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LAPTOP COMPUTER HAVING INTEGRATED KEYBOARD, CURSOR CONTROL DEVICE AND PALM REST

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention pertains to the field of computer systems. More particularly, the present invention relates to a laptop computer having an integrated keyboard, cursor control device and palm rest.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Laptop computers are presently designed with a keyboard and a
10 display all in one package. The keyboard is mounted next to the front edge of the laptop computer and the display is usually rotatably hinged to the housing which contains the keyboard, with most of the hardware for the laptop computer being contained in the same housing. A few laptop computers also include a built-in cursor control device, which is separate
15 from the keyboard but part of the laptop computer's housing; the cursor control device is typically mounted to the left or right of the keyboard (although an isopoint cursor control device is often mounted below the spacebar of the keyboard), and the keyboard is again next to the front edge of the laptop computer. The cursor control device allows the user to control
20 the position of a cursor or pointer on the display screen of the computer. It is often expeditious to use a cursor control device where, for example, the user is required to repetitively choose software options displayed on the display or may desire to input data in a graphics format into the computer system (e.g. drawing images on the computer's display).

25 One prior type of a cursor control device is commonly referred to as a "mouse" which is shown in U. S. Pat. No. 4,464,652. Such mouse is a small hand-held box-like device which is coupled to the computer system by a cable and placed adjacent to the keyboard. The mouse contains a domed portion housing a ball which is free to rotate within the dome against a
30 smooth and flat surface, which is typically a desktop. The operation of the mouse thus requires a flat, smooth surface (next to the keyboard of the

computer) over which the mouse can move in an X direction, a Y direction or a combination of both. The ball rotates accordingly as the mouse moves in the X-Y directions. The rotation of the ball is then interpreted as an X-Y movement of the cursor on the display. The movement of the mouse with
 5 respect to the surface is thus parroted by the cursor on the display. A switch is provided on the mouse in order to signal to the computer, when the switch is pressed by the user, that a desired location of the cursor on the display has been selected. The combination of moving the mouse to point (with the cursor) to an image on the display screen and pressing the switch (with its
 10 normal audible and tactile feedback) while the cursor is pointing to the image to select the image is referred to as "point-and-click." The use of the point-and-click approach for controlling a computer is very effective and very "user friendly."

While the mouse of the type described is satisfactory for many
 15 applications, it has been found that disadvantages are associated with a mouse which is separate from the keyboard of a computer system. This is especially so in the case of laptop computers.

One prior disadvantage associated is that when using the mouse, the user must stop his or her hand operation on the keyboard and move his or
 20 her hand from the keyboard to grasp the mouse. This sometimes also requires that the user's eyes be shifted from the display to aid in the grasping of the mouse. The mouse is then pushed by the user's hand to move over the surface until the cursor reaches the desired spot on the display. The user then removes his or her hand from the mouse and must
 25 find the proper position for the hand on the keyboard to begin typing operations again. In many applications (e.g., word processing) the operation of the mouse results in a substantial loss in convenience and efficiency due to the diversion of the user's attention from the keyboard.

Another prior disadvantage associated is that when using the mouse,
 30 the surface over which the mouse must move is an essential part of the system. At times, portable computers are placed on the lap of the user and



no such surface for the mouse is available. Thus, the mouse cannot be properly used with the computer while it is lap-mounted or in cases where no adjacent surface is available for operating the mouse.

Moreover, as a portable computer may be used in a laptop
5 environment, for example by the user in a taxi cab where no base is available to place the portable computer except the user's lap, nothing is available for the user's palms or wrists to rest against. The conventional portable computer keyboard, placed close to the front edge, also does not provide the resting base for the user's palms or wrists. When a conventional
10 portable computer is used for a period of time on a user's lap, the user is unable to support and rest the palms or wrists on something and is unable to extend the arms away from the body to reduce muscle tension. During the period of using the computer in such an environment, the user experiences a great deal of muscle fatigue in the arms and shoulders.

15 Because of these and other disadvantages associated with the conventional off-keyboard mouse, a need, which has previously remained unsatisfied, has existed for an arrangement having combined keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device which allows for the advantages of a mouse while allowing the hands to remain on the keyboard and without
20 requiring a flat work surface of the type required for the off-keyboard mouse.

A number of prior art approaches are known for including a cursor positioning device onto a keyboard. One such prior art approach is shown in U.S. Patent No. 4,736,191, which describes a keyboard having a touchpad which serves as a cursor positioning device, where the touchpad
25 is positioned immediately below the space bar of the keyboard (which is separate from the computer) so that the touchpad can be accessed by the thumb of the user without requiring the user to move his or her hand from the keyboard. However, these prior art approaches fail to disclose the ergonomic configuration of the integrated keyboard, cursor control device
30 (with switches) and palm rest in a laptop computer as in the present invention. Also, many of the prior art approaches still require that the user's



eyes be shifted and hands be moved to manipulate the cursor positioning device. These prior art approaches may be found in the following references:

1. U. S. Design Patent No. 285,201, issued August 19, 1986 for
5 KEYBOARD INCLUDING TRACKBALL;
2. U. S. Design Patent No. 291,574, issued August 25, 1987 for
KEYBOARD INCLUDING TRACKBALL;
3. U. S. Design Patent No. 292,289, issued October 13, 1987 for
ELECTRONIC COMPUTER;
- 10 4. U. S. Patent No. 4,670,743, issued June 2, 1987 for KEYBOARD
CURSOR CONTROLLER;
5. U. S. Patent No. 4,712,101, issued December 8, 1987 for CONTROL
MECHANISM FOR ELECTRONIC APPARATUS;
6. U. S. Patent No. 4,736,191, issued April 5, 1988 for TOUCH
15 ACTIVATED CONTROL METHOD AND APPARATUS;
7. U. S. Patent No. 4,823,634, issued April 25, 1989 for
MULTIFUNCTION TACTILE MANIPULATABLE CONTROL;
8. U. S. Patent No. 4,896,554, issued January 30, 1990 for
MULTIFUNCTION TACTILE MANIPULATABLE CONTROL;
- 20 9. German Patent Application No. DE-3045133, published January 7,
1982 for CURSOR INPUT CONTROL FOR VDU;
10. Japanese Patent Application No. 59-94133, published May 30, 1984
for DOCUMENT AND FIGURE GENERATING DEVICE; and
11. IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin, Vol. 27, No. 10B, pp. 6299-6305;
25 March 1985 for MOUSE/KEYBOARD CONCEPT INCORPORATING UNIQUE
DEVICES FOR CONTROLLING CRT DISPLAY CURSORS.

Unlike the present invention, these prior art approaches fail to allow the user to practice the "point and click" approach (e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,736,191 does not provide a switch with the cursor positioning touchpad)
30 while also allowing the user to keep his hands on the keyboard and to rest his palms on the palm rest of the laptop computer. Moreover, the prior art



does not give the user the option of pressing a switch closest to the keyboard (to click/select an image on the display screen) with either thumb while the other thumb moves a trackball and while the user's hands remain positioned over the keyboard. Furthermore, the prior art systems do not

5 include two separate switches (covered by contoured buttons to give the user tactile feedback to help the user locate the switches without looking), one switch being closest to the keyboard and often best suited for word processing applications, and the other switch being located below the trackball and often best utilized for detail-intensive cursor positioning using

10 one hand (e.g. index finger operating trackball while thumb of same hand operates switch) such as the drawing of graphics on the computer system.

In view of the limitations of known systems and methods, one objective of the present invention is to provide a laptop computer with a combined keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device which does not

15 require that the user's hands be removed from the keyboard to reach for the cursor positioning device while also allowing the user to practice the "point and click" approach.

In view of the limitations of known systems and methods, another objective of the present invention is to provide a laptop computer with a combined keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device which provides a

20 rest for the user's palms and which gives the user the option of pressing a switch closest to the keyboard with either thumb while the other thumb moves a trackball and the user's hands are kept over the keyboard. It is a further object of the invention to provide a sophisticated ergonomically

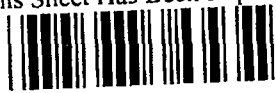
25 designed laptop computer having enough space for the palm rests so that the user's hands/palms can be rested while using the keyboard on the user's lap, allowing the user to extend their arms away from the body in a more relaxed state, thereby reducing muscle fatigue in the user's arms and shoulders.



SUMMARY AND OBJECTS OF THE INVENTION

A laptop personal computer having an integrated keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device which includes a cursor positioning device and at least one switch means is described herein. The laptop personal computer includes a display screen which displays a movable cursor and further includes a keyboard for inputting data into the computer, which keyboard is typically a standard alphanumeric keyboard having many keys, including a bottom row of keys. A palm rest area, which is typically a flat surface, is adjacent to the bottom row of the keyboard and is adequately large to support the user's palms and/or wrists when typing on the keyboard. A cursor positioning device, typically a trackball, is located in a cooperating recess in the palm rest area. The cursor positioning device allows the user to move the movable cursor which is displayed on a display screen to any point on a display screen. The laptop computer further comprises at least one switch means for initiating a particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on a display screen when the switch means is activated. The combination of a cursor positioning device and at least one switch means provides the point and click function which gives the user the ability to control the computer by pointing (with the cursor) to an image on the display screen and activating the switch means while the cursor is pointing to the image. The switch means, which is an electrical element, is usually activated (e.g. change of electrical state of the switch) by a button means which electrically isolates (and hence insulates) the user from the electrical circuitry of the computer.

In one embodiment, the laptop personal computer of the present invention includes two switch means for initiating at least one signal to carry out at least one particular function which depends upon the position of the movable cursor on a display screen when either of the switch means is activated. These two switch means may be separate switches for initiating different functions or may be connected in parallel to provide one signal



which carries out a single function. The invention further provides a first and second button means for activating the first and second switch means respectively. The first button is located below the bottom row of the keyboard and above the cursor positioning device. The second button
5 which activates the second switch means is located below the cursor positioning device. The cursor positioning device and the first and second buttons are typically substantially aligned along the midline of the palm rest, which midline is defined by a line which is centered with respect to the width of the palm rest. This line is typically perpendicular with respect to the
10 bottom row of the keyboard and perpendicular with respect to the front edge of the laptop computer.

The laptop includes a main housing and a display housing. The display housing, when closed, acts as a cover for the computer and includes the display screen which displays the movable cursor. The display housing
15 is rotatably coupled by a hinge to the main housing. The main housing contains the conventional electronics, such as the CPU, memory, hard disk drive and/or floppy disk drive, input/output circuitry, power supply and other standard and well known electronic circuitry contained in laptop computers.

The present invention provides the user with the option of pressing
20 the first button which is closest to the keyboard to "click"/select an image on a display screen with either thumb while the other thumb moves the trackball and while the user's hands are kept positioned over the keyboard. The contoured buttons which are used to activate the switches provide tactile feedback to the user to locate the buttons without looking. The present
25 invention thereby allows the user to point to an image on a display screen and select the image while keeping the user's hands over the keyboard and while continuing to look at the display screen. The provision of two separate buttons allows the user to use one button (usually the top button which is closer to the keyboard) for certain applications and the other button (the
30 bottom button) for applications where cursor controlling intensive operations are required. In alternative embodiments, the two buttons may activate a

single switch and may be either mechanically coupled or may be integrally formed together, as in the case of a circular button which surrounds the trackball.

5 These and other features and advantages of the present invention provided for will be apparent from the accompanying drawings and from the detailed description which follows below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention is illustrated by way of example, and not by way of limitation, in the figures of the accompanying drawings and in which like reference numerals refer to similar elements and in which:

5 Figure 1 is a perspective view of a laptop computer in the raised position showing the keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device combination;

 Figure 2 is another perspective view of the laptop computer in the closed position;

10 Figure 3 is a top view showing the arrangement of the keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device;

 Figure 4A is a sectional view of the keyboard/cursor control device arrangement, taken on line 4A-4A of Figure 3;

15 Figure 4B is a sectional view of the keyboard/cursor control device arrangement, taken on line 4B-4B of Figure 3

 Figure 5 is a perspective view showing the shape of the upper button of the cursor control device;

 Figure 6A is a top view of the upper button shown in Figure 5;

20 Figure 6B is a sectional view of the upper button, taken on line 6-6 of Figure 6A; this view shows the slope of the upper button;

 Figure 7 is a perspective view showing the shape of the lower button of the cursor control device;

 Figure 8A is a top view of the lower button shown in Figure 7;

25 Figure 8B is a sectional view of the lower button, taken on line 8-8 of Figure 8A;

 Figure 9 is a side view of the laptop computer in the closed position.

 Figure 10 shows a top view of an alternative button means which surrounds the trackball.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring to Figure 1, a perspective view of a portable personal computer 10 is shown, including the keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device combination 8 of the present invention. Although computer 10 can be any of a variety of computers, computer 10 in the present preferred embodiment is a portable computer and, more specifically, a laptop computer which is a single, integrated unit with all of its elements placed within one case and which is small enough to fit on a user's lap. Computer 10 includes a main housing 1. Main housing 1, in the preferred embodiment, is made from injection molded plastic material. Inside main housing 1, there are all the essential and well known electronic circuitry for the computer's operation, such as CPU, memory, hard disk drive and/or floppy disk drive, input/output circuitry and power supply. Such electronic circuitry for a laptop computer is well known; one example of a laptop computer is the Macintosh Portable from Apple Computer, Inc. of Cupertino, California, the assignee of the present invention.

On top of main housing 1 is the keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device combination 8. The combination 8 includes a conventional keyboard 11, a palm rest 9 and a cursor control device 12 (which includes a cursor positioning device, typically a trackball 32, and two switches which are actuated by two contoured, crescent shaped buttons 31 and 33). Keyboard 11 and cursor control device 12 allow a user to communicate with (e.g. input data into) computer 10. Palm rest 9 provides a supporting base for the user's hands to rest against when using keyboard 11. The combination 8 will be described in more detail below with reference to Figures 3-9.

Disposed over the keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device combination 8 is a display housing 2 which contains the display screen 3. Display housing 2 is coupled to main housing 1 by a conventional hinge means 7. Hinge 7 allows the display housing 2 to act as a cover for the main housing 1 such that, from the closed position (shown in Figure 2), the display

housing 2 can be opened upwards, revealing the keyboard 11, palm rest 9, trackball 32 and buttons 31 and 33.

As illustrated in Figure 1, hinge 7 extends substantially across the width of main housing 1. In an alternative embodiment, hinge 7 can be made to extend completely across the width of main housing 1. Also, different types of hinges may be used with the preferred embodiment. The particular type of hinge arrangement which is used is not critical to the present invention.

Display housing 2 includes a display unit which contains a display screen 3 and associated video circuitry (not shown). In the preferred embodiment, display screen 3 is a liquid crystal display unit. In an alternative embodiment, display screen 3 can be a video monitor or any other well known display device. Display screen 3 is framed on the center of the inner wall of display housing 2. The movable cursor 50 which is positioned and moved by the cursor positioning device 32 is shown in Figure 1.

Two identical support members 5A and 5B are placed above display screen 3. The function of the two support members 5A and 5B is to keep display screen 3 from touching on keyboard 11 and cursor control device 12 when display housing 2 is in its closed position.

Display housing 2, when closed, covers the combination 8, thus protecting keyboard 11, palm rest 9 and cursor control device 12 while computer 10 is being transported. When display housing 2 is closed, display screen 3 is also covered and thereby protected. When display housing 2 is lifted upwards, display screen 3 is visible to the user.

Display housing 2 is typically held in the closed position by means of a latch assembly when computer 10 is not being used and is closed, as shown in Figure 2. The latch assembly in the preferred embodiment includes a hook element 4 on display housing 2 and a slot 15 on the top surface of main housing 1 near the button 33. When display housing 2 is closed, hook element 4 engages with corresponding slot 15 to hold display

housing 2 in place. To lock cover 2 in closed position, a force is employed to press display housing 2 downward so as to make hook element 4 engage in slot 15. To release hook element 4 from slot 15, a force is employed to slide hook 4 out from engagement with slot 15 of main housing 1 so as to free
 5 hook element 4 from slot 15 and allow the display housing 2 to be raised. The hook is held in engagement in slot 15 by a spring. It will be apparent to those in the art that many alternative latching assemblies may be used to secure the display housing 2 to the main housing 1.

On the right side of main housing 1 as shown in Figure 1, a slot 13
 10 which is part of a conventional floppy disc drive is shown. Slot 13 allows a floppy disc to be inserted into the floppy disc drive. Near the back side of the main housing 1 are two conventional sliding controls 101 and 102 which may be used to vary in the conventional manner the contrast and brightness (respectively) of the display screen 3.

15 A leg 14 is also shown in Figure 1 which is rotatably attached to the rear right side wall of main housing 1. Leg 14 is retractable by rotating it upward so that the leg 14 does not extend beyond the bottom of main housing 1. In the presently preferred embodiment, another identical leg is also provided on the left side wall of main housing 1. Each leg may be set at
 20 a down position, as shown in Figure 1 with respect to the bottom of main housing 1, and numerous examples in the prior art exist for these legs. The function of legs 14, when standing against a flat surface on which main housing 1 is lying (such as desktop surface 52 shown in Figure 4A), is to give the top of the main housing 1 a slight slope of several degrees with
 25 respect to the desktop surface 52 when the user is operating the keyboard or the cursor control device (see Figures 4A, 4B and Figure 9). The inclined slope of the keyboard is often preferred by users.

Figure 3 shows keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device combination 8 with approximate dimensions on each of the various
 30 components. As is illustrated in Figure 3, combination 8 of the presently preferred embodiment has an overall length of approximately 194 mm and

width of approximately 286 mm. The keyboard 11 and palm rest 9 occupy almost all of the top surface of the main housing 1, with a portion of the top surface supporting the hinge 7 and the display housing 2. As shown in Figure 3, the overall width of the main housing 1 (286 mm) is the same as the width of the palm rest 9. In an alternative embodiment, the relative sizes of keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device can be made larger or smaller (in the range of up to 25% larger or smaller).

It will be recognized that making the relative sizes of the keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device smaller by as much as 25% (or even smaller) will make the laptop computer more difficult to use in the sense that the user will have difficulty manipulating a smaller trackball or typing on a smaller keyboard; however, a smaller laptop computer will be easier to carry and otherwise transport. It will also be recognized that making the relative sizes of the keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device larger by as much as 25% (or even larger) will cause the laptop computer to be more uncomfortable to use on the lap of the user and the computer may not fit in certain circumstances where it could otherwise be used (e.g. the seat of an airplane).

Keyboard 11 is located on the upper end of the top of the main housing 1, away from the front edge of the computer, and is thereby close to hinge 7. Keyboard 11 can be a conventional "QWERTY" keyboard which includes a large, elongated space bar key in the bottom row of the keyboard. In the presently preferred embodiment, the dimensions of keyboard 11 are about 90 mm by approximately 272 mm wide. In an alternative embodiment, other types of keyboards can be employed. The specific type of keyboard (e.g. a "QWERTY" keyboard) that is used is not critical to the present invention.

The keycaps in the presently preferred embodiment are slightly smaller than standard keycaps. Moreover, the pitch spacing between the keycaps in the presently preferred embodiment for the alphanumeric keys is smaller than standard pitch spacing. The vertical pitch spacing between

adjacent keycaps is 18 mm (e.g. the vertical distance between centers of the keycaps "S" and "W" for a "QWERTY" keyboard is 18 mm) and the horizontal pitch spacing for adjacent keycaps is 18.6 mm (e.g. the horizontal distance between the centers of "Q" and "W" for a "QWERTY" keyboard is 18.6 mm). It will be apparent that modifying the size of the keyboard to implement a particular embodiment of the invention will cause the modification of the size of the keycaps and the spacing between the keycaps. It can be seen from Figure 4B that the keyboard is elevated above the palm rest area; the vertical distance from the top of the keycaps to the surface of the palm rest is about 9 mm in the presently preferred embodiment, however the distance can vary with other embodiments. For example, the top of the keycaps may be flush with the palm rest if the keyboard is recessed into the top of main housing 1.

Below keyboard 11 is palm rest 9 which is on the top of the main housing and extends away from keyboard 11 towards the user of the computer. The purpose of palm rest 9 is to allow the user's hands and/or wrists to rest against a surface which is an integral part of the laptop computer when using the keyboard or cursor control device, especially in the laptop environment (i.e. when the computer is resting on the user's lap rather than on a desktop). This permits the user to extend his/her arms away from the body in a more relaxed state, reducing muscle fatigue in the arms and shoulders. The space provided by palm rest 9 should be large enough to hold the user's palms or wrists. It is contemplated that a palm rest in the range of approximately 65 mm to 90 mm long (i.e. the distance from the front edge of the laptop computer to the ridge 53) should be sufficient for this purpose, although it is conceivable that a smaller palm rest would be appropriate for laptop computers dedicated to smaller users (e.g. children). Increasing the size of palm rest 9 will naturally provide more support for the user's hands and/or palms. However, palm rest 9 should not be excessively large in order not to unnecessarily enlarge the physical size of computer 10. In the presently preferred embodiment, palm rest 9 is a flat rectangular

surface, which is approximately 84 mm long and 286 mm wide. In an alternative embodiment, palm rest 9 can be a surface with a gentle slope relative to the bottom surface of the main housing 1.

The positioning of keyboard 11 adjacent to hinge 7 causes the
5 keyboard 11 to be placed away from the user, and causes the palm rest 9 to be made available for the user to extend his/her hands or wrists away from the user's body (giving "elbow room"). It also allows cursor control device 12 to be ergonomically located, as is illustrated in Figure 3, so that the user is able to operate cursor control device 12 without having to remove the hands
10 from the "home row" position on keyboard 11.

Between keyboard 11 and palm rest 9 is the ridge 53, which separates the bottom row of the keyboard 11 from the palm rest 9. The ridge 53 is elevated above the palm rest 9 by about 4 mm and provides tactile feedback to the user to assist in locating the keyboard without looking at it.
15 The ridge also provides a location for the user to rest the user's thumbs. In the preferred embodiment, the distance from the front edge of the main housing 1 (i.e. the edge facing the user) and the bottom row of keycaps on the keyboard is about 95 mm. The ridge 53 in the preferred embodiment is approximately 272 mm wide and 10 mm long. If the tops of the keycaps
20 were flush with the palm rest 9, then the ridge would typically not exist.

Cursor control device 12 is mounted in the palm rest area near the center of palm rest 9, below keyboard 11 and typically below the space bar in the bottom row of keyboard 11. Cursor control device 12 allows the user to control the movement of the movable cursor on display screen 3 in the
25 conventional manner and select a desired operation, such as the selection of a software option by moving the cursor with the cursor positioning device and by signaling selections with the switches which are activated by the buttons 31 and 33, as described below. The cursor positioning device may be any one of the well known means for positioning a cursor, including a
30 touchpad or a trackball.

Cursor control device 12 in the preferred embodiment includes a conventional trackball 32, an upper button 31 and a lower button 33. An example of a conventional trackball can be found in the Macintosh Portable from Apple Computer, Inc. of Cupertino, California. Upper button 31 is
5 located between trackball 32 and keyboard 11 and lower button 33 is located below trackball 32, as illustrated in Figure 3. As shown in Figure 3, upper button 31 and trackball 32 are placed on palm rest 9 closely adjacent to the space bar of keyboard 11. Trackball 32 is a round ball rotatably disposed concentrically within a round cooperating recess 34 on palm rest
10 9. The recess 34 and trackball 32 are both half embraced by upper button 31 (see Figures 3, 4A and 4B). Trackball 32 also includes a conventional converter coupled to it to convert the rotation of trackball 32 into electrical signals indicative of X-Y locations defined on display screen 3. Trackball 32, along with its converter, can be implemented on palm rest 9 by many well
15 known prior art techniques, such as disclosed in the U.S. Patent No. 4,464,652, issued on August 7, 1984 and assigned to the same assignee of the present invention. Trackball 32 is one of several possible conventional cursor positioning devices that may be used and the internal design of the particular trackball used in the laptop is not critical to the present invention.

20 In the presently preferred embodiment, the diameter of trackball 32 is approximately 30 mm, but the diameter of the trackball can be varied considerably, at least in the range of about 15 mm to over 30 mm. Larger trackballs (e.g. 45 mm in diameter) will typically require larger palm rests and will usually take up more area of the palm rest. As can be seen from
25 Figures 4A and 4B, trackball 32 is a ball, partly appearing above the surface of palm rest 9. Trackball 32 "floats" (in the well known way that trackballs are supported) within the cooperating recess 34 and can be rotated in all directions within the recess 34. The user can use his or her thumb or finger to rotate trackball 32 within the recess 34 so as to move the cursor
30 accordingly to a desired position on display screen 3. As also can be seen from Figures 3, 4A and 4B, trackball 32 is disposed half way into upper

button 31 in order to bring trackball 32 closer to the bottom row of keyboard 11. As shown in Figure 3, the upper button 31 protrudes into a cut-out portion of the ridge 53 in order to bring the button 31 closer to the keyboard 11. In the presently preferred embodiment, the distance as shown in Figure 3 from the bottom edge of keyboard 11 to the center of trackball 32 is about 31 mm, and the diameter of the outer lip of cooperating recess 34 is about 40 mm.

Upper button 31 is a function activating button. Upper button 31 is mechanically coupled to a conventional switch means 56 to activate (e.g. change the electrical state of) the switch. It will be appreciated that the switch is an electrical component which should be isolated and insulated from the user; the button isolates the switch and provides ergonomic advantages. It will be appreciated that the button may be any mechanical means for activating and electrically insulating the user from the switch means and may, for example, be as simple as a mere membrane over a conventional membrane switch, which membrane is pressed by the user. When upper button 31 is pressed with a force, the electrical state (e.g. closed or opened) of the switch is changed, thereby signaling to the computer 10 that a command has been selected by the user or that an appropriate X-Y location has been selected. The switch can be implemented in many conventional ways (e.g. a spring loaded single pole switch or a low profile tactile membrane switch), and U.S. Patent No. 4,464,652 shows an example of a switch means and an example of making a selection (e.g. giving the computer a command) by positioning the cursor and activating the single switch. It will be understood that this switch and its associated button are in addition to the keys on the keyboard and that the switch provides an additional input to the computer which is recognized by the computer, for example in the manner described in U.S. Patent No. 4,464,652. In the preferred embodiment, the switch is kept in one electrical state (e.g. open) by a retaining means (e.g. a spring) and only placed in the

other electrical state (e.g. closed) when the user presses on the button to activate the switch.

Upper button 31 is substantially a crescent-shaped bar with a half circular cut in the middle. The diameter of the cut is about 40 mm. The half
5 circular cut of upper button 31 couples to the recess 34 which contains trackball 32. As can be seen from Figure 3, it is the half circular cut on upper button 31 that brings trackball 32 half way into upper button 31, thereby minimizing the distance from the bottom edge of keyboard 11 to the center of trackball 32. As shown in Figure 3, the edge of button 31 which is closest to
10 keyboard 11 (back edge of button 31) is a convex edge, and the edge of button 31 which is closest to trackball 32 (front edge of button 31) is a concave edge formed from the half circular cut.

Figures 5, 6A and 6B illustrate in more detail the contoured configuration of upper button 31. As can be seen in these figures, the top
15 surface of upper button 31 is curved downwardly in an arc toward both the front and back edges. The top surface around the half circular cut is curved downwardly in an arc toward the cut. The contoured surface of upper button 31 is best illustrated in Figure 5. The purpose of this contoured surface is to fit the curve of the human thumbs. This allows the user to easily identify and
20 locate upper button 31 with his or her thumbs without shifting his or her eyes away from display screen 3. As can be seen from Figure 3, upper button 31 in the presently preferred embodiment is about 76 mm wide and the distance from the top of the back edge (nearest the keyboard) to the edge of the button closest to the button 33 is about 26 mm .

25 In the presently preferred embodiment, upper button 31 is a one piece push-down button. In an alternative embodiment, upper button 31 is a push-in button which is pushed toward the keyboard. In a further embodiment, upper button 31 is formed by two or more pieces each of which activates the switch associated with the upper button or, as described below, the upper
30 button 31 may be mechanically coupled to the lower button 33 or may be

integrally formed together with the lower button 33 (such that structurally the buttons 31 and 33 are one piece).

This arrangement of upper button 31 and trackball 32 on palm rest 9 just beneath the space bar of keyboard 11 contributes to the usefulness of the present invention. It allows the user to access upper button 31 and trackball 32 with the thumbs while maintaining the hands in the home row position on keyboard 11. This follows from the fact that a human hand has a natural triangle formed by the thumb and the other fingers. It is thus possible and convenient for the user to reach out with the thumbs for upper button 31 and trackball 32 while still being able to keep the other fingers of the hands on keyboard 11.

It is also true that in operation, the user's hands are generally kept on the home row position on keyboard 11 for the striking of keys to carry out the typing operation. In this position, all the fingers of both hands except the two thumbs are occupied with a key, and the two thumbs are left free except to strike the space bar key when necessary. The home row position for the user's hands on keyboard 11 when that keyboard is of the "QWERTY" type is the "ASDFJKL;" keys.

In typical typing operations, all the fingers except the two thumbs are gently touching on their respective keys, and the palms are placed on palm rest 9. If a key on the home row position is to be typed, the respective finger merely presses it. If the keyboard operation requires a key not on the home row to be struck, a respective finger will reach out for the key and strike it. After striking the key, the finger retreats to its home row position and is ready for another strike.

When a cursor movement is required, cursor control device 12 may be used. At this moment, the user's hands remain on the home row position of keyboard 11. The two thumbs reach down for trackball 32 and upper button 31 respectively. One thumb is on trackball 32 to control the cursor movement and the other thumb is on upper button 31 to control the generation of a signal (by activation of switch means 56) which may confirm

the cursor movement or otherwise select a command. Which one of the two thumbs is responsible for trackball 32 depends entirely on the user's preference. If a right handed person operates trackball 32 and upper button 31, the right thumb will probably be on trackball 32 and the left thumb on upper button 31. However, a left handed person generally uses the left thumb for the trackball operation and the right thumb to control the upper button 31.

Assume that the user puts the right thumb on trackball 32, the left thumb is accordingly placed on upper button 31. During the cursor operation, the right thumb rotates trackball 32 in a direction to move the cursor to a desired position on display screen 3. When the cursor reaches the desired position, the left thumb then strikes upper button 31 (to activate the switch means 56) to confirm the desired position of the cursor to thereby place the cursor at a particular location in a document (e.g., a word processing document) or to make a selection of a command represented by an image which is displayed under the cursor on the display screen 3 (as in the method described in U.S. Patent No. 4,464,652). Given that the human thumbs naturally form a triangle with their other fingers and that upper button 31 and trackball 32 are placed right beneath the space bar of keyboard 11, the user's hands are able to remain on the keyboard 11 while the two thumbs can operate trackball 32 and upper button 31 to perform the "point and click" operation.

No eye shifting from display screen 3 is required to help the hands locate upper button 31 and trackball 32, and to help the hands return to their home row position on keyboard 11 from the operation of upper button 31 and trackball 32 because the user's hands can remain on the home row position during the operation of trackball 32 and upper button 31.

Lower button 33 may also be provided as part of cursor control device 12. It may provide cursor control device 12 with more functions and may give the user more options to operate cursor control device 12. Lower button 33 can generate the same signal as upper button 31 or it can

generate a different signal. In the presently preferred embodiment, lower button 33 performs the same function as upper button 31 in that they both generate the same signal because switch means 55 and 56 are coupled in parallel. Alternatively by not coupling these switches in parallel, lower
5 button 33 can be a different function activating button from upper button 31 such that the signals generated by activating switches 55 and 56 are different.

Lower button 33 is coupled to a conventional switch means 55 to activate (e.g. change the electrical state of) the switch which generates a
10 signal to the computer indicating a selection of a command or confirmation of cursor movement. When lower button 33 is pressed with a force, the electrical state (e.g., open or closed) of the switch 55 is changed, thereby signaling to the computer 10 that a command has been selected or that an appropriate X-Y location has been selected. The switch 55 can be
15 implemented in many conventional ways (e.g., a spring loaded single pole switch or a low profile tactile membrane switch) and U.S. Patent No. 4,464,652 shows an example of a switch means.

As is shown in Figure 3, the one piece lower button 33 is disposed a distance of approximately 45 mm below trackball 32 on palm rest 9. The
20 button 33 is substantially crescent shaped, which facilitates the user's ability to reach the button due to the fact that a human hand has a natural ability to form two sides of a triangle in the form of the thumb and the other fingers. Thus, the left and right edges of the button are angled closer to the trackball than the center of the button allowing the index finger (when manipulating
25 the trackball) and the thumb (when pressing the left or right edges of button 33) to form a triangle. As shown in Figure 3, the edge of the button 33 which is closest to the trackball 32 is a concave edge, and the edge of button 33 which is closest to the front of the laptop computer 10 is a convex edge. In the presently preferred embodiment, the distance from the center of trackball
30 32 to the center of lower button 33 is about 45 mm.

Figures 7, 8A and 8B illustrate in more detail the contour configuration of lower button 33. In Figure 7, the top surface of lower button 33 is curved downwardly in an arc toward its concave edge and the convex edge of lower button 33. The contoured surface of lower button 33 fits the natural
5 curve of human thumbs and provides tactile feedback to help the user locate the button without looking. As can be seen from Figure 3, lower button 33 is approximately 59 mm wide and 22 mm long. Figure 8B illustrates the sectional view of lower button 33, taken on line 8-8 of Figure 8A.

In the presently preferred embodiment, lower button 33 is a one piece
10 push-down button. In an alternative embodiment, lower button 33 is formed by two or more pieces. In other embodiments, button 33 may be mechanically coupled to button 31 or may be integrally formed together with the button 31 (such that structurally the buttons 31 and 33 are one piece).

In the presently preferred embodiment, lower button 33 is provided to
15 facilitate the "one-hand" operation of cursor control device 12. In the "one-hand" cursor control operation, the user uses only one hand to operate cursor control device 12, either right or left hand depending on the user's habit and that hand will not be kept in the home row position. This approach may be adopted when the user is not extensively using the keyboard and is
20 constantly engaged in the cursor operation (cursor intensive operations) in which the user needs to repetitively shift between the trackball operation and button operation, such as making drawings on screen 3. This approach may as well be adopted if the user wants to use merely one hand for cursor control operation and free the other hand for something else. In the "one-
25 hand" cursor control operation, the user places the thumb of one hand on lower button 33 and the index finger of the same hand on trackball 32. The user can also use more than one finger simultaneously on trackball 32 to operate trackball 32 while the thumb of the same hand operates the lower button 33. Some users may find that other "one-hand" techniques are more
30 convenient. For example, some users may prefer to use the thumb of one hand to control the trackball while the index finger of the same hand is used

to press the upper button 31. Alternatively, some users may prefer to control the trackball with the index finger of one hand and use the middle finger of the same hand on the upper button.

The dual upper and lower button trackball design of cursor control device 12 offers the user maximum flexibility in using different thumb and finger combinations.

In those embodiments where switch means 55 and 56 are coupled in parallel to provide the same signal to the computer 10 or where only a single switch means is used, several alternative button means may be employed.

10 In one embodiment, buttons 31 and 33 may be mechanically coupled together to activate a single switch; for example, buttons 31 and 33 may have posts which extend from the underside of the buttons' caps, which posts press upon a plate which itself presses upon a switch. Alternatively, buttons 31 and 33 may be connected to the same lever which actuates the

15 switch. In another embodiment, buttons 31 and 33 may be integrally formed together, as in the case where the buttons 31 and 33 are structurally one piece.

In this case the buttons 31 and 33, if housed in a main housing 1 as shown in Figure 1, would appear to be two separate buttons in that there are

20 two separate button caps which are exposed in the palm rest, but underneath the top of the housing 1 the buttons are joined together. A further alternative embodiment is shown in Figure 10; a circular single one-piece button 60 surrounds the recess 34 and trackball 32 and is placed immediately below the bottom row of keyboard 11 in the palm rest area 9. In

25 this embodiment, the button 60 activates a switch means in the manner described above. The user may strike the top of the button 60 (closest to the keyboard) while keeping the hands in the home row position or may use the "one-hand" operation of the cursor control device 12 by using a finger of that hand to control the trackball 32 while using the thumb of that hand to strike

30 the bottom portion of the button 60.

In the foregoing specification the invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments thereof. It will, however, be evident that various modifications and changes can be made thereto without departing from the broader spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the
5 appended claims. The specification and drawings are, accordingly, to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.



CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A laptop personal computer having a display screen which displays a movable cursor, said laptop personal computer comprising:
 - a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard having a bottom row;
 - a palm rest adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest being adequately large to support a user's palms;
 - a cursor positioning device located on said palm rest, said cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen;
 - a first and second switch means for initiating at least one signal to carry out at least one particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen.
2. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 1, further comprising:
 - a first button means for activating said first switch means, said first button means being located below said bottom row of said keyboard and above said cursor positioning device;
 - a second button means for activating said second switch means, said second button means being located below said cursor positioning device, and wherein said cursor positioning device is located in a cooperating recess in said palm rest and is a trackball which is rotatable in all directions within said cooperating recess.
3. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 2, wherein said first and second switch means are coupled in parallel to provide one signal to carry out a particular function, such that either switch means may be activated to carry out said particular function, and wherein said trackball is substantially aligned along the midline of the palm rest, said midline being defined by a line which is centered with respect to the width of the palm rest.
4. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 1 wherein said display screen is disposed on the inner face of a display housing and wherein said keyboard, said palm rest and said cursor positioning device are disposed on





the upper face of a main housing, said display housing and main housing being rotatably coupled by a hinge means located near the rear of said main housing, and wherein said display housing may be closed to cover said keyboard, said cursor positioning device and said palm rest.

5. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 3, wherein said the display screen is disposed on the inner face of a display housing and wherein said keyboard, said palm rest and said trackball are disposed on the upper face of a main housing, said display housing and main housing being rotatably coupled by a hinge means located near the rear of said main housing, and wherein said display housing may be closed to cover said keyboard, said trackball and said palm rest and wherein a user of said laptop computer operates said computer by keeping the user's fingers, other than the thumbs, over said keyboard in the home row position while the user uses one thumb to control said first button and the other thumb to control said trackball.

6. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 2, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

7. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 3, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

8. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 5, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

9. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 8, wherein said palm rest is a flat surface with no slope with respect to the bottom of said main housing.

10. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 8, said first and said second button means having a crescent shape with concave and convex sides such that the concave sides of said first and said second button means are adjacent to said trackball.





11. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 10, wherein said keyboard is elevated above said palm rest.

12. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 11, wherein the tops of the key caps of said keyboard are elevated above said palm rest and wherein the first button means is contoured to accommodate the natural contour and position of a user's thumbs.

13. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 11, wherein said display screen is a liquid crystal display.

14. A laptop personal computer having a display screen which displays a movable cursor, said laptop personal computer comprising:

a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard having a bottom row;

a palm rest adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest being adequately large to support a user's palms;

a cursor positioning device located on said palm rest, said cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen;

a switch means for generating a signal to carry a particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen; and a button means being coupled to said switch means for activating said switch means.

15. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 14 wherein said button means is a circular button which surrounds the cursor positioning device and said button means is located on the palm rest and wherein said cursor positioning device is a trackball, and wherein said keyboard and said palm rest are disposed on a main housing of said laptop computer and said main housing is coupled to a display housing which includes said display screen.

16. A laptop personal computer having a main housing and a display housing, said display housing including a display screen which displays a movable cursor and being rotatably coupled to said main housing by a hinge means, said laptop personal computer comprising:



a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard having a space bar located in the bottom row of said keyboard, said keyboard being disposed on the top of said main housing;

a palm rest located adjacent to said bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest being a flat surface disposed on top of said main housing and being adequately large to support a user's palms;

a trackball for moving said movable cursor on said display screen, said trackball being located in a cooperating recess in said palm rest below said space bar;

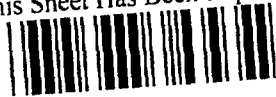
a first switch means for initiating a signal to carry out a particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen when said first switch means is activated;

a first and a second button means being coupled to said first switch means for activating said first switch means such that either button means may be used to activate said first switch means, said first button means being located on said palm rest above said trackball and below said space bar, and said second button means being located on said palm rest below said trackball.

17. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 16, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope towards said trackball and wherein said first button means is mechanically coupled to said second button means.

18. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 17, wherein said display screen when rotated into the closed position covers said keyboard, said trackball and said palm rest and wherein said hinge means is located at the rear of said laptop computer.

19. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 18, wherein said palm rest is a flat surface and said first and said second button means are crescent shaped with concave and convex sides such that the concave sides of said first and second button means are adjacent said trackball.



20. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 16, wherein said first button means and said second button means are integrally formed together and have two regions which are exposed in said palm rest, said two regions being the caps of said first and said second button means.

21. A laptop personal computer comprising:
a main housing;
a display housing including a display screen, said display housing being coupled to said main housing by a coupling means;
a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard having a bottom row of keys and being disposed on said main housing;
a palm rest located adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest being a surface disposed on said main housing and being adequately large to support a user's palms, said palm rest being located closer to the user of the laptop computer than said keyboard during normal use of said laptop computer.

22. A laptop computer as in Claim 21 wherein said coupling means is a rotatable hinge and wherein said keyboard includes a top row of keys which are adjacent to said rotatable hinge.

23. A method for using a laptop personal computer, said laptop computer comprising: a display screen which displays a movable cursor; a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop computer, said keyboard having a bottom row; a palm rest adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest being adequately large to support a user's palms; a cursor positioning device located on said palm rest, said cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen; a first switch means for initiating a signal to carry out a particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen; and a button means for activating said first switch means, said method comprising:

keeping the user's fingers, other than the user's thumbs, over said keyboard in the home row position of said keyboard;





using one of said thumbs to control the cursor positioning device to position said movable cursor over an image displayed on said display screen while keeping the user's fingers in the home row position of said keyboard, said image being representative of said particular function;

using the other of said thumbs to control the button means to activate said first switch means while said one thumb positions said movable cursor over said image to generate said signal to carry out said particular function represented by said image,

whereby said user positions said cursor with one thumb and selects the image under said cursor by using the other thumb while keeping the fingers of the user's hands, other than the thumbs, in the home row position of said keyboard.



ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURELAPTOP COMPUTER HAVING INTEGRATED KEYBOARD, CURSOR
CONTROL DEVICE AND PALM RESTFIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention pertains to the field of computer systems. More particularly, the present invention relates to a laptop computer having an integrated keyboard, cursor control device and palm rest.

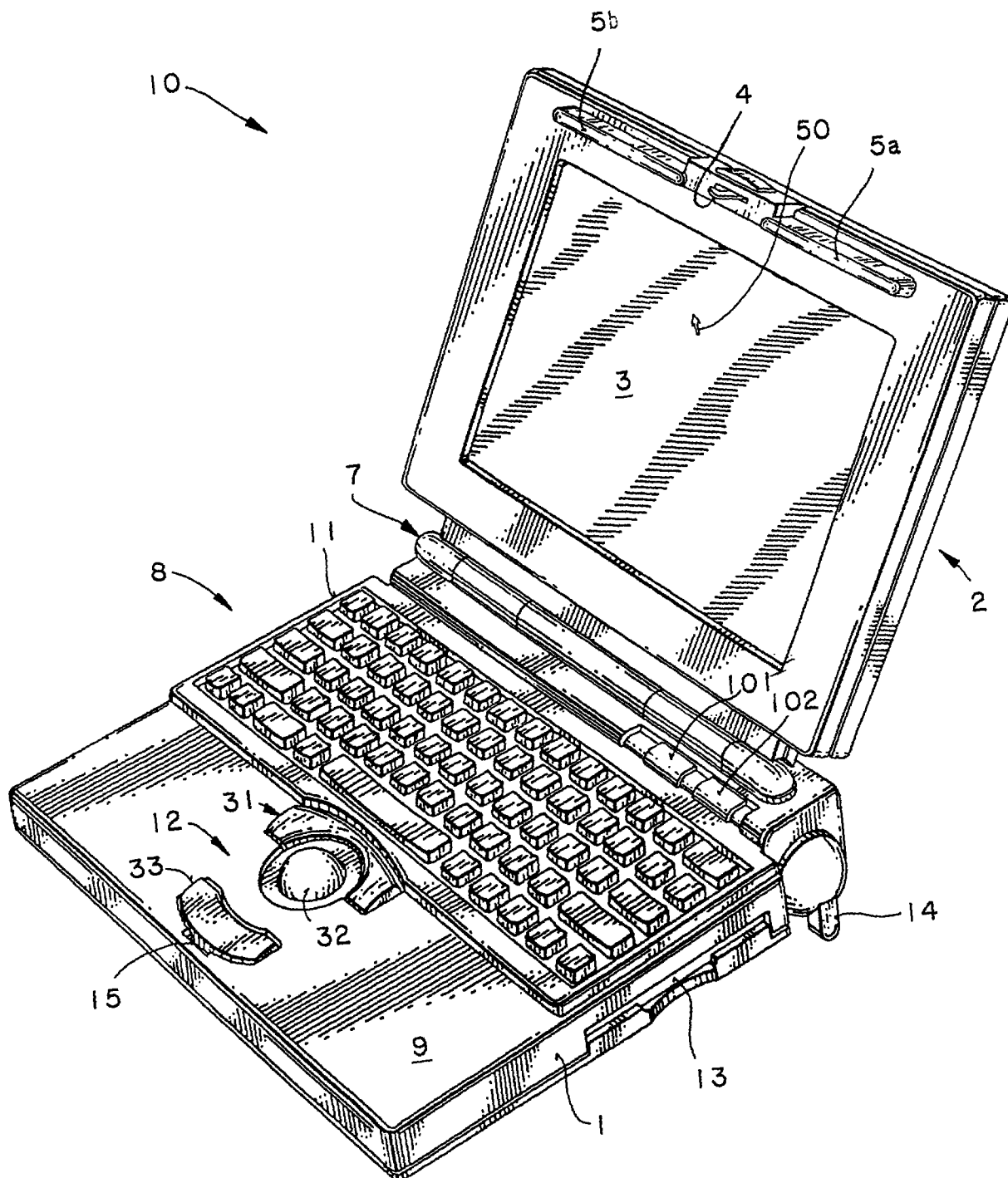
BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 Laptop computers are presently designed with a keyboard and a display all in one package. The keyboard is mounted next to the front edge of the laptop computer and the display is usually rotatably hinged to the housing which contains the keyboard, with most of the hardware for the laptop computer being contained in the same housing. A few laptop computers also include a built-in cursor control device, which is separate
15 from the keyboard but part of the laptop computer's housing; the cursor control device is typically mounted to the left or right of the keyboard (although an isopoint cursor control device is often mounted below the spacebar of the keyboard), and the keyboard is again next to the front edge of the laptop computer. The cursor control device allows the user to control
20 the position of a cursor or pointer on the display screen of the computer. It is often expeditious to use a cursor control device where, for example, the user is required to repetitively choose software options displayed on the display or may desire to input data in a graphics format into the computer system (e.g. drawing images on the computer's display).

25 One prior type of a cursor control device is commonly referred to as a "mouse" which is shown in U. S. Pat. No. 4,464,652. Such mouse is a small hand-held box-like device which is coupled to the computer system by a cable and placed adjacent to the keyboard. The mouse contains a domed portion housing a ball which is free to rotate within the dome against a
30 smooth and flat surface, which is typically a desktop. The operation of the mouse thus requires a flat, smooth surface (next to the keyboard of the



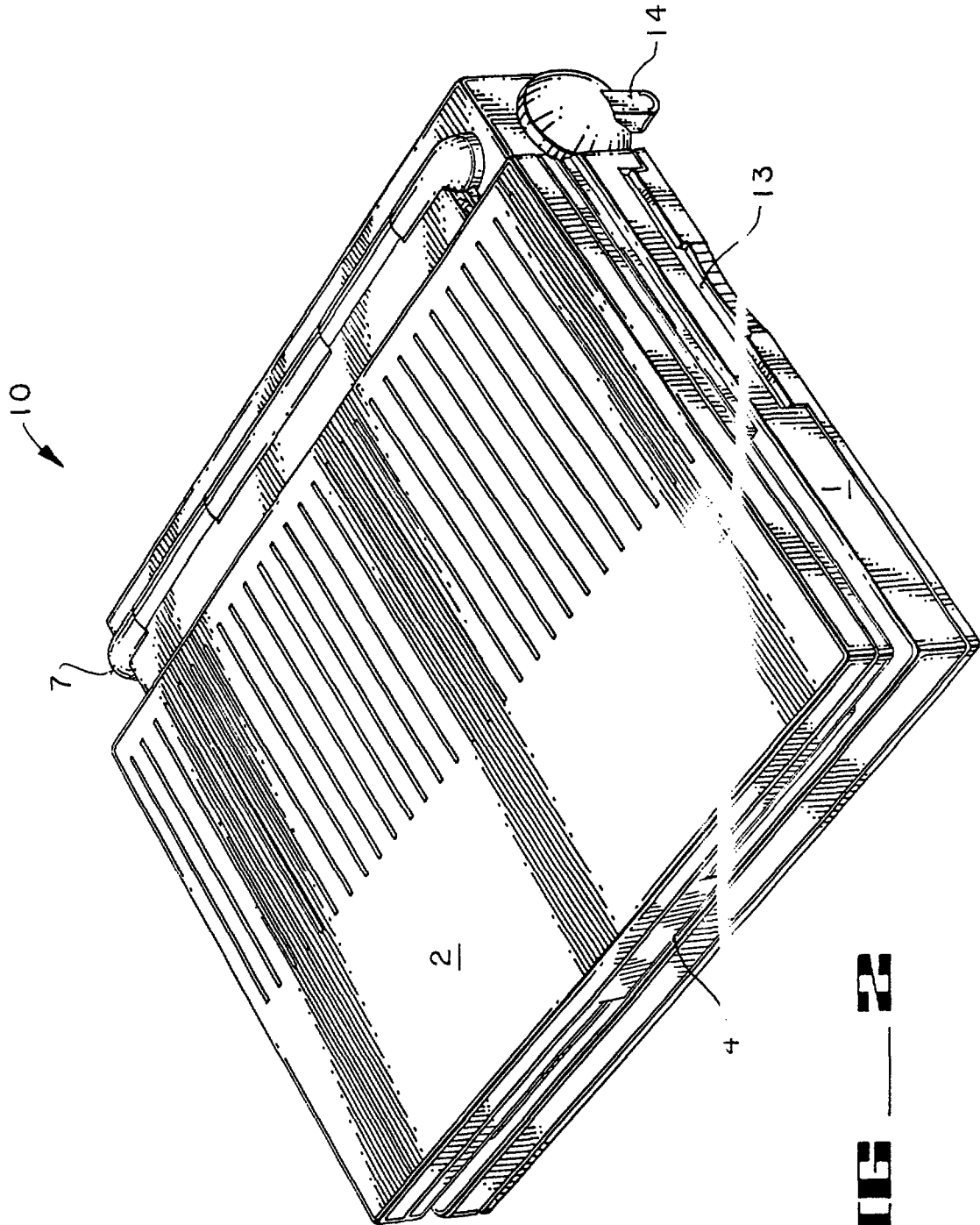
FIG 1



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FIG 4A

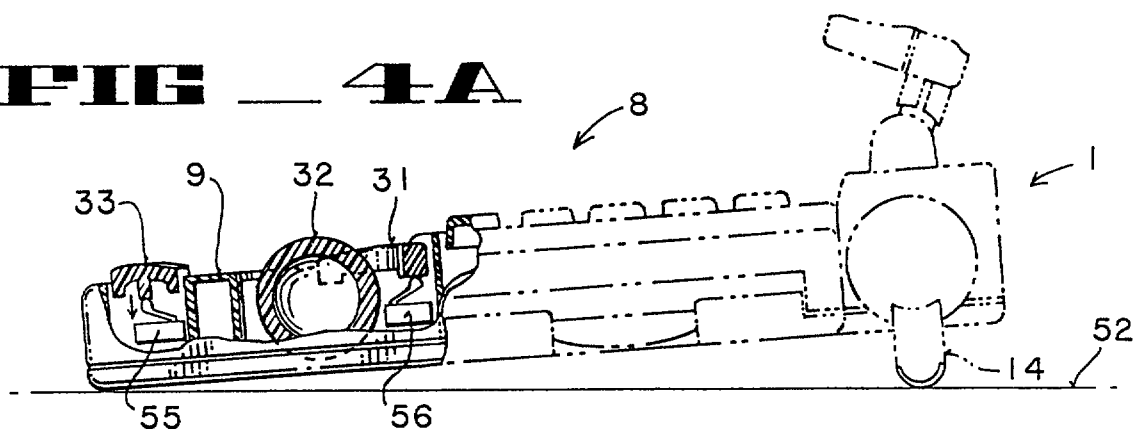
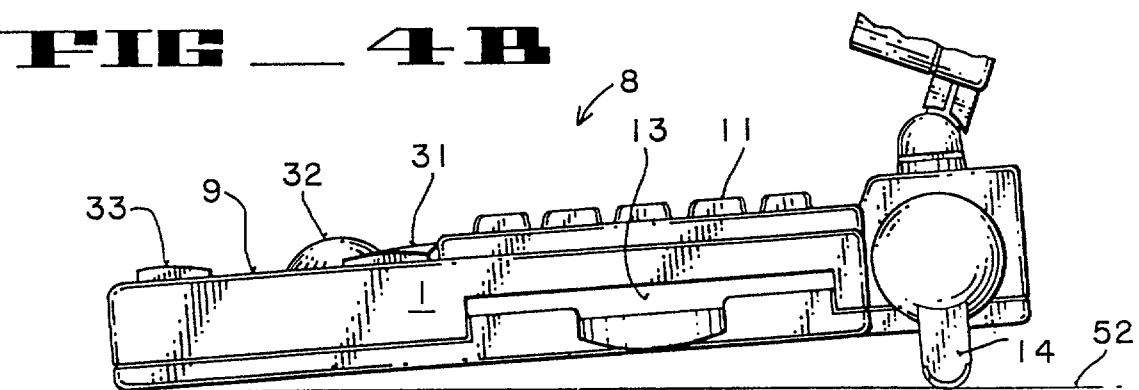


FIG 4B



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FIG — 5

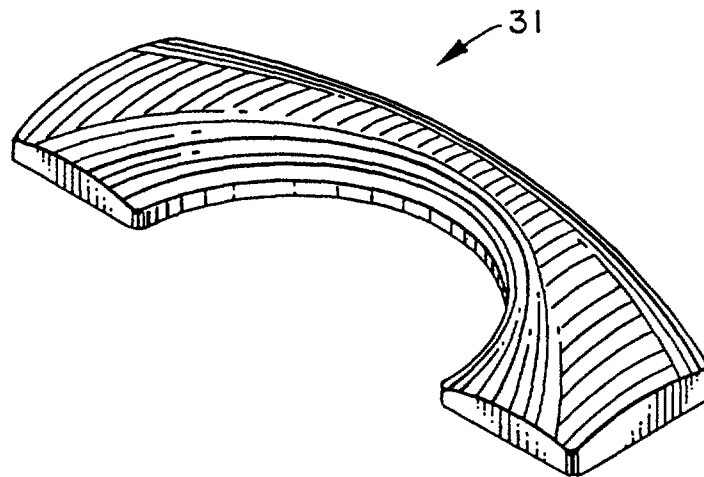


FIG — 6A

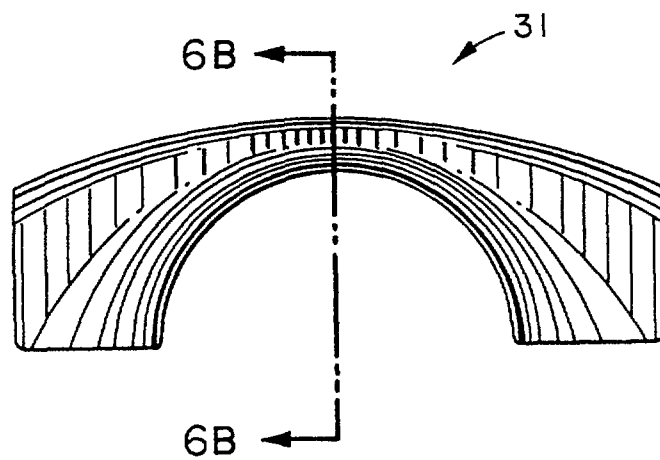
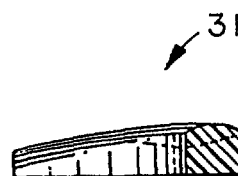


FIG — 6B



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FIG 7

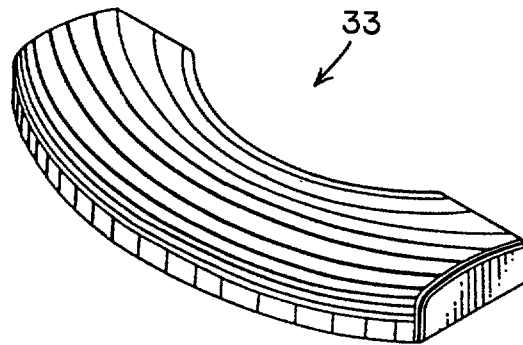


FIG 8A

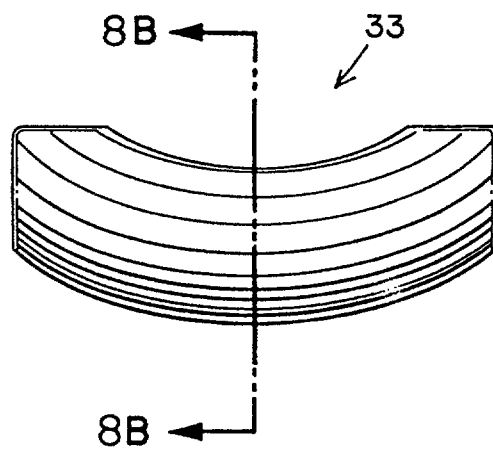
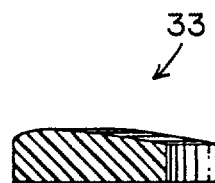


FIG 8B



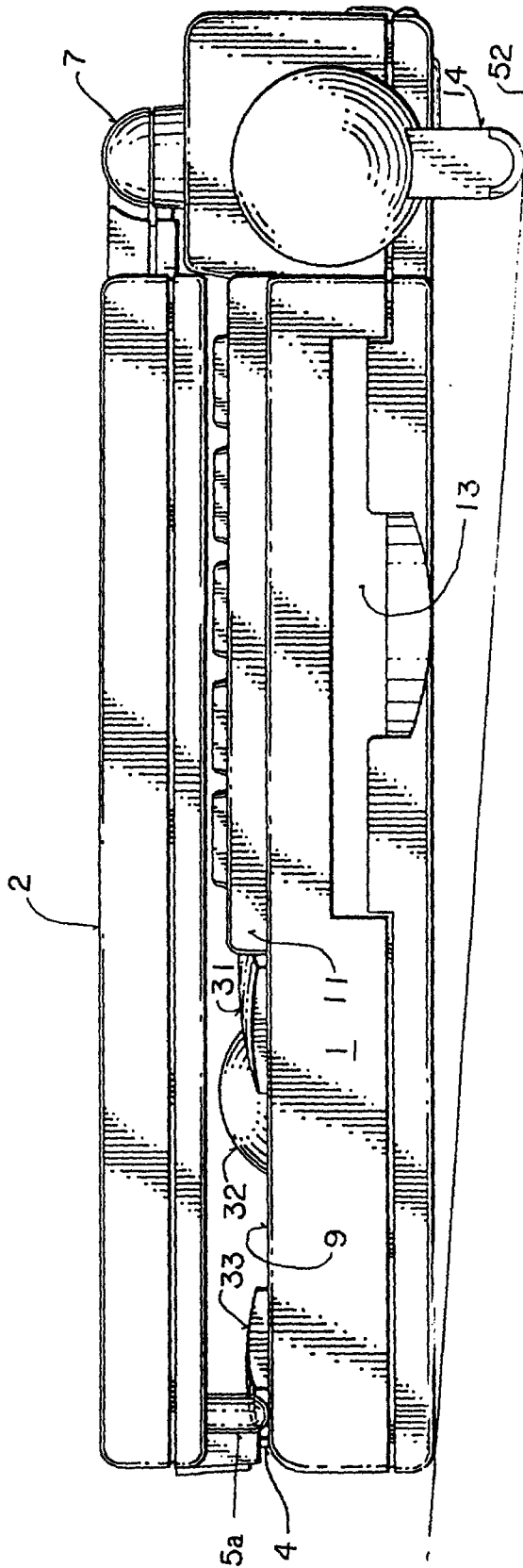
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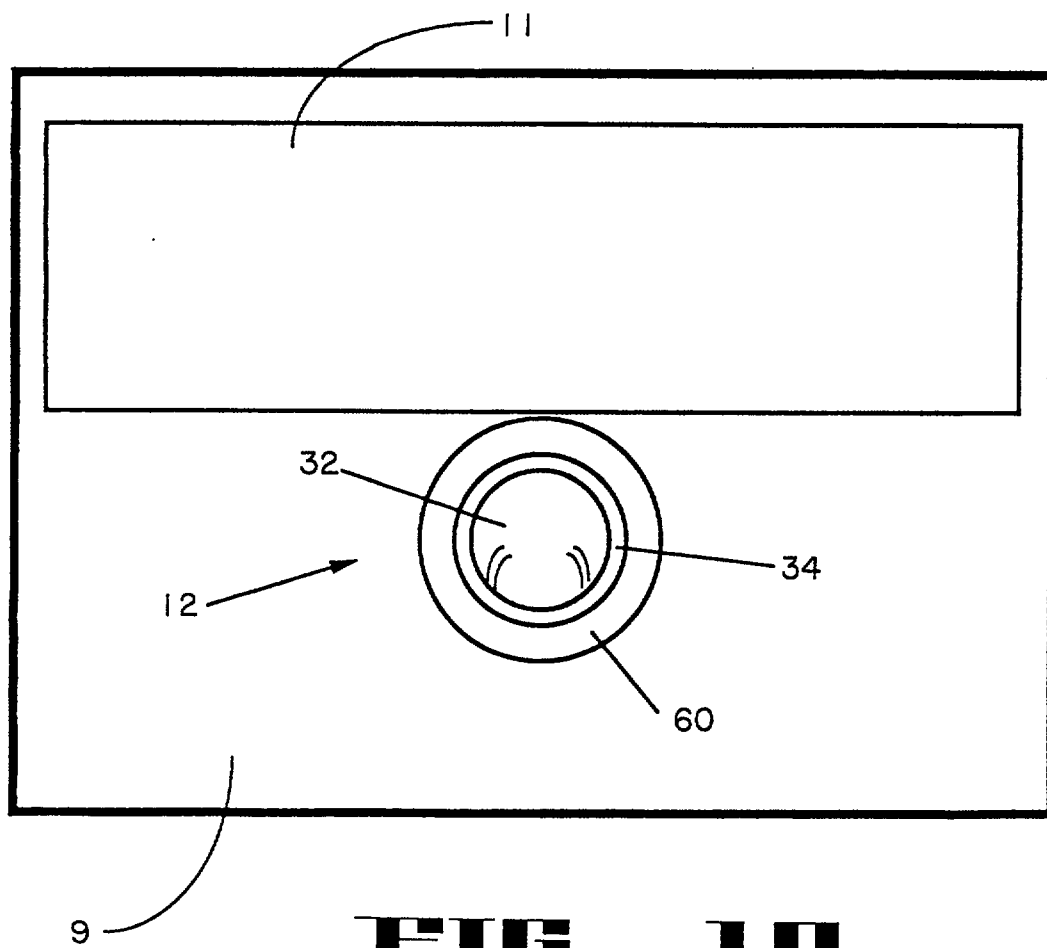
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ABSTRACT

TITLE : LAPTOP COMPUTER HAVING INTEGRATED KEYBOARD, CURSOR CONTROL DEVICE AND PALM REST

A laptop personal computer (10) having a display screen (3) disposed on a display housing (2) and a main housing (1) which contains most of the electronics of the computer. The main housing (1) and display housing (2) are rotatably coupled by a hinge (7), and the display screen (3) on the display housing (2) displays a movable cursor (50), the position of which is controlled by a cursor positioning device (12), such as a trackball (32). A keyboard (11) for inputting data into the laptop computer (10) is provided on the top of the main housing (1). A palm rest (9) is provided on top of the main housing (1) adjacent to the bottom row of the keyboard (11) and is adequately large to support the user's palms. The trackball (32) is located in a cooperating recess (34) in the palm rest (9) and is positioned below the space bar of the keyboard (11). At least one switch (55, 56) is provided for initiating the signal to carry out a particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor (50) on the display screen (3) when the switch (55,56) is activated. Two buttons (31,33) are provided on the palm rest for activating the switches (55,56).

FIGURE 1

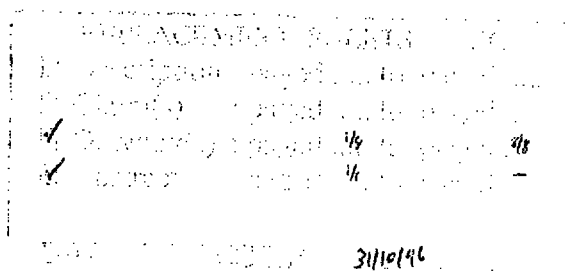
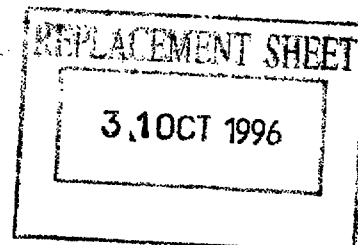
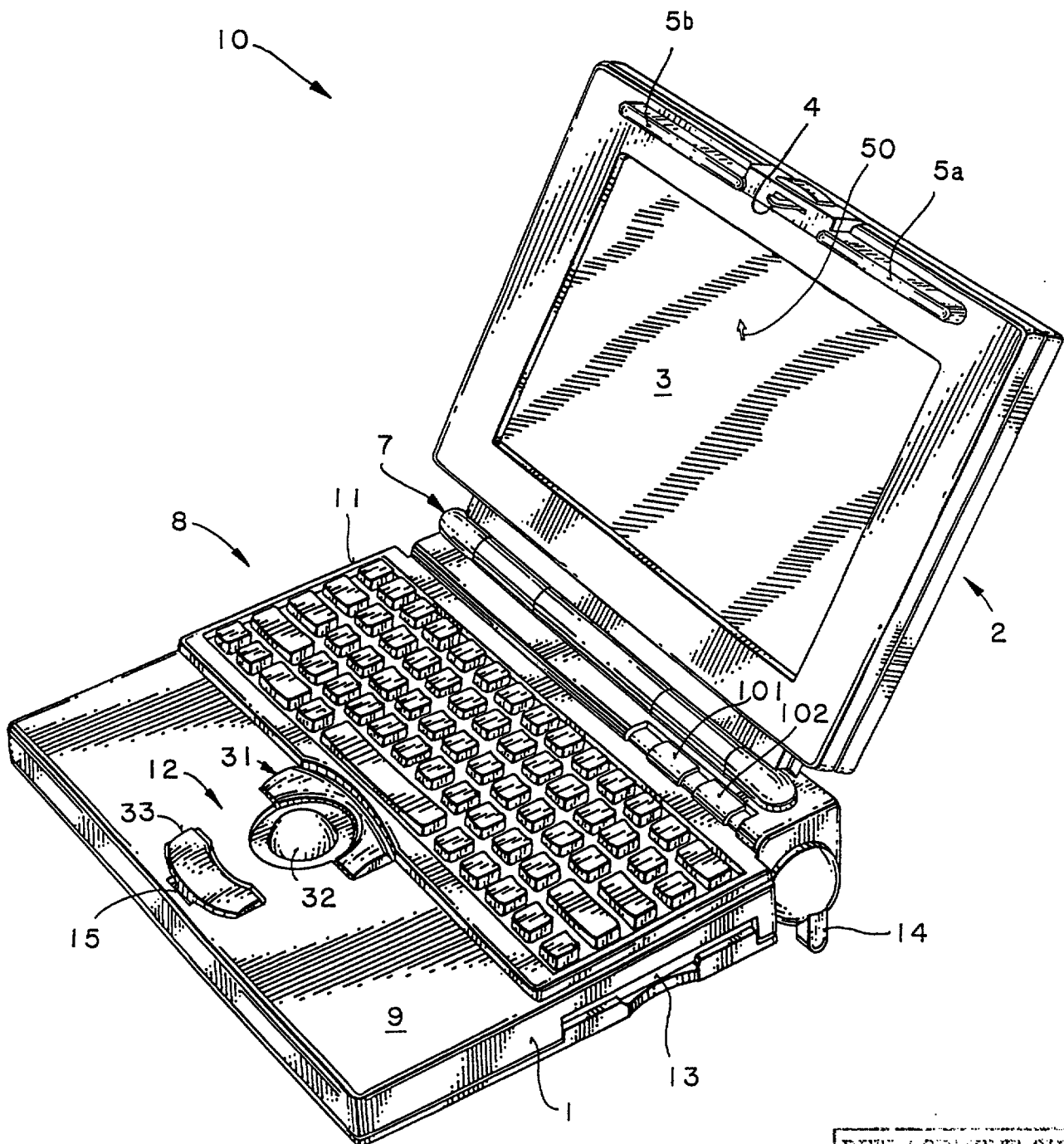
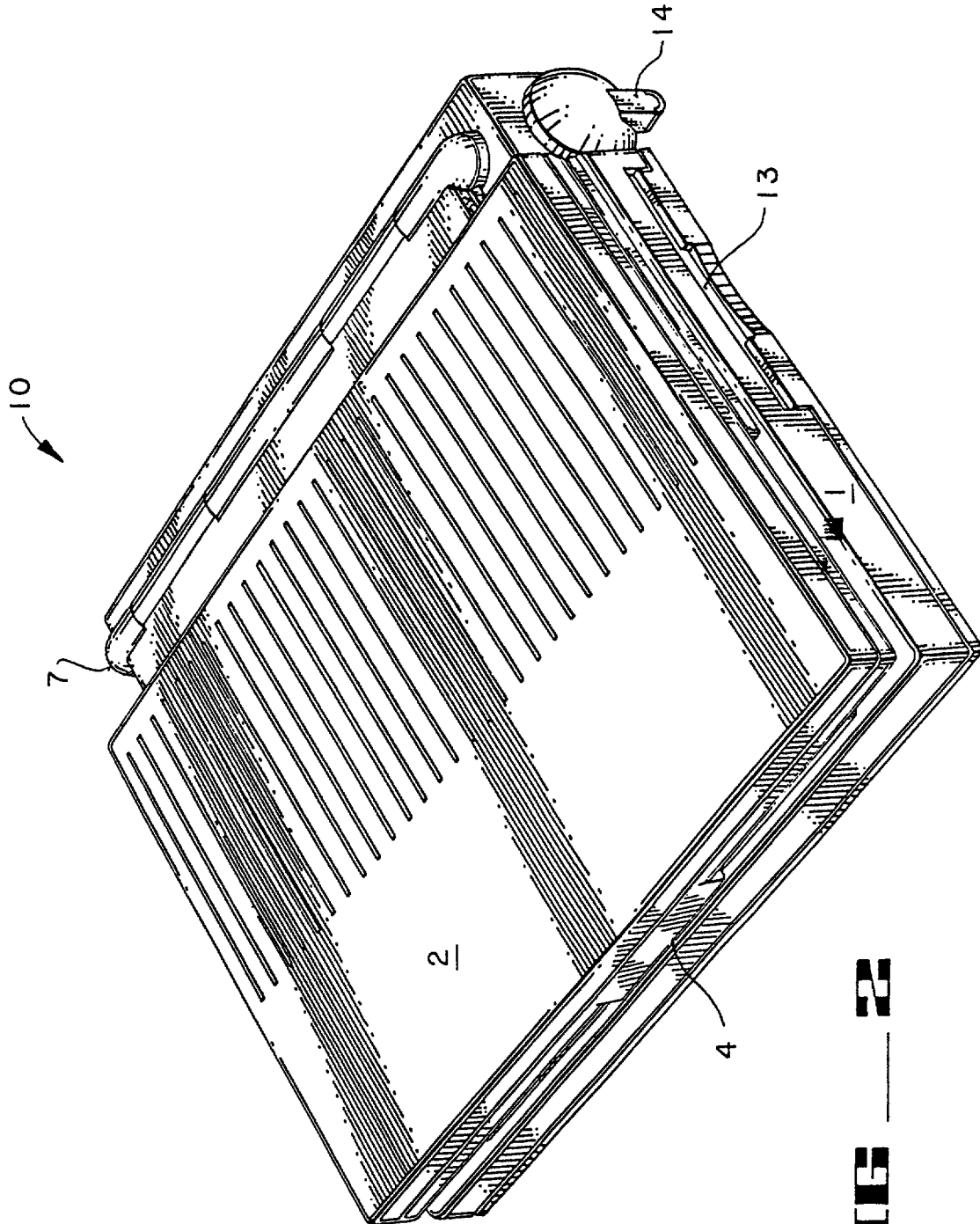


FIG 1



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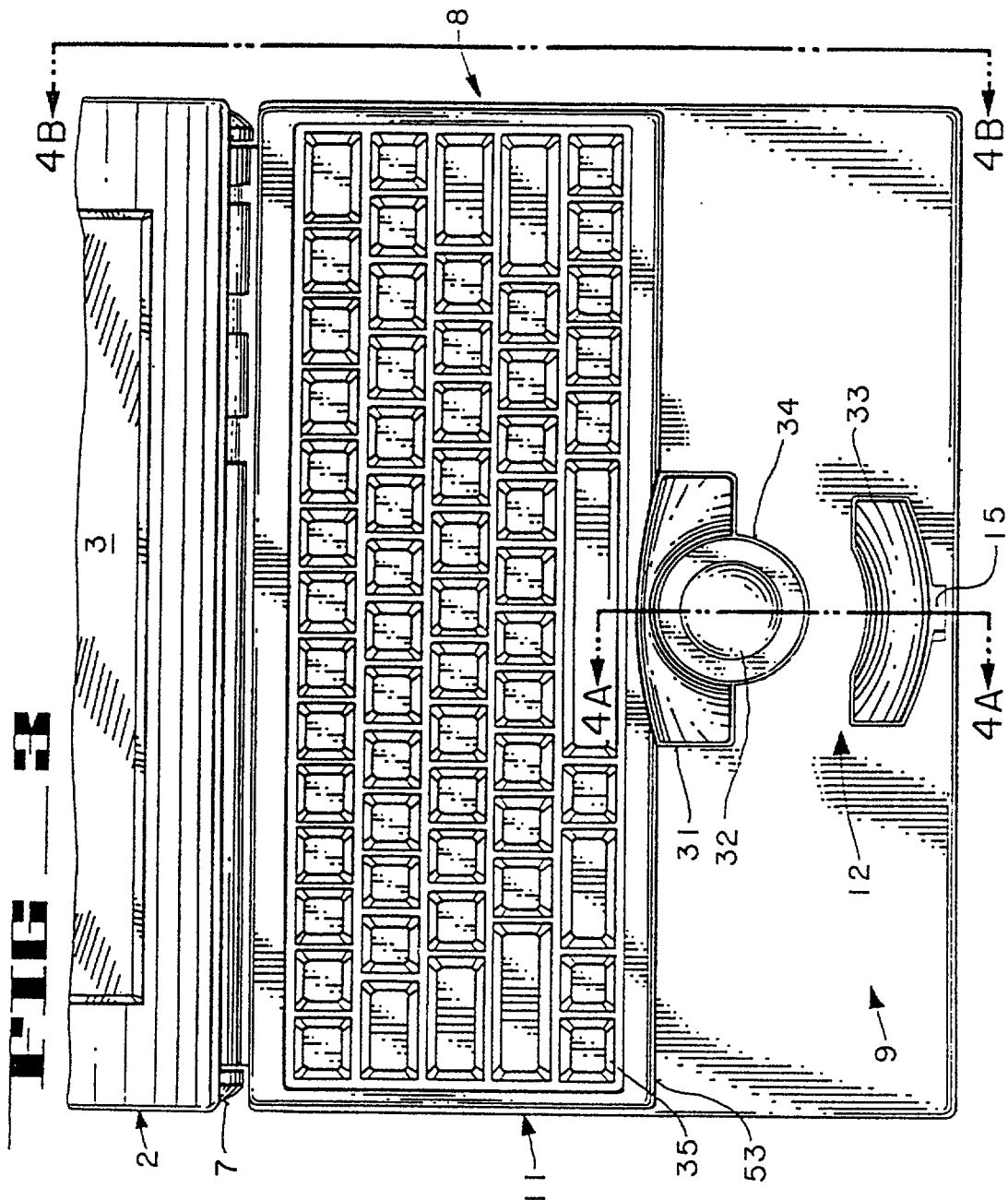
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FIG 4A

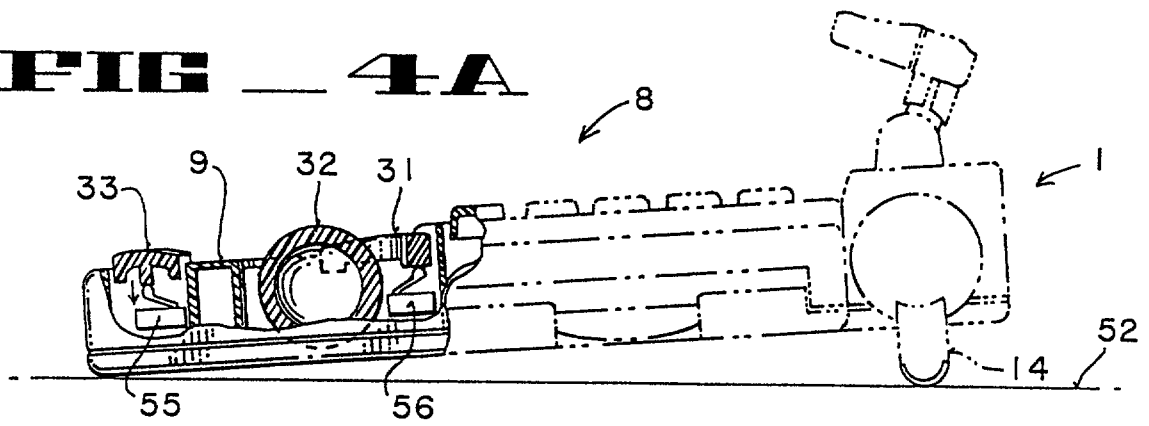


FIG 4B

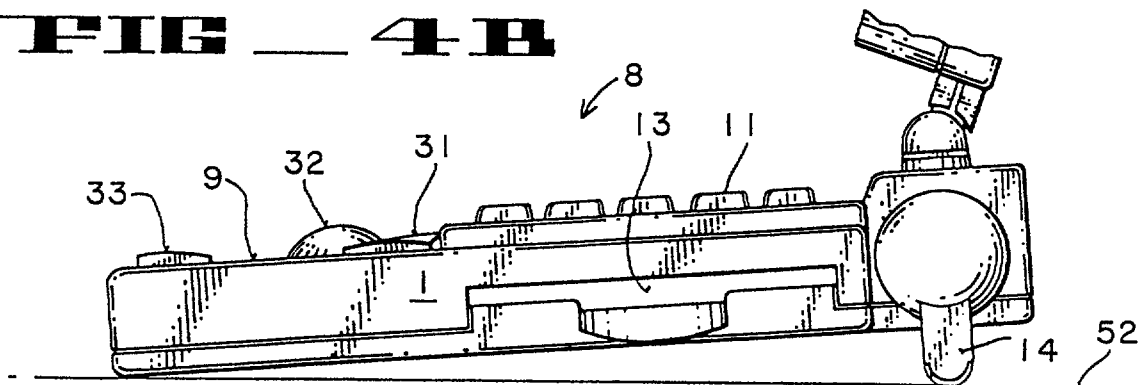


FIG — 5

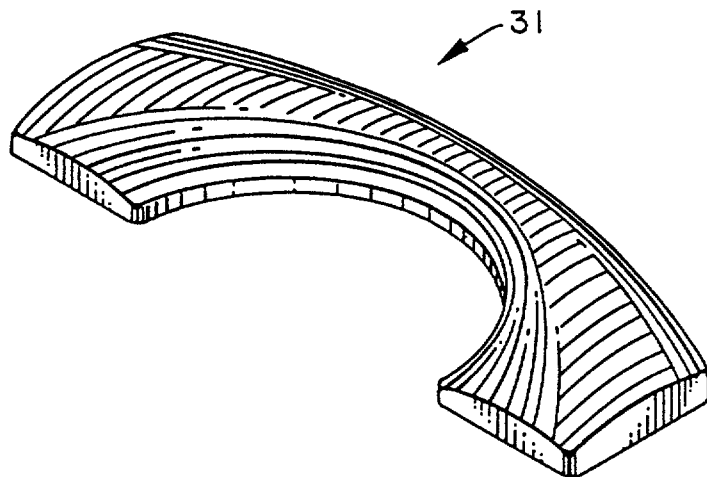


FIG — 6A

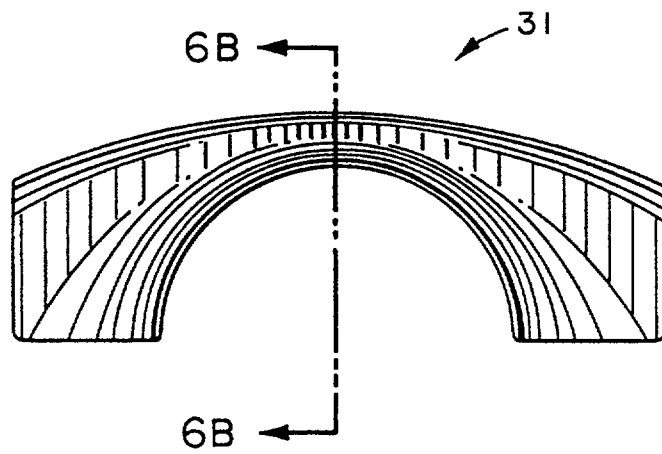
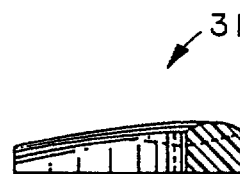


FIG — 6B



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FIG 7

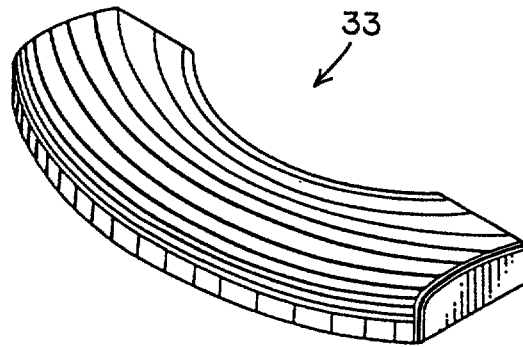


FIG 8A

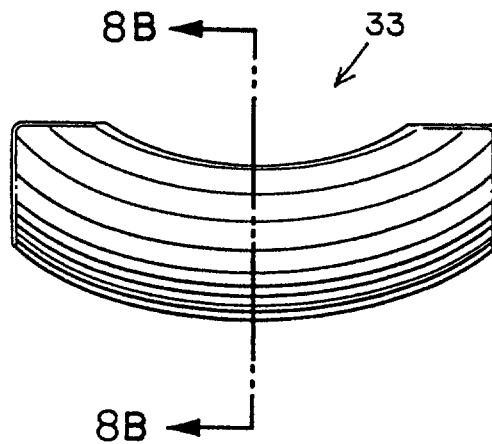
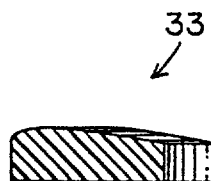


FIG 8B



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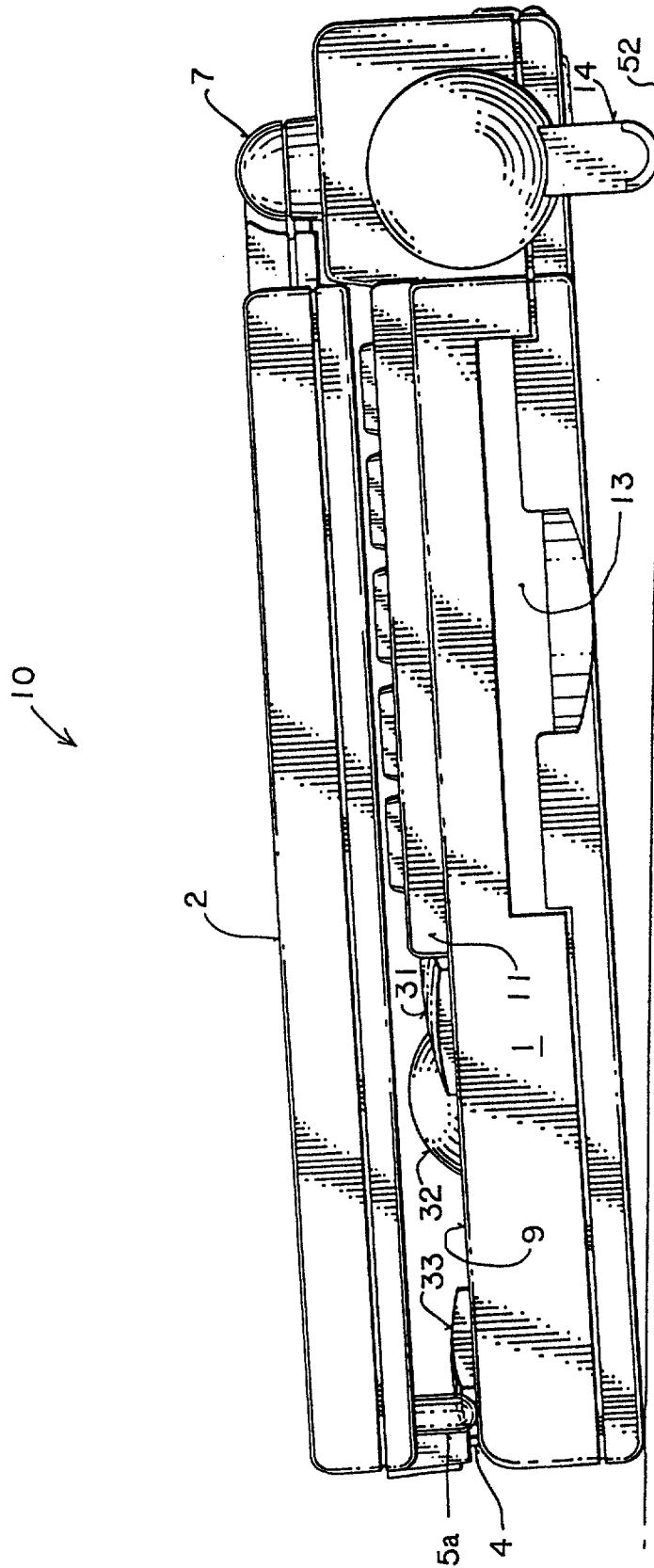
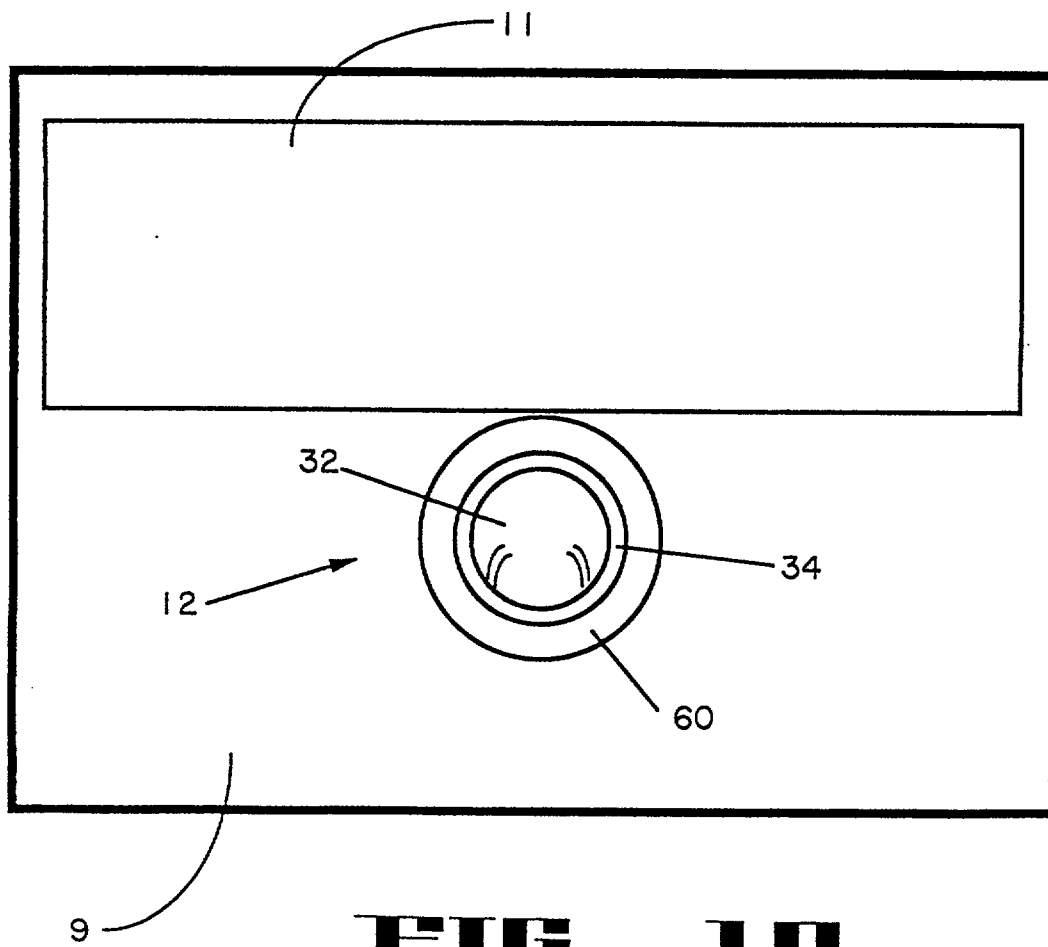


FIG 1

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☐ Drawing(s) : paged to paged

☐ Abstract : paged to paged

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☒ Description : paged 7 to paged 7

☒ Claim(s) : paged 27 to paged 27

☐ Drawing(s) : paged to paged

☐ Abstract : paged to paged

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no such surface for the mouse is available. Thus, the mouse cannot be properly used with the computer while it is lap-mounted or in cases where no adjacent surface is available for operating the mouse.

Moreover, as a portable computer may be used in a laptop environment, for example by the user in a taxi cab where no base is available to place the portable computer except the user's lap, nothing is available for the user's palms or wrists to rest against. The conventional portable computer keyboard, placed close to the front edge, also does not provide the resting base for the user's palms or wrists. When a conventional portable computer is used for a period of time on a user's lap, the user is unable to support and rest the palms or wrists on something and is unable to extend the arms away from the body to reduce muscle tension. During the period of using the computer in such an environment, the user experiences a great deal of muscle fatigue in the arms and shoulders.

Because of these and other disadvantages associated with the conventional off-keyboard mouse, a need, which has previously remained unsatisfied, has existed for an arrangement having combined keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device which allows for the advantages of a mouse while allowing the hands to remain on the keyboard and without requiring a flat work surface of the type required for the off-keyboard mouse.

A number of prior art approaches are known for including a cursor positioning device onto a keyboard. One such prior art approach is shown in U.S. Patent No. 4,736,191, which describes a keyboard having a touchpad which serves as a cursor positioning device, where the touchpad is positioned immediately below the space bar of the keyboard (which is separate from the computer) so that the touchpad can be accessed by the thumb of the user without requiring the user to move his or her hand from the keyboard. However, these prior art approaches fail to disclose the desired ergonomic configuration of the integrated keyboard, cursor control device (with switches) and palm rest in a laptop computer.

Also, many of the prior art approaches still require that the user's

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eyes be shifted and hands be moved to manipulate the cursor positioning device. These prior art approaches may be found in the following references:

1. U. S. Design Patent No. 285,201, issued August 19, 1986 for
5 KEYBOARD INCLUDING TRACKBALL;
2. U. S. Design Patent No. 291,574, issued August 25, 1987 for
KEYBOARD INCLUDING TRACKBALL;
3. U. S. Design Patent No. 292,289, issued October 13, 1987 for
ELECTRONIC COMPUTER;
- 10 4. U. S. Patent No. 4,670,743, issued June 2, 1987 for KEYBOARD
CURSOR CONTROLLER;
5. U. S. Patent No. 4,712,101, issued December 8, 1987 for CONTROL
MECHANISM FOR ELECTRONIC APPARATUS;
6. U. S. Patent No. 4,736,191, issued April 5, 1988 for TOUCH
15 ACTIVATED CONTROL METHOD AND APPARATUS;
7. U. S. Patent No. 4,823,634, issued April 25, 1989 for
MULTIFUNCTION TACTILE MANIPULATABLE CONTROL;
8. U. S. Patent No. 4,896,554, issued January 30, 1990 for
MULTIFUNCTION TACTILE MANIPULATABLE CONTROL;
- 20 9. German Patent Application No. DE-3045133, published January 7,
1982 for CURSOR INPUT CONTROL FOR VDU;
10. Japanese Patent Application No. 59-94133, published May 30, 1984
for DOCUMENT AND FIGURE GENERATING DEVICE; and
11. IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin, Vol. 27, No. 10B, pp. 6299-6305;
25 March 1985 for MOUSE/KEYBOARD CONCEPT INCORPORATING UNIQUE
DEVICES FOR CONTROLLING CRT DISPLAY CURSORS.
12. European Patent Application No. 393,846 published
October 24, 1990 for HANDLE LATCH ASSEMBLY.

These prior art approaches fail to allow
the user to practice the "point and click" approach (e.g., U.S. Patent No.
4,736,191 does not provide a switch with the cursor positioning touchpad)
30 while also allowing the user to keep his hands on the keyboard and to rest
his palms on the palm rest of the laptop computer. Moreover, the prior art

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does not give the user the option of pressing a switch closest to the keyboard (to click/select an image on the display screen) with either thumb while the other thumb moves a trackball and while the user's hands remain positioned over the keyboard. Furthermore, the prior art systems do not

5 include two separate switches (covered by contoured buttons to give the user tactile feedback to help the user locate the switches without looking), one switch being closest to the keyboard and often best suited for word processing applications, and the other switch being located below the trackball and often best utilized for detail-intensive cursor positioning using

10 one hand (e.g. index finger operating trackball while thumb of same hand operates switch) such as the drawing of graphics on the computer system.

It is an aim of the present invention to provide a sophisticated ergonomically designed laptop computer having enough space for a palm rest so that the user's hands/palms can be rested while using the keyboard on the user's lap, allowing the user to extend their arms away from the body in a more relaxed state, thereby reducing muscle fatigue in the user's arms and shoulders.

In view of the limitations of known systems and methods, preferred embodiments of the present invention aim to provide a laptop computer with a combined keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device which does not require that the user's hands be removed from the keyboard to reach for the cursor positioning device while also allowing the user to practice the "point and click" approach.

Another preferred aim is to provide a laptop computer with a combined keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device which provides a rest for the user's palms and which gives the user the option of pressing a switch closest to the keyboard with either thumb while the other thumb moves a trackball and the user's hands are kept over the keyboard.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention there is provided a laptop computer as set forth in claim 1 appended hereto.

A laptop personal computer having an integrated keyboard, palm rest and cursor control device is described herein. In the preferred embodiment, the laptop personal computer includes a display screen which displays a movable cursor and further includes a keyboard for inputting data into the computer, which keyboard is typically a standard alphanumeric keyboard having many keys, including a bottom row of keys. A palm rest area, which is typically a flat surface, is

10 adjacent to the bottom row of the keyboard and is adequately large to support the user's palms and/or wrists when typing on the keyboard. A cursor positioning device, typically a trackball, is located in a cooperating recess in the palm rest area. The cursor positioning device allows the user to move the movable cursor which is displayed on a display screen to any

15 point on a display screen. The laptop computer further comprises at least one switch means for initiating a particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on a display screen when the switch means is activated. The combination of a cursor positioning device and at least one switch means provides the point and click function which gives the user the

20 ability to control the computer by pointing (with the cursor) to an image on the display screen and activating the switch means while the cursor is pointing to the image. The switch means, which is an electrical element, is usually activated (e.g. change of electrical state of the switch) by a button means which electrically isolates (and hence insulates) the user from the

25 electrical circuitry of the computer.

In one embodiment, the laptop personal computer includes two switch means for initiating at least one signal to carry out at least one particular function which depends upon the position of the movable cursor on a display screen when either of the switch means is

30 activated. These two switch means may be separate switches for initiating different functions or may be connected in parallel to provide one signal

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which carries out a single function. First and second button means may be provided for activating the first and second switch means respectively. The first button is located below the bottom row of the keyboard and above the cursor positioning device. The second button

5 which activates the second switch means is located below the cursor positioning device. The cursor positioning device and the first and second buttons are typically substantially aligned along the midline of the palm rest, which midline is defined by a line which is centered with respect to the width of the palm rest. This line is typically perpendicular with respect to the

10 bottom row of the keyboard and perpendicular with respect to the front edge of the laptop computer.

The laptop includes a main housing and a display housing. The display housing, when closed, acts as a cover for the computer and includes the display screen which displays the movable cursor. The display housing

15 is rotatably coupled by a hinge to the main housing. The main housing contains the conventional electronics, such as the CPU, memory, hard disk drive and/or floppy disk drive, input/output circuitry, power supply and other standard and well known electronic circuitry contained in laptop computers.

The preferred embodiment provides the user with the option of pressing

20 the first button which is closest to the keyboard to "click"/select an image on a display screen with either thumb while the other thumb moves the trackball and while the user's hands are kept positioned over the keyboard. The contoured buttons which are used to activate the switches provide tactile feedback to the user to locate the buttons without looking. The present

25 invention thereby allows the user to point to an image on a display screen and select the image while keeping the user's hands over the keyboard and while continuing to look at the display screen. The provision of two separate buttons allows the user to use one button (usually the top button which is closer to the keyboard) for certain applications and the other button (the

30 bottom button) for applications where cursor controlling intensive operations are required. In alternative embodiments, the two buttons may activate a

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CLAIMS:

1. A laptop personal computer comprising:

a main housing (1);

a display housing (2) including a display screen (3),
said display housing being coupled to said main housing by a
coupling means (7);

a keyboard (11) for inputting data into said laptop
personal computer, said keyboard having a plurality of keys
arranged in rows including a first row of keys and a second
row of keys being distal from said coupling means (7), said
keyboard (11) being disposed on said main housing (1);

a cursor control device (12) for moving a cursor (50)
on said display screen, wherein said cursor control device
controls simultaneous movement of said cursor in two
directions;

and wherein the first row of keys is located proximally
adjacent to said coupling means (7) which is proximally
adjacent to a first portion of said display screen; and
wherein said cursor control device (12) is integrated with
said main housing (1);
characterized in that:

a palm rest (9) is located adjacent to said second row
of keys, said palm rest (9) being a surface integrally
disposed on said main housing (1) and being adequately large
to support a user's palms while a user is using the keyboard
or the cursor control device.

2. A laptop computer as claimed in claim 1, wherein said
coupling means (7) is a rotatable hinge and wherein said
first row of keys are adjacent to said rotatable hinge.





3. A laptop personal computer as claimed in claim 1, wherein said coupling means (7) is located near one end of said main housing (1) and wherein said keyboard (11) comprises a row of keys which includes home keys, and said keyboard being integrally disposed on said main housing (1) and wherein said palm rest (9) is unitarily disposed as a significant portion of said surface of said main housing (1) and being disposed to support a user's palms while allowing the user's fingers to remain on the home keys of said keyboard (11).

4. A laptop personal computer as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein said palm rest portion (9) is configured to have a gentle slope relative to the bottom surface of said main housing (1).

5. A laptop personal computer as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein said palm rest portion (9) is a flat surface with no slope with respect to the bottom surface of said main housing (1).

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6. A laptop personal computer as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said cursor control device (12) is integrated with said palm rest (9).

7. A laptop personal computer as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said cursor control device (12) is accessible by both hands of the user while operating the keyboard (11).

8. A laptop personal computer as claimed in claim 2 or claim 3, wherein said display housing (2) when rotated into a closed position covers said keyboard (11), said cursor device (12) and said palm rest (9).

9. A laptop personal computer as claimed in claim 8, further comprising a switch means (31, 33) integrally disposed on said surface of said palm rest.

10. A laptop personal computer as claimed in claim 9, wherein said keyboard (11) is elevated above said palm rest (9).

11. A laptop personal computer as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said cursor control device (12) is a touchpad.

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12. A laptop personal computer as claimed in claim 1, wherein said cursor control device (12) is disposed generally centrally on said surface of said palm rest (9).

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CLAIMS:

1. A laptop personal computer comprising:
 - 5 a main housing;
 - a display housing including a display screen, said display housing being coupled to said main housing by a coupling means;
 - a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard having a top row of keys proximally adjacent a bottom portion of said display screen and
 - 10 a bottom row of keys and being disposed on said main housing;
 - a cursor device for moving a cursor on said display, wherein said cursor device controls simultaneous movement of said cursor in two directions and is integrated with said main housing; and
 - a palm rest located adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest
 - 15 being a surface disposed on said main housing and being adequately large to support a user's palms, said palm rest being located closer to the user of the laptop computer than said keyboard during normal use of said laptop computer.
2. A laptop computer as claimed in Claim 1, wherein said coupling means is a
- 20 rotatable hinge and wherein said keyboard includes a top row of keys which are adjacent to said rotatable hinge.
3. A laptop personal computer comprising:
 - a main housing having an upper face and a lower face;
 - 25 a display housing including a display screen, said display housing being coupled to said main housing by a coupler which is located near the rear of said laptop personal computer;
 - a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard having a top row of keys proximally adjacent a bottom portion of said display screen, a
 - 30 bottom row of keys and a row of keys which includes home keys, and said keyboard being integrally disposed on said main housing such that said top row of keys is proximally

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adjacent to said coupler;

a cursor device for moving a cursor on said display, wherein said cursor device controls simultaneous movement of said cursor in two directions and is integrated with said main housing; and

5 a palm rest portion located adjacent to the bottom row of keys of said keyboard, said palm rest being unitarily disposed as a significant portion of said upper face of said main housing and being disposed to support a user's palms while allowing the user's fingers to remain on the home keys of said keyboard for typical keyboard operations, said palm rest portion being located closer to the user of the laptop computer than said
10 keyboard during normal use of said laptop computer.

4. A laptop personal computer as claimed in Claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein said palm rest portion is configured to have a gentle slope relative to said lower face of said main housing.
15

5. A laptop personal computer as claimed in Claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein said palm rest portion is a flat surface with no slope with respect to said lower face of said main housing.

6. A laptop personal computer as claimed in Claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein said palm rest
20 forms a first plane which is substantially parallel to a second plane formed by the keys of said keyboard.

7. A laptop personal computer as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said cursor device is integrated with said palm rest.
25

8. A laptop personal computer as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said cursor device is accessible by both hands of the user while operating the keyboard.

9. A laptop personal computer as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein
30 said cursor device is a trackball.

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10. A laptop personal computer having a display screen which displays a movable cursor, said laptop personal computer comprising:

a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard
5 having a bottom row;

a palm rest adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest being adequately large to support a user's palms;

a cursor positioning device located on said palm rest, said cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen;

10 a first and second switch means for initiating at least one signal to carry out at least one particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen.

11. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 10, further comprising:

15 a first button means for activating said first switch means, said first button means being located below said bottom row of said keyboard and above said cursor positioning device;

a second button means for activating said second switch means, said second button means being located below said cursor positioning device, and wherein said cursor
20 positioning device is located in a cooperating recess in said palm rest and is a trackball which is rotatable in all directions within said cooperating recess.

12. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 11, wherein said first and second switch means are coupled in parallel to provide one signal to carry out a particular function, such
25 that either switch means may be activated to carry out said particular function, and wherein said trackball is substantially aligned along the midline of the palm rest, said midline being defined by a line which is centered with respect to the width of the palm rest.

30 13. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 10, wherein said display screen is disposed on the inner face of a display housing and wherein said keyboard, said palm rest and said

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cursor positioning device are disposed on the upper face of a main housing, said display housing and main housing being rotatably coupled by a hinge means located near the rear of said main housing, and wherein said display housing may be closed to cover said keyboard, said cursor positioning device and said palm rest.

14. A laptop personal computer as in claim 12, wherein said the display screen is disposed on the inner face of a display housing and wherein said keyboard, said palm rest and said trackball are disposed on the upper face of a main housing, said display housing and main housing being rotatably coupled by a hinge means located near the rear of said main housing, and wherein said display housing may be closed to cover said keyboard, said trackball and said palm rest and wherein a user of said laptop computer operates said computer by keeping the user's fingers, other than the thumbs, over said keyboard in the home row position while the user uses one thumb to control said first button and the other thumb to control said trackball.

15. A laptop personal computer as in claim 11, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

16. A laptop personal computer as in claim 12, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

17. A laptop personal computer as in claim 14, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

18. A laptop personal computer as in claim 17, wherein said palm rest is a flat surface with no slope with respect to the bottom of said main housing.

19. A laptop personal computer as in claim 17, said first and said second button means having a crescent shape with concave and convex sides such that the concave sides of said first and said second button means are adjacent to said trackball.

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20. A laptop personal computer as in claim 19, wherein said keyboard is elevated above said palm rest.
- 5 21. A laptop personal computer as in claim 20, wherein the tops of the keep caps of said keyboard are elevated above said palm rest and wherein the first button means is contoured to accommodate the natural contour and position of a user's thumbs.
22. A laptop personal computer as in claim 20, wherein said display screen is a liquid
10 crystal display.
23. A laptop personal computer having a display screen which displays a movable cursor, said laptop personal computer comprising:
- a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard
15 having a bottom row;
- a palm rest adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest being adequately large to support a user's palm;
- a cursor positioning device located on said palm rest, said cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen;
- 20 a switch means for generating a signal to carry a particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen; and
- a button means being coupled to said switch means for activating said switch means.
- 25 24. A laptop personal computer as in claim 23, wherein said button means is a circular button which surrounds the cursor positioning device and said button means is located on the palm rest and wherein said cursor positioning device is a trackball, and wherein said keyboard and said palm rest are disposed on a main housing of said laptop computer and said main housing is coupled to a display housing which includes said display screen.
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25. A laptop personal computer having a main housing and a display housing, said display housing including a display screen which displays a movable cursor and being rotatably coupled to said main housing by a hinge means, said laptop personal computer
5 comprising:

a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard having a space bar located in the bottom row of said keyboard, said keyboard being disposed on the top of said main housing;

a palm rest located adjacent to said bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest
10 being a flat surface disposed on top of said main housing and being adequately large to support a user's palms;

a trackball for moving said movable cursor on said display screen, said trackball being located in a cooperating recess in said palm rest below said space bar;

a first switch means for initiating a signal to carry out a particular function
15 depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen when said first switch means is activated;

a first and a second button means being coupled to said first switch means for activating said first switch means such that either button means may be used to activate said first switch means, said first button means being located on said palm rest above said
20 trackball and below said space bar, and said second button means being located on said palm rest below said trackball.

26. A laptop personal computer as in claim 25, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope towards said trackball and wherein said first button
25 means is mechanically coupled to said second button means.

27. A laptop personal computer as in claim 26, wherein said display screen when rotated into the closed position covers said keyboard, said trackball and said palm rest and wherein said hinge means is located at the rear of said laptop computer.

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28. A laptop personal computer as in claim 27, wherein said palm rest is a flat surface and said first and said second button means are crescent shaped with concave and convex sides such that the concave sides of said first and second button means are adjacent said
5 trackball.

29. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 25, wherein said first button means and said second button means are integrally formed together and have two regions which are exposed in said palm rest, said two regions being the caps of said first and said second
10 button means.

30. A method for using a laptop personal computer, said laptop computer comprising: a display screen which displays a movable cursor; a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop computer, said keyboard having a bottom row; a palm rest adjacent to the bottom
15 row of said keyboard, said palm rest being adequately large to support a user's palms; a cursor positioning device located on said palm rest, said cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen; a first switch means for initiating a signal to carry out a particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen; and a button means for activating said first switch means, said
20 method comprising:

keeping the user's fingers, other than the user's thumbs, over said keyboard in the home row position of said keyboard;

using one of said thumbs to control the cursor positioning device to position said movable cursor over an image displayed on said display screen while keeping the user's
25 fingers in the home row position of said keyboard, said image being representative of said particular function;

using the other of said thumbs to control the button means to activate said first switch means while said one thumb positions said movable cursor over said image to generate said signal to carry out said particular function represented by said image,
30 whereby said user positions said cursor with one thumb and selects the image under said cursor by using the other thumb while keeping the fingers of the user's hands, other



than the thumbs, in the home row position of said keyboard.

31. A laptop personal computer having a main housing and a display housing, said display housing including a display screen which displays a movable cursor and being
5 rotatably coupled to said main housing by a hinge means, said laptop personal computer comprising:

a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop computer, said keyboard being disposed on the top of said main housing and located adjacent to said hinge means;

a palm rest integrated with said laptop computer, said palm rest being located
10 adjacent to said keyboard, said palm rest being a flat surface disposed on top of said main housing and being adequately large to support a user's palms;

a cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen, said cursor positioning device being located adjacent to said keyboard; and

a switch means for generating a signal to carry a particular function depending
15 upon the position of said movable cursor on said display screen.

32. A method for using a laptop personal computer by a single user, said laptop computer comprising: a display screen which displays a movable cursor; a keyboard for inputting data into a said laptop computer, said keyboard having a bottom row; a palm rest
20 adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard, said palm rest being adequately large to support a user's palms; a cursor control device comprising a cursor positioning device and a first switch means, said cursor positioning device located on said palm rest, said cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen; said first switch means for initiating a signal to carry out a particular function depending upon the position
25 of the movable cursor on said display screen; and a button means for activating said first switch means, said method comprising:

alternating between using two hands of said single user to control said cursor control device and using one hand of said single user to control said cursor control device, wherein:

30 said step of using two hands comprises,

keeping the user's fingers of both hands, other than the user's thumbs, over

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said keyboard in the home row position of said keyboard;

5 using one of said thumbs to control the cursor positioning device to position said movable cursor over an image displayed on said display screen while keeping the user's fingers in the home row position of said keyboard, said image being representative of said particular function;

10 using the other of said thumbs to control the button means to activate said first switch means while said one thumb positions said movable cursor over said image to generate said signal to carry out said particular function represented by said image;

wherein said user positions said cursor with one thumb and selects the image under said cursor by using the other thumb while keeping the fingers of the user's hands, other than the thumbs, in the home row position of said keyboard; and

15 said step of using one hand comprises,

positioning said one hand in the vicinity of said cursor positioning device such that said one hand is not in the home row position;

20 using a first finger of said one hand to control the cursor positioning device to position said movable cursor over an image displayed on said display screen, said image being representative of said particular function;

using a second finger of said one hand to control the button means to activate said first switch means while said first finger positions said movable cursor over said image to generate said signal to carry out said particular function represented by said image;

25 wherein said user positions said cursor with said first finger and selects the image under said cursor by using said second finger while keeping said one hand away from the home row position of said keyboard.

33. A method as in Claim 32, wherein said first finger comprises the index finger of
30 said one hand and said second finger comprises the thumb of said one hand, and wherein when said user uses two hands to control said cursor control device, said user rests the



palms of said hands on said palm rest.

34. A method as in Claim 32, wherein said first finger comprises the index finger of
5 said one hand and said second finger comprises the middle finger of said one hand and
wherein when said user uses two hands to control said cursor control device, said user
rests the palms of said hands on said palm rest.

35. A method as in Claim 32, wherein said user uses two hands when typing on said
10 keyboard and wherein said user uses said one hand when the user is engaged in cursor
intensive operations which require the user to repetitively shift between operating said
cursor positioning device and operating said button means.

36. A method as in Claim 32, wherein said button means is located on said palm rest
15 and is a first button means and wherein said laptop computer further comprises a second
button means for activating a second switch means and wherein said first button means is
located between said bottom row of said keyboard and said cursor positioning device and
said second button means is located on said palm rest below said cursor positioning device.

20 37. A method as in Claim 36, wherein said display screen is located on a display
housing and said keyboard, said palm rest, said cursor positioning device, said first button
means and said second button means are located on a main housing which is rotatably
coupled to said display housing, said keyboard having a top row which is adjacent to said
display housing.

25

38. A laptop personal computer having a display screen which displays a movable
cursor, said laptop personal computer comprising:

a keyboard for inputting data into said laptop personal computer, said keyboard
having a bottom row;

30 a palm rest structurally integrated with said laptop computer, said palm rest being
adjacent to the bottom row of said keyboard and adequately large to support a user's

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palms;

a cursor positioning device integrated with said laptop computer, said cursor positioning device for moving said movable cursor on said display screen;

5 a first and second switch means for initiating at least one signal to carry out at least one particular function depending upon the position of the movable cursor on said display screen.

39. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 38, further comprising:

10 a first button means for activating said first switch means, said first button means being located below said bottom row of said keyboard and above said cursor positioning device;

a second button means for activating said second switch means, said second button means being located below said cursor positioning device, and wherein said cursor positioning device is located in a cooperating recess in said palm rest and is a trackball
15 which is rotatable in all directions within said cooperating recess.

40. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 39, wherein said first and second switch means are coupled in parallel to provide one signal to carry out a particular function, such that either switch means may be activated to carry out said particular function, and
20 wherein said trackball is substantially aligned along the midline of the palm rest, said midline being defined by a line which is centered with respect to the width of the palm rest.

41. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 38, wherein said display screen is disposed
25 on the inner face of a display housing and wherein said keyboard, said palm rest and said cursor positioning device are disposed on the upper face of a main housing, said display housing and main housing being rotatably coupled by a hinge means located near the rear of said main housing, and wherein said display housing may be closed to cover said keyboard, said cursor positioning device and said palm rest.

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42. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 40, wherein said display screen is disposed on the inner face of a display housing and wherein said keyboard, said palm rest and said trackball are disposed on the upper face of a main housing, said display housing and said main housing being rotatably coupled by a hinge means located near the rear of said main housing, and wherein said display housing may be closed to cover said keyboard, said trackball and said palm rest and wherein a user of said laptop computer operates said computer by keeping the user's fingers, other than the thumbs, over said keyboard in the home row position while the user uses one thumb to control said first button and the other thumb to control said trackball.

43. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 39, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

44. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 40, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

45. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 42, wherein said first and said second button means are contoured to slope downwardly towards said trackball.

46. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 45, wherein said palm rest is a flat surface with no slope with respect to the bottom of said main housing.

47. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 45, said first and said second button means having a crescent shape with concave and convex sides such that the concave sides of said first and said second button means are adjacent to said trackball.

48. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 47, wherein said keyboard is elevated above said palm rest and said switches, and wherein a ridge separates the bottom row of said keyboard from said palm rest such that said ridge provides tactile feedback to said user to assist in locating said keyboard, said ridge providing a location for said user to rest

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his/her thumbs.

49. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 48, wherein the tops of the key caps of said keyboard are elevated above said palm rest and wherein the first button means is
5 contoured to accommodate the natural contour and position of a user's thumbs.

50. A laptop personal computer as in Claim 48, wherein said display screen is a liquid crystal display.

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