information to a pharmacist in charge. In this case, since the pharmacist in charge can provide the remote medicine instruction to the patient at the predetermined implementation date and time, it is possible to reduce a workload at a pharmacy.

[Prior Art Documents]

[Patent Documents]

[0005]

Patent Document 1: Japanese Patent Application Publication No. 2023-107632

Patent Document 2: Japanese Patent Application Publication No. 2023-096917

[Summary]

[0005A]

In a first aspect, the present disclosure provides a medicine assist system comprising: a receiving unit configured to receive information described in a prescription from a patient-side terminal; an information generation unit configured to generate dispensing data indicating a medicine based on the information described in the prescription; an audit unit configured to audit the dispensing data; an instruction unit configured to issue an instruction to deliver a prescribed medicine including the medicine to a patient; and a status acquisition unit configured to acquire, as regulatory data, an identifier of a medicine regulated at a delivery destination to which the prescribed medicine is to be delivered, wherein the information generation unit generates the dispensing data by linking the medicine described in the prescription with the medicine identifier, the audit unit determines that the dispensing data has validity when none of the medicine identifiers indicated in the dispensing data are included in the medicine identifiers included in the regulatory data, and when it is determined that the dispensing data has validity, the instruction unit issues the instruction to deliver the prescribed medicine.

[0005B]

In a second aspect, the present disclosure provides a medicine assist method comprising executing, by a computer: a receiving step of receiving information described in a prescription from a patient-side terminal; an information generation step of generating dispensing data indicating a medicine based on the information described in the prescription; an audit step of auditing the dispensing data; an instruction step of

issuing an instruction to deliver a prescribed medicine including the medicine to a patient; and a status acquisition step of acquiring, as regulatory data, an identifier of a medicine regulated at a delivery destination to which the prescribed medicine is to be delivered, wherein in the information generation step, the dispensing data is generated by linking the medicine described in the prescription with the medicine identifier, in the audit step, it is determined that the dispensing data has validity when none of the medicine identifiers indicated in the dispensing data are included in the medicine identifiers included in the regulatory data, and when it is determined that the dispensing data has validity, in the instruction step, the instruction is issued to deliver the prescribed medicine.

[0005C]

In a third aspect, the present disclosure provides a medicine assist program for causing a computer to implement: a receiving function of receiving information described in a prescription from a patient-side terminal; an information generation function of generating dispensing data indicating a medicine based on the information described in the prescription; an audit function of auditing the dispensing data; an instruction function of issuing an instruction to deliver a prescribed medicine including the medicine to a patient; and a status acquisition function of acquiring, as regulatory data, an identifier of a medicine regulated at a delivery destination to which the prescribed medicine is to be delivered, wherein, by the information generation function, the dispensing data is generated by linking the medicine described in the prescription with the medicine identifier, by the audit function, it is determined that the dispensing data has validity when none of the medicine identifiers indicated in the dispensing data are included in the medicine identifiers included in the regulatory data, and when it is determined that the dispensing data has validity, by the instruction function, the instruction is issued to deliver the prescribed medicine.

[Problems to be Solved by the Invention]

[0006]

However, the systems described in Patent Document 1 and Patent Document 2 disclose only a remote dispensing operation within a country. When attempting to deliver a dispensed prescribed medicine to a foreign delivery destination, there is a possibility that the medicine cannot be delivered to a foreign country due to factors such as medicine regulations in the foreign country.

[0007]

Accordingly, the present disclosure has been made in view of the above problems, and an object thereof is to provide a medicine assist system, a medicine assist method, and a medicine assist program that take into account factors such as medicine regulations at a delivery destination including a foreign country and enable delivery of a medicine even to a foreign country.

[Means for solving the problem]

[0008]

As one example of the present disclosure, a medicine assist system comprises: a receiving unit configured to receive information described in a prescription from a patient-side terminal; an information generation unit configured to generate dispensing data indicating a medicine based on the information described in the prescription; an audit unit configured to audit the dispensing data; and an instruction unit configured to issue an instruction to deliver a prescribed medicine including the medicine to a patient.