

ABSTRACT

A substance consisting of an acid addition salt of a morphine alkaloid and an organic acid is provided.

The organic acid is selected from:

- monoesters of C_3 - to C_{16} -dicarboxylic acids with monohydric C_1 - to C_4 -alcohols,
- C_2 - to C_{16} -sulfonic acids,
- substituted benzoic acids, selected from the group of halogen, hydroxy, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl and/or alkoxy-substituted benzoic acid, as well as of the aminosubstituted benzoic acids, which may optionally be alkylated at the N atom,
- substituted or non-substituted 5-ring or 6-ring heterocycles comprising at least one N or S atom and having a carboxyl group function,
- saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted, oxocarboxylic acids having 5 to 10 C atoms,
- phenyl-substituted or phenoxy-substituted saturated C_2 - to C_4 -carboxylic acids.
- aliphatic, aromatic or heterocyclic C_2 - to C_{12} -amino acids, wherein one amino group is substituted with an - optionally substituted - C_2 - to C_6 -alkanoyl group or an - optionally substituted - benzoyl group.