.4834 (0.5); 2.2978 (1.1); 1.9862 (2.8); 1.9780 (0.4); 1.9738 (0.5); 1.9702 (4.3); 1.9661 (7.8); 1.9620 (11.4); 1.9578 (7.9); 1.9537 (4.0); 1.7475 (1.1); 1.7359 (1.1); 1.7133 (2.1); 1.7016 (2.1); 0.5861 (0.3); 0.5794 (0.3); 0.0576 (8.5); 0.0056 (0.4); -0.0001 (7.0); -0.0090 (0.3)	453.2
I-152		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.3751 (2.4); 9.4365 (1.4); 9.4187 (1.4); 9.1644 (2.5); 9.1600 (2.6); 9.1114 (2.3); 9.1085 (2.3); 8.6953 (2.5); 8.6892 (2.6); 8.4741 (2.4); 8.2516 (1.4); 8.2451 (1.4); 8.2295 (1.6); 8.2230 (1.6); 8.1208 (6.7); 7.7843 (2.8); 7.7622 (2.6); 5.9725 (1.1); 5.9550 (1.7); 5.9374 (1.1); 3.3384 (74.1); 2.5273 (0.6); 2.5225 (0.9); 2.5137 (13.3); 2.5094 (27.1); 2.5048 (35.5); 2.5002 (25.6); 2.4958 (12.4); 2.1015 (16.0); 1.6450 (6.4); 1.6276 (6.3); -0.0002 (6.8)	420.2
I-153		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.6220 (4.5); 9.4270 (2.7); 9.4093 (2.7); 9.1581 (4.6); 9.1535 (4.5); 9.1073 (4.1); 9.1043 (4.0); 8.7111 (4.9); 8.7055 (4.9); 8.4645 (4.2); 8.2509 (3.2); 8.2444 (3.0); 8.2288 (3.5); 8.2223 (3.4); 8.1186 (13.7); 7.7749 (5.2); 7.7530 (4.8); 5.9832 (0.4); 5.9661 (1.9); 5.9485 (3.0); 5.9308 (1.9); 5.9135 (0.4); 3.3231 (506.4); 2.6796 (1.2); 2.6751 (2.6); 2.6705 (3.6); 2.6660 (2.6); 2.6614 (1.3); 2.5241 (10.4); 2.5193 (15.7); 2.5106 (216.4); 2.5062 (441.0); 2.5016 (578.3); 2.4970 (411.6); 2.4924 (194.2); 2.3373 (1.1); 2.3330 (2.5); 2.3284 (3.5); 2.3238 (2.4); 2.3193 (1.1); 2.0746 (3.0); 1.9889 (1.3); 1.8301 (0.5); 1.8141 (1.4); 1.7994 (2.1); 1.7841 (1.4); 1.7680 (0.6); 1.6408 (11.6); 1.6234 (11.5); 1.1924 (0.5); 1.1746 (0.8); 1.1567 (0.4); 0.8728 (1.6); 0.8654 (7.0); 0.8595 (7.3); 0.8470 (16.0); 0.1460 (0.4); 0.0081 (3.6); -0.0001 (116.7); -0.0084 (3.7); -0.1496 (0.4)	446.2
I-154		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.3497 (4.7); 9.4454 (2.3); 9.4275 (2.4); 9.1691 (3.9); 9.1644 (3.9); 9.1089 (3.4); 9.1056 (3.4); 8.7893 (3.4); 8.7839 (4.5); 8.7828 (4.3); 8.4782 (3.6); 8.3153 (3.2); 8.3087 (3.0); 8.2932 (3.5); 8.2866 (3.5); 8.1373 (11.8); 7.8221 (4.6); 7.8001 (4.3); 7.7991 (4.2); 6.0164 (0.4); 5.9991 (1.7); 5.9817 (2.6); 5.9641 (1.7); 5.9465 (0.4); 3.3216 (222.0); 2.6795 (1.0); 2.6750 (2.0); 2.6704 (2.8); 2.6658 (2.0); 2.6614 (1.0); 2.5240 (7.8); 2.5192 (11.4); 2.5106 (162.0); 2.5060 (335.4); 2.5015 (443.6); 2.4968 (316.9); 2.4923 (149.8); 2.3373 (0.8); 2.3328 (1.9); 2.3283 (2.6); 2.3237 (1.9); 2.3192 (0.8); 1.6495 (4.6); 1.6452 (10.4); 1.6362 (7.2); 1.6280 (16.0); 1.6162 (3.7); 1.5735 (0.3); 1.4332 (3.4); 1.4208 (6.1); 1.4132 (6.4); 1.3995 (2.5); 0.1461 (0.4); 0.0080 (2.6); -0.0001 (92.8); -0.0085 (2.9); -0.1496 (0.3)	480.1

I-155		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.5291 (2.2); 9.4274 (2.7); 9.4098 (2.8); 8.9910 (4.6); 8.9896 (4.8); 8.9853 (4.9); 8.9837 (4.5); 8.4946 (3.4); 8.4887 (3.2); 8.4732 (3.8); 8.4673 (3.7); 8.2165 (13.7); 8.1380 (5.0); 8.0868 (4.9); 8.0572 (4.5); 8.0224 (5.0); 8.0211 (4.9); 8.0011 (4.7); 7.9996 (4.6); 6.1318 (0.4); 6.1144 (1.9); 6.0970 (3.0); 6.0795 (1.9); 6.0623 (0.4); 4.3824 (6.1); 4.0558 (1.1); 4.0380 (3.5); 4.0202 (3.5); 4.0024 (1.2); 3.5856 (0.9); 3.5798 (0.5); 3.3223 (130.0); 2.6799 (0.6); 2.6755 (1.3); 2.6709 (1.8); 2.6663 (1.3); 2.6617 (0.6); 2.5593 (0.4); 2.5244 (5.3); 2.5196 (8.2); 2.5110 (107.8); 2.5065 (218.6); 2.5019 (286.4); 2.4973 (204.0); 2.4927 (96.0); 2.3378 (0.6); 2.3333 (1.2); 2.3287 (1.8); 2.3242 (1.4); 2.3196 (0.6); 1.9891 (16.0); 1.6599 (11.4); 1.6425 (11.4); 1.3974 (1.1); 1.2585 (0.4); 1.2350 (0.6); 1.1925 (4.3); 1.1747 (8.7); 1.1569 (4.2); 0.9506 (0.7); 0.9341 (0.7); 0.8949 (0.3); 0.0080 (1.6); -0.0001 (48.0); -0.0085 (1.4)	478.1
I-156		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.4320 (4.3); 9.4568 (2.2); 9.4393 (2.2); 9.1180 (3.5); 9.1131 (3.4); 8.6036 (2.3); 8.5977 (2.2); 8.5823 (2.5); 8.5764 (2.5); 8.2298 (10.1); 8.1694 (0.7); 8.1567 (3.8); 8.1065 (3.8); 8.0622 (5.8); 8.0398 (3.5); 7.8598 (0.4); 7.6194 (2.2); 7.6154 (2.4); 7.5991 (5.4); 7.5960 (3.2); 7.5822 (3.2); 7.5786 (3.2); 7.4634 (0.4); 7.4445 (1.4); 7.4408 (1.3); 7.4257 (2.6); 7.4219 (2.4); 7.4063 (1.8); 7.4025 (1.6); 7.3616 (2.0); 7.3574 (2.0); 7.3421 (2.3); 7.3380 (2.3); 7.3231 (1.1); 7.3190 (1.1); 6.1690 (0.3); 6.1522 (1.5); 6.1347 (2.3); 6.1172 (1.5); 4.0560 (1.2); 4.0382 (3.5); 4.0204 (3.6); 4.0026 (1.2); 3.5934 (1.1); 3.5858 (5.0); 3.5800 (3.7); 3.3231 (53.1); 2.6759 (0.6); 2.6712 (0.8); 2.6668 (0.6); 2.5598 (0.8); 2.5247 (2.4); 2.5200 (3.5); 2.5113 (47.9); 2.5068 (98.2); 2.5023 (129.9); 2.4977 (93.2); 2.4931 (44.2); 2.3618 (0.6); 2.3433 (1.3); 2.3381 (0.4); 2.3337 (0.7); 2.3288 (0.9); 2.3247 (1.4); 2.3093 (0.4); 2.0094 (0.5); 1.9893 (16.0); 1.7621 (0.5); 1.6822 (8.7); 1.6649 (8.7); 1.5853 (0.4); 1.5681 (0.4); 1.5223 (0.6); 1.2985 (1.0); 1.2584 (1.7); 1.2340 (4.7); 1.1926 (4.4); 1.1748 (8.5); 1.1570 (4.2); 0.8697 (0.4); 0.8533 (1.1); 0.8359 (0.5); 0.0080 (0.6); -0.0002 (21.0); -0.0085 (0.7)	549.1
I-157		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.6524 (4.8); 9.4740 (2.4); 9.4564 (2.4); 9.1129 (3.8); 9.1116 (4.1); 9.1072 (4.0); 9.1058 (3.9); 8.5832 (2.8); 8.5773 (2.6); 8.5618 (3.0); 8.5559 (3.0); 8.2248 (11.5); 8.1736 (4.2); 8.1257 (4.1); 8.0651 (3.9); 8.0556 (4.3); 8.0545 (4.3); 8.0343 (3.8); 8.0330 (4.0); 7.8481 (0.7); 7.8403 (7.0); 7.8352 (2.3); 7.8233 (2.4); 7.8180 (8.2); 7.8104 (0.8); 7.4720 (0.8); 7.4643 (8.6); 7.4591 (2.5); 7.4472 (2.3); 7.4420 (7.8); 7.4344 (0.7); 6.1753 (0.3); 6.1581 (1.6); 6.1407 (2.5); 6.1232 (1.6); 6.1062 (0.3); 4.0570 (1.1); 4.0392 (3.5); 4.0214 (3.5); 4.0036 (1.2); 3.5871 (0.6); 3.5813 (0.4); 3.3275 (36.0); 2.6730 (0.4); 2.5267 (1.2); 2.5219 (1.8); 2.5132 (25.2); 2.5087 (52.0); 2.5042 (68.6); 2.4996 (49.0); 2.4951 (23.1); 2.3310 (0.4); 2.3263 (0.4); 1.9905 (16.0); 1.6840 (9.3); 1.6666 (9.2); 1.3968 (0.4); 1.1935 (4.3); 1.1758 (8.6); 1.1580 (4.2); -0.0002 (7.8)	549.1

I-158		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 10.68 (s, 1H, NH), 9.47 (d, 1H, NH), 9.11 (d, 1H), 8.58-8.56 (dd, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.06-8.04 (m, 2H), 7.98-7.97 (t, 1H), 7.72-7.67 (dd, 1H), 7.44-7.40 (t, 1H), 7.22-7.20 (dd, 1H), 6.18-6.11 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.67 (d, 3H).	549.1
I-159		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4161 (3.3); 9.3984 (3.4); 8.8412 (6.5); 8.8346 (6.5); 8.6186 (6.2); 8.6045 (6.5); 8.2931 (6.7); 8.2885 (7.0); 8.2037 (14.6); 8.1223 (6.2); 8.0726 (6.3); 8.0421 (5.7); 7.9767 (4.1); 7.9716 (4.0); 7.9626 (3.8); 7.9575 (3.8); 7.9290 (7.3); 7.9251 (7.5); 6.6982 (4.4); 6.6937 (5.3); 6.6918 (5.4); 6.6874 (4.5); 6.1026 (0.5); 6.0851 (2.3); 6.0677 (3.6); 6.0502 (2.3); 6.0328 (0.5); 5.7586 (16.0); 3.3437 (0.7); 3.3247 (102.2); 3.2166 (0.5); 2.6763 (0.8); 2.6718 (1.1); 2.6673 (0.8); 2.5252 (3.2); 2.5116 (69.2); 2.5074 (140.6); 2.5029 (186.2); 2.4984 (137.6); 2.4942 (69.2); 2.3343 (0.8); 2.3296 (1.1); 2.3252 (0.9); 1.6634 (13.6); 1.6460 (13.8); 1.2322 (0.5); -0.0002 (1.2)	462.2
I-160		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.4269 (2.4); 9.4102 (2.4); 8.2025 (12.0); 8.0155 (4.0); 8.0114 (6.1); 8.0073 (4.1); 7.7964 (11.1); 7.7916 (5.2); 7.7876 (16.0); 7.7840 (4.3); 7.7600 (12.0); 7.7513 (7.6); 6.0675 (0.4); 6.0503 (1.9); 6.0331 (3.0); 6.0159 (1.9); 5.9986 (0.4); 5.7574 (2.6); 3.3286 (36.3); 2.6743 (0.3); 2.5277 (1.1); 2.5230 (1.7); 2.5144 (20.9); 2.5099 (42.5); 2.5053 (55.4); 2.5006 (39.1); 2.4960 (18.2); 2.3321 (0.4); 2.0883 (0.6); 1.6312 (11.9); 1.6137 (11.8); 0.0081 (0.5); -0.0002 (17.2); -0.0085 (0.4)	418.1
I-161		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 9.3206 (1.3); 9.3011 (1.3); 9.0719 (2.4); 9.0680 (2.4); 9.0664 (2.3); 8.5474 (1.8); 8.5418 (1.7); 8.5259 (1.9); 8.5203 (1.9); 8.2983 (2.8); 8.1546 (2.9); 8.1526 (2.8); 8.0332 (2.4); 8.0317 (2.4); 8.0117 (2.2); 8.0100 (2.2); 6.1386 (1.0); 6.1207 (1.3); 6.1024 (1.0); 3.3226 (78.7); 2.6754 (0.6); 2.6709 (0.9); 2.6665 (0.7); 2.5243 (2.9); 2.5195 (4.5); 2.5110 (55.1); 2.5065 (111.9); 2.5020 (147.5); 2.4974 (107.3); 2.4930 (52.8); 2.3646 (16.0); 2.3377 (0.4); 2.3334 (0.7); 2.3288 (0.9); 2.3243 (0.7); 2.2477 (0.5); 1.6321 (5.9); 1.6149 (5.9); 1.3976 (13.2); 0.0080 (0.4); -0.0001 (11.3); -0.0085 (0.4)	436.1
I-162		¹ H-NMR(400.2 MHz, d ₆ -DMSO): δ= 11.3181 (1.1); 11.3017 (1.1); 9.0273 (2.4); 9.0256 (2.4); 9.0219 (2.6); 9.0200 (2.3); 8.5579 (2.0); 8.5523 (2.0); 8.5363 (2.2); 8.5308 (2.2); 8.2670 (2.1); 8.2111 (4.9); 8.0329 (2.6); 8.0312 (2.4); 8.0114 (2.5); 8.0097 (2.2); 6.4825 (1.0); 6.4654 (1.6); 6.4484 (1.0); 3.3269 (63.1); 2.6760 (0.6); 2.6714 (0.8); 2.6668 (0.6); 2.5249 (2.5); 2.5202 (3.8); 2.5115 (48.3); 2.5070 (98.2); 2.5024 (128.8); 2.4978 (92.9); 2.4934 (44.9); 2.3626 (16.0); 2.3338 (0.6); 2.3293 (0.8); 2.3247 (0.6); 1.9890 (0.6); 1.7729 (5.6); 1.7556 (5.6); 1.3979 (0.7); 1.2343 (0.4); 1.1754 (0.3); 0.0080 (1.0); -0.0002 (33.4); -0.0085 (1.1)	485.2

¹⁾ '260 K' denotes that the measurement was conducted at a temperature of 260 Kelvin.

²⁾ The stated mass corresponds to the peak from the isotope pattern of the [M+H]⁺ ion with the highest intensity. * denotes that the [M-H]⁻ ion was recorded.

Table 2 (Intermediates)

Example	Structure	NMR	ESI mass [m/z] ¹⁾
b*-001		¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): 8.35 (s, 1 H), 8.28 (s, 2 H), 7.06 (t, <i>J</i> = 74 Hz, 1 H), 4.17 (<i>br s</i> , 2 H).	177.2
b*-002		¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): 8.62 (s, 1 H), 8.44 (s, 2 H), 4.25 (s, 2 H).	195.2
b*-003		¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): 9.31 (s, 2 H), 3.46 (s, 3 H).	243.1
b*-004			176.1
a-001		¹ H NMR (DMSO-d ₆ , 400 MHz): 9.11 (d, 1H), 8.80 (<i>br d</i> , 3H), 8.61 (dd, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, 1H), 5.39 (m, 1H), 1.63 (d, 3H).	215.2
a-002			283.0

¹⁾ The stated mass corresponds to the peak from the isotope pattern of the [M+H]⁺ ion with the highest intensity. # denotes that the [M-H]⁻ ion was recorded.

Biological Examples**Ctenocephalides felis – in-vitro contact tests adult cat flea**

9 mg compound is solved in 1 ml acetone and diluted with acetone to the desired concentration. 250µl of the test solution is filled in 25ml glass test tubes and homogeneously distributed on the inner walls by rotation and tilting on a shaking device (2 h at 30 rpm). With a compound concentration of 900 ppm, an inner surface of 44.7 cm² and a homogeneous distribution, a dose of 5µg/cm² is achieved.

After the solvent has evaporated, each test tube is filled with 5-10 adult cat fleas (*Ctenocephalides felis*), closed with a perforated lid and incubated in a lying position at room temperature and relative humidity. After 48 hours efficacy is determined. The fleas are patted on the ground of the tubes and are incubated on a heating plate at 45-50°C for at most 5 minutes. Immotile or uncoordinated moving fleas, which are not able to escape the heat by climbing upwards, are marked as dead or moribund.

A compound shows a good efficacy against *Ctenocephalides felis*, if at a compound concentration of 5 µg/cm² an efficacy of at least 80 % is monitored. An efficacy of 100 % means all fleas are dead or moribund; 0 % means no fleas are dead or moribund.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100% at an application rate of 5 µg/cm² (= 500 g/ha): I-003, I-007, I-009, I-010, I-011, I-012, I-015, I-018, I-019, I-033, I-034, I-037, I-041, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-056, I-061, I-067, I-077, I-080, I-085, I-088, I-089.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90% at an application rate of 5 µg/cm² (= 500 g/ha): I-042, I-052, I-078, I-079, I-081, I-082, I-083.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 80% at an application rate of 5 µg/cm² (= 500 g/ha): I-071, I-074.

Rhipicephalus sanguineus - in-vitro contact tests with adult brown dog ticks

9 mg compound is solved in 1 ml acetone and diluted with acetone to the desired concentration. 250µl of the test solution is filled in 25ml glass test tubes and homogeneously distributed on the inner walls by rotation and tilting on a shaking device (2 h at 30 rpm). With a compound concentration of 900 ppm, an inner surface of 44,7 cm² and a homogeneous distribution, a dose of 5 µg/cm² is achieved.

After the solvent has evaporated, each test tube is filled with 5-10 adult brown dog ticks (*Rhipicephalus sanguineus*), closed with a perforated lid and incubated in a lying position at room temperature and relative humidity. After 48 hours efficacy is determined. The ticks are patted on the ground of the tubes and are incubated on a heating plate at 45-50°C for at most 5 minutes. Immotile or uncoordinated

moving ticks, which are not able to escape the heat by climbing upwards, are marked as dead or moribund.

A compound shows a good efficacy against *Rhipicephalus sanguineus*, if at a compound concentration of 5 µg/cm² an efficacy of at least 80 % is monitored. An efficacy of 100 % means all ticks are dead or moribund; 0 % means no ticks are dead or moribund.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100% at an application rate of 5 µg/cm² (= 500g/ha): I-009, I-010, I-012, I-015, I-049, I-052, I-056, I-067.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 80% at an application rate of 5 µg/cm² (= 500g/ha): I-074.

Boophilus microplus – injection test

Solvent: dimethyl sulfoxide

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 10 mg of active compound are dissolved in 0.5 ml solvent, and the concentrate is diluted with solvent to the desired concentration.

Five adult engorged female ticks (*Boophilus microplus*) are injected with 1 µl compound solution into the abdomen. The ticks are transferred into replica plates and incubated in a climate chamber.

After 7 days egg deposition of fertile eggs is monitored. Eggs where fertility is not visible are stored in a climate chamber till hatching after about 42 days. An efficacy of 100 % means all eggs are infertile; 0 % means all eggs are fertile.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 20 µg /animal: I-003, I-005, I-006, I-007, I-009, I-010, I-011, I-012, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-016, I-018, I-019, I-020, I-022, I-024, I-025, I-026, I-027, I-028, I-030, I-031, I-032, I-033, I-034, I-036, I-037, I-039, I-040, I-041, I-042, I-044, I-045, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-053, I-055, I-056, I-058, I-061, I-062, I-063, I-066, I-067, I-068, I-069, I-070, I-073, I-074, I-076, I-077, I-078, I-080.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 20 µg /animal: I-017.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 80 % at an application rate of 20 µg /animal: I-057, I-064.

Boophilus microplus – dip test

Test animal: cattle ticks (*Boophilus microplus*) strane Parhurst, SP-resistant

Solvent: dimethyl sulfoxide

- 5 To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 10 mg of active compound are dissolved in 0.5 ml solvent, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

This compound solution is pipetted into tubes. 8-10 engorged, adult, female cattle ticks (*Boophilus microplus*) are placed in perforated tubes. These tubes are immersed in the aqueous compound solution until the ticks are completely moistened. After the liquid has drained off, the ticks are transferred to a filter paper in a plastic tray and stored in a climate chamber.

- 10 After 7 days egg deposition of fertile eggs is monitored. Eggs where fertility is not visible are stored in a climate chamber till hatching after about 42 days. An efficacy of 100 % means all eggs are infertile; 0 % means all eggs are fertile.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 100 ppm: I-009, I-013, I-019, I-028, I-037, I-041, I-046, I-047, I-049.

- 15 In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 95 % at an application rate of 100 ppm: I-012.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 80 % at an application rate of 100 ppm: I-007, I-042.

Ctenocephalides felis – oral test

- 20 Solvent: dimethyl sulfoxide

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 10 mg of active compound are dissolved in 0.5 ml solvent, and the concentrate is diluted with cattle blood to the desired concentration.

- 25 Approximately 20 adult unfed cat fleas (*Ctenocephalides felis*) are placed in flea chambers. The blood chamber, sealed with parafilm on the bottom, are filled with cattle blood supplied with compound solution and placed on the gauze covered top of the flea chamber, so that the fleas are able to suck the blood. The blood chamber is heated to 37 °C whereas the flea chamber is kept at room temperature.

After 2 days mortality in % is determined. 100 % means all the fleas have been killed; 0 % means none of the fleas have been killed.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 100 ppm: I-003, I-005, I-006, I-007, I-009, I-011, I-012, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-016, I-018, I-019, I-020, I-021, I-024, I-025, I-026, I-027, I-028, I-030, I-032, I-033, I-034, I-036, I-037, I-039, I-040, I-041, I-042, I-044, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-053, I-056, I-058, I-060, I-061, I-062, I-063, I-067, I-073, I-075, I-077, I-078, I-079, I-080, I-083, I-085, I-086, I-088, I-089, I-090, I-092, I-093, I-094, I-095, I-096, I-097, I-098, I-099, I-100.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 95 % at an application rate of 100 ppm: I-045.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 100 ppm: I-057, I-076.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 80 % at an application rate of 100 ppm: I-070, I-074.

Diabrotica balteata – spray test

Solvent: 78.0 parts by weight of acetone

15 1.5 parts by weight of dimethylformamide

Emulsifier: alkylarylpolyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvent, and the concentrate is diluted with water, containing an emulsifier concentration of 1000 ppm, to the desired concentration. Further test concentrations are prepared by dilution with emulsifier containing water.

Soaked wheat seeds (*Triticum aestivum*) are placed in a multiple well plate filled with agar and some water and are incubated for 1 day to germinate (5 seeds per well). The germinated wheat seeds are sprayed with a test solution containing the desired concentration of the active ingredient. Afterwards each unit is infected with 10-20 larvae of the banded cucumber beetle (*Diabrotica balteata*).

25 After 7 days efficacy in % is determined. 100 % means all the seedlings have grown up like in the untreated, uninfected control; 0 % means none of the seedlings have grown.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 160 µg/well (= 500 g/ha): I-001, I-003, I-004, I-005, I-006, I-007, I-008, I-011, I-012, I-013, I-014, I-016, I-018, I-019, I-020, I-022, I-024, I-026, I-027, I-028, I-029, I-031, I-032, I-033, I-034, I-036, I-037, I-038, I-039, I-040, I-041, I-042, I-043, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-

052, I-053, I-054, I-056, I-059, I-061, I-062, I-063, I-065, I-066, I-067, I-068, I-069, I-072, I-073, I-074, I-075, I-076, I-077, I-081, I-082, I-083, I-084, I-085, I-088, I-089, I-090, I-092, I-093, I-096, I-097, I-098, I-099, I-100, I-101, I-103, I-104, I-105, I-106, I-107, I-108, I-110, I-112, I-115, I-116.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 80 % at an application rate of 160 µg/well (= 500 g/ha): I-025, I-030, I-044, I-045, I-057, I-078, I-080, I-103, I-113.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 80 µg/well (= 250 g/ha): I-003, I-005, I-006, I-007, I-008, I-009, I-011, I-012, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-016, I-018, I-019, I-020, I-022, I-024, I-026, I-027, I-028, I-029, I-030, I-032, I-033, I-034, I-036, I-037, I-038, I-039, I-040, I-041, I-042, I-044, I-045, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-052, I-053, I-054, I-056, I-057, I-061, I-062, I-063, I-065, I-066, I-067, I-068, I-072, I-073, I-074, I-075, I-076, I-077, I-078, I-079, I-080, I-081, I-082, I-083, I-084, I-085, I-086, I-088, I-089, I-090, I-092, I-093, I-094, I-096, I-097, I-098, I-099, I-100, I-101, I-102, I-103, I-105, I-106.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 80 % at an application rate of 80 µg/well (= 250 g/ha): I-049, I-060.

Meloidogyne incognita - test

Solvent: 125.0 parts by weight of acetone

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvent, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

Vessels are filled with sand, a solution of the active ingredient, a suspension containing eggs and larvae of the southern root-knot nematode (*Meloidogyne incognita*) and salad seeds. The salad seeds germinate and the seedlings grow. Galls develop in the roots.

After 14 days the nematocidal activity is determined on the basis of the percentage of gall formation. 100% means no galls were found and 0% means the number of galls found on the roots of the treated plants was equal to that in untreated control plants.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 20 ppm: I-001, I-010.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 20 ppm: I-002, I-013.

Myzus persicae – oral test

Solvent: 100 parts by weight acetone

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvent, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

- 5 50 µl compound solution is filled in microtiter plates and 150 µl IPL41 insect medium (33% + 15% sugar) is added to obtain a total volume of 200 µl per well. Afterwards the plates are sealed with parafilm through which a mixed population of the green peach aphid (*Myzus persicae*) can suck on the compound preparation.

After 5 days mortality in % is determined. 100 % means all aphids have been killed and 0 % means none of the aphids have been killed.

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In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 20 ppm: I-006, I-007, I-008.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 20 ppm: I-003.

- 15 In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 4 ppm: I-009, I-010, I-014, I-015, I-021, I-024, I-028, I-030, I-033, I-034, I-036, I-038, I-040, I-041, I-042, I-046, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-054, I-056, I-061, I-063, I-067, I-076, I-077, I-078, I-081, I-098, I-100, I-101, I-103, I-105, I-106, I-107, I-115, I-116.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 4 ppm: I-007, I-018, I-072, I-089, I-104, I-112.

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Myzus persicae – spray test

Solvent: 78.0 parts by weight acetone

1.5 parts by weight dimethylformamide

Emulsifier: alkylaryl polyglycol ether

- 25 To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvents and is diluted with water, containing an emulsifier concentration of 1000 ppm, to the desired concentration. Further test concentrations are prepared by dilution with emulsifier containing water.

Chinese cabbage (*Brassica pekinensis*) leaf disks infected with all instars of the green peach aphid (*Myzus persicae*), are sprayed with a preparation of the active ingredient of the desired concentration.

After 5 days mortality in % is determined. 100 % means all aphids have been killed and 0 % means none of the aphids have been killed.

- 5 In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-013, I-015, I-033, I-034, I-076, I-110, I-115, I-116.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-009, I-014, I-037, I-038, I-054, I-049, I-052, I-056, I-065, I-067, I-073, I-077, I-088, I-089, I-098, I-104, I-105, I-106, I-107.

- 10 In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 100 g/ha: I-015, I-021, I-033, I-034, I-049, I-056, I-116.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 100 g/ha: I-013, I-014, I-024, I-030, I-037, I-054, I-067, I-077, I-089, I-098, I-107, I-110, I-115.

- 15 **Nezara viridula – spray test**

Solvent: 78.0 parts by weight of acetone
1.5 parts by weight of dimethylformamide

Emulsifier: alkylaryl polyglycol ether

- 20 To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvent, and the concentrate is diluted with water, containing an emulsifier concentration of 1000 ppm, to the desired concentration. Further test concentrations are prepared by dilution with emulsifier containing water.

Barley plants (*Hordeum vulgare*) infested with larvae of the southern green stink bug (*Nezara viridula*) are sprayed with a test solution containing the desired concentration of the active ingredient.

- 25 After 4 days mortality in % is determined. 100 % means all the stink bugs have been killed; 0 % means none of the stink bugs have been killed.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-005, I-007, I-009, I-010, I-011, I-012, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-018, I-028, I-029, I-030, I-033, I-034, I-037, I-041, I-042, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-054, I-056, I-

061, I-062, I-067, I-077, I-078, I-080, I-081, I-082, I-085, I-088, I-089, I-090, I-093, I-094, I-100, I-101, I-102, I-103, I-105, I-106, I-107, I-112, I-113, I-115, I-116.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-008, I-019, I-065, I-079, I-092, I-098, I-104, I-110.

- 5 In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 100 g/ha: I-007, I-010, I-012, I-014, I-018, I-023, I-028, I-034, I-037, I-041, I-042, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-056, I-067, I-077, I-080, I-103, I-105, I-107, I-112.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 100 g/ha: I-008, I-054, I-078, I-079, I-081, I-088, I-089, I-116.

10 **Nilaparvata lugens – spray test**

Solvent: 78.0 parts by weight of acetone

1.5 parts by weight of dimethylformamide

Emulsifier: alkylaryl polyglycol ether

- 15 To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvents and is diluted with water, containing an emulsifier concentration of 1000 ppm, to the desired concentration. Further test concentrations are prepared by dilution with emulsifier containing water.

Rice plants (*Oryza sativa*) are sprayed with a preparation of the active ingredient of the desired concentration and the plants are infested with the brown planthopper (*Nilaparvata lugens*).

- 20 After 14 days mortality in % is determined. 100 % means all planthoppers have been killed and 0 % means none of the planthoppers have been killed.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-012, I-014, I-034, I-037, I-039, I-048, I-049, I-066, I-070, I-077, I-078, I-080, I-094.

- 25 In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-041, I-067.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 70 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-069.

Phaedon cochleariae – spray test

Solvent: 78.0 parts by weight of acetone

1.5 parts by weight of dimethylformamide

Emulsifier: alkylarylpolyglycol ether

- 5 To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvents and is diluted with water, containing an emulsifier concentration of 1000 ppm, to the desired concentration. Further test concentrations are prepared by dilution with emulsifier containing water.

- 10 Chinese cabbage (*Brassica pekinensis*) leaf disks are sprayed with a preparation of the active ingredient of the desired concentration. Once dry, the leaf disks are infested with mustard beetle larvae (*Phaedon cochleariae*).

After 7 days mortality in % is determined. 100 % means all beetle larvae have been killed and 0 % means none of the beetle larvae have been killed.

- 15 In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-003, I-005, I-006, I-007, I-008.

Spodoptera frugiperda – spray test

Solvent: 78.0 parts by weight acetone

1.5 parts by weight dimethylformamide

Emulsifier: alkylarylpolyglycol ether

- 20 To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvents and is diluted with water, containing an emulsifier concentration of 1000 ppm, to the desired concentration. Further test concentrations are prepared by dilution with emulsifier containing water.

- 25 Maize (*Zea mays*) leaf sections are sprayed with a preparation of the active ingredient of the desired concentration. Once dry, the leaf sections are infested with fall armyworm larvae (*Spodoptera frugiperda*).

After 7 days mortality in % is determined. 100% means all caterpillars have been killed and 0% means none of the caterpillars have been killed.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-003, I-005, I-006, I-007, I-008, I-009, I-010, I-011, I-012, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-016, I-018, I-019, I-020, I-021, I-026, I-027, I-028, I-029, I-030, I-033, I-034, I-036, I-038, I-039, I-040, I-041, I-042, I-045, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-052, I-053, I-056, I-060, I-061, I-062, I-065, I-066, I-067, I-068, I-069, I-070, I-072, I-074, I-076, I-077, I-078, I-079, I-080, I-081, I-082, I-083, I-085, I-087, I-088, I-089, I-090, I-092, I-093, I-097, I-098, I-099, I-100, I-101, I-103, I-104, I-105, I-106, I-107, I-110, I-113, I-115, I-116.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 83 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-022, I-063, I-086, I-108, I-112.

10 In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 100 % at an application rate of 100 g/ha: I-007, I-008, I-009, I-010, I-011, I-012, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-016, I-018, I-019, I-026, I-027, I-028, I-029, I-033, I-034, I-036, I-037, I-038, I-039, I-040, I-041, I-042, I-045, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-056, I-060, I-061, I-062, I-065, I-066, I-067, I-068, I-070, I-074, I-076, I-077, I-078, I-080, I-081, I-082, I-083, I-085, I-087, I-088, I-089, I-090, I-092, I-098, I-100, I-103, I-104, I-105, I-106, I-107, I-110, I-115, I-116.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 83 % at an application rate of 100 g/ha: I-030, I-072.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 80 % at an application rate of 100 g/ha: I-113.

20 **Tetranychus urticae – spray test (OP-resistant)**

Solvent: 78.0 parts by weight acetone

1.5 parts by weight dimethylformamide

Emulsifier: alkylaryl polyglycol ether

25 To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amount of solvents and is diluted with water, containing an emulsifier concentration of 1000 ppm, to the desired concentration. Further test concentrations are prepared by dilution with emulsifier containing water.

French bean (*Phaseolus vulgaris*) leaf disks infected with all instars of the two spotted spider mite (*Tetranychus urticae*), are sprayed with a preparation of the active ingredient of the desired concentration.

30

After 6 days mortality in % is determined. 100% means all spider mites have been killed and 0% means none of the spider mites have been killed.

In this test, for example, the following compounds from the preparation examples showed good activity of 90 % at an application rate of 500 g/ha: I-003, I-042.

5 **Aedes aegypti test (AEDSAE surface treatment & contact assay)**

Solvent: Aceton + 2000 ppm rapeseed oil methyl ester (RME)

In order to produce a sufficient, active ingredient containing solution it is necessary to solve the test compound in the solvent-mix (acetone at 2 mg/ml / RME 2000 ppm). This solution is pipetted onto a glazed tile and after evaporation of the acetone, adult mosquitoes of the species *Aedes aegypti* strain
10 MONHEIM are placed onto the dried surface. The exposure time is 30 minutes.

Mortality in percent (%) is determined 24 hours after contact of the insects to the treated surface. 100% mortality means that all tested insects are dead, whereas 0% means that no insect died.

The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 90-100% at a surface concentration of 20 mg/m²:
I-007, I-009, I-010, I-011, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-018, I-019, I-020, I-026, I-028, I-030, I-033, I-034, I-
15 038, I-041, I-042, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-056, I-063.

The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 90-100% at a surface concentration of 4 mg/m²:
I-007, I-009, I-010, I-011, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-018, I-019, I-028, I-033, I-034, I-038, I-039, I-041, I-
042, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-056, I-063.

Culex quinquefasciatus test (CULXFA surface treatment & contact assay)

20 Solvent: Aceton + 2000 ppm rapeseed oil methyl ester (RME)

In order to produce a sufficient, active ingredient containing solution it is necessary to solve the test compound in the solvent-mix (acetone at 2 mg/ml / RME 2000 ppm). This solution is pipetted onto a glazed tile and after evaporation of the acetone, adult mosquitoes of the species *Culex quinquefasciatus* strain P00 are placed onto the dried surface. The exposure time is 30 minutes.

25 Mortality in percent (%) is determined 24 hours after contact of the insects to the treated surface. 100% mortality means that all tested insects are dead, whereas 0% means that no insect died.

The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 90-100% at a surface concentration of 20 mg/m²:
I-007, I-011, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-018, I-019, I-024, I-026, I-028, I-030, I-033, I-034, I-038, I-041, I-
042, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-056.

The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 90-100% at a surface concentration of 4 mg/m²: I-007, I-009, I-011, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-018, I-019, I-020, I-028, I-033, I-034, I-041, I-042, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-056.

Anopheles funestus test (ANPHFU surface treatment & contact assay)

- 5 Solvent: Aceton + 2000 ppm rapeseed oil methyl ester (RME)

In order to produce a sufficient, active ingredient containing solution it is necessary to solve the test compound in the solvent-mix (acetone at 2 mg/ml / RME 2000 ppm). This solution is pipetted onto a glazed tile and after evaporation of the acetone, adult mosquitoes of the species *Anopheles funestus* strain FUMOSZ-R (Hunt et al., Med. Vet. Entomol. 2005 Sep; 19(3): 271-275) are placed onto the dried surface. The exposure time is 30 minutes.

Mortality in percent (%) is determined 24 hours after contact of the insects to the treated surface. 100% mortality means that all tested insects are dead, whereas 0% means that no insect died.

The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 90-100% at a surface concentration of 20 mg/m²: I-013, I-014, I-015, I-018, I-019, I-024, I-026, I-028, I-030, I-033, I-038, I-041, I-042, I-046, I-047, I-049.

The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 85-100% at a surface concentration of 4 mg/m²: I-013, I-014, I-018, I-019, I-026, I-028, I-034, I-038, I-041, I-042, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-052.

Musca domestica test (MUSCDO surface treatment & contact assay)

Solvent: Aceton + 2000 ppm rapeseed oil methyl ester (RME)

20 In order to produce a sufficient, active ingredient containing solution it is necessary to solve the test compound in the solvent-mix (acetone at 2 mg/ml / RME 2000 ppm). This solution is pipetted onto a glazed tile and after evaporation of the acetone, adult flies of the species *Musca domestica* strain WHO-N are placed onto the dried surface. The exposure time is 30 minutes.

25 Mortality in percent (%) is determined 24 hours after contact of the insects to the treated surface. 100% mortality means that all tested insects are dead, whereas 0% means that no insect died.

The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 90-100% at a surface concentration of 20 mg/m²: I-007, I-009, I-010, I-011, I-013, I-014, I-015, I-018, I-019, I-028, I-034, I-041, I-042, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-056.

30 The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 90-100% at a surface concentration of 4 mg/m²: I-007, I-009, I-011, I-014, I-018, I-019, I-028, I-041, I-042, I-046, I-047, I-048, I-049, I-052, I-056.

Blattella germanica test (BLTTGE surface treatment & contact assay)

Solvent: Aceton + 2000 ppm rapeseed oil methyl ester (RME)

5 In order to produce a sufficient, active ingredient containing solution it is necessary to solve the test compound in the solvent-mix (acetone at 2 mg/ml / RME 2000 ppm). This solution is pipetted onto a glazed tile and after evaporation of the acetone, adult animals of the species *Blattella germanica* strain PAULINIA are placed onto the dried surface. The exposure time is 30 minutes.

Mortality in percent (%) is determined 24 hours after contact of the insects to the treated surface. 100% mortality means that all tested insects are dead, whereas 0% means that no insect died.

10 The following examples showed in this test efficacy of 80-100% at a surface concentration of 20 mg/m²: I-007, I-011.