

TITLE

FINGER PROTECTION DEVICE

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PRIOR ART

The present invention relates to a finger protection device for doors and windows.

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PRIOR ART

Doors harbor an increased risk of accident, in particular for small children. Fingers become trapped between the door frame and the pivotable door leaf again and again. The forces acting on the trapped fingers, in this case, are great and the resultant injury can be correspondingly serious.

The prior art consequently discloses devices which are to provide protection against unintentionally trapping fingers. In one solution variant, the gap between the secondary closing edge of the pivotable door leaf on the side opposite the hinge side and the door frame is covered by way of a textile protective roller blind which is fastened, on one side, to the door frame and, on the other side, to the pivotable door leaf.

Such protective roller blinds are disclosed, for example, in GB 2 164 690B, DE 20 2008 016 094 U1, WO 2017/036679 A1 and DE 20 2016 106 174 U1. The wound roller blind web is situated in each case in a housing which is screw-connected to the door frame or the door leaf.

DE 20 2011 101 026 U1, DE 297 647, DE 20 2015 102 877 U1 and EP 3 144 462 A1 propose to arrange the roller blind web inside a groove of the door frame. In some instances, bringing the roller blind web out through a slot in the door frame is proposed.

Such finger protection roller blinds are additionally used in the case of parallel vent

- windows and hatches. Such vent windows comprise a building-side sash frame and a window leaf which is movable relative thereto with a leaf frame. Sash frame and leaf frame are connected to one another by means of scissor-like vent fittings. Said scissor-like vent fittings make it possible for the leaf frame to be adjusted outward parallel to itself in relation to the sash frame and thus for the window to be opened by a predefined gap. In the case of hatches, an equally known vent fitting is used between the sash frame and the hatch frame in order to pivot the hatch leaf in relation to the sash frame and thus open the hatch by a predetermined angle.
- 10 So that fingers are not able to be trapped in the vent fitting, it is proposed to mount a roller blind on the inside of the window or of the hatch, that is to say on the side of the user. DE 10 2014 118 748 A1 proposes using a roller blind with a rectangular web or in a triangular shape.
- 15 The disadvantage of the disclosed finger protection devices is that they are each realized for a specific application, for example for use on a door frame or in grooves of the door trims or sash frames or for parallel vent windows and hatches.

20 REPRESENTATION OF THE INVENTION

It is consequently an object of the invention to create a finger protection device which is usable in as diverse a manner as possible.

- 25 Said object is achieved by a finger protection device with the features of claim 1 or 15, 16, or 17.

- In a preferred embodiment, the finger protection device according to the invention, for bridging a gap of an opening which is closable by means of a leaf, for example of a door, a window, a gate or a hatch, comprises a winding shaft with an end-face first end and an end-face second end and a roller blind web which is windable about the winding shaft by means of said winding shaft. The roller blind web is arranged by way of a first end on the winding shaft and it is fastenable together with the winding shaft to a first part of the
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opening on the winding shaft side. The roller blind web is fastenable to part of the opening by way of a free second end. The finger protection device comprises a first and a second holder, wherein the first holder is arranged on the end-face first end of the winding shaft and the second holder is arranged on the end-face second end of the winding shaft, wherein
5 the first and the second holders serve together for fastening the finger protection device on the winding shaft side to the first part of the opening. The wound roller blind web forms an outermost surface, as a result of which the finger protection device is realized to be used without a housing in the first part of the opening.

10 The first part of the opening is preferably a frame, for example a door trim or a sash frame. The second part of the opening is preferably part of the leaf. It is also possible, for example, to reverse the arrangement i.e. the first part is associated with the leaf.

Doors or windows are mentioned respectively below, wherein this is to be understood as
15 all openings which are closable by way of leaves, in particular building openings and in particular folding doors or windows, sliding doors or windows, parallel vent doors or windows, sliding and hinged gates and hatches in general.

The finger protection device according to the invention does not require a housing to fasten
20 it to a part of the door or of the window on the winding shaft side. The fastening is preferably effected exclusively by means of the two holders which are arranged on the end faces of the winding shaft.

Said device is relatively small and cost-efficient. It can also be arranged on or in a door
25 frame or window frame when space is tight.

As its fastening takes place on both end-face ends of the device, the corresponding fastening means are easily accessible and the device is also simple to assemble in tight
spaces.

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The device according to the invention can additionally be produced relatively simply in a desired length.

In a simple embodiment, at least one holder is fixedly connected to the winding shaft. However, both holders are preferably realized as parts that are separate from the winding shaft.

- 5 In a simple embodiment, one or both holders are fastened by means of screws to the first part of the opening, in particular to or in the door frame or window frame. However, at least one of the holders is preferably arranged so as to be displaceable in a guided manner and preferably both holders are arranged so as to be displaceable in a guided manner. The first holder is preferably displaceable in a guided manner relative to the second holder and
10 is fixable in its position for fastening the finger protection device.

A rail is preferably present for this purpose, in which rail at least the first holder is displaceable in a guided manner relative to the second holder.

- 15 The second holder is also preferably displaceable in a guided manner in the rail relative to the first holder.

- Depending on the embodiment, said rail is fastenable to the first part of the opening or it is an integral component part of the first part of the opening. For example, the door or
20 window area is a profile element which comprises a groove or a cavity for receiving the winding shaft with the wound roller blind web, wherein a guide for the holder is realized on a wall or in the cavity. Said guide is preferably a parallel groove which extends along the longitudinal axis of the winding shaft. An intermittent guide can also be used in place of a continuous guide. In particular, the rail or the parallel groove is arranged in two parts
25 and just in the region of the first and second holder.

- The winding shaft is preferably held in a clamped manner between the first and the second holder. As a result, the finger protection device can be fixed in its position with a minimum of screws or other fixing means.

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In a preferred embodiment, the first and/or the second holders comprise a base plate each for abutment against the winding shaft and a leg each which is arranged at an angle on the base plate for fastening to the first part of the opening. Said holders are easy to produce

and do not require much space. They are additionally simple to handle.

The base plate preferably comprises a window which forms an access to a spindle of the winding shaft. As a result, the finger protection device cannot be made ready for operation
5 until it is assembled in the door frame or window frame, i.e. the springs of the winding shaft tension and wind up the roller blind. This also makes subsequent adjustment of the winding unit easier.

In a preferred embodiment, the first and/or the second holders are displaceable along a
10 longitudinal groove or another type of guide in order to clamp the winding shaft between them. The longitudinal groove is preferably a parallel groove which extends in the longitudinal direction of the winding shaft.

The longitudinal groove is preferably arranged in a rail and the leg of the first and/or the
15 second holder is guided so as to be displaceable in the longitudinal groove.

In a preferred embodiment, both holders can be displaced relative to the rail or to their guide. In a simpler embodiment, one of the two holders is fixedly connected to the rail, is preferably realized in one piece with said rail, and just the second holder is able to be
20 displaced in a guided manner relative to the rail.

In a simple embodiment, the holders form end-face covers for the winding shaft which is otherwise realized open at the end face. In preferred embodiments, however, the winding shaft comprises its own cover on at least one end face, wherein one of the two holders
25 encompasses said cover. The winding shaft preferably comprises a cover on each of the two end faces, wherein each one of the two holders encompasses each one of the two covers. As a result, the winding unit including restoring springs can be used as an at least partially closed module without there being the risk, when assembling it on the door or on the window, of individual parts of the winding unit falling out.

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The respective holder preferably encompasses the respective cover in a non-rotatable manner. If the roller blind web becomes unwound from the winding shaft or wound onto the same, the cover is consequently not able to be entrained thanks to the fixing by the

holder which is also already fixed on or in the door frame or window frame. Said non-rotatable or rotationally fixed bracket also facilitates assembly.

The respective holder preferably comprises an at least partially circumferential apron for encompassing the respective cover. The holder is realized, as a result, in a simple and cost-efficient manner but fulfills the tasks set for it in an optimum manner.

Mentioned below are three further preferred embodiments which, depending on the realization variant, comprise a housing-free roller blind web or are provided with an outside housing. The above-mentioned additional features can also be applied here, in particular the features of the dependent claims which are specified below in the text can also be connected selectively individually or in the specified combinations to the features of associated patent claims 15, 16 and 17. The above-named advantages also apply to said embodiments.

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In a first of said three further preferred embodiments, the finger protection device according to the invention for bridging a gap of an opening which is closable by means of a leaf, for example of a door, a window, a gate or a hatch, comprises a winding shaft and a roller blind web which is windable about said winding shaft by means of the winding shaft, wherein the roller blind web is arranged by way of a first end on the winding shaft and is fastenable together with the winding shaft to a first part of the opening on the winding shaft side. The roller blind web is fastenable to part of the opening by way of a free second end. The finger protection device comprises on the winding shaft side at least one fastening means which is displaceable in a guided manner in or on a rail in a longitudinal direction of the winding shaft and is fixable to the rail for the purposes of fastening the finger protection device on the winding shaft side to the first part of the opening.

The rail preferably comprises a parallel groove and the holder comprises a correspondingly formed tenon block, for example a leg which is receivable in the groove. The arrangement, however, can also be reversed, i.e. the rail realizes a tenon block and the holder comprises a corresponding parallel groove.

The guide in a rail facilitates assembly in a desired position, in particular when the spatial

conditions are not favorable for inserting an assembly tool. If the rail is an integral component part of the first part of the opening, e.g. of the door trim or of the sash frame, the position of the finger protection device is thus already predefined in at least two dimensions in space and the finger protection device is unable to be assembled in the
5 wrong manner.

In a simple embodiment, there is only one fastening means present. However, preferably at least two, in an even more preferred manner precisely two fastening means are present. These are preferably the holders mentioned and described above.

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In another preferred embodiment, the finger protection device according to the invention for bridging a gap of an opening which is closable by means of a leaf, for example of a door, a window, a gate or a hatch, comprises a winding shaft with an end-face first end and an end-face second end and a roller blind web which is windable about said winding shaft
15 by means of the winding shaft. The roller blind web is arranged by way of a first end on the winding shaft and is fastenable together with the winding shaft to a first part of the opening on the winding shaft side. The roller blind web is fastenable to part of the opening by way of a free second end. The finger protection device comprises at least one first and one second holder, wherein the first holder is arranged on the end-face first end of the
20 winding shaft and the second holder is arranged on the end-face second end of the winding shaft. The finger protection device additionally comprises a rail in which the first and the second holders are displaceable in a guided manner and are fixable in their position in order to clamp the winding shaft with the wound roller blind web between the two holders and, as a result, to fasten it to the first part of the opening.

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Said rail enables simple clamping and holding of the winding shaft with its wound roller blind web. The fastening is simple. The rail can be a separate part, wherein it can be fastened in a space-saving manner on or in the door frame or window frame. It can, however, also be an integral component part of the frame and consequently predefine the
30 position of the assembly.

In a third embodiment, the finger protection device according to the invention for bridging a gap of an opening which is closable by means of a leaf, for example of a door, a window,

a gate or a hatch, comprises a winding shaft with an end-face first cover and an end-face second cover and a roller blind web which is windable about said winding shaft by means of the winding shaft. The roller blind web is arranged by way of a first end on the winding shaft and is fastenable to a first part of the opening on the winding shaft side together with
5 the winding shaft. The roller blind web is fastenable to part of the opening by way of a free second end. The finger protection device comprises at least one first and one second holder, wherein the first and the second holders comprise one leg each for fastening to the first part of the opening and wherein the first holder encompasses the first cover of the winding shaft in a non-rotatable manner and the second holder encompasses the second
10 cover in a non-rotatable manner. The winding shaft is held in a clamping manner with the wound roller blind web between the first and the second holders in order to fasten the winding shaft to the first part of the opening.

Said clamping mounting simplifies assembly. In a first embodiment, the holders can be
15 fixedly screwed on or in the door frame. However, at least one of the holders is preferably guided so as to be displaceable in a rail and is fixable in said rail.

Further embodiments are provided in the dependent claims.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Preferred embodiments of the invention are described below by way of the drawings which serve purely for explanation and are not to be seen as limiting. The drawings are as
25 follows:

- figure 1 shows a perspective representation of a first embodiment of the finger protection device according to the invention;
- 30 figure 2 shows a perspective representation of a first holder according to figure 1;
- figure 3 shows a perspective representation of a second holder according to figure 1;

- figure 4 shows a view from above of the finger protection device according to figure 1;
- figure 5 shows a perspective representation of a second embodiment of the finger protection device according to the invention;
- figure 6 shows a perspective representation of a third embodiment of the finger protection device according to the invention;
- figure 7 shows a view from above of the finger protection device according to figure 6;
- figure 8 shows a perspective view of a detail of the finger protection device according to figure 6;
- figure 9 shows a further perspective view of a detail of the finger protection device according to figure 6;
- figure 10 shows a view of the finger protection device according to figure 6 when used in a parallel vent window;
- figure 11 shows a view of a profile of the finger protection device according to figure 10;
- figure 12 shows a view of the finger protection device according to figure 1 when used in a door, shown with the door leaf closed and
- figure 13 shows the representation of the application according to figure 12 with the door leaf open.

Identical parts are provided with identical reference symbols.

DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Figures 1 to 4 show a first exemplary embodiment of the finger protection device according to the invention. A winding roller 1, formed at least by a winding shaft with a restoring spring and a roller blind web 12 wound at least in part onto the winding shaft, is provided in each case at its upper and lower end-face end with a cover 10, 11. The covers 10, 11 are situated spaced from the roller blind web 12 so that said roller blind web can be wound onto the winding shaft between the covers 10, 11. Such winding rollers 1 are known and are shown, for example, in GB 2 164 690. The roller blind web 12 is preferably produced from a textile material. The two covers 10, 11 are preferably produced from plastics material or metal, in particular aluminum.

A first end of the roller blind web 12 is fastened to the winding shaft, a second free end of the roller blind web 12 can be fastened with known fastening means to the door leaf or window leaf or to another part of an opening, in particular in one of the building openings described in the introduction.

The finger protection device according to the invention additionally includes a rail 2 which extends in the longitudinal direction of the winding roller 1 and consequently of the winding shaft. In addition, a first holder 3 and a second holder 4 are present. The rail 2 and the two holders 3, 4 are preferably produced from metal, in particular from aluminum.

The first holder 3 can be seen well in figure 2. It comprises a planar first base plate 30 with two first side wings 31 which are bent downward at right angles and one first front wing 32 which is also bent downward at right angles. At the rear end of the first base plate 30, a first leg 33 is bent at right angles in the opposite direction, that is to say upward. A first fixing bore 34 is present in the first leg 33. The first base plate 30 comprises a window 35, i.e. a through-hole.

The second holder 4 can be seen well in figure 3. It also comprises a planar second base plate 40. There are also present two second side wings 41 which are bent at right angles, one second front wing 42 which is bent at right angles, one second leg 43 and a window 45. The wings 41, 42 and the leg 43 are, however, all bent in the same direction, preferably

upward in the direction of the winding roller 1. In addition, there are present two laterally arranged second fixing bores 44 in place of the central first fixing bore 34.

The rail 2, as can be seen well in figure 4, comprises a rear wall 20 and two L profile portions 23 which connect thereto and each form a C profile with a connecting part of the rear wall 20. Said region forms a parallel groove 24 which serves as a fastening groove.

As can be seen well in figure 1, the first holder 3 abuts by way of its first base plate 30 against an end-face first end, here the upper end of the winding roller 1. More precisely, it abuts against the first cover 10. The second holder 4 abuts correspondingly by way of its second base plate 40 against the opposite end-face second end, here the lower end of the winding roller 1. More precisely, it abuts against the second cover 11.

The side wings 31, 41 and the front wing 32, 42 form an apron which encompasses the respective cover 10, 11. It can be seen in figure 8 that the first cover 10, preferably also the second cover 11, comprises a substantially circular or part-circular lateral surface, wherein on at least one side, preferably on two opposite sides, it has a flattening 100. The side wings 31, 41 of the two holders 3, 4 are preferably arranged in the region of said flattening 100 and are preferably also realized in a flattened manner. This enables the covers 10, 11 to be mounted in a non-rotatable, i.e. rotationally fixed, manner by means of the holders 3, 4.

The window 35, 45 enables access to the winding shaft, more precisely to the spring tensioner 13 which, in this example, is accessible from the upper side and can be seen in figure 4.

The first and the second holders 3, 4 are held so as to be displaceable in a guided manner with their respective legs 33, 43 in the parallel groove 24 of the rail 2. The holders 3, 4 can preferably be displaced individually and/or they are both displaceable together with the winding roller 1. If the desired position of the winding roller 1 is reached and the winding roller 1 is clamped sufficiently between the two holders 3, 4, the two holders 3, 4 can thus be fixed in their position relative to the rail 2 with fastening screws, which are not shown here and which are screwed onto or into the rail 2 through the fixing bores 34, 44.

As can be seen well in figure 1, said device does not comprise an outside housing. The roller blind web 12 is arranged so as to be freely accessible and not in a housing.

5 Figure 5 shows a second embodiment of the device according to the invention. The first holder is provided here with the reference symbol 6 and the second holder with the reference symbol 7. At the same time, they form the covers of the winding roller 1. The legs, which are displaceable in a guided manner in the rail 2, comprise the reference symbols 63 and 73, the corresponding fixing bores the reference symbols 64 and 74. The
10 remaining elements and the assembly of the device are the same as in the preceding example. The winding roller 1, together with its holders 6, 7, consequently forms a module, i.e. an already assembled unit.

Said embodiment can also comprise a through-opening in one or both of the holders/covers
15 in order to rotate the winding shaft and to tension the device. In another variant of said embodiment which is shown here, however, one of the covers/holders 6, 7 is rotated by hand for tensioning the device, whilst the other cover/holder 6, 7 is held firm. This can be obtained, for example, by the winding roller 1 being inserted into the rail 2 with one of the holders 6,7, for example the lower holder 7. The upper holder 6 still projects above the rail
20 2 and is not yet inserted. By rotating the upper holder 6 the roller blind web 12 can then be wound on and the device tensioned. The upper holder 6 is then also inserted into the rail 2, as a result of which the winding roller 1 is held in its rotational position. The device is now ready for use.

25 Figures 6 to 9 disclose a third exemplary embodiment. The finger protection device is designed substantially the same as in the first example. However, a fastening profile 5, in which the parallel groove 53 which serves as a fastening groove is arranged, is present in place of the flat rail 2.

30 The fastening profile 5 is, for example, part of a door trim or of a sash frame or it is an attachment element for a door trim or a sash frame. The fastening profile 5 can comprise diverse forms depending on the areas of application. The form shown here is consequently to be understood as simply an example.

The fastening profile 5 shown here is realized in a substantial U-shaped manner. It comprises a rear wall 50, a first side wall 51 which connects thereto and a second side wall 52 which is located opposite the first side wall 51. The named parallel groove 53, in which the first and the second holders 3, 4 are held in a guided manner, is realized on the inside of the rear wall 50 so that the winding roller 1 can be held with the roller blind web 12 in a clamped manner between the holders 3, 4. The fastening profile 5 or the rear wall 50 consequently forms the rail along which the holders 3, 4 are displaceable and on which they are fixable. The parallel groove 53 can be seen well in figure 11.

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Figures 6 and 8 in each case show two first and second holders, wherein the holders with the reference symbols 3' and 4' are simply to show how the holders 3, 4 are fundamentally displaceable along the parallel groove 53.

15 A side window 520, preferably a slot, through which the roller blind web 12 to be unwound is guided, is present in the second side wall 52. The fastening profile 5 consequently forms a housing for the remaining device, in particular for the housing-free winding roller.

20 Figures 10 and 11 show the finger protection device according to the invention in a first application. This is a parallel vent window. The roller blind web 12 can be rectangular for this application, i.e. comprise a constant width over its entire extension length. However, it can also be realized in a triangular form or in another form. The same naturally also applies to other types of application.

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Figure 10 shows a frame R. It preferably consists of a metal profile. It comprises a classic sash frame 8 which is shown here in a simplified manner and without sealing elements. The fastening profile 5 already described above is present integrated in said sash frame or as an attachment part.

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A window casement F includes a casement frame 9 which is preferably also realized as a profile element. A scissor-like vent fitting 80 connects the sash frame 8 to the casement frame 9 so that the window casement with its casement frame adjusts outward parallel to

itself opposite the sash frame and thus the window is able to be opened by a predefined gap. Such vent fittings 80 are usually arranged on both sides of the casement frame.

A finger protection device according to the invention is arranged then at least in the region
5 of each vent fitting 80.

For this purpose, the fastening profile 5, as already described above, comprises the parallel groove 53 in which the two holders 3, 4 are arranged and thus clamp the winding roller 1 with its two covers 10, 11 between them. The roller blind web 12 is guided through the slot
10 520.

The free end of the roller blind web 12 is provided with a beading 120 or another stiffener. Said free end can be fastened in various ways to the window casement F, more precisely to the casement frame 9. Said ways are disclosed in the prior art so that the fastening type
15 shown here is simply to be understood as an example.

The beading 120 is arranged in this example in a mounting rail 14 which extends over the entire width of the roller blind web 12. The mounting rail 14 can be mounted in a fastening strip 15 which is screwed to the casement frame 9. One of the screws 16 used for this
20 purpose can be seen in figure 10. For fixing the device, the mounting rail 14 is preferably secured to the fastening strip 15 by means of grub screws.

When the window is opened, the roller blind web 12 is consequently unwound from the winding shaft and when it is closed, it rolls up again thanks to the restoring spring of the
25 winding roller 1.

Figures 12 and 13 show a different type of application. In this example, the finger protection device serves for the purpose of covering a gap between a door leaf T and a door frame R. The hinge of the door has the reference symbol S. In this example, the door
30 frame R comprises a groove N, in the groove base of which the rail 2 according to the first exemplary embodiment is fastened. The winding roller 1, which has already been described above, is fastened with the covers 10, 11 to the rail 2 by means of the holders 3, 4.

The groove N comprises a cover A which leaves a passage D, preferably a slot, open. The roller blind web 12 is guided through a passage D, wherein it is fastened to the door leaf T in the above-described manner. As can be seen well by looking at both figures 12 and 13, the roller blind web 12 covers the hinge-side gap, i.e. the gap on the secondary closing edge side, which is created when the door leaf T is opened.

The device according to the invention can be used in a diverse manner, can be produced in a cost-efficient manner and requires little space.

LIST OF REFERENCES

1	Winding roller	31	First side wing
10	First cover	32	First front wing
100	Flattening	33	First leg
11	Second cover	34	First fixing bore
12	Roller blind web	35	First window
120	Beading		
13	Spring tensioner	3'	First holder
14	Mounting rail	33'	First leg
15	Fastening strip		
16	Fastening screw	4	Second holder
		40	Second base plate
2	Fastening rail	41	Second side wing
20	Rear wall	42	Second front wing
23	L profile portion	43	Second leg
24	Parallel groove	44	Second fixing bore
		45	Second window
3	First holder		
30	First base plate	4'	Second holder

43'	Second leg	71	Second side wing
		72	Second apron
5	Fastening profile	73	Second leg
50	Rear wall	74	Second fixing bore
51	First side wall		
52	Second side wall	8	Sash frame
520	Side window	80	Vent window fitting
53	Parallel groove		
		9	Casement frame
6	First holder		
60	First base plate	A	Cover
61	First side wing	D	Passage
62	First apron	F	Window casement
63	First leg	N	Groove
64	First fixing bore	R	Frame
		S	Hinge
7	Second holder	T	Door leaf
70	Second base plate		

CLAIMS

1. A finger protection device for bridging a gap of an opening which is closable by
5 means of a leaf (F, T), for example of a door, a window, a gate or a hatch, wherein
the finger protection device comprises a winding shaft with an end-face first end and
an end-face second end and a roller blind web (12) which is windable about said
winding shaft by means of the winding shaft, wherein the roller blind web (12) is
10 arranged by way of a first end on the winding shaft and is fastenable together with
the winding shaft to a first part of the opening on the winding shaft side and wherein
the roller blind web (12) is fastenable to part of the opening by way of a free second
end,
characterized in that
the finger protection device comprises a first and a second holder (3, 4; 6, 7),
15 wherein the first holder (3, 6) is arranged on the end-face first end of the winding
shaft and the second holder (4, 7) is arranged on the end-face second end of the
winding shaft,
in that the first and the second holders (3, 4; 6, 7) serve together for fastening the
finger protection device on the winding shaft side to the first part of the opening and
20 in that the wound roller blind web (12) forms an outermost surface, as a result of
which the finger protection device is realized to be used without a housing in the first
part of the opening.
2. The finger protection device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first holder (3, 6) is
25 displaceable in a guided manner relative to the second holder (4, 7) and is fixable in
its position for fastening the finger protection device.
3. The finger protection device as claimed in either of claims 1 or 2, wherein a rail (2,
50) is present in which at least the first holder (3, 6) is displaceable in a guided
30 manner relative to the second holder (4, 7).
4. The finger protection device as claimed in claim 3, wherein the second holder (4, 7)
is also displaceable in a guided manner in the rail (2, 50) relative to the first holder

(3, 6).

- 5 5. The finger protection device as claimed in either of claims 3 or 4, wherein the rail (2, 50) is fastenable to the first part of the opening or is an integral component part of the first part of the opening.
- 10 6. The finger protection device as claimed in one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the winding shaft is held in a clamped manner between the first and the second holders (3, 4; 6, 7).
- 15 7. The finger protection device as claimed in claim 6, wherein the first and/or the second holder (3, 4; 6, 7) comprise a base plate (30, 40; 60, 70) each for abutment against the winding shaft and a leg (33, 43; 63, 73) each of which is arranged at an angle on the base plate (30, 40; 60, 70) for fastening to the first part of the opening.
- 20 8. The finger protection device as claimed in claim 7, wherein the base plate (30, 40) comprises a window (35, 45) which forms an access to a spindle of the winding shaft.
- 25 9. The finger protection device as claimed in one of claims 6 to 8, wherein the first and/or the second holders (3, 4; 6, 7) are displaceable along a longitudinal groove (24, 53) in order to clamp the winding shaft between them.
- 30 10. The finger protection device as claimed in claim 9, wherein the longitudinal groove (24, 53) is arranged in a rail (2, 50) and the leg (33, 43; 63, 73) of the first and/or the second holder (3, 4; 6, 7) is guided so as to be displaceable in the longitudinal groove (24, 53).
11. The finger protection device as claimed in one of claims 1 to 10, wherein the winding shaft comprises a cover (10, 11) on at least one end face and wherein one of the two holders (3, 4; 6, 7) encompasses said cover (10, 11).
12. The finger protection device as claimed in one of claims 1 to 11, wherein the

winding shaft comprises a cover (10, 11) on each of the two end faces and wherein each one of the two holders (3, 4; 6, 7) encompasses each one of the two covers (10, 11).

- 5 13. The finger protection device as claimed in either of claims 11 or 12, wherein the respective holder (3, 4; 6, 7) encompasses the respective cover (10, 11) in a non-rotatable manner.
- 10 14. The finger protection device as claimed in one of claims 11 to 13, wherein the respective holder (3, 4; 6, 7) comprises an at least partially circumferential apron (31, 32, 41, 42; 61, 62, 71, 72) for encompassing the respective cover (10, 11).
- 15 15. A finger protection device for bridging a gap of an opening which is closable by means of a leaf (T, F), for example of a door, a window, a gate or a hatch, wherein the finger protection device comprises a winding shaft and a roller blind web (12) which is windable about said winding shaft by means of the winding shaft, wherein the roller blind web (12) is arranged by way of a first end on the winding shaft and is fastenable together with the winding shaft to a first part of the opening on the winding shaft side and wherein the roller blind web (12) is fastenable to part of the opening by way of a free second end,
- 20 characterized in that
- the finger protection device comprises on the winding shaft side at least one fastening means (3, 4; 6, 7) which is displaceable in a guided manner in or on a rail (2, 50) in a longitudinal direction of the winding shaft and is fixable to the rail (2, 50)
- 25 for the purposes of fastening the finger protection device on the winding shaft side to the first part of the opening.
- 30 16. A finger protection device for bridging a gap of an opening which is closable by means of a leaf (T, F), for example of a door, a window, a gate or a hatch, wherein the finger protection device comprises a winding shaft with an end-face first end and an end-face second end and a roller blind web (12) which is windable about said winding shaft by means of the winding shaft, wherein the roller blind web (12) is arranged by way of a first end on the winding shaft and is fastenable to a first part of

the opening on the winding shaft side together with the winding shaft and wherein the roller blind web (12) is fastenable to part of the opening by way of a free second end,

characterized in that

5 the finger protection device comprises at least one first and one second holder (3, 4; 6, 7), wherein the first holder (3, 6) is arranged on the end-face first end of the winding shaft and the second holder (4, 7) is arranged on the end-face second end of the winding shaft,

10 and in that the finger protection device additionally comprises a rail (2, 50) in which the first and the second holders (3, 4; 6, 7) are displaceable in a guided manner and are fixable in their position in order to clamp the winding shaft with the wound roller blind web (12) between the two holders (3, 4; 6, 7) and, as a result, to fasten it to the first part of the opening.

15 17. A finger protection device for bridging a gap of an opening which is closable by means of a leaf (T, F), for example of a door, a window, a gate or a hatch, wherein the finger protection device comprises a winding shaft with an end-face first cover (10) and an end-face second cover (11) and a roller blind web (12) which is windable about said winding shaft by means of the winding shaft, wherein the roller blind web (12) is arranged by way of a first end on the winding shaft and is fastenable to a first part of the opening on the winding shaft side together with the winding shaft and wherein the roller blind web (12) is fastenable to part of the opening by way of a free second end,

characterized in that

25 the finger protection device comprises at least one first and one second holder (3, 4), wherein the first and the second holders (3, 4) comprises one leg (33, 43) each for fastening to the first part of the opening and wherein the first holder (3) encompasses the first cover (10) of the winding shaft in a non-rotatable manner and the second holder (4) encompasses the second cover (11) in a non-rotatable manner,

30 and in that the winding shaft is held with the wound roller blind web (12) in a clamping manner between the first and the second holders (3, 4) in order to fasten the winding shaft to the first part of the opening.