WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for generating a universal distributed data storage, comprising:

receiving, by a processing server, a data signal superimposed with a plurality of data values;

generating, by the processing server, a key for each of the plurality of data values, wherein the respective key is generated via application of a collision-resistant hashing algorithm to an associated data value;

executing, by the processing server, a first query on a database of the processing server to store each of the plurality of data values and an associated generated key in the database of the processing server as a plurality of key-value pairs;

receiving, by the processing server, a data signal superimposed with a plurality of additional key-value pairs, wherein each value of the plurality of additional key-value pairs is not included in the plurality of data values; and

executing, by the processing server, a second query on the database of the processing server to store each of the plurality of additional key-value pairs in the database of the processing server, wherein

each key included in the plurality of additional key-value pairs is generated via application of the collision-resistant hashing algorithm to the associated data value.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the collision-resistant hashing algorithm is an SHA-256 algorithm.

3. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

executing, by the processing server, a third query on the database of the processing server to sort the plurality of key-value pairs and plurality of additional key-value pairs based on the respective key.

4. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

receiving, by the processing server, a data signal superimposed with a rehash request, wherein the rehash request indicates a different hashing algorithm;

generating, by the processing server, a new key for each of the plurality of data values and each value included in the plurality of additional key-value pairs; and

executing, by the processing server, a fourth query on the database of the processing server to replace the key in each of the plurality of key-value pairs and plurality of additional key-value pairs with the respective generated new key.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein the different hashing algorithm is a collision-resistant hashing algorithm.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the collision-resistant hashing algorithm of the different hashing algorithm is an SHA-256 algorithm.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the collision-resistant hashing algorithm is such that each generated key is unique with respect to all other generated keys.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the database of the processing server is a key-value database, and the generated key is a key in the key-value pair and the data value is a value in the key-value pair.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the data signal superimposed with the plurality of data values is from two or more data sets to be combined into a single data storage without collisions.

10. A system for generating a universal distributed data storage, comprising:

a database of a processing server;

a processing server configured to:

receive a data signal superimposed with a plurality of data values;

generate a key for each of the plurality of data values, wherein the respective key is generated via application of a collision-resistant hashing algorithm to an associated data value;

execute a first query on a database of the processing server to store each of the plurality of data values and an associated generated key in the database of the processing server as a plurality of key-value pairs;

receive a data signal superimposed with a plurality of additional key-value pairs, wherein each value of the plurality of additional key-value pairs is not included in the plurality of data values; and

execute a second query on the database of the processing server to store each of the plurality of additional key-value pairs in the database of the processing server, wherein each key included in the plurality of additional key-value pairs is generated via application of the collision-resistant hashing algorithm to the associated value.

11. The system of claim 10, wherein the collision-resistant hashing algorithm is an SHA-256 algorithm.

12. The system of claim 10, wherein the processing server is further configured to:

execute a third query on the database of the processing server to sort the plurality of key-value pairs and plurality of additional key-value pairs based on the respective key.

13. The system of claim 10, wherein the processing server is further configured to:

receive a data signal superimposed with a rehash request, wherein the rehash request indicates a different hashing algorithm;

generate a new key for each of the plurality of data values and each value included in the plurality of additional key-value pairs; and

execute a fourth query on the database of the processing server to replace the key in each of the plurality of key-value pairs and plurality of additional key-value pairs with the respective generated new key.

14. The system of claim 13, wherein the different hashing algorithm is a collision-resistant hashing algorithm.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein the collision-resistant hashing algorithm of the different hashing algorithm is an SHA-256 algorithm.

16. The system of claim 10, wherein the collision-resistant hashing algorithm is such that each generated key is unique with respect to all other generated keys.

17. The system of claim 10, wherein the database of the processing server is a key-value database, and the generated key is a key in the key-value pair and the data value is a value in the key-value pair.

18. The system of claim 10, wherein the data signal superimposed with the plurality of data values is from two or more data sets to be combined into a single data storage without collisions.