

ABSTRACT

A method for predicting the constitution susceptible to the onset of specific diseases in individual humans, for example, respiratory diseases
5 such as chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases, sinobronchial syndrome, pulmonary emphysema, diffuse panbronchiolitis or bronchiectasis, effects of treatment on patients or prognosis of the treatment by analyzing the genetic polymorphisms of a human trypsin-like enzyme of the respiratory tract.

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This Sheet Has Been Replaced

