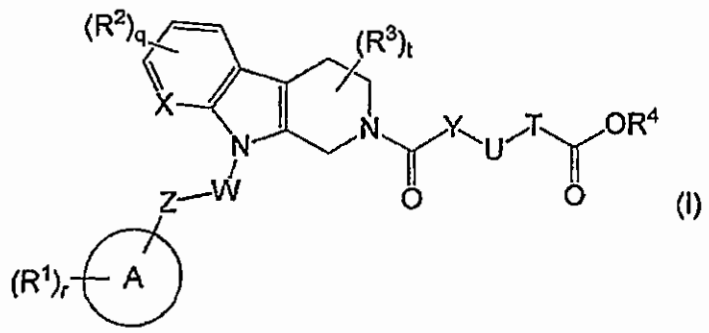
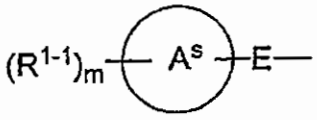
CLAIMS

1. A compound represented by the general formula (I):



(I)

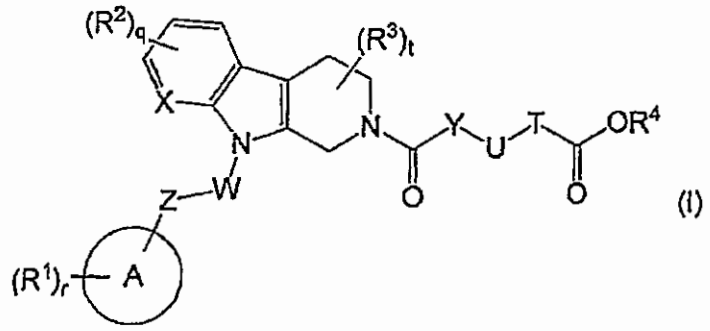
[wherein R^1 represents a halogen atom, a C1-4 alkyl group, a C1-4 alkoxy group, a C1-4 haloalkyl group, a C1-4 haloalkoxy group, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, a C1-3 alkylsulfonyl group, a carbamoyl group or



(wherein the ring A^S represents a 5- to 7-membered monocycle, E represents a bond, a methylene group or an oxygen atom, R^{1-1} represents a halogen atom, a C1-4 alkyl group, a C1-4 alkoxy group, a C1-4 haloalkyl group or a C1-4 haloalkoxy group, and m represents an integer of 0 to 3, provided that groups represented by a plurality of R^{1-1}s may be the same or different, respectively),
R^2 represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C1-4 alkyl group, a C1-4 alkoxy group or a C1-4 haloalkyl group, R^3 represents a C1-4 alkyl group, R^4 represents a hydrogen atom or a C1-4 alkyl group,
the ring A represents (i) a C3-7 monocyclic carbon ring, (ii) a C8-10 bicyclic carbon ring, (iii) a 4- to 7-membered monocyclic heterocyclic ring containing one to four heteroatoms selected from an oxygen atom, a nitrogen atom and a sulfur atom or (iv) a 8- to 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic ring containing one to four heteroatoms selected from an oxygen atom, a nitrogen atom and a sulfur atom,
X represents a nitrogen atom or a carbon atom, T represents a bond, or a straight C1-4 alkylene group, a C2-4 alkenylene group or a C2-4 alkynylene group, optionally substituted with one or two R^5s (in the groups, R^5 represents a C1-4 alkyl group, a hydroxy group or an amino group), U represents (i) a methylene group, (ii) an oxygen atom, (iii) $-NR^6-$ (in the group, R^6 represents a hydrogen atom or a methyl group) or (iv) a 3- to 7-membered monocycle, a C5-10 bridged carbon ring or a 5- to 10-membered bridged heterocyclic ring, optionally substituted with one to five R^7s (in the groups, R^7 represents a halogen atom, a C1-4 alkyl group, a hydroxy group, an oxo group, a C1-4 alkoxy group, a C1-4 haloalkoxy group, a cyano group or a benzyloxy group), Y represents (i) a bond or (ii) a straight C1-3 alkylene group or a C2-3 alkenylene group, optionally substituted with one or two R^8s (in the groups, R^8 represents a methyl group), W represents a bond or a straight C1-3 alkylene group, Z represents a methylene group, an oxygen atom or an optionally oxidized sulfur atom, q represents an

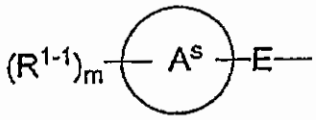
CLAIMS

1. A compound represented by the general formula (1):



(I)

[wherein R^1 represents a halogen atom, a C1-4 alkyl group, a C1-4 alkoxy group, a C1-4 haloalkyl group, a C1-4 haloalkoxy group, a carboxyl group, a cyano group, a C1-3 alkylsulfonyl group, a carbamoyl group or



(wherein the ring A^S represents a 5- to 7-membered monocycle, E represents a bond, a methylene group or an oxygen atom, R^{1-1} represents a halogen atom, a C1-4 alkyl group, a C1-4 alkoxy group, a C1-4 haloalkyl group or a C1-4 haloalkoxy group, and m represents an integer of 0 to 3, provided that groups represented by a plurality of R^{1-1}s may be the same or different, respectively),
R^2 represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C1-4 alkyl group, a C1-4 alkoxy group or a C1-4 haloalkyl group, R^3 represents a C1-4 alkyl group, R^4 represents a hydrogen atom or a C1-4 alkyl group,
the ring A represents (i) a C3-7 monocyclic carbon ring, (ii) a C8-10 bicyclic carbon ring, (iii) a 4- to 7-membered monocyclic heterocyclic ring containing one to four heteroatoms selected from an oxygen atom, a nitrogen atom and a sulfur atom or (iv) a 8- to 10-membered bicyclic heterocyclic ring containing one to four heteroatoms selected from an oxygen atom, a nitrogen atom and a sulfur atom,
X represents a nitrogen atom or a carbon atom, T represents a bond, or a straight C1-4 alkylene group, a C2-4 alkenylene group or a C2-4 alkynylene group, optionally substituted with one or two R^5s (in the groups, R^5 represents a C1-4 alkyl group, a hydroxy group or an amino group), U represents (i) a methylene group, (ii) an oxygen atom, (iii) $-NR^6-$ (in the group, R^6 represents a hydrogen atom or a methyl group) or (iv) a 3- to 7-membered monocycle, a C5-10 bridged carbon ring or a 5- to 10-membered bridged heterocyclic ring, optionally substituted with one to five R^7s (in the groups, R^7 represents a halogen atom, a C1-4 alkyl group, a hydroxy group, an oxo group, a C1-4 alkoxy group, a C1-4 haloalkoxy group, a cyano group or a benzyloxy group), Y represents (i) a bond or (ii) a straight C1-3 alkylene group or a C2-3 alkenylene group, optionally substituted with one or two R^8s (in the groups, R^8 represents a methyl group), W represents a bond or a straight C1-3 alkylene group, Z represents a methylene group, an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom or –SO-, q represents an