

DESCRIPTION

Title of Invention: COMPOSITION CONTAINING MIXTURE OF FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS, AND METHOD FOR PRODUCING SAME

5 Technical Field

[0001]

The present invention relates to a composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons that are used as, for example, a refrigerant, a method for producing the
10 composition, and the like. The present invention also includes a case in which the composition consists of the three basic components contained in the mixture, i.e., difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a).

15 Background Art

[0002]

Refrigerants recently used, for example, for air conditioners, refrigerating devices, and refrigerators are mixtures of fluorinated hydrocarbons that contain no chlorine in
20 their molecular structures, such as difluoromethane (CH_2F_2 , R32, boiling point: -52°C), pentafluoroethane (CF_3CHF_2 , R125, boiling point: -48°C), 1,1,1-trifluoroethane (CF_3CH_3 , R143a, boiling point: -48°C), 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane ($\text{CF}_3\text{CH}_2\text{F}$, R134a, boiling point: -26°C), and 1,1-difluoroethane (CHF_2CH_3 , R152a, boiling
25 point: -24°C).

[0003]

Among the above fluorinated hydrocarbons, a ternary mixed refrigerant of R32/R125/R134a in which the proportions thereof are 23/25/52 wt% (R407C), a ternary mixed refrigerant of
30 R125/143a/R134a in which the proportions thereof are 44/52/4 wt% (R404A), etc., have been proposed, and R404A is currently widely used as a refrigerant for freezing and refrigerated storage (for example, Patent Literature 1 and 2).

[0004]

35 However, the global warming potential (GWP) of R404A is

as high as 3922, which is equal to or higher than that of CHClF_2 (R22), which is a chlorine-containing fluorinated hydrocarbon. There is thus a desire to develop, as alternative refrigerants for R404A, a refrigerant and refrigerant composition that have,
5 for example, a non-flammability similar to that of R404A, a refrigerating capacity that can replace that of R404A, a ratio of refrigerating capacity to power consumed in a refrigeration cycle (coefficient of performance (COP)) that is equal or superior to that of R404A, and a lower GWP than that of R404A.

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Citation List

Patent Literature

[0005]

PTL 1: JP2869038B

15 PTL 2: U.S. Patent No. 8,168,077

Summary

Technical Problem

[0006]

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An object of the present disclosure is to provide, as alternative refrigerants for the R404A that is currently widely used, a refrigerant and refrigerant composition that have, for example, a non-flammability similar to that of R404A, a refrigerating capacity that can replace that of R404A, a COP
25 equal or superior to that of R404A, and a lower GWP than that of R404A. The definition of non-flammability in the present specification conforms to U.S. ASHRAE Standard 34-2013.

Solution to Problem

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[0007]

The present inventors conducted extensive research to achieve the above object, and found that the above object can be achieved by a composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the composition ratio of the
35 fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within

a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram (Fig. 1) in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:

- 5 point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%).
[0008]

The present disclosure has been accomplished through
10 further research based on the above findings.
[0009]

Specifically, the present disclosure provides the following composition and the like.

Item 1. A composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated
15 hydrocarbons, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-
20 tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:

- point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%).

Item 2. A composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated
25 hydrocarbons, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-
30 tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:

- point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point D (R32/R125/R134a = 31.4/11.5/57.1 wt%), and
point E (R32/R125/R134a = 30.2/14.4/55.4 wt%).

Item 3. A composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated
35 hydrocarbons, the composition ratio of the fluorinated

hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:

point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),

point B (R32/R125/R134a = 34.0/13.9/52.1 wt%), and

point C (R32/R125/R134a = 33.3/15.5/51.2 wt%).

Item 4. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 3,

wherein the mixture further comprises at least one fluorinated hydrocarbon selected from the group consisting of HCFC-1122, HCFC-124, CFC-1113, and 3,3,3-trifluoropropyne.

Item 5. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 4, wherein the mixture further comprises at least one halogenated

organic compound represented by formula (1): $C_mH_nX_p$, wherein each X independently represents a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, or a bromine atom, m is 1 or 2, $2m + 2 \geq n + p$, and $p \geq 1$.

Item 6. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 5, wherein the mixture further comprises at least one organic

compound represented by formula (2): $C_mH_nX_p$, wherein each X independently represents an atom that is not a halogen atom, m is 1 or 2, $2m + 2 \geq n + p$, and $p \geq 1$.

Item 7. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 6, wherein the mixture further comprises water.

Item 8. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 7, wherein the mixture comprises R32, R125, and R134a in amounts such that the sum of the concentrations thereof is 99.5 wt% or more.

Item 9. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 7, wherein the mixture consists of R32, R125, and R134a.

Item 10. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 9, wherein the mixture has a GWP of 1500 or less, and the refrigerating capacity of the mixture is 94% or more relative to the refrigerating capacity of R404A.

Item 11. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 10,

wherein the mixture is an alternative refrigerant for R404A (R125/R134a/R143a = 44/4/52 wt%) that is a mixed refrigerant.

Item 12. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 11, comprising a refrigerant oil.

5 Item 13. The composition according to Item 12, wherein the refrigerant oil comprises at least one polymer selected from the group consisting of polyalkylene glycol (PAG), polyol ester (POE), and polyvinyl ether (PVE).

Item 14. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 13,
10 comprising at least one substance selected from the group consisting of tracers, compatibilizers, ultraviolet fluorescent dyes, stabilizers, and polymerization inhibitors.

Item 15. The composition according to any one of Items 1 to 14, which is used for at least one member selected from the group
15 consisting of refrigerators, freezers, water coolers, ice machines, refrigerating showcases, freezing showcases, freezing and refrigerating units, refrigerating devices for freezing and refrigerating warehouses, chillers (chilling units), turbo refrigerators, and screw refrigerators.

20 Item 16. A method for producing a composition, comprising the step of mixing difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) such that the composition ratio thereof is adjusted to fall within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition
25 diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:

point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),

point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and

point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%).

30 Item 17. A refrigeration method comprising the step of operating a refrigeration cycle using the composition according to any one of Items 1 to 15.

Item 18. A method for operating a refrigerating device, comprising operating a refrigeration cycle using the composition
35 according to any one of Items 1 to 15.

Item 19. A refrigerating device comprising the composition according to any one of Items 1 to 15.

[0009a] In one aspect, there is provided a composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the mixture comprising difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) in amounts such that the sum of the concentrations thereof is 99.5 wt% or more, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:

point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%),
wherein the mixture is an alternative refrigerant for R404A that is a mixed refrigerant, and
wherein the mixture has a COP of 100% or more relative to the COP of R404A.

[0009b] In another aspect, there is provided a composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the mixture comprising difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) in amounts such that the sum of the concentrations thereof is 99.5 wt% or more, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:

point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and

point G ($R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5$ wt%),
wherein the composition ratio falls within the following ranges:
 $R32 = 32.5$ wt% ± 1 wt%, $R125 = 15.0$ wt% ± 1 wt%, and $R134a = 52.5$
5 wt% ± 2 wt%.

[0009c] In another aspect, there is provided a composition
comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the
mixture comprising difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane
10 (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) in amounts such
that the sum of the concentrations thereof is 99.5 wt% or more,
the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained
in the mixture falling within a region enclosed by the following
three straight lines in a ternary composition diagram in which
15 the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32),
pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a)
is 100 wt%:
first straight line ($y = 0.9286x - 16.643$, $z = 100 - x - y$,
 $19 \leq x \leq 61$),
20 second straight line ($y = 0.3644x + 3.400$, $z = 100 - x - y$,
 $0 \leq x \leq 70.8$), and
third straight line ($y = -2.35x + 83.25$, $25 \leq x \leq 35$).

[0009d] In another aspect, there is provided the composition as
25 defined above used for at least one member selected from the
group consisting of refrigerators, freezers, water coolers, ice
machines, refrigerating showcases, freezing showcases, freezing
and refrigerating units, refrigerating devices for freezing and
refrigerating warehouses, chillers (chilling units), turbo
30 refrigerators, and screw refrigerators.

[0009e] In another aspect, there is provided a refrigeration
method comprising the step of operating a refrigeration cycle
using the composition as defined above.

[0009f] In another aspect, there is provided a method for operating a refrigerating device, comprising operating a refrigeration cycle using the composition as defined herein.

5 [0009g] In another aspect, there is provided a refrigerating device comprising the composition as defined above.

[0009h] In another aspect, there is provided a method for producing a composition, comprising the step of mixing
10 difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) such that the composition ratio thereof is adjusted to fall within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:
15 point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%),
wherein the mixture obtained in the step comprising R32, R125, and R134a in amounts such that the sum of the concentrations
20 thereof is 99.5 wt% or more, and
wherein the mixture obtained in the step being an alternative refrigerant for R404A that is a mixed refrigerant.

Advantageous Effects of Invention

25 [0010]

The present disclosure makes it possible to obtain a composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons that has, for example, a non-flammability similar to that of R404A, a refrigerating capacity that can replace that of
30 R404A, a COP equal or superior to that of R404A, and a lower GWP than that of R404A because the composition ratio of the mixture falls within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram for R32, R125, and R134a indicated by the triangular coordinates of Fig. 1:
35 point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),

point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%).

Brief Description of Drawings

5 [0011]

Fig. 1 illustrates a ternary composition diagram for R32, R125, and R134a in which the compositions of mixtures of the present invention (in order from biggest to smallest triangular range, a triangle defined by points A, F, and G, a triangle
10 defined by points A, D, and E, and a triangle defined by points A, B, and C) are shown.

Fig. 2 illustrates a ternary composition diagram for R32, R125, and R134a in which P: ASHRAE non-flammable border line, Q: ASHRAE flammable region, and R: ASHRAE non-flammable region
15 are shown. The diagram also shows the relationship between the allowable range (including an allowable error) set for each refrigerant in the production of a mixed refrigerant and criteria for determining whether the mixed refrigerant is classified as a mixed refrigerant that is non-flammable according to ASHRAE or a
20 mixed refrigerant that is flammable according to ASHRAE.

Fig. 3 illustrates a schematic view of an apparatus used in a flammability test.

Description of Embodiments

5 [0012]

The composition of the present invention comprises a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as
10 vertices in a ternary composition diagram (Fig. 1) in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:
point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%).

15 [0013]

The composition of the present invention has, for example, a non-flammability similar to that of R404A, a refrigerating capacity that can replace that of R404A, a COP equal or superior to that of R404A, and a lower GWP than that of
20 R404A.

[0014]

More specifically, since the composition of the present invention is non-flammable according to ASHRAE like R404A (details of the definition, etc., are described later), it is
25 safer than flammable refrigerants and can be used in a wide range of applications.

[0015]

The refrigerating capacity of the composition of the present invention can replace that of R404A. More specifically,
30 the refrigerating capacity of the composition of the present invention is preferably 94% or more, more preferably 95% or more, and even more preferably 100% or more, relative to that of R404A.

[0016]

The COP of the composition of the present invention is
35 equal or superior to that of R404A (100% or more). The COP of the

composition of the present invention is more preferably 105 or more, and even more preferably 110 or more, relative to that of R404A.

[0017]

5 Moreover, the composition of the present invention has a GWP of 1500 or less, and thus can notably reduce a burden on the environment from a global warming perspective compared with other general-purpose refrigerants.

[0018]

10 R404A is a refrigerant currently widely used for freezing and refrigerated storage, and the composition of the present invention can be an alternative refrigerant for R404A.

[0019]

 In the composition of the present invention, the
15 mixture described above may consist of three basic components, i.e., difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a), or may comprise one or more components that are different from the three basic components (referred to as "other components") in addition to the three
20 basic components. Hereinafter, difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) are referred to as "three basic components" and one or more components that are different from the three basic components are referred to as "other components." Other components are described
25 in detail later. The composition of the present invention may consist of the mixture, or may comprise any additives described later, such as a refrigerant oil, in addition to the mixture.

[0020]

 When the mixture contains other components, the mixture
30 preferably contains other components in amounts such that the functions of the three basic components are not impaired. From this viewpoint, the content of other components in the mixture is preferably 0.5 wt% or less, more preferably 0.3 wt% or less, and even more preferably 0.1 wt% or less.

35 [0021]

Mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons

The composition according to an example of an embodiment of the present invention (Embodiment 1) comprises a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the composition
5 ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram (Fig. 1) in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a)
10 is 100 wt%:

point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%).

[0022]

15 As is described in detail below, in Fig. 1, a straight line passing through two points, i.e., point A and point F, shows an ASHRAE non-flammable border line; a straight line passing through two points, i.e., point A and point G, shows a line indicating a composition ratio at which the GWP is 1500; and a
20 straight line passing through two points, i.e., point F and point G, shows a line indicating a composition ratio at which the refrigerating capacity is 94% relative to that of R404A.

[0023]

In view of improving the refrigerating capacity, a
25 preferred embodiment is, for example, the following Embodiment 2 or Embodiment 3, in which the range of the triangle is smaller than the range of the triangle of Embodiment 1.

[0024]

In Embodiment 2, the composition ratio of the
30 fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falls within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram (Fig. 1) in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:

point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
35 point D (R32/R125/R134a = 31.4/11.5/57.1 wt%), and

point E (R32/R125/R134a = 30.2/14.4/55.4 wt%).

[0025]

In Embodiment 2, a straight line passing through two points, i.e., point D and point E, shows a line indicating a composition ratio in which the refrigerating capacity is 95% relative to that of R404A.

[0026]

In Embodiment 3, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falls within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram (Fig. 1) in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:

point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),

point B (R32/R125/R134a = 34.0/13.9/52.1 wt%), and

point C (R32/R125/R134a = 33.3/15.5/51.2 wt%).

[0027]

In Embodiment 3, a straight line passing through two points, i.e., point B and point C, shows a line indicating a composition ratio at which the refrigerating capacity is 100% relative to that of R404A.

[0028]

The technical meaning of each point in Fig. 1 is described in detail below.

[0029]

In Fig. 1, when the wt% of R32 = x, the wt% of R125 = y, and the wt% of R134a = z, a line segment indicating an ASHRAE non-flammable border line is approximated by a line segment represented by the following equations.

[0030]

ASHRAE non-flammable border line: a straight line passing through two points, i.e., point A and point F (line segment P of Fig. 1)

$$y = 0.9286x - 17.643$$

$$z = 100 - x - y$$

$$19 \leq x \leq 61$$

The ASHRAE flammability classification of refrigerants is now described.

[0031]

The ASHRAE flammability classification of refrigerants is performed based on ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 34-2013. Refrigerants classified as Class 1 are non-flammable refrigerants. That is, the composition of the present invention being non-flammable according to ASHRAE means that the mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons used in the present invention (in particular, the three basic components) is classified as Class 1 in flammability classification.

[0032]

More specifically, a leak test during storage, transportation, and use is performed based on ANSI/ASHRAE 34-2013 to specify the worst case of fractionation for flammability (WCFF). When the WCFF composition can be identified as being non-flammable in a test based on ASTM E681-09 (a standard test method for concentration limits of flammability of chemicals (vapors and gases)), it is classified as Class 1.

[0033]

In Fig. 1, the R125 side from the line segment AF is classified as a mixed refrigerant that is non-flammable according to ASHRAE, whereas the R32 side from the line segment AF is classified as a mixed refrigerant that is flammable according to ASHRAE (Class 2: slightly flammable mixed refrigerants, Class 3: flammable mixed refrigerants).

[0034]

However, in the production of a mixed refrigerant, an allowable range (including an allowable error) is set for each refrigerant. Thus, even if the center composition of the mixed refrigerant is on the R125 side from the line segment AF of Fig. 1, when the allowable ranges are not all on the R125 side from the line segment AF, the mixed refrigerant is not defined as a mixed refrigerant that is non-flammable according to ASHRAE.

[0035]

For example, in the case where $R32 = 32.5 \text{ wt\%} \pm 1 \text{ wt\%}$, $R125 = 15.0 \text{ wt\%} \pm 1 \text{ wt\%}$, and $R134a = 52.5 \text{ wt\%} \pm 2 \text{ wt\%}$, all of the allowable ranges are on the R125 side from the line segment AF as shown in Fig. 2, and thus, the case is classified as a mixed
5 refrigerant that is non-flammable according to ASHRAE. On the other hand, in the case where $R32 = 32.0 \text{ wt\%} \pm 1 \text{ wt\%}$, $R125 = 15.0 \text{ wt\%} \pm 1 \text{ wt\%}$, and $R134a = 55.0 \text{ wt\%} \pm 2 \text{ wt\%}$, the allowable ranges are partially on the R32 side from the line segment AF, and thus, a
10 mixed refrigerant in which these allowable ranges are set is classified as a mixed refrigerant that is flammable according to ASHRAE.

[0036]

In Fig. 1, when the wt% of $R32 = x$, the wt% of $R125 = y$, and the wt% of $R134a = z$, a line segment indicating a composition
15 ratio at which $GWP = 1500$ is approximated by a line segment represented by the following equations.

[0037]

Line segment indicating a composition ratio at which $GWP = 1500$: a straight line passing through two points, i.e.,
20 point A and point G (line segment L of Fig. 1)

$$y = 0.3644x + 3.400$$

$$z = 100 - x - y$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 70.8$$

In addition, line segments indicating composition
25 ratios at which the refrigerating capacity is 94%, 95%, and 100% relative to that of R404A are approximated by line segments represented by the following equations.

[0038]

Line segment indicating a composition ratio at which
30 the refrigerating capacity is 94% relative to that of R404A: a straight line passing through two points, i.e., point F and point G (line segment Z of Fig. 1)

$$y = -2.35x + 83.25$$

$$25 \leq x \leq 35$$

35 Line segment indicating a composition ratio at which

the refrigerating capacity is 95% relative to that of R404A: a straight line passing through two points, i.e., point D and point E (line segment Y of Fig. 1)

$$y = -2.35x + 85.25$$

5 $25 \leq x \leq 35$

Line segment indicating a composition ratio at which the refrigerating capacity is 100% relative to that of R404A: a straight line passing through two points, i.e., point B and point C (line segment X of Fig. 1)

10 $y = -2.26x + 90.8$

$$30 \leq x \leq 35$$

[0039]

Components other than the three basic components

The mixture contained in the composition of the present invention may further contain a tiny amount of water in addition to the three basic components (R32, R125, and R134a). The amount of water is preferably 0.1 parts by weight or less, per 100 parts by weight of the mixture. When the mixture contains a tiny amount of water, the double bonds in the molecules of unsaturated fluorinated hydrocarbons that may be contained in the composition can be stably present, and oxidation of unsaturated fluorinated hydrocarbons is less likely to occur, resulting in improved stability of the composition.

[0040]

The mixture contained in the composition of the present invention may contain other component(s) (fluorinated hydrocarbon(s) that are different from the three basic components) in addition to the three basic components (R32, R125, and R134a). The fluorinated hydrocarbon(s) as other component(s) are not particularly limited, and, are, for example, at least one fluorinated hydrocarbon selected from the group consisting of HCFC-1122, HCFC-124, CFC-1113, and 3,3,3-trifluoropropyne.

[0041]

The mixture contained in the composition of the present invention may contain, in addition to the three basic components

(R32, R125, and R134a), at least one halogenated organic compound represented by formula (1): $C_mH_nX_p$, wherein each X independently represents a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, or a bromine atom, m is 1 or 2, $2m + 2 \geq n + p$, and $p \geq 1$, as other component(s). The at least one halogenated organic compound as other component(s) is not particularly limited. Preferable examples include difluorochloromethane, chloromethane, 2-chloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoroethane, 2-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane, 2-chloro-1,1-difluoroethylene, trifluoroethylene, and the like.

[0042]

The mixture contained in the composition of the present invention may contain, in addition to the three basic components (R32, R125, and R134a), at least one organic compound represented by formula (2): $C_mH_nX_p$, wherein each X independently represents an atom that is not a halogen atom, m is 1 or 2, $2m + 2 \geq n + p$, and $p \geq 1$, as other component(s). The at least one organic compound as other component(s) is not particularly limited. Preferable examples include propane, isobutane, and the like.

[0043]

As described above, when the mixture contains other components, the content of other components in the mixture, whether other components are used singly or in a combination of two or more, is preferably 0.5 wt% or less, more preferably 0.3 wt% or less, and even more preferably 0.1 wt% or less, as the total content amount.

[0044]

Optional additives

The composition of the present invention may appropriately contain various additives in addition to the mixture.

[0045]

The composition of the present invention may further contain a refrigerant oil. The refrigerant oil is not particularly limited and can be suitably selected from commonly used refrigerant oils. In this case, a refrigerant oil that is

more excellent in terms of, for example, the effect of improving miscibility with the mixture, stability of the mixture, etc., may be appropriately selected, if necessary.

[0046]

5 Although there is no particular limitation, the stability of the mixture can be evaluated by a commonly used method. Examples of such methods include an evaluation method using the amount of free fluorine ions as an index according to ASHRAE Standard 97-2007, and the like. There is, for example,
10 another evaluation method using the total acid number as an index. This method can be performed, for example, according to ASTM D 974-06.

[0047]

 Preferred as the type of the refrigerant oil is,
15 specifically, for example, at least one member selected from the group consisting of polyalkylene glycol (PAG), polyol ester (POE), and polyvinyl ether (PVE).

[0048]

 The refrigerant oil to be used may have, for example, a
20 kinematic viscosity at 40°C of 5 to 400 cSt. When the refrigerant oil has a kinematic viscosity within this range, it is preferable in terms of lubricity.

[0049]

 The concentration of the refrigerant oil is not
25 particularly limited, and may be generally 10 to 50 wt%, relative to the entire composition.

[0050]

 The composition of the present invention may further contain one or more tracers. The one or more tracers are added to
30 the composition of the present invention at a detectable concentration so that, when the composition of the present invention is diluted, contaminated, or undergoes any other change, the change can be traced. There is no limitation on the tracers. Preferable examples include hydrofluorocarbons, deuterated
35 hydrocarbons, deuterated hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons,

fluoroethers, brominated compounds, iodinated compounds, alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, nitrous oxide (N_2O), and the like.

Particularly preferred are hydrofluorocarbons or fluoroethers.

[0051]

5 The composition of the present invention may further contain a compatibilizer. The type of compatibilizer is not particularly limited. Preferable examples include polyoxyalkylene glycol ethers, amides, nitriles, ketones, chlorocarbons, esters, lactones, aryl ethers, fluoroethers, 1,1,1-trifluoroalkans, and
10 the like. Particularly preferred are polyoxyalkylene glycol ethers.

[0052]

 The composition of the present invention may further contain one or more ultraviolet fluorescent dyes. There is no
15 limitation on the ultraviolet fluorescent dyes. Preferable examples include naphthalimide, coumarin, anthracene, phenanthrene, xanthene, thioxanthene, naphthoxanthene, and fluorescein, and derivatives thereof. Either naphthalimide or coumarin, or both are particularly preferable.

20 [0053]

 The composition of the present invention may further contain a stabilizer, a polymerization inhibitor, etc., if necessary.

[0054]

25 Examples of stabilizers include, but are not particularly limited to, (i) aliphatic nitro compounds, such as nitromethane and nitroethane; and aromatic nitro compounds, such as nitrobenzene and nitrostyrene; (ii) ethers, such as 1,4-dioxane; amines, such as 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropylamine and
30 diphenylamine; butylhydroxyxylene, benzotriazole, and the like. The stabilizers can be used singly or in a combination of two or more.

[0055]

 The concentration of the stabilizer varies depending on
35 the type of stabilizer, but can be determined within a range in

which the properties of the composition are not impaired. The concentration of the stabilizer is generally preferably about 0.01 to 5 parts by weight, and more preferably about 0.05 to 2 parts by weight, per 100 parts by weight of the mixture.

5 [0056]

Examples of polymerization inhibitors include, but are not particularly limited to, 4-methoxy-1-naphthol, hydroquinone, hydroquinonemethyl ether, dimethyl-t-butylphenol, 2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol, benzotriazole, and the like.

10 [0057]

The concentration of the polymerization inhibitor is generally preferably 0.01 to 5 parts by weight, and more preferably about 0.05 to 2 parts by weight, per 100 parts by weight of the mixture.

15 [0058]

In an example of an embodiment of the present invention, an object can be refrigerated by a method comprising the step of operating a refrigeration cycle using the composition of the present invention. For example, the composition of the present invention can be circulated via a compressor to form the refrigeration cycle.

[0059]

It is also possible to produce an apparatus for forming a refrigeration cycle in which the composition of the present invention is circulated via a compressor.

25

[0060]

Examples of refrigerating devices that can use the composition of the present invention include, but are not limited to, refrigerators, freezers, water coolers, ice machines, refrigerating showcases, freezing showcases, freezing and refrigerating units, refrigerating devices used, for example, for freezing and refrigerating warehouses, chillers (chilling units), turbo refrigerators, screw refrigerators, and the like.

[0061]

35 Method for producing composition

The method for producing the composition of Embodiment 1 of the present invention comprises the step of mixing R32, R125, and R134a such that the composition ratio thereof is adjusted to fall within a triangle having the following three points as
5 vertices in a ternary composition diagram (Fig. 1) in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:
point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%). The composition of
10 Embodiment 1 can be produced by this production method.

[0062]

The method for producing the composition of Embodiment 2 of the present invention comprises the step of mixing R32, R125, and R134a such that the composition ratio thereof is adjusted to
15 fall within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram (Fig. 1) in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:
point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point D (R32/R125/R134a = 31.4/11.5/57.1 wt%), and
20 point E (R32/R125/R134a = 30.2/14.4/55.4 wt%). The composition of Embodiment 2 can be produced by this production method.

[0063]

The method for producing the composition of Embodiment 3 of the present invention comprises the step of mixing R32, R125, and R134a such that the composition ratio thereof is adjusted to
25 fall within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram (Fig. 1) in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:
point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
30 point B (R32/R125/R134a = 34.0/13.9/52.1 wt%), and
point C (R32/R125/R134a = 33.3/15.5/51.2 wt%). The composition of Embodiment 3 can be produced by this production method.

Examples

35 [0064]

The present invention is described in detail below with reference to Examples. However, the present invention is not limited to the Examples.

[0065]

5 Examples 1 to 13 and Comparative Examples 1 to 12

The GWP of each of R404A and mixed refrigerants of R32, R125, and R134a was evaluated based on the values described in the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) fourth report.

10 [0066]

The COP and refrigerating capacity of each of R404A and the mixed refrigerants of R32, R125, and R134a were determined by performing refrigeration cycle theoretical calculations for the refrigerant and mixed refrigerants using the National Institute
15 of Science and Technology (NIST) and Reference Fluid Thermodynamic and Transport Properties Database (Refprop 9.0) under the following conditions.

Evaporation temperature -40°C

Condensation temperature 40°C

20 Superheating temperature 20K

Supercooling temperature 0K

Compressor efficiency 70%

In Fig. 1, the proportions of the components of the compositions of the Examples are indicated by solid triangles (▲).

25 [0067]

Tables 1 and 2 show the GWP, COP, and refrigerating capacity calculated based on these results. Regarding the COP and refrigerating capacity, the percentages relative to those of R404A are shown.

30 [0068]

The coefficient of performance (COP) was calculated according to the following equation.

COP = (refrigerating capacity or heating capacity) / amount of
35 electrical power consumed

The flammability of the mixture of the three basic components used in the composition was evaluated according to U.S. ASHRAE Standard 34-2013. The flammability test was conducted in accordance with ASTM E681-09. Fig. 2 shows a non-flammable border line (P), a flammable region (Q), and a non-flammable region (R).
5 [0069]

A 12-L spherical glass flask was used so that the combustion state could be visually observed and photographically recorded. When excessive pressure was generated by combustion,
10 gas was allowed to escape from the upper lid. Ignition was achieved by electric discharge from electrodes disposed at one-third the distance from the bottom.
[0070]

Test conditions

15 Test vessel: 280 mm ϕ spherical (internal volume: 12 liters)
Test temperature: 60°C $\pm$ 3°C
Pressure: 101.3 kPa $\pm$ 0.7 kPa
Water: 0.0088 g $\pm$ 0.0005 g per gram of dry air
Mixing ratio of composition/air: 1 vol.% increments $\pm$ 0.2 vol.%
20 Composition mixture: $\pm$ 0.1 wt%
Ignition method: AC discharge, voltage: 15 kV, electric current: 30 mA, neon transformer
Electrode spacing: 6.4 mm (1/4 inch)
Spark: 0.4 seconds $\pm$ 0.05 seconds
25 Evaluation criteria: When the flame propagation extends at an angle of more than 90° from the ignition point, it was evaluated as flammable.

The composition ratio of R32, R125, and R134a (x/y/z wt%) in the non-flammability limit almost satisfied the
30 relationship represented by the following equations (1) to (3).
 $19 \leq x \leq 61$ (1)
 $y = 0.9286x - 17.643$ (2)
 $z = 100 - x - y$ (3)

The results revealed that the composition of the present invention is non-flammable, and causes no combustion, even when mixed with air at any ratio.

[0071]

Table 1

Item		Unit	Example												
R404A			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Composition	R32	mass%	Point A	Within ΔABC	Point B	Point C	Within ΔADE	Within ΔADE	Within ΔADE	Within ΔADE	Within ΔADE	Point D	Point E	Point F	Point G
	R125	mass%	37.3	34.0	34.0	33.3	32.5	32.5	33.0	33.0	32.0	31.4	30.2	30.7	29.4
	R134a	mass%	44.0	17.0	15.0	14.5	13.9	15.5	14.5	14.5	15.0	13.0	11.5	14.4	10.9
	R134a	mass%	4.0	45.7	51.0	52.1	52.5	53.0	52.5	52.5	52.0	55.0	57.1	55.4	58.4
	R143a	mass%	52.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GWP		year	3922	1500	1484	1481	1500	1485	1495	1481	1491	1458	1431	1500	1424
Performance	Coefficient of performance	% (relative to that of R404A)	100	111	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
	Refrigerating capacity	% (relative to that of R404A)	100	106	101	100	100	98	99	99	99	97	95	95	94
Flammable/nonflammable		-	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable

5

[0072]

Table 2

Item	Unit	R404A	Comparative Example											
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Composition			20.0	25.0	30.0	35.0	40.0	20.0	25.0	30.0	35.0	20.0	25.0	35.0
	R32	0												
	R125	44.0	47.0	35.0	23.0	11.7	1.0	38.5	26.5	14.5	3.0	37.0	24.5	1.0
	R134a	4.0	33.0	40.0	47.0	53.3	59.0	41.5	48.5	55.5	62.0	43.0	50.5	64.0
	R143a	52.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GWP	year	3922	2252	1966	1680	1408	1149	2076	1790	1504	1228	2045	1748	1186
Performance	Coefficient of performance	% (relative to that of R404A)	100	107	111	112	113	109	110	112	113	109	111	113
	Refrigerating capacity	% (relative to that of R404A)	100	100	100	100	100	95	95	95	95	94	94	94
Flammable/nonflammable			nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	flammable	flammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	flammable	nonflammable	nonflammable	flammable

[0073]

In Comparative Examples 1 to 5, compositions having composition ratios at which the refrigerating capacity was 100% relative to that of R404A were obtained. The compositions of Comparative Examples 1 to 3 had a GWP of more than 1500, and the compositions of Comparative Examples 4 and 5 were flammable.

[0074]

In Comparative Examples 6 to 9, compositions having composition ratios at which the refrigerating capacity was 95% relative to that of R404A were obtained. The compositions of Comparative Examples 6 to 8 had a GWP of more than 1500, and the composition of Comparative Example 9 was flammable.

[0075]

In Comparative Examples 10 to 12, compositions having composition ratios at which the refrigerating capacity was 94% relative to that of R404A were obtained. The compositions of Comparative Examples 10 and 11 had a GWP of more than 1500, and the composition of Comparative Example 12 was flammable.

20 Description of Reference Numerals

[0076]

A: Composition ratio of Example 1

B: Composition ratio of Example 3

C: Composition ratio of Example 4

25 D: Composition ratio of Example 10

E: Composition ratio of Example 11

F: Composition ratio of Example 12

G: Composition ratio of Example 13

L: Approximation line segment of line segment indicating GWP =
30 1500

X: Approximation line segment of line segment indicating a composition ratio at which the refrigerating capacity is 100% (relative to that of R404A)

Y: Approximation line segment of line segment indicating a
35 composition ratio at which the refrigerating capacity is 95%

(relative to that of R404A)

Z: Approximation line segment of line segment indicating a composition ratio at which the refrigerating capacity is 94% (relative to that of R404A)

5 P: ASHRAE non-flammable border line

Q: ASHRAE flammable region

R: ASHRAE non-flammable region

1: Ignition source

2: Sample inlet

10 3: Springs

4: 12-liter glass flask

5: Electrodes

6: Stirrer

7: Insulated chamber

15

CLAIMS

[Claim 1]

A composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the mixture comprising difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) in amounts such that the sum of the concentrations thereof is 99.5 wt% or more, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:
point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%),
wherein the mixture is an alternative refrigerant for R404A that is a mixed refrigerant, and
wherein the mixture has a COP of 100% or more relative to the COP of R404A.

[Claim 2]

A composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the mixture comprising difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) in amounts such that the sum of the concentrations thereof is 99.5 wt% or more, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:
point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%),

wherein the composition ratio falls within the following ranges: R32 = 32.5 wt%±1wt%, R125 = 15.0 wt%±1wt%, and R134a = 52.5 wt%±2wt%.

[Claim 3]

A composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated hydrocarbons, the mixture comprising difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) in amounts such that the sum of the concentrations thereof is 99.5 wt% or more, the composition ratio of the fluorinated hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a region enclosed by the following three straight lines in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:

first straight line ($y = 0.9286x - 16.643$, $z = 100 - x - y$, $19 \leq x \leq 61$),
second straight line ($y = 0.3644x + 3.400$, $z = 100 - x - y$, $0 \leq x \leq 70.8$),
and
third straight line ($y = -2.35x + 83.25$, $25 \leq x \leq 35$).

[Claim 4]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3,
wherein the mixture further comprises at least one fluorinated
hydrocarbon selected from the group consisting of HCFC-1122, HCFC-124,
CFC-1113, and 3,3,3-trifluoropropyne.

[Claim 5]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 4,
wherein the mixture further comprises at least one halogenated organic
compound represented by formula (1): $C_mH_nX_p$, wherein each X
independently represents a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, or a bromine
atom, m is 1 or 2, $2m + 2 \geq n + p$, and $p \geq 1$.

[Claim 6]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 5,
wherein the mixture further comprises at least one organic compound
represented by formula (2): $C_mH_nX_p$, wherein each X independently
represents an atom that is not a halogen atom, m is 1 or 2, $2m + 2 \geq n$
+ p, and $p \geq 1$.

[Claim 7]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 6,
wherein the mixture further comprises water.

[Claim 8]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3,

wherein the mixture consists of R32, R125, and R134a.

[Claim 9]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein the mixture has a GWP of 1500 or less, and the refrigerating capacity of the mixture is 94% or more relative to the refrigerating capacity of R404A.

[Claim 10]

The composition according to any one of claims 2 to 9, wherein the mixture is an alternative refrigerant for R404A that is a mixed refrigerant.

[Claim 11]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 10, comprising a refrigerant oil.

[Claim 12]

The composition according to claim 11, wherein the refrigerant oil comprises at least one polymer selected from the group consisting of polyalkylene glycol (PAG), polyol ester (POE), and polyvinyl ether (PVE).

[Claim 13]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 12, comprising at least one substance selected from the group consisting of tracers, compatibilizers, ultraviolet fluorescent dyes, stabilizers, and polymerization inhibitors.

[Claim 14]

The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 13, which is used for at least one member selected from the group consisting of refrigerators, freezers, water coolers, ice machines, refrigerating showcases, freezing showcases, freezing and refrigerating units, refrigerating devices for freezing and

refrigerating warehouses, chillers (chilling units), turbo refrigerators, and screw refrigerators.

[Claim 15]

A refrigeration method comprising the step of operating a refrigeration cycle using the composition according to any one of claims 1 to 14.

[Claim 16]

A method for operating a refrigerating device, comprising operating a refrigeration cycle using the composition according to any one of claims 1 to 14.

[Claim 17]

A refrigerating device comprising the composition according to any one of claims 1 to 14.

[Claim 18]

A method for producing a composition, comprising the step of mixing difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (R134a) such that the composition ratio thereof is adjusted to fall within a triangle having the following three points as vertices in a ternary composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of R32, R125, and R134a is 100 wt%:

point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),

point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and

point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%),

wherein the mixture obtained in the step comprising R32, R125, and R134a in amounts such that the sum of the concentrations thereof is 99.5 wt% or more, and

wherein the mixture obtained in the step being an alternative refrigerant for R404A that is a mixed refrigerant.

COMPOSITION CONTAINING MIXTURE OF FLUORINATED HYDROCARBONS, AND
METHOD FOR PRODUCING SAME

5

ABSTRACT

This invention provides, as alternative refrigerants
for R404A, a refrigerant and refrigerant composition that have,
for example, a nonflammability similar to that of R404A, a
10 refrigerating capacity that can replace that of R404A, a ratio of
refrigerating capacity to power consumed in a refrigeration cycle
(coefficient of performance (COP)) that is equal or superior to
that of R404A, and a lower GWP than that of R404A.

More specifically, this invention provides a
15 composition comprising a mixture containing fluorinated
hydrocarbons, the composition ratio of the fluorinated
hydrocarbons contained in the mixture falling within a triangle
having the following three points as vertices in a ternary
composition diagram in which the sum of the concentrations of
20 difluoromethane (R32), pentafluoroethane (R125), and 1,1,1,2-
tetrafluoroethane (R134a) is 100 wt%:
point A (R32/R125/R134a = 37.3/17.0/45.7 wt%),
point F (R32/R125/R134a = 30.7/10.9/58.4 wt%), and
point G (R32/R125/R134a = 29.4/14.1/56.5 wt%).

25

[Fig. 1]