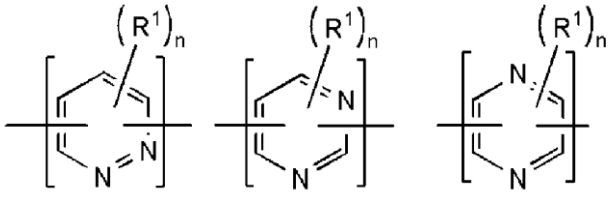
CLAIMS

1. A polymer comprising:

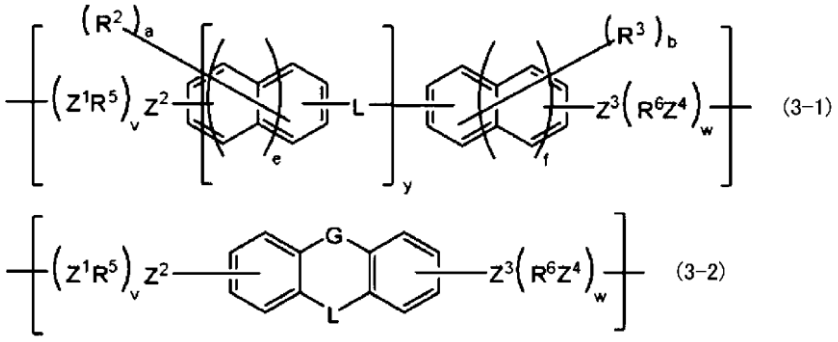
a first structural unit represented by at least one of formulae (1-1), (1-2) and (1-3) below; and

a third structural unit represented by at least one of formulae (3-1) and (3-2) below



(1-1) (1-2) (1-3)

in formulae (1-1) to (1-3), R^1 is each independently a halogen atom, a monovalent hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a monovalent halogenated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a nitro group, a cyano group, any of primary to tertiary amino groups or a salt of any of primary to tertiary amino groups; n is each independently an integer of 0 to 2; when n is 2, two or more R^1 may be the same or different and may be joined together in any combination to form a part of a cyclic structure;

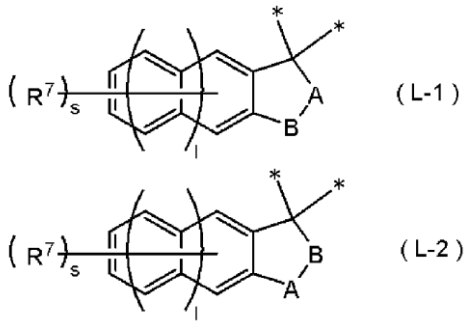


(3-1)

(3-2)

in formulae (3-1) and (3-2), R^2 and R^3 are respectively and independently a halogen atom, a monovalent hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a

monovalent halogenated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a nitro group or a cyano group; e and f are respectively and independently an integer of 0 to 2; a and b are respectively and independently an integer of 0 to 8; when a is 2 or more, two or more R^2 may be the same or different and may be joined together in any combination to form a part of a cyclic structure; when b is 2 or more, two or more R^3 may be the same or different and may be joined together in any combination to form a part of a cyclic structure; Z^1 to Z^4 are respectively and independently -O- or -S-; R^5 and R^6 are respectively and independently a methylene group or an alkylene group having 2 to 4 carbon atoms; v is an integer of 0 to 2; when v is 2, two R^5 may be the same or different and two Z^1 may be the same or different; w is an integer of 0 to 2; when w is 2, two R^6 may be the same or different and two Z^4 may be the same or different; G is -O-, -S-, -C=O-, -SO- or $-SO_2-$; L is a bivalent group represented by formula (L-1) or (L-2) below; y is an integer of 1 to 3; when y is 2 or more, two or more L may be the same or different; when y is 2 or more and a is 1 or more, two or more R^2 may be the same or different;



in formulae (L-1) and (L-2), A is each independently -C(O)-, -SO- or $-SO_2-$; B is each independently -O-, -S- or $-N(R^8)-$; R^8 is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a monovalent hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms or a monovalent halogenated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms; R^7 is each independently a halogen atom, a monovalent hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a monovalent halogenated hydrocarbon group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a nitro group

or a cyano group, l is each independently an integer of 0 to 2; s is each independently an integer of 0 to 8; when s is 2 or more, two or more R^7 may be the same or different and may be joined together in any combination to form a part of a cyclic structure; and "*" indicates a bond.

2. The polymer according to claim 1, wherein the third structural unit is represented by formula (3-1).

3. A composition comprising the polymer according to any one of claims 1 to 2 and an organic solvent.

4. A molded article comprising the polymer according to any one of claims 1 to 2.