

Description

Title of Invention: ENHANCED-SWEETNESS BEVERAGES

Technical Field

[0001]

The present invention relates to tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness and a method for producing such tea beverage. The present invention also relates to a method for enhancing a degree of sweetness of tea beverage and a concentrate for providing tea beverage.

The present invention also relates to a coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness and a method for producing such a coffee beverage. The present invention also relates to a method for enhancing a degree of sweetness of a coffee beverage and a concentrate for providing a coffee beverage.

Background Art

[0002]

Humans have five sensory systems, and the sense of taste is one of the sensory systems of humans. The taste receptor organ to receive tastes is called taste buds, which exist on the fungiform papillae existing over a wide area, mainly on the tip of the tongue, on the vallate papillae existing on a limited area of the back of the tongue, and on the foliate papillae. The taste buds are a cell assembly composed of elongate cells, called taste

cells, and basal cells. The taste cells protrude microvilli toward the tongue surface, and form synapses at bottom of the cells with taste nerve fibers entering the taste buds. Tastes we usually sense are transmitted as taste information via the taste nerves to the brain, where the tastes are perceived. Known taste receptors of sweetness include T1R2 and T1R3. T1R2 and T1R3 are reported to form hetero-dimers (Non-patent Literatures 1 to 3).

[0003]

Although various studies have been made on the sense of taste, little has been revealed yet in this field. We usually experience various tastes of foods. Foods that seem to be tasty have appropriately mixed and well-harmonized tastes. The taste of foods may be tasted as a single taste in some cases, but is often tasted as a mixed taste of various tastes, which are associated with one another.

[0004]

Meanwhile, foods have been required to have lower calories in addition to a good taste in recent years. This relates to a fact that lifestyle-related diseases such as obesity and diabetes are regarded as a problem.

However, to produce lower-calorie foods, their sugar concentration has to be maintained low. This is an obstruction in the case of providing foods that exhibit low calories and a good taste.

[0005]

As an example of a contrast effect, which is an interaction of tastes, there has been long known a phenomenon in which addition of salt to sweet red-bean soup enhances sweetness. There is an example that reports the interaction between saltiness and sweetness by focusing on this phenomenon, and it is concluded that the interaction between sweetness and saltiness requires sweetness that is strong to a certain degree (a 15% solution) and a salt concentration that is high to a certain degree (0.1 to 0.2%) (Non Patent Literature 4).

[0006]

Further, studies have been also made on the increase of a sweetness by adding sodium in a low concentration to a natural sugar and a specific high-intensity sweetener (Patent Literature 1).

Citation List

Patent Literature

[0007]

Patent Literature 1: International Publication No. WO2018/225817

Non Patent Literature

[0008]

Non Patent Literature 1: Zhao G. Q., Zhang Y., Hoon M. A., Chandrashekar J., Erlenbach I., Ryba N. J. P., and Zukerl C. S., Cell, 2003, Vol. 115, 255-266

Non Patent Literature 2: Li X, Staszewski L, Xu H, Durick K, Zoller M, Adler E., Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2002,99(7), 4692-4696.

Non Patent Literature 3: Fernstrom J. D., Munger S. D., Sclafani A., de Araujo I. E., Roberts A., and Molinary S., J. Nutr. 2012. Vol. 142: 1134S-1141S

Non Patent Literature 4: Ayumi Uchida, Nao Takagi, Rieko Horikiri, Miho Matsue, Yumiko Uchiyama and Masashi Omori, Research Bulletin of Otsuma Women's University for Home Economics -No.49 (2013. 3)

Summary of Invention

Problem to be Solved by the Invention

[0009]

Under the above circumstances, the development of a novel method capable of enhancing a sweetness of tea beverage containing a sweetener has been much awaited.

Means for Solving the Problems

[0010]

The present inventors succeeded for the first time in enhancing a sweetness of tea beverage containing a sweetener by containing a sweetener, and an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in a concentration to not be detectable by the human, or containing a sweetener, and sodium and an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in concentrations so low as to not be detectable by the human.

The present inventors succeeded for the first time in enhancing a sweetness of a coffee beverage containing a sweetener by containing a sweetener, and an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in a concentration so low as to not be detectable by the human, or containing a sweetener, and sodium and an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in concentrations so low as to not be detectable by the human.

[0011]

That is, the present invention comprises inventions of the following embodiments.

[1]

A beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_3 exhibited by the components (a) and (b), $0.1 < X_1 < X_3$ is satisfied, and the beverage is one selected from a coffee beverage and tea beverage.

[2]

A beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c), $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied, and the beverage is a coffee beverage.

[3]

A beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c), $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied, and the beverage is tea beverage.

[4]

The beverage according to any one of [1] to [3], further comprising a low-intensity sweetener.

[5]

The beverage according to any one of [1] to [4], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from a basic amino acid, a neutral amino acid having an alkyl group, an OH group or an amide group on a side chain, and a combination thereof.

[6]

The beverage according to any one of [1] to [5], wherein the amino acid is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260.

[7]

The oral composition according to any one of [1] to [6], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[8]

The beverage according to any one of [1] to [7], wherein an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less.

[9]

The beverage according to any one of [4] to [8], wherein a sweetness intensity of the low-intensity sweetener is 0.1 to 5.9.

[10]

The beverage according to [2], wherein the beverage comprises 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml of caffeine.

[11]

The beverage according to [2] or [10], wherein the beverage comprises a milk content.

[12]

The beverage according to [3], wherein the beverage comprises 200 to 600 ppm of polyphenol.

[13]

The beverage according to [3] or [12], wherein the beverage comprises 200 to 600 ppm of a catechin.

[14]

The beverage according to any one of [4] to [9], wherein the low-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of glucose, sucrose,

fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, and a combination thereof.

[15]

The beverage according to any one of [1] to [14], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luohan guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof.

[16]

The beverage according to any one of [1] to [15], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luohan guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, a *Glycyrrhiza* extract, saccharine, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, and a combination thereof.

[17]

The beverage according to any one of [4] to [16], wherein the beverage comprises one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine, an energy is

50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and the total sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener is 6 or more.

[18]

The beverage according to any one of [1] to [17], wherein the beverage is packed in a container.

[19]

A method for producing the beverage according to any one of [1] and [4] to [18], comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, and

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[20]

A method for producing the beverage according to any one of [2] and [4] to [18], comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 90 mg/100 ml.

[21] A method for producing the beverage according to any one of [3] to [18], comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 50 mg/100 ml.

[22]

A concentrate for providing the beverage according to any one of [1] and [4] to [18], comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1a, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold.

[23]

A concentrate for providing the beverage according to any one of [2] and [4] to [18], comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1a,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 900 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[24]

A concentrate for providing the beverage according to any one of [3] to [18], comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1a,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 500 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[0012]

[A1] (In response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185327)

Tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied.

[A2]

The tea beverage according to [A1], further comprising a low-intensity sweetener.

[A3]

The tea beverage according to [A1] or [A2], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from a basic amino acid, a neutral amino acid having an alkyl group, an OH group or an amide group on a side chain, and a combination thereof.

[A4]

The tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A3], wherein the amino acid is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260.

[A5]

The tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A4], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[A6]

The tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A5], wherein an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less.

[A7]

The tea beverage according to any of [A2] to [A6], wherein a sweetness intensity of the low-intensity sweetener is 0.1 to 5.9.

[A8]

The tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A7], wherein the tea beverage comprises 200 to 600 ppm of polyphenol.

[A9]

The tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A8], wherein the tea beverage comprises 200 to 600 ppm of a catechin.

[A10]

The tea beverage according to any of [A2] to [A9], wherein the low-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, and a combination thereof.

[A11]

The tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A10], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luohan guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof.

[A12]

The tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A11], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luohan guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, a *Glycyrrhiza* extract, saccharine, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, and a combination thereof.

[A13]

The tea beverage according to any of [A2] to [A12], wherein the tea beverage comprises one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine, an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and the total sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener is 6 or more.

[A14]

The tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A13], wherein the tea beverage is packed in a container.

[A15]

A method for producing the tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A14], comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[A16]

A concentrate for providing the tea beverage according to any of [A1] to [A14], comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{aa} , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold.

[A17]

A method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage, wherein the tea beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[A18]

Tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied.

[0013]

[B1] (In response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185330)

A tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[B2]

The tea beverage according to [B1], wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_3 exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_3 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[B3]

The tea beverage according to [B1] or [B2], further comprising a low-intensity sweetener.

[B4]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B3], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from a basic amino acid, a neutral amino acid having an alkyl group, an OH group or an amide group on a side chain, and a combination thereof.

[B5]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B4], wherein the amino acid is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260.

[B6]

The tea beverage according to any of any of [B1] to [B5], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[B7]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B6], wherein a content of sodium is 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml.

[B8]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B7], wherein an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less.

[B9]

The tea beverage according to any of [B3] to [B8], wherein a sweetness intensity of the low-intensity sweetener is 0.1 to 5.9.

[B10]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B9], wherein the tea beverage comprises 200 to 600 ppm of polyphenol.

[B11]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B10], wherein the tea beverage comprises 200 to 600 ppm of a catechin.

[B12]

The tea beverage according to any of [B3] to [B11], wherein the low-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, and a combination thereof.

[B13]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B12], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luohan guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof.

[B14]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B13], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luo han guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, a Glycyrrhiza extract, saccharine, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, and a combination thereof.

[B15]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B14], wherein the sodium is contained in the form of at least one selected from the group consisting of sodium chloride, sodium hydroxide, sodium malate, sodium sulfate, sodium citrate, sodium phosphate, sodium carbonate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, sodium disulfide, sodium bicarbonate, sodium alginate, sodium arginate, sodium glucoheptanoate, sodium gluconate, monosodium glutamate, sodium tartrate, monosodium aspartate, sodium lactate, sodium caseinate, sodium ascorbate, and a mixture thereof.

[B16]

The tea beverage according to any of [B3] to [B15], wherein the tea beverage comprises one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine, and 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium, an energy

is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and the total sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener is 6 or more.

[B17]

The tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B16], wherein the tea beverage is packed in a container.

[B18]

A method for producing the tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B17], comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 50 mg/100 ml.

[B19]

A concentrate for providing the tea beverage according to any of [B1] to [B18], comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1a,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 500 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[B20]

A method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage, wherein the tea beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[B21]

Tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied.

[0014]

[C1] (In response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185287)

A coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity Xb exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < Xa < Xb$ is satisfied.

[C2]

The coffee beverage according to [C1], further comprising a low-intensity sweetener.

[C3]

The coffee beverage according to [C1] or [C2], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from a basic amino acid, a neutral amino acid having an alkyl group, an OH group or an amide group on a side chain, and a combination thereof.

[C4]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C3], wherein the amino acid is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260.

[C5]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C4], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[C6]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C5], wherein an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less.

[C7]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C2] to [C6], wherein a sweetness intensity of the low-intensity sweetener is 0.1 to 5.9.

[C8]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C7], wherein the coffee beverage comprises 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml of caffeine.

[C9]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C8], wherein the coffee beverage comprises a milk content.

[C10]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C2] to [C9], wherein the low-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, and a combination thereof.

[C11]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C10], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luohan guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof.

[C12]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C11], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M,

rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luohan guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, a Glycyrrhiza extract, saccharine, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, and a combination thereof.

[C13]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C2] to [C12], wherein the coffee beverage comprises one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine, an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and the total sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener is 6 or more.

[C14]

The coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C13], wherein the coffee beverage is packed in a container.

[C15]

A method for producing the coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C14], comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[C16]

A concentrate for providing the coffee beverage according to any of [C1] to [C15], comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{aa} , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold.

[C17]

A method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage, wherein the coffee beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[C18]

A coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied.

[0015]

[D1] (In response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185290)

A coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[D2]

The coffee beverage according to [D1], wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_3 exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_3 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[D3]

The coffee beverage according to [D1] or [D2], further comprising a low-intensity sweetener.

[D4]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D3], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from a basic amino acid, a neutral amino acid having an alkyl group, an OH group or an amide group on a side chain, and a combination thereof.

[D5]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D4], wherein the amino acid is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260.

[D6]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D5], wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[D7]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D6], wherein a content of sodium is 1 to 70 mg/100 ml.

[D8]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D7], wherein an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less.

[D9]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D3] to [D8], wherein a sweetness intensity of the low-intensity sweetener is 0.1 to 5.9.

[D10]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D9], wherein the coffee beverage comprises 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml of caffeine.

[D11]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D10], wherein the coffee beverage comprises a milk content.

[D12]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D3] to [D11], wherein the low-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose

corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, and a combination thereof.

[D13]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D12], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luohan guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof.

[D14]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D13], wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luohan guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, a *Glycyrrhiza* extract, saccharine, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, and a combination thereof.

[D15]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D14], wherein the sodium is contained in the form of at least one selected from the group consisting of sodium chloride, sodium hydroxide, sodium malate, sodium sulfate, sodium

citrate, sodium phosphate, sodium carbonate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, sodium disulfide, sodium bicarbonate, sodium alginate, sodium arginate, sodium glucoheptanoate, sodium gluconate, monosodium glutamate, sodium tartrate, monosodium aspartate, sodium lactate, sodium caseinate, sodium ascorbate, and a mixture thereof.

[D16]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D3] to [D15], wherein the coffee beverage comprises one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine, and 20 to 70 mg/100 ml of sodium, an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and the total sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener is 6 or more.

[D17]

The coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D16], wherein the coffee beverage is packed in a container.

[D18]

A method for producing the coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D17], comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 90 mg/100 ml.

[D19]

A concentrate for providing the coffee beverage according to any of [D1] to [D18], comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1a} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 900 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[D20]

A method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage, wherein the coffee beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[D21]

A coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_4 ,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X_1 + X_4 < X_5$ is satisfied.

Advantageous Effects of Invention

[0016]

As the method of the present invention, a method for enhancing, not a plain sweetness obtained by an additional amount of a sugar or a high-intensity sweetener used, but a sweetness of tea beverage, to exhibit a good taste is provided. The method of the present invention provides tea beverage having a good taste with an enhanced sweetness, by means other than control of amounts of a sugar and a sweetener used.

As the method of the present invention, a method for enhancing, not a plain sweetness obtained by an additional amount of a sugar or a high-intensity sweetener used, but a sweetness of a coffee beverage, to exhibit a good taste is provided. The method of the present invention provides a coffee beverage having a good taste with an enhanced sweetness, by means other than control of amounts of a sugar and a sweetener used.

Brief Description of Drawings

[0017]

Figure 1 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example A2 to Example A7 with respect to Example A1 in Example 1.

Figure 2 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example B2 to Example B7 with respect to Example B1 in Example 1.

Figure 3 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example C2 to Example C7 with respect to Example C1 in Example 2.

Figure 4 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example D2 to Example D7 with respect to Example D1 in Example 2.

Figure 5 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example E2 and Example E3 with respect to Example E1 in Example 3.

Figure 6 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example F2 and Example F3 with respect to Example F1 in Example 3.

Figure 7 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example G2 and Example G3 with respect to Example G1 in Example 3.

Figure 8 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example H2 and Example H3 with respect to Example H1 in Example 3.

Figure 9 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example I2 and Example I3 with respect to Example I1 in Example 3.

Figure 10 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example J2 and Example J3 with respect to Example J1 in Example 3.

Figure 11 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example K2 and Example K3 with respect to Example K1 in Example 4.

Figure 12 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example A2 to Example A7 with respect to Example A1 in Example 5.

Figure 13 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example B2 to Example B7 with respect to Example B1 in Example 5.

Figure 14 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example C2 to Example C7 with respect to Example C1 in Example 5.

Figure 15 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example D2 to Example D7 with respect to Example D1 in Example 6.

Figure 16 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example E2 and Example E3 with respect to Example E1 in Example 7.

Figure 17 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example F2 and Example F3 with respect to Example F1 in Example 7.

Figure 18 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example G2 and Example G3 with respect to Example G1 in Example 7.

Figure 19 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example H2 and Example H3 with respect to Example H1 in Example 7.

Figure 20 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example I2 and Example I3 with respect to Example I1 in Example 7.

Figure 21 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example J2 and Example J3 with respect to Example J1 in Example 7.

Figure 22 is a graph showing sensory evaluation results of Example K2 and Example K3 with respect to Example K1 in Example 8.

Description of Embodiments

[0018]

Hereinafter, the present invention will be described in detail. The following embodiments are examples to describe the present invention and do not intend to limit the present invention only to these embodiments. The present invention can be carried out in various embodiments without departing from the spirit of the present invention.

Note that all of the literatures, laid-open publications, patent publications, and other patent literatures cited herein are deemed to be incorporated by reference into the present description. The present specification incorporates the contents of the specifications and the drawings of Japanese Patent Application No. 2020-185327, Japanese Patent Application No. 2020-185330, Japanese Patent Application No. 2020-185287 and Japanese Patent Application No. 2020-185290, each filed on November 5, 2020, from which the present application claims priority.

As used herein, for example, the designation "content of a component A is X mg/100 ml" means that "X mg of a

component A is contained in 100 ml of a beverage". A specific gravity of a beverage is approximately 1, and thus "mg/100 g" in a beverage is considered to be the same as "mg/100 ml". For example, the designation "content of a component B is Y ppm" means that "Y ppm of a component B is contained with respect to the total amount (100 mass%) of a beverage".

[0019]

1. Beverage with an enhanced sweetness

<<First embodiment>>

The present invention provides the following beverage (hereinafter referred to as "the beverage of the present invention") as the first embodiment.

A beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_3 exhibited by the components (a) and (b), $0.1 < X_1 < X_3$ is satisfied, and the beverage is one selected from a coffee beverage and a tea beverage. In the present embodiment, X_1 and X_3 respectively correspond to X_a and X_b in the A1-th embodiment (in response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185327) and the C1-th embodiment (in response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185287).

[0020]

1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness

<<A1-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides the following tea beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the tea beverage A of the present invention") as the A1-th embodiment.

Tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied.

[0021]

In other words, in the tea beverage of the A1-th embodiment of the present invention, the component having a sweetness is (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and the sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention is supposed to be a sweetness intensity X_a when calculated. However, the presence of (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, in the tea beverage even in a low concentration enhances the sweetness of (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , to a sweetness intensity X_b ($0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied herein). The present invention means to possibly include additional components such as a sweetener other than (a), a milk content, an acidulant, a

flavor, vitamin, a coloring, an antioxidant, an emulsifier, a preservative, a seasoning agent, an extract, a pH adjuster, and a quality stabilizer, in addition to these components (a) and (b). The tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain a substance having a sweetness, as a sweetener, other than the component (a).

[0022]

Furthermore, the tea beverage in a preferable embodiment of the present invention exerts the effect of improving a taste, other than enhancing a sweetness. For example, in the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention, at least one of "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" and "saltiness" is preferably improved. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, "total sweetness" and "body, thickness" are improved by glycine. Also, "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" is improved by serine.

[0023]

(Tea beverage)

In the present invention, the tea beverage includes a processed product that is produced using raw leaves harvested from a tea plant (scientific name: *Camellia sinensis*) as a raw material. Examples thereof include green tea, powdered green tea, oolong tea, English tea and

pu-erh tea. Alternatively, the tea beverage also includes a processed product that is produced using a collected raw material other than the tea plant, and called non-tea plant-derived tea such as barley tea, hydrangea tea, bitter gourd tea, coca tea, rooibos tea, silver vine tea, *Gynostemma pentaphyllum* tea, *Coix lacryma-jobi* var. *mayuen* tea, Yuzu tea, honeybush tea, citrus fruit peel tea, doku-dami tea, kuma bamboo grass tea, bamboo tea, herb tea, kelp tea, plum kelp tea, mate tea, buckwheat tea, senna tea, Chinese blackberry tea, perilla tea, luo han tea or shiitake mushroom tea.

[0024]

Preferably, the tea beverage is a processed product that is produced using raw leaves harvested from a tea plant (scientific name: *Camellia sinensis*) as a raw material. The raw leaves that can be used in the present invention are not limited by their cultivar, area of production, cultivation method, tea-picking season and the like as long as they are leaves of the tea plant.

[0025]

Examples of the cultivar of the tea plant can include Yabukita, Yutakamidori, Okumidori, Sayamakaori, Kanayamidori, Saemidori and Asatsuyu. Examples of the area of production include, Shizuoka, Kagoshima, Mie, Kumamoto, Fukuoka, Kyoto, Miyazaki and Saitama, Japan. Examples of the cultivation method can include open culture, cover culture and Gyokuro tea culture. Examples of the tea-picking season can include the first picked tea, the

second picked tea, the third picked tea, the fourth picked tea, winter, spring and autumn Bancha (coarse green tea), and Kariban (late bud picking).

[0026]

The tea beverage that is produced using leaves of the tea plant involves the step of heating freshly picked raw leaves with steam, followed by drying to obtain crude tea; the step of subjecting the crude tea to operations such as firing and sorting to obtain refined tea; an extraction step of extracting the refined tea with warmed water or the like; a coarse filtration step of removing an extraction residue from the liquid extract; a cooling step of cooling the liquid extract; a filtration step of removing a fine solid content from the liquid extract; a preparation step of obtaining a preparation by adding water, a green tea extract, an antioxidant, a pH adjuster and the like to the liquid extract; and a sterilization step of sterilizing the preparation. However, these steps are mere examples and are not limited thereto. For example, the order of the steps can be changed, another step can be added thereto, or some of the steps can be omitted. Examples of the step to be added include the step of milling refined tea in a mortar or the like when the tea beverage is a powdered green tea beverage.

[0027]

An oolong tea beverage can be produced by using semifermented tea leaves obtained by semifermenting raw leaves. An English tea beverage can be produced by using

fermented tea leaves. A black tea beverage such as pu-erh tea can be produced by using tea leaves obtained by fermenting green tea which is nonfermented tea with a microbe such as mold. A general tea plant cultivar can be used in such production.

[0028]

Tea leaves derived from leaves of the tea plant and tea leaves for non-tea plant-derived teas can be mixed for use.

[0029]

The produced green tea, oolong tea, English tea, black tea or the like can be used alone as a tea beverage or can be appropriately mixed at a preferable ratio to prepare a mixed tea beverage. Further, a liquid extract of a cereal, an herb or the like can be added to a tea beverage produced from a tea leaf liquid extract thereof to prepare a tea beverage.

[0030]

The tea beverage of the present invention preferably contains polyphenol.

[0031]

The polyphenol includes polyphenol derived from a raw material such as tea leaves, leaves of non-tea plant-derived tea, a cereal or an herb, or polyphenol that is optionally added as a food additive. Examples thereof include anthocyanin, resveratrol, isoflavone, lignan, hesperidin, curcumin, catechin, tannin, proanthocyanin,

rutin, chlorogenic acid, ellagic acid, coumarin, and procyanidin.

[0032]

The content of polyphenol is preferably 200 to 600 ppm, and particularly 300 to 500 ppm with respect to the total amount (100 mass%) of the tea beverage. The polyphenol content can be measured by any generally known method, but is preferably measured by a Folin-Denis method.

[0033]

The content of a catechin as polyphenol is preferably 200 to 600 ppm, and particularly 300 to 500 ppm with respect to the total amount (100 mass%) of the tea beverage. The catechin is preferably catechin, epicatechin, gallocatechin, epigallocatechin, epigallocatechin gallate, gallocatechin gallate, epicatechin gallate and catechin gallate. High-performance liquid chromatography is preferable as a method for measuring the catechin.

[0034]

[Sweetness intensity]

As used herein, the "sweetness intensity" means an intensity of sweetness of a substance. For example, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, a degree of sweetness of glucose is 0.6 to 0.7 (median value 0.65). A numerical value obtained by multiplying this degree of sweetness by a concentration Brix value of glucose is the sweetness intensity of glucose. Thus, when a

concentration of glucose is Brix 1.5, the sweetness intensity of glucose is $0.65 \times 1.5 = 0.975$.

[Table 1]

Table 1

Sugar (D-configuration)	Degree of sweetness
Sucrose	1
Glucose	0.6-0.7
Fructose	1.3-1.7
Maltose	0.4
Fructooligosaccharide	0.6
Maltooligosaccharide	0.3
Isomaltooligosaccharide	0.4-0.5
Galactooligosaccharide	0.7
High-fructose corn syrup	0.8-0.9
Lactose	0.2-0.3
Psicose	0.7
Allose	0.8
Tagatose	0.9

[0035]

The tea beverage of the present invention contains, as described above, a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a and has a sweetness having a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied.

[0036]

The X_a in the "sweetness intensity X_a " can be more than 0.05 and 0.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 1.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 1.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 2.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 2.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 3.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 3.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 4.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 4.5 or less, more

than 0.05 and 5.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 5.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 0.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 1.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 1.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 2.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 2.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 3.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 3.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 4.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 4.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 5.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 5.5 or less, 0.05 to 0.5, 0.05 to 1.0, 0.05 to 1.5, 0.05 to 2.0, 0.05 to 2.5, 0.05 to 3.0, 0.05 to 3.5, 0.05 to 4.0, 0.05 to 4.5, 0.05 to 5.0, 0.05 to 5.5, 0.5 to 1.0, 0.5 to 1.5, 0.5 to 2.0, 0.5 to 2.5, 0.5 to 3.0, 0.5 to 3.5, 0.5 to 4.0, 0.5 to 4.5, 0.5 to 5.0, 0.5 to 5.5, 1.0 to 1.5, 1.0 to 2.0, 1.0 to 2.5, 1.0 to 3.0, 1.0 to 3.5, 1.0 to 4.0, 1.0 to 4.5, 1.0 to 5.0, 1.0 to 5.5, 1.5 to 2.0, 1.5 to 2.5, 1.5 to 3.0, 1.5 to 3.5, 1.5 to 4.0, 1.5 to 4.5, 1.5 to 5.0, 1.5 to 5.5, 2.0 to 2.5, 2.0 to 3.0, 2.0 to 3.5, 2.0 to 4.0, 2.0 to 4.5, 2.0 to 5.0, 2.0 to 5.5, 2.5 to 3.0, 2.5 to 3.5, 2.5 to 4.0, 2.5 to 4.5, 2.5 to 5.0, 2.5 to 5.5, 3.0 to 3.5, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.5, 3.0 to 5.0, 3.0 to 5.5, 2.0 to 6.5, 2.0 to 7.0, 2.0 to 7.5, 2.0 to 6.0, 2.5 to 7.0, 2.5 to 7.5, 2.5 to 6.0, 2.5 to 6.5, 3.0 to 6.0, 3.0 to 6.5, 3.0 to 7.0, 3.0 to 7.5, 3.0 to 8.0, 3.0 to 8.5, 3.0 to 9.0, 3.0 to 9.5, 3.5 to 7.0, 3.5 to 7.5, 3.5 to 8.0, 4.5 to 8.5, 3.5 to 9.0, 3.5 to 9.5, 4.0 to 7.5, 4.0 to 8.0, 4.0 to 8.5, 4.0 to 9.0, 4.0 to 9.5, 3.5 to 8.5, 3.5 to 10.0, 3.5 to 10.5, 3.5 to 11.0, 3.5 to 11.5, or 4.0 to 11.5.

[0037]

The Xa can also be more than 0.05 and 6.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 6.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 7.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 7.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 8.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 8.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 9.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 9.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 10.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 10.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 11.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 11.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 12.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 13.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 14.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 15.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 16.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 17.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 18.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 6.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 6.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 7.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 7.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 8.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 8.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 9.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 9.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 10.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 10.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 11.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 11.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 12.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 13.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 14.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 15.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 16.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 17.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 18.0 or less, 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5,

0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 10.0, 3.0 to 10.5, 3.0 to 11.0, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 12.0, 3.0 to 13.0, 3.0 to 14.0, 3.0 to 15.0, 3.0 to 16.0, 3.0 to 17.0, 3.0 to 18.0, 3.5 to 4.0, 3.5 to 4.5, 3.5 to 5.0, 3.5 to 5.5, 3.5 to 6.0, 3.5 to 6.5, 3.5 to 12.0, 3.5 to 13.0, 3.5 to 14.0, 3.5 to 15.0, 3.5 to 16.0, 3.5 to 17.0, 3.5 to 18.0, 4.0 to 4.5, 4.0 to 5.0, 4.0 to 5.5, 4.0 to 6.0, 4.0 to 6.5, 4.0 to 7.0, 4.0 to 10.0, 4.0 to 10.5, 4.0 to 11.0, 4.0 to 12.0, 4.0 to 13.0, 4.0 to 14.0, 4.0 to 15.0, 4.0 to 16.0, 4.0 to 17.0, or 4.0 to 18.0.

[0038]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the X_a is preferably 0.5 to 10.0, more preferably 1.5 to 9.0, and still more preferably 2.0 to 8.0. In another embodiment of the present invention, the X_a is preferably 0.5 to 5.5, more preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and still more preferably 2.0 to 5.0.

[0039]

The amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a of a high-intensity sweetener refers to an amount which provides a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_a under the conditions when the high-intensity sweetener is dissolved in water having the same volume as the tea beverage of the present invention at 20°C.

[0040]

Further, the amount of a high-intensity sweetener can be P_a ppm and P_a ppm herein refers to an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a . The P_a herein can be a value of about 1 to about 800, about 5 to about 800, about 10 to about 800, about 15 to about 800, about 20 to about 800, about 25 to about 800, about 30 to about 800, about 35 to about 800, about 40 to about 800, about 45 to about 800, about 50 to about 800, about 55 to about 800, about 20 to about 750, about 25 to about 750, about 30 to about 750, about 35 to about 750, about 40 to about 750, about 45 to about 750, about 50 to about 750, about 55 to about 750, about 20 to about 700, about 25 to about 700, about 30 to about 700, about 35 to about 700, about 40 to about 700, about 45 to about 700, about 50 to about

700, about 55 to about 700, about 20 to about 650, about 25 to about 650, about 30 to about 650, about 35 to about 650, about 40 to about 650, about 45 to about 650, about 50 to about 650, about 55 to about 650, about 20 to about 600, about 25 to about 600, about 30 to about 600, about 35 to about 600, about 40 to about 600, about 45 to about 600, about 50 to about 600, about 55 to about 600, about 20 to about 550, about 25 to about 550, about 30 to about 550, about 35 to about 550, about 40 to about 550, about 45 to about 550, about 50 to about 550, about 55 to about 550, about 20 to about 540, about 25 to about 540, about 30 to about 540, about 35 to about 540, about 40 to about 540, about 45 to about 540, about 50 to about 540, about 55 to about 540, about 20 to about 530, about 25 to about 530, about 30 to about 530, about 35 to about 530, about 40 to about 530, about 45 to about 530, about 50 to about 530, about 55 to about 530, about 20 to about 520, about 25 to about 520, about 30 to about 520, about 35 to about 520, about 40 to about 520, about 45 to about 520, about 50 to about 520, about 55 to about 520, about 20 to about 510, about 25 to about 510, about 30 to about 510, about 35 to about 510, about 40 to about 510, about 45 to about 510, about 50 to about 510, about 55 to about 510, about 20 to about 505, about 25 to about 505, about 30 to about 505, about 35 to about 505, about 40 to about 505, about 45 to about 505, about 50 to about 505, about 55 to about 505, about 20 to about 500, about 25 to about 500, about 30 to about 500, about 35 to about 500, about 40 to about

500, about 45 to about 500, about 50 to about 500, about 55 to about 500, about 20 to about 495, about 25 to about 495, about 30 to about 495, about 35 to about 495, about 40 to about 495, about 45 to about 495, about 50 to about 495, about 55 to about 495, about 20 to about 490, about 25 to about 490, about 30 to about 490, about 35 to about 490, about 40 to about 490, about 45 to about 490, about 50 to about 490 or about 55 to about 490.

[0041]

The Pa can also be a value of 1 to 1500, 1 to 1200, 5 to 1200, 1 to 1000, 5 to 1000, 10 to 1000, 1 to 900, 5 to 900, 10 to 900, 15 to 900, 20 to 900, 25 to 900, 30 to 900, 35 to 900, 40 to 900, 45 to 900, 50 to 900, 55 to 900, 1 to 800, 5 to 800, 10 to 800, 15 to 800, 20 to 800, 25 to 800, 30 to 800, 35 to 800, 40 to 800, 45 to 800, 50 to 800, 55 to 800, 1 to 700, 5 to 700, 10 to 700, 15 to 700, 20 to 700, 25 to 700, 30 to 700, 35 to 700, 40 to 700, 45 to 700, 50 to 700, 55 to 700, 1 to 600, 5 to 600, 10 to 600, 15 to 600, 20 to 600, 25 to 600, 30 to 600, 35 to 600, 40 to 600, 45 to 600, 50 to 600, 55 to 600, 1 to 550, 1 to 540, 1 to 530, 1 to 520, 1 to 510, 1 to 505, 1 to 500, 1 to 495, 1 to 490, 5 to 550, 5 to 540, 5 to 530, 5 to 520, 5 to 510, 5 to 505, 5 to 500, 5 to 495, 5 to 490, 10 to 550, 10 to 540, 10 to 530, 10 to 520, 10 to 510, 10 to 505, 10 to 500, 10 to 495, 10 to 490, 15 to 550, 15 to 540, 15 to 530, 15 to 520, 15 to 510, 15 to 505, 15 to 500, 15 to 495 or 15 to 490.

[0042]

The Pa can also be a value of about 20 to about 200, about 100 to about 500, about 100 to about 450, about 100 to about 400, about 100 to about 350, about 100 to about 300, about 100 to about 250, about 100 to about 200, about 150 to about 500, about 150 to about 450, about 150 to about 400, about 150 to about 350, about 150 to about 300, about 150 to about 250, about 150 to about 200, about 200 to about 500, about 200 to about 450, about 200 to about 400, about 200 to about 350, about 200 to about 300 or about 200 to about 250.

[0043]

The Xb is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than the Xa and can be 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5,

1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 10.0, 3.0 to 10.5, 3.0 to 11.0, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 12.0, 3.0 to 13.0, 3.0 to 14.0, 3.0 to 15.0, 3.0 to 16.0, 3.0 to 17.0, 3.0 to 18.0, 3.5 to 4.0, 3.5 to 4.5, 3.5 to 5.0, 3.5 to 5.5, 3.5 to 6.0, 3.5 to 6.5, 3.5 to 12.0, 3.5 to 13.0, 3.5 to 14.0, 3.5 to 15.0, 3.5 to 16.0, 3.5 to 17.0, 3.5 to 18.0, 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15, or 10.5 to 12.5. The Xb can also be 4.0 to 18, 4.0 to 16, 4.0 to 15.5, 4.0 to 14, 4.5 to 18, 4.5 to 16, 4.5 to 15.5, 4.5 to 14, 5.0 to 18, 5.0 to 16, 5.0 to 15.5, 5.0 to 14, 5.5 to

18, 5.5 to 16, 5.5 to 15.5, 5.5 to 14, 6.0 to 18, 6.0 to 16, 6.0 to 15.5, 6.0 to 14, 6.5 to 18, 6.5 to 16, 6.5 to 15.5, 6.5 to 14, 7.0 to 18, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15.5, 7.0 to 14, 7.5 to 18, 7.5 to 16, 7.5 to 15.5, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 16, 8.0 to 15.5, 8.0 to 14, 8.5 to 18, 8.5 to 16, 8.5 to 15.5, 8.5 to 14, 9.0 to 18, 9.0 to 16, 9.0 to 15.5, 9.0 to 14, 9.5 to 18, 9.5 to 16, 9.5 to 15.5, 9.5 to 14, 10.0 to 18, 10.0 to 16, 10.0 to 15.5, 10.5 to 18, 10.5 to 16, or 10.5 to 15.5.

[0044]

The tea beverage of the present invention has an enhanced sweetness as having been already mentioned. Whether or not the sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention is enhanced can be evaluated by panelists who received sensory trainings. Further, for the sweetness intensity of the tea beverage of the present invention, each standard tea beverage to be the sweetness standard is prepared with each of sucrose concentrations assigned as sweetness intensities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 and panelists compare the sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention with the sweetness of such each standard tea beverage thereby to measure the sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention. Note that such each standard tea beverage having a sweetness intensity of 1, 2, ... 15 is prepared by adding sucrose in such a way that a sucrose content is 1 g/100 g, 2 g/100 g, ... 15 g/100 g to the tea beverage to which sucrose is not added.

Furthermore, of such standard tea beverage having a lower sweetness than the tea beverage of the present invention in the above measurement, the standard tea beverage having the closest sweetness to that of the tea beverage of the present invention is selected and adjusted in such a way as to have the same sweetness as that of the tea beverage of the present invention by adding sucrose to the selected standard tea beverage, during which a sweetness intensity of the tea beverage of the present invention can also be measured from a sucrose content in the adjusted standard tea beverage.

[0045]

Other examples of the method for measuring a sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention include a sweetness intensity rating using Visual Analogue Scale (VAS method). For the VAS method, literatures in The journal of Japanese Society of Stomatognathic Function (2014) 20 pp. 115-129 ("Construction of a Screening Test for Gustatory Function in Four Basic Tastes" by Toyota et al.) and the like can be referred. Specifically, in the measurement of sweetness intensity by the VAS method, for example, evaluators define sweetness intensities as "not sweet at all" at the lower end and "nothing is sweeter than this" at the upper end and, using a piece of paper on which a vertical line indicating the intensities of sweetness on the straight line, assess a sweetness intensity sensed at that time by showing a position on the straight line.

[0046]

The sweetness intensity of the tea beverage of the present invention is not particularly limited as long as it is acceptable as tea beverage and can be, in terms of the degree of sweetness, for example, 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15 or 10.5 to 12.5. The sweetness intensity of the tea beverage is provided by the above components (a) and (b) and optional additional components.

[0047]

An energy (total energy) of the tea beverage of the present invention can be, depending on an embodiment, 0 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to

24 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 35 Kcal/100 ml or 24 to 30 Kcal/100 ml.

[0048]

Further, an energy (total energy, TE) of the tea beverage of the present invention can be, depending on an embodiment (for example, an embodiment containing a caloric sweetener), $0 < TE \leq 50$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 45$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 40$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 35$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 30$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 24$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 22$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 20$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 15$

Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 10$ Kcal/100 ml or $0 < TE \leq 5$ Kcal/100 ml (that is, it never is completely 0).

[0049]

In the tea beverage of the present invention, the components (a) and (b) can be in any combinations. As shown in examples to be described later, the addition of the component (b) to the component (a) enables to provide a sweetness intensity X_b , which is higher than the sweetness intensity X_a of the component (a) alone. That is, the sweetness of the component (a) can be enhanced by the component (b). For this reason, tea beverage can be produced without using or with a reduced amount of highly caloric sucrose while maintaining the sweetness equal to tea beverage containing sucrose. Thus, the design of new low-caloric tea beverage is enabled. In the case of designing zero-calorie tea beverage, a high-intensity sweetener having particularly good-taste quality such as rebaudioside D (hereinafter, rebaudioside is sometimes abbreviated as "Reb") and rebaudioside M is used for the component (a) and D-allulose or erythritol is used as an additional sweet substance thereby to improve a sweetness with a low-concentration amino acid. In the case of adjusting foods to be not zero calories but a low calorie, a caloric sweetener such as sucrose, glucose, fructose, or sorbitol can be contained as an additional sweet substance.

[0050]

[High-intensity sweetener]

The high-intensity sweetener (hereinafter, sometimes abbreviated as the "sweetener (a)" or "component (a)") means a compound having a more intense sweetness than sucrose and encompasses naturally occurring compounds, synthetic compounds, and combinations of naturally occurring compounds and synthetic compounds. The high-intensity sweetener has, in the same amount as sucrose, a sweetness 5 times or more, 10 times or more, 50 times or more, 100 times or more, 500 times or more, 1,000 times or more, 5,000 times or more, 10,000 times or more, 50,000 times or more or 100,000 times or more, of that of sucrose. [0051]

Specific examples of the high-intensity sweetener include peptide-based sweeteners such as aspartame, neotame, and advantame, for example, sucrose derivatives such as sucralose, for example, synthetic sweeteners such as acesulfame K, saccharine, saccharin sodium, sodium cyclamate, dulcin, disodium glycyrrhizin, trisodium glycyrrhizin, and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone (including those naturally occurring but also those whose synthetic products are mostly distributed such as neohesperidin dihydrochalcone), for example, sweeteners extracted from plants such as thaumatin, monellin, curculin, mabinlin, brazzein, pentagin, hernandulcin, 4 β -hydroxyhernandulcin, miraculin, glycyrrhizin, rubusoside, and phyllodulcin, and plant extracts containing a high-intensity sweetener component, for example, *Stevia rebaudiana* extract, Luo han guo extract, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* extract, *Rubus suavissimus*

S. Lee extract, *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* extract, *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* extract, *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth extract, *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* (serendipity berry) extract, *Curculigo latifolia* extract, *Richadella dulcifica* (miracle fruit) extract, *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* (West African fruit) extract, *Capparis masakai* (Mabinlang) extract, *Lippia dulcis* (Aztec sweet herb) extract, sweet components in these extracts, for example, steviol glycosides such as stevia derivatives like enzymatically-treated stevia in which a stevia extract and stevia are treated with an enzyme and glucose is added thereto, mogrosides obtained by treating Luo han guo and a Luo han guo extract, glycosides obtained from plant extracts such as phyllostachyin glycosides, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* plant-containing sweet components (for example, triterpene glycosides such as glycyrrhizin), *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee plant-containing sweet components (for example, diterpene glycosides such as rubusoside), *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* plant-containing sweet components (for example, dihydroisocoumarin such as phyllostachyin), *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* plant-containing sweet components (for example, amino acids such as monatin), *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as thaumatin), *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as monellin), *Curculigo latifolia* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as curculin), *Richadella dulcifica*

plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as miraculin), *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as brazzein and pentagin), *Capparis masai* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as mabinlin), and

Lippia dulcis plant-containing sweet components (for example, sesquiterpenes such as hernandulcin and 4 β -hydroxyhernandulcin).

[0052]

Examples of the steviol glycoside include rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol, steviol monoside, steviol bioside and stevioside. Examples of the mogroside include mogroside IV and mogroside V.

The Glycyrrhiza extract refers to those obtained from roots or rhizomes of *Glycyrrhiza uralensis* Fisher, *Glycyrrhiza inflata* Batalin, and *Glycyrrhiza glabra* Linne and having glycyrrhizic acid as the main component. Examples of the Glycyrrhiza extract include Glycyrrhiza extracts, Glycyrrhizin, and licorice extracts.

The sucrose derivative includes, for example, those obtained by substituting the OH group or the H group of sucrose with other substituents and examples thereof

include halogen derivatives of sucrose (sucralose), oxathiazinonedioxide derivatives.

[0053]

In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener is selected from a high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality. As used herein, the "high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality" means a high-intensity sweet substance having one or more taste qualities selected from, when compared with rebaudioside A (RebA), (1) less astringent taste, (2) less metallic taste, (3) less aftertaste of sweetness, and (4) less bitterness. Whether or not a certain sweet substance has the above taste quality is already known or can be determined based on a sensory evaluation. Nonrestrictive examples of the high-intensity sweetener having a good taste include RebD, RebM, a luohan guo extract, a mogroside (for example, mogroside V), thaumatin, brazzein or a combination thereof.

[0054]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener can be those naturally occurring in plants and the like or those artificially produced (for example, bioconversion or chemosynthesis) but is preferably a naturally occurring sweetener. As used herein, the "naturally occurring" does not mean that a high-intensity sweet substance contained in the tea beverage of the present invention is a natural product but a high-intensity sweet substance contained in the tea

beverage of the present invention can be a product artificially (for example, by bioconversion) produced (non-naturally occurring product) as long as the same substance naturally occurs.

[0055]

Nonrestrictive examples of the sweetener (a) include rebaudioside A (RebA), rebaudioside D (RebD), rebaudioside M (RebM), neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, glycyrrhizin, thaumatin, monellin, mogroside, rubusoside, curculin, mabinlin, brazzein, pentagin, phyllodulcin, hernandulcin, miraculin, *Stevia rebaudiana* plant-containing sweet components, *Siraitia grosvenorii* plant-containing sweet components, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* plant-containing sweet components, *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee plant-containing sweet components, *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* plant-containing sweet components, *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* plant-containing sweet components, *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet components, *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* plant-containing sweet components, *Curculigo latifolia* plant-containing sweet components, *Richardella dulcifica* plant-containing sweet components, *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet components, *Capparis masaikai* plant-containing sweet components, *Lippia dulcis* plant-containing sweet components and derivatives thereof, and combinations thereof. In a specific embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains RebA, RebD, RebM, a mogroside (for example, mogroside V) or a combination thereof. In another

specific embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains RebA, RebD, RebM, a mogroside (for example, mogroside V), thaumatin or a combination thereof. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, a high-intensity sweetener contains at least one selected from the group consisting of RebA, RebD, RebM, mogroside V, a Luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof. In an embodiment of the present invention, the sweetener (a) is substantially made up of a sweetener other than major components of Stevia sweeteners such as RebA and stevioside. As used herein, the "substantially made up of ..." means that the sweetener used in the present invention can contain major component(s) of Stevia sweeteners as long as the effects of the invention are not affected. For example, preferably 90% or more, more preferably 95% or more, or further preferably 98% or more of the sweetener (a) for use in the present invention is made up of a sweetener other than RebA and stevioside.

[0056]

RebA, RebD and RebM can be directly extracted from Stevia, or can be obtained by adding glucose to a compound having another structure, contained in a Stevia extract.

[0057]

The Luo han guo extract as a sweetener is an extract of Luo han guo containing a sweet substance derived from Luo han guo, approved in various countries including Japan as a food additive and commercially available. Examples of the sweet substance derived from Luo han guo include

mogroside V, mogroside IV, 11-oxo-mogroside V, and Siamenoside I.

[0058]

Mogroside V is a kind of the major mogrol glycosides contained in Luo han guo and documented to have a good-quality sweetness property close to sucrose when compared with rebaudioside A. Mogroside V can be obtained from a luo han guo extract (for example, an alcohol extract of Luo han guo) by purification with chromatography or the like. Alternatively, mogroside V can be obtained by adding glucose to a compound having another structure, contained in a luo han guo extract.

[0059]

The luo han guo extract preferably contains mogroside V and the ratio thereof is not limited and can be 10 wt% or more, 15 wt% or more, 20 wt% or more, 25 wt% or more, 30 wt% or more, 35 wt% or more, 40 wt% or more, 45 wt% or more, 50 wt% or more, 55 wt% or more, 60 wt% or more, 65 wt% or more, 70 wt% or more or 75 wt% or more, of the total dry weight of a luo han guo extract. The content of mogroside V can be determined by a known technique such as liquid chromatography. The luo han guo extract can be obtained by extracting a fruit of Luo han guo (*Siraitia grosvenorii*) with a suitable solvent (for example, an aqueous solvent such as water, an alcohol solvent such as ethanol or methanol, or a mixed solvent of an aqueous solvent and an alcohol solvent such as water-containing ethanol or water-containing methanol), and then optionally

carrying out a treatment such as degreasing, purification, concentration, and drying.

[0060]

Mogroside V can be one having a high purity, and can be, for example, one having a purity of 80% or more, 85% or more, 90% or more, 91% or more, 92% or more, 93% or more, 94% or more, 95% or more, 96% or more, 97% or more or 98% or more. Mogroside V obtained by purification of a luohan guo extract, of course, has a smaller amount of incorporation of a luohan guo extract component other than mogroside V, as it has a higher purity.

[0061]

In other embodiments of the present invention, mogroside V can also be one having a lower purity, and can be, for example, one having a purity of 50% or more, 55% or more, 60% or more, 65% or more, 70% or more or 75% or more. For example, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, the calculated value of the degree of sweetness of Mog V having a purity of about 65% is about 175. In other embodiments of the present invention, a luohan guo extract containing about 30 wt% of Mog V can be used as the high-intensity sweetener, and, when the calculated value of the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, the calculated value of the degree of sweetness of the luohan guo extract is about 100.

[0062]

The high-intensity sweetener is contained in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , as described above. When the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside D is about 225, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside M is about 230, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside B is about 325, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside A is 200 to 300 (median value 250), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside N is 200 to 250 (median value 225), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside O is 200 to 250 (median value 225), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside E is 70 to 80 (median value 75), a degree of sweetness of a luo han guo extract (containing 40% of Mog V) is about 130, a degree of sweetness of mogroside V is about 270, a degree of sweetness of thaumatin is 2,000, and a degree of sweetness of brazzein is 500 to 2000 (median value 1250). The numerical value obtained by multiplying these degrees of sweetness by a concentration (w/v% (considered to be the same as w/w% in the case of a beverage)) of the high-intensity sweetener in the tea beverage is a sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener. When X_a of such a sweetener is herein determined, the above degree of sweetness (median value when a numerical value range is shown) is used. A relative ratio of a degree of sweetness of each sweetener to a degree of sweetness of 1 of sucrose can be determined from, for example, a known sugar sweetness conversion table (for example, information

"Beverage term dictionary", page 11, Beverage Japan, Inc.). When a numerical range of a degree of sweetness is herein shown, a median value is adopted. Herein, in the case of a sweetener whose degree of sweetness is different with respect to each literature, a relative ratio of a degree of sweetness to a degree of sweetness of 1 of sucrose can be determined by a sensory test. Examples of such a sensory test include a method involving preparing samples where sucrose is added to pure water so that Brix is 3.0 to 5.0 by 0.5, and selecting a sample where sucrose is added, having a sweetness intensity equal to that of an aqueous solution having a predetermined concentration of a sweetener, among such samples.

[0063]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luo han guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C,

rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luo han guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, a Glycyrrhiza extract, saccharine, and a combination thereof.

[0064]

In some embodiments, the sweetener (a) contains the following combination: RebA and RebM, RebA and RebD, RebD and RebM, RebA and RebD and RebM, RebA and mogroside V, RebD and mogroside V, RebM and mogroside V, RebA and RebM and mogroside V, RebA and RebD and mogroside V, RebD and RebM and mogroside V, RebA and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and RebD and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and RebM and mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and brazzein, RebD and brazzein, RebM and brazzein, mogroside V and brazzein, neohesperidin dihydrochalcone and brazzein, RebM and RebD and brazzein, RebM and RebD and brazzein and mogroside V, RebM and RebD and brazzein and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, or RebM and RebD and brazzein and mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone.

[0065]

In another embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains the following combination: RebA and thaumatin, RebD and thaumatin, RebM and thaumatin, mogroside V and thaumatin,

RebA and RebM and thaumatin, RebA and RebD and thaumatin, RebD and RebM and thaumatin, RebA and mogroside V and thaumatin, RebD and mogroside V and thaumatin, RebM and mogroside V and thaumatin, or RebD and RebM and mogroside V and thaumatin.

[0066]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the sweetener (a) can contain one or more high-intensity sweeteners selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably one or more high-intensity sweeteners selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof.

[0067]

The amount of the sweetener (a) contained in the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is, in the case when the sweetener (a) contains a combination of a plurality of sweet substances, an amount of all of these sweet substances combined. When an amount of the sweetener (a) is Pa (ppm), Pa can be a value of, for example, about 20 to about 800, about 25 to about 800, about 30 to about 800, about 35 to about 800, about 40 to about 800, about 45 to about 800, about 50 to about 800, about 55 to about 800, about 20 to about 750, about 25 to about 750, about 30 to about 750, about 35 to about 750, about 40 to about 750, about 45 to about 750, about 50 to about 750, about 55 to about 750, about 20 to about 700, about 25 to about 700, about 30 to about 700, about 35 to about 700, about

40 to about 700, about 45 to about 700, about 50 to about 700, about 55 to about 700, about 20 to about 650, about 25 to about 650, about 30 to about 650, about 35 to about 650, about 40 to about 650, about 45 to about 650, about 50 to about 650, about 55 to about 650, about 20 to about 600, about 25 to about 600, about 30 to about 600, about 35 to about 600, about 40 to about 600, about 45 to about 600, about 50 to about 600, about 55 to about 600, about 20 to about 550, about 25 to about 550, about 30 to about 550, about 35 to about 550, about 40 to about 550, about 45 to about 550, about 50 to about 550, about 55 to about 550, about 20 to about 540, about 25 to about 540, about 30 to about 540, about 35 to about 540, about 40 to about 540, about 45 to about 540, about 50 to about 540, about 55 to about 540, about 20 to about 530, about 25 to about 530, about 30 to about 530, about 35 to about 530, about 40 to about 530, about 45 to about 530, about 50 to about 530, about 55 to about 530, about 20 to about 520, about 25 to about 520, about 30 to about 520, about 35 to about 520, about 40 to about 520, about 45 to about 520, about 50 to about 520, about 55 to about 520, about 20 to about 510, about 25 to about 510, about 30 to about 510, about 35 to about 510, about 40 to about 510, about 45 to about 510, about 50 to about 510, about 55 to about 510, about 20 to about 505, about 25 to about 505, about 30 to about 505, about 35 to about 505, about 40 to about 505, about 45 to about 505, about 50 to about 505, about 55 to about 505, about 20 to about 500, about 25 to about 500, about

30 to about 500, about 35 to about 500, about 40 to about 500, about 45 to about 500, about 50 to about 500, about 55 to about 500, about 20 to about 495, about 25 to about 495, about 30 to about 495, about 35 to about 495, about 40 to about 495, about 45 to about 495, about 50 to about 495, about 55 to about 495, about 20 to about 490, about 25 to about 490, about 30 to about 490, about 35 to about 490, about 40 to about 490, about 45 to about 490, about 50 to about 490, about 55 to about 490, about 100 to about 500, about 100 to about 450, about 100 to about 400, about 100 to about 350, about 100 to about 300, about 100 to about 250, about 100 to about 200, about 150 to about 500, about 150 to about 450, about 150 to about 400, about 150 to about 350, about 150 to about 300, about 150 to about 250, about 150 to about 200, about 20 to about 200, about 200 to about 500, about 200 to about 450, about 200 to about 400, about 200 to about 350, about 200 to about 300 or about 200 to about 250.

[0068]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount Pa ppm of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0069]

[Amino acids or derivatives or salts thereof]

The tea beverage of the present invention contains (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an

amount less than a taste recognition threshold. The amino acids or amino acid salts used in the present invention are organic compounds having both functional groups of an amino group and a carboxyl group, or salts thereof, and not particularly limited as long as a sweetness enhancement effect can be obtained. Additionally, proline and hydroxyproline, which form a cyclic structure in which the hydrogen of the amino group is substituted with a side chain moiety in a molecule, are also encompassed in the amino acid in the present description. The amino acid derivatives which can be used in the present invention encompass derivatives having no carboxyl group such as taurine. In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid means a free amino acid.

[0070]

The amino acids used in the present invention can be the D-configuration, the L-configuration, or the racemic configuration consisting of the D-configuration and the L-configuration (in the present description, also referred to as the DL-amino acid). In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid can be selected from neutral amino acids, basic amino acids, and acidic amino acids. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the amino acids are selected from the neutral amino acids or the basic amino acids. In other preferable embodiments of the present invention, the amino acids include amino acids selected from, of the basic amino acids or the neutral amino acids, amino acids having an alkyl group, an OH group

or an amide group on a side chain, and combinations thereof. Of the neutral amino acids, examples of those having an alkyl group on a side chain include glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine and leucine, those having an OH group on a side chain include serine and threonine, and those having an amide group on a side chain include glutamine and asparagine.

[0071]

The amino acid contained in the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is one or more of the 22 amino acids forming proteins. Specific examples include the L-configuration of alanine (Ala), arginine (Arg), asparagine (Asn), aspartic acid (Asp), cysteine (Cys), glutamine (Gln), glutamic acid (Glu), glycine (Gly), histidine (His), isoleucine (Ile), leucine (Leu), lysine (Lys), methionine (Met), phenylalanine (Phe), proline (Pro), serine (Ser), threonine (Thr), tryptophan (Trp), tyrosine (Tyr), valine (Val), selenosysteine (Sec), and pyrrolysine (Pyl).

[0072]

The amino acid contained in the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260. Examples of such an amino acid include alanine (molecular weight: 89), arginine (molecular weight: 174), asparagine (molecular weight: 132), aspartic acid (molecular weight: 133), cysteine (molecular weight: 121), glutamine (molecular weight: 146), glutamic acid (molecular weight:

147), glycine (molecular weight: 75), histidine (molecular weight: 155), isoleucine (molecular weight: 131), leucine (molecular weight: 131), lysine (molecular weight: 146), methionine (molecular weight: 149), phenylalanine (molecular weight: 165), proline (molecular weight: 115), serine (molecular weight: 105), threonine (molecular weight: 119), tryptophan (molecular weight: 204), tyrosine (molecular weight: 181), valine (molecular weight: 117), selenosysteine (molecular weight: 168) and pyrrolysine (molecular weight: 255). In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid is one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 204, more preferably one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 174, and further preferably one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 146.

[0073]

Preferably, the amino acid or a salt thereof is one or more selected from L-asparagine, L-aspartic acid, monosodium L-aspartate, DL-alanine, L-alanine, L-alanine solution, L-arginine, L-arginine L-glutamate, L-glutamine, L-cystine, L-cysteine monohydrochloride, L-serine, L-tyrosine, L-glutamic acid, monoammonium L-glutamate, monopotassium L-glutamate, monocalcium Di-L-glutamate, monosodium L-glutamate (also known as sodium glutamate), monomagnesium Di-L-glutamate, glycine, L-histidine, L-histidine monohydrochloride, L-hydroxyproline, L-isoleucine, L-lysine, L-lysine solution, L-lysine L-

aspartate, L-lysine hydrochloride (L-lysine monohydrochloride), L-lysine L-glutamate, L-leucine, DL-methionine, L-methionine, L-phenylalanine, L-proline, L-proline solution, DL-threonine, L-threonine, DL-tryptophan, L-tryptophan, L-valine, L-theanine, L-ornithine, and taurine. In an embodiment of the present invention, a plurality species of amino acids can be used in combination. In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid includes an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[0074]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In another embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include one or more amino acids selected from arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan. In still another embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include one or more amino acids selected from arginine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan. In still another

embodiment, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include at least one selected from alanine, serine and glycine. In still another embodiment, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include at least one selected from serine and glycine. In still another embodiment, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include glycine.

[0075]

As used herein, the threshold of amino acids means a detection threshold or a taste recognition threshold. The detection threshold means a minimum concentration at which the difference from water can be clearly identified but a type of the taste (for example, bitterness, sourness, and sweetness) does not have to be always recognized, and the taste recognition threshold means a minimum concentration at which a taste can be recognized (for example, Eur J Clin Nutr (2004) 58, 629-636). The threshold (detection threshold) of amino acids is organized by Susan S. Schiffman et al. in "Comparison of Taste Qualities and Thresholds of D- and L-Amino Acids", Physiology & Behavior, Vol. 27, pp. 51-59 (1981). For example, a detection threshold of each amino acid is as follows: glycine (30.9 mM), L-threonine (25.7 mM), L-serine (20.9 mM), L-alanine (16.2 mM), L-proline (15.1 mM), L-glutamine (9.77 mM), L-isoleucine (7.41 mM), L-phenylalanine (6.61 mM), L-leucine (6.45 mM), L-valine (4.16 mM), L-methionine (3.72 mM), L-tryptophan (2.29 mM), L-asparagine (1.62 mM), L-histidine (1.23 mM), L-arginine (1.20 mM), L-lysine (0.708 mM), L-

aspartic acid (0.182 mM), L-glutamic acid (0.063 mM), L-cysteine (0.063 mM). Additionally, the taste recognition threshold is known to be about 1.5 to 2 times the detection threshold (Yuki Yamauchi et al., "WHOLE MOUTH GUSTATORY TEST (PART1) - BASIC CONSIDERATIONS AND PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS -", Journal of The Oto-Rhino-Laryngological Society of Japan, vol. 98 (1995) No. 1, p.119-129, and Reiko Ohmori, "Comparisons of the taste sensitivity between three generations", The bulletin of the Faculty of Education, Utsunomiya University, Section 1 (2013) Vol. 63 p.201-210)).

[0076]

In the present invention, it is preferable that a measured value be used as the taste recognition threshold of an amino acid. A taste recognition threshold of an amino acid can be determined by preparing amino acid-containing aqueous solutions in several concentration levels and tasting in the order from low concentrations to high concentrations to carry out a sensory test by which the taste can be sensed or not. A concentration at which a difference from water is detected is defined as a detection threshold and a concentration at which a taste is recognized is defined as a recognition threshold. For example, for an amino acid for which a theoretical value (a literature value) is already established, aqueous solutions in several concentration levels close to such a concentration are prepared and several persons who received sensory trainings carry out the test thereby to

determine these thresholds. In the case of L-alanine, a detection threshold described in literatures is 16.2 mM and a theoretical recognition threshold calculated from such a detection threshold is 32.4 mM, and a sensory test using aqueous solutions in several levels selected from 5 mM, 10 mM, 15 mM, 20 mM, 25 mM, 30 mM, and 35 mM is carried out thereby to measure a recognition threshold. In an embodiment of the present invention, the taste recognition threshold of an amino acid means a taste recognition threshold in pure water. The taste recognition threshold in pure water means a minimum concentration at which such a taste can be recognized when only an amino acid is added to water without addition of any sweetener or the like.

[0077]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains glycine and a content of glycine can be more than 0 mM and 80 mM or less, 75 mM or less, less than 75 mM, 70 mM or less, 65 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 55 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 10 to 30 mM or 20 to 30 mM.

[0078]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains alanine and a content of alanine can be more than 0 mM and 32.4 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM, 1 to 19 mM, 5 to 19 mM, 10 to 19 mM, 15 to 19 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 5 to 18 mM, 10 to 18 mM, 15 to 18 mM, 1 to 17 mM, 5 to 17 mM, 10 to 17 mM, 15 to 17 mM, 1 to 16 mM, 5 to 16 mM, 10 to 16 mM, 15 to 16 mM, or 9 to 15 mM. Alanine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0079]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains valine and a content of valine can be more than 0 mM and 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 35 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 45 to 50 mM, 1 to 45 mM,

5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 30 to 45 mM, 35 to 45 mM, 40 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 35 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 10 to 35 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 20 to 35 mM, 25 to 35 mM, 30 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 10 to 15 mM, or 15 to 20 mM. Valine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0080]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains isoleucine and a content of isoleucine can be more than 0 mM and 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 10 mM or less, or 5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, or 10 to 15 mM. Isoleucine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0081]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains leucine and a content of leucine can be more than 0 mM and 50 mM or less, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 15 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 50 mM, 2 to 50 mM, 3 to 50 mM, 4 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 6 to 50 mM, 7 to 50 mM, 8 to 50 mM, 9 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 2 to 40 mM, 3 to 40 mM, 4 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 6 to 40 mM, 7 to 40 mM, 8 to 40 mM, 9 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 2 to 30 mM, 3 to 30 mM, 4 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 6 to 30 mM, 7 to 30 mM, 8 to 30 mM, 9 to 30 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM, 2 to 20 mM, 3 to 20 mM, 4 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 6 to 20 mM, 7 to 20 mM, 8 to 20 mM, 9 to 20 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Leucine can be either the L-configuration, the D-

configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0082]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains serine and a content of serine can be more than 0 mM and 130 mM or less, 100 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 130 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, or 1 to 10 mM. Serine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0083]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains threonine and a content of threonine can be more than 0 mM and 70 mM or less, 65 mM or less, 60 mM

or less, 55 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 70 mM, 1 to 65 mM, 1 to 60 mM, 1 to 55 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 35 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 45 to 50 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 30 to 45 mM, 35 to 45 mM, 40 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 35 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 10 to 35 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 20 to 35 mM, 25 to 35 mM, 30 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, or 15 to 20 mM. Threonine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0084]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains phenylalanine and a content of

phenylalanine can be more than 0 mM and 15 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Phenylalanine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0085]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains tryptophan and a content of tryptophan can be more than 0 mM and 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 5 mM, 2 to 5 mM, 3 to 5 mM, or 4 to 5 mM. Tryptophan can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0086]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains methionine and a content of methionine can be more than 0 mM and 10 mM or less, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM

or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Methionine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0087]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains proline and a content of proline can be more than 0 mM and 120 mM or less, 100 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 120 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, or 25 to 30 mM. Proline can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0088]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains glutamine and a content of glutamine can be more than 0 mM and 20 mM or less, 19 mM or less, 18 mM or less, 17 mM or less, 16 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, less than 5 mM, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, 9 to 10 mM, 1 to 8 mM, 2 to 8 mM, 3 to 8 mM, 4 to 8 mM, 5 to 8 mM, 6 to 8 mM, 7 to 8 mM, 1 to 7 mM, 2 to 7 mM, 3 to 7 mM, 4 to 7 mM, 5 to 7 mM, 6 to 7 mM, 1 to 6 mM, 2 to 6 mM, 3 to 6 mM, 4 to 6 mM, 5 to 6 mM, 1 to 5 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 5 mM, 2 to 5 mM, 3 to 5 mM, 4 to 5 mM, 1 to 4 mM, 2 to 4 mM, 3 to 4 mM, 1 to 3 mM, or 2 to 3 mM. Glutamine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0089]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains asparagine and a content of asparagine can be more than 0 mM and 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM,

19 mM or less, 18 mM or less, 17 mM or less, 16 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, 9 to 10 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Asparagine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0090]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains arginine and a content of arginine can be more than 0 mM and 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, less than 2.5 mM, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, less than 1.0 mM, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 4.0 mM, 0.1 to 3.5 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 mM or

more and less than 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 4.0 mM, 0.5 to 3.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Arginine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0091]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains lysine and a content of lysine can be more than 0 mM and 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Lysine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0092]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains lysine hydrochloride and a content of lysine hydrochloride can be more than 0 mM and 1.0 mM or less, 0.9 mM or less, 0.8 mM or less, 0.7 mM or less, 0.6 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, less than 0.5 mM, 0.4 mM or less, less than 0.4 mM, 0.3 mM or less, or 0.2 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.9 mM, 0.1 to 0.8 mM, 0.1 to 0.7 mM, 0.1 to 0.6 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.1 to 0.4 mM, 0.1 mM or more and less than 0.4

mM, 0.1 to 0.3 mM, 0.1 to 0.2 mM, 0.2 to 1.0 mM, 0.5 to 0.8 mM, 0.2 to 0.6 mM, 0.2 to 0.4 mM, or 0.3 to 0.5 mM. Lysine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0093]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains histidine and a content of histidine can be more than 0 mM and 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 4.0 mM, 0.1 to 3.5 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 4.0 mM, 0.5 to 3.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Histidine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0094]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains glutamic acid and a content of glutamic acid can be more than 0 mM and 0.50 mM or less, less than 0.50 mM, 0.40 mM or less, less than 0.40 mM, 0.35 mM or less, 0.30 mM or less, 0.25 mM or less, less than 0.25 mM, 0.20 mM or less, 0.15 mM or less, 0.14 mM or less, 0.13 mM or less, 0.12 mM or less, 0.11 mM or less, 0.10 mM or less, 0.09 mM or less, 0.08 mM or less, 0.07 mM or less, 0.06 mM or less, 0.05 mM or less, 0.04 mM or less, 0.03 mM

or less, 0.02 mM or less, or 0.01 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.01 to 0.15 mM, 0.02 to 0.15 mM, 0.03 to 0.15 mM, 0.04 to 0.15 mM, 0.05 to 0.15 mM, 0.06 to 0.15 mM, 0.07 to 0.15 mM, 0.08 to 0.15 mM, 0.09 to 0.15 mM, 0.10 to 0.15 mM, 0.01 to 0.12 mM, 0.02 to 0.12 mM, 0.03 to 0.12 mM, 0.04 to 0.12 mM, 0.05 to 0.12 mM, 0.06 to 0.12 mM, 0.07 to 0.12 mM, 0.08 to 0.12 mM, 0.09 to 0.12 mM, 0.10 to 0.12 mM, 0.01 to 0.10 mM, 0.02 to 0.10 mM, 0.03 to 0.10 mM, 0.04 to 0.10 mM, 0.05 to 0.10 mM, 0.06 to 0.10 mM, 0.07 to 0.10 mM, 0.08 to 0.10 mM, 0.09 to 0.10 mM, 0.10 to 0.40 mM, 0.10 to 0.35 mM, 0.10 to 0.30 mM, 0.10 to 0.25 mM, 0.10 mM or more and less than 0.25 mM, 0.10 to 0.20 mM, 0.10 to 0.15 mM, 0.20 to 0.40 mM, 0.20 to 0.35 mM, 0.20 to 0.30 mM, 0.20 to 0.25 mM, or 0.30 to 0.40 mM. Glutamic acid can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0095]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains aspartic acid and a content of aspartic acid can be more than 0 mM and 1.5 mM or less, 1.4 mM or less, 1.3 mM or less, 1.2 mM or less, 1.1 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, 0.9 mM or less, 0.8 mM or less, 0.7 mM or less, 0.6 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, 0.4 mM or less, 0.3 mM or less, 0.2 mM or less, or 0.1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.2 to 1.5 mM, 0.3 to 1.5 mM, 0.4 to 1.5 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, 0.6 to 1.5 mM, 0.7

to 1.5 mM, 0.8 to 1.5 mM, 0.9 to 1.5 mM, 1.0 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.2 mM, 0.2 to 1.2 mM, 0.3 to 1.2 mM, 0.4 to 1.2 mM, 0.5 to 1.2 mM, 0.6 to 1.2 mM, 0.7 to 1.2 mM, 0.8 to 1.2 mM, 0.9 to 1.2 mM, 1.0 to 1.2 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.2 to 1.0 mM, 0.3 to 1.0 mM, 0.4 to 1.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.0 mM, 0.6 to 1.0 mM, 0.7 to 1.0 mM, 0.8 to 1.0 mM, or 0.9 to 1.0 mM. Aspartic acid can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0096]

The tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain monosodium aspartate as the amino acid salt.

[0097]

An amino acid content can be measured by an amino acid automatic analysis method or high-performance liquid chromatography. When an amount of the amino acid contained in the beverage is known, a value calculated from the amount contained can be adopted.

[0098]

When an amino acid derived from a raw material contained in the tea beverage is contained, such an amino acid is also encompassed in the amino acid in the tea beverage of the present invention. Thus, an amount of the amino acid contained in the tea beverage of the present invention is a total value of amounts of such a raw material-derived one and one added externally. In an embodiment of the present invention, when a plurality of

amino acids are contained in the tea beverage, a content of at least one of such amino acids can be less than the taste recognition threshold, or contents of some of such amino acids can be more than the taste recognition threshold. In other embodiments of the present invention, when a plurality of amino acids are contained in the tea beverage, a content of each of such amino acids can be less than the taste recognition threshold. The tea beverage in still other embodiments of the present invention can contain one or more amino acids selected from less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, less than 40 mM of L-serine, less than 50 mM of glycine, less than 1 mM of L-arginine, less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, less than 40 mM of L-valine, less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, less than 20 mM of L-leucine, less than 40 mM of L-threonine, less than 40 mM of L-proline, less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride. The tea beverage in still other embodiments of the present invention can contain one or more amino acids selected from 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-serine, 1 mM or more and less than 50 mM of glycine, 0.1 mM or more and less than 1.0 mM of L-arginine, 0.06 mM or more and less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-valine, 1 mM or more and less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM of L-leucine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-threonine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-proline, 1 mM or more and less than

10 mM of L-asparagine, and 0.1 mM or more and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride.

[0099]

[Optional component]

(Sweetener)

The tea beverage of the present invention can contain a sweetener other than the high-intensity sweetener of the component (a). In the present description, the "sweetener" means any substance or a substance group which causes a sweetness response. Sweeteners can be classified into carbohydrate sweeteners and non-carbohydrate sweeteners based on structural characteristics and also into low-intensity sweeteners and high-intensity sweeteners based on the degree of sweetness. Further, sweet substances can also be classified based on the energy (calorie) into caloric sweeteners and non-caloric sweeteners. Further, sweet substances can also be classified based on the availability into natural sweeteners and artificial sweeteners.

[0100]

The carbohydrate sweetener is not limited and examples include starch sugars such as sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose, sugar alcohols such as erythritol, sorbitol, mannitol, maltitol, xylitol, and palatinit, sucrose, palatinose, fructooligosaccharide, Coupling Sugar^(R), galactooligosaccharide, lactosucrose, raffinose,

soyoligosaccharide, and honey. Further, the carbohydrate sweetener includes rare sugars.

[0101]

The rare sugar refers to a monosaccharide that occurs in very small quantities in nature and derivatives thereof. For example, the rare sugar includes naturally occurring aldoses other than D-glucose, D-galactose, D-mannose, D-ribose, D-xylose, and L-arabinose, naturally occurring ketoses other than D-fructose, and naturally occurring sugar alcohols other than D-sorbitol. Nonrestrictive examples of the rare sugar include ketoses such as D-tagatose, D-sorbose, D-allulose (D-psicose), L-fructose, L-allulose (L-psicose), L-tagatose, and L-sorbose, aldoses such as altrose and D-allose, and sugar alcohols such as xylitol, erythritol, and D-talitol.

[0102]

The caloric sweetener typically means sweet substances having an energy of 4 kcal/g. An energy of a sweet substance is already known or can be determined by measuring a content by HPLC or the like and calculating by multiplying the content by an energy conversion factor, or measuring a heat of physical combustion using a calorie meter (for example, bomb calorimeter) and correcting the heat with a digestion-absorption rate, an excreted heat or the like. Nonrestrictive examples of the caloric sweetener include sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose.

[0103]

The non-caloric sweeteners typically refer to those having the nature of being difficult to be digested in the body and consequently having a reduced energy to be taken into and means sweet substances having an energy of less than 2 kcal/g, preferably less than 1 kcal/g, and further preferably less than 0.5 kcal/g. Nonrestrictive examples of the non-caloric sweetener include non-caloric hexoses such as allulose (psicose) and allose, non-caloric pentoses such as xylose and arabinose, non-caloric tetroses such as erythrose and threose, and non-caloric sugar alcohols such as erythritol and allitol.

[0104]

Further, the sweet substances can also be classified based on the energy (calorie) level. For example, the sweet substances can be classified into sweet substances having an energy of 4 kcal/g or more and sweet substances having an energy of less than 4 kcal/g. The sweet substances having an energy of less than 4 kcal/g can further be classified into sweet substances having an energy of less than 3 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 2.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 2 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 1.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 1 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 0.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 1 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 3

kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 3 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 1 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g, or sweet substances having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 1 kcal/g. Examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 4 kcal/g or more include sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose, examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g include sorbitol, xylitol, D-xylose, D-ribose, D-tagatose, and arabinose, and examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g include D-allulose, erythritol, allose, erythrose, threose, and allitol.

[0105]

The low-intensity sweetener means a compound having about the same degree of sweetness as that of sucrose (for example, less than 5 times, about 0.1 to 2 times, about 0.5 to 1.5 times that of sucrose). Nonrestrictive examples of the low-intensity sweetener include low-intensity sugar sweeteners such as sucrose, a high-fructose corn syrup, glucose, fructose, lactose, maltose, xylose, lactulose, fructooligosaccharide, maltooligosaccharide, isomaltooligosaccharide, galactooligosaccharide, Coupling Sugar^(R), and palatinose, and sugar alcohol low-intensity sweeteners such as maltitol, sorbitol, erythritol, xylitol,

lactitol, palatinit, and reduced starch saccharified products. Further, the low-intensity sweetener includes rare sugars, caloric sweeteners, non-caloric sweeteners, carbohydrate sweeteners, non-carbohydrate sweeteners, natural sweeteners, and artificial sweeteners as long as the degree of sweetness is in the above range.

[0106]

The tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention contains a low-intensity sweetener. In other embodiments of the present invention, the following tea beverage (hereinafter, also referred to as the tea beverage of Embodiment A) is provided.

A tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c (hereinafter, sometimes abbreviated as the "component (c)"),

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied. X_c and X_d are respectively referred to as X_4 and X_6 in the first embodiment. The tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain a component as a sweetener other than (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a and (c)

a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c .

[0107]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from hexose, pentose, tetrose, a polysaccharide having a terminal sugar of aldose or ketose, sugar alcohols, and a combination thereof. In other embodiments of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof. In still another embodiment of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof.

[0108]

The X_c in the "sweetness intensity X_c " can be 0 to 0.5, 0 to 1.0, 0 to 1.5, 0 to 2.0, 0 to 2.5, 0 to 3.0, 0 to 3.5, 0 to 4.0, 0 to 4.5, 0 to 5.0, 0 to 5.5, 0 to 6.0, 0 to 6.5, 0 to 7.0, 0 to 7.5, 0 to 8.0, 0 to 8.25, 0 to 8.5, 0 to 8.75, 0 to 9.0, 0 to 9.25, 0 to 9.5, 0 to 9.75, 0 to 10.0, 0.05 to 0.5, 0.05 to 1.0, 0.05 to 1.5, 0.05 to 2.0, 0.05 to 2.5, 0.05 to 3.0, 0.05 to 3.5, 0.05 to 4.0, 0.05 to 4.5, 0.05 to 5.0, 0.05 to 5.5, 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.25, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 8.75, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.25, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 9.75, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.1 to 0.5, 0.1

to 1.0, 0.1 to 1.5, 0.1 to 2.0, 0.1 to 2.5, 0.1 to 3.0,
0.1 to 3.5, 0.1 to 4.0, 0.1 to 4.5, 0.1 to 5.0, 0.1 to 5.5,
0.1 to 6.0, 0.1 to 6.5, 0.1 to 7.0, 0.1 to 7.5, 0.1 to 8.0,
0.1 to 8.25, 0.1 to 8.5, 0.1 to 8.75, 0.1 to 9.0, 0.1 to
9.25, 0.1 to 9.5, 0.1 to 9.75, 0.1 to 10.0, 0.5 to 0.5,
0.5 to 1.0, 0.5 to 1.5, 0.5 to 2.0, 0.5 to 2.5, 0.5 to 3.0,
0.5 to 3.5, 0.5 to 4.0, 0.5 to 4.5, 0.5 to 5.0, 0.5 to 5.5,
0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0,
0.5 to 8.25, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 8.75, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to
9.25, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 9.75, 0.5 to 10.0, 1.0 to 0.5,
1.0 to 1.0, 1.0 to 1.5, 1.0 to 2.0, 1.0 to 2.5, 1.0 to 3.0,
1.0 to 3.5, 1.0 to 4.0, 1.0 to 4.5, 1.0 to 5.0, 1.0 to 5.5,
1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0,
1.0 to 8.25, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 8.75, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to
9.25, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 9.75, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.5 to 0.5,
1.5 to 1.0, 1.5 to 1.5, 1.5 to 2.0, 1.5 to 2.5, 1.5 to 3.0,
1.5 to 3.5, 1.5 to 4.0, 1.5 to 4.5, 1.5 to 5.0, 1.5 to 5.5,
1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0,
1.5 to 8.25, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 8.75, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to
9.25, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 9.75, 1.5 to 10.0, 2.0 to 0.5,
2.0 to 1.0, 2.0 to 1.5, 2.0 to 2.0, 2.0 to 2.5, 2.0 to 3.0,
2.0 to 3.5, 2.0 to 4.0, 2.0 to 4.5, 2.0 to 5.0, 2.0 to 5.5,
2.0 to 6.0, 2.0 to 6.5, 2.0 to 7.0, 2.0 to 7.5, 2.0 to 8.0,
2.0 to 8.25, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 8.75, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to
9.25, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 9.75, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.5 to 0.5,
2.5 to 1.0, 2.5 to 1.5, 2.5 to 2.0, 2.5 to 2.5, 2.5 to 3.0,
2.5 to 3.5, 2.5 to 4.0, 2.5 to 4.5, 2.5 to 5.0, 2.5 to 5.5,
2.5 to 6.0, 2.5 to 6.5, 2.5 to 7.0, 2.5 to 7.5, 2.5 to 8.0,

2.5 to 8.25, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 8.75, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.25, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 9.75, 2.5 to 10.0, 0.1 to 5.9, 3.0 to 3.5, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.5, 3.0 to 5.0, or 3.0 to 5.5.

[0109]

The Xc can also be 0 to 10.5, 0 to 11.0, 0 to 11.5, 0 to 12.0, 0 to 12.5, 0 to 13.0, 0 to 13.5, 0 to 14.0, 0 to 14.5, 0 to 15.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 12.5, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 13.5, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 14.5, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.1 to 10.5, 0.1 to 11.0, 0.1 to 11.5, 0.1 to 12.0, 0.1 to 12.5, 0.1 to 13.0, 0.1 to 13.5, 0.1 to 14.0, 0.1 to 14.5, 0.1 to 15.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 12.5, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 13.5, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 14.5, 0.5 to 15.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 12.5, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 13.5, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 14.5, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 12.5, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 13.5, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 14.5, 1.5 to 15.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 12.5, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 13.5, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 14.5, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 12.5, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 13.5, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 14.5 or 2.5 to 15.0.

The amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xc of a low-intensity sweetener refers to an amount (concentration) which provides a sweetness of a sweetness intensity Xc under the conditions when the low-intensity

sweetener is dissolved in water having the same volume as the tea beverage of the present invention at 20°C.

[0110]

In an embodiment of the present invention, Xc is preferably 0.05 to 6.0, more preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and still more preferably 0.1 to 4.0.

[0111]

The Xd is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than $X_a + X_c$ and can be 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15 or 10.5 to 12.5. The Xd can also be 4.0 to 18, 4.0 to 16, 4.0 to 15.5, 4.0 to 14, 4.5 to 18, 4.5 to 16, 4.5 to 15.5, 4.5 to 14, 5.0 to 18, 5.0 to 16, 5.0 to 15.5, 5.0 to 14, 5.5 to 18, 5.5 to 16, 5.5 to 15.5, 5.5 to 14, 6.0 to 18, 6.0 to 16, 6.0 to 15.5, 6.0 to 14, 6.5 to 18, 6.5 to 16, 6.5 to 15.5, 6.5 to 14, 7.0 to 18, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15.5, 7.0 to 14, 7.5 to 18, 7.5 to 16, 7.5 to 15.5, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 16, 8.0 to 15.5, 8.0 to

14, 8.5 to 18, 8.5 to 16, 8.5 to 15.5, 8.5 to 14, 9.0 to 18, 9.0 to 16, 9.0 to 15.5, 9.0 to 14, 9.5 to 18, 9.5 to 16, 9.5 to 15.5, 9.5 to 14, 10.0 to 18, 10.0 to 16, 10.0 to 15.5, 10.5 to 18, 10.5 to 16 or 10.5 to 15.5.

[0112]

[Sodium]

The tea beverage of the present invention can contain a small amount of sodium. A content of sodium can also be, depending on an embodiment, a content of 0 mg/100 ml or more and less than 30 mg/100 ml, 0 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0 to 10 mg/100 ml, 0 to 9 mg/100 ml, 0 to 8 mg/100 ml, 0 to 7 mg/100 ml, 0 to 6 mg/100 ml, 0 to 5 mg/100 ml, 0 to 4 mg/100 ml, 0 to 3 mg/100 ml, 0 to 2 g/100 ml, 0 to 1 mg/100 ml, 0.1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 30 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 9 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 8 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 7 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 6 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 5 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 4 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 3 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 2 g/100 ml, 0.1 to 1 mg/100 ml, 0.5 mg/100 ml or more and less than 30 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 10 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 9 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 8 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 7 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 6 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 5 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 4 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 3 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 2 g/100 ml, 0.5 to 1 mg/100 ml, 1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 30 mg/100 ml, 1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 1 to 9 mg/100 ml, 1 to 8 mg/100 ml, 1 to 7 mg/100 ml, 1 to 6 mg/100 ml, 1 to 5 mg/100 ml, 1 to 4 mg/100 ml, 1 to 3 mg/100 ml or 1 to 2 mg/100 ml.

[0113]

In an embodiment of the present invention, sodium is derived from tea or inevitably incorporated, and is not added. The content of sodium in the beverage can be herein measured by an atomic absorption spectrometry.

[0114]

(Other components)

The tea beverage of the present invention can suitably contain an antioxidant (sodium erythorbate or the like), an emulsifier (sucrose esters of fatty acids, sorbitan esters of fatty acids, polyglycerin esters of fatty acids or the like), an acidulant (phosphoric acid, citric acid, malic acid or the like), and a flavor, as long as the effects of the present invention are not affected.

[0115]

[Exemplary embodiments of the tea beverage of A1-th embodiment of the present invention]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A,

rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

Xa is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0, and

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0116]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity Xb exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < Xa < Xb$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-

intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

Xa is 0.5 to 10.0, preferably 1.5 to 9.0, and more preferably 2.0 to 8.0, and

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0117]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xc,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity Xd exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < Xa + Xc < Xd$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-

intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

Xa is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

Xc is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0118]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xc,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_a is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine and L-glutamine,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

a polyphenol content is 200 to 600 ppm or 300 to 500 ppm,

X_c is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0119]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_a is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, less than 40 mM of L-serine, less than 50 mM of glycine, less than 1 mM of L-arginine, less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, less than 40 mM of L-valine, less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, less than 20 mM of L-leucine, less than 40 mM of L-threonine, less than 40 mM of L-

proline, less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

Xc is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0120]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xc,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity Xd exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < Xa + Xb < Xd$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo

extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

Xa is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof, and

Xc is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0.

In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0121]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_a is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from arginine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof,

a polyphenol content is 200 to 600 ppm or 300 to 500 ppm, and

X_c is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0122]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied, and

an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and $X_a + X_c$ is 6 or more. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0123]

<<B1-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides the following tea beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the tea beverage B of the present invention") as the B1-th embodiment.

Tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[0124]

In other words, in the tea beverage of the B1-th embodiment of the present invention, the component having a sweetness is (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 , and the sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention is supposed to be a sweetness intensity X_1 when calculated. However, the presence of (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold and (c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium, in the tea beverage even in low concentrations enhances the sweetness of (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 , to a sweetness intensity X_2 ($0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied herein). The present invention means to possibly further include additional components such as a sweetener other than (a), a milk content, an acidulant, a flavor, vitamin, a coloring, an antioxidant, an emulsifier, a preservative, a seasoning agent, an extract, a pH adjuster, and a quality stabilizer, in addition to these components (a) to (c). The tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain a substance having a sweetness, as a sweetener, other than the component (a).

[0125]

Furthermore, the tea beverage in a preferable embodiment of the present invention exerts the effect of improving a taste, other than enhancing a sweetness. For example, in the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention, at least one of "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" and "saltiness" is preferably improved. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, "total sweetness" and "body, thickness" are improved by a combination of alanine, glycine or serine and sodium.

[0126]

(Tea beverage)

In the present invention, the tea beverage includes a processed product that is produced using raw leaves harvested from a tea plant (scientific name: *Camellia sinensis*) as a raw material. Examples thereof include green tea, powdered green tea, oolong tea, English tea and pu-erh tea. Alternatively, the tea beverage also includes a processed product that is produced using a collected raw material other than the tea plant, and called non-tea plant-derived tea such as barley tea, hydrangea tea, bitter gourd tea, coca tea, rooibos tea, silver vine tea, *Gynostemma pentaphyllum* tea, *Coix lacryma-jobi* var. *mayuen* tea, Yuzu tea, honeybush tea, citrus fruit peel tea, doku-dami tea, kuma bamboo grass tea, bamboo tea, herb tea, kelp tea, plum kelp tea, mate tea, buckwheat tea, senna

tea, Chinese blackberry tea, perilla tea, luo han tea or shiitake mushroom tea.

[0127]

Preferably, the tea beverage is a processed product that is produced using raw leaves harvested from a tea plant (scientific name: *Camellia sinensis*) as a raw material. The raw leaves that can be used in the present invention are not limited by their cultivar, area of production, cultivation method, tea-picking season and the like as long as they are leaves of the tea plant.

[0128]

Examples of the cultivar of the tea plant can include Yabukita, Yutakamidori, Okumidori, Sayamakaori, Kanayamidori, Saemidori and Asatsuyu. Examples of the area of production include, Shizuoka, Kagoshima, Mie, Kumamoto, Fukuoka, Kyoto, Miyazaki and Saitama, Japan. Examples of the cultivation method can include open culture, cover culture and Gyokuro tea culture. Examples of the tea-picking season can include the first picked tea, the second picked tea, the third picked tea, the fourth picked tea, winter, spring and autumn Bancha (coarse green tea), and Kariban (late bud picking).

[0129]

The tea beverage that is produced using leaves of the tea plant involves the step of heating freshly picked raw leaves with steam, followed by drying to obtain crude tea; the step of subjecting the crude tea to operations such as firing and sorting to obtain refined tea; an extraction

step of extracting the refined tea with warmed water or the like; a coarse filtration step of removing an extraction residue from the liquid extract; a cooling step of cooling the liquid extract; a filtration step of removing a fine solid content from the liquid extract; a preparation step of obtaining a preparation by adding water, a green tea extract, an antioxidant, a pH adjuster and the like to the liquid extract; and a sterilization step of sterilizing the preparation. However, these steps are mere examples and are not limited thereto. For example, the order of the steps can be changed, another step can be added thereto, or some of the steps can be omitted. Examples of the step to be added include the step of milling refined tea in a mortar or the like when the tea beverage is a powdered green tea beverage.

[0130]

An oolong tea beverage can be produced by using semifermented tea leaves obtained by semifermenting raw leaves. An English tea beverage can be produced by using fermented tea leaves. A black tea beverage such as pu-erh tea can be produced by using tea leaves obtained by fermenting green tea which is nonfermented tea with a microbe such as mold. A general tea plant cultivar can be used in such production.

[0131]

Tea leaves derived from leaves of the tea plant and tea leaves for non-tea plant-derived teas can be mixed for use.

[0132]

The produced green tea, oolong tea, English tea, black tea or the like can be used alone as a tea beverage or can be appropriately mixed at a preferable ratio to prepare a mixed tea beverage. Further, a liquid extract of a cereal, an herb or the like can be added to a tea beverage produced from a tea leaf liquid extract thereof to prepare a tea beverage.

[0133]

The tea beverage of the present invention preferably contains polyphenol.

[0134]

The polyphenol includes polyphenol derived from a raw material such as tea leaves, leaves of non-tea plant-derived tea, a cereal or an herb, or polyphenol that is optionally added as a food additive. Examples thereof include anthocyanin, resveratrol, isoflavone, lignan, hesperidin, curcumin, catechin, tannin, proanthocyanin, rutin, chlorogenic acid, ellagic acid, coumarin, and procyanidin.

[0135]

The content of polyphenol is preferably 200 to 600 ppm, and particularly 300 to 500 ppm with respect to the total amount (100 mass%) of the tea beverage. The polyphenol content can be measured by any generally known method, but is preferably measured by a Folin-Denis method.

[0136]

The content of a catechin as polyphenol is preferably 200 to 600 ppm, and particularly 300 to 500 ppm with respect to the total amount (100 mass%) of the tea beverage. The catechin is preferably catechin, epicatechin, gallocatechin, epigallocatechin, epigallocatechin gallate, gallocatechin gallate, epicatechin gallate and catechin gallate. High-performance liquid chromatography is preferable as a method for measuring the catechin.

[0137]

[Sweetness intensity]

As used herein, the "sweetness intensity" means an intensity of sweetness of a substance. For example, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, a degree of sweetness of glucose is 0.6 to 0.7 (median value 0.65). A numerical value obtained by multiplying this degree of sweetness by a concentration Brix value of glucose is the sweetness intensity of glucose. Thus, when a concentration of glucose is Brix 1.5, the sweetness intensity of glucose is $0.65 \times 1.5 = 0.975$. The degrees of sweetness of common sweeteners are as shown in Table 1 described with respect to the A1-th embodiment.

[0138]

The tea beverage of the present invention contains, as described above, a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 and has a sweetness having a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[0139]

The X1 in the "sweetness intensity X1" can be more than 0.05 and 0.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 1.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 1.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 2.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 2.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 3.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 3.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 4.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 4.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 5.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 5.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 0.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 1.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 1.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 2.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 2.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 3.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 3.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 4.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 4.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 5.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 5.5 or less, 0.05 to 0.5, 0.05 to 1.0, 0.05 to 1.5, 0.05 to 2.0, 0.05 to 2.5, 0.05 to 3.0, 0.05 to 3.5, 0.05 to 4.0, 0.05 to 4.5, 0.05 to 5.0, 0.05 to 5.5, 0.5 to 1.0, 0.5 to 1.5, 0.5 to 2.0, 0.5 to 2.5, 0.5 to 3.0, 0.5 to 3.5, 0.5 to 4.0, 0.5 to 4.5, 0.5 to 5.0, 0.5 to 5.5, 1.0 to 1.5, 1.0 to 2.0, 1.0 to 2.5, 1.0 to 3.0, 1.0 to 3.5, 1.0 to 4.0, 1.0 to 4.5, 1.0 to 5.0, 1.0 to 5.5, 1.5 to 2.0, 1.5 to 2.5, 1.5 to 3.0, 1.5 to 3.5, 1.5 to 4.0, 1.5 to 4.5, 1.5 to 5.0, 1.5 to 5.5, 2.0 to 2.5, 2.0 to 3.0, 2.0 to 3.5, 2.0 to 4.0, 2.0 to 4.5, 2.0 to 5.0, 2.0 to 5.5, 2.5 to 3.0, 2.5 to 3.5, 2.5 to 4.0, 2.5 to 4.5, 2.5 to 5.0, 2.5 to 5.5, 3.0 to 3.5, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.5, 3.0 to 5.0, 3.0 to 5.5, 2.0 to 6.5, 2.0 to 7.0, 2.0 to 7.5, 2.0 to 6.0, 2.5 to 7.0, 2.5 to 7.5, 2.5 to 6.0, 2.5 to 6.5, 3.0 to 6.0, 3.0 to 6.5, 3.0 to 7.0, 3.0 to 7.5, 3.0 to 8.0,

3.0 to 8.5, 3.0 to 9.0, 3.0 to 9.5, 3.5 to 7.0, 3.5 to 7.5, 3.5 to 8.0, 4.5 to 8.5, 3.5 to 9.0, 3.5 to 9.5, 4.0 to 7.5, 4.0 to 8.0, 4.0 to 8.5, 4.0 to 9.0, 4.0 to 9.5, 3.5 to 8.5, 3.5 to 10.0, 3.5 to 10.5, 3.5 to 11.0, 3.5 to 11.5, or 4.0 to 11.5.

[0140]

The X1 can also be more than 0.05 and 6.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 6.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 7.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 7.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 8.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 8.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 9.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 9.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 10.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 10.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 11.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 11.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 12.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 13.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 14.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 15.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 16.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 17.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 18.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 6.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 6.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 7.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 7.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 8.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 8.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 9.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 9.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 10.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 10.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 11.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 11.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 12.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 13.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 14.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 15.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 16.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 17.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 18.0 or less, 0.05 to 6.0,

0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 10.0, 3.0 to 10.5, 3.0 to 11.0, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 12.0, 3.0 to 13.0, 3.0 to 14.0, 3.0 to 15.0, 3.0 to 16.0, 3.0 to 17.0, 3.0 to 18.0, 3.5 to 4.0, 3.5 to 4.5, 3.5 to 5.0, 3.5 to 5.5, 3.5 to 6.0, 3.5 to 6.5, 3.5 to 12.0, 3.5 to 13.0, 3.5 to 14.0, 3.5 to 15.0, 3.5 to

16.0, 3.5 to 17.0, 3.5 to 18.0, 4.0 to 4.5, 4.0 to 5.0, 4.0 to 5.5, 4.0 to 6.0, 4.0 to 6.5, 4.0 to 7.0, 4.0 to 10.0, 4.0 to 10.5, 4.0 to 11.0, 4.0 to 12.0, 4.0 to 13.0, 4.0 to 14.0, 4.0 to 15.0, 4.0 to 16.0, 4.0 to 17.0, or 4.0 to 18.0.

[0141]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the X1 is preferably 0.5 to 10.0, more preferably 1.5 to 9.0, and still more preferably 2.0 to 8.0. Further, in another embodiment of the present invention, the X1 is preferably 0.5 to 5.5, more preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and still more preferably 2.0 to 5.0.

[0142]

The amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 of a high-intensity sweetener refers to an amount which provides a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X1 under the conditions when the high-intensity sweetener is dissolved in water having the same volume as the tea beverage of the present invention at 20°C.

[0143]

Further, the amount of a high-intensity sweetener can be Pa ppm and Pa ppm herein refers to an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1. The Pa herein can be a value of about 1 to about 800, about 5 to about 800, about 10 to about 800, about 15 to about 800, about 20 to about 800, about 25 to about 800, about 30 to about 800, about 35 to about 800, about 40 to about 800, about 45 to about 800, about 50 to about 800, about 55 to about

800, about 20 to about 750, about 25 to about 750, about 30 to about 750, about 35 to about 750, about 40 to about 750, about 45 to about 750, about 50 to about 750, about 55 to about 750, about 20 to about 700, about 25 to about 700, about 30 to about 700, about 35 to about 700, about 40 to about 700, about 45 to about 700, about 50 to about 700, about 55 to about 700, about 20 to about 650, about 25 to about 650, about 30 to about 650, about 35 to about 650, about 40 to about 650, about 45 to about 650, about 50 to about 650, about 55 to about 650, about 20 to about 600, about 25 to about 600, about 30 to about 600, about 35 to about 600, about 40 to about 600, about 45 to about 600, about 50 to about 600, about 55 to about 600, about 20 to about 550, about 25 to about 550, about 30 to about 550, about 35 to about 550, about 40 to about 550, about 45 to about 550, about 50 to about 550, about 55 to about 550, about 20 to about 540, about 25 to about 540, about 30 to about 540, about 35 to about 540, about 40 to about 540, about 45 to about 540, about 50 to about 540, about 55 to about 540, about 20 to about 530, about 25 to about 530, about 30 to about 530, about 35 to about 530, about 40 to about 530, about 45 to about 530, about 50 to about 530, about 55 to about 530, about 20 to about 520, about 25 to about 520, about 30 to about 520, about 35 to about 520, about 40 to about 520, about 45 to about 520, about 50 to about 520, about 55 to about 520, about 20 to about 510, about 25 to about 510, about 30 to about 510, about 35 to about 510, about 40 to about 510, about 45 to about

510, about 50 to about 510, about 55 to about 510, about 20 to about 505, about 25 to about 505, about 30 to about 505, about 35 to about 505, about 40 to about 505, about 45 to about 505, about 50 to about 505, about 55 to about 505, about 20 to about 500, about 25 to about 500, about 30 to about 500, about 35 to about 500, about 40 to about 500, about 45 to about 500, about 50 to about 500, about 55 to about 500, about 20 to about 495, about 25 to about 495, about 30 to about 495, about 35 to about 495, about 40 to about 495, about 45 to about 495, about 50 to about 495, about 55 to about 495, about 20 to about 490, about 25 to about 490, about 30 to about 490, about 35 to about 490, about 40 to about 490, about 45 to about 490, about 50 to about 490, or about 55 to about 490.

[0144]

The Pa can also be a value of 1 to 1500, 1 to 1200, 5 to 1200, 1 to 1000, 5 to 1000, 10 to 1000, 1 to 900, 5 to 900, 10 to 900, 15 to 900, 20 to 900, 25 to 900, 30 to 900, 35 to 900, 40 to 900, 45 to 900, 50 to 900, 55 to 900, 1 to 800, 5 to 800, 10 to 800, 15 to 800, 20 to 800, 25 to 800, 30 to 800, 35 to 800, 40 to 800, 45 to 800, 50 to 800, 55 to 800, 1 to 700, 5 to 700, 10 to 700, 15 to 700, 20 to 700, 25 to 700, 30 to 700, 35 to 700, 40 to 700, 45 to 700, 50 to 700, 55 to 700, 1 to 600, 5 to 600, 10 to 600, 15 to 600, 20 to 600, 25 to 600, 30 to 600, 35 to 600, 40 to 600, 45 to 600, 50 to 600, 55 to 600, 1 to 550, 1 to 540, 1 to 530, 1 to 520, 1 to 510, 1 to 505, 1 to 500, 1 to 495, 1 to 490, 5 to 550, 5 to 540, 5 to 530, 5 to 520, 5 to 510,

5 to 505, 5 to 500, 5 to 495, 5 to 490, 10 to 550, 10 to 540, 10 to 530, 10 to 520, 10 to 510, 10 to 505, 10 to 500, 10 to 495, 10 to 490, 15 to 550, 15 to 550, 15 to 530, 15 to 520, 15 to 510, 15 to 505, 15 to 500, 15 to 495 or 15 to 490.

[0145]

The Pa can also be a value of about 20 to about 200, about 100 to about 500, about 100 to about 450, about 100 to about 400, about 100 to about 350, about 100 to about 300, about 100 to about 250, about 100 to about 200, about 150 to about 500, about 150 to about 450, about 150 to about 400, about 150 to about 350, about 150 to about 300, about 150 to about 250, about 150 to about 200, about 200 to about 500, about 200 to about 450, about 200 to about 400, about 200 to about 350, about 200 to about 300 or about 200 to about 250.

[0146]

The X2 is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than X1 and can be 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0

to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0,
1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to
13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0,
1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to
7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5
to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to
12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0,
1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to
9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0,
2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to
15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0,
2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to
10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0,
2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to
18.0, 3.0 to 10.0, 3.0 to 10.5, 3.0 to 11.0, 3.0 to 11.5,
3.0 to 12.0, 3.0 to 13.0, 3.0 to 14.0, 3.0 to 15.0, 3.0
to 16.0, 3.0 to 17.0, 3.0 to 18.0, 3.5 to 4.0, 3.5 to 4.5,
3.5 to 5.0, 3.5 to 5.5, 3.5 to 6.0, 3.5 to 6.5, 3.5 to
12.0, 3.5 to 13.0, 3.5 to 14.0, 3.5 to 15.0, 3.5 to 16.0,
3.5 to 17.0, 3.5 to 18.0, 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to
12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to
10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to
20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to
15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to
12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to
10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to
9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5,
8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10,

9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15, or 10.5 to 12.5. The X2 can also be 4.0 to 18, 4.0 to 16, 4.0 to 15.5, 4.0 to 14, 4.5 to 18, 4.5 to 16, 4.5 to 15.5, 4.5 to 14, 5.0 to 18, 5.0 to 16, 5.0 to 15.5, 5.0 to 14, 5.5 to 18, 5.5 to 16, 5.5 to 15.5, 5.5 to 14, 6.0 to 18, 6.0 to 16, 6.0 to 15.5, 6.0 to 14, 6.5 to 18, 6.5 to 16, 6.5 to 15.5, 6.5 to 14, 7.0 to 18, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15.5, 7.0 to 14, 7.5 to 18, 7.5 to 16, 7.5 to 15.5, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 16, 8.0 to 15.5, 8.0 to 14, 8.5 to 18, 8.5 to 16, 8.5 to 15.5, 8.5 to 14, 9.0 to 18, 9.0 to 16, 9.0 to 15.5, 9.0 to 14, 9.5 to 18, 9.5 to 16, 9.5 to 15.5, 9.5 to 14, 10.0 to 18, 10.0 to 16, 10.0 to 15.5, 10.5 to 18, 10.5 to 16, or 10.5 to 15.5.

[0147]

Further, the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X3 exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X1 < X3 < X2$ is satisfied. That is, a sweetness is more enhanced by the addition of the component (c) sodium to the component (a) a high-intensity sweetener and the component (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof, than the combination of the component (a) and the component (b).

[0148]

The X3 is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than the X1 and smaller than the X2 and can be

0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 19, 3.0 to 14, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 9, 3.5 to 19, 3.5 to 14, 3.5 to 11.5, 3.5 to 9, 4.0 to 19, 4.0 to 14, 4.0 to 11.5, 4.0 to 9, 4.5 to 19, 4.5 to 14, 4.5 to 11.5, 4.5 to 9, 5.0 to 19, 5.0 to 14, 5.0 to 11.5, 5.0 to 9, 6.5 to 20, 5.5 to 14, 5.5 to

11.5, 5.5 to 9, 6.0 to 14, 6.0 to 11.5, 6.0 to 9, 6.5 to 19, 6.5 to 14, 6.5 to 11.5, 6.5 to 9, 6.5 to 8, 6.5 to 7, 7.0 to 19, 7.0 to 14, 7.0 to 11.5, 7.0 to 9, 7.5 to 19, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 11.5, 7.5 to 9, 8.0 to 19, 8.0 to 14, 8.0 to 11.5, 8.0 to 9, 8.5 to 19, 8.5 to 14, 8.5 to 11.5, 8.5 to 9, 9.0 to 19, 9.0 to 14, 9.0 to 11.5, 9.5 to 19, 9.5 to 14, or 9.5 to 11.5. The X3 can also be 3.0 to 17, 3.0 to 15, 3.0 to 14.5, 3.0 to 13, 3.5 to 17, 3.5 to 15, 3.5 to 14.5, 3.5 to 13, 4.0 to 17, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 14.5, 4.0 to 13, 4.5 to 17, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 14.5, 4.5 to 13, 5.0 to 17, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 14.5, 5.0 to 13, 5.5 to 17, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 14.5, 5.5 to 13, 6.0 to 17, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 14.5, 6.0 to 13, 6.5 to 17, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 14.5, 6.5 to 13, 6.5 to 8, 6.5 to 7, 7.0 to 17, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 14.5, 7.0 to 13, 7.5 to 17, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 14.5, 7.5 to 13, 8.0 to 17, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 14.5, 8.0 to 13, 8.5 to 17, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 14.5, 8.5 to 13, 9.0 to 17, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 14.5, 9.5 to 17, 9.5 to 15, or 9.5 to 14.5.

[0149]

The tea beverage of the present invention has an enhanced sweetness as having been already mentioned. Whether or not the sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention is enhanced can be evaluated by panelists who received sensory trainings. Further, for the sweetness intensity of the tea beverage of the present invention, each standard tea beverage to be the sweetness standard is prepared with each of sucrose concentrations

assigned as sweetness intensities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 and panelists compare the sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention with the sweetness of such each standard tea beverage thereby to measure the sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention. Note that such each standard tea beverage having a sweetness intensity of 1, 2, ... 15 is prepared by adding sucrose in such a way that a sucrose content is 1 g/100 g, 2 g/100 g, ... 15 g/100 g to the tea beverage to which sucrose is not added.

Furthermore, of such standard tea beverage having a lower sweetness than the tea beverage of the present invention in the above measurement, the standard tea beverage having the closest sweetness to that of the tea beverage of the present invention is selected and adjusted in such a way as to have the same sweetness as that of the tea beverage of the present invention by adding sucrose to the selected standard tea beverage, during which a sweetness intensity of the tea beverage of the present invention can also be measured from a sucrose content in the adjusted standard tea beverage.

[0150]

Other examples of the method for measuring a sweetness of the tea beverage of the present invention include a sweetness intensity rating using Visual Analogue Scale (VAS method). For the VAS method, literatures in The journal of Japanese Society of Stomatognathic Function (2014) 20 pp. 115-129 ("Construction of a Screening Test

for Gustatory Function in Four Basic Tastes" by Toyota et al.) and the like can be referred. Specifically, in the measurement of sweetness intensity by the VAS method, for example, evaluators define sweetness intensities as "not sweet at all" at the lower end and "nothing is sweeter than this" at the upper end and, using a piece of paper on which a vertical line indicating the intensities of sweetness on the straight line, assess a sweetness intensity sensed at that time by showing a position on the straight line.

[0151]

The sweetness intensity of the tea beverage of the present invention is not particularly limited as long as it is acceptable as tea beverage and can be, in terms of the degree of sweetness, for example, 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15, or 10.5 to 12.5. The sweetness intensity of the tea beverage is

provided by the above components (a) to (c) and optional components.

[0152]

An energy (total energy) of the tea beverage of the present invention can be, depending on an embodiment, 0 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 35

Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, or 24 to 30 Kcal/100 ml.

[0153]

Further, an energy (total energy, TE) of the tea beverage of the present invention can be, depending on an embodiment (for example, an embodiment containing a caloric sweetener), $0 < TE \leq 50$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 45$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 40$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 35$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 30$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 24$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 22$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 20$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 15$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 10$ Kcal/100 ml or $0 < TE \leq 5$ Kcal/100 ml (that is, it never is completely 0).

[0154]

In the tea beverage of the present invention, the components (a) to (c) can be in any combinations. As shown in examples to be described later, the addition of the component (b) and the component (c) to the component (a) enables to provide a sweetness intensity X2, which is higher than the sweetness intensity X1 of the component (a) alone. That is, the sweetness of the component (a) can be enhanced by the components (b) and (c). For this reason, tea beverage can be produced without using or with a reduced amount of highly caloric sucrose while maintaining the sweetness equal to tea beverage containing sucrose. Thus, the design of new low-caloric tea beverage is enabled. In the case of designing zero-calorie tea

beverage, a high-intensity sweetener having particularly good-taste quality such as rebaudioside D (hereinafter, rebaudioside is sometimes abbreviated as "Reb") and rebaudioside M is used for the component (a) and D-allulose or erythritol is used as an additional sweet substance thereby to improve a sweetness with a low-concentration amino acid and low-concentration sodium. In the case of adjusting a food to be not zero calories but a low calorie, a caloric sweetener such as sucrose, glucose, fructose, or sorbitol can be contained as an additional sweet substance.

[0155]

[High-intensity sweetener]

The high-intensity sweetener (hereinafter, sometimes abbreviated as the "sweetener (a)" or "component (a)") means a compound having a more intense sweetness than sucrose and encompasses naturally occurring compounds, synthetic compounds, and combinations of naturally occurring compounds and synthetic compounds. The high-intensity sweetener has, in the same amount as sucrose, a sweetness 5 times or more, 10 times or more, 50 times or more, 100 times or more, 500 times or more, 1,000 times or more, 5,000 times or more, 10,000 times or more, 50,000 times or more or 100,000 times or more, of that of sucrose.

[0156]

Specific examples of the high-intensity sweetener include peptide-based sweeteners such as aspartame, neotame, and advantame, for example, sucrose derivatives such as sucralose, for example, synthetic sweeteners such

as acesulfame K, saccharine, saccharin sodium, sodium cyclamate, dulcin, disodium glycyrrhizin, trisodium glycyrrhizin, and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone (including those naturally occurring but also those whose synthetic products are mostly distributed such as neohesperidin dihydrochalcone), for example, sweeteners extracted from plants such as thaumatin, monellin, curculin, mabinlin, brazzein, pentagin, hernandulcin, 4 β -hydroxyhernandulcin, miraculin, glycyrrhizin, rubusoside, and phyllodulcin, and plant extracts containing a high-intensity sweetener component, for example, *Stevia rebaudiana* extract, Luo han guo extract, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* extract, *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee extract, *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* extract, *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* extract, *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth extract, *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* (serendipity berry) extract, *Curculigo latifolia* extract, *Richadella dulcifica* (miracle fruit) extract, *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* (West African fruit) extract, *Capparis masaikai* (Mabinlang) extract, and *Lippia dulcis* (Aztec sweet herb) extract, sweet components in these extracts, for example, steviol glycosides such as stevia derivatives like enzymatically-treated stevia in which a stevia extract and stevia are treated with an enzyme and glucose is added thereto, mogrosides obtained by treating Luo han guo and a Luo han guo extract, glycosides obtained from plant extracts such as phyllodulcin glycosides, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* plant-containing sweetness components (for example, triterpene glycosides such as glycyrrhizin),

Rubus suavissimus S. Lee plant-containing sweet components (for example, diterpene glycosides such as rubusoside), *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* plant-containing sweet components (for example, dihydroisocoumarin such as phyllodulcin), *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* plant-containing sweet components (for example, amino acids such as monatin), *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as thaumatin), *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as monellin), *Curculigo latifolia* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as curculin), *Richadella dulcifica* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as miraculin), *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as brazzein and pentagin), *Capparis masaikai* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as mabinlin), and *Lippia dulcis* plant-containing sweet components (for example, sesquiterpenes such as hernandulcin and 4 β -hydroxyhernandulcin).

[0157]

Examples of the steviol glycoside include rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol, steviol monoside, steviol bioside and

stevioside. Examples of the mogroside include mogroside IV and mogroside V.

The Glycyrrhiza extract refers to those obtained from roots or rhizomes of Glycyrrhiza uralensis Fisher, Glycyrrhiza inflata Batalin, and Glycyrrhiza glabra Linne and having glycyrrhizic acid as the main component. Examples of the Glycyrrhiza extract include Glycyrrhiza extracts, Glycyrrhizin, and licorice extracts.

The sucrose derivative includes, for example, those obtained by substituting the OH group or the H group of sucrose with other substituents and examples thereof include halogen derivatives of sucrose (sucralose) and oxathiazinonedioxide derivatives.

[0158]

In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener is selected from a high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality. As used herein, the "high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality" means a high-intensity sweet substance having one or more taste qualities selected from, when compared with rebaudioside A (RebA), (1) less astringent taste, (2) less metallic taste, (3) less aftertaste of sweetness, and (4) less bitterness. Whether or not a certain sweet substance has the above taste quality is already known or can be determined based on a sensory evaluation. Nonrestrictive examples of the high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality include RebD, RebM, a luohan guo extract,

a mogroside (for example, mogroside V), thaumatin, brazzein or a combination thereof.

[0159]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener can be those naturally occurring in plants and the like or those artificially produced (for example, bioconversion or chemosynthesis) but is preferably a naturally occurring sweetener. As used herein, the "naturally occurring" does not mean that a high-intensity sweet substance contained in the tea beverage of the present invention is a natural product but a high-intensity sweet substance contained in the tea beverage of the present invention can be a product artificially (for example, by bioconversion) produced (non-naturally occurring product) as long as the same substance naturally occurs.

[0160]

Nonrestrictive examples of the sweetener (a) include rebaudioside A (RebA), rebaudioside D (RebD), rebaudioside M (RebM), neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, glycyrrhizin, thaumatin, monellin, mogroside, rubusoside, curculin, mabinlin, brazzein, pentagin, phyllodulcin, hernandulcin, miraculin, *Stevia rebaudiana* plant-containing sweet components, *Siraitia grosvenorii* plant-containing sweet components, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* plant-containing sweet components, *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee plant-containing sweet components, *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* plant-containing sweet components, *Sclerochiton*

ilicifolius plant-containing sweet components, Thaumataococcus daniellii Benth plant-containing sweet components, Dioscoreophyllum volkensii plant-containing sweet components, Curculigo latifolia plant-containing sweet components, Richardella dulcifica plant-containing sweet components, Pentadiplandra brazzeana plant-containing sweet components, Capparis masaikai plant-containing sweet components, Lippia dulcis plant-containing sweet components and derivatives thereof, and combinations thereof. In a specific embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains RebA, RebD, RebM, a mogroside (for example, mogroside V) or a combination thereof. In another specific embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains RebA, RebD, RebM, mogroside (for example, mogroside V), thaumatin or a combination thereof. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, a high-intensity sweetener contains at least one selected from the group consisting of RebA, RebD, RebM, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof. In an embodiment of the present invention, the sweetener (a) is substantially made up of a sweetener other than major components of Stevia sweeteners such as RebA and stevioside. As used herein, the "substantially made up of ..." means that the sweetener used in the present invention can contain major component(s) of Stevia sweeteners as long as the effects of the invention are not affected. For example, preferably 90% or more, more preferably 95% or more, or further preferably 98% or more

of the sweetener (a) for use in the present invention is made up of a sweetener other than RebA and stevioside.

[0161]

RebA, RebD and RebM can be directly extracted from Stevia, or can be obtained by adding glucose to a compound having another structure, contained in a Stevia extract.

[0162]

The Luo han guo extract as a sweetener is an extract of Luo han guo containing a sweet substance derived from Luo han guo, approved in various countries including Japan as a food additive and commercially available. Examples of the sweet substance derived from Luo han guo include mogroside V, mogroside IV, 11-oxo-mogroside V, and Siamenoside I.

[0163]

Mogroside V is a kind of the major mogrol glycosides contained in Luo han guo and documented to have a good-quality sweetness property close to sucrose when compared with rebaudioside A. Mogroside V can be obtained from a Luo han guo extract (for example, an alcohol extract of Luo han guo) by purification with chromatography or the like. Alternatively, mogroside V can be obtained by adding glucose to a compound having another structure, contained in a Luo han guo extract.

[0164]

The Luo han guo extract preferably contains mogroside V and the ratio thereof is not limited and can be 10 wt% or more, 15 wt% or more, 20 wt% or more, 25 wt% or more,

30 wt% or more, 35 wt% or more, 40 wt% or more, 45 wt% or more, 50 wt% or more, 55 wt% or more, 60 wt% or more, 65 wt% or more, 70 wt% or more or 75 wt% or more, of the total dry weight of a luohanguo extract. The content of mogroside V can be determined by a known technique such as liquid chromatography. The luohanguo extract can be obtained by extracting a fruit of *Luo han guo* (*Siraitia grosvenorii*) with a suitable solvent (for example, an aqueous solvent such as water, an alcohol solvent such as ethanol or methanol, or a mixed solvent of an aqueous solvent and an alcohol solvent such as water-containing ethanol or water-containing methanol), and then optionally carrying out a treatment such as degreasing, purification, concentration, and drying.

[0165]

Mogroside V can be one having a high purity, and can be, for example, one having a purity of 80% or more, 85% or more, 90% or more, 91% or more, 92% or more, 93% or more, 94% or more, 95% or more, 96% or more, 97% or more or 98% or more. Mogroside V obtained by purification of a luohanguo extract, of course, has a smaller amount of incorporation of a luohanguo extract component other than mogroside V, as it has a higher purity.

[0166]

In other embodiments of the present invention, mogroside V can also be one having a lower purity, and can be, for example, one having a purity of 50% or more, 55% or more, 60% or more, 65% or more, 70% or more or 75% or

more. For example, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, the calculated value of the degree of sweetness of Mog V having a purity of about 65% is about 175. In other embodiments of the present invention, a luohan guo extract containing about 30 wt% of Mog V can be used as the high-intensity sweetener, and, when the calculated value of the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, the degree of sweetness of the luohan guo extract is about 100.

[0167]

The high-intensity sweetener is contained in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, as described above. When the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside D is about 225, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside M is about 230, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside B is about 325, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside A is 200 to 300 (median value 250), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside N is 200 to 250 (median value 225), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside O is 200 to 250 (median value 225), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside E is 70 to 80 (median value 75), a degree of sweetness of a luohan guo extract (containing 40% of Mog V) is about 130, a degree of sweetness of mogroside V is about 270, a degree of sweetness of thaumatin is 2,000, and a degree of sweetness

of brazzein is 500 to 2000 (median value 1250). The numerical value obtained by multiplying these degrees of sweetness by a concentration (w/v% (considered to be the same as w/w% in the case of a beverage)) of the high-intensity sweetener in the tea beverage is a sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener. When X1 of such a sweetener is herein determined, the above degree of sweetness (median value when a numerical value range is shown) is used. A relative ratio of a degree of sweetness of each sweetener to a degree of sweetness of 1 of sucrose can be determined from, for example, a known sugar sweetness conversion table (for example, information "Beverage term dictionary", page 11, Beverage Japan, Inc.). When a numerical range of a degree of sweetness is herein shown, a median value is adopted. Herein, in the case of a sweetener whose degree of sweetness is different with respect to each literature, a relative ratio of a degree of sweetness to a degree of sweetness of 1 of sucrose can be determined by a sensory test. Examples of such a sensory test include a method involving preparing samples where sucrose is added to pure water so that Brix is 3.0 to 5.0 by 0.5, and selecting a sample where sucrose is added, having a sweetness intensity equal to that of an aqueous solution having a predetermined concentration of a sweetener, among such samples.

[0168]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from

the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luohan guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luohan guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, a *Glycyrrhiza* extract, saccharine, and a combination thereof.

[0169]

In some embodiments, the sweetener (a) contains the following combination: RebA and RebM, RebA and RebD, RebD and RebM, RebA and RebD and RebM, RebA and mogroside V, RebD and mogroside V, RebM and mogroside V, RebA and RebM and mogroside V, RebA and RebD and mogroside V, RebD and RebM and mogroside V, RebA and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and RebD and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, mogroside V and

neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and RebM and mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and brazzein, RebD and brazzein, RebM and brazzein, mogroside V and brazzein, neohesperidin dihydrochalcone and brazzein, RebM and RebD and brazzein, RebM and RebD and brazzein and mogroside V, RebM and RebD and brazzein and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, or RebM and RebD and brazzein and mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone.

[0170]

In another embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains the following combination: RebA and thaumatin, RebD and thaumatin, RebM and thaumatin, mogroside V and thaumatin, RebA and RebM and thaumatin, RebA and RebD and thaumatin, RebD and RebM and thaumatin, RebA and mogroside V and thaumatin, RebD and mogroside V and thaumatin, RebM and mogroside V and thaumatin, or RebD and RebM and mogroside V and thaumatin.

[0171]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the sweetener (a) can contain a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably one or more high-intensity sweeteners selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof.

[0172]

The amount of the sweetener (a) contained in the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is, in

the case when the sweetener (a) contains a combination of a plurality of sweet substances, an amount of all of these sweet substances combined. When an amount of the sweetener (a) is Pa (ppm), Pa can be a value of, for example, about 20 to about 800, about 25 to about 800, about 30 to about 800, about 35 to about 800, about 40 to about 800, about 45 to about 800, about 50 to about 800, about 55 to about 800, about 20 to about 750, about 25 to about 750, about 30 to about 750, about 35 to about 750, about 40 to about 750, about 45 to about 750, about 50 to about 750, about 55 to about 750, about 20 to about 700, about 25 to about 700, about 30 to about 700, about 35 to about 700, about 40 to about 700, about 45 to about 700, about 50 to about 700, about 55 to about 700, about 20 to about 650, about 25 to about 650, about 30 to about 650, about 35 to about 650, about 40 to about 650, about 45 to about 650, about 50 to about 650, about 55 to about 650, about 20 to about 600, about 25 to about 600, about 30 to about 600, about 35 to about 600, about 40 to about 600, about 45 to about 600, about 50 to about 600, about 55 to about 600, about 20 to about 550, about 25 to about 550, about 30 to about 550, about 35 to about 550, about 40 to about 550, about 45 to about 550, about 50 to about 550, about 55 to about 550, about 20 to about 540, about 25 to about 540, about 30 to about 540, about 35 to about 540, about 40 to about 540, about 45 to about 540, about 50 to about 540, about 55 to about 540, about 20 to about 530, about 25 to about 530, about 30 to about 530, about 35 to about 530, about

40 to about 530, about 45 to about 530, about 50 to about 530, about 55 to about 530, about 20 to about 520, about 25 to about 520, about 30 to about 520, about 35 to about 520, about 40 to about 520, about 45 to about 520, about 50 to about 520, about 55 to about 520, about 20 to about 510, about 25 to about 510, about 30 to about 510, about 35 to about 510, about 40 to about 510, about 45 to about 510, about 50 to about 510, about 55 to about 510, about 20 to about 505, about 25 to about 505, about 30 to about 505, about 35 to about 505, about 40 to about 505, about 45 to about 505, about 50 to about 505, about 55 to about 505, about 20 to about 500, about 25 to about 500, about 30 to about 500, about 35 to about 500, about 40 to about 500, about 45 to about 500, about 50 to about 500, about 55 to about 500, about 20 to about 495, about 25 to about 495, about 30 to about 495, about 35 to about 495, about 40 to about 495, about 45 to about 495, about 50 to about 495, about 55 to about 495, about 20 to about 490, about 25 to about 490, about 30 to about 490, about 35 to about 490, about 40 to about 490, about 45 to about 490, about 50 to about 490, about 55 to about 490, about 100 to about 500, about 100 to about 450, about 100 to about 400, about 100 to about 350, about 100 to about 300, about 100 to about 250, about 100 to about 200, about 150 to about 500, about 150 to about 450, about 150 to about 400, about 150 to about 350, about 150 to about 300, about 150 to about 250, about 150 to about 200, about 20 to about 200, about 200 to about 500, about 200 to about 450, about 200 to

about 400, about 200 to about 350, about 200 to about 300 or about 200 to about 250.

[0173]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount Pa ppm of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0174]

[Amino acids or derivatives or salts thereof]

The tea beverage of the present invention contains (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold. The amino acids or amino acid salts used in the present invention are organic compounds having both functional groups of an amino group and a carboxyl group, or salts thereof, and not particularly limited as long as a sweetness enhancement effect can be obtained. Additionally, proline and hydroxyproline, which form a cyclic structure in which the hydrogen of the amino group is substituted with a side chain moiety in a molecule, are also encompassed in the amino acid in the present description. The amino acid derivatives which can be used in the present invention encompass derivatives having no carboxyl group such as taurine. In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid means a free amino acid.

[0175]

The amino acids used in the present invention can be the D-configuration, the L-configuration, or the racemic configuration consisting of the D-configuration and the L-configuration (in the present description, also referred to as the DL-amino acid). In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid can be selected from neutral amino acids, basic amino acids, and acidic amino acids. The neutral amino acid can be preferably selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine and the like which have an alkyl group, serine, threonine and the like which have an OH group (a hydroxy group), tyrosine, phenylalanine, tryptophan and the like which have an aromatic group (or an aromatic ring), methionine, cysteine and the like which have a sulfur-containing group, proline, hydroxyproline and the like which have an imino group, and glutamine, asparagine and the like which have an amide group. The basic amino acid can be preferably selected from arginine, lysine, histidine and the like. The acidic amino acid can be preferably selected from glutamic acid, aspartic acid and the like. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the amino acids are selected from the neutral amino acids or the basic amino acids. In other preferable embodiments of the present invention, the amino acids include amino acids selected from the basic amino acids, and amino acids having an alkyl group, an OH group or an amide group on a side chain among the neutral amino acids, and combinations thereof. Of the neutral amino acids, examples of those having an alkyl group on a side

chain include glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine and leucine, those having an OH group on a side chain include serine and threonine, and those having an amide group on a side chain include glutamine and asparagine.

[0176]

The amino acid contained in the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is one or more of the 22 amino acids forming proteins. Specific examples include the L-configuration of alanine (Ala), arginine (Arg), asparagine (Asn), aspartic acid (Asp), cysteine (Cys), glutamine (Gln), glutamic acid (Glu), glycine (Gly), histidine (His), isoleucine (Ile), leucine (Leu), lysine (Lys), methionine (Met), phenylalanine (Phe), proline (Pro), serine (Ser), threonine (Thr), tryptophan (Trp), tyrosine (Tyr), valine (Val), selenosysteine (Sec), and pyrrolysine (Pyl).

[0177]

The amino acid contained in the tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260. Examples of such an amino acid include alanine (molecular weight: 89), arginine (molecular weight: 174), asparagine (molecular weight: 132), aspartic acid (molecular weight: 133), cysteine (molecular weight: 121), glutamine (molecular weight: 146), glutamic acid (molecular weight: 147), glycine (molecular weight: 75), histidine (molecular weight: 155), isoleucine (molecular weight: 131), leucine (molecular weight: 131), lysine (molecular weight: 146),

methionine (molecular weight: 149), phenylalanine (molecular weight: 165), proline (molecular weight: 115), serine (molecular weight: 105), threonine (molecular weight: 119), tryptophan (molecular weight: 204), tyrosine (molecular weight: 181), valine (molecular weight: 117), selenosysteine (molecular weight: 168) and pyrrolysine (molecular weight: 255). In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid is one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 204, more preferably one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 174, and further preferably one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 146.

[0178]

Preferably, the amino acid or a salt thereof is one or more selected from L-asparagine, L-aspartic acid, monosodium L-aspartate, DL-alanine, L-alanine, L-alanine solution, L-arginine, L-arginine L-glutamate, L-glutamine, L-cystine, L-cysteine monohydrochloride, L-serine, L-tyrosine, L-glutamic acid, monoammonium L-glutamate, monopotassium L-glutamate, monocalcium Di-L-glutamate, monosodium L-glutamate (also known as sodium glutamate), monomagnesium Di-L-glutamate, glycine, L-histidine, L-histidine monohydrochloride, L-hydroxyproline, L-isoleucine, L-lysine, L-lysine solution, L-lysine L-aspartate, L-lysine hydrochloride (L-lysine monohydrochloride), L-lysine L-glutamate, L-leucine, DL-methionine, L-methionine, L-phenylalanine, L-proline, L-

proline solution, DL-threonine, L-threonine, DL-tryptophan, L-tryptophan, L-valine, L-theanine, L-ornithine, and taurine. In an embodiment of the present invention, a plurality species of amino acids can be used in combination. In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid includes an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[0179]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In another embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include one or more amino acids selected from arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan. In still another embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include one or more amino acids selected from arginine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan.

[0180]

As used herein, the threshold of amino acids means a detection threshold or a taste recognition threshold. The

detection threshold means a minimum concentration at which the difference from water can be clearly identified but a type of the taste (for example, bitterness, sourness, and sweetness) does not have to be always recognized, and the taste recognition threshold means a minimum concentration at which a taste can be recognized (for example, Eur J Clin Nutr (2004) 58, 629-636). The threshold (detection threshold) of amino acids is organized by Susan S. Schiffman et al. in "Comparison of Taste Qualities and Thresholds of D- and L-Amino Acids", Physiology & Behavior, Vol. 27, pp. 51-59 (1981). For example, a detection threshold of each amino acid is as follows: glycine (30.9 mM), L-threonine (25.7 mM), L-serine (20.9 mM), L-alanine (16.2 mM), L-proline (15.1 mM), L-glutamine (9.77 mM), L-isoleucine (7.41 mM), L-phenylalanine (6.61 mM), L-leucine (6.45 mM), L-valine (4.16 mM), L-methionine (3.72 mM), L-tryptophan (2.29 mM), L-asparagine (1.62 mM), L-histidine (1.23 mM), L-arginine (1.20 mM), L-lysine (0.708 mM), L-aspartic acid (0.182 mM), L-glutamic acid (0.063 mM), L-cysteine (0.063 mM). Additionally, the taste recognition threshold is known to be about 1.5 to 2 times the detection threshold (Yuki Yamauchi et al., "WHOLE MOUTH GUSTATORY TEST (PART1) - BASIC CONSIDERATIONS AND PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS -", Journal of The Oto-Rhino-Laryngological Society of Japan, vol. 98 (1995) No. 1, p.119-129, and Reiko Ohmori, "Comparisons of the taste sensitivity between three generations", The bulletin of

the Faculty of Education, Utsunomiya University, Section 1 (2013) Vol. 63 p.201-210)).

[0181]

In the present invention, it is preferable that a measured value be used as the taste recognition threshold of an amino acid. A taste recognition threshold of an amino acid can be determined by preparing amino acid-containing aqueous solutions in several concentration levels and tasting in the order from low concentrations to high concentrations to carry out a sensory test by which the taste can be sensed or not. A concentration at which a difference from water is detected is defined as a detection threshold and a concentration at which a taste is recognized is defined as a recognition threshold. For example, for an amino acid for which a theoretical value (a literature value) is already established, aqueous solutions in several concentration levels close to such a concentration are prepared and several persons who received sensory trainings carry out the test thereby to determine these thresholds. In the case of L-alanine, a detection threshold described in literatures is 16.2 mM and a theoretical recognition threshold calculated from such a detection threshold is 32.4 mM, and a sensory test using aqueous solutions in several levels selected from 5 mM, 10 mM, 15 mM, 20 mM, 25 mM, 30 mM, and 35 mM is carried out thereby to measure a recognition threshold. In an embodiment of the present invention, the taste recognition threshold of an amino acid means a taste recognition

threshold in pure water. The taste recognition threshold in pure water means a minimum concentration at which such a taste can be recognized when only an amino acid is added to water without addition of any sweetener or the like.

[0182]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains glycine and a content of glycine can be more than 0 mM and 80 mM or less, 75 mM or less, less than 75 mM, 70 mM or less, 65 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 55 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 10 to 30 mM or 20 to 30 mM.

[0183]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains alanine and a content of alanine can be more than 0 mM and 32.4 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20

mM, 10 to 20 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM, 1 to 19 mM, 5 to 19 mM, 10 to 19 mM, 15 to 19 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 5 to 18 mM, 10 to 18 mM, 15 to 18 mM, 1 to 17 mM, 5 to 17 mM, 10 to 17 mM, 15 to 17 mM, 1 to 16 mM, 5 to 16 mM, 10 to 16 mM, 15 to 16 mM, or 9 to 15 mM. Alanine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0184]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains valine and a content of valine can be more than 0 mM and 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 35 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 45 to 50 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 30 to 45 mM, 35 to 45 mM, 40 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 35 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 10 to 35 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 20

to 35 mM, 25 to 35 mM, 30 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 10 to 15 mM, or 15 to 20 mM. Valine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0185]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains isoleucine and a content of isoleucine can be more than 0 mM and 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 10 mM or less, or 5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, or 10 to 15 mM. Isoleucine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0186]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains leucine and a content of leucine can be more than 0 mM and 50 mM or less, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 15 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2

mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 50 mM, 2 to 50 mM, 3 to 50 mM, 4 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 6 to 50 mM, 7 to 50 mM, 8 to 50 mM, 9 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 2 to 40 mM, 3 to 40 mM, 4 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 6 to 40 mM, 7 to 40 mM, 8 to 40 mM, 9 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 2 to 30 mM, 3 to 30 mM, 4 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 6 to 30 mM, 7 to 30 mM, 8 to 30 mM, 9 to 30 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM, 2 to 20 mM, 3 to 20 mM, 4 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 6 to 20 mM, 7 to 20 mM, 8 to 20 mM, 9 to 20 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Leucine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0187]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains serine and a content of serine can be more than 0 mM and 130 mM or less, 100 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or

less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 130 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, or 1 to 10 mM. Serine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0188]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains threonine and a content of threonine can be more than 0 mM and 70 mM or less, 65 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 55 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 70 mM, 1 to 65 mM, 1 to 60 mM, 1 to 55 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 35 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 45 to 50 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45

mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 30 to 45 mM, 35 to 45 mM, 40 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 35 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 10 to 35 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 20 to 35 mM, 25 to 35 mM, 30 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, or 15 to 20 mM. Threonine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0189]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains phenylalanine and a content of phenylalanine can be more than 0 mM and 15 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5

to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Phenylalanine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0190]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains tryptophan and a content of tryptophan can be more than 0 mM and 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 5 mM, 2 to 5 mM, 3 to 5 mM, or 4 to 5 mM. Tryptophan can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0191]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains methionine and a content of methionine can be more than 0 mM and 10 mM or less, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Methionine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0192]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains proline and a content of proline can be

more than 0 mM and 120 mM or less, 100 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 120 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, or 25 to 30 mM. Proline can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0193]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains glutamine and a content of glutamine can be more than 0 mM and 20 mM or less, 19 mM or less, 18 mM or less, 17 mM or less, 16 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, less than 5 mM, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10

to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, 9 to 10 mM, 1 to 8 mM, 2 to 8 mM, 3 to 8 mM, 4 to 8 mM, 5 to 8 mM, 6 to 8 mM, 7 to 8 mM, 1 to 7 mM, 2 to 7 mM, 3 to 7 mM, 4 to 7 mM, 5 to 7 mM, 6 to 7 mM, 1 to 6 mM, 2 to 6 mM, 3 to 6 mM, 4 to 6 mM, 5 to 6 mM, 1 to 5 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 5 mM, 2 to 5 mM, 3 to 5 mM, 4 to 5 mM, 1 to 4 mM, 2 to 4 mM, 3 to 4 mM, 1 to 3 mM, or 2 to 3 mM. Glutamine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0194]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains asparagine and a content of asparagine can be more than 0 mM and 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 19 mM or less, 18 mM or less, 17 mM or less, 16 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 1 mM or more and less

than 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, 9 to 10 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Asparagine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0195]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains arginine and a content of arginine can be more than 0 mM and 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, less than 2.5 mM, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, less than 1.0 mM, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 4.0 mM, 0.1 to 3.5 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 mM or more and less than 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 4.0 mM, 0.5 to 3.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Arginine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0196]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains lysine and a content of lysine can be more than 0 mM and 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, or 0.5 mM or less.

Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Lysine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0197]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains lysine hydrochloride and a content of lysine hydrochloride can be more than 0 mM and 1.0 mM or less, 0.9 mM or less, 0.8 mM or less, 0.7 mM or less, 0.6 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, less than 0.5 mM, 0.4 mM or less, less than 0.4 mM, 0.3 mM or less, or 0.2 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.9 mM, 0.1 to 0.8 mM, 0.1 to 0.7 mM, 0.1 to 0.6 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.1 to 0.4 mM, 0.1 mM or more and less than 0.4 mM, 0.1 to 0.3 mM, 0.1 to 0.2 mM, 0.2 to 1.0 mM, 0.5 to 0.8 mM, 0.2 to 0.6 mM, 0.2 to 0.4 mM, or 0.3 to 0.5 mM. Lysine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0198]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains histidine and a content of histidine can be more than 0 mM and 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a

content can be 0.1 to 4.0 mM, 0.1 to 3.5 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 4.0 mM, 0.5 to 3.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Histidine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0199]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains glutamic acid and a content of glutamic acid can be more than 0 mM and 0.50 mM or less, less than 0.50 mM, 0.40 mM or less, less than 0.40 mM, 0.35 mM or less, 0.30 mM or less, 0.25 mM or less, less than 0.25 mM, 0.20 mM or less, 0.15 mM or less, 0.14 mM or less, 0.13 mM or less, 0.12 mM or less, 0.11 mM or less, 0.10 mM or less, 0.09 mM or less, 0.08 mM or less, 0.07 mM or less, 0.06 mM or less, 0.05 mM or less, 0.04 mM or less, 0.03 mM or less, 0.02 mM or less, or 0.01 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.01 to 0.15 mM, 0.02 to 0.15 mM, 0.03 to 0.15 mM, 0.04 to 0.15 mM, 0.05 to 0.15 mM, 0.06 to 0.15 mM, 0.07 to 0.15 mM, 0.08 to 0.15 mM, 0.09 to 0.15 mM, 0.10 to 0.15 mM, 0.01 to 0.12 mM, 0.02 to 0.12 mM, 0.03 to 0.12 mM, 0.04 to 0.12 mM, 0.05 to 0.12 mM, 0.06 to 0.12 mM, 0.07 to 0.12 mM, 0.08 to 0.12 mM, 0.09 to 0.12 mM, 0.10 to 0.12 mM, 0.01 to 0.10 mM, 0.02 to 0.10 mM, 0.03 to 0.10 mM, 0.04 to 0.10 mM, 0.05 to 0.10 mM, 0.06 to 0.10 mM, 0.07 to 0.10 mM, 0.08 to 0.10 mM, 0.09 to 0.10 mM, 0.10 to 0.40 mM, 0.10 to 0.35 mM, 0.10 to

0.30 mM, 0.10 to 0.25 mM, 0.10 mM or more and less than 0.25 mM, 0.10 to 0.20 mM, 0.10 to 0.15 mM, 0.20 to 0.40 mM, 0.20 to 0.35 mM, 0.20 to 0.30 mM, 0.20 to 0.25 mM, or 0.30 to 0.40 mM. Glutamic acid can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0200]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the tea beverage contains aspartic acid and a content of aspartic acid can be more than 0 mM and 1.5 mM or less, 1.4 mM or less, 1.3 mM or less, 1.2 mM or less, 1.1 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, 0.9 mM or less, 0.8 mM or less, 0.7 mM or less, 0.6 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, 0.4 mM or less, 0.3 mM or less, 0.2 mM or less, or 0.1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.2 to 1.5 mM, 0.3 to 1.5 mM, 0.4 to 1.5 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, 0.6 to 1.5 mM, 0.7 to 1.5 mM, 0.8 to 1.5 mM, 0.9 to 1.5 mM, 1.0 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.2 mM, 0.2 to 1.2 mM, 0.3 to 1.2 mM, 0.4 to 1.2 mM, 0.5 to 1.2 mM, 0.6 to 1.2 mM, 0.7 to 1.2 mM, 0.8 to 1.2 mM, 0.9 to 1.2 mM, 1.0 to 1.2 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.2 to 1.0 mM, 0.3 to 1.0 mM, 0.4 to 1.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.0 mM, 0.6 to 1.0 mM, 0.7 to 1.0 mM, 0.8 to 1.0 mM, or 0.9 to 1.0 mM. Aspartic acid can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0201]

The tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain monosodium aspartate as the amino acid salt.

[0202]

An amino acid content can be measured by an amino acid automatic analysis method or high-performance liquid chromatography. When an amount of the amino acid contained in the beverage is known, a value calculated from the amount contained can be adopted.

[0203]

When an amino acid derived from a raw material contained in the tea beverage is contained, such an amino acid is also encompassed in the amino acid in the tea beverage of the present invention. Thus, an amount of the amino acid contained in the tea beverage of the present invention is a total value of amounts of such a raw material-derived one and one added externally. In an embodiment of the present invention, when a plurality of amino acids are contained in the tea beverage, a content of at least one of such amino acids can be less than the taste recognition threshold, or contents of some of such amino acids can be more than the taste recognition threshold. In other embodiments of the present invention, when a plurality of amino acids are contained in the tea beverage, a content of each of such amino acids can be less than the taste recognition threshold. The tea beverage in still other embodiments of the present invention can contain one or more amino acids selected

from less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, less than 40 mM of L-serine, less than 50 mM of glycine, less than 1 mM of L-arginine, less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, less than 40 mM of L-valine, less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, less than 20 mM of L-leucine, less than 40 mM of L-threonine, less than 40 mM of L-proline, less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride. The tea beverage in still other embodiments of the present invention can contain one or more amino acids selected from 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-serine, 1 mM or more and less than 50 mM of glycine, 0.1 mM or more and less than 1.0 mM of L-arginine, 0.06 mM or more and less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-valine, 1 mM or more and less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM of L-leucine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-threonine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-proline, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and 0.1 mM or more and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride.

[0204]

[Sodium]

The tea beverage of the present invention comprises (c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium, and it is meant that a content of sodium atom is less than 50 mg/100 ml. A content of sodium can be, depending on an embodiment, a content of 0.1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 35

mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 5 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 5 to 45 mg/100 ml, 5 to 40 mg/100 ml, 5 to 35 mg/100 ml, 5 to 30 mg/100 ml, 5 to 25 mg/100 ml, 5 to 20 mg/100 ml, 5 to 19 mg/100 ml, 5 to 18 mg/100 ml, 5 to 17 mg/100 ml, 5 to 16 mg/100 ml, 5 to 15 mg/100 ml, 5 to 14 mg/100 ml, 5 to 13 mg/100 ml, 5 to 12 mg/100 ml, 5 to 11 mg/100 ml, 5 to 10 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and 50 mg/100 ml, 7 to 45 mg/100 ml, 7 to 40 mg/100 ml, 7 to 35 mg/100 ml, 7 to 30 mg/100 ml, 7 to 25 mg/100 ml, 7 to 22 mg/100 ml, 7 to 20 mg/100 ml, 7 to 19 mg/100 ml, 7 to 18 mg/100 ml, 7 to 17 mg/100 ml, 7 to 16 mg/100 ml, 7 to 15 mg/100 ml, 8 mg/100 ml or more and 50 mg/100 ml, 8 to 45 mg/100 ml, 8 to 40 mg/100 ml, 8 to 35 mg/100 ml, 8 to 30 mg/100 ml, 8 to 25 mg/100 ml, 8 to 22 mg/100 ml, 8 to 20 mg/100 ml, 8 to 19 mg/100 ml, 8 to 18 mg/100 ml, 8 to 17 mg/100 ml, 8 to 16 mg/100 ml, 8 to 15 mg/100 ml, 10 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 10 to 45 mg/100 ml, 10 to 40

mg/100 ml, 10 to 35 mg/100 ml, 10 to 30 mg/100 ml, 10 to 25 mg/100 ml, 10 to 20 mg/100 ml, 10 to 19 mg/100 ml, 10 to 18 mg/100 ml, 10 to 17 mg/100 ml, 10 to 16 mg/100 ml, 10 to 15 mg/100 ml, 15 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 15 to 45 mg/100 ml, 15 to 40 mg/100 ml, 15 to 35 mg/100 ml, 15 to 30 mg/100 ml, 15 to 25 mg/100 ml, 15 to 20 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 20 to 45 mg/100 ml, 20 to 40 mg/100 ml, 20 to 35 mg/100 ml, 20 to 30 mg/100 ml, 20 to 25 mg/100 ml, 25 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 25 to 45 mg/100 ml, 25 to 40 mg/100 ml, 25 to 35 mg/100 ml, 25 to 30 mg/100 ml, 30 mg/100 ml or more and 50 mg/100 ml, 30 to 45 mg/100 ml, 30 to 40 mg/100 ml, 30 to 35 mg/100 ml, 35 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 35 to 45 mg/100 ml, 35 to 40 mg/100 ml, 40 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 40 to 45 mg/100 ml, 45 mg/100 ml or more and less than 50 mg/100 ml, 0.1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 4 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 5 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 8 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 10 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 15 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 25 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml.

[0205]

Further, a content of sodium can be, depending on an embodiment, a content of 0.1 to 22 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 21 mg/100 ml, 1 to 22 mg/100 ml, 1 to 21 mg/100 ml, 4 to 40 mg/100 ml, 4 to 35 mg/100 ml, 4 to 34 mg/100 ml, 4 to 33 mg/100 ml, 4 to 32 mg/100 ml, 4 to 31 mg/100 ml, 4 to 30 mg/100 ml, 4 to 29 mg/100 ml, 4 to 26 mg/100 ml, 4 to 25 mg/100 ml, 4 to 22 mg/100 ml, 4 to 21 mg/100 ml, 4 to 20 mg/100 ml, 4 to 19 mg/100 ml, 4 to 18 mg/100 ml, 4 to 17 mg/100 ml, 4 to 16 mg/100 ml, 4 to 15 mg/100 ml, 4 to 14 mg/100 ml, 4 to 13 mg/100 ml, 4 to 12 mg/100 ml, 4 to 11 mg/100 ml, 4 to 10 mg/100 ml, 5 to 34 mg/100 ml, 5 to 33 mg/100 ml, 5 to 32 mg/100 ml, 5 to 31 mg/100 ml, 5 to 29 mg/100 ml, 5 to 22 mg/100 ml, 5 to 21 mg/100 ml, 10 to 34 mg/100 ml, 10 to 33 mg/100 ml, 10 to 32 mg/100 ml, 10 to 31 mg/100 ml, 10 to 29 mg/100 ml, 10 to 22 mg/100 ml, 10 to 21 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 34 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 33 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 32 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 31 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 29 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 22 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 21 mg/100 ml or less, 11.5 to 34 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 33 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 32 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 31 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 30 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 29 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 22 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 21 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 20 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 19 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 18 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 17 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 16 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 15 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 14 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 13 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 12 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 34.5

mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 28.75 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 23 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 17.25 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 11.5 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 34.5 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 28.75 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 23 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 17.25 mg/100 ml, 17.25 to 34.5 mg/100 ml, 17.25 to 28.75 mg/100 ml, 17.25 to 23 mg/100 ml, 23 to 34.5 mg/100 ml, 23 to 28.75 mg/100 ml, or 28.75 to 34.5 mg/100 ml.

[0206]

When sodium is added to the tea beverage, an amount thereof added can be an amount added of 0.1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 3 to 45 mg/100 ml, 3 to 40 mg/100 ml, 3 to 35 mg/100 ml, 3 to 30 mg/100 ml, 3 to 25 mg/100 ml, 3 to 20 mg/100 ml, 3 to 19 mg/100 ml, 3 to 18 mg/100 ml, 3 to 17 mg/100 ml, 3 to 16 mg/100 ml, 3 to 15 mg/100 ml, 3 to 14 mg/100 ml, 3 to 13 mg/100 ml, 3 to 12 mg/100 ml, 3 to 11 mg/100 ml, 3 to 10 mg/100 ml, 5 to 45 mg/100 ml, 5 to 40 mg/100 ml, 5 to 35 mg/100 ml, 5 to 30 mg/100 ml, 5 to 25 mg/100 ml, 5 to 20

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[0207]

The sodium is not particularly limited in terms of the form thereof as long as it is contained in an ingestible form in the tea beverage of the present invention, and can be, for example, in the form of at least one selected from the group consisting of sodium chloride, sodium hydroxide, sodium malate, sodium sulfate, sodium citrate (monosodium citrate, disodium citrate, trisodium citrate), sodium phosphate, sodium carbonate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, sodium disulfide, sodium bicarbonate, sodium alginate, sodium arginate, sodium glucoheptanoate,

sodium gluconate, monosodium glutamate, sodium tartrate, monosodium aspartate, sodium lactate, sodium caseinate, sodium ascorbate, and a mixture thereof.

When a raw material (for example, a pH adjuster) of the tea beverage contains sodium, such sodium derived from the raw material is also encompassed in the sodium contained in the tea beverage of the present invention.

In an embodiment of the present invention, sodium derived from a sodium component (for example, sodium benzoate, sodium sulfite, sodium hyposulfite, sodium dehydroacetate, sodium pyrosulfite, and sodium propionate) used as a preservative is not substantially included in the component (c).

[0208]

The content of sodium in the beverage can be herein measured by an atomic absorption spectrometry. Note that, when an amount of a sodium-containing compound contained in the beverage is known, a value calculated from the contained amount can also be adopted.

[0209]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount of sodium contained in the tea beverage can be defined by an amount of sodium source. The "sodium source" means a compound which generates sodium ions when the tea beverage is put in the mouth. The amount of the sodium source can be less than 22 mM. In other embodiments of the present invention, an amount of the sodium source is about 21 mM or less, about 20 mM or less, about 19 mM or less, about

18 mM or less, about 17 mM or less, about 16 mM or less, about 15 mM or less, about 14 mM or less, about 13 mM or less, about 12 mM or less, about 11 mM or less, about 10 mM or less, about 9.0 mM or less, about 8.5 mM or less, about 8.0 mM or less, about 7.5 mM or less, about 7.0 mM or less, about 6.0 mM or less, about 5.5 mM or less, about 5.0 mM or less, about 4.5 mM or less, about 4.0 mM or less, about 3.5 mM or less, about 2.0 mM or less, about 1.5 mM or less, about 1.0 mM or less, or about 0.5 mM or less. In other embodiments, an amount of the sodium source can be in ranges from about 0.1 to about 22 mM, about 0.5 to about 22 mM, about 1.0 to about 22 mM, about 1.5 to about 22 mM, about 2.0 to about 22 mM, about 22 to about 22 mM, about 3.0 to about 22 mM, about 3.5 to about 22 mM, about 4.0 to about 22 mM, about 4.5 to about 22 mM, about 5.0 to about 22 mM, about 5.5 to about 22 mM, about 6.0 to about 22 mM, about 6.5 to about 22 mM, about 7.0 to about 22 mM, about 7.5 to about 22 mM, about 8.0 to about 22 mM, about 8.5 to about 22 mM, about 9.0 to about 22 mM, about 9.5 to about 22 mM, about 0.1 to about 21 mM, about 0.5 to about 21 mM, about 1.0 to about 21 mM, about 1.5 to about 21 mM, about 2.0 to about 21 mM, about 22 to about 21 mM, about 3.0 to about 21 mM, about 3.5 to about 21 mM, about 4.0 to about 21 mM, about 4.5 to about 21 mM, about 5.0 to about 21 mM, about 5.5 to about 21 mM, about 6.0 to about 21 mM, about 6.5 to about 21 mM, about 7.0 to about 21 mM, about 7.5 to about 21 mM, about 8.0 to about 21 mM, about 8.5 to about 21 mM, about 9.0 to about 21 mM,

about 9.5 to about 21 mM, about 0.1 to about 19 mM, about 0.5 to about 19 mM, about 1.0 to about 19 mM, about 1.5 to about 19 mM, about 2.0 to about 19 mM, about 2.5 to about 19 mM, about 3.0 to about 19 mM, about 3.5 to about 19 mM, about 4.0 to about 19 mM, about 4.5 to about 19 mM, about 5.0 to about 19 mM, about 5.5 to about 19 mM, about 6.0 to about 19 mM, about 6.5 to about 19 mM, about 7.0 to about 19 mM, about 7.5 to about 19 mM, about 8.0 to about 19 mM, about 8.5 to about 19 mM, about 9.0 to about 19 mM, about 9.5 to about 19 mM, about 0.1 to about 17 mM, about 0.5 to about 17 mM, about 1.0 to about 17 mM, about 1.5 to about 17 mM, about 2.0 to about 17 mM, about 2.5 to about 17 mM, about 3.0 to about 17 mM, about 3.5 to about 17 mM, about 4.0 to about 17 mM, about 4.5 to about 17 mM, about 5.0 to about 17 mM, about 5.5 to about 17 mM, about 6.0 to about 17 mM, about 6.5 to about 17 mM, about 7.0 to about 17 mM, about 7.5 to about 17 mM, about 8.0 to about 17 mM, about 8.5 to about 17 mM, about 9.0 to about 17 mM, about 9.5 to about 17 mM, about 0.1 to about 15 mM, about 0.5 to about 15 mM, about 1.0 to about 15 mM, about 1.5 to about 15 mM, about 2.0 to about 15 mM, about 2.5 to about 15 mM, about 3.0 to about 15 mM, about 3.5 to about 15 mM, about 4.0 to about 15 mM, about 4.5 to about 15 mM, about 5.0 to about 15 mM, about 5.5 to about 15 mM, about 6.0 to about 15 mM, about 6.5 to about 15 mM, about 7.0 to about 15 mM, about 7.5 to about 15 mM, about 8.0 to about 15 mM, about 8.5 to about 15 mM, about 9.0 to about 15 mM, about 9.5 to about 15 mM, about 0.1 to about 9.9 mM, about 0.5 to about 9.9

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[0210]

[Optional component]

(Sweetener)

The tea beverage of the present invention can contain a sweetener other than the high-intensity sweetener of the component (a). In the present description, the "sweetener" means any substance or a substance group which causes a sweetness response. Sweeteners can be classified into carbohydrate sweeteners and non-carbohydrate sweeteners based on structural characteristics and also into low-intensity sweeteners and high-intensity sweeteners based on the degree of sweetness. Further, sweet substances can also be classified based on the energy (calorie) into caloric sweeteners and non-caloric sweeteners. Further, sweet substances can also be classified based on the availability into natural sweeteners and artificial sweeteners.

[0211]

The carbohydrate sweetener is not limited and examples include starch sugars such as sucrose, lactose, glucose,

maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose, sugar alcohols such as erythritol, sorbitol, mannitol, maltitol, xylitol, and palatinit, sucrose, palatinose, fructooligosaccharide, Coupling Sugar^(R), galactooligosaccharide, lactosucrose, raffinose, soyoligosaccharide, and honey. Further, the carbohydrate sweetener includes rare sugars.

[0212]

The rare sugar refers to a monosaccharide that occurs in very small quantities in nature and derivatives thereof. For example, the rare sugar includes naturally occurring aldoses other than D-glucose, D-galactose, D-mannose, D-ribose, D-xylose, and L-arabinose, naturally occurring ketoses other than D-fructose, naturally occurring sugar alcohols other than D-sorbitol. Nonrestrictive examples of the rare sugar include ketoses such as D-tagatose, D-sorbose, D-allulose (D-psicose), L-fructose, L-allulose (L-psicose), L-tagatose, L-sorbose, aldoses such as altrose and D-allose, sugar alcohols such as xylitol, erythritol, and D-talitol.

[0213]

The caloric sweetener typically means sweet substances having an energy of 4 kcal/g. An energy of a sweet substance is already known or can be determined by measuring a content by HPLC or the like and calculating by multiplying the content by an energy conversion factor, or measuring a heat of physical combustion using a calorie meter (for example, bomb calorimeter) and correcting the

heat with a digestion-absorption rate, an excreted heat or the like. Nonrestrictive examples of the caloric sweetener include sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, fructose.

[0214]

The non-caloric sweeteners typically refer to those having the nature of being difficult to be digested in the body and consequently having a reduced energy to be taken into and mean sweet substances having an energy of less than 2 kcal/g, preferably less than 1 kcal/g, and further preferably less than 0.5 kcal/g. Nonrestrictive examples of the non-caloric sweetener include non-caloric hexoses such as allulose (psicose) and allose, non-caloric pentoses such as xylose and arabinose, non-caloric tetroses such as erythrose and threose, and non-caloric sugar alcohols such as erythritol and allitol.

[0215]

Further, the sweet substances can also be classified based on the energy (calorie) level. For example, the sweet substances can be classified into sweet substances having an energy of 4 kcal/g or more and sweet substances having an energy of less than 4 kcal/g. The sweet substance having an energy of less than 4 kcal/g can further be classified into sweet substances having an energy of less than 3 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 2.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 2 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 1.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an

energy of less than 1 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 0.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 1 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 3 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 3 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 1 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g, and sweet substances having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 1 kcal/g. Examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 4 kcal/g or more include sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose, examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g include sorbitol, xylitol, D-xylose, D-ribose, D-tagatose, and arabinose, and examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g include D-allulose, erythritol, allose, erythrose, threose, and allitol.

[0216]

The low-intensity sweetener means a compound having about the same degree of sweetness as that of sucrose (for example, less than 5 times, about 0.1 to 2 times, about 0.5 to 1.5 times that of sucrose). Nonrestrictive examples of the low-intensity sweetener include low-intensity sugar sweeteners such as sucrose, a high-fructose corn syrup,

glucose, fructose, lactose, maltose, xylose, lactulose, fructooligosaccharides, maltooligosaccharides, isomaltooligosaccharides, galactooligosaccharides, Coupling Sugar^(R), and palatinose, sugar alcohol low-intensity sweeteners such as maltitol, sorbitol, erythritol, xylitol, lactitol, palatinit, reduced starch saccharified products. Further, the low-intensity sweetener includes rare sugars, caloric sweeteners, non-caloric sweeteners, carbohydrate sweeteners, non-carbohydrate sweeteners, natural sweeteners, and artificial sweeteners as long as the degree of sweetness is in the above range.

[0217]

The tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention contains a low-intensity sweetener. In other embodiments of the present invention, the following tea beverage (hereinafter, also referred to as the tea beverage of Embodiment A) is provided.

Tea beverage comprising:

- (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,
- (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,
- (c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium, and
- (d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4 (hereinafter, sometimes abbreviated as the "component (d)"),

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied. The tea beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain a component as a sweetener other than (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 and (d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4.

[0218]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from hexose, pentose, tetrose, a polysaccharide having a terminal sugar of aldose or ketose, sugar alcohol, and a combination thereof. In other embodiments of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof. In still other embodiment of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof.

[0219]

The X4 in the "sweetness intensity X4" can be 0 to 0.5, 0 to 1.0, 0 to 1.5, 0 to 2.0, 0 to 2.5, 0 to 3.0, 0 to 3.5, 0 to 4.0, 0 to 4.5, 0 to 5.0, 0 to 5.5, 0 to 6.0, 0 to 6.5, 0 to 7.0, 0 to 7.5, 0 to 8.0, 0 to 8.25, 0 to 8.5, 0 to 8.75, 0 to 9.0, 0 to 9.25, 0 to 9.5, 0 to 9.75,

0 to 10.0, 0.05 to 0.5, 0.05 to 1.0, 0.05 to 1.5, 0.05 to 2.0, 0.05 to 2.5, 0.05 to 3.0, 0.05 to 3.5, 0.05 to 4.0, 0.05 to 4.5, 0.05 to 5.0, 0.05 to 5.5, 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.25, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 8.75, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.25, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 9.75, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.1 to 0.5, 0.1 to 1.0, 0.1 to 1.5, 0.1 to 2.0, 0.1 to 2.5, 0.1 to 3.0, 0.1 to 3.5, 0.1 to 4.0, 0.1 to 4.5, 0.1 to 5.0, 0.1 to 5.5, 0.1 to 6.0, 0.1 to 6.5, 0.1 to 7.0, 0.1 to 7.5, 0.1 to 8.0, 0.1 to 8.25, 0.1 to 8.5, 0.1 to 8.75, 0.1 to 9.0, 0.1 to 9.25, 0.1 to 9.5, 0.1 to 9.75, 0.1 to 10.0, 0.5 to 0.5, 0.5 to 1.0, 0.5 to 1.5, 0.5 to 2.0, 0.5 to 2.5, 0.5 to 3.0, 0.5 to 3.5, 0.5 to 4.0, 0.5 to 4.5, 0.5 to 5.0, 0.5 to 5.5, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.25, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 8.75, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.25, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 9.75, 0.5 to 10.0, 1.0 to 0.5, 1.0 to 1.0, 1.0 to 1.5, 1.0 to 2.0, 1.0 to 2.5, 1.0 to 3.0, 1.0 to 3.5, 1.0 to 4.0, 1.0 to 4.5, 1.0 to 5.0, 1.0 to 5.5, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.25, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 8.75, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.25, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 9.75, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.5 to 0.5, 1.5 to 1.0, 1.5 to 1.5, 1.5 to 2.0, 1.5 to 2.5, 1.5 to 3.0, 1.5 to 3.5, 1.5 to 4.0, 1.5 to 4.5, 1.5 to 5.0, 1.5 to 5.5, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.25, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 8.75, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.25, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 9.75, 1.5 to 10.0, 2.0 to 0.5, 2.0 to 1.0, 2.0 to 1.5, 2.0 to 2.0, 2.0 to 2.5, 2.0 to 3.0, 2.0 to 3.5, 2.0 to 4.0, 2.0 to 4.5, 2.0 to 5.0,

2.0 to 5.5, 2.0 to 6.0, 2.0 to 6.5, 2.0 to 7.0, 2.0 to 7.5,
2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.25, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 8.75, 2.0 to
9.0, 2.0 to 9.25, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 9.75, 2.0 to 10.0,
2.5 to 0.5, 2.5 to 1.0, 2.5 to 1.5, 2.5 to 2.0, 2.5 to 2.5,
2.5 to 3.0, 2.5 to 3.5, 2.5 to 4.0, 2.5 to 4.5, 2.5 to 5.0,
2.5 to 5.5, 2.5 to 6.0, 2.5 to 6.5, 2.5 to 7.0, 2.5 to 7.5,
2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.25, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 8.75, 2.5 to
9.0, 2.5 to 9.25, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 9.75, 2.5 to 10.0,
0.1 to 5.9, 3.0 to 3.5, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.5, 3.0 to 5.0,
or 3.0 to 5.5.

[0220]

The X4 can also be 0 to 10.5, 0 to 11.0, 0 to 11.5, 0
to 12.0, 0 to 12.5, 0 to 13.0, 0 to 13.5, 0 to 14.0, 0 to
14.5, 0 to 15.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5,
0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 12.5, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 13.5,
0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 14.5, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.1 to 10.5, 0.1
to 11.0, 0.1 to 11.5, 0.1 to 12.0, 0.1 to 12.5, 0.1 to
13.0, 0.1 to 13.5, 0.1 to 14.0, 0.1 to 14.5, 0.1 to 15.0,
0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to
12.5, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 13.5, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 14.5,
0.5 to 15.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to
12.0, 1.0 to 12.5, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 13.5, 1.0 to 14.0,
1.0 to 14.5, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to
11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 12.5, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 13.5,
1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 14.5, 1.5 to 15.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to
11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 12.5, 2.0 to 13.0,
2.0 to 13.5, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 14.5, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.5 to
10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 12.5,

2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 13.5, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 14.5, or 2.5 to 15.0.

The amount corresponding to a sweet intensity X4 of a low-intensity sweetener refers to an amount (concentration) which provides a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X4 under the conditions when the low-intensity sweetener is dissolved in water having the same volume as the tea beverage of the present invention at 20°C.

[0221]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the X4 is preferably 0.05 to 6.0, more preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and still more preferably 0.1 to 4.0.

[0222]

The X5 is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than $X1 + X4$ and can be 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15 or 10.5 to 12.5. The X5 can also be 4.0 to 18, 4.0 to 16, 4.0 to 15.5, 4.0 to 14, 4.5 to 18, 4.5 to 16, 4.5 to 15.5, 4.5 to 14, 5.0

to 18, 5.0 to 16, 5.0 to 15.5, 5.0 to 14, 5.5 to 18, 5.5 to 16, 5.5 to 15.5, 5.5 to 14, 6.0 to 18, 6.0 to 16, 6.0 to 15.5, 6.0 to 14, 6.5 to 18, 6.5 to 16, 6.5 to 15.5, 6.5 to 14, 7.0 to 18, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15.5, 7.0 to 14, 7.5 to 18, 7.5 to 16, 7.5 to 15.5, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 16, 8.0 to 15.5, 8.0 to 14, 8.5 to 18, 8.5 to 16, 8.5 to 15.5, 8.5 to 14, 9.0 to 18, 9.0 to 16, 9.0 to 15.5, 9.0 to 14, 9.5 to 18, 9.5 to 16, 9.5 to 15.5, 9.5 to 14, 10.0 to 18, 10.0 to 16, 10.0 to 15.5, 10.5 to 18, 10.5 to 16 or 10.5 to 15.5.

[0223]

(Other components)

The tea beverage of the present invention can suitably contain an antioxidant (sodium erythorbate or the like), an emulsifier (sucrose esters of fatty acids, sorbitan esters of fatty acids, polyglycerin esters of fatty acids or the like), an acidulant (phosphoric acid, citric acid, malic acid or the like), and a flavor, as long as the effects of the present invention are not affected.

[0224]

[Exemplary embodiments of the tea beverage of B1-th embodiment of the present invention]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a Luo Han Guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0, and

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0225]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_1 is 0.5 to 10.0, preferably 1.5 to 9.0, and more preferably 2.0 to 8.0, and

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0226]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose,

psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0227]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-

intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine and L-glutamine,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

a polyphenol content is 200 to 600 ppm or 300 to 500 ppm,

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0228]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, less than 40 mM of L-serine, less than 50 mM of glycine, less than 1 mM of L-arginine, less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, less than 40 mM of L-valine, less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, less than 20 mM of L-leucine, less than 40 mM of L-threonine, less than 40 mM of L-proline, less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an

oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0229]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo

extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof, and

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0.

In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0230]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from arginine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof,

a polyphenol content is 200 to 600 ppm or 300 to 500 ppm, and

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an

amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0231]

In an embodiment of the present invention, tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine,

(c) 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_4 ,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X_1 + X_4 < X_5$ is satisfied,

an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and $X_1 + X_4$ is 6 or more. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0232]

1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness

<<C1-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the C1-th embodiment, the following coffee beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the coffee beverage C of the present invention").

A coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied.

[0233]

In other words, in the coffee beverage of the C1-th embodiment of the present invention, the component having a sweetness is (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and the sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention is supposed to be a sweetness intensity X_a when calculated. However, the presence of (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, in the coffee beverage even in a low concentration enhances the sweetness of (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , to a sweetness intensity X_b ($0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied herein). The present invention means to possibly include, in addition to these components

(a) and (b), further a sweetener other than (a); and additional components such as a milk content, an acidulant, a flavor, a vitamin, a coloring, an antioxidant, an emulsifier, a preservative, a seasoning agent, an extract, a pH adjuster and a quality stabilizer. For example, a coffee beverage with milk can contain a milk content (for example, skimmed milk) derived from bovine milk, and a sugar (lactose) contained in such a milk content is a sweetener other than (a) in the present invention. The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain a substance having a sweetness, as a sweetener, other than the component (a) and a sugar contained in a milk content derived from bovine milk.

[0234]

Furthermore, the coffee beverage in a preferable embodiment of the present invention exerts the effect of improving a taste, other than enhancing a sweetness. For example, in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention, at least one of "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" and "saltiness" is preferably improved. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, "body, thickness" and "flavor intensity" are improved by alanine, glycine or serine.

[0235]

(Coffee beverage)

In the present invention, the "coffee beverage" refers to a beverage product that is produced using a coffee content as a raw material. Typical examples of the type of the product include, but are not particularly limited to, "coffee", a "coffee beverage" and a "coffee-containing soft beverage" defined in the "Fair Competition Code for Coffee Beverage Labeling" approved in 1977. Further, a beverage produced using a coffee content as a raw material, if having a milk solid content of 3.0 mass% or more, is treated as a "milk beverage" under the application of the "Fair Competition Code for Drinking Milk Labeling", and this is included in the coffee beverage in the present invention.

[0236]

The coffee content (hereinafter, sometimes referred to as an extract of roasted coffee beans) here refers to a solution containing a component derived from coffee beans. Examples thereof include a coffee liquid extract, that is, a solution extracted from roasted and ground coffee beans using water, hot water or the like. Further examples of the coffee content include a solution in an appropriate amount adjusted with water or hot water from a coffee extract obtained by concentrating a coffee liquid extract or instant coffee obtained by drying a coffee liquid extract.

[0237]

The type of the coffee beans for use in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is not

particularly limited. Examples of the cultivated tree species include Arabica species, Robusta species and Liberica species. Examples of the coffee cultivar include Mocha, Brazil, Columbia, Guatemala, Blue Mountain, Kona, Mandheling and Kilimanjaro. One type of coffee bean can be used or plural types of coffee beans can be blended for use. A roasting method for roasted coffee beans is not particularly limited, and a roasting temperature or a roasting environment is not limited by any means. Although a usual method can be adopted, the roasting degree, L-value, of the coffee beans is preferably 18 to 24. An extraction method from the roasted coffee beans is not limited by any means, and examples thereof include a method of performing extraction for 10 seconds to 30 minutes using water or hot water (0 to 100°C) from a coarsely, medium or finely ground product of roasted coffee beans. The extraction method can be a drip method, a siphon method, a boiling method, a jet method, a continuous method or the like.

[0238]

A milk content (component derived from milk) such as milk, bovine milk or a dairy product can be added to the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention. As used herein, such a coffee beverage supplemented with the milk content is also referred to as a "coffee beverage with milk". One or more selected from bovine milk, condensed milk, defatted milk, reduced milk (reduced milk obtained by reducing dried whole milk, skimmed milk or

formula milk), concentrated whey, concentrated milk, cream and plant milk (soybean milk, almond milk and the like) can be used as such a milk content. Only one milk content can be used or two or more milk contents can be optionally used in combination. Not only a liquid one but a powder one can be used as the milk content. The coffee beverage of the present invention can be a decaf beverage or can contain caffeine. In the case of containing caffeine, its concentration is not particularly limited, but is preferably on the order of 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml, 15 mg/100 ml to 100 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml to 95 mg/100 ml, 25 mg/100 ml to 90 mg/100 ml, or 30 mg/100 ml to 85 mg/100 ml. The amount of caffeine in the coffee beverage can be measured by high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).

[0239]

The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention can contain a pH adjuster. Examples of the pH adjuster include, but are not limited to, sodium bicarbonate, carbon dioxide, succinic acid, gluconic acid, citric acid, trisodium citrate, phosphoric acid, lactic acid, sodium hydroxide and salts thereof.

[0240]

The form of the coffee beverage of the present invention is not limited and can be, for example, a concentrated coffee extract or a beverage form where instant coffee is dissolved, or can be a coffee beverage

form packed in a container, which is contained and packed in a container such as a can or a PET bottle.

[0241]

[Sweetness intensity]

As used herein, the "sweetness intensity" means an intensity of sweetness of a substance. For example, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, a degree of sweetness of glucose is 0.6 to 0.7 (median value 0.65). A numerical value obtained by multiplying this degree of sweetness by a concentration Brix value of glucose is the sweetness intensity of glucose. Thus, when a concentration of glucose is Brix 1.5, the sweetness intensity of glucose is $0.65 \times 1.5 = 0.975$. The degrees of sweetness of common sweeteners are as shown in Table 1 described with respect to the A1-th embodiment.

[0242]

The coffee beverage of the present invention contains, as described above, a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a and has a sweetness having a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied.

[0243]

The X_a in the "sweetness intensity X_a " can be more than 0.05 and 0.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 1.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 1.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 2.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 2.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 3.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 3.5 or less, more than

0.05 and 4.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 4.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 5.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 5.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 0.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 1.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 1.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 2.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 2.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 3.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 3.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 4.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 4.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 5.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 5.5 or less, 0.05 to 0.5, 0.05 to 1.0, 0.05 to 1.5, 0.05 to 2.0, 0.05 to 2.5, 0.05 to 3.0, 0.05 to 3.5, 0.05 to 4.0, 0.05 to 4.5, 0.05 to 5.0, 0.05 to 5.5, 0.5 to 1.0, 0.5 to 1.5, 0.5 to 2.0, 0.5 to 2.5, 0.5 to 3.0, 0.5 to 3.5, 0.5 to 4.0, 0.5 to 4.5, 0.5 to 5.0, 0.5 to 5.5, 1.0 to 1.5, 1.0 to 2.0, 1.0 to 2.5, 1.0 to 3.0, 1.0 to 3.5, 1.0 to 4.0, 1.0 to 4.5, 1.0 to 5.0, 1.0 to 5.5, 1.5 to 2.0, 1.5 to 2.5, 1.5 to 3.0, 1.5 to 3.5, 1.5 to 4.0, 1.5 to 4.5, 1.5 to 5.0, 1.5 to 5.5, 2.0 to 2.5, 2.0 to 3.0, 2.0 to 3.5, 2.0 to 4.0, 2.0 to 4.5, 2.0 to 5.0, 2.0 to 5.5, 2.5 to 3.0, 2.5 to 3.5, 2.5 to 4.0, 2.5 to 4.5, 2.5 to 5.0, 2.5 to 5.5, 3.0 to 3.5, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.5, 3.0 to 5.0, 3.0 to 5.5, 2.0 to 6.5, 2.0 to 7.0, 2.0 to 7.5, 2.0 to 6.0, 2.5 to 7.0, 2.5 to 7.5, 2.5 to 6.0, 2.5 to 6.5, 3.0 to 6.0, 3.0 to 6.5, 3.0 to 7.0, 3.0 to 7.5, 3.0 to 8.0, 3.0 to 8.5, 3.0 to 9.0, 3.0 to 9.5, 3.5 to 7.0, 3.5 to 7.5, 3.5 to 8.0, 4.5 to 8.5, 3.5 to 9.0, 3.5 to 9.5, 4.0 to 7.5, 4.0 to 8.0, 4.0 to 8.5, 4.0 to 9.0, 4.0 to 9.5, 3.5 to 8.5, 3.5 to 10.0, 3.5 to 10.5, 3.5 to 11.0, 3.5 to 11.5, or 4.0 to 11.5.

[0244]

The Xa can also be more than 0.05 and 6.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 6.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 7.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 7.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 8.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 8.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 9.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 9.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 10.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 10.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 11.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 11.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 12.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 13.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 14.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 15.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 16.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 17.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 18.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 6.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 6.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 7.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 7.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 8.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 8.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 9.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 9.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 10.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 10.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 11.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 11.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 12.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 13.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 14.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 15.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 16.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 17.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 18.0 or less, 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5,

0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 10.0, 3.0 to 10.5, 3.0 to 11.0, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 12.0, 3.0 to 13.0, 3.0 to 14.0, 3.0 to 15.0, 3.0 to 16.0, 3.0 to 17.0, 3.0 to 18.0, 3.5 to 4.0, 3.5 to 4.5, 3.5 to 5.0, 3.5 to 5.5, 3.5 to 6.0, 3.5 to 6.5, 3.5 to 12.0, 3.5 to 13.0, 3.5 to 14.0, 3.5 to 15.0, 3.5 to 16.0, 3.5 to 17.0, 3.5 to 18.0, 4.0 to 4.5, 4.0 to 5.0, 4.0 to 5.5, 4.0 to 6.0, 4.0 to 6.5, 4.0 to 7.0, 4.0 to 10.0, 4.0 to 10.5, 4.0 to 11.0, 4.0 to 12.0, 4.0 to 13.0, 4.0 to 14.0, 4.0 to 15.0, 4.0 to 16.0, 4.0 to 17.0, or 4.0 to 18.0.

[0245]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the X_a is preferably 0.5 to 10.0, more preferably 1.5 to 9.0, and still more preferably 2.0 to 8.0. Further, in another embodiment of the present invention, the X_a is preferably 0.5 to 5.5, more preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and still more preferably 2.0 to 5.0.

[0246]

The amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a of a high-intensity sweetener refers to an amount which provides a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_a under the conditions when the high-intensity sweetener is dissolved in water having the same volume as the coffee beverage of the present invention at 20°C.

[0247]

Further, the amount of a high-intensity sweetener can be P_a ppm and P_a ppm herein refers to an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a . The P_a herein can be a value of about 1 to about 800, about 5 to about 800, about 10 to about 800, about 15 to about 800, about 20 to about 800, about 25 to about 800, about 30 to about 800, about 35 to about 800, about 40 to about 800, about 45 to about 800, about 50 to about 800, about 55 to about 800, about 20 to about 750, about 25 to about 750, about 30 to about 750, about 35 to about 750, about 40 to about 750, about 45 to about 750, about 50 to about 750, about 55 to about 750, about 20 to about 700, about 25 to about 700, about 30 to about 700, about 35 to about 700, about 40 to about 700, about 45 to about 700, about 50 to about

700, about 55 to about 700, about 20 to about 650, about 25 to about 650, about 30 to about 650, about 35 to about 650, about 40 to about 650, about 45 to about 650, about 50 to about 650, about 55 to about 650, about 20 to about 600, about 25 to about 600, about 30 to about 600, about 35 to about 600, about 40 to about 600, about 45 to about 600, about 50 to about 600, about 55 to about 600, about 20 to about 550, about 25 to about 550, about 30 to about 550, about 35 to about 550, about 40 to about 550, about 45 to about 550, about 50 to about 550, about 55 to about 550, about 20 to about 540, about 25 to about 540, about 30 to about 540, about 35 to about 540, about 40 to about 540, about 45 to about 540, about 50 to about 540, about 55 to about 540, about 20 to about 530, about 25 to about 530, about 30 to about 530, about 35 to about 530, about 40 to about 530, about 45 to about 530, about 50 to about 530, about 55 to about 530, about 20 to about 520, about 25 to about 520, about 30 to about 520, about 35 to about 520, about 40 to about 520, about 45 to about 520, about 50 to about 520, about 55 to about 520, about 20 to about 510, about 25 to about 510, about 30 to about 510, about 35 to about 510, about 40 to about 510, about 45 to about 510, about 50 to about 510, about 55 to about 510, about 20 to about 505, about 25 to about 505, about 30 to about 505, about 35 to about 505, about 40 to about 505, about 45 to about 505, about 50 to about 505, about 55 to about 505, about 20 to about 500, about 25 to about 500, about 30 to about 500, about 35 to about 500, about 40 to about

500, about 45 to about 500, about 50 to about 500, about 55 to about 500, about 20 to about 495, about 25 to about 495, about 30 to about 495, about 35 to about 495, about 40 to about 495, about 45 to about 495, about 50 to about 495, about 55 to about 495, about 20 to about 490, about 25 to about 490, about 30 to about 490, about 35 to about 490, about 40 to about 490, about 45 to about 490, about 50 to about 490, or about 55 to about 490.

[0248]

The Pa can also be a value of 1 to 1500, 1 to 1200, 5 to 1200, 1 to 1000, 5 to 1000, 10 to 1000, 1 to 900, 5 to 900, 10 to 900, 15 to 900, 20 to 900, 25 to 900, 30 to 900, 35 to 900, 40 to 900, 45 to 900, 50 to 900, 55 to 900, 1 to 800, 5 to 800, 10 to 800, 15 to 800, 20 to 800, 25 to 800, 30 to 800, 35 to 800, 40 to 800, 45 to 800, 50 to 800, 55 to 800, 1 to 700, 5 to 700, 10 to 700, 15 to 700, 20 to 700, 25 to 700, 30 to 700, 35 to 700, 40 to 700, 45 to 700, 50 to 700, 55 to 700, 1 to 600, 5 to 600, 10 to 600, 15 to 600, 20 to 600, 25 to 600, 30 to 600, 35 to 600, 40 to 600, 45 to 600, 50 to 600, 55 to 600, 1 to 550, 1 to 540, 1 to 530, 1 to 520, 1 to 510, 1 to 505, 1 to 500, 1 to 495, 1 to 490, 5 to 550, 5 to 540, 5 to 530, 5 to 520, 5 to 510, 5 to 505, 5 to 500, 5 to 495, 5 to 490, 10 to 550, 10 to 540, 10 to 530, 10 to 520, 10 to 510, 10 to 505, 10 to 500, 10 to 495, 10 to 490, 15 to 550, 15 to 540, 15 to 530, 15 to 520, 15 to 510, 15 to 505, 15 to 500, 15 to 495, or 15 to 490.

[0249]

The Pa can also be a value of about 20 to about 200, about 100 to about 500, about 100 to about 450, about 100 to about 400, about 100 to about 350, about 100 to about 300, about 100 to about 250, about 100 to about 200, about 150 to about 500, about 150 to about 450, about 150 to about 400, about 150 to about 350, about 150 to about 300, about 150 to about 250, about 150 to about 200, about 200 to about 500, about 200 to about 450, about 200 to about 400, about 200 to about 350, about 200 to about 300, or about 200 to about 250.

[0250]

The Xb is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than the Xa and can be 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5,

1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 10.0, 3.0 to 10.5, 3.0 to 11.0, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 12.0, 3.0 to 13.0, 3.0 to 14.0, 3.0 to 15.0, 3.0 to 16.0, 3.0 to 17.0, 3.0 to 18.0, 3.5 to 4.0, 3.5 to 4.5, 3.5 to 5.0, 3.5 to 5.5, 3.5 to 6.0, 3.5 to 6.5, 3.5 to 12.0, 3.5 to 13.0, 3.5 to 14.0, 3.5 to 15.0, 3.5 to 16.0, 3.5 to 17.0, 3.5 to 18.0, 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15, or 10.5 to 12.5. The Xb can also be 4.0 to 18, 4.0 to 16, 4.0 to 15.5, 4.0 to 14, 4.5 to 18, 4.5 to 16, 4.5 to 15.5, 4.5 to 14, 5.0 to 18, 5.0 to 16, 5.0 to 15.5, 5.0 to 14, 5.5 to 18, 5.5

to 16, 5.5 to 15.5, 5.5 to 14, 6.0 to 18, 6.0 to 16, 6.0 to 15.5, 6.0 to 14, 6.5 to 18, 6.5 to 16, 6.5 to 15.5, 6.5 to 14, 7.0 to 18, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15.5, 7.0 to 14, 7.5 to 18, 7.5 to 16, 7.5 to 15.5, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 16, 8.0 to 15.5, 8.0 to 14, 8.5 to 18, 8.5 to 16, 8.5 to 15.5, 8.5 to 14, 9.0 to 18, 9.0 to 16, 9.0 to 15.5, 9.0 to 14, 9.5 to 18, 9.5 to 16, 9.5 to 15.5, 9.5 to 14, 10.0 to 18, 10.0 to 16, 10.0 to 15.5, 10.5 to 18, 10.5 to 16, or 10.5 to 15.5.

[0251]

The coffee beverage of the present invention has an enhanced sweetness as having been already mentioned. Whether or not the sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention is enhanced can be evaluated by panelists who received sensory trainings. Further, for the sweetness intensity of the coffee beverage of the present invention, each standard coffee beverage to be the sweetness standard is prepared with each of sucrose concentrations assigned as sweetness intensities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 and panelists compare the sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention with the sweetness of such each standard coffee beverage thereby to measure the sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention. Note that such each standard coffee beverage having a sweetness intensity of 1, 2, ... 15 is prepared by adding sucrose in such a way that a sucrose content is 1 g/100 g, 2 g/100 g, ... 15

g/100 g to the coffee beverage to which sucrose is not added.

Furthermore, of such standard coffee beverage having a lower sweetness than the coffee beverage of the present invention in the above measurement, the standard coffee beverage having the closest sweetness to that of the coffee beverage of the present invention is selected and adjusted in such a way as to have the same sweetness as that of the coffee beverage of the present invention by adding sucrose to the selected standard coffee beverage, during which a sweetness intensity of the coffee beverage of the present invention can also be measured from a sucrose content in the adjusted standard coffee beverage.

[0252]

Other examples of the method for measuring a sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention include a sweetness intensity rating using Visual Analogue Scale (VAS method). For the VAS method, literatures in The journal of Japanese Society of Stomatognathic Function (2014) 20 pp. 115-129 ("Construction of a Screening Test for Gustatory Function in Four Basic Tastes" by Toyota et al.) and the like can be referred. Specifically, in the measurement of sweetness intensity by the VAS method, for example, evaluators define sweetness intensities as "not sweet at all" at the lower end and "nothing is sweeter than this" at the upper end and, using a piece of paper on which a vertical line indicating the intensities of sweetness on the straight line, assess a sweetness

intensity sensed at that time by showing a position on the straight line.

[0253]

The sweetness intensity of the coffee beverage of the present invention is not particularly limited as long as it is acceptable as coffee beverage and can be, in terms of the degree of sweetness, for example, 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15, or 10.5 to 12.5. The sweetness intensity of the coffee beverage is provided by the above components (a) and (b) and optional additional components.

[0254]

An energy (total energy) of the coffee beverage of the present invention can be, depending on an embodiment, 0 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 5 Kcal/100

ml, 0.1 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, or 24 to 30 Kcal/100 ml.

[0255]

Further, an energy (total energy, TE) of the coffee beverage of the present invention can be, depending on an embodiment (for example, an embodiment containing a caloric sweetener), $0 < TE \leq 50$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 45$

Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 40$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 35$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 30$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 24$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 22$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 20$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 15$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 10$ Kcal/100 ml or $0 < TE \leq 5$ Kcal/100 ml (that is, it never is completely 0).

[0256]

The components (a) and (b) can be in any combinations. As shown in examples to be described later, the addition of the component (b) to the component (a) enables to provide a sweetness intensity X_b , which is higher than the sweetness intensity X_a of the component (a) alone. That is, the sweetness of the component (a) can be enhanced by the component (b). For this reason, coffee beverage can be produced without using or with a reduced amount of highly caloric sucrose while maintaining the sweetness equal to coffee beverage containing sucrose. Thus, the design of new low-caloric coffee beverage is enabled. In the case of designing a zero-calorie coffee beverage, a high-intensity sweetener having particularly good-taste quality such as rebaudioside D (hereinafter, rebaudioside is sometimes abbreviated as "Reb") and rebaudioside M is used for the component (a) and D-allulose or erythritol is used as an additional sweet substance thereby to improve a sweetness with a low-concentration amino acid. In the case of adjusting a food to be not zero calories but a low calorie, a caloric sweetener such as sucrose, glucose, fructose, or sorbitol can be contained as an additional sweet substance.

[0257]

[High-intensity sweetener]

The high-intensity sweetener (hereinafter, sometimes abbreviated as the "sweetener (a)" or "component (a)") means a compound having a more intense sweetness than sucrose and encompasses naturally occurring compounds, synthetic compounds, and combinations of naturally occurring compounds and synthetic compounds. The high-intensity sweetener has, in the same amount as sucrose, a sweetness 5 times or more, 10 times or more, 50 times or more, 100 times or more, 500 times or more, 1,000 times or more, 5,000 times or more, 10,000 times or more, 50,000 times or more, or 100,000 times or more, of that of sucrose.

[0258]

Specific examples of the high-intensity sweetener include peptide-based sweeteners such as aspartame, neotame, and advantame, for example, sucrose derivatives such as sucralose, for example, synthetic sweeteners such as acesulfame K, saccharine, saccharin sodium, sodium cyclamate, dulcin, disodium glycyrrhizin, trisodium glycyrrhizin, and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone (including those naturally occurring but also those whose synthetic products are mostly distributed such as neohesperidin dihydrochalcone), for example, sweeteners extracted from plants such as thaumatin, monellin, curculin, mabinlin, brazzein, pentagin, hernandulcin, 4 β -hydroxyhernandulcin, miraculin, glycyrrhizin, rubusoside, and phyllodulcin, and plant extracts containing a high-intensity sweetener

component, for example, *Stevia rebaudiana* extract, Luo han guo extract, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* extract, *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee extract, *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* extract, *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* extract, *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth extract, *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* (serendipity berry) extract, *Curculigo latifolia* extract, *Richadella dulcifica* (miracle fruit) extract, *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* (West African fruit) extract, *Capparis masaikai* (Mabinlang) extract, and *Lippia dulcis* (Aztec sweet herb) extract, sweet components in these extracts, for example, steviol glycosides such as stevia derivatives like enzymatically-treated stevia in which a stevia extract and stevia are treated with an enzyme and glucose is added thereto, mogrosides obtained by treating Luo han guo and a Luo han guo extract, glycosides obtained from plant extracts such as phyllostulcin glycosides, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* plant-containing sweetness components (for example, triterpene glycosides such as glycyrrhizin), *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee plant-containing sweet components (for example, diterpene glycosides such as rubusoside), *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* plant-containing sweet components (for example, dihydroisocoumarin such as phyllostulcin), *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* plant-containing sweet components (for example, amino acids such as monatin), *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as thaumatin), *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as monellin),

Curculigo latifolia plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as curculin), *Richadella dulcifica* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as miraculin), *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as brazzein and pentagin), *Capparis masaikai* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as mabinlin), and *Lippia dulcis* plant-containing sweet components (for example, sesquiterpenes such as hernandulcin and 4 β -hydroxyhernandulcin).

[0259]

Examples of the steviol glycoside include rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol, steviol monoside, steviol bioside and stevioside. Examples of the mogroside include mogroside IV and mogroside V.

The Glycyrrhiza extract refers to those obtained from roots or rhizomes of *Glycyrrhiza uralensis* Fisher, *Glycyrrhiza inflata* Batalin, and *Glycyrrhiza glabra* Linne and having glycyrrhizic acid as the main component. Examples of the Glycyrrhiza extract include Glycyrrhiza extracts, Glycyrrhizin, and licorice extracts.

The sucrose derivative includes, for example, those obtained by substituting the OH group or the H group of

sucrose with other substituents and examples thereof include halogen derivatives of sucrose (sucralose) and oxathiazinonedioxide derivatives.

[0260]

In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener is selected from a high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality. As used herein, the "high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality" means a high-intensity sweet substance having one or more taste qualities selected from, when compared with rebaudioside A (RebA), (1) less astringent taste, (2) less metallic taste, (3) less aftertaste of sweetness, and (4) less bitterness. Whether or not a certain sweet substance has the above taste quality is already known or can be determined based on a sensory evaluation. Nonrestrictive examples of the high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality include RebD, RebM, a luohan guo extract, mogroside (for example, mogroside V), thaumatin, brazzein or a combination thereof.

[0261]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener can be those naturally occurring in plants and the like or those artificially produced (for example, bioconversion or chemosynthesis) but is preferably a naturally occurring sweetener. As used herein, the "naturally occurring" does not mean that a high-intensity sweet substance contained in the coffee beverage of the present invention is a natural product but

a high-intensity sweet substance contained in the coffee beverage of the present invention can be a product artificially (for example, by bioconversion) produced (non-naturally occurring product) as long as the same substance naturally occurs.

[0262]

Nonrestrictive examples of the sweetener (a) include rebaudioside A (RebA), rebaudioside D (RebD), rebaudioside M (RebM), neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, glycyrrhizin, thaumatin, monellin, mogroside, rubusoside, curculin, mabinlin, brazzein, pentagin, phyllodulcin, hernandulcin, miraculin, *Stevia rebaudiana* plant-containing sweet components, *Siraitia grosvenorii* plant-containing sweet components, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* plant-containing sweet components, *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee plant-containing sweet components, *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* plant-containing sweet components, *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* plant-containing sweet components, *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet components, *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* plant-containing sweet components, *Curculigo latifolia* plant-containing sweet components, *Richardella dulcifica* plant-containing sweet components, *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet components, *Capparis masaikai* plant-containing sweet components, *Lippia dulcis* plant-containing sweet components and derivatives thereof, and combinations thereof. In a specific embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains RebA, RebD, RebM, a mogroside (for

example, mogroside V) or a combination thereof. In another specific embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains RebA, RebD, RebM, a mogroside (for example, mogroside V), thaumatin or a combination thereof. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, a high-intensity sweetener contains at least one selected from the group consisting of RebA, RebD, RebM, mogroside V, a Luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof. In an embodiment of the present invention, the sweetener (a) is substantially made up of a sweetener other than major components of Stevia sweeteners such as RebA and stevioside. As used herein, the "substantially made up of ..." means that the sweetener used in the present invention can contain major component(s) of Stevia sweeteners as long as the effects of the invention are not affected. For example, preferably 90% or more, more preferably 95% or more, or further preferably 98% or more of the sweetener (a) for use in the present invention is made up of a sweetener other than RebA and stevioside.

[0263]

RebA, RebD and RebM can be directly extracted from Stevia, or can be obtained by adding glucose to a compound having another structure, contained in a Stevia extract.

[0264]

The Luo han guo extract as a sweetener is an extract of Luo han guo containing a sweet substance derived from Luo han guo, approved in various countries including Japan as a food additive and commercially available. Examples of the sweet substance derived from Luo han guo include

mogroside V, mogroside IV, 11-oxo-mogroside V, and Siamenoside I.

[0265]

Mogroside V is a kind of the major mogrol glycosides contained in Luo han guo and documented to have a good-quality sweetness property close to sucrose when compared with rebaudioside A. Mogroside V can be obtained from a Luo han guo extract (for example, an alcohol extract of Luo han guo) by purification with chromatography or the like. Alternatively, mogroside V can be obtained by adding glucose to a compound having another structure, contained in a Luo han guo extract.

[0266]

The Luo han guo extract preferably contains mogroside V and the ratio thereof is not limited and can be 10 wt% or more, 15 wt% or more, 20 wt% or more, 25 wt% or more, 30 wt% or more, 35 wt% or more, 40 wt% or more, 45 wt% or more, 50 wt% or more, 55 wt% or more, 60 wt% or more, 65 wt% or more, 70 wt% or more or 75 wt% or more, of the total dry weight of a Luo han guo extract. The content of mogroside V can be determined by a known technique such as liquid chromatography. The Luo han guo extract can be obtained by extracting a fruit of Luo han guo (*Siraitia grosvenorii*) with a suitable solvent (for example, an aqueous solvent such as water, an alcohol solvent such as ethanol or methanol, or a mixed solvent of an aqueous solvent and an alcohol solvent such as water-containing ethanol or water-containing methanol), and then optionally

carrying out a treatment such as degreasing, purification, concentration, and drying.

[0267]

Mogroside V can be one having a high purity, and can be, for example, one having a purity of 80% or more, 85% or more, 90% or more, 91% or more, 92% or more, 93% or more, 94% or more, 95% or more, 96% or more, 97% or more or 98% or more. Mogroside V obtained by purification of a luohan guo extract, of course, has a smaller amount of incorporation of a luohan guo extract component other than mogroside V, as it has a higher purity.

[0268]

In other embodiments of the present invention, mogroside V can also be one having a lower purity, and can be, for example, one having a purity of 50% or more, 55% or more, 60% or more, 65% or more, 70% or more or 75% or more. For example, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, the calculated value of the degree of sweetness of Mog V having a purity of about 65% is about 175. In other embodiments of the present invention, a luohan guo extract containing about 30 wt% or more of Mog V can be used as the high-intensity sweetener, and, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, the calculated value of the degree of sweetness of the luohan guo extract is about 100.

[0269]

The high-intensity sweetener is contained in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , as described above. When the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside D is about 225, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside M is about 230, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside B is about 325, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside A is 200 to 300 (median value 250), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside N is 200 to 250 (median value 225), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside O is 200 to 250 (median value 225), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside E is 70 to 80 (median value 75), a degree of sweetness of a luo han guo extract (containing 40% of Mog V) is about 130, a degree of sweetness of mogroside V is about 270, a degree of sweetness of thaumatin is 2,000, and a degree of sweetness of brazzein is 500 to 2000 (median value 1250). The numerical value obtained by multiplying these degrees of sweetness by a concentration (w/v% (considered to be the same as w/w% in the case of a beverage)) of the high-intensity sweetener in the coffee beverage is a sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener. When X_a of such a sweetener is herein determined, the above degree of sweetness (median value when a numerical value range is shown) is used. A relative ratio of a degree of sweetness of each sweetener to a degree of sweetness of 1 of sucrose can be determined from, for example, a known sugar sweetness conversion table (for example, information

"Beverage term dictionary", page 11, Beverage Japan, Inc.). When a numerical range of a degree of sweetness is herein shown, a median value is adopted. Herein, in the case of a sweetener whose degree of sweetness is different with respect to each literature, a relative ratio of a degree of sweetness to a degree of sweetness of 1 of sucrose can be determined by a sensory test. Examples of such a sensory test include a method involving preparing samples where sucrose is added to pure water so that Brix is 3.0 to 5.0 by 0.5, and selecting a sample where sucrose is added, having a sweetness intensity equal to that of an aqueous solution having a predetermined concentration of a sweetener, among such samples.

[0270]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a *luo han guo* extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C,

rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luo han guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, a Glycyrrhiza extract, saccharine, and a combination thereof.

[0271]

In some embodiments, the sweetener (a) contains the following combination: RebA and RebM, RebA and RebD, RebD and RebM, RebA and RebD and RebM, RebA and mogroside V, RebD and mogroside V, RebM and mogroside V, RebA and RebM and mogroside V, RebA and RebD and mogroside V, RebD and RebM and mogroside V, RebA and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and RebD and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and RebM and mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and brazzein, RebD and brazzein, RebM and brazzein, mogroside V and brazzein, neohesperidin dihydrochalcone and brazzein, RebM and RebD and brazzein, RebM and RebD and brazzein and mogroside V, RebM and RebD and brazzein and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, or RebM and RebD and brazzein and mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone.

[0272]

In another embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains the following combination: RebA and thaumatin, RebD and thaumatin, RebM and thaumatin, mogroside V and thaumatin,

RebA and RebM and thaumatin, RebA and RebD and thaumatin, RebD and RebM and thaumatin, RebA and mogroside V and thaumatin, RebD and mogroside V and thaumatin, RebM and mogroside V and thaumatin, or RebD and RebM and mogroside V and thaumatin.

[0273]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the sweetener (a) can contain a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably one or more high-intensity sweeteners selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof.

[0274]

The amount of the sweetener (a) contained in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is, in the case when the sweetener (a) contains a combination of a plurality of sweet substances, an amount of all of these sweet substances combined. When an amount of the sweetener (a) is Pa (ppm), Pa can be a value of, for example, about 20 to about 800, about 25 to about 800, about 30 to about 800, about 35 to about 800, about 40 to about 800, about 45 to about 800, about 50 to about 800, about 55 to about 800, about 20 to about 750, about 25 to about 750, about 30 to about 750, about 35 to about 750, about 40 to about 750, about 45 to about 750, about 50 to about 750, about 55 to about 750, about 20 to about 700, about 25 to about 700, about 30 to about 700, about 35 to

about 700, about 40 to about 700, about 45 to about 700,
about 50 to about 700, about 55 to about 700, about 20 to
about 650, about 25 to about 650, about 30 to about 650,
about 35 to about 650, about 40 to about 650, about 45 to
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about 30 to about 505, about 35 to about 505, about 40 to
about 505, about 45 to about 505, about 50 to about 505,
about 55 to about 505, about 20 to about 500, about 25 to

about 500, about 30 to about 500, about 35 to about 500, about 40 to about 500, about 45 to about 500, about 50 to about 500, about 55 to about 500, about 20 to about 495, about 25 to about 495, about 30 to about 495, about 35 to about 495, about 40 to about 495, about 45 to about 495, about 50 to about 495, about 55 to about 495, about 20 to about 490, about 25 to about 490, about 30 to about 490, about 35 to about 490, about 40 to about 490, about 45 to about 490, about 50 to about 490, about 55 to about 490, about 100 to about 500, about 100 to about 450, about 100 to about 400, about 100 to about 350, about 100 to about 300, about 100 to about 250, about 100 to about 200, about 150 to about 500, about 150 to about 450, about 150 to about 400, about 150 to about 350, about 150 to about 300, about 150 to about 250, about 150 to about 200, about 20 to about 200, about 200 to about 500, about 200 to about 450, about 200 to about 400, about 200 to about 350, about 200 to about 300, or about 200 to about 250.

[0275]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount Pa ppm of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0276]

[Amino acids or derivatives or salts thereof]

The coffee beverage of the present invention contains (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an

amount less than a taste recognition threshold. The amino acids or amino acid salts used in the present invention are organic compounds having both functional groups of an amino group and a carboxyl group, or salts thereof, and not particularly limited as long as a sweetness enhancement effect can be obtained. Additionally, proline and hydroxyproline, which form a cyclic structure in which the hydrogen of the amino group is substituted with a side chain moiety in a molecule, are also encompassed in the amino acid in the present description. The amino acid derivatives which can be used in the present invention encompass derivatives having no carboxyl group such as taurine. In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid means a free amino acid.

[0277]

The amino acids used in the present invention can be the D-configuration, the L-configuration, or the racemic configuration consisting of the D-configuration and the L-configuration (in the present description, also referred to as the DL-amino acid). In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid can be selected from neutral amino acids, basic amino acids, and acidic amino acids. The neutral amino acid can be preferably selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine and the like which have an alkyl group, serine, threonine and the like which have an OH group (a hydroxy group), tyrosine, phenylalanine, tryptophan and the like which have an aromatic group (or an aromatic ring), methionine, cysteine

and the like which have a sulfur-containing group, proline, hydroxyproline and the like which have an imino group, and glutamine, asparagine and the like which have an amide group. The basic amino acid can be preferably selected from arginine, lysine, histidine and the like. The acidic amino acid can be preferably selected from glutamic acid, aspartic acid and the like. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the amino acids are selected from the neutral amino acids or the basic amino acids. In other preferable embodiments of the present invention, the amino acids include amino acids selected from, of the basic amino acids or the neutral amino acids, amino acids having an alkyl group, an OH group, or an amide group on a side chain and combinations thereof. Of the neutral amino acids, examples of those having an alkyl group on a side chain include glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine and leucine, those having an OH group on a side chain include serine and threonine, and those having an amide group on a side chain include glutamine and asparagine.

[0278]

The amino acid contained in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is one or more of the 22 amino acids forming proteins. Specific examples include the L-configuration of alanine (Ala), arginine (Arg), asparagine (Asn), aspartic acid (Asp), cysteine (Cys), glutamine (Gln), glutamic acid (Glu), glycine (Gly), histidine (His), isoleucine (Ile), leucine (Leu), lysine (Lys), methionine (Met), phenylalanine (Phe), proline

(Pro), serine (Ser), threonine (Thr), tryptophan(Trp), tyrosine (Tyr), valine (Val), selenosysteine (Sec), and pyrrolysine (Pyl).

[0279]

The amino acid contained in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260. Examples of such an amino acid include alanine (molecular weight: 89), arginine (molecular weight: 174), asparagine (molecular weight: 132), aspartic acid (molecular weight: 133), cysteine (molecular weight: 121), glutamine (molecular weight: 146), glutamic acid (molecular weight: 147), glycine (molecular weight: 75), histidine (molecular weight: 155), isoleucine (molecular weight: 131), leucine (molecular weight: 131), lysine (molecular weight: 146), methionine (molecular weight: 149), phenylalanine (molecular weight: 165), proline (molecular weight: 115), serine (molecular weight: 105), threonine (molecular weight: 119), tryptophan (molecular weight: 204), tyrosine (molecular weight: 181), valine (molecular weight: 117), selenosysteine (molecular weight: 168) and pyrrolysine (molecular weight: 255). In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid is one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 204, more preferably one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 174, and further preferably one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 146.

[0280]

Preferably, the amino acid or a salt thereof is one or more selected from L-asparagine, L-aspartic acid, monosodium L-aspartate, DL-alanine, L-alanine, L-alanine solution, L-arginine, L-arginine L-glutamate, L-glutamine, L-cystine, L-cysteine monohydrochloride, L-serine, L-tyrosine, L-glutamic acid, monoammonium L-glutamate, monopotassium L-glutamate, monocalcium Di-L-glutamate, monosodium L-glutamate (also known as sodium glutamate), monomagnesium Di-L-glutamate, glycine, L-histidine, L-histidine monohydrochloride, L-hydroxyproline, L-isoleucine, L-lysine, L-lysine solution, L-lysine L-aspartate, L-lysine hydrochloride (L-lysine monohydrochloride), L-lysine L-glutamate, L-leucine, DL-methionine, L-methionine, L-phenylalanine, L-proline, L-proline solution, DL-threonine, L-threonine, DL-tryptophan, L-tryptophan, L-valine, L-theanine, L-ornithine, and taurine. In an embodiment of the present invention, a plurality species of amino acids can be used in combination. In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid includes an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[0281]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-

arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In another embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include one or more amino acids selected from arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan. In still another embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include one or more amino acids selected from arginine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan.

[0282]

As used herein, the threshold of amino acids means a detection threshold or a taste recognition threshold. The detection threshold means a minimum concentration at which the difference from water can be clearly identified but a type of the taste (for example, bitterness, sourness, and sweetness) does not have to be always recognized, and the taste recognition threshold means a minimum concentration at which a taste can be recognized (for example, Eur J Clin Nutr (2004) 58, 629-636). The threshold (detection threshold) of amino acids is organized by Susan S. Schiffman et al. in "Comparison of Taste Qualities and Thresholds of D- and L-Amino Acids", Physiology & Behavior, Vol. 27, pp. 51-59 (1981). For example, a detection threshold of each amino acid is as follows: glycine (30.9 mM), L-threonine (25.7 mM), L-serine (20.9 mM), L-alanine

(16.2 mM), L-proline (15.1 mM), L-glutamine (9.77 mM), L-isoleucine (7.41 mM), L-phenylalanine (6.61 mM), L-leucine (6.45 mM), L-valine (4.16 mM), L-methionine (3.72 mM), L-tryptophan (2.29 mM), L-asparagine (1.62 mM), L-histidine (1.23 mM), L-arginine (1.20 mM), L-lysine (0.708 mM), L-aspartic acid (0.182 mM), L-glutamic acid (0.063 mM), L-cysteine (0.063 mM). Additionally, the taste recognition threshold is known to be about 1.5 to 2 times the detection threshold (Yuki Yamauchi et al., "WHOLE MOUTH GUSTATORY TEST (PART1) - BASIC CONSIDERATIONS AND PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS -", Journal of The Oto-Rhino-Laryngological Society of Japan, vol. 98 (1995) No. 1, p.119-129, and Reiko Ohmori, "Comparisons of the taste sensitivity between three generations", The bulletin of the Faculty of Education, Utsunomiya University, Section 1 (2013) Vol. 63 p.201-210)).

[0283]

In the present invention, it is preferable that a measured value be used as the taste recognition threshold of an amino acid. A taste recognition threshold of an amino acid can be determined by preparing amino acid-containing aqueous solutions in several concentration levels and tasting in the order from low concentrations to high concentrations to carry out a sensory test by which the taste can be sensed or not. A concentration at which a difference from water is detected is defined as a detection threshold and a concentration at which a taste is recognized is defined as a recognition threshold. For

example, for an amino acid for which a theoretical value (a literature value) is already established, aqueous solutions in several concentration levels close to such a concentration are prepared and several persons who received sensory trainings carry out the test thereby to determine these thresholds. In the case of L-alanine, a detection threshold described in literatures is 16.2 mM and a theoretical recognition threshold calculated from such a detection threshold is 32.4 mM, and a sensory test using aqueous solutions in several levels selected from 5 mM, 10 mM, 15 mM, 20 mM, 25 mM, 30 mM, and 35 mM is carried out thereby to measure a recognition threshold. In an embodiment of the present invention, the taste recognition threshold of an amino acid means a taste recognition threshold in pure water. The taste recognition threshold in pure water means a minimum concentration at which such a taste can be recognized when only an amino acid is added to water without addition of any sweetener or the like.

[0284]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains glycine and a content of glycine can be more than 0 mM and 80 mM or less, 75 mM or less, less than 75 mM, 70 mM or less, 65 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 55 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70

to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 10 to 30 mM, or 20 to 30 mM.

[0285]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains alanine and a content of alanine can be more than 0 mM and 32.4 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM, 1 to 19 mM, 5 to 19 mM, 10 to 19 mM, 15 to 19 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 5 to 18 mM, 10 to 18 mM, 15 to 18 mM, 1 to 17 mM, 5 to 17 mM, 10 to 17 mM, 15 to 17 mM, 1 to 16 mM, 5 to 16 mM, 10 to 16 mM, or 15 to 16 mM. Alanine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0286]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains valine and a content of valine can be more than 0 mM and 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less,

15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 35 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 45 to 50 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 30 to 45 mM, 35 to 45 mM, 40 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 35 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 10 to 35 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 20 to 35 mM, 25 to 35 mM, 30 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 10 to 15 mM, or 15 to 20 mM. Valine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0287]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains isoleucine and a content of isoleucine can be more than 0 mM and 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 10 mM or less, or 5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM,

15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, or 10 to 15 mM. Isoleucine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0288]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains leucine and a content of leucine can be more than 0 mM and 50 mM or less, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 15 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 50 mM, 2 to 50 mM, 3 to 50 mM, 4 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 6 to 50 mM, 7 to 50 mM, 8 to 50 mM, 9 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 2 to 40 mM, 3 to 40 mM, 4 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 6 to 40 mM, 7 to 40 mM, 8 to 40 mM, 9 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 2 to 30 mM, 3 to 30 mM, 4 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 6 to 30 mM, 7 to 30 mM, 8 to 30 mM, 9 to 30 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM, 2 to 20 mM, 3 to 20 mM, 4 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 6 to 20 mM, 7 to 20 mM, 8 to 20 mM, 9 to 20 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4

to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Leucine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0289]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains serine and a content of serine can be more than 0 mM and 130 mM or less, 100 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 130 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, or 1 to 10 mM. Serine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0290]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains threonine and a content of threonine can be more than 0 mM and 70 mM or less, 65 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 55 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 70 mM, 1 to 65 mM, 1 to 60 mM, 1 to 55 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 35 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 45 to 50 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 30 to 45 mM, 35 to 45 mM, 40 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 35 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 10 to 35 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 20 to 35 mM, 25 to 35 mM, 30 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, or 15 to 20 mM. Threonine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic

configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0291]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains phenylalanine and a content of phenylalanine can be more than 0 mM and 15 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Phenylalanine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0292]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains tryptophan and a content of tryptophan can be more than 0 mM and 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 5 mM, 2 to 5 mM, 3 to 5 mM, or 4 to 5 mM. Tryptophan can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0293]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains methionine and a content of methionine can be more than 0 mM and 10 mM or less, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Methionine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0294]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains proline and a content of proline can be more than 0 mM and 120 mM or less, 100 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 120 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, or 25 to 30 mM. Proline can

be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0295]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains glutamine and a content of glutamine can be more than 0 mM and 20 mM or less, 19 mM or less, 18 mM or less, 17 mM or less, 16 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, less than 5 mM, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, 9 to 10 mM, 1 to 8 mM, 2 to 8 mM, 3 to 8 mM, 4 to 8 mM, 5 to 8 mM, 6 to 8 mM, 7 to 8 mM, 1 to 7 mM, 2 to 7 mM, 3 to 7 mM, 4 to 7 mM, 5 to 7 mM, 6 to 7 mM, 1 to 6 mM, 2 to 6 mM, 3 to 6 mM, 4 to 6 mM, 5 to 6 mM, 1 to 5 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 5 mM, 2 to 5 mM, 3 to 5 mM, 4 to 5 mM, 1 to 4 mM, 2 to 4 mM, 3 to 4 mM, 1 to 3 mM, or 2 to 3 mM. Glutamine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0296]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains asparagine and a content of asparagine can be more than 0 mM and 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 19 mM or less, 18 mM or less, 17 mM or less, 16 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, 9 to 10 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Asparagine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0297]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains arginine and a content of arginine can be more than 0 mM and 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, less than 2.5 mM, 2.0 mM or

less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, less than 1.0 mM, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 4.0 mM, 0.1 to 3.5 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 mM or more and less than 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 4.0 mM, 0.5 to 3.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Arginine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0298]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains lysine and a content of lysine can be more than 0 mM and 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Lysine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0299]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains lysine hydrochloride and a content of lysine hydrochloride can be more than 0 mM and 1.0 mM or less, 0.9 mM or less, 0.8 mM or less, 0.7 mM or less, 0.6 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, less than 0.5 mM, 0.4 mM or

less, less than 0.4 mM, 0.3 mM or less, or 0.2 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.9 mM, 0.1 to 0.8 mM, 0.1 to 0.7 mM, 0.1 to 0.6 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.1 to 0.4 mM, 0.1 mM or more and less than 0.4 mM, 0.1 to 0.3 mM, 0.1 to 0.2 mM, 0.2 to 1.0 mM, 0.5 to 0.8 mM, 0.2 to 0.6 mM, 0.2 to 0.4 mM, or 0.3 to 0.5 mM. Lysine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0300]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains histidine and a content of histidine can be more than 0 mM and 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 4.0 mM, 0.1 to 3.5 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 4.0 mM, 0.5 to 3.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Histidine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0301]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains glutamic acid and a content of glutamic acid can be more than 0 mM and 0.50 mM or less, less than 0.50 mM, 0.40 mM or less, less than 0.40 mM, 0.35 mM or less, 0.30 mM or less, 0.25 mM or less, less than 0.25 mM,

0.20 mM or less, 0.15 mM or less, 0.14 mM or less, 0.13 mM or less, 0.12 mM or less, 0.11 mM or less, 0.10 mM or less, 0.09 mM or less, 0.08 mM or less, 0.07 mM or less, 0.06 mM or less, 0.05 mM or less, 0.04 mM or less, 0.03 mM or less, 0.02 mM or less, or 0.01 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.01 to 0.15 mM, 0.02 to 0.15 mM, 0.03 to 0.15 mM, 0.04 to 0.15 mM, 0.05 to 0.15 mM, 0.06 to 0.15 mM, 0.07 to 0.15 mM, 0.08 to 0.15 mM, 0.09 to 0.15 mM, 0.10 to 0.15 mM, 0.01 to 0.12 mM, 0.02 to 0.12 mM, 0.03 to 0.12 mM, 0.04 to 0.12 mM, 0.05 to 0.12 mM, 0.06 to 0.12 mM, 0.07 to 0.12 mM, 0.08 to 0.12 mM, 0.09 to 0.12 mM, 0.10 to 0.12 mM, 0.01 to 0.10 mM, 0.02 to 0.10 mM, 0.03 to 0.10 mM, 0.04 to 0.10 mM, 0.05 to 0.10 mM, 0.06 to 0.10 mM, 0.07 to 0.10 mM, 0.08 to 0.10 mM, 0.09 to 0.10 mM, 0.10 to 0.40 mM, 0.10 to 0.35 mM, 0.10 to 0.30 mM, 0.10 to 0.25 mM, 0.10 mM or more and less than 0.25 mM, 0.10 to 0.20 mM, 0.10 to 0.15 mM, 0.20 to 0.40 mM, 0.20 to 0.35 mM, 0.20 to 0.30 mM, 0.20 to 0.25 mM, or 0.30 to 0.40 mM. Glutamic acid can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0302]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains aspartic acid and a content of aspartic acid can be more than 0 mM and 1.5 mM or less, 1.4 mM or less, 1.3 mM or less, 1.2 mM or less, 1.1 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, 0.9 mM or less, 0.8 mM or less, 0.7 mM or less, 0.6 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, 0.4 mM or less, 0.3 mM or

less, 0.2 mM or less, or 0.1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.2 to 1.5 mM, 0.3 to 1.5 mM, 0.4 to 1.5 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, 0.6 to 1.5 mM, 0.7 to 1.5 mM, 0.8 to 1.5 mM, 0.9 to 1.5 mM, 1.0 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.2 mM, 0.2 to 1.2 mM, 0.3 to 1.2 mM, 0.4 to 1.2 mM, 0.5 to 1.2 mM, 0.6 to 1.2 mM, 0.7 to 1.2 mM, 0.8 to 1.2 mM, 0.9 to 1.2 mM, 1.0 to 1.2 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.2 to 1.0 mM, 0.3 to 1.0 mM, 0.4 to 1.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.0 mM, 0.6 to 1.0 mM, 0.7 to 1.0 mM, 0.8 to 1.0 mM, or 0.9 to 1.0 mM. Aspartic acid can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0303]

The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain monosodium aspartate as the amino acid salt.

[0304]

An amino acid content can be measured by an amino acid automatic analysis method or high-performance liquid chromatography. When an amount of the amino acid contained in the beverage is known, a value calculated from the amount contained can be adopted.

[0305]

When an amino acid derived from a raw material contained in the coffee beverage is contained, such an amino acid is also encompassed in the amino acid in the coffee beverage of the present invention. Thus, an amount of the amino acid contained in the coffee beverage of the

present invention is a total value of amounts of such a raw material-derived one and one added externally. In an embodiment of the present invention, when a plurality of amino acids are contained in the coffee beverage, a content of at least one of such amino acids can be less than the taste recognition threshold, or contents of some of such amino acids can be more than the taste recognition threshold. In other embodiments of the present invention, when a plurality of amino acids are contained in the coffee beverage, a content of each of such amino acids can be less than the taste recognition threshold. The coffee beverage in still another embodiment of the present invention can contain one or more amino acids selected from less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, less than 40 mM of L-serine, less than 50 mM of glycine, less than 1 mM of L-arginine, less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, less than 40 mM of L-valine, less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, less than 20 mM of L-leucine, less than 40 mM of L-threonine, less than 40 mM of L-proline, less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride. The coffee beverage in still other embodiment of the present invention can contain one or more amino acids selected from 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-serine, 1 mM or more and less than 50 mM of glycine, 0.1 mM or more and less than 1.0 mM of L-arginine, 0.10 mM or more and less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-valine, 1 mM or more and less than 5

mM of L-glutamine, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM of L-leucine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-threonine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-proline, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and 0.1 mM or more and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride.

[0306]

[Optional component]

(Sweetener)

The coffee beverage of the present invention can contain a sweetener other than the high-intensity sweetener of the component (a). In the present description, the "sweetener" means any substance or a substance group which causes a sweetness response. Sweeteners can be classified into carbohydrate sweeteners and non-carbohydrate sweeteners based on structural characteristics and also into low-intensity sweeteners and high-intensity sweeteners based on the degree of sweetness. Further, sweet substances can also be classified based on the energy (calorie) into caloric sweeteners and non-caloric sweeteners. Further, sweet substances can also be classified based on the availability into natural sweeteners and artificial sweeteners. Note that, when a sweetener (for example, lactose) contained in a milk content derived from bovine milk is contained, such a sweetener is also encompassed in the sweetener here described.

[0307]

The carbohydrate sweetener is not limited and examples include starch sugars such as sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose, sugar alcohols such as erythritol, sorbitol, mannitol, maltitol, xylitol, and palatinit, sucrose, palatinose, fructooligosaccharide, Coupling Sugar^(R), galactooligosaccharide, lactosucrose, raffinose, soyoligosaccharide, and honey. Further, the carbohydrate sweetener includes rare sugars.

[0308]

The rare sugar refers to a monosaccharide that occurs in very small quantities in nature and derivatives thereof. For example, the rare sugar includes naturally occurring aldoses other than D-glucose, D-galactose, D-mannose, D-ribose, D-xylose, and L-arabinose, naturally occurring ketoses other than D-fructose, and naturally occurring sugar alcohols other than D-sorbitol. Nonrestrictive examples of the rare sugar include ketoses such as D-tagatose, D-sorbose, D-allulose (D-psicose), L-fructose, L-allulose (L-psicose), L-tagatose, and L-sorbose, aldoses such as altrose and D-allose, and sugar alcohols such as xylitol, erythritol, and D-talitol.

[0309]

The caloric sweetener typically means sweet substances having an energy of 4 kcal/g. An energy of a sweet substance is already known or can be determined by measuring a content by HPLC or the like and calculating by multiplying the content by an energy conversion factor, or

measuring a heat of physical combustion using a calorie meter (for example, bomb calorimeter) and correcting the heat with a digestion-absorption rate, an excreted heat or the like. Nonrestrictive examples of the caloric sweetener include sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, fructose.

[0310]

The non-caloric sweeteners typically refer to those having the nature of being difficult to be digested in the body and consequently having a reduced energy to be taken into and mean sweet substances having an energy of less than 2 kcal/g, preferably less than 1 kcal/g, and further preferably less than 0.5 kcal/g. Nonrestrictive examples of the non-caloric sweetener include non-caloric hexoses such as allulose (psicose) and allose, non-caloric pentoses such as xylose and arabinose, non-caloric tetroses such as erythrose and threose, and non-caloric sugar alcohols such as erythritol and allitol.

[0311]

Further, the sweet substances can also be classified based on the energy (calorie) level. For example, the sweet substances can be classified into sweet substances having an energy of 4 kcal/g or more and sweet substances having an energy of less than 4 kcal/g. The sweet substance having an energy of less than 4 kcal/g can further be classified into sweet substances having an energy of less than 3 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 2.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an

energy of less than 2 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 1.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 1 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 0.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 1 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 3 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 3 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 1 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g, and sweet substances having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 1 kcal/g. Examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 4 kcal/g or more include sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose, examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g include sorbitol, xylitol, D-xylose, D-ribose, D-tagatose, and arabinose, and examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g include D-allulose, erythritol, allose, erythrose, threose, and allitol.

[0312]

The low-intensity sweetener means a compound having about the same degree of sweetness as that of sucrose (for example, less than 5 times, about 0.1 to 2 times, about 0.5 to 1.5 times that of sucrose). Nonrestrictive examples

of the low-intensity sweetener include low-intensity sugar sweeteners such as sucrose, a high-fructose corn syrup, glucose, fructose, lactose, maltose, xylose, lactulose, fructooligosaccharide, maltooligosaccharide, isomaltooligosaccharide, galactooligosaccharide, Coupling Sugar(R), and palatinose, and sugar alcohol low-intensity sweeteners such as maltitol, sorbitol, erythritol, xylitol, lactitol, palatinit, and reduced starch saccharified products. Further, the low-intensity sweetener includes rare sugars, caloric sweeteners, non-caloric sweeteners, carbohydrate sweeteners, non-carbohydrate sweeteners, natural sweeteners, and artificial sweeteners as long as the degree of sweetness is in the above range.

[0313]

The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention contains a low-intensity sweetener. In other embodiments of the present invention, the following coffee beverage (hereinafter also referred to as the coffee beverage of Embodiment A) is provided.

Coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c (hereinafter, sometimes abbreviated as the "component (c)"),

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied. X_c and X_d are respectively referred to as X_4 and X_6 in the first embodiment. The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain a component as a sweetener other than (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a and (d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c . Note that a sweetener (for example, lactose) contained in milk content derived from bovine milk contained in a coffee beverage with milk is encompassed in the sweetener (c).

[0314]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from hexose, pentose, tetrose, a polysaccharide having a terminal sugar of aldose or ketose, sugar alcohol, and a combination thereof. In other embodiments of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof. In still other embodiment of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof.

[0315]

The Xc of "sweetness intensity Xc" can be 0 to 0.5, 0 to 1.0, 0 to 1.5, 0 to 2.0, 0 to 2.5, 0 to 3.0, 0 to 3.5, 0 to 4.0, 0 to 4.5, 0 to 5.0, 0 to 5.5, 0 to 6.0, 0 to 6.5, 0 to 7.0, 0 to 7.5, 0 to 8.0, 0 to 8.25, 0 to 8.5, 0 to 8.75, 0 to 9.0, 0 to 9.25, 0 to 9.5, 0 to 9.75, 0 to 10.0, 0.05 to 0.5, 0.05 to 1.0, 0.05 to 1.5, 0.05 to 2.0, 0.05 to 2.5, 0.05 to 3.0, 0.05 to 3.5, 0.05 to 4.0, 0.05 to 4.5, 0.05 to 5.0, 0.05 to 5.5, 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.25, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 8.75, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.25, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 9.75, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.1 to 0.5, 0.1 to 1.0, 0.1 to 1.5, 0.1 to 2.0, 0.1 to 2.5, 0.1 to 3.0, 0.1 to 3.5, 0.1 to 4.0, 0.1 to 4.5, 0.1 to 5.0, 0.1 to 5.5, 0.1 to 6.0, 0.1 to 6.5, 0.1 to 7.0, 0.1 to 7.5, 0.1 to 8.0, 0.1 to 8.25, 0.1 to 8.5, 0.1 to 8.75, 0.1 to 9.0, 0.1 to 9.25, 0.1 to 9.5, 0.1 to 9.75, 0.1 to 10.0, 0.5 to 0.5, 0.5 to 1.0, 0.5 to 1.5, 0.5 to 2.0, 0.5 to 2.5, 0.5 to 3.0, 0.5 to 3.5, 0.5 to 4.0, 0.5 to 4.5, 0.5 to 5.0, 0.5 to 5.5, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.25, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 8.75, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.25, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 9.75, 0.5 to 10.0, 1.0 to 0.5, 1.0 to 1.0, 1.0 to 1.5, 1.0 to 2.0, 1.0 to 2.5, 1.0 to 3.0, 1.0 to 3.5, 1.0 to 4.0, 1.0 to 4.5, 1.0 to 5.0, 1.0 to 5.5, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.25, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 8.75, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.25, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 9.75, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.5 to 0.5, 1.5 to 1.0, 1.5 to 1.5, 1.5 to 2.0, 1.5 to 2.5, 1.5 to 3.0, 1.5 to 3.5, 1.5 to 4.0, 1.5 to 4.5, 1.5 to 5.0, 1.5 to 5.5,

1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0,
1.5 to 8.25, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 8.75, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to
9.25, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 9.75, 1.5 to 10.0, 2.0 to 0.5,
2.0 to 1.0, 2.0 to 1.5, 2.0 to 2.0, 2.0 to 2.5, 2.0 to 3.0,
2.0 to 3.5, 2.0 to 4.0, 2.0 to 4.5, 2.0 to 5.0, 2.0 to 5.5,
2.0 to 6.0, 2.0 to 6.5, 2.0 to 7.0, 2.0 to 7.5, 2.0 to 8.0,
2.0 to 8.25, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 8.75, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to
9.25, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 9.75, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.5 to 0.5,
2.5 to 1.0, 2.5 to 1.5, 2.5 to 2.0, 2.5 to 2.5, 2.5 to 3.0,
2.5 to 3.5, 2.5 to 4.0, 2.5 to 4.5, 2.5 to 5.0, 2.5 to 5.5,
2.5 to 6.0, 2.5 to 6.5, 2.5 to 7.0, 2.5 to 7.5, 2.5 to 8.0,
2.5 to 8.25, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 8.75, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to
9.25, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 9.75, 2.5 to 10.0, 0.1 to 5.9,
3.0 to 3.5, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.5, 3.0 to 5.0 or 3.0 to
5.5.

[0316]

The Xc can also be 0 to 10.5, 0 to 11.0, 0 to 11.5, 0
to 12.0, 0 to 12.5, 0 to 13.0, 0 to 13.5, 0 to 14.0, 0 to
14.5, 0 to 15.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5,
0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 12.5, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 13.5,
0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 14.5, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.1 to 10.5, 0.1
to 11.0, 0.1 to 11.5, 0.1 to 12.0, 0.1 to 12.5, 0.1 to
13.0, 0.1 to 13.5, 0.1 to 14.0, 0.1 to 14.5, 0.1 to 15.0,
0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to
12.5, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 13.5, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 14.5,
0.5 to 15.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to
12.0, 1.0 to 12.5, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 13.5, 1.0 to 14.0,
1.0 to 14.5, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to

11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 12.5, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 13.5, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 14.5, 1.5 to 15.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 12.5, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 13.5, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 14.5, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 12.5, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 13.5, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 14.5 or 2.5 to 15.0.

The amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c of a low-intensity sweetener refers to an amount (concentration) which provides a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_c under the conditions when the low-intensity sweetener is dissolved in water having the same volume as the coffee beverage of the present invention at 20°C.

[0317]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the X_c is preferably 0.05 to 6.0, more preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and still more preferably 0.1 to 4.0.

[0318]

The X_d is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than $X_a + X_c$ and can be 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to

10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15 or 10.5 to 12.5. The Xd can also be 4.0 to 18, 4.0 to 16, 4.0 to 15.5, 4.0 to 14, 4.5 to 18, 4.5 to 16, 4.5 to 15.5, 4.5 to 14, 5.0 to 18, 5.0 to 16, 5.0 to 15.5, 5.0 to 14, 5.5 to 18, 5.5 to 16, 5.5 to 15.5, 5.5 to 14, 6.0 to 18, 6.0 to 16, 6.0 to 15.5, 6.0 to 14, 6.5 to 18, 6.5 to 16, 6.5 to 15.5, 6.5 to 14, 7.0 to 18, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15.5, 7.0 to 14, 7.5 to 18, 7.5 to 16, 7.5 to 15.5, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 16, 8.0 to 15.5, 8.0 to 14, 8.5 to 18, 8.5 to 16, 8.5 to 15.5, 8.5 to 14, 9.0 to 18, 9.0 to 16, 9.0 to 15.5, 9.0 to 14, 9.5 to 18, 9.5 to 16, 9.5 to 15.5, 9.5 to 14, 10.0 to 18, 10.0 to 16, 10.0 to 15.5, 10.5 to 18, 10.5 to 16 or 10.5 to 15.5.

[0319]

[Sodium]

The coffee beverage of the present invention can contain a small amount of sodium. A content of sodium can also be, depending on an embodiment, a content of 0 mg/100 ml or more and less than 30 mg/100 ml, 0 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0 to 10 mg/100 ml, 0 to 9 mg/100 ml, 0 to 8 mg/100 ml, 0 to 7 mg/100 ml, 0 to 6 mg/100 ml, 0 to 5 mg/100 ml, 0 to 4 mg/100 ml, 0 to 3 mg/100 ml, 0 to 2 mg/100 ml, 0 to 1 mg/100 ml, 0.1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 30 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 9 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 8 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 7 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 6 mg/100 ml, 0.1

to 5 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 4 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 3 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 2 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 1 mg/100 ml, 0.5 mg/100 ml or more and less than 30 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 10 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 9 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 8 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 7 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 6 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 5 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 4 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 3 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 2 mg/100 ml, 0.5 to 1 mg/100 ml, 1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 30 mg/100 ml, 1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 1 to 9 mg/100 ml, 1 to 8 mg/100 ml, 1 to 7 mg/100 ml, 1 to 6 mg/100 ml, 1 to 5 mg/100 ml, 1 to 4 mg/100 ml, 1 to 3 mg/100 ml or 1 to 2 mg/100 ml.

[0320]

In an embodiment of the present invention, sodium is derived from coffee, or inevitably incorporated, and is not added. The content of sodium in the beverage can be herein measured by an atomic absorption spectrometry.

[0321]

(Other components)

The coffee beverage of the present invention can suitably contain an antioxidant (sodium erythorbate or the like), an emulsifier (sucrose esters of fatty acids, sorbitan esters of fatty acids, polyglycerin esters of fatty acids or the like), an acidulant (phosphoric acid, citric acid, malic acid or the like), and a flavor, as long as the effects of the present invention are not affected.

[0322]

[Exemplary embodiments of the coffee beverage of C1-th embodiment of the present invention]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_a is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0, and

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0323]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_a is 0.5 to 10.0, preferably 1.5 to 9.0, and more preferably 2.0 to 8.0, and

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0324]

In an embodiment of the present invention, coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_a is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

X_c is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an

amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0325]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a Luo Han Guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_a is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof,

a caffeine content is 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml to 95 mg/100 ml, or 30 mg/100 ml to 85 mg/100 ml, and

Xc is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0326]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xc,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity Xd exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < Xa + Xc < Xd$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A,

rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a Luo Han Guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

Xa is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, less than 40 mM of L-serine, less than 50 mM of glycine, less than 1 mM of L-arginine, less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, less than 40 mM of L-valine, less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, less than 20 mM of L-leucine, less than 40 mM of L-threonine, less than 40 mM of L-proline, less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

Xc is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0327]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_a is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof,

Xc is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0, and

the coffee beverage comprises one or more selected from bovine milk, condensed milk, defatted milk, reduced milk, concentrated whey, concentrated milk, cream and plant milk. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0328]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity Xd exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < Xa + Xc < Xd$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

Xa is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from arginine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof,

a caffeine content is 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml to 95 mg/100 ml, or 30 mg/100 ml to 85 mg/100 ml,

Xc is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0, and

the coffee beverage comprises one or more selected from bovine milk, condensed milk, defatted milk, reduced milk, concentrated whey, concentrated milk, cream and plant milk. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0329]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa,

(b) one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c ,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_d exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_a + X_c < X_d$ is satisfied, and

an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and $X_a + X_c$ is 6 or more. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0330]

<<D1-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the D1-th embodiment, the following coffee beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the coffee beverage D of the present invention").

A coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[0331]

In other words, in the coffee beverage of the D1-th embodiment of the present invention, the component having a sweetness is (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 , and the sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention is supposed to be a sweetness intensity X_1 when calculated. However, the presence of (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold and (c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium, in the coffee beverage even in low concentrations enhances the sweetness of (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 , to a sweetness intensity X_2 ($0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied herein). The present invention means to possibly include, in addition to these components (a) to (c), further a sweetener other than (a); and, for example, additional components such as a milk content, an acidulant, a flavor, a vitamin, a coloring, an antioxidant, an emulsifier, a preservative, a seasoning agent, an extract, a pH adjuster, and a quality stabilizer. For example, a coffee beverage with milk can contain a milk content (for example, skimmed milk) derived from bovine milk, and a sugar (lactose) contained in such a milk content is a sweetener other than (a) in the present invention. The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain a substance having a sweetness, as a sweetener, other than

the component (a) and a sugar contained in a milk content derived from bovine milk.

[0332]

Furthermore, the coffee beverage in a preferable embodiment of the present invention exerts the effect of improving a taste, other than enhancing a sweetness. For example, in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention, at least one of "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" and "saltiness" is preferably improved. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, "body, thickness" and "flavor intensity" are improved by a combination of alanine, glycine or serine and sodium.

[0333]

(Coffee beverage)

In the present invention, the "coffee beverage" refers to a beverage product that is produced using a coffee content as a raw material. Typical examples of the type of the product include, but are not particularly limited to, "coffee", a "coffee beverage" and a "coffee-containing soft beverage" defined in the "Fair Competition Code for Coffee Beverage Labeling" approved in 1977. Further, a beverage produced using a coffee content as a raw material, if having a milk solid content of 3.0 mass% or more, is treated as a "milk beverage" under the application of the "Fair Competition Code for Drinking Milk Labeling", and

this is included in the coffee beverage in the present invention.

[0334]

The coffee content (hereinafter, sometimes referred to as an extract of roasted coffee beans) here refers to a solution containing a component derived from coffee beans. Examples thereof include a coffee liquid extract, that is, a solution extracted from roasted and ground coffee beans using water, hot water or the like. Further examples of the coffee content include a solution in an appropriate amount adjusted with water or hot water from a coffee extract obtained by concentrating a coffee liquid extract or instant coffee obtained by drying a coffee liquid extract.

[0335]

The type of the coffee beans for use in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is not particularly limited. Examples of the cultivated tree species include Arabica species, Robusta species and Liberica species. Examples of the coffee cultivar include Mocha, Brazil, Columbia, Guatemala, Blue Mountain, Kona, Mandheling and Kilimanjaro. One type of coffee bean can be used or plural types of coffee beans can be blended for use. A roasting method for roasted coffee beans is not particularly limited, and a roasting temperature or a roasting environment is not limited by any means. Although a usual method can be adopted, the roasting degree, L-value, of the coffee beans is preferably 18 to 24. An

extraction method from the roasted coffee beans is not limited by any means, and examples thereof include a method of performing extraction for 10 seconds to 30 minutes using water or hot water (0 to 100°C) from a coarsely, medium or finely ground product of roasted coffee beans. The extraction method can be a drip method, a siphon method, a boiling method, a jet method, a continuous method or the like.

[0336]

A milk content (component derived from milk) such as milk, bovine milk or a dairy product can be added to the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention. As used herein, such a coffee beverage supplemented with the milk content is also referred to as a "coffee beverage with milk". One or more selected from bovine milk, condensed milk, defatted milk, reduced milk (reduced milk obtained by reducing dried whole milk, skimmed milk or formula milk), concentrated whey, concentrated milk, cream and plant milk (soybean milk, almond milk and the like) can be used as such a milk content. Only one milk content can be used or two or more milk contents can be optionally used in combination. Not only a liquid one but a powder one can be used as the milk content. The coffee beverage of the present invention can be a decaf beverage or can contain caffeine. In the case of containing caffeine, its concentration is not particularly limited, but is preferably on the order of 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml, 15 mg/100 ml to 100 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml to 95 mg/100

ml, 25 mg/100 ml to 90 mg/100 ml, or 30 mg/100 ml to 85 mg/100 ml. The amount of caffeine in the coffee beverage can be measured by high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).

[0337]

The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention can contain a pH adjuster. Examples of the pH adjuster include, but are not limited to, sodium bicarbonate, carbon dioxide, succinic acid, gluconic acid, citric acid, trisodium citrate, phosphoric acid, lactic acid, sodium hydroxide and salts thereof.

[0338]

The form of the coffee beverage of the present invention is not limited and can be, for example, a concentrated coffee extract or a beverage form where instant coffee is dissolved, or can be a coffee beverage form packed in a container, which is contained and packed in a container such as a can or a PET bottle.

[0339]

[Sweetness intensity]

As used herein, the "sweetness intensity" means an intensity of sweetness of a substance. For example, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, a degree of sweetness of glucose is 0.6 to 0.7 (median value 0.65). A numerical value obtained by multiplying this degree of sweetness by a concentration Brix value of glucose is the sweetness intensity of glucose. Thus, when a

concentration of glucose is Brix 1.5, the sweetness intensity of glucose is $0.65 \times 1.5 = 0.975$. The degrees of sweetness of common sweeteners are as shown in Table 1 described with respect to the A1-th embodiment.

[0340]

The coffee beverage of the present invention contains, as described above, a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 and has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[0341]

The X_1 in the "sweetness intensity X_1 " can be more than 0.05 and 0.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 1.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 1.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 2.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 2.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 3.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 3.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 4.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 4.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 5.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 5.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 0.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 1.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 1.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 2.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 2.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 3.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 3.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 4.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 4.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 5.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 5.5 or less, 0.05 to 0.5, 0.05 to 1.0, 0.05 to 1.5, 0.05 to 2.0, 0.05 to 2.5, 0.05 to 3.0, 0.05 to 3.5, 0.05 to 4.0, 0.05 to 4.5, 0.05 to 5.0, 0.05 to 5.5, 0.5 to 1.0, 0.5 to 1.5, 0.5 to 2.0, 0.5 to 2.5, 0.5 to 3.0, 0.5 to 3.5, 0.5 to 4.0, 0.5 to 4.5,

0.5 to 5.0, 0.5 to 5.5, 1.0 to 1.5, 1.0 to 2.0, 1.0 to 2.5,
1.0 to 3.0, 1.0 to 3.5, 1.0 to 4.0, 1.0 to 4.5, 1.0 to 5.0,
1.0 to 5.5, 1.5 to 2.0, 1.5 to 2.5, 1.5 to 3.0, 1.5 to 3.5,
1.5 to 4.0, 1.5 to 4.5, 1.5 to 5.0, 1.5 to 5.5, 2.0 to 2.5,
2.0 to 3.0, 2.0 to 3.5, 2.0 to 4.0, 2.0 to 4.5, 2.0 to 5.0,
2.0 to 5.5, 2.5 to 3.0, 2.5 to 3.5, 2.5 to 4.0, 2.5 to 4.5,
2.5 to 5.0, 2.5 to 5.5, 3.0 to 3.5, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.5,
3.0 to 5.0, 3.0 to 5.5, 2.0 to 6.5, 2.0 to 7.0, 2.0 to 7.5,
2.0 to 6.0, 2.5 to 7.0, 2.5 to 7.5, 2.5 to 6.0, 2.5 to 6.5,
3.0 to 6.0, 3.0 to 6.5, 3.0 to 7.0, 3.0 to 7.5, 3.0 to 8.0,
3.0 to 8.5, 3.0 to 9.0, 3.0 to 9.5, 3.5 to 7.0, 3.5 to 7.5,
3.5 to 8.0, 4.5 to 8.5, 3.5 to 9.0, 3.5 to 9.5, 4.0 to 7.5,
4.0 to 8.0, 4.0 to 8.5, 4.0 to 9.0, 4.0 to 9.5, 3.5 to 8.5,
3.5 to 10.0, 3.5 to 10.5, 3.5 to 11.0, 3.5 to 11.5, or 4.0
to 11.5.

[0342]

The X1 can also be more than 0.05 and 6.0 or less,
more than 0.05 and 6.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 7.0 or
less, more than 0.05 and 7.5 or less, more than 0.05 and
8.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 8.5 or less, more than
0.05 and 9.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 9.5 or less, more
than 0.05 and 10.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 10.5 or
less, more than 0.05 and 11.0 or less, more than 0.05 and
11.5 or less, more than 0.05 and 12.0 or less, more than
0.05 and 13.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 14.0 or less,
more than 0.05 and 15.0 or less, more than 0.05 and 16.0
or less, more than 0.05 and 17.0 or less, more than 0.05
and 18.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 6.0 or less, more than

0.1 and 6.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 7.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 7.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 8.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 8.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 9.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 9.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 10.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 10.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 11.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 11.5 or less, more than 0.1 and 12.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 13.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 14.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 15.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 16.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 17.0 or less, more than 0.1 and 18.0 or less, 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0

to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 10.0, 3.0 to 10.5, 3.0 to 11.0, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 12.0, 3.0 to 13.0, 3.0 to 14.0, 3.0 to 15.0, 3.0 to 16.0, 3.0 to 17.0, 3.0 to 18.0, 3.5 to 4.0, 3.5 to 4.5, 3.5 to 5.0, 3.5 to 5.5, 3.5 to 6.0, 3.5 to 6.5, 3.5 to 12.0, 3.5 to 13.0, 3.5 to 14.0, 3.5 to 15.0, 3.5 to 16.0, 3.5 to 17.0, 3.5 to 18.0, 4.0 to 4.5, 4.0 to 5.0, 4.0 to 5.5, 4.0 to 6.0, 4.0 to 6.5, 4.0 to 7.0, 4.0 to 10.0, 4.0 to 10.5, 4.0 to 11.0, 4.0 to 12.0, 4.0 to 13.0, 4.0 to 14.0, 4.0 to 15.0, 4.0 to 16.0, 4.0 to 17.0, or 4.0 to 18.0.

[0343]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the X1 is preferably 0.5 to 10.0, more preferably 1.5 to 9.0, and still more preferably 2.0 to 8.0. In another embodiment of the present invention, the X1 is preferably 0.5 to 5.5, more preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and still more preferably 2.0 to 5.0.

[0344]

The amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 of a high-intensity sweetener refers to an amount which provides a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X1 under the conditions when the high-intensity sweetener is dissolved

in water having the same volume as the coffee beverage of the present invention at 20°C.

[0345]

Further, the amount of a high-intensity sweetener can be Pa ppm and Pa ppm herein refers to an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1. The Pa herein can be a value of about 1 to about 800, about 5 to about 800, about 10 to about 800, about 15 to about 800, about 20 to about 800, about 25 to about 800, about 30 to about 800, about 35 to about 800, about 40 to about 800, about 45 to about 800, about 50 to about 800, about 55 to about 800, about 20 to about 750, about 25 to about 750, about 30 to about 750, about 35 to about 750, about 40 to about 750, about 45 to about 750, about 50 to about 750, about 55 to about 750, about 20 to about 700, about 25 to about 700, about 30 to about 700, about 35 to about 700, about 40 to about 700, about 45 to about 700, about 50 to about 700, about 55 to about 700, about 20 to about 650, about 25 to about 650, about 30 to about 650, about 35 to about 650, about 40 to about 650, about 45 to about 650, about 50 to about 650, about 55 to about 650, about 20 to about 600, about 25 to about 600, about 30 to about 600, about 35 to about 600, about 40 to about 600, about 45 to about 600, about 50 to about 600, about 55 to about 600, about 20 to about 550, about 25 to about 550, about 30 to about 550, about 35 to about 550, about 40 to about 550, about 45 to about 550, about 50 to about 550, about 55 to about 550, about 20 to about 540, about 25 to about 540, about

30 to about 540, about 35 to about 540, about 40 to about 540, about 45 to about 540, about 50 to about 540, about 55 to about 540, about 20 to about 530, about 25 to about 530, about 30 to about 530, about 35 to about 530, about 40 to about 530, about 45 to about 530, about 50 to about 530, about 55 to about 530, about 20 to about 520, about 25 to about 520, about 30 to about 520, about 35 to about 520, about 40 to about 520, about 45 to about 520, about 50 to about 520, about 55 to about 520, about 20 to about 510, about 25 to about 510, about 30 to about 510, about 35 to about 510, about 40 to about 510, about 45 to about 510, about 50 to about 510, about 55 to about 510, about 20 to about 505, about 25 to about 505, about 30 to about 505, about 35 to about 505, about 40 to about 505, about 45 to about 505, about 50 to about 505, about 55 to about 505, about 20 to about 500, about 25 to about 500, about 30 to about 500, about 35 to about 500, about 40 to about 500, about 45 to about 500, about 50 to about 500, about 55 to about 500, about 20 to about 495, about 25 to about 495, about 30 to about 495, about 35 to about 495, about 40 to about 495, about 45 to about 495, about 50 to about 495, about 55 to about 495, about 20 to about 490, about 25 to about 490, about 30 to about 490, about 35 to about 490, about 40 to about 490, about 45 to about 490, about 50 to about 490, or about 55 to about 490.

[0346]

The Pa can also be a value of 1 to 1500, 1 to 1200, 5 to 1200, 1 to 1000, 5 to 1000, 10 to 1000, 1 to 900, 5 to

900, 10 to 900, 15 to 900, 20 to 900, 25 to 900, 30 to 900, 35 to 900, 40 to 900, 45 to 900, 50 to 900, 55 to 900, 1 to 800, 5 to 800, 10 to 800, 15 to 800, 20 to 800, 25 to 800, 30 to 800, 35 to 800, 40 to 800, 45 to 800, 50 to 800, 55 to 800, 1 to 700, 5 to 700, 10 to 700, 15 to 700, 20 to 700, 25 to 700, 30 to 700, 35 to 700, 40 to 700, 45 to 700, 50 to 700, 55 to 700, 1 to 600, 5 to 600, 10 to 600, 15 to 600, 20 to 600, 25 to 600, 30 to 600, 35 to 600, 40 to 600, 45 to 600, 50 to 600, 55 to 600, 1 to 550, 1 to 540, 1 to 530, 1 to 520, 1 to 510, 1 to 505, 1 to 500, 1 to 495, 1 to 490, 5 to 550, 5 to 540, 5 to 530, 5 to 520, 5 to 510, 5 to 505, 5 to 500, 5 to 495, 5 to 490, 10 to 550, 10 to 540, 10 to 530, 10 to 520, 10 to 510, 10 to 505, 10 to 500, 10 to 495, 10 to 490, 15 to 550, 15 to 550, 15 to 530, 15 to 520, 15 to 510, 15 to 505, 15 to 500, 15 to 495, or 15 to 490.

[0347]

The Pa can also be a value of about 20 to about 200, about 100 to about 500, about 100 to about 450, about 100 to about 400, about 100 to about 350, about 100 to about 300, about 100 to about 250, about 100 to about 200, about 150 to about 500, about 150 to about 450, about 150 to about 400, about 150 to about 350, about 150 to about 300, about 150 to about 250, about 150 to about 200, about 200 to about 500, about 200 to about 450, about 200 to about 400, about 200 to about 350, about 200 to about 300, or about 200 to about 250.

[0348]

The X2 is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than X1 and can be 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 10.0, 3.0 to 10.5, 3.0 to 11.0, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 12.0, 3.0 to 13.0, 3.0 to 14.0, 3.0 to 15.0, 3.0 to 16.0, 3.0 to 17.0, 3.0 to 18.0, 3.5 to 4.0, 3.5 to 4.5,

3.5 to 5.0, 3.5 to 5.5, 3.5 to 6.0, 3.5 to 6.5, 3.5 to 12.0, 3.5 to 13.0, 3.5 to 14.0, 3.5 to 15.0, 3.5 to 16.0, 3.5 to 17. 0, 3.5 to 18.0, 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5. 5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15, or 10.5 to 12.5. The X2 can also be 4.0 to 18, 4.0 to 16, 4.0 to 15.5, 4.0 to 14, 4.5 to 18, 4.5 to 16, 4.5 to 15.5, 4.5 to 14, 5.0 to 18, 5.0 to 16, 5.0 to 15.5, 5.0 to 14, 5.5 to 18, 5.5 to 16, 5.5 to 15.5, 5.5 to 14, 6.0 to 18, 6.0 to 16, 6.0 to 15.5, 6.0 to 14, 6.5 to 18, 6.5 to 16, 6. 5 to 15.5, 6.5 to 14, 7.0 to 18, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15.5, 7.0 to 14, 7.5 to 18, 7.5 to 16, 7.5 to 15.5, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 16, 8.0 to 15.5, 8.0 to 14, 8.5 to 18, 8.5 to 16, 8.5 to 15.5, 8.5 to 14, 9.0 to 18, 9.0 to 16, 9.0 to 15.5, 9.0 to 14, 9.5 to 18, 9.5 to 16, 9.5 to 15.5, 9.5 to 14, 10.0 to 18, 10.0 to 16, 10.0 to 15.5, 10.5 to 18, 10.5 to 16, or 10.5 to 15.5.

[0349]

Further, the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_3 exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_3 < X_2$ is satisfied. That is, a sweetness is more enhanced by the addition of the component (c) sodium to the component (a) a high-intensity sweetener and the component (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof, than the combination of the component (a) and the component (b).

[0350]

The X_3 is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than the X_1 and smaller than the X_2 and can be 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5, 0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.05 to 16.0, 0.05 to 17.0, 0.05 to 18.0, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 10.0, 0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 15.0, 0.5 to 16.0, 0.5 to 17.0, 0.5 to 18.0, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to 12.0, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 14.0, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.0 to 16.0, 1.0 to 17.0, 1.0 to 18.0, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 10.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to 11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 14.0,

1.5 to 15.0, 1.5 to 16.0, 1.5 to 17.0, 1.5 to 18.0, 2.0 to 8.0, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to 11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 13.0, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.0 to 16.0, 2.0 to 17.0, 2.0 to 18.0, 2.5 to 8.0, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 10.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 15.0, 2.5 to 16.0, 2.5 to 17.0, 2.5 to 18.0, 3.0 to 19, 3.0 to 14, 3.0 to 11.5, 3.0 to 9, 3.5 to 19, 3.5 to 14, 3.5 to 11.5, 3.5 to 9, 4.0 to 19, 4.0 to 14, 4.0 to 11.5, 4.0 to 9, 4.5 to 19, 4.5 to 14, 4.5 to 11.5, 4.5 to 9, 5.0 to 19, 5.0 to 14, 5.0 to 11.5, 5.0 to 9, 6.5 to 20, 5.5 to 14, 5.5 to 11.5, 5.5 to 9, 6.019, 6.0 to 14, 6.0 to 11.5, 6.0 to 9, 6.5 to 19, 6.5 to 14, 6.5 to 11.5, 6.5 to 9, 6.5 to 8, 6.5 to 7, 7.0 to 19, 7.0 to 19, 7.0 to 14, 7.0 to 11.5, 7.0 to 9, 7.5 to 19, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 11.5, 7.5 to 9, 8.0 to 19, 8.0 to 14, 8.0 to 11.5, 8.0 to 9, 8.5 to 19, 98.5 to 14, 8.5 to 11.5, 8.5 to 9, 9.0 to 19, 9.0 to 14, 9.0 to 11.5, 9.5 to 19, 9.5 to 14, or 9.5 to 11.5. The X3 can also be 3.0 to 17, 3.0 to 15, 3.0 to 14.5, 3.0 to 13, 3.5 to 17, 3.5 to 15, 3.5 to 14.5, 3.5 to 13, 4.0 to 17, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 14.5, 4.0 to 13, 4.5 to 17, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 14.5, 4.5 to 13, 5.0 to 17, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 14.5, 5.0 to 13, 5.5 to 17, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 14.5, 5.5 to 13, 6.0 to 17, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 14.5, 6.0 to 13, 6.5 to 17, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 14.5, 6.5 to 13, 6.5 to 8, 6.5 to 7, 7.0 to 17, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 14.5, 7.0 to 13, 7.5 to 17, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 14.5, 7.5 to 13, 8.0 to 17, 8.0 to 15, 8.0

to 14.5, 8.0 to 13, 8.5 to 17, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 14.5, 8.5 to 13, 9.0 to 17, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 14.5, 9.5 to 17, 9.5 to 15, or 9.5 to 14.5.

[0351]

The coffee beverage of the present invention has an enhanced sweetness as having been already mentioned. Whether or not the sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention is enhanced can be evaluated by panelists who received sensory trainings. Further, for the sweetness intensity of the coffee beverage of the present invention, standard coffee beverages to be the sweetness standards are prepared with sucrose concentrations assigned as sweetness intensities 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 and panelists compare the sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention with the sweetnesses of these standard coffee beverages thereby to measure the sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention. Note that the standard coffee beverages having a sweetness intensity of 1, 2, ... 15 are prepared by adding sucrose in such a way that a sucrose content is 1 g/100 g, 2 g/100 g, ... 15 g/100 g to the coffee beverage to which sucrose is not added.

Furthermore, of the standard coffee beverages having a lower sweetness than the coffee beverage of the present invention in the above measurement, the standard coffee beverage having the closest sweetness to that of the coffee beverage of the present invention is selected and adjusted in such a way as to have the same sweetness as that of the

coffee beverage of the present invention by adding sucrose to the selected standard coffee beverage, during which a sweetness intensity of the coffee beverage of the present invention can also be measured from a sucrose content in the adjusted standard coffee beverage.

[0352]

Other examples of the method for measuring a sweetness of the coffee beverage of the present invention include a sweetness intensity rating using Visual Analogue Scale (VAS method). For the VAS method, literatures in The journal of Japanese Society of Stomatognathic Function (2014) 20 pp. 115-129 ("Construction of a Screening Test for Gustatory Function in Four Basic Tastes" by Toyota et al.) and the like can be referred. Specifically, in the measurement of sweetness intensity by the VAS method, for example, evaluators define sweetness intensities as "not sweet at all" at the lower end and "nothing is sweeter than this" at the upper end and, using a piece of paper on which a vertical line indicating the intensities of sweetness on the straight line, assess a sweetness intensity sensed at that time by showing a position on the straight line.

[0353]

The sweetness intensity of the coffee beverage of the present invention is not particularly limited as long as it is acceptable as a coffee beverage and can be, in terms of the degree of sweetness, for example, 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to

12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15, or 10.5 to 12.5. The sweetness intensity of the coffee beverage is provided by the above components (a) to (c) and optional components.

[0354]

An energy (total energy) of the coffee beverage of the present invention can be, depending on an embodiment, 0 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 0 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 0.1 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 22 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 10

Kcal/100 ml, 1 to 5 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 5 to 10 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 10 to 15 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 15 to 20 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 30 Kcal/100 ml, 20 to 24 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 50 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 45 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 40 Kcal/100 ml, 24 to 35 Kcal/100 ml, or 24 to 30 Kcal/100 ml.

[0355]

Further, an energy (total energy, TE) of the coffee beverage of the present invention can be, depending on an embodiment (for example, an embodiment containing a caloric sweetener), $0 < TE \leq 50$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 45$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 40$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 35$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 30$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 24$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 22$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 20$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 15$ Kcal/100 ml, $0 < TE \leq 10$ Kcal/100 ml or $0 < TE \leq 5$ Kcal/100 ml (that is, it never is completely 0).

[0356]

The components (a) to (c) can be in any combinations. As shown in examples to be described later, the addition

of the component (b) and the component (c) to the component (a) enables to provide a sweetness intensity X2, which is higher than the sweetness intensity X1 of the component (a) alone. That is, the sweetness of the component (a) can be enhanced by the components (b) and (c). For this reason, coffee beverages can be produced without using or with a reduced amount of highly caloric sucrose while maintaining the sweetness equal to a coffee beverage containing sucrose. Thus, the design of new low-caloric coffee beverages is enabled. In the case of designing a zero-calorie coffee beverage, a high-intensity sweetener having particularly good-taste quality such as rebaudioside D (hereinafter, rebaudioside is sometimes abbreviated as "Reb") and rebaudioside M is used for the component (a) and D-allulose or erythritol is used as an additional sweet substance thereby to improve a sweetness with a low-concentration amino acid and low-concentration sodium. In the case of adjusting a food to be not zero calories but a low calorie, a caloric sweetener such as sucrose, glucose, fructose, or sorbitol can be contained as an additional sweet substance.

[0357]

[High-intensity sweetener]

The high-intensity sweetener (hereinafter, sometimes abbreviated as the "sweetener (a)" or "component (a)") means a compound having a more intense sweetness than sucrose and encompasses naturally occurring compounds, synthetic compounds, and combinations of naturally

occurring compounds and synthetic compounds. The high-intensity sweetener has, in the same amount as sucrose, a sweetness 5 times or more, 10 times or more, 50 times or more, 100 times or more, 500 times or more, 1,000 times or more, 5,000 times or more, 10,000 times or more, 50,000 times or more, or 100,000 times or more, of that of sucrose. [0358]

Specific examples of the high-intensity sweetener include peptide-based sweeteners such as aspartame, neotame, and advantame, for example, sucrose derivatives such as sucralose, for example, synthetic sweeteners such as acesulfame K, saccharine, saccharin sodium, sodium cyclamate, dulcin, disodium glycyrrhizin, trisodium glycyrrhizin, and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone (including those naturally occurring but also those whose synthetic products are mostly distributed such as neohesperidin dihydrochalcone), for example, sweeteners extracted from plants such as thaumatin, monellin, curculin, mabinlin, brazzein, pentagin, hernandulcin, 4 β -hydroxyhernandulcin, miraculin, glycyrrhizin, rubusoside, and phyllodulcin, and plant extracts containing a high-intensity sweetener component, for example, *Stevia rebaudiana* extract, Luo han guo extract, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* extract, *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee extract, *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* extract, *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* extract, *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth extract, *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* (serendipity berry) extract, *Curculigo latifolia* extract, *Richadella dulcifica* (miracle fruit) extract,

Pentadiplandra brazzeana (West African fruit) extract, *Capparis masai* (Mabinlang) extract, and *Lippia dulcis* (Aztec sweet herb) extract, sweet components in these extracts, for example, steviol glycosides such as stevia derivatives like enzymatically-treated stevia in which a stevia extract and stevia are treated with an enzyme and glucose is added thereto, mogrosides obtained by treating Luo han guo and a Luo han guo extract, glycosides obtained from plant extracts such as phylloidal glycosides, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* plant-containing sweet components (for example, triterpene glycosides such as glycyrrhizin), *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee plant-containing sweet components (for example, diterpene glycosides such as rubusoside), *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* plant-containing sweet components (for example, dihydroisocoumarin such as phylloidal), *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* plant-containing sweet components (for example, amino acids such as monatin), *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as thaumatin), *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as monellin), *Curculigo latifolia* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as curculin), *Richadella dulcifica* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as miraculin), *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as brazzein and pentagin), *Capparis masai* plant-containing sweet components (for example, proteins such as mabinlin),

and *Lippia dulcis* plant-containing sweet components (for example, sesquiterpenes such as hernandulcin and 4 β -hydroxyhernandulcin).

[0359]

Examples of the steviol glycoside include rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol, steviol monoside, steviol bioside and stevioside. Examples of the mogroside include mogroside IV and mogroside V.

The Glycyrrhiza extract refers to those obtained from roots or rhizomes of *Glycyrrhiza uralensis* Fisher, *Glycyrrhiza inflata* Batalin, and *Glycyrrhiza glabra* Linne and having glycyrrhizic acid as the main component. Examples of the Glycyrrhiza extract include Glycyrrhiza extracts, Glycyrrhizin, and licorice extracts.

The sucrose derivative includes, for example, those obtained by substituting the OH group or the H group of sucrose with other substituents and examples thereof include halogen derivatives of sucrose (sucralose) and oxathiazinonedioxide derivatives.

[0360]

In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener is selected from a high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality. As used

herein, the "high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality" means a high-intensity sweet substance having one or more taste qualities selected from, when compared with rebaudioside A (RebA), (1) less astringent taste, (2) less metallic taste, (3) less aftertaste of sweetness, and (4) less bitterness. Whether or not a certain sweet substance has the above taste quality is already known or can be determined based on a sensory evaluation. Nonrestrictive examples of the high-intensity sweetener having a good taste quality include RebD, RebM, a luo han guo extract, mogroside (for example, mogroside V), thaumatin, brazzein or a combination thereof.

[0361]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener can be those naturally occurring in plants and the like or those artificially produced (for example, bioconversion or chemosynthesis) but is preferably a naturally occurring sweetener. As used herein, the "naturally occurring" does not mean that a high-intensity sweet substance contained in the coffee beverage of the present invention is a natural product but a high-intensity sweet substance contained in the coffee beverage of the present invention can be a product artificially (for example, by bioconversion) produced (non-naturally occurring product) as long as the same substance naturally occurs.

[0362]

Nonrestrictive examples of the sweetener (a) include rebaudioside A (RebA), rebaudioside D (RebD), rebaudioside M (RebM), neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, glycyrrhizin, thaumatin, monellin, mogroside, rubusoside, curculin, mabinlin, brazzein, pentagin, phyllodulcin, hernandulcin, miraculin, *Stevia rebaudiana* plant-containing sweet components, *Siraitia grosvenorii* plant-containing sweet components, *Glycyrrhiza glabra* plant-containing sweet components, *Rubus suavissimus* S. Lee plant-containing sweet components, *Hydrangea macrophylla* var. *thunbergii* plant-containing sweet components, *Sclerochiton ilicifolius* plant-containing sweet components, *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet components, *Dioscoreophyllum volkensii* plant-containing sweet components, *Curculigo latifolia* plant-containing sweet components, *Richardella dulcifica* plant-containing sweet components, *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet components, *Capparis masaikai* plant-containing sweet components, *Lippia dulcis* plant-containing sweet components and derivatives thereof, and combinations thereof. In a specific embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains RebA, RebD, RebM, a mogroside (for example, mogroside V) or a combination thereof. In another specific embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains RebA, RebD, RebM, a mogroside (for example, mogroside V), thaumatin or a combination thereof. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, a high-intensity sweetener contains at least one selected from the group consisting of RebA, RebD,

RebM, mogroside V, a Luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof. In an embodiment of the present invention, the sweetener (a) is substantially made up of a sweetener other than major components of Stevia sweeteners such as RebA and stevioside. As used herein, the "substantially made up of ..." means that the sweetener used in the present invention can contain major component(s) of Stevia sweeteners as long as the effects of the invention are not affected. For example, preferably 90% or more, more preferably 95% or more, or further preferably 98% or more of the sweetener (a) for use in the present invention is made up of a sweetener other than RebA and stevioside.

[0363]

RebA, RebD and RebM can be directly extracted from Stevia, or can be obtained by adding glucose to a compound having another structure, contained in a Stevia extract.

[0364]

The Luo han guo extract as a sweetener is an extract of Luo han guo containing a sweet substance derived from Luo han guo, approved in various countries including Japan as a food additive and commercially available. Examples of the sweet substance derived from Luo han guo include mogroside V, mogroside IV, 11-oxo-mogroside V, and Siamenoside I.

[0365]

Mogroside V is a kind of the major mogrol glycosides contained in Luo han guo and documented to have a good-quality sweetness property close to sucrose when compared

with rebaudioside A. Mogroside V can be obtained from a luo han guo extract (for example, an alcohol extract of Luo han guo) by purification with chromatography or the like. Alternatively, mogroside V can be obtained by adding glucose to a compound having another structure, contained in a luo han guo extract.

[0366]

The luo han guo extract preferably contains mogroside V and the ratio thereof is not limited and can be 10 wt% or more, 15 wt% or more, 20 wt% or more, 25 wt% or more, 30 wt% or more, 35 wt% or more, 40 wt% or more, 45 wt% or more, 50 wt% or more, 55 wt% or more, 60 wt% or more, 65 wt% or more, 70 wt% or more or 75 wt% or more, of the total dry weight of a luo han guo extract. The content of mogroside V can be determined by a known technique such as liquid chromatography. The luo han guo extract can be obtained by extracting a fruit of Luo han guo (*Siraitia grosvenorii*) with a suitable solvent (for example, an aqueous solvent such as water, an alcohol solvent such as ethanol or methanol, or a mixed solvent of an aqueous solvent and an alcohol solvent such as water-containing ethanol or water-containing methanol), and then optionally carrying out a treatment such as degreasing, purification, concentration, and drying.

[0367]

Mogroside V can be one having a high purity, and can be, for example, one having a purity of 80% or more, 85% or more, 90% or more, 91% or more, 92% or more, 93% or

more, 94% or more, 95% or more, 96% or more, 97% or more or 98% or more. Mogroside V obtained by purification of a luo han guo extract, of course, has a smaller amount of incorporation of a luo han guo extract component other than mogroside V, as it has a higher purity.

[0368]

In other embodiments of the present invention, mogroside V can also be one having a lower purity, and can be, for example, one having a purity of 50% or more, 55% or more, 60% or more, 65% or more, 70% or more or 75% or more. For example, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, the calculated value of the degree of sweetness of Mog V having a purity of about 65% is about 175. In other embodiments of the present invention, a luo han guo extract containing about 30 wt% of Mog V can be used as the high-intensity sweetener, and, when the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, the calculated value of the degree of sweetness of the luo han guo extract is about 100.

[0369]

The high-intensity sweetener is contained in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, as described above. When the sweetness intensity of sucrose per unit concentration Brix 1 is defined as a degree of sweetness of 1, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside D is about 225, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside M is about 230, a

degree of sweetness of rebaudioside B is about 325, a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside A is 200 to 300 (median value 250), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside N is 200 to 250 (median value 225), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside O is 200 to 250 (median value 225), a degree of sweetness of rebaudioside E is 70 to 80 (median value 75), a degree of sweetness of a luo han guo extract (containing 40% of Mog V) is about 130, a degree of sweetness of mogroside V is about 270, a degree of sweetness of thaumatin is 2,000, and a degree of sweetness of brazzein is 500 to 2000 (median value 1250). The numerical value obtained by multiplying these degrees of sweetness by a concentration (w/v% (considered to be the same as w/w% in the case of a beverage)) of the high-intensity sweetener in the coffee beverage is a sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener. When X1 of such a sweetener is herein determined, the above degree of sweetness (median value when a numerical value range is shown) is used. A relative ratio of a degree of sweetness of each sweetener to a degree of sweetness of 1 of sucrose can be determined from, for example, a known sugar sweetness conversion table (for example, information "Beverage term dictionary", page 11, Beverage Japan, Inc.). When a numerical range of a degree of sweetness is herein shown, a median value is adopted. Herein, in the case of a sweetener whose degree of sweetness is different with respect to each literature, a relative ratio of a degree of sweetness to a degree of sweetness of 1 of sucrose can

be determined by a sensory test. Examples of such a sensory test include a method involving preparing samples where sucrose is added to pure water so that Brix is 3.0 to 5.0 by 0.5, and selecting a sample where sucrose is added, having a sweetness intensity equal to that of an aqueous solution having a predetermined concentration of a sweetener, among such samples.

[0370]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luohan guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luohan guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, a *Glycyrrhiza* extract, saccharine, and a combination thereof.

[0371]

In some embodiments, the sweetener (a) contains the following combination: RebA and RebM, RebA and RebD, RebD and RebM, RebA and RebD and RebM, RebA and mogroside V, RebD and mogroside V, RebM and mogroside V, RebA and RebM and mogroside V, RebA and RebD and mogroside V, RebD and RebM and mogroside V, RebA and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and RebD and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and RebM and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebD and RebM and mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, RebA and brazzein, RebD and brazzein, RebM and brazzein, mogroside V and brazzein, neohesperidin dihydrochalcone and brazzein, RebM and RebD and brazzein, RebM and RebD and brazzein and mogroside V, RebM and RebD and brazzein and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone, or RebM and RebD and brazzein and mogroside V and neohesperidin dihydrochalcone.

[0372]

In another embodiment, the sweetener (a) contains the following combination: RebA and thaumatin, RebD and thaumatin, RebM and thaumatin, mogroside V and thaumatin, RebA and RebM and thaumatin, RebA and RebD and thaumatin, RebD and RebM and thaumatin, RebA and mogroside V and thaumatin, RebD and mogroside V and thaumatin, RebM and mogroside V and thaumatin, or RebD and RebM and mogroside V and thaumatin.

[0373]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the sweetener (a) can contain a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably one or more high-intensity sweeteners selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof.

[0374]

The amount of the sweetener (a) contained in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is, in the case when the sweetener (a) contains a combination of a plurality of sweet substances, an amount of all of these sweet substances combined. When an amount of the sweetener (a) is Pa (ppm), Pa can be a value of, for example, about 20 to about 800, about 25 to about 800, about 30 to about 800, about 35 to about 800, about 40 to about 800, about 45 to about 800, about 50 to about 800, about 55 to about 800, about 20 to about 750, about 25 to about 750, about 30 to about 750, about 35 to about 750, about 40 to about 750, about 45 to about 750, about 50 to about 750, about 55 to about 750, about 20 to about 700, about 25 to about 700, about 30 to about 700, about 35 to about 700, about 40 to about 700, about 45 to about 700, about 50 to about 700, about 55 to about 700, about 20 to about 650, about 25 to about 650, about 30 to about 650, about 35 to about 650, about 40 to about 650, about 45 to about 650, about 50 to about 650, about 55 to about 650,

about 20 to about 600, about 25 to about 600, about 30 to about 600, about 35 to about 600, about 40 to about 600, about 45 to about 600, about 50 to about 600, about 55 to about 600, about 20 to about 550, about 25 to about 550, about 30 to about 550, about 35 to about 550, about 40 to about 550, about 45 to about 550, about 50 to about 550, about 55 to about 550, about 20 to about 540, about 25 to about 540, about 30 to about 540, about 35 to about 540, about 40 to about 540, about 45 to about 540, about 50 to about 540, about 55 to about 540, about 20 to about 530, about 25 to about 530, about 30 to about 530, about 35 to about 530, about 40 to about 530, about 45 to about 530, about 50 to about 530, about 55 to about 530, about 20 to about 520, about 25 to about 520, about 30 to about 520, about 35 to about 520, about 40 to about 520, about 45 to about 520, about 50 to about 520, about 55 to about 520, about 20 to about 510, about 25 to about 510, about 30 to about 510, about 35 to about 510, about 40 to about 510, about 45 to about 510, about 50 to about 510, about 55 to about 510, about 20 to about 505, about 25 to about 505, about 30 to about 505, about 35 to about 505, about 40 to about 505, about 45 to about 505, about 50 to about 505, about 55 to about 505, about 20 to about 500, about 25 to about 500, about 30 to about 500, about 35 to about 500, about 40 to about 500, about 45 to about 500, about 50 to about 500, about 55 to about 500, about 20 to about 495, about 25 to about 495, about 30 to about 495, about 35 to about 495, about 40 to about 495, about 45 to about 495,

about 50 to about 495, about 55 to about 495, about 20 to about 490, about 25 to about 490, about 30 to about 490, about 35 to about 490, about 40 to about 490, about 45 to about 490, about 50 to about 490, about 55 to about 490, about 100 to about 500, about 100 to about 450, about 100 to about 400, about 100 to about 350, about 100 to about 300, about 100 to about 250, about 100 to about 200, about 150 to about 500, about 150 to about 450, about 150 to about 400, about 150 to about 350, about 150 to about 300, about 150 to about 250, about 150 to about 200, about 20 to about 200, about 200 to about 500, about 200 to about 450, about 200 to about 400, about 200 to about 350, about 200 to about 300, or about 200 to about 250.

[0375]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount Pa ppm of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0376]

[Amino acids or derivatives or salts thereof]

The coffee beverage of the present invention contains (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold. The amino acids or amino acid salts used in the present invention are organic compounds having both functional groups of an amino group and a carboxyl group, or salts thereof, and not particularly limited as long as a sweetness enhancement

effect can be obtained. Additionally, proline and hydroxyproline, which form a cyclic structure in which the hydrogen of the amino group is substituted with a side chain moiety in a molecule, are also encompassed in the amino acid in the present description. The amino acid derivatives which can be used in the present invention encompass derivatives having no carboxyl group such as taurine. In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid means a free amino acid.

[0377]

The amino acids used in the present invention can be the D-configuration, the L-configuration, or the racemic configuration consisting of the D-configuration and the L-configuration (in the present description, also referred to as the DL-amino acid). In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid can be selected from neutral amino acids, basic amino acids, and acidic amino acids. The neutral amino acid can be preferably selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine and the like which have an alkyl group, serine, threonine and the like which have an OH group (a hydroxy group), tyrosine, phenylalanine, tryptophan and the like which have an aromatic group (or an aromatic ring), methionine, cysteine and the like which have a sulfur-containing group, proline, hydroxyproline and the like which have an imino group, and glutamine, asparagine and the like which have an amide group. The basic amino acid can be preferably selected from arginine, lysine, histidine and the like. The acidic

amino acid can be preferably selected from glutamic acid, aspartic acid and the like. In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the amino acids are selected from the neutral amino acids or the basic amino acids. In other preferable embodiments of the present invention, the amino acids include amino acids selected from, of the basic amino acids or the neutral amino acids, amino acids having an alkyl group, an OH group, or an amide group on a side chain and combinations thereof. Of the neutral amino acids, examples of those having an alkyl group on a side chain include glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine and leucine, those having an OH group on a side chain include serine and threonine, and those having an amide group on a side chain include glutamine and asparagine.

[0378]

The amino acid contained in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is one or more of the 22 amino acids forming proteins. Specific examples include the L-configuration of alanine (Ala), arginine (Arg), asparagine (Asn), aspartic acid (Asp), cysteine (Cys), glutamine (Gln), glutamic acid (Glu), glycine (Gly), histidine (His), isoleucine (Ile), leucine (Leu), lysine (Lys), methionine (Met), phenylalanine (Phe), proline (Pro), serine (Ser), threonine (Thr), tryptophan (Trp), tyrosine (Tyr), valine (Val), selenosysteine (Sec), and pyrrolysine (Pyl).

[0379]

The amino acid contained in the coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260. Examples of such an amino acid include alanine (molecular weight: 89), arginine (molecular weight: 174), asparagine (molecular weight: 132), aspartic acid (molecular weight: 133), cysteine (molecular weight: 121), glutamine (molecular weight: 146), glutamic acid (molecular weight: 147), glycine (molecular weight: 75), histidine (molecular weight: 155), isoleucine (molecular weight: 131), leucine (molecular weight: 131), lysine (molecular weight: 146), methionine (molecular weight: 149), phenylalanine (molecular weight: 165), proline (molecular weight: 115), serine (molecular weight: 105), threonine (molecular weight: 119), tryptophan (molecular weight: 204), tyrosine (molecular weight: 181), valine (molecular weight: 117), selenosysteine (molecular weight: 168) and pyrrolysine (molecular weight: 255). In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid is one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 204, more preferably one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 174, and further preferably one or more selected from amino acids having molecular weights of 75 to 146.

[0380]

Preferably, the amino acid or a salt thereof is one or more selected from L-asparagine, L-aspartic acid, monosodium L-aspartate, DL-alanine, L-alanine, L-alanine

solution, L-arginine, L-arginine L-glutamate, L-glutamine, L-cystine, L-cysteine monohydrochloride, L-serine, L-tyrosine, L-glutamic acid, monoammonium L-glutamate, monopotassium L-glutamate, monocalcium Di-L-glutamate, monosodium L-glutamate (also known as sodium glutamate), monomagnesium Di-L-glutamate, glycine, L-histidine, L-histidine monohydrochloride, L-hydroxyproline, L-isoleucine, L-lysine, L-lysine solution, L-lysine L-aspartate, L-lysine hydrochloride (L-lysine monohydrochloride), L-lysine L-glutamate, L-leucine, DL-methionine, L-methionine, L-phenylalanine, L-proline, L-proline solution, DL-threonine, L-threonine, DL-tryptophan, L-tryptophan, L-valine, L-theanine, L-ornithine, and taurine. In an embodiment of the present invention, a plurality species of amino acids can be used in combination. In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid includes an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

[0381]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In another embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include one or more amino acids selected from arginine, lysine, histidine,

phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan. In still another embodiment of the present invention, the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof can include one or more amino acids selected from arginine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan.

[0382]

As used herein, the threshold of amino acids means a detection threshold or a taste recognition threshold. The detection threshold means a minimum concentration at which the difference from water can be clearly identified but a type of the taste (for example, bitterness, sourness, and sweetness) does not have to be always recognized, and the taste recognition threshold means a minimum concentration at which a taste can be recognized (for example, Eur J Clin Nutr (2004) 58, 629-636). The threshold (detection threshold) of amino acids is organized by Susan S. Schiffman et al. in "Comparison of Taste Qualities and Thresholds of D- and L-Amino Acids", Physiology & Behavior, Vol. 27, pp. 51-59 (1981). For example, a detection threshold of each amino acid is as follows: glycine (30.9 mM), L-threonine (25.7 mM), L-serine (20.9 mM), L-alanine (16.2 mM), L-proline (15.1 mM), L-glutamine (9.77 mM), L-isoleucine (7.41 mM), L-phenylalanine (6.61 mM), L-leucine (6.45 mM), L-valine (4.16 mM), L-methionine (3.72 mM), L-tryptophan (2.29 mM), L-asparagine (1.62 mM), L-histidine

(1.23 mM), L-arginine (1.20 mM), L-lysine (0.708 mM), L-aspartic acid (0.182 mM), L-glutamic acid (0.063 mM), L-cysteine (0.063 mM). Additionally, the taste recognition threshold is known to be about 1.5 to 2 times the detection threshold (Yuki Yamauchi et al., "WHOLE MOUTH GUSTATORY TEST (PART1) - BASIC CONSIDERATIONS AND PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS -", Journal of The Oto-Rhino-Laryngological Society of Japan, vol. 98 (1995) No. 1, p.119-129, and Reiko Ohmori, "Comparisons of the taste sensitivity between three generations", The bulletin of the Faculty of Education, Utsunomiya University, Section 1 (2013) Vol. 63 p.201-210)).

[0383]

In the present invention, it is preferable that a measured value be used as the taste recognition threshold of an amino acid. A taste recognition threshold of an amino acid can be determined by preparing amino acid-containing aqueous solutions in several concentration levels and tasting in the order from low concentrations to high concentrations to carry out a sensory test by which the taste can be sensed or not. A concentration at which a difference from water is detected is defined as a detection threshold and a concentration at which a taste is recognized is defined as a recognition threshold. For example, for an amino acid for which a theoretical value (a literature value) is already established, aqueous solutions in several concentration levels close to such a concentration are prepared and several persons who

received sensory trainings carry out the test thereby to determine these thresholds. In the case of L-alanine, a detection threshold described in literatures is 16.2 mM and a theoretical recognition threshold calculated from such a detection threshold is 32.4 mM, and a sensory test using aqueous solutions in several levels selected from 5 mM, 10 mM, 15 mM, 20 mM, 25 mM, 30 mM, and 35 mM is carried out thereby to measure a recognition threshold. In an embodiment of the present invention, the taste recognition threshold of an amino acid means a taste recognition threshold in pure water. The taste recognition threshold in pure water means a minimum concentration at which such a taste can be recognized when only an amino acid is added to water without addition of any sweetener or the like.

[0384]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains glycine and a content of glycine can be more than 0 mM and 80 mM or less, 75 mM or less, less than 75 mM, 70 mM or less, 65 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 55 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50

mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 10 to 30 mM or 20 to 30 mM.

[0385]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains alanine and a content of alanine can be more than 0 mM and 32.4 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM, 1 to 19 mM, 5 to 19 mM, 10 to 19 mM, 15 to 19 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 5 to 18 mM, 10 to 18 mM, 15 to 18 mM, 1 to 17 mM, 5 to 17 mM, 10 to 17 mM, 15 to 17 mM, 1 to 16 mM, 5 to 16 mM, 10 to 16 mM, or 15 to 16 mM. Alanine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0386]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains valine and a content of valine can be more than 0 mM and 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM,

10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 35 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 45 to 50 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 30 to 45 mM, 35 to 45 mM, 40 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 35 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 10 to 35 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 20 to 35 mM, 25 to 35 mM, 30 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 10 to 15 mM, or 15 to 20 mM. Valine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0387]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains isoleucine and a content of isoleucine can be more than 0 mM and 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 10 mM or less, or 5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, or 10 to 15 mM. Isoleucine can be either the L-configuration, the D-

configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0388]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains leucine and a content of leucine can be more than 0 mM and 50 mM or less, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, less than 30 mM, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 15 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 50 mM, 2 to 50 mM, 3 to 50 mM, 4 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 6 to 50 mM, 7 to 50 mM, 8 to 50 mM, 9 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 2 to 40 mM, 3 to 40 mM, 4 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 6 to 40 mM, 7 to 40 mM, 8 to 40 mM, 9 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 2 to 30 mM, 3 to 30 mM, 4 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 6 to 30 mM, 7 to 30 mM, 8 to 30 mM, 9 to 30 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM, 2 to 20 mM, 3 to 20 mM, 4 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 6 to 20 mM, 7 to 20 mM, 8 to 20 mM, 9 to 20 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 15 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10

mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Leucine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0389]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains serine and a content of serine can be more than 0 mM and 130 mM or less, 100 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 130 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 15 mM, or 1 to 10 mM. Serine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0390]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains threonine and a content of threonine can

be more than 0 mM and 70 mM or less, 65 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 55 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 70 mM, 1 to 65 mM, 1 to 60 mM, 1 to 55 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 1 to 50 mM, 5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 25 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 35 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 45 to 50 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 1 to 45 mM, 5 to 45 mM, 10 to 45 mM, 15 to 45 mM, 20 to 45 mM, 25 to 45 mM, 30 to 45 mM, 35 to 45 mM, 40 to 45 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 35 to 40 mM, 1 to 40 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 25 to 40 mM, 1 to 35 mM, 5 to 35 mM, 10 to 35 mM, 15 to 35 mM, 20 to 35 mM, 25 to 35 mM, 30 to 35 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 25 to 30 mM, 1 to 25 mM, 5 to 25 mM, 10 to 25 mM, 15 to 25 mM, 20 to 25 mM, 1 to 20 mM, 5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, or 15 to 20 mM. Threonine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0391]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains phenylalanine and a content of phenylalanine can be more than 0 mM and 15 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Phenylalanine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0392]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains tryptophan and a content of tryptophan can be more than 0 mM and 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 5 mM, 2 to 5 mM, 3 to 5 mM, or 4 to 5 mM. Tryptophan can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0393]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains methionine and a content of methionine

can be more than 0 mM and 10 mM or less, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, or 9 to 10 mM. Methionine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0394]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains proline and a content of proline can be more than 0 mM and 120 mM or less, 100 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 50 mM or less, less than 50 mM, 45 mM or less, 40 mM or less, less than 40 mM, 35 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 25 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, or 10 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 10 to 120 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 1 to 30 mM, 5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, or 25 to 30 mM. Proline can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0395]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains glutamine and a content of glutamine can be more than 0 mM and 20 mM or less, 19 mM or less, 18 mM or less, 17 mM or less, 16 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, less than 5 mM, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, 9 to 10 mM, 1 to 8 mM, 2 to 8 mM, 3 to 8 mM, 4 to 8 mM, 5 to 8 mM, 6 to 8 mM, 7 to 8 mM, 1 to 7 mM, 2 to 7 mM, 3 to 7 mM, 4 to 7 mM, 5 to 7 mM, 6 to 7 mM, 1 to 6 mM, 2 to 6 mM, 3 to 6 mM, 4 to 6 mM, 5 to 6 mM, 1 to 5 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 5 mM, 2 to 5 mM, 3 to 5 mM, 4 to 5 mM, 1 to 4 mM, 2 to 4 mM, 3 to 4 mM, 1 to 3 mM, or 2 to 3 mM. Glutamine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0396]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains asparagine and a content of asparagine

can be more than 0 mM and 20 mM or less, less than 20 mM, 19 mM or less, 18 mM or less, 17 mM or less, 16 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, less than 10 mM, 9 mM or less, 8 mM or less, 7 mM or less, 6 mM or less, 5 mM or less, 4 mM or less, 3 mM or less, 2 mM or less, or 1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 1 to 20 mM, 1 to 18 mM, 1 to 15 mM, 2 to 15 mM, 3 to 15 mM, 4 to 15 mM, 5 to 15 mM, 6 to 15 mM, 7 to 15 mM, 8 to 15 mM, 9 to 15 mM, 10 to 15 mM, 1 to 12 mM, 2 to 12 mM, 3 to 12 mM, 4 to 12 mM, 5 to 12 mM, 6 to 12 mM, 7 to 12 mM, 8 to 12 mM, 9 to 12 mM, 10 to 12 mM, 1 to 10 mM, 1 mM or more and less than 10 mM, 2 to 10 mM, 3 to 10 mM, 4 to 10 mM, 5 to 10 mM, 6 to 10 mM, 7 to 10 mM, 8 to 10 mM, 9 to 10 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Asparagine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0397]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains arginine and a content of arginine can be more than 0 mM and 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, less than 2.5 mM, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, less than 1.0 mM, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 4.0 mM, 0.1 to 3.5 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM,

0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 mM or more and less than 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 4.0 mM, 0.5 to 3.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Arginine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0398]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains lysine and a content of lysine can be more than 0 mM and 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Lysine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0399]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains lysine hydrochloride and a content of lysine hydrochloride can be more than 0 mM and 1.0 mM or less, 0.9 mM or less, 0.8 mM or less, 0.7 mM or less, 0.6 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, less than 0.5 mM, 0.4 mM or less, less than 0.4 mM, 0.3 mM or less, or 0.2 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.9 mM, 0.1 to 0.8 mM, 0.1 to 0.7 mM, 0.1 to 0.6 mM, 0.1

to 0.5 mM, 0.1 to 0.4 mM, 0.1 mM or more and less than 0.4 mM, 0.1 to 0.3 mM, 0.1 to 0.2 mM, 0.2 to 1.0 mM, 0.5 to 0.8 mM, 0.2 to 0.6 mM, 0.2 to 0.4 mM, or 0.3 to 0.5 mM. Lysine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0400]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains histidine and a content of histidine can be more than 0 mM and 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, or 0.5 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 4.0 mM, 0.1 to 3.5 mM, 0.1 to 3.0 mM, 0.1 to 2.5 mM, 0.1 to 2.0 mM, 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.1 to 0.5 mM, 0.5 to 4.0 mM, 0.5 to 3.5 mM, 0.5 to 3.0 mM, 0.5 to 2.5 mM, 0.5 to 2.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, or 0.5 to 1.0 mM. Histidine can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0401]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains glutamic acid and a content of glutamic acid can be more than 0 mM and 0.50 mM or less, less than 0.50 mM, 0.40 mM or less, less than 0.40 mM, 0.35 mM or less, 0.30 mM or less, 0.25 mM or less, less than 0.25 mM, 0.20 mM or less, 0.15 mM or less, 0.14 mM or less, 0.13 mM or less, 0.12 mM or less, 0.11 mM or less, 0.10 mM or less, 0.09 mM or less, 0.08 mM or less, 0.07 mM or less, 0.06 mM

or less, 0.05 mM or less, 0.04 mM or less, 0.03 mM or less, 0.02 mM or less, or 0.01 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.01 to 0.15 mM, 0.02 to 0.15 mM, 0.03 to 0.15 mM, 0.04 to 0.15 mM, 0.05 to 0.15 mM, 0.06 to 0.15 mM, 0.07 to 0.15 mM, 0.08 to 0.15 mM, 0.09 to 0.15 mM, 0.10 to 0.15 mM, 0.01 to 0.12 mM, 0.02 to 0.12 mM, 0.03 to 0.12 mM, 0.04 to 0.12 mM, 0.05 to 0.12 mM, 0.06 to 0.12 mM, 0.07 to 0.12 mM, 0.08 to 0.12 mM, 0.09 to 0.12 mM, 0.10 to 0.12 mM, 0.01 to 0.10 mM, 0.02 to 0.10 mM, 0.03 to 0.10 mM, 0.04 to 0.10 mM, 0.05 to 0.10 mM, 0.06 to 0.10 mM, 0.07 to 0.10 mM, 0.08 to 0.10 mM, 0.09 to 0.10 mM, 0.10 to 0.40 mM, 0.10 to 0.35 mM, 0.10 to 0.30 mM, 0.10 to 0.25 mM, 0.10 mM or more and less than 0.25 mM, 0.10 to 0.20 mM, 0.10 to 0.15 mM, 0.20 to 0.40 mM, 0.20 to 0.35 mM, 0.20 to 0.30 mM, 0.20 to 0.25 mM, or 0.30 to 0.40 mM. Glutamic acid can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0402]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the coffee beverage contains aspartic acid and a content of aspartic acid can be more than 0 mM and 1.5 mM or less, 1.4 mM or less, 1.3 mM or less, 1.2 mM or less, 1.1 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, 0.9 mM or less, 0.8 mM or less, 0.7 mM or less, 0.6 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, 0.4 mM or less, 0.3 mM or less, 0.2 mM or less, or 0.1 mM or less. Alternatively, such a content can be 0.1 to 1.5 mM, 0.2 to 1.5 mM, 0.3 to 1.5 mM, 0.4 to 1.5 mM, 0.5 to 1.5 mM, 0.6 to 1.5 mM, 0.7

to 1.5 mM, 0.8 to 1.5 mM, 0.9 to 1.5 mM, 1.0 to 1.5 mM, 0.1 to 1.2 mM, 0.2 to 1.2 mM, 0.3 to 1.2 mM, 0.4 to 1.2 mM, 0.5 to 1.2 mM, 0.6 to 1.2 mM, 0.7 to 1.2 mM, 0.8 to 1.2 mM, 0.9 to 1.2 mM, 1.0 to 1.2 mM, 0.1 to 1.0 mM, 0.2 to 1.0 mM, 0.3 to 1.0 mM, 0.4 to 1.0 mM, 0.5 to 1.0 mM, 0.6 to 1.0 mM, 0.7 to 1.0 mM, 0.8 to 1.0 mM, or 0.9 to 1.0 mM. Aspartic acid can be either the L-configuration, the D-configuration, or the racemic configuration (DL-configuration) but is preferably the L-configuration.

[0403]

The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain monosodium aspartate as the amino acid salt.

[0404]

An amino acid content can be measured by an amino acid automatic analysis method or high-performance liquid chromatography. When an amount of the amino acid contained in the beverage is known, a value calculated from the amount contained can be adopted.

[0405]

When an amino acid derived from a raw material contained in the coffee beverage is contained, such an amino acid is also encompassed in the amino acid in the coffee beverage of the present invention. Thus, an amount of the amino acid contained in the coffee beverage of the present invention is a total value of amounts of such a raw material-derived one and one added externally. In an embodiment of the present invention, when a plurality of

amino acids are contained in the coffee beverage, a content of at least one of such amino acids can be less than the taste recognition threshold, or contents of some of such amino acids can be more than the taste recognition threshold. In other embodiments of the present invention, when a plurality of amino acids are contained in the coffee beverage, a content of each of such amino acids can be less than the taste recognition threshold. The coffee beverage in still another embodiment of the present invention can contain one or more amino acids selected from less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, less than 40 mM of L-serine, less than 50 mM of glycine, less than 1 mM of L-arginine, less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, less than 40 mM of L-valine, less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, less than 20 mM of L-leucine, less than 40 mM of L-threonine, less than 40 mM of L-proline, less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride. The coffee beverage in still other embodiment of the present invention can contain one or more amino acids selected from 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-serine, 1 mM or more and less than 50 mM of glycine, 0.1 mM or more and less than 1.0 mM of L-arginine, 0.10 mM or more and less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-valine, 1 mM or more and less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, 1 mM or more and less than 20 mM of L-leucine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-threonine, 1 mM or more and less than 40 mM of L-proline, 1 mM or

more and less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and 0.1 mM or more and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride.

[0406]

[Sodium]

The coffee beverage of the present invention comprises (c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium, and it is meant that a content of sodium atom is less than 90 mg/100 ml. A content of sodium can be, depending on an embodiment, a content of 0.1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 85 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 80 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 75 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 70 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 65 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 60 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 55 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 50 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 1 to 85 mg/100 ml, 1 to 80 mg/100 ml, 1 to 75 mg/100 ml, 1 to 70 mg/100 ml, 1 to 65 mg/100 ml, 1 to 60 mg/100 ml, 1 to 55 mg/100 ml, 1 to 50 mg/100 ml, 1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 5 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 5 to 85 mg/100 ml, 5 to 80

mg/100 ml, 5 to 75 mg/100 ml, 5 to 70 mg/100 ml, 5 to 65
mg/100 ml, 5 to 60 mg/100 ml, 5 to 55 mg/100 ml, 5 to 50
mg/100 ml, 5 to 45 mg/100 ml, 5 to 40 mg/100 ml, 5 to 35
mg/100 ml, 5 to 30 mg/100 ml, 5 to 25 mg/100 ml, 5 to 20
mg/100 ml, 5 to 19 mg/100 ml, 5 to 18 mg/100 ml, 5 to 17
mg/100 ml, 5 to 16 mg/100 ml, 5 to 15 mg/100 ml, 5 to 14
mg/100 ml, 5 to 13 mg/100 ml, 5 to 12 mg/100 ml, 5 to 11
mg/100 ml, 5 to 10 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and less
than 90 mg/100 ml, 7 to 85 mg/100 ml, 7 to 80 mg/100 ml,
7 to 75 mg/100 ml, 7 to 70 mg/100 ml, 7 to 65 mg/100 ml,
7 to 60 mg/100 ml, 7 to 55 mg/100 ml, 7 to 50 mg/100 ml,
7 to 45 mg/100 ml, 7 to 40 mg/100 ml, 7 to 35 mg/100 ml,
7 to 30 mg/100 ml, 7 to 25 mg/100 ml, 7 to 20 mg/100 ml,
7 to 19 mg/100 ml, 7 to 18 mg/100 ml, 7 to 17 mg/100 ml,
7 to 16 mg/100 ml, 7 to 15 mg/100 ml, 10 mg/100 ml or more
and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 10 to 80
mg/100 ml, 10 to 75 mg/100 ml, 10 to 70 mg/100 ml, 10 to
65 mg/100 ml, 10 to 60 mg/100 ml, 10 to 55 mg/100 ml, 10
to 50 mg/100 ml, 10 to 45 mg/100 ml, 10 to 40 mg/100 ml,
10 to 35 mg/100 ml, 10 to 30 mg/100 ml, 10 to 25 mg/100
ml, 10 to 20 mg/100 ml, 10 to 19 mg/100 ml, 10 to 18 mg/100
ml, 10 to 17 mg/100 ml, 10 to 16 mg/100 ml, 10 to 15 mg/100
ml, 15 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 15 to
85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml, 15 to 75 mg/100 ml, 15
to 70 mg/100 ml, 15 to 65 mg/100 ml, 15 to 60 mg/100 ml,
15 to 55 mg/100 ml, 15 to 50 mg/100 ml, 15 to 45 mg/100
ml, 15 to 40 mg/100 ml, 15 to 35 mg/100 ml, 15 to 30 mg/100
ml, 15 to 25 mg/100 ml, 15 to 20 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml

or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 20 to 85 mg/100 ml, 20 to 80 mg/100 ml, 20 to 75 mg/100 ml, 20 to 70 mg/100 ml, 20 to 65 mg/100 ml, 20 to 60 mg/100 ml, 20 to 55 mg/100 ml, 20 to 50 mg/100 ml, 20 to 45 mg/100 ml, 20 to 40 mg/100 ml, 20 to 35 mg/100 ml, 20 to 30 mg/100 ml, 20 to 25 mg/100 ml, 25 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 25 to 85 mg/100 ml, 25 to 80 mg/100 ml, 25 to 75 mg/100 ml, 25 to 70 mg/100 ml, 25 to 65 mg/100 ml, 25 to 60 mg/100 ml, 25 to 55 mg/100 ml, 25 to 50 mg/100 ml, 25 to 45 mg/100 ml, 25 to 40 mg/100 ml, 25 to 35 mg/100 ml, 25 to 30 mg/100 ml, 30 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 30 to 85 mg/100 ml, 30 to 80 mg/100 ml, 30 to 75 mg/100 ml, 30 to 70 mg/100 ml, 30 to 65 mg/100 ml, 30 to 60 mg/100 ml, 30 to 55 mg/100 ml, 30 to 50 mg/100 ml, 30 to 45 mg/100 ml, 30 to 40 mg/100 ml, 30 to 35 mg/100 ml, 35 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 35 to 85 mg/100 ml, 35 to 80 mg/100 ml, 35 to 75 mg/100 ml, 0 to 70 mg/100 ml, 35 to 65 mg/100 ml, 35 to 60 mg/100 ml, 35 to 55 mg/100 ml, 35 to 50 mg/100 ml, 35 to 45 mg/100 ml, 35 to 40 mg/100 ml, 40 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 40 to 85 mg/100 ml, 40 to 80 mg/100 ml, 40 to 75 mg/100 ml, 40 to 70 mg/100 ml, 40 to 65 mg/100 ml, 40 to 60 mg/100 ml, 40 to 55 mg/100 ml, 40 to 50 mg/100 ml, 40 to 45 mg/100 ml, 45 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 45 to 85 mg/100 ml, 45 to 80 mg/100 ml, 45 to 75 mg/100 ml, 45 to 70 mg/100 ml, 45 to 65 mg/100 ml, 45 to 60 mg/100 ml, 45 to 55 mg/100 ml, 45 to 50 mg/100 ml, 50 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 50 to 85 mg/100 ml, 50 to

80 mg/100 ml, 50 to 75 mg/100 ml, 50 to 70 mg/100 ml, 50 to 65 mg/100 ml, 50 to 60 mg/100 ml, 50 to 55 mg/100 ml, 55 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 55 to 85 mg/100 ml, 55 to 80 mg/100 ml, 55 to 75 mg/100 ml, 55 to 70 mg/100 ml, 55 to 65 mg/100 ml, 55 to 60 mg/100 ml, 60 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 60 to 85 mg/100 ml, 60 to 80 mg/100 ml, 60 to 75 mg/100 ml, 60 to 70 mg/100 ml, 60 to 65 mg/100 ml, 65 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 65 to 85 mg/100 ml, 65 to 80 mg/100 ml, 65 to 75 mg/100 ml, 65 to 70 mg/100 ml, 70 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 70 to 85 mg/100 ml, 70 to 80 mg/100 ml, 70 to 75 mg/100 ml, 75 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 75 to 85 mg/100 ml, 75 to 80 mg/100 ml, 80 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, or 80 to 85 mg/100 ml.

[0407]

Further, a content of sodium can be, depending on an embodiment, a content of 0.1 to 22 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 21 mg/100 ml, 1 to 22 mg/100 ml, 1 to 21 mg/100 ml, 4 to 40 mg/100 ml, 4 to 35 mg/100 ml, 4 to 34 mg/100 ml, 4 to 33 mg/100 ml, 4 to 32 mg/100 ml, 4 to 31 mg/100 ml, 4 to 30 mg/100 ml, 4 to 29 mg/100 ml, 4 to 26 mg/100 ml, 4 to 25 mg/100 ml, 4 to 22 mg/100 ml, 4 to 21 mg/100 ml, 4 to 20 mg/100 ml, 4 to 19 mg/100 ml, 4 to 18 mg/100 ml, 4 to 17 mg/100 ml, 4 to 16 mg/100 ml, 4 to 15 mg/100 ml, 4 to 14 mg/100 ml, 4 to 13 mg/100 ml, 4 to 12 mg/100 ml, 4 to 11 mg/100 ml, 4 to 10 mg/100 ml, 5 to 34 mg/100 ml, 5 to 33 mg/100 ml, 5 to 32 mg/100 ml, 5 to 31 mg/100 ml, 5 to 29

mg/100 ml, 5 to 22 mg/100 ml, 5 to 21 mg/100 ml, 10 to 34 mg/100 ml, 10 to 33 mg/100 ml, 10 to 32 mg/100 ml, 10 to 31 mg/100 ml, 10 to 29 mg/100 ml, 10 to 22 mg/100 ml, 10 to 21 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 34 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 33 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 32 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 31 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 30 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 29 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 22 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 21 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 20 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 19 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 18 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 17 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 16 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 15 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 14 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 13 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 12 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 34.5 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 28.75 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 23 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 17.25 mg/100 ml, 5.75 to 11.5 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 34.5 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 28.75 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 23 mg/100 ml, 11.5 to 17.25 mg/100 ml, 17.25 to 34.5 mg/100 ml, 17.25 to 28.75 mg/100 ml, 17.25 to 23 mg/100 ml, 23 to 34.5 mg/100 ml, 23 to 28.75 mg/100 ml, or 28.75 to 34.5 mg/100 ml.

[0408]

When sodium is added to the coffee beverage, an amount thereof added can be an amount added of 0.1 to 50 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 1 to 50 mg/100 ml, 1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 1 to

20 mg/100 ml, 1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 5 to 50 mg/100 ml, 5 to 45 mg/100 ml, 5 to 40 mg/100 ml, 5 to 35 mg/100 ml, 5 to 30 mg/100 ml, 5 to 25 mg/100 ml, 5 to 20 mg/100 ml, 5 to 19 mg/100 ml, 5 to 18 mg/100 ml, 5 to 17 mg/100 ml, 5 to 16 mg/100 ml, 5 to 15 mg/100 ml, 5 to 14 mg/100 ml, 5 to 13 mg/100 ml, 5 to 12 mg/100 ml, 5 to 11 mg/100 ml, 5 to 10 mg/100 ml, 7 to 50 mg/100 ml, 7 to 45 mg/100 ml, 7 to 40 mg/100 ml, 7 to 35 mg/100 ml, 7 to 30 mg/100 ml, 7 to 25 mg/100 ml, 7 to 20 mg/100 ml, 7 to 19 mg/100 ml, 7 to 18 mg/100 ml, 7 to 17 mg/100 ml, 7 to 16 mg/100 ml, 7 to 15 mg/100 ml, 10 to 50 mg/100 ml, 10 to 45 mg/100 ml, 10 to 40 mg/100 ml, 10 to 35 mg/100 ml, 10 to 30 mg/100 ml, 10 to 25 mg/100 ml, 10 to 20 mg/100 ml, 10 to 19 mg/100 ml, 10 to 18 mg/100 ml, 10 to 17 mg/100 ml, 10 to 16 mg/100 ml, 10 to 15 mg/100 ml, 15 to 50 mg/100 ml, 15 to 45 mg/100 ml, 15 to 40 mg/100 ml, 15 to 35 mg/100 ml, 15 to 30 mg/100 ml, 15 to 25 mg/100 ml, 15 to 20 mg/100 ml, 20 to 50 mg/100 ml, 20 to 45 mg/100 ml, 20 to 40 mg/100 ml, 20 to 35 mg/100 ml, 20 to 30 mg/100 ml, 20 to 25 mg/100 ml, 25 to 50 mg/100 ml, 25 to 45 mg/100 ml, 25 to 40 mg/100 ml, 25 to 35 mg/100 ml, or 25 to 30 mg/100 ml.

[0409]

The sodium is not particularly limited in terms of the form thereof as long as it is contained in an ingestible form in the coffee beverage of the present

invention, and can be, for example, in the form of at least one selected from the group consisting of sodium chloride, sodium hydroxide, sodium malate, sodium sulfate, sodium citrate (monosodium citrate, disodium citrate, trisodium citrate), sodium phosphate, sodium carbonate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, sodium disulfide, sodium bicarbonate, sodium alginate, sodium arginate, sodium glucoheptanoate, sodium gluconate, monosodium glutamate, sodium tartrate, monosodium aspartate, sodium lactate, sodium caseinate, sodium ascorbate, and a mixture thereof.

When a raw material (for example, a pH adjuster contained in a coffee liquid extract) of the coffee beverage contains sodium, such sodium derived from the raw material is also encompassed in the sodium contained in the coffee beverage of the present invention.

In an embodiment of the present invention, sodium derived from a sodium component (for example, sodium benzoate, sodium sulfite, sodium hyposulfite, sodium dehydroacetate, sodium pyrosulfite, and sodium propionate) used as a preservative is not substantially included in the component (c).

[0410]

The content of sodium in the beverage can be herein measured by an atomic absorption spectrometry. Note that, when an amount of a sodium-containing compound contained in the beverage is known, a value calculated from the contained amount can also be adopted.

[0411]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount of sodium contained in the coffee beverage can be defined as an amount of sodium source. The "sodium source" means a compound which generates sodium ions when the coffee beverage is put in the mouth. The amount of the sodium source can be less than 40 mM. In other embodiments of the present invention, an amount of the sodium source is about 39 mM or less, about 38 mM or less, about 37 mM or less, about 36 mM or less, about 35 mM or less, about 34 mM or less, about 33 mM or less, about 32 mM or less, about 31 mM or less, about 30 mM or less, about 29 mM or less, about 28 mM or less, about 27 mM or less, about 26 mM or less, about 25 mM or less, about 24 mM or less, about 23 mM or less, about 22 mM or less, about 21 mM or less, about 20 mM or less, about 19 mM or less, about 18 mM or less, about 17 mM or less, about 16 mM or less, about 15 mM or less, about 14 mM or less, about 13 mM or less, about 12 mM or less, about 11 mM or less, about 10 mM or less, about 9.0 mM or less, about 8.5 mM or less, about 8.0 mM or less, about 7.5 mM or less, about 7.0 mM or less, about 6.5 mM or less, about 6.0 mM or less, about 5.5 mM or less, about 5.0 mM or less, about 4.5 mM or less, about 4.0 mM or less, about 3.5 mM or less, about 3.0 mM or less, about 2.5 mM or less, about 2.0 mM or less, about 1.5 mM or less, about 1.0 mM or less, or about 0.5 mM or less. In other embodiments, an amount of the sodium source can be in ranges from about 0.1 to about 39 mM, about 0.5 to about 39 mM, about 1.0 to about 39 mM, about 1.5 to about 39 mM, about 2.0 to about 39 mM, about 2.5 to about 39 mM,

about 3.0 to about 39 mM, about 3.5 to about 39 mM, about 4.0 to about 39 mM, about 4.5 to about 39 mM, about 5.0 to about 39 mM, about 5.5 to about 39 mM, about 6.0 to about 39 mM, about 6.5 to about 39 mM, about 7.0 to about 39 mM, about 7.5 to about 39 mM, about 8.0 to about 39 mM, about 8.5 to about 39 mM, about 9.0 to about 39 mM, about 9.5 to about 39 mM, about 0.1 to about 35 mM, about 0.5 to about 35 mM, about 1.0 to about 35 mM, about 1.5 to about 35 mM, about 2.0 to about 35 mM, about 2.5 to about 35 mM, about 3.0 to about 35 mM, about 3.5 to about 35 mM, about 4.0 to about 35 mM, about 4.5 to about 35 mM, about 5.0 to about 35 mM, about 5.5 to about 35 mM, about 6.0 to about 35 mM, about 6.5 to about 35 mM, about 7.0 to about 35 mM, about 7.5 to about 35 mM, about 8.0 to about 35 mM, about 8.5 to about 35 mM, about 9.0 to about 35 mM, about 9.5 to about 35 mM, about 0.1 to about 30 mM, about 0.5 to about 30 mM, about 1.0 to about 30 mM, about 1.5 to about 30 mM, about 2.0 to about 30 mM, about 2.5 to about 30 mM, about 3.0 to about 30 mM, about 3.5 to about 30 mM, about 4.0 to about 30 mM, about 4.5 to about 30 mM, about 5.0 to about 30 mM, about 5.5 to about 30 mM, about 6.0 to about 30 mM, about 6.5 to about 30 mM, about 7.0 to about 30 mM, about 7.5 to about 30 mM, about 8.0 to about 30 mM, about 8.5 to about 30 mM, about 9.0 to about 30 mM, about 9.5 to about 30 mM, about 0.1 to about 25 mM, about 0.5 to about 25 mM, about 1.0 to about 25 mM, about 1.5 to about 25 mM, about 2.0 to about 25 mM, about 2.5 to about 25 mM, about 3.0 to about 25 mM, about 3.5 to about 25 mM, about 4.0 to about 25 mM,

about 4.5 to about 25 mM, about 5.0 to about 25 mM, about 5.5 to about 25 mM, about 6.0 to about 25 mM, about 6.5 to about 25 mM, about 7.0 to about 25 mM, about 7.5 to about 25 mM, about 8.0 to about 25 mM, about 8.5 to about 25 mM, about 9.0 to about 25 mM, about 9.5 to about 25 mM, about 0.1 to about 19 mM, about 0.5 to about 19 mM, about 1.0 to about 19 mM, about 1.5 to about 19 mM, about 2.0 to about 19 mM, about 2.5 to about 19 mM, about 3.0 to about 19 mM, about 3.5 to about 19 mM, about 4.0 to about 19 mM, about 4.5 to about 19 mM, about 5.0 to about 19 mM, about 5.5 to about 19 mM, about 6.0 to about 19 mM, about 6.5 to about 19 mM, about 7.0 to about 19 mM, about 7.5 to about 19 mM, about 8.0 to about 19 mM, about 8.5 to about 19 mM, about 9.0 to about 19 mM, about 9.5 to about 19 mM, about 0.1 to about 15 mM, about 0.5 to about 15 mM, about 1.0 to about 15 mM, about 1.5 to about 15 mM, about 2.0 to about 15 mM, about 2.5 to about 15 mM, about 3.0 to about 15 mM, about 3.5 to about 15 mM, about 4.0 to about 15 mM, about 4.5 to about 15 mM, about 5.0 to about 15 mM, about 5.5 to about 15 mM, about 6.0 to about 15 mM, about 6.5 to about 15 mM, about 7.0 to about 15 mM, about 7.5 to about 15 mM, about 8.0 to about 15 mM, about 8.5 to about 15 mM, about 9.0 to about 15 mM, about 9.5 to about 15 mM, about 0.1 to about 9.9 mM, about 0.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 1.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 1.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 2.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 2.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 3.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 3.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 4.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 4.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 5.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 5.5 to

about 9.9 mM, about 6.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 6.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 7.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 7.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 8.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 8.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 9.0 to about 9.9 mM, about 9.5 to about 9.9 mM, about 0.1 to about 9.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 9.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 8.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 8.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 7.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 7.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 6.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 6.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 5.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 5.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 4.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 4.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 3.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 3.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 2.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 2.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 1.5 mM, about 0.1 to about 1.0 mM, about 0.1 to about 0.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 9.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 9.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 9.0 mM, about 0.5 to about 8.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 8.0 mM, about 0.5 to about 7.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 7.0 mM, about 0.5 to about 6.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 6.0 mM, about 0.5 to about 5.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 5.0 mM, about 0.5 to about 4.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 4.0 mM, about 0.5 to about 3.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 3.0 mM, about 0.5 to about 2.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 2.0 mM, about 0.5 to about 1.5 mM, about 0.5 to about 1.0 mM, about 1.0 to about 9.5 mM, about 1.0 to about 9.0 mM, about 1.0 to about 8.5 mM, about 1.0 to about 8.0 mM, about 1.0 to about 7.5 mM, about 1.0 to about 7.0 mM, about 1.0 to about 6.5 mM, about 1.0 to about 6.0 mM, about 1.0 to about 5.5 mM, about 1.0 to about 5.0 mM, about 1.0 to about 4.5 mM, about 1.0 to about 4.0 mM, about 1.0 to about 3.5 mM, about 1.0 to about 3.0 mM, about

1.0 to about 2.5 mM, about 1.0 to about 2.0 mM, about 1.0 to about 1.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 9.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 9.0 mM, about 1.5 to about 8.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 8.0 mM, about 1.5 to about 7.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 7.0 mM, about 1.5 to about 6.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 6.0 mM, about 1.5 to about 5.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 5.0 mM, about 1.5 to about 4.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 4.0 mM, about 1.5 to about 3.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 3.0 mM, about 1.5 to about 2.5 mM, about 1.5 to about 2.0 mM, about 2.0 to about 9.5 mM, about 2.0 to about 9.0 mM, about 2.0 to about 8.5 mM, about 2.0 to about 8.0 mM, about 2.0 to about 7.5 mM, about 2.0 to about 7.0 mM, about 2.0 to about 6.5 mM, about 2.0 to about 6.0 mM, about 2.0 to about 5.5 mM, about 2.0 to about 5.0 mM, about 2.0 to about 4.5 mM, about 2.0 to about 4.0 mM, about 2.0 to about 3.5 mM, about 2.0 to about 3.0 mM, about 2.0 to about 2.5 mM, about 2.5 to about 9.5 mM, about 2.5 to about 9.0 mM, about 2.5 to about 8.5 mM, about 2.5 to about 8.0 mM, about 2.5 to about 7.5 mM, about 2.5 to about 7.0 mM, about 2.5 to about 6.5 mM, about 2.5 to about 6.0 mM, about 2.5 to about 5.5 mM, about 2.5 to about 5.0 mM, about 2.5 to about 4.5 mM, about 2.5 to about 4.0 mM, about 2.5 to about 3.5 mM, about 2.5 to about 3.0 mM, about 3.0 to about 9.5 mM, about 3.0 to about 9.0 mM, about 3.0 to about 8.5 mM, about 3.0 to about 8.0 mM, about 3.0 to about 7.5 mM, about 3.0 to about 7.0 mM, about 3.0 to about 6.5 mM, about 3.0 to about 6.0 mM, about 3.0 to about 5.5 mM, about 3.0 to about 5.0 mM, about 3.0 to about 4.5 mM, about 3.0 to about 4.0 mM, about 3.0 to about 3.5

mM, about 3.5 to about 9.5 mM, about 3.5 to about 9.0 mM, about 3.5 to about 8.5 mM, about 3.5 to about 8.0 mM, about 3.5 to about 7.5 mM, about 3.5 to about 7.0 mM, about 3.5 to about 6.5 mM, about 3.5 to about 6.0 mM, about 3.5 to about 5.5 mM, about 3.5 to about 5.0 mM, about 3.5 to about 4.5 mM, about 3.5 to about 4.0 mM, about 4.0 to about 9.5 mM, about 4.0 to about 9.0 mM, about 4.0 to about 8.5 mM, about 4.0 to about 8.0 mM, about 4.0 to about 7.5 mM, about 4.0 to about 7.0 mM, about 4.0 to about 6.5 mM, about 4.0 to about 6.0 mM, about 4.0 to about 5.5 mM, about 4.0 to about 5.0 mM, about 4.0 to about 4.5 mM, about 4.5 to about 9.5 mM, about 4.5 to about 9.0 mM, about 4.5 to about 8.5 mM, about 4.5 to about 8.0 mM, about 4.5 to about 7.5 mM, about 4.5 to about 7.0 mM, about 4.5 to about 6.5 mM, about 4.5 to about 6.0 mM, about 4.5 to about 5.5 mM, about 4.5 to about 5.0 mM, about 5.0 to about 9.5 mM, about 5.0 to about 9.0 mM, about 5.0 to about 8.5 mM, about 5.0 to about 8.0 mM, about 5.0 to about 7.5 mM, about 5.0 to about 7.0 mM, about 5.0 to about 6.5 mM, about 5.0 to about 6.0 mM, about 5.0 to about 5.5 mM, about 5.5 to about 9.5 mM, about 5.5 to about 9.0 mM, about 5.5 to about 8.5 mM, about 5.5 to about 8.0 mM, about 5.5 to about 7.5 mM, about 5.5 to about 7.0 mM, about 5.5 to about 6.5 mM, about 5.5 to about 6.0 mM, about 6.0 to about 9.5 mM, about 6.0 to about 9.0 mM, about 6.0 to about 8.5 mM, about 6.0 to about 8.0 mM, about 6.0 to about 7.5 mM, about 6.0 to about 7.0 mM, about 6.0 to about 6.5 mM, about 6.5 to about 9.5 mM, about 6.5 to about 9.0 mM, about 6.5 to about 8.5 mM, about 6.5 to

about 8.0 mM, about 6.5 to about 7.5 mM, about 6.5 to about 7.0 mM, about 7.0 to about 9.5 mM, about 7.0 to about 9.0 mM, about 7.0 to about 8.5 mM, about 7.0 to about 8.0 mM, or about 7.0 to about 7.5 mM.

[0412]

[Optional component]

(Sweetener)

The coffee beverage of the present invention can contain a sweetener other than the high-intensity sweetener of the component (a). In the present description, the "sweetener" means any substance or a substance group which causes a sweetness response. Sweeteners can be classified into carbohydrate sweeteners and non-carbohydrate sweeteners based on structural characteristics and also into low-intensity sweeteners and high-intensity sweeteners based on the degree of sweetness. Further, sweet substances can also be classified based on the energy (calorie) into caloric sweeteners and non-caloric sweeteners. Further, sweet substances can also be classified based on the availability into natural sweeteners and artificial sweeteners. Note that, when a sweetener (for example, lactose) contained in a milk content derived from bovine milk is contained, such a sweetener is also encompassed in the sweeteners here described.

[0413]

The carbohydrate sweetener is not limited and examples include starch sugars such as sucrose, lactose, glucose,

maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose, sugar alcohols such as erythritol, sorbitol, mannitol, maltitol, xylitol, and palatinit, sucrose, palatinose, fructooligosaccharide, Coupling Sugar^(R), galactooligosaccharide, lactosucrose, raffinose, soyoligosaccharide, and honey. Further, the carbohydrate sweetener includes rare sugars.

[0414]

The rare sugar refers to a monosaccharide that occurs in very small quantities in nature and derivatives thereof. For example, the rare sugar includes naturally occurring aldoses other than D-glucose, D-galactose, D-mannose, D-ribose, D-xylose, and L-arabinose, naturally occurring ketoses other than D-fructose, and naturally occurring sugar alcohols other than D-sorbitol. Nonrestrictive examples of the rare sugar include ketoses such as D-tagatose, D-sorbose, D-allulose (D-psicose), L-fructose, L-allulose (L-psicose), L-tagatose, and L-sorbose, aldoses such as altrose and D-allose, and sugar alcohols such as xylitol, erythritol, and D-talitol.

[0415]

The caloric sweetener typically means sweet substances having an energy of 4 kcal/g. An energy of a sweet substance is already known or can be determined by measuring a content by HPLC or the like and calculating by multiplying the content by an energy conversion factor, or measuring a heat of physical combustion using a calorie meter (for example, bomb calorimeter) and correcting the

heat with a digestion-absorption rate, an excreted heat or the like. Nonrestrictive examples of the caloric sweetener include sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, fructose.

[0416]

The non-caloric sweeteners typically refer to those having the nature of being difficult to be digested in the body and consequently having a reduced energy to be taken into and mean sweet substances having an energy of less than 2 kcal/g, preferably less than 1 kcal/g, and further preferably less than 0.5 kcal/g. Nonrestrictive examples of the non-caloric sweetener include non-caloric hexoses such as allulose (psicose) and allose, non-caloric pentoses such as xylose and arabinose, non-caloric tetroses such as erythrose and threose, and non-caloric sugar alcohols such as erythritol and allitol.

[0417]

Further, the sweet substances can also be classified based on the energy (calorie) level. For example, the sweet substances can be classified into sweet substances having an energy of 4 kcal/g or more and sweet substances having an energy of less than 4 kcal/g. The sweet substance having an energy of less than 4 kcal/g can further be classified into sweet substances having an energy of less than 3 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 2.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 2 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 1.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an

energy of less than 1 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of less than 0.5 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 1 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 3 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 3 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 1 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g, sweet substances having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g, and sweet substances having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 1 kcal/g. Examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 4 kcal/g or more include sucrose, lactose, glucose, maltose, starch syrup, a high-fructose corn syrup, and fructose, examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 2 kcal/g or more and less than 4 kcal/g include sorbitol, xylitol, D-xylose, D-ribose, D-tagatose, and arabinose, and examples of the sweet substance having an energy of 0 kcal/g or more and less than 2 kcal/g include D-allulose, erythritol, allose, erythrose, threose, and allitol.

[0418]

The low-intensity sweetener means a compound having about the same degree of sweetness as that of sucrose (for example, less than 5 times, about 0.1 to 2 times, about 0.5 to 1.5 times that of sucrose). Nonrestrictive examples of the low-intensity sweetener include low-intensity sugar sweeteners such as sucrose, a high-fructose corn syrup,

glucose, fructose, lactose, maltose, xylose, lactulose, fructooligosaccharide, maltooligosaccharide, isomaltooligosaccharide, galactooligosaccharide, Coupling Sugar(R), and palatinose, and sugar alcohol low-intensity sweeteners such as maltitol, sorbitol, erythritol, xylitol, lactitol, palatinit, and reduced starch saccharified products. Further, the low-intensity sweetener includes rare sugars, caloric sweeteners, non-caloric sweeteners, carbohydrate sweeteners, non-carbohydrate sweeteners, natural sweeteners, and artificial sweeteners as long as the degree of sweetness is in the above range.

[0419]

The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention contains a low-intensity sweetener. In other embodiments of the present invention, the following coffee beverage (hereinafter, also referred to as the coffee beverage of Embodiment A) is provided.

A coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4 (hereinafter, sometimes abbreviated as the "component (d)"),

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to

(d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied. The coffee beverage in an embodiment of the present invention does not contain a component as a sweetener other than (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity $X1$ and (d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity $X4$. Note that a sweetener (lactose and the like) contained in a milk content derived from bovine milk contained in a coffee beverage with milk is encompassed in the low-intensity sweetener (d).

[0420]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from hexose, pentose, tetrose, a polysaccharide having a terminal sugar of aldose or ketose, sugar alcohol, and a combination thereof. In other embodiments of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof. In still other embodiment of the present invention, the low-intensity sweetener contains a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof.

[0421]

The $X4$ in the "sweetness intensity $X4$ " can be 0 to 0.5, 0 to 1.0, 0 to 1.5, 0 to 2.0, 0 to 2.5, 0 to 3.0, 0 to 3.5, 0 to 4.0, 0 to 4.5, 0 to 5.0, 0 to 5.5, 0 to 6.0,

0 to 6.5, 0 to 7.0, 0 to 7.5, 0 to 8.0, 0 to 8.25, 0 to 8.5, 0 to 8.75, 0 to 9.0, 0 to 9.25, 0 to 9.5, 0 to 9.75, 0 to 10.0, 0.05 to 0.5, 0.05 to 1.0, 0.05 to 1.5, 0.05 to 2.0, 0.05 to 2.5, 0.05 to 3.0, 0.05 to 3.5, 0.05 to 4.0, 0.05 to 4.5, 0.05 to 5.0, 0.05 to 5.5, 0.05 to 6.0, 0.05 to 6.5, 0.05 to 7.0, 0.05 to 7.5, 0.05 to 8.0, 0.05 to 8.25, 0.05 to 8.5, 0.05 to 8.75, 0.05 to 9.0, 0.05 to 9.25, 0.05 to 9.5, 0.05 to 9.75, 0.05 to 10.0, 0.1 to 0.5, 0.1 to 1.0, 0.1 to 1.5, 0.1 to 2.0, 0.1 to 2.5, 0.1 to 3.0, 0.1 to 3.5, 0.1 to 4.0, 0.1 to 4.5, 0.1 to 5.0, 0.1 to 5.5, 0.1 to 6.0, 0.1 to 6.5, 0.1 to 7.0, 0.1 to 7.5, 0.1 to 8.0, 0.1 to 8.25, 0.1 to 8.5, 0.1 to 8.75, 0.1 to 9.0, 0.1 to 9.25, 0.1 to 9.5, 0.1 to 9.75, 0.1 to 10.0, 0.5 to 0.5, 0.5 to 1.0, 0.5 to 1.5, 0.5 to 2.0, 0.5 to 2.5, 0.5 to 3.0, 0.5 to 3.5, 0.5 to 4.0, 0.5 to 4.5, 0.5 to 5.0, 0.5 to 5.5, 0.5 to 6.0, 0.5 to 6.5, 0.5 to 7.0, 0.5 to 7.5, 0.5 to 8.0, 0.5 to 8.25, 0.5 to 8.5, 0.5 to 8.75, 0.5 to 9.0, 0.5 to 9.25, 0.5 to 9.5, 0.5 to 9.75, 0.5 to 10.0, 1.0 to 0.5, 1.0 to 1.0, 1.0 to 1.5, 1.0 to 2.0, 1.0 to 2.5, 1.0 to 3.0, 1.0 to 3.5, 1.0 to 4.0, 1.0 to 4.5, 1.0 to 5.0, 1.0 to 5.5, 1.0 to 6.0, 1.0 to 6.5, 1.0 to 7.0, 1.0 to 7.5, 1.0 to 8.0, 1.0 to 8.25, 1.0 to 8.5, 1.0 to 8.75, 1.0 to 9.0, 1.0 to 9.25, 1.0 to 9.5, 1.0 to 9.75, 1.0 to 10.0, 1.5 to 0.5, 1.5 to 1.0, 1.5 to 1.5, 1.5 to 2.0, 1.5 to 2.5, 1.5 to 3.0, 1.5 to 3.5, 1.5 to 4.0, 1.5 to 4.5, 1.5 to 5.0, 1.5 to 5.5, 1.5 to 6.0, 1.5 to 6.5, 1.5 to 7.0, 1.5 to 7.5, 1.5 to 8.0, 1.5 to 8.25, 1.5 to 8.5, 1.5 to 8.75, 1.5 to 9.0, 1.5 to 9.25, 1.5 to 9.5, 1.5 to 9.75, 1.5 to 10.0, 2.0 to 0.5,

2.0 to 1.0, 2.0 to 1.5, 2.0 to 2.0, 2.0 to 2.5, 2.0 to 3.0,
2.0 to 3.5, 2.0 to 4.0, 2.0 to 4.5, 2.0 to 5.0, 2.0 to 5.5,
2.0 to 6.0, 2.0 to 6.5, 2.0 to 7.0, 2.0 to 7.5, 2.0 to 8.0,
2.0 to 8.25, 2.0 to 8.5, 2.0 to 8.75, 2.0 to 9.0, 2.0 to
9.25, 2.0 to 9.5, 2.0 to 9.75, 2.0 to 10.0, 2.5 to 0.5,
2.5 to 1.0, 2.5 to 1.5, 2.5 to 2.0, 2.5 to 2.5, 2.5 to 3.0,
2.5 to 3.5, 2.5 to 4.0, 2.5 to 4.5, 2.5 to 5.0, 2.5 to 5.5,
2.5 to 6.0, 2.5 to 6.5, 2.5 to 7.0, 2.5 to 7.5, 2.5 to 8.0,
2.5 to 8.25, 2.5 to 8.5, 2.5 to 8.75, 2.5 to 9.0, 2.5 to
9.25, 2.5 to 9.5, 2.5 to 9.75, 2.5 to 10.0, 0.1 to 5.9,
3.0 to 3.5, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.5, 3.0 to 5.0, or 3.0 to
5.5.

[0422]

The X4 can also be 0 to 10.5, 0 to 11.0, 0 to 11.5, 0
to 12.0, 0 to 12.5, 0 to 13.0, 0 to 13.5, 0 to 14.0, 0 to
14.5, 0 to 15.0, 0.05 to 10.5, 0.05 to 11.0, 0.05 to 11.5,
0.05 to 12.0, 0.05 to 12.5, 0.05 to 13.0, 0.05 to 13.5,
0.05 to 14.0, 0.05 to 14.5, 0.05 to 15.0, 0.1 to 10.5, 0.1
to 11.0, 0.1 to 11.5, 0.1 to 12.0, 0.1 to 12.5, 0.1 to
13.0, 0.1 to 13.5, 0.1 to 14.0, 0.1 to 14.5, 0.1 to 15.0,
0.5 to 10.5, 0.5 to 11.0, 0.5 to 11.5, 0.5 to 12.0, 0.5 to
12.5, 0.5 to 13.0, 0.5 to 13.5, 0.5 to 14.0, 0.5 to 14.5,
0.5 to 15.0, 1.0 to 10.5, 1.0 to 11.0, 1.0 to 11.5, 1.0 to
12.0, 1.0 to 12.5, 1.0 to 13.0, 1.0 to 13.5, 1.0 to 14.0,
1.0 to 14.5, 1.0 to 15.0, 1.5 to 10.5, 1.5 to 11.0, 1.5 to
11.5, 1.5 to 12.0, 1.5 to 12.5, 1.5 to 13.0, 1.5 to 13.5,
1.5 to 14.0, 1.5 to 14.5, 1.5 to 15.0, 2.0 to 10.5, 2.0 to
11.0, 2.0 to 11.5, 2.0 to 12.0, 2.0 to 12.5, 2.0 to 13.0,

2.0 to 13.5, 2.0 to 14.0, 2.0 to 14.5, 2.0 to 15.0, 2.5 to 10.5, 2.5 to 11.0, 2.5 to 11.5, 2.5 to 12.0, 2.5 to 12.5, 2.5 to 13.0, 2.5 to 13.5, 2.5 to 14.0, 2.5 to 14.5, or 2.5 to 15.0.

The amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4 of a low-intensity sweetener refers to an amount (concentration) which provides a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X4 under the conditions when the low-intensity sweetener is dissolved in water having the same volume as the coffee beverage of the present invention at 20°C.

[0423]

In an embodiment of the present invention, the X4 is preferably 0.05 to 6.0, more preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and still more preferably 0.1 to 4.0.

[0424]

The X5 is not particularly limited as long as it is greater than X1 + X4 and can be 4.0 to 20, 4.0 to 15, 4.0 to 12.5, 4.0 to 10, 4.5 to 20, 4.5 to 15, 4.5 to 12.5, 4.5 to 10, 5.0 to 20, 5.0 to 15, 5.0 to 12.5, 5.0 to 10, 5.5 to 20, 5.5 to 15, 5.5 to 12.5, 5.5 to 10, 6.0 to 20, 6.0 to 15, 6.0 to 12.5, 6.0 to 10, 6.5 to 20, 6.5 to 15, 6.5 to 12.5, 6.5 to 10, 7.0 to 20, 7.0 to 15, 7.0 to 12.5, 7.0 to 10, 7.5 to 20, 7.5 to 15, 7.5 to 12.5, 7.5 to 10, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 20, 8.0 to 15, 8.0 to 12.5, 8.0 to 10, 8.5 to 20, 8.5 to 15, 8.5 to 12.5, 8.5 to 10, 9.0 to 20, 9.0 to 15, 9.0 to 12.5, 9.0 to 10, 9.5 to 20, 9.5 to 15, 9.5 to 12.5, 9.5 to 10, 10.0 to 20, 10.0 to 15, 10.0 to 12.5, 10.5 to 20, 10.5 to 15, or 10.5 to 12.5.

The X5 can also be 4.0 to 18, 4.0 to 16, 4.0 to 15.5, 4.0 to 14, 4.5 to 18, 4.5 to 16, 4.5 to 15.5, 4.5 to 14, 5.0 to 18, 5.0 to 16, 5.0 to 15.5, 5.0 to 14, 5.5 to 18, 5.5 to 16, 5.5 to 15.5, 5.5 to 14, 6.0 to 18, 6.0 to 16, 6.0 to 15.5, 6.0 to 14, 6.5 to 18, 6.5 to 16, 6.5 to 15.5, 6.5 to 14, 7.0 to 18, 7.0 to 16, 7.0 to 15.5, 7.0 to 14, 7.5 to 18, 7.5 to 16, 7.5 to 15.5, 7.5 to 14, 7.5 to 9, 7.5 to 8, 8.0 to 18, 8.0 to 16, 8.0 to 15.5, 8.0 to 14, 8.5 to 18, 8.5 to 16, 8.5 to 15.5, 8.5 to 14, 9.0 to 18, 9.0 to 16, 9.0 to 15.5, 9.0 to 14, 9.5 to 18, 9.5 to 16, 9.5 to 15.5, 9.5 to 14, 10.0 to 18, 10.0 to 16, 10.0 to 15.5, 10.5 to 18, 10.5 to 16, or 10.5 to 15.5.

[0425]

(Other components)

The coffee beverage of the present invention can suitably contain an antioxidant (sodium erythorbate or the like), an emulsifier (sucrose esters of fatty acids, sorbitan esters of fatty acids, polyglycerin esters of fatty acids or the like), an acidulant (phosphoric acid, citric acid, malic acid or the like), and a flavor, as long as the effects of the present invention are not affected.

[0426]

[Exemplary embodiments of the coffee beverage of D1-th embodiment of the present invention]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0, and

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0427]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_1 is 0.5 to 10.0, preferably 1.5 to 9.0, and more preferably 2.0 to 8.0, and

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0428]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luo han guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0429]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a Luo Han Guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from DL-alanine, L-serine, glycine, L-arginine, L-glutamic acid, L-valine, and L-glutamine,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof,

a caffeine content is 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml to 95 mg/100 ml, or 30 mg/100 ml to 85 mg/100 ml, and

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0430]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from less than 20 mM of DL-alanine, less than 40 mM of L-serine, less than 50 mM of glycine, less than 1 mM of L-arginine, less than 0.25 mM of L-glutamic acid, less than 40 mM of L-valine, less than 5 mM of L-glutamine, less than 20 mM of L-leucine, less than 40 mM of L-threonine, less than 40 mM of L-proline, less than 10 mM of L-asparagine, and less than 0.4 mM of L-lysine hydrochloride,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, xylose, ribose, and a combination thereof, and

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0431]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X1 + X4 < X5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a Luo Han Guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof,

X4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0, and

the coffee beverage comprises one or more selected from bovine milk, condensed milk, defatted milk, reduced milk, concentrated whey, concentrated milk, cream and plant milk. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0432]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_4 ,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X_1 + X_4 < X_5$ is satisfied,

wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside A, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, mogroside V, a luohan guo extract, and a combination thereof, preferably a high-intensity sweetener selected from rebaudioside D, rebaudioside M, and a combination thereof,

X_1 is 0.5 to 5.5, preferably 1.0 to 5.5, and more preferably 2.0 to 5.0,

the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof comprises an amino acid selected from arginine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, and tryptophan,

the low-intensity sweetener comprises a sweetener selected from glucose, sucrose, fructose, and a combination thereof,

a caffeine content is 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml to 95 mg/100 ml, or 30 mg/100 ml to 85 mg/100 ml,

X_4 is 0.05 to 6.0, preferably 0.05 to 5.0, and more preferably 0.1 to 4.0, and

the coffee beverage comprises one or more selected from bovine milk, condensed milk, defatted milk, reduced milk, concentrated whey, concentrated milk, cream and

plant milk. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0433]

In an embodiment of the present invention, a coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine,

(c) 20 to 70 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_4 ,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_5 exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.1 < X_1 + X_4 < X_5$ is satisfied, and

an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and $X_1 + X_4$ is 6 or more. In the present embodiment, an amount of the high-intensity sweetener can be about 20 to about 600 ppm, about 30 to about 550 ppm, about 55 to about 490 ppm, about 20 to about 200 ppm, about 100 to about 500 ppm, or about 150 to about 350 ppm.

[0434]

2. Method for producing a beverage

<<Second embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the second embodiment, the following method for producing a beverage with an enhanced sweetness (hereinafter referred to as "the production method of the present invention").

A method for producing a beverage of the present invention, comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, and

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold. In the present embodiment, X1 and X3 respectively correspond to Xa and Xb in the A2-th embodiment (in response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185327) and the C2-th embodiment (in response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185287).

[0435]

2-1. Method for producing tea beverage

<<A2-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the A2-th embodiment, the following method for producing tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness (hereinafter also referred to as "the production method A of the present invention").

A method for producing tea beverage of the present invention, comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa, and

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[0436]

The tea beverage produced by the method of the present invention is the tea beverage A of the present invention described in the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness." Additionally, the "raw material" in the production method A of the present invention can be each material or a mixture thereof required for the production of the tea beverage, and can further include any components such as a pH adjuster, a preservative, a flavor, a carrier. The "raw material" can be made up of several materials.

[0437]

In the production method of the present invention, any of the following (a) and (b) can be carried out first.

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a ,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

Two steps can be carried out simultaneously.

[0438]

In Step (a), a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a is added to the raw material but a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a does not need to

be added at once but can be added in several divided batches.

[0439]

Similarly, when an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is added in Step (b), the amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold does not need to be added at once but can be added in several divided batches. The amino acid or a derivative thereof, or a salt thereof, added to the raw material in Step (b) can be selected from the amino acids or derivatives thereof, or salts thereof described in the A1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness."

[0440]

The "addition" herein means not only the actual operation of adding either of the components (a) and (b) to the raw materials but also the operation of adjusting amounts of the components (a) and (b) to predetermined amounts respectively in the tea beverage to be finally produced through the production process of the tea beverage of the present invention.

For example, a case in which when the first raw material contains a raw material of the tea beverage, a grain, a bean, and extracts thereof and accordingly the raw material contains one or more of any of the components (a) and (b) in advance, and the second raw material to be mixed with the first raw material also contains the components (a) and (b) whereby the tea beverage A of the

present invention can be produced by mixing the first and the second raw materials, the operation of individually adding the components (a) and (b) to the raw materials is not carried out but in the method of the present invention Steps (a) and (b) are considered to have been carried out as long as the tea beverage of the present invention to be finally produced comprises (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a and (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[0441]

The production method of an embodiment of the present invention (hereinafter, also referred to as the production method A of Embodiment A) further comprises adding (c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c . The production method of Embodiment A enables the production of the tea beverage of Embodiment A. Steps (a) to (c) can be carried out separately, or 2 or more steps can be carried out simultaneously. For example, (a) and (b), (a) and (c), (b) and (c), or (a) and (b) and (c) can be carried out simultaneously.

[0442]

In a case where the tea beverage of the present invention is a beverage packed in a container, the method for producing the beverage of the present invention comprises a step of filling the tea beverage in a container. In a case where the tea beverage is a beverage packed in

a container, the tea beverage is preferably sterilized before or after filling of the tea beverage in a container because it can be preserved for a long storage. For example, the tea beverage, which is in a can, can be obtained by filling a predetermined amount of the tea beverage in a can and heating and sterilizing it by, for example, retort sterilization at 120 to 125°C for about 5 to 20 minutes. Further, the tea beverage, which is a beverage in a PET bottle, a carton, or a bottle, can be obtained as a beverage packed in a container by performing, for example, UHT sterilization for retention at 130 to 145°C for about 2 to 120 seconds and filling in a predetermined amount by hot-pack filling or aseptic filling at a low temperature.

[0443]

In the method of the present invention, the "tea beverage", "sweetness intensity Xa", "high-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity Xb", "amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof", "sweetness intensity X3", "optional component", "low-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity Xc", "sweetness intensity Xd", "other components" and energy are defined as described in the above section for the A1-th embodiment of the tea beverage, and the numerical values described in the above section for the A1-th embodiment of the tea beverage are applicable to the numerical values as they are.

[0444]

<<B2-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the B2-th embodiment, the following method for producing tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness (hereinafter also referred to as "the production method B of the present invention").

A method for producing tea beverage of the present invention, comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 50 mg/100 ml.

[0445]

The tea beverage produced by the method of the present invention is the tea beverage B of the present invention described in the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness". Additionally, the "raw material" in the method of the present invention can be each material or a mixture thereof required for the production of the tea beverage, and can further include optional components such as a pH adjuster, a preservative, a flavor, and a carrier. The "raw material" can be made up of several materials.

[0446]

In the production method of the present invention, any of the following (a) to (c) can be carried out first.

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 50 mg/100 ml.

Two or more steps can be carried out simultaneously. For example, (a) and (b), (a) and (c), (b) and (c), or (a) and (b) and (c) can be carried out simultaneously.

[0447]

In Step (a), a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 is added to the raw material but the high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 does not need to be added at once but can be added in several divided batches.

[0448]

Similarly, when an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is added in Step (b), the amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold does not need to be added at once but can be added in several divided batches. The amino acid or a derivative, or a salt thereof, added to the raw material in Step (b), can be selected from the amino acids or derivatives, or salts thereof described with respect to the B1-th embodiment in the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0449]

Similarly, when sodium is added in Step (c) so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 50 mg/100 ml, the sodium does not need to be added at once but can be added in several divided batches. The sodium (or sodium source) added to the raw material in Step (c) can be selected from the sodium (or sodium source) described with respect to the B1-th embodiment in the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0450]

The "addition" herein means not only the actual operation of adding either of the components (a), (b) and (c) to the raw materials but also the operation of adjusting amounts of the components (a), (b) and (c) to predetermined amounts respectively in the tea beverage to be finally produced through the production process of the tea beverage B of the present invention.

For example, a case in which when the first raw material contains a raw material of the tea beverage, a grain, a bean, and extracts thereof and accordingly the raw material contains one or more of any of the components (a), (b) and (c) in advance, and the second raw material to be mixed with the first raw material also contains the components (a), (b) and (c) whereby the tea beverage B of the present invention can be produced by mixing the first and the second raw materials, the operation of individually adding the components (a), (b) and (c) to the raw materials is not carried out but in the method of the present invention Steps (a) to (c) are considered to have been

carried out as long as the tea beverage of the present invention to be finally produced comprises (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold and (c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[0451]

The production method of an embodiment of the present invention (hereinafter, also referred to as the production method B of Embodiment A) further comprises adding (d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4. The production method of Embodiment A enables the production of the tea beverage of Embodiment A. Steps (a) to (d) can be carried out separately, or 2 or more steps can be carried out simultaneously. For example, (a) and (b), (a) and (c), (a) and (d), (b) and (c), (b) and (d), (c) and (d), (a) and (b) and (c), (a) and (b) and (d), (a) and (c) and (d), (b) and (c) and (d), or (a) and (b) and (c) and (d) can be carried out simultaneously.

[0452]

In a case where the tea beverage of the present invention is a beverage packed in a container, the method for producing the beverage of the present invention comprises a step of filling the tea beverage in a container. In a case where the tea beverage is a beverage packed in a container, the tea beverage is preferably sterilized

before or after filling of the tea beverage in a container because it can be preserved for a long storage. For example, the tea beverage, which is in a can, can be obtained by filling a predetermined amount of the tea beverage in a can and heating and sterilizing it by, for example, retort sterilization at 120 to 125°C for about 5 to 20 minutes. Further, the tea beverage, which is a beverage in a PET bottle, a carton, or a bottle, can be obtained as a beverage packed in a container by performing, for example, UHT sterilization for retention at 130 to 145°C for about 2 to 120 seconds and filling in a predetermined amount by hot-pack filling or aseptic filling at a low temperature.

[0453]

In the method of the present invention, the "tea beverage", "sweetness intensity X1", "high-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity X2", amount of sodium, form of sodium in the tea beverage, "amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof", "sweetness intensity X3", "optional component", "low-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity X4", "sweetness intensity X5", "other components" and energy are defined as described in the above section for the B1-th embodiment of the tea beverage, and the numerical values described in the above section for the B1-th embodiment of the tea beverage are applicable to the numerical values as they are.

[0454]

2-2. Method for producing a coffee beverage

<<C2-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the C2-th embodiment, the following method for producing a coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness (hereinafter also referred to as "the production method C of the present invention").

A method for producing a coffee beverage of the present invention, comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a , and

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[0455]

The coffee beverage produced by the method of the present invention is the coffee beverage C of the present invention described in the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". Additionally, the "raw material" in the production method C of the present invention can be each material or a mixture thereof required for the production of the coffee beverage, and can further include optional components such as a pH adjuster, a preservative, a flavor, and a carrier. The "raw material" can be made up of several materials.

[0456]

In the production method of the present invention, any of the following (a) and (b) can be carried out first.

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold

Two steps can be carried out simultaneously. For example, (a) and (b) can be carried out simultaneously.

[0457]

In Step (a), a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a is added to the raw material but the high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a does not need to be added at once but can be added in several divided batches.

[0458]

Similarly, when an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is added in Step (b), the amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold does not need to be added at once but can be added in several divided batches. The amino acid or a derivative, or a salt thereof, added to the raw material in Step (b), can be selected from the amino acids or derivatives, or salts thereof described with respect to the C1-th embodiment in the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0459]

The "addition" herein means not only the actual operation of adding either of the components (a) and (b) to the raw materials but also the operation of adjusting

amounts of the components (a) and (b) to predetermined amounts respectively in the coffee beverage to be finally produced through the production process of the coffee beverage of the present invention.

For example, a case in which when the first raw material contains a raw material of the coffee beverage, a grain, a bean, and extracts thereof and accordingly the raw material contains one or more of any of the components (a) and (b) in advance, and the second raw material to be mixed with the first raw material also contains the components (a) and (b) whereby the coffee beverage of the present invention can be produced by mixing the first and the second raw materials, the operation of individually adding the components (a) and (b) to the raw materials is not carried out but in the method of the present invention Steps (a) and (b) are considered to have been carried out as long as the coffee beverage of the present invention to be finally produced comprises (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_a and (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[0460]

The production method of an embodiment of the present invention (hereinafter, also referred to as the production method C of Embodiment A) further comprises adding (c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c . The production method of

Embodiment A enables the production of the coffee beverage of Embodiment A. Steps (a) to (c) can be carried out separately, or 2 or more steps can be carried out simultaneously. For example, (a) and (b), (a) and (c), (b) and (c), or (a) and (b) and (c) can be carried out simultaneously.

[0461]

In a case where the coffee beverage of the present invention is a beverage packed in a container, the method for producing the beverage of the present invention comprises a step of filling the coffee beverage in a container. In a case where the coffee beverage is a beverage packed in a container, the coffee beverage is preferably sterilized before or after filling of the coffee beverage in a container because it can be preserved for a long storage. For example, the coffee beverage, which is in a can, can be obtained by filling a predetermined amount of the coffee beverage in a can and heating and sterilizing it by, for example, retort sterilization at 120 to 125°C for about 5 to 20 minutes. Further, the coffee beverage, which is a beverage in a PET bottle, a carton, or a bottle, can be obtained as a beverage packed in a container by performing, for example, UHT sterilization for retention at 130 to 145°C for about 2 to 120 seconds and filling in a predetermined amount by hot-pack filling or aseptic filling at a low temperature.

[0462]

In the method of the present invention, the "coffee beverage", "sweetness intensity Xa", "high-intensity sweetener ", "sweetness intensity Xb", "amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof", "optional component", "low-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity Xc", "sweetness intensity Xd", "other components" and energy are defined as described in the above section for the C1-th embodiment of the coffee beverage, and the numerical values described in the above section for the C1-th embodiment of the coffee beverage are applicable to the numerical values as they are.

[0463]

<<D2-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the D2-th embodiment, the following method for producing a coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness (hereinafter also referred to as "the production method D of the present invention").

A method for producing a coffee beverage of the present invention, comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 90 mg/100 ml.

[0464]

The coffee beverage produced by the method of the present invention is the coffee beverage D of the present invention described in the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". Additionally, the "raw material" in the production method of the present invention can be each material or a mixture thereof required for the production of the coffee beverage, and can further include optional components such as a pH adjuster, a preservative, a flavor, and a carrier. The "raw material" can be made up of several materials.

[0465]

In the production method of the present invention, any of the following (a) to (c) can be carried out first.

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 90 mg/100 ml.

Two or more steps can be carried out simultaneously. For example, (a) and (b), (a) and (c), (b) and (c), or (a) and (b) and (c) can be carried out simultaneously.

[0466]

In Step (a), a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 is added to the raw material but the high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 does not need to

be added at once but can be added in several divided batches.

[0467]

Similarly, when an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is added in Step (b), the amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold does not need to be added at once but can be added in several divided batches. The amino acid or a derivative, or a salt thereof, added to the raw material in Step (b), can be selected from the amino acids or derivatives, or salts thereof described with respect to the D1-th embodiment in the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0468]

Similarly, when sodium is added in Step (c) so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 90 mg/100 ml, the sodium does not need to be added at once but can be added in several divided batches. The sodium (or sodium source) added to the raw material in Step (c) can be selected from the sodium (or sodium source) described with respect to the D1-th embodiment in the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0469]

The "addition" herein means not only the actual operation of adding either of the components (a), (b) and (c) to the raw materials but also the operation of adjusting amounts of the components (a), (b) and (c) to predetermined amounts respectively in the coffee beverage

to be finally produced through the production process of the coffee beverage D of the present invention.

For example, a case in which when the first raw material contains a raw material of the coffee beverage, a grain, a bean, and extracts thereof and accordingly the raw material contains one or more of any of the components (a), (b), and (c) in advance, and the second raw material to be mixed with the first raw material also contains the components (a), (b) and (c) whereby the coffee beverage D of the present invention can be produced by mixing the first and the second raw materials, the operation of individually adding the components (a), (b) and (c) to the raw materials is not carried out but in the method of the present invention Steps (a) to (c) are considered to have been carried out as long as the coffee beverage of the present invention to be finally produced comprises (a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold and (c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[0470]

The production method of an embodiment of the present invention (hereinafter, also referred to as the production method D of Embodiment A) further comprises adding (d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4. The production method of Embodiment A enables the production of the coffee beverage

of Embodiment A. Steps (a) to (d) can be carried out separately, or 2 or more steps can be carried out simultaneously. For example, (a) and (b), (a) and (c), (a) and (d), (b) and (c), (b) and (d), (c) and (d), (a) and (b) and (c), (a) and (b) and (d), (a) and (c) and (d), (b) and (c) and (d), or (a) and (b) and (c) and (d) can be carried out simultaneously.

[0471]

In a case where the coffee beverage of the present invention is a beverage packed in a container, the method for producing the beverage of the present invention comprises a step of filling the coffee beverage in a container. In a case where the coffee beverage is a beverage packed in a container, the coffee beverage is preferably sterilized before or after filling of the coffee beverage in a container because it can be preserved for a long storage. For example, the coffee beverage, which is in a can, can be obtained by filling a predetermined amount of the coffee beverage in a can and performing heating and sterilizing it by, for example, retort sterilization at 120 to 125°C for about 5 to 20 minutes. Further, the coffee beverage, which is a beverage in a PET bottle, a carton, or a bottle, can be obtained as a beverage packed in a container by performing, for example, UHT sterilization for retention at 130 to 145°C for about 2 to 120 seconds and filling in a predetermined amount by hot-pack filling or aseptic filling at a low temperature.

[0472]

In the method of the present invention, the "coffee beverage", "sweetness intensity X1", "high-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity X2", amount of sodium, form of sodium in the coffee beverage, "amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof", "sweetness intensity X3", "optional component", "low-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity X4", "sweetness intensity X5", "other components" and energy are defined as described in the above section for the D1-th embodiment of the coffee beverage, and the numerical values described in the above section for the D1-th embodiment of the coffee beverage are applicable to the numerical values as they are.

[0473]

3. Method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a beverage

<<Third embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the third embodiment, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a beverage (hereinafter referred to as the enhancement method of the present invention").

In an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a beverage is provided,

wherein the beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold. In

the present embodiment, X1 corresponds to Xa in the A3-the embodiment (in response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185327) and the C3-th embodiment (in response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185287).

[0474]

3-1. Method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage

<<A3-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the A3-the embodiment, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the enhancement method A of the present invention").

In an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage is provided,

wherein the tea beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[0475]

According to an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a sweetness of the tea beverage is enhanced and tea beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (a) is simply added to the tea beverage can be provided. Specifically, an amino acid is added to the tea beverage containing a predetermined amount of a high-intensity

sweetener, and after addition, an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is contained in the tea beverage thereby to provide the tea beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the high-intensity sweetener alone is added. The type and amount of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof to be added can be selected so as to be any type and content of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in the tea beverage described with respect to the A1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof can be added to the tea beverage in any amount described with respect to the A1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0476]

In another embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, (c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c can be further contained.

According to the enhancement method of the present embodiment, a sweetness of the tea beverage is enhanced and tea beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (a) and the component (c) are simply added to the tea beverage can be provided. Specifically, an amino acid is added to the tea beverage

containing predetermined amounts of a high-intensity sweetener and a low-intensity sweetener, and after addition, an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is contained in the tea beverage thereby to provide the tea beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener alone are added.
[0477]

In still another embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage is provided,

wherein the tea beverage contains

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c .

According to the enhancement method of the present embodiment, a sweetness of the tea beverage is enhanced and tea beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (c) is simply added to the tea beverage can be provided. Specifically, an amino acid is added to the tea beverage containing a predetermined amount of a low-intensity sweetener, and after addition, an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is contained in the tea beverage thereby to provide the tea beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the low-intensity sweetener alone is added. Also in this embodiment, the

type and amount of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof to be added can be selected so as to be any type and content of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in the tea beverage described with respect to the A1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof can be added to the tea beverage in any amount described with respect to the A1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0478]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount of an amino acid added can be an amount so that an amount of the amino acid in the tea beverage is 100 mM or less, 90 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 70 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 50 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, 9.5 mM or less, 9.0 mM or less, 8.5 mM or less, 8.0 mM or less, 7.5 mM or less, 7.0 mM or less, 6.5 mM or less, 6.0 mM or less, 5.5 mM or less, 5.0 mM or less, 4.5 mM or less, 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, 0.5 to 100 mM, 1.0 to 100 mM, 1.5 to 100 mM, 2.0 to 100 mM, 2.5 to 100 mM, 3.0 to 100 mM, 3.5 to 100 mM, 4.0 to 100 mM, 4.5 to 100 mM, 5.0 to 100 mM, 5.5 to 100 mM, 6.0 to 100 mM, 6.5

to 100 mM, 7.0 to 100 mM, 7.5 to 100 mM, 8.0 to 100 mM, 8.5 to 100 mM, 9.0 to 100 mM, 9.5 to 100 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 11 to 100 mM, 12 to 100 mM, 13 to 100 mM, 14 to 100 mM, 15 to 100 mM, 20 to 100 mM, 30 to 100 mM, 40 to 100 mM, 50 to 100 mM, 60 to 100 mM, 70 to 100 mM, 80 to 100 mM, 90 to 100 mM, 0.5 to 90 mM, 1.0 to 90 mM, 1.5 to 90 mM, 2.0 to 90 mM, 2.5 to 90 mM, 3.0 to 90 mM, 3.5 to 90 mM, 4.0 to 90 mM, 4.5 to 90 mM, 5.0 to 90 mM, 5.5 to 90 mM, 6.0 to 90 mM, 6.5 to 90 mM, 7.0 to 90 mM, 7.5 to 90 mM, 8.0 to 90 mM, 8.5 to 90 mM, 9.0 to 90 mM, 9.5 to 90 mM, 10 to 90 mM, 11 to 90 mM, 12 to 90 mM, 13 to 90 mM, 14 to 90 mM, 15 to 90 mM, 20 to 90 mM, 30 to 90 mM, 40 to 90 mM, 50 to 90 mM, 60 to 90 mM, 70 to 90 mM, 80 to 90 mM, 0.5 to 80 mM, 1.0 to 80 mM, 1.5 to 80 mM, 2.0 to 80 mM, 2.5 to 80 mM, 3.0 to 80 mM, 3.5 to 80 mM, 4.0 to 80 mM, 4.5 to 80 mM, 5.0 to 80 mM, 5.5 to 80 mM, 6.0 to 80 mM, 6.5 to 80 mM, 7.0 to 80 mM, 7.5 to 80 mM, 8.0 to 80 mM, 8.5 to 80 mM, 9.0 to 80 mM, 9.5 to 80 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 11 to 80 mM, 12 to 80 mM, 13 to 80 mM, 14 to 80 mM, 15 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 0.5 to 70 mM, 1.0 to 70 mM, 1.5 to 70 mM, 2.0 to 70 mM, 2.5 to 70 mM, 3.0 to 70 mM, 3.5 to 70 mM, 4.0 to 70 mM, 4.5 to 70 mM, 5.0 to 70 mM, 5.5 to 70 mM, 6.0 to 70 mM, 6.5 to 70 mM, 7.0 to 70 mM, 7.5 to 70 mM, 8.0 to 70 mM, 8.5 to 70 mM, 9.0 to 70 mM, 9.5 to 70 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 11 to 70 mM, 12 to 70 mM, 13 to 70 mM, 14 to 70 mM, 15 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 0.5 to 60 mM, 1.0 to 60 mM, 1.5 to 60 mM, 2.0 to

60 mM, 2.5 to 60 mM, 3.0 to 60 mM, 3.5 to 60 mM, 4.0 to 60 mM, 4.5 to 60 mM, 5.0 to 60 mM, 5.5 to 60 mM, 6.0 to 60 mM, 6.5 to 60 mM, 7.0 to 60 mM, 7.5 to 60 mM, 8.0 to 60 mM, 8.5 to 60 mM, 9.0 to 60 mM, 9.5 to 60 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 11 to 60 mM, 12 to 60 mM, 13 to 60 mM, 14 to 60 mM, 15 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 0.5 to 50 mM, 1.0 to 50 mM, 1.5 to 50 mM, 2.0 to 50 mM, 2.5 to 50 mM, 3.0 to 50 mM, 3.5 to 50 mM, 4.0 to 50 mM, 4.5 to 50 mM, 5.0 to 50 mM, 5.5 to 50 mM, 6.0 to 50 mM, 6.5 to 50 mM, 7.0 to 50 mM, 7.5 to 50 mM, 8.0 to 50 mM, 8.5 to 50 mM, 9.0 to 50 mM, 9.5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 11 to 50 mM, 12 to 50 mM, 13 to 50 mM, 14 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 0.5 to 40 mM, 1.0 to 40 mM, 1.5 to 40 mM, 2.0 to 40 mM, 2.5 to 40 mM, 3.0 to 40 mM, 3.5 to 40 mM, 4.0 to 40 mM, 4.5 to 40 mM, 5.0 to 40 mM, 5.5 to 40 mM, 6.0 to 40 mM, 6.5 to 40 mM, 7.0 to 40 mM, 7.5 to 40 mM, 8.0 to 40 mM, 8.5 to 40 mM, 9.0 to 40 mM, 9.5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 11 to 40 mM, 12 to 40 mM, 13 to 40 mM, 14 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 0.5 to 30 mM, 1.0 to 30 mM, 1.5 to 30 mM, 2.0 to 30 mM, 2.5 to 30 mM, 3.0 to 30 mM, 3.5 to 30 mM, 4.0 to 30 mM, 4.5 to 30 mM, 5.0 to 30 mM, 5.5 to 30 mM, 6.0 to 30 mM, 6.5 to 30 mM, 7.0 to 30 mM, 7.5 to 30 mM, 8.0 to 30 mM, 8.5 to 30 mM, 9.0 to 30 mM, 9.5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 11 to 30 mM, 12 to 30 mM, 13 to 30 mM, 14 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 0.5 to 20 mM, 1.0 to 20 mM, 1.5 to 20 mM, 2.0 to 20 mM, 2.5 to 20 mM, 3.0 to 20 mM, 3.5 to 20 mM, 4.0 to 20 mM, 4.5 to 20 mM, 5.0 to 20 mM,

5.5 to 20 mM, 6.0 to 20 mM, 6.5 to 20 mM, 7.0 to 20 mM, 7.5 to 20 mM, 8.0 to 20 mM, 8.5 to 20 mM, 9.0 to 20 mM, 9.5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 11 to 20 mM, 12 to 20 mM, 13 to 20 mM, 14 to 20 mM or 15 to 20 mM.

[0479]

In the sweetness enhancement method of the present invention, the "tea beverage", "sweetness intensity Xa", "high-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity Xb", "amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof", "sweetness intensity X3", "optional component", "low-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity Xc", "sweetness intensity Xd", "other components" and energy are defined as described in the above section for the A1-th embodiment of the tea beverage, and the numerical values described in the above section for the A1-th embodiment of the tea beverage are applicable to the numerical values as they are.

[0480]

<<B3-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the B3-th embodiment, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the enhancement method B of the present invention").

In an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage is provided,

wherein the tea beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

- (b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and
- (c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[0481]

According to an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a sweetness of the tea beverage is enhanced and tea beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (a) is simply added to the tea beverage can be provided. Specifically, sodium (or sodium source) and an amino acid are added simultaneously or separately to the tea beverage containing a predetermined amount of a high-intensity sweetener, and after addition, less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium and an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold are contained in the tea beverage thereby to provide the tea beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the high-intensity sweetener alone is added. The amount of sodium (or sodium source) to be added can be selected from amounts described with respect to the B1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness". The type and amount of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof to be added can be selected so as to be any type and content of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in the tea beverage described with respect to the B1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine,

leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof can be added to the tea beverage in any amount described with respect to the B1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0482]

In another embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, (d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4 can be further contained.

According to the enhancement method of the present embodiment, a sweetness of the tea beverage is enhanced and tea beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (a) and the component (d) are simply added to the tea beverage can be provided. Specifically, sodium (or sodium source) and an amino acid are added simultaneously or separately to the tea beverage containing predetermined amounts of a high-intensity sweetener and a low-intensity sweetener, and after addition, less than 50 mg/100 ml, less than 40 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml of sodium and an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold are contained in the tea beverage thereby to provide the tea beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener alone are added.

[0483]

In still another embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of tea beverage is provided,

wherein the tea beverage contains

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4.

According to the enhancement method of the present embodiment, a sweetness of the tea beverage is enhanced and tea beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (d) is simply added to the tea beverage can be provided. Specifically, sodium (or sodium source) and an amino acid are added simultaneously or separately to the tea beverage containing a predetermined amount of a low-intensity sweetener, and after addition, less than 50 mg/100 ml, less than 40 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and 40 mg/100 ml of sodium and an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold are contained in the tea beverage thereby to provide the tea beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the low-intensity sweetener alone is added. Also in this embodiment, the amount of sodium (or sodium source) to be added can be

selected from amounts described with respect to the B1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness". The type and amount of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof to be added can be selected so as to be any type and content of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in the tea beverage described with respect to the B1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof can be added to the tea beverage in any amount described with respect to the B1-th embodiment of the above section "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0484]

In an embodiment of the present invention, less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium and an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold are added to the tea beverage containing a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 and/or a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4. In other embodiments of the present invention, an amount of a sodium source added is an amount so that the amount of sodium in the tea beverage is less than 40 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 17 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml. In other embodiments, an amount of sodium can be an

amount so that an amount of sodium in the tea beverage ranges from 0.1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 0.1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 5 to 45 mg/100 ml, 5 to 40 mg/100 ml, 5 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 5 to 35 mg/100 ml, 5 to 30 mg/100 ml, 5 to 25 mg/100 ml, 5 to 20 mg/100 ml, 5 to 19 mg/100 ml, 5 to 18 mg/100 ml, 5 to 17 mg/100 ml, 5 to 16 mg/100 ml, 5 to 15 mg/100 ml, 5 to 14 mg/100 ml, 5 to 13 mg/100 ml, 5 to 12 mg/100 ml, 5 to 11 mg/100 ml, 5 to 10 mg/100 ml, 7 to 45 mg/100 ml, 7 to 40 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 7 to 35 mg/100 ml, 7 to 30 mg/100 ml, 7 to 25 mg/100 ml, 7 to 22 mg/100 ml, 7 to 20 mg/100 ml, 7 to 19 mg/100 ml, 7 to 18 mg/100 ml, 7 to 17 mg/100 ml, 7 to 16 mg/100 ml, 7 to 15 mg/100 ml, 8 to 45 mg/100 ml, 8 to 40 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 8 to 35 mg/100 ml, 8 to 30 mg/100 ml, 8 to 25 mg/100 ml, 8 to 22 mg/100 ml,

8 to 20 mg/100 ml, 8 to 19 mg/100 ml, 8 to 18 mg/100 ml, 8 to 17 mg/100 ml, 8 to 16 mg/100 ml, 8 to 15 mg/100 ml, 10 to 45 mg/100 ml, 10 to 40 mg/100 ml, 10 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 10 to 35 mg/100 ml, 10 to 30 mg/100 ml, 10 to 25 mg/100 ml, 10 to 20 mg/100 ml, 10 to 19 mg/100 ml, 10 to 18 mg/100 ml, 10 to 17 mg/100 ml, 10 to 16 mg/100 ml, 10 to 15 mg/100 ml, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 45 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 40 mg/100 ml or less, 10 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 35 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 30 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 25 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 20 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 19 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 18 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 17 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 16 mg/100 ml or less, more than 10 mg/100 ml and 15 mg/100 ml or less, 15 to 45 mg/100 ml, 15 to 40 mg/100 ml, 15 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 15 to 35 mg/100 ml, 15 to 30 mg/100 ml, 15 to 25 mg/100 ml, 15 to 20 mg/100 ml, 20 to 45 mg/100 ml, 20 to 40 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 20 to 35 mg/100 ml, 20 to 30 mg/100 ml, 20 to 25 mg/100 ml, 25 to 45 mg/100 ml, 25 to 40 mg/100 ml, 25 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 25 to 35 mg/100 ml, 25 to 30 mg/100 ml, 30 to 45 mg/100 ml, 30 to 40 mg/100 ml, 30 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, 30 to 35 mg/100 ml, 35 to 45 mg/100 ml, 35 to 40 mg/100

ml, 35 mg/100 ml or more and less than 40 mg/100 ml, or 40 to 45 mg/100 ml.

[0485]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount of an amino acid added can be an amount so that an amount of the amino acid in the tea beverage is 100 mM or less, 90 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 70 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 50 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, 9.5 mM or less, 9.0 mM or less, 8.5 mM or less, 8.0 mM or less, 7.5 mM or less, 7.0 mM or less, 6.5 mM or less, 6.0 mM or less, 5.5 mM or less, 5.0 mM or less, 4.5 mM or less, 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, 0.5 to 100 mM, 1.0 to 100 mM, 1.5 to 100 mM, 2.0 to 100 mM, 2.5 to 100 mM, 3.0 to 100 mM, 3.5 to 100 mM, 4.0 to 100 mM, 4.5 to 100 mM, 5.0 to 100 mM, 5.5 to 100 mM, 6.0 to 100 mM, 6.5 to 100 mM, 7.0 to 100 mM, 7.5 to 100 mM, 8.0 to 100 mM, 8.5 to 100 mM, 9.0 to 100 mM, 9.5 to 100 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 11 to 100 mM, 12 to 100 mM, 13 to 100 mM, 14 to 100 mM, 15 to 100 mM, 20 to 100 mM, 30 to 100 mM, 40 to 100 mM, 50 to 100 mM, 60 to 100 mM, 70 to 100 mM, 80 to 100 mM, 90 to 100 mM, 0.5 to 90 mM, 1.0 to 90 mM, 1.5 to 90 mM, 2.0 to 90 mM, 2.5 to 90 mM, 3.0 to 90 mM, 3.5 to 90 mM, 4.0 to 90 mM, 4.5 to 90 mM, 5.0 to 90 mM, 5.5 to 90 mM, 6.0 to 90 mM, 6.5 to 90 mM, 7.0 to 90 mM, 7.5 to 90 mM, 8.0 to 90 mM, 8.5 to 90 mM, 9.0 to 90 mM, 9.5 to 90 mM, 10 to 90 mM,

11 to 90 mM, 12 to 90 mM, 13 to 90 mM, 14 to 90 mM, 15 to 90 mM, 20 to 90 mM, 30 to 90 mM, 40 to 90 mM, 50 to 90 mM, 60 to 90 mM, 70 to 90 mM, 80 to 90 mM, 0.5 to 80 mM, 1.0 to 80 mM, 1.5 to 80 mM, 2.0 to 80 mM, 2.5 to 80 mM, 3.0 to 80 mM, 3.5 to 80 mM, 4.0 to 80 mM, 4.5 to 80 mM, 5.0 to 80 mM, 5.5 to 80 mM, 6.0 to 80 mM, 6.5 to 80 mM, 7.0 to 80 mM, 7.5 to 80 mM, 8.0 to 80 mM, 8.5 to 80 mM, 9.0 to 80 mM, 9.5 to 80 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 11 to 80 mM, 12 to 80 mM, 13 to 80 mM, 14 to 80 mM, 15 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 0.5 to 70 mM, 1.0 to 70 mM, 1.5 to 70 mM, 2.0 to 70 mM, 2.5 to 70 mM, 3.0 to 70 mM, 3.5 to 70 mM, 4.0 to 70 mM, 4.5 to 70 mM, 5.0 to 70 mM, 5.5 to 70 mM, 6.0 to 70 mM, 6.5 to 70 mM, 7.0 to 70 mM, 7.5 to 70 mM, 8.0 to 70 mM, 8.5 to 70 mM, 9.0 to 70 mM, 9.5 to 70 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 11 to 70 mM, 12 to 70 mM, 13 to 70 mM, 14 to 70 mM, 15 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 0.5 to 60 mM, 1.0 to 60 mM, 1.5 to 60 mM, 2.0 to 60 mM, 2.5 to 60 mM, 3.0 to 60 mM, 3.5 to 60 mM, 4.0 to 60 mM, 4.5 to 60 mM, 5.0 to 60 mM, 5.5 to 60 mM, 6.0 to 60 mM, 6.5 to 60 mM, 7.0 to 60 mM, 7.5 to 60 mM, 8.0 to 60 mM, 8.5 to 60 mM, 9.0 to 60 mM, 9.5 to 60 mM, 10 to 60 mM, 11 to 60 mM, 12 to 60 mM, 13 to 60 mM, 14 to 60 mM, 15 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 0.5 to 50 mM, 1.0 to 50 mM, 1.5 to 50 mM, 2.0 to 50 mM, 2.5 to 50 mM, 3.0 to 50 mM, 3.5 to 50 mM, 4.0 to 50 mM, 4.5 to 50 mM, 5.0 to 50 mM, 5.5 to 50 mM, 6.0 to 50 mM, 6.5 to 50 mM, 7.0 to 50 mM, 7.5 to 50 mM, 8.0 to 50 mM,

8.5 to 50 mM, 9.0 to 50 mM, 9.5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 11 to 50 mM, 12 to 50 mM, 13 to 50 mM, 14 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 0.5 to 40 mM, 1.0 to 40 mM, 1.5 to 40 mM, 2.0 to 40 mM, 2.5 to 40 mM, 3.0 to 40 mM, 3.5 to 40 mM, 4.0 to 40 mM, 4.5 to 40 mM, 5.0 to 40 mM, 5.5 to 40 mM, 6.0 to 40 mM, 6.5 to 40 mM, 7.0 to 40 mM, 7.5 to 40 mM, 8.0 to 40 mM, 8.5 to 40 mM, 9.0 to 40 mM, 9.5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 11 to 40 mM, 12 to 40 mM, 13 to 40 mM, 14 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 0.5 to 30 mM, 1.0 to 30 mM, 1.5 to 30 mM, 2.0 to 30 mM, 2.5 to 30 mM, 3.0 to 30 mM, 3.5 to 30 mM, 4.0 to 30 mM, 4.5 to 30 mM, 5.0 to 30 mM, 5.5 to 30 mM, 6.0 to 30 mM, 6.5 to 30 mM, 7.0 to 30 mM, 7.5 to 30 mM, 8.0 to 30 mM, 8.5 to 30 mM, 9.0 to 30 mM, 9.5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 11 to 30 mM, 12 to 30 mM, 13 to 30 mM, 14 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 0.5 to 20 mM, 1.0 to 20 mM, 1.5 to 20 mM, 2.0 to 20 mM, 2.5 to 20 mM, 3.0 to 20 mM, 3.5 to 20 mM, 4.0 to 20 mM, 4.5 to 20 mM, 5.0 to 20 mM, 5.5 to 20 mM, 6.0 to 20 mM, 6.5 to 20 mM, 7.0 to 20 mM, 7.5 to 20 mM, 8.0 to 20 mM, 8.5 to 20 mM, 9.0 to 20 mM, 9.5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 11 to 20 mM, 12 to 20 mM, 13 to 20 mM, 14 to 20 mM, or 15 to 20 mM.

[0486]

In the sweetness enhancement method of the present invention, the "tea beverage", "sweetness intensity X1", "high-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity X2", amount of sodium, form of sodium in the tea beverage, "amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof", "sweetness

intensity X3", "optional component", "low-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity X4", "sweetness intensity X5", "other components" and energy are defined as described in the above section for the B1-th embodiment of the tea beverage, and the numerical values described in the above section for the B1-th embodiment of the tea beverage are applicable to the numerical values as they are.

[0487]

3-2. Method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage

<<C3-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the C3-th embodiment, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the enhancement method C of the present invention").

In an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage is provided,

wherein the coffee beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

[0488]

According to an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a sweetness of the coffee beverage is enhanced and a coffee beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when

the component (a) is simply added to the coffee beverage can be provided. Specifically, an amino acid is added simultaneously or separately to the coffee beverage containing a predetermined amount of a high-intensity sweetener, and after addition, an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is contained in the coffee beverage thereby to provide the coffee beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the high-intensity sweetener alone is added. The type and amount of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof to be added can be selected so as to be any type and content of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in the coffee beverage described with respect to the C1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof can be added to the coffee beverage in any amount described with respect to the C1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0489]

In another embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, (c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c can be further contained.

According to the enhancement method of the present embodiment, a sweetness of the coffee beverage is enhanced

and a coffee beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (a) and the component (c) are simply added to the coffee beverage can be provided. Specifically, an amino acid is added simultaneously or separately to the coffee beverage containing predetermined amounts of a high-intensity sweetener and a low-intensity sweetener, and after addition, an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is contained in the coffee beverage thereby to provide the coffee beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when only the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener are added.

[0490]

In still another embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage is provided,

wherein the coffee beverage contains

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_c .

According to the enhancement method of the present embodiment, a sweetness of the coffee beverage is enhanced and coffee beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (c) is simply added to the coffee beverage can be provided. Specifically, an amino acid is added simultaneously or separately to the coffee beverage containing a

predetermined amount of a low-intensity sweetener, and after addition, an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold is contained in the coffee beverage thereby to provide the coffee beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the low-intensity sweetener alone is added. Also in this embodiment, the type and amount of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof to be added can be selected so as to be any type and content of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in the coffee beverage described with respect to the C1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof can be added to the coffee beverage in any amount described with respect to the C1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0491]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount of an amino acid added can be an amount so that an amount of the amino acid in the coffee beverage is 100 mM or less, 90 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 70 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 50 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, 9.5 mM or less, 9.0 mM or less, 8.5 mM or less, 8.0 mM or less, 7.5 mM or less, 7.0 mM or less, 6.5 mM or less, 6.0 mM or less, 5.5 mM or less,

5.0 mM or less, 4.5 mM or less, 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, 0.5 to 100 mM, 1.0 to 100 mM, 1.5 to 100 mM, 2.0 to 100 mM, 2.5 to 100 mM, 3.0 to 100 mM, 3.5 to 100 mM, 4.0 to 100 mM, 4.5 to 100 mM, 5.0 to 100 mM, 5.5 to 100 mM, 6.0 to 100 mM, 6.5 to 100 mM, 7.0 to 100 mM, 7.5 to 100 mM, 8.0 to 100 mM, 8.5 to 100 mM, 9.0 to 100 mM, 9.5 to 100 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 11 to 100 mM, 12 to 100 mM, 13 to 100 mM, 14 to 100 mM, 15 to 100 mM, 20 to 100 mM, 30 to 100 mM, 40 to 100 mM, 50 to 100 mM, 60 to 100 mM, 70 to 100 mM, 80 to 100 mM, 90 to 100 mM, 0.5 to 90 mM, 1.0 to 90 mM, 1.5 to 90 mM, 2.0 to 90 mM, 2.5 to 90 mM, 3.0 to 90 mM, 3.5 to 90 mM, 4.0 to 90 mM, 4.5 to 90 mM, 5.0 to 90 mM, 5.5 to 90 mM, 6.0 to 90 mM, 6.5 to 90 mM, 7.0 to 90 mM, 7.5 to 90 mM, 8.0 to 90 mM, 8.5 to 90 mM, 9.0 to 90 mM, 9.5 to 90 mM, 10 to 90 mM, 11 to 90 mM, 12 to 90 mM, 13 to 90 mM, 14 to 90 mM, 15 to 90 mM, 20 to 90 mM, 30 to 90 mM, 40 to 90 mM, 50 to 90 mM, 60 to 90 mM, 70 to 90 mM, 80 to 90 mM, 0.5 to 80 mM, 1.0 to 80 mM, 1.5 to 80 mM, 2.0 to 80 mM, 2.5 to 80 mM, 3.0 to 80 mM, 3.5 to 80 mM, 4.0 to 80 mM, 4.5 to 80 mM, 5.0 to 80 mM, 5.5 to 80 mM, 6.0 to 80 mM, 6.5 to 80 mM, 7.0 to 80 mM, 7.5 to 80 mM, 8.0 to 80 mM, 8.5 to 80 mM, 9.0 to 80 mM, 9.5 to 80 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 11 to 80 mM, 12 to 80 mM, 13 to 80 mM, 14 to 80 mM, 15 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 0.5 to 70 mM, 1.0 to 70 mM, 1.5 to 70 mM, 2.0 to 70 mM, 2.5 to 70 mM, 3.0 to 70 mM, 3.5 to 70 mM, 4.0 to 70 mM,

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to 50 mM, 12 to 50 mM, 13 to 50 mM, 14 to 50 mM, 15 to 50
mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 0.5 to 40 mM,
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to 40 mM, 13 to 40 mM, 14 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40
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6.0 to 30 mM, 6.5 to 30 mM, 7.0 to 30 mM, 7.5 to 30 mM, 8.0 to 30 mM, 8.5 to 30 mM, 9.0 to 30 mM, 9.5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 11 to 30 mM, 12 to 30 mM, 13 to 30 mM, 14 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 0.5 to 20 mM, 1.0 to 20 mM, 1.5 to 20 mM, 2.0 to 20 mM, 2.5 to 20 mM, 3.0 to 20 mM, 3.5 to 20 mM, 4.0 to 20 mM, 4.5 to 20 mM, 5.0 to 20 mM, 5.5 to 20 mM, 6.0 to 20 mM, 6.5 to 20 mM, 7.0 to 20 mM, 7.5 to 20 mM, 8.0 to 20 mM, 8.5 to 20 mM, 9.0 to 20 mM, 9.5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 11 to 20 mM, 12 to 20 mM, 13 to 20 mM, 14 to 20 mM, or 15 to 20 mM.

[0492]

In the sweetness enhancement method of the present invention, the "coffee beverage", "sweetness intensity Xa", "high-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity Xb", "amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof", "optional component", "low-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity Xc", "sweetness intensity Xd", "other components" and energy are defined as described in the above section for the C1-th embodiment of the coffee beverage, and the numerical values described in the above section for the C1-th embodiment of the coffee beverage are applicable to the numerical values as they are.

[0493]

<<D3-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the D3-th embodiment, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the enhancement method D of the present invention").

In an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage is provided,

wherein the coffee beverage contains

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[0494]

According to an embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a sweetness of the coffee beverage is enhanced and a coffee beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (a) is simply added to the coffee beverage can be provided. Specifically, sodium (or sodium source) and an amino acid are added simultaneously or separately to the coffee beverage containing a predetermined amount of a high-intensity sweetener, and after addition, less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium and an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold are contained in the coffee beverage thereby to provide the coffee beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the high-intensity sweetener alone is added. The amount of sodium (or sodium source) to be added can be selected from amounts described with respect to the D1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". The type and amount of the amino acid or a

derivative or a salt thereof to be added can be selected so as to be any type and content of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in the coffee beverage described with respect to the D1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof can be added to the coffee beverage in any amount described with respect to the D1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". [0495]

In another embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, (d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4 can be further contained.

According to the enhancement method of the present embodiment, a sweetness of the coffee beverage is enhanced and a coffee beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (a) and the component (d) are simply added to the coffee beverage can be provided. Specifically, sodium (or sodium source) and an amino acid are added simultaneously or separately to the coffee beverage containing predetermined amounts of a high-intensity sweetener and a low-intensity sweetener, and after addition, less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml, or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium and an amino acid of less than a taste recognition

threshold are contained in the coffee beverage thereby to provide the coffee beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener alone are added.
[0496]

In still another embodiment of the enhancement method of the present invention, a method for enhancing a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage is provided,

wherein the coffee beverage contains

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4.

According to the enhancement method of the present embodiment, a sweetness of the coffee beverage is enhanced and a coffee beverage having a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when the component (d) is simply added to the coffee beverage can be provided. Specifically, sodium (or sodium source) and an amino acid are added simultaneously or separately to the coffee beverage containing a predetermined amount of a low-intensity sweetener, and after addition, less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml or 20 to 75 mg/100 ml of sodium and an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold are contained in the coffee beverage thereby to provide the coffee beverage with a sweetness more than a sweetness intensity obtained when

the low-intensity sweetener alone is added. Also in this embodiment, the amount of sodium (or sodium source) to be added can be selected from amounts described with respect to the D1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". The type and amount of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof to be added can be selected so as to be any type and content of the amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in the coffee beverage described with respect to the D1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof can be added to the coffee beverage in any amount described with respect to the D1-th embodiment of the above section "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness".

[0497]

In an embodiment of the present invention, less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium and an amino acid of less than a taste recognition threshold are added to the coffee beverage containing a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1 and/or a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X4. In other embodiments of the present invention, an amount of a sodium source added is an amount so that the amount of sodium in the coffee beverage is 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml, or 20

to 75 mg/100 ml. In other embodiments, an amount of sodium can be an amount so that an amount of sodium in the coffee beverage ranges from 0.1 to 85 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 80 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 75 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 70 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 65 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 60 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 55 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 50 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 0.1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 1 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 1 to 85 mg/100 ml, 1 to 80 mg/100 ml, 1 to 75 mg/100 ml, 1 to 70 mg/100 ml, 1 to 65 mg/100 ml, 1 to 60 mg/100 ml, 1 to 55 mg/100 ml, 1 to 50 mg/100 ml, 1 to 45 mg/100 ml, 1 to 40 mg/100 ml, 1 to 35 mg/100 ml, 1 to 30 mg/100 ml, 1 to 25 mg/100 ml, 1 to 20 mg/100 ml, 1 to 19 mg/100 ml, 1 to 18 mg/100 ml, 1 to 17 mg/100 ml, 1 to 16 mg/100 ml, 1 to 15 mg/100 ml, 1 to 14 mg/100 ml, 1 to 13 mg/100 ml, 1 to 12 mg/100 ml, 1 to 11 mg/100 ml, 1 to 10 mg/100 ml, 5 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 5 to 85 mg/100 ml, 5 to 80 mg/100 ml, 5 to 75 mg/100 ml, 5 to 70 mg/100 ml, 5 to 65 mg/100 ml, 5 to 60 mg/100 ml, 5 to 55 mg/100 ml, 5 to 50 mg/100 ml, 5 to 45 mg/100 ml, 5 to 40 mg/100 ml, 5 to 35 mg/100 ml, 5 to 30 mg/100 ml, 5 to 25 mg/100 ml, 5 to 20 mg/100 ml, 5 to 19 mg/100 ml, 5 to 18 mg/100 ml, 5 to 17 mg/100 ml, 5 to 16 mg/100 ml, 5 to 15 mg/100 ml, 5 to 14 mg/100 ml, 5 to 13 mg/100 ml, 5 to 12

mg/100 ml, 5 to 11 mg/100 ml, 5 to 10 mg/100 ml, 7 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 7 to 85 mg/100 ml, 7 to 80 mg/100 ml, 7 to 75 mg/100 ml, 7 to 70 mg/100 ml, 7 to 65 mg/100 ml, 7 to 60 mg/100 ml, 7 to 55 mg/100 ml, 7 to 50 mg/100 ml, 7 to 45 mg/100 ml, 7 to 40 mg/100 ml, 7 to 35 mg/100 ml, 7 to 30 mg/100 ml, 7 to 25 mg/100 ml, 7 to 20 mg/100 ml, 7 to 19 mg/100 ml, 7 to 18 mg/100 ml, 7 to 17 mg/100 ml, 7 to 16 mg/100 ml, 7 to 15 mg/100 ml, 10 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 10 to 85 mg/100 ml, 10 to 80 mg/100 ml, 10 to 75 mg/100 ml, 10 to 70 mg/100 ml, 10 to 65 mg/100 ml, 10 to 60 mg/100 ml, 10 to 55 mg/100 ml, 10 to 50 mg/100 ml, 10 to 45 mg/100 ml, 10 to 40 mg/100 ml, 10 to 35 mg/100 ml, 10 to 30 mg/100 ml, 10 to 25 mg/100 ml, 10 to 20 mg/100 ml, 10 to 19 mg/100 ml, 10 to 18 mg/100 ml, 10 to 17 mg/100 ml, 10 to 16 mg/100 ml, 10 to 15 mg/100 ml, 15 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 15 to 85 mg/100 ml, 15 to 80 mg/100 ml, 15 to 75 mg/100 ml, 15 to 70 mg/100 ml, 15 to 65 mg/100 ml, 15 to 60 mg/100 ml, 15 to 55 mg/100 ml, 15 to 50 mg/100 ml, 15 to 45 mg/100 ml, 15 to 40 mg/100 ml, 15 to 35 mg/100 ml, 15 to 30 mg/100 ml, 15 to 25 mg/100 ml, 15 to 20 mg/100 ml, 20 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 20 to 85 mg/100 ml, 20 to 80 mg/100 ml, 20 to 75 mg/100 ml, 20 to 70 mg/100 ml, 20 to 65 mg/100 ml, 20 to 60 mg/100 ml, 20 to 55 mg/100 ml, 20 to 50 mg/100 ml, 20 to 45 mg/100 ml, 20 to 40 mg/100 ml, 20 to 35 mg/100 ml, 20 to 30 mg/100 ml, 20 to 25 mg/100 ml, 25 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 25 to 85 mg/100 ml, 25 to 80 mg/100 ml, 25

to 75 mg/100 ml, 25 to 70 mg/100 ml, 25 to 65 mg/100 ml, 25 to 60 mg/100 ml, 25 to 55 mg/100 ml, 25 to 50 mg/100 ml, 25 to 45 mg/100 ml, 25 to 40 mg/100 ml, 25 to 35 mg/100 ml, 25 to 30 mg/100 ml, 30 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 30 to 85 mg/100 ml, 30 to 80 mg/100 ml, 30 to 75 mg/100 ml, 30 to 70 mg/100 ml, 30 to 65 mg/100 ml, 30 to 60 mg/100 ml, 30 to 55 mg/100 ml, 30 to 50 mg/100 ml, 30 to 45 mg/100 ml, 30 to 40 mg/100 ml, 30 to 35 mg/100 ml, 35 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 35 to 85 mg/100 ml, 35 to 80 mg/100 ml, 35 to 75 mg/100 ml, 0 to 70 mg/100 ml, 35 to 65 mg/100 ml, 35 to 60 mg/100 ml, 35 to 55 mg/100 ml, 35 to 50 mg/100 ml, 35 to 45 mg/100 ml, 35 to 40 mg/100 ml, 40 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 40 to 85 mg/100 ml, 40 to 80 mg/100 ml, 40 to 75 mg/100 ml, 40 to 70 mg/100 ml, 40 to 65 mg/100 ml, 40 to 60 mg/100 ml, 40 to 55 mg/100 ml, 40 to 50 mg/100 ml, 40 to 45 mg/100 ml, 45 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 45 to 85 mg/100 ml, 45 to 80 mg/100 ml, 45 to 75 mg/100 ml, 45 to 70 mg/100 ml, 45 to 65 mg/100 ml, 45 to 60 mg/100 ml, 45 to 55 mg/100 ml, 45 to 50 mg/100 ml, 50 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 50 to 85 mg/100 ml, 50 to 80 mg/100 ml, 50 to 75 mg/100 ml, 50 to 70 mg/100 ml, 50 to 65 mg/100 ml, 50 to 60 mg/100 ml, 50 to 55 mg/100 ml, 55 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 55 to 85 mg/100 ml, 55 to 80 mg/100 ml, 55 to 75 mg/100 ml, 55 to 70 mg/100 ml, 55 to 65 mg/100 ml, 55 to 60 mg/100 ml, 60 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 60 to 85 mg/100 ml, 60 to 80 mg/100 ml, 60 to

75 mg/100 ml, 60 to 70 mg/100 ml, 60 to 65 mg/100 ml, 65 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 65 to 85 mg/100 ml, 65 to 80 mg/100 ml, 65 to 75 mg/100 ml, 65 to 70 mg/100 ml, 70 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 70 to 85 mg/100 ml, 70 to 80 mg/100 ml, 70 to 75 mg/100 ml, 75 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, 75 to 85 mg/100 ml, 75 to 80 mg/100 ml, 80 mg/100 ml or more and less than 90 mg/100 ml, or 80 to 85 mg/100 ml.

[0498]

In an embodiment of the present invention, an amount of an amino acid added can be an amount so that an amount of the amino acid in the coffee beverage is 100 mM or less, 90 mM or less, 80 mM or less, 70 mM or less, 60 mM or less, 50 mM or less, 40 mM or less, 30 mM or less, 20 mM or less, 15 mM or less, 14 mM or less, 13 mM or less, 12 mM or less, 11 mM or less, 10 mM or less, 9.5 mM or less, 9.0 mM or less, 8.5 mM or less, 8.0 mM or less, 7.5 mM or less, 7.0 mM or less, 6.5 mM or less, 6.0 mM or less, 5.5 mM or less, 5.0 mM or less, 4.5 mM or less, 4.0 mM or less, 3.5 mM or less, 3.0 mM or less, 2.5 mM or less, 2.0 mM or less, 1.5 mM or less, 1.0 mM or less, 0.5 mM or less, 0.5 to 100 mM, 1.0 to 100 mM, 1.5 to 100 mM, 2.0 to 100 mM, 2.5 to 100 mM, 3.0 to 100 mM, 3.5 to 100 mM, 4.0 to 100 mM, 4.5 to 100 mM, 5.0 to 100 mM, 5.5 to 100 mM, 6.0 to 100 mM, 6.5 to 100 mM, 7.0 to 100 mM, 7.5 to 100 mM, 8.0 to 100 mM, 8.5 to 100 mM, 9.0 to 100 mM, 9.5 to 100 mM, 10 to 100 mM, 11 to 100 mM, 12 to 100 mM, 13 to 100 mM, 14 to 100 mM, 15 to 100 mM, 20 to 100 mM, 30 to 100 mM, 40 to 100 mM, 50 to

100 mM, 60 to 100 mM, 70 to 100 mM, 80 to 100 mM, 90 to 100 mM, 0.5 to 90 mM, 1.0 to 90 mM, 1.5 to 90 mM, 2.0 to 90 mM, 2.5 to 90 mM, 3.0 to 90 mM, 3.5 to 90 mM, 4.0 to 90 mM, 4.5 to 90 mM, 5.0 to 90 mM, 5.5 to 90 mM, 6.0 to 90 mM, 6.5 to 90 mM, 7.0 to 90 mM, 7.5 to 90 mM, 8.0 to 90 mM, 8.5 to 90 mM, 9.0 to 90 mM, 9.5 to 90 mM, 10 to 90 mM, 11 to 90 mM, 12 to 90 mM, 13 to 90 mM, 14 to 90 mM, 15 to 90 mM, 20 to 90 mM, 30 to 90 mM, 40 to 90 mM, 50 to 90 mM, 60 to 90 mM, 70 to 90 mM, 80 to 90 mM, 0.5 to 80 mM, 1.0 to 80 mM, 1.5 to 80 mM, 2.0 to 80 mM, 2.5 to 80 mM, 3.0 to 80 mM, 3.5 to 80 mM, 4.0 to 80 mM, 4.5 to 80 mM, 5.0 to 80 mM, 5.5 to 80 mM, 6.0 to 80 mM, 6.5 to 80 mM, 7.0 to 80 mM, 7.5 to 80 mM, 8.0 to 80 mM, 8.5 to 80 mM, 9.0 to 80 mM, 9.5 to 80 mM, 10 to 80 mM, 11 to 80 mM, 12 to 80 mM, 13 to 80 mM, 14 to 80 mM, 15 to 80 mM, 20 to 80 mM, 30 to 80 mM, 40 to 80 mM, 50 to 80 mM, 60 to 80 mM, 70 to 80 mM, 0.5 to 70 mM, 1.0 to 70 mM, 1.5 to 70 mM, 2.0 to 70 mM, 2.5 to 70 mM, 3.0 to 70 mM, 3.5 to 70 mM, 4.0 to 70 mM, 4.5 to 70 mM, 5.0 to 70 mM, 5.5 to 70 mM, 6.0 to 70 mM, 6.5 to 70 mM, 7.0 to 70 mM, 7.5 to 70 mM, 8.0 to 70 mM, 8.5 to 70 mM, 9.0 to 70 mM, 9.5 to 70 mM, 10 to 70 mM, 11 to 70 mM, 12 to 70 mM, 13 to 70 mM, 14 to 70 mM, 15 to 70 mM, 20 to 70 mM, 30 to 70 mM, 40 to 70 mM, 50 to 70 mM, 60 to 70 mM, 0.5 to 60 mM, 1.0 to 60 mM, 1.5 to 60 mM, 2.0 to 60 mM, 2.5 to 60 mM, 3.0 to 60 mM, 3.5 to 60 mM, 4.0 to 60 mM, 4.5 to 60 mM, 5.0 to 60 mM, 5.5 to 60 mM, 6.0 to 60 mM, 6.5 to 60 mM, 7.0 to 60 mM, 7.5 to 60 mM, 8.0 to 60 mM, 8.5 to 60 mM, 9.0 to 60 mM, 9.5 to 60 mM, 10 to 60 mM,

11 to 60 mM, 12 to 60 mM, 13 to 60 mM, 14 to 60 mM, 15 to 60 mM, 20 to 60 mM, 30 to 60 mM, 40 to 60 mM, 50 to 60 mM, 0.5 to 50 mM, 1.0 to 50 mM, 1.5 to 50 mM, 2.0 to 50 mM, 2.5 to 50 mM, 3.0 to 50 mM, 3.5 to 50 mM, 4.0 to 50 mM, 4.5 to 50 mM, 5.0 to 50 mM, 5.5 to 50 mM, 6.0 to 50 mM, 6.5 to 50 mM, 7.0 to 50 mM, 7.5 to 50 mM, 8.0 to 50 mM, 8.5 to 50 mM, 9.0 to 50 mM, 9.5 to 50 mM, 10 to 50 mM, 11 to 50 mM, 12 to 50 mM, 13 to 50 mM, 14 to 50 mM, 15 to 50 mM, 20 to 50 mM, 30 to 50 mM, 40 to 50 mM, 0.5 to 40 mM, 1.0 to 40 mM, 1.5 to 40 mM, 2.0 to 40 mM, 2.5 to 40 mM, 3.0 to 40 mM, 3.5 to 40 mM, 4.0 to 40 mM, 4.5 to 40 mM, 5.0 to 40 mM, 5.5 to 40 mM, 6.0 to 40 mM, 6.5 to 40 mM, 7.0 to 40 mM, 7.5 to 40 mM, 8.0 to 40 mM, 8.5 to 40 mM, 9.0 to 40 mM, 9.5 to 40 mM, 10 to 40 mM, 11 to 40 mM, 12 to 40 mM, 13 to 40 mM, 14 to 40 mM, 15 to 40 mM, 20 to 40 mM, 30 to 40 mM, 0.5 to 30 mM, 1.0 to 30 mM, 1.5 to 30 mM, 2.0 to 30 mM, 2.5 to 30 mM, 3.0 to 30 mM, 3.5 to 30 mM, 4.0 to 30 mM, 4.5 to 30 mM, 5.0 to 30 mM, 5.5 to 30 mM, 6.0 to 30 mM, 6.5 to 30 mM, 7.0 to 30 mM, 7.5 to 30 mM, 8.0 to 30 mM, 8.5 to 30 mM, 9.0 to 30 mM, 9.5 to 30 mM, 10 to 30 mM, 11 to 30 mM, 12 to 30 mM, 13 to 30 mM, 14 to 30 mM, 15 to 30 mM, 20 to 30 mM, 0.5 to 20 mM, 1.0 to 20 mM, 1.5 to 20 mM, 2.0 to 20 mM, 2.5 to 20 mM, 3.0 to 20 mM, 3.5 to 20 mM, 4.0 to 20 mM, 4.5 to 20 mM, 5.0 to 20 mM, 5.5 to 20 mM, 6.0 to 20 mM, 6.5 to 20 mM, 7.0 to 20 mM, 7.5 to 20 mM, 8.0 to 20 mM, 8.5 to 20 mM, 9.0 to 20 mM, 9.5 to 20 mM, 10 to 20 mM, 11 to 20 mM, 12 to 20 mM, 13 to 20 mM, 14 to 20 mM, or 15 to 20 mM.

[0499]

In the sweetness enhancement method of the present invention, the "coffee beverage", "sweetness intensity X1", "high-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity X2", amount of sodium, form of sodium in the coffee beverage, "amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof", "sweetness intensity X3", "optional component", "low-intensity sweetener", "sweetness intensity X4", "sweetness intensity X5", "other components" and energy are defined as described in the above section for the D1-th embodiment of the coffee beverage, and the numerical values described in the above section for the D1-th embodiment of the coffee beverage are applicable to the numerical values as they are.

[0500]

4. Concentrate for providing the beverage

<<Fourth embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the fourth embodiment, a concentrate for providing the following beverage (hereinafter referred to as "the concentrate of the present invention").

The beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X3 exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X1 < X3$ is satisfied. In the present embodiment, X1

and X3 respectively correspond to Xa and Xb in the A4-th embodiment (in response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185327) and the C4-th embodiment (in response to Japanese Patent Applications No. 2020-185287).

[0501]

4-1. Concentrate for providing the tea beverage

<<A4-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the A4-th embodiment, a concentrate for providing the following tea beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the concentrate A of the present invention").

The tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity Xb exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < Xa < Xb$ is satisfied.

[0502]

In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, a concentrate for providing the tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xaa, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold.

[0503]

The concentrate of the present invention is diluted in any ratio and used for providing the tea beverage. The "tea beverage " is the same as described in the A1-th embodiment in "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness." For example, the concentrate of the present invention can be used as a syrup or an undiluted solution in a beverage. In this instance, the concentrate can be diluted 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold, 5-fold, 6-fold, 7-fold, 8-fold, 9-fold, or 10-fold and used. Further, the concentrate of the present invention is preferable in the aspects of preservability and transportability because it is concentrated. The concentrate of the present invention can be solid or liquid.

[0504]

The concentrate of the present invention is 2 to 10-fold concentrate, preferably 3 to 9-fold concentrate, more preferably 4 to 8-fold concentrate, and further preferably 5 to 7-fold concentrate, of the tea beverage of the present invention.

[0505]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 5-fold concentrate of the tea beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xaa, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 5 fold of a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{ba} exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.5 < X_{aa} < X_{ba}$, preferably $1.0 < X_{aa} < X_{ba}$, and more preferably $2.0 < X_{aa} < X_{ba}$ is satisfied.

[0506]

The concentrate in another embodiment of the present invention is 10-fold concentrate of the tea beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{ab} , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{bb} exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $1.0 < X_{ab} < X_{bb}$, preferably $2.0 < X_{ab} < X_{bb}$, and more preferably $4.0 < X_{ab} < X_{bb}$ is satisfied.

[0507]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 5-fold concentrate of the tea beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{aa} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 5 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{ca} ,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{da} exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.5 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$, preferably $1.0 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$, and more preferably $2.0 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$ is satisfied.

[0508]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 10-fold concentrate of the tea beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{aa} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{ca} ,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{da} exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $1.0 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$, preferably $2.0 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$, and more preferably $4.0 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$ is satisfied.

[0509]

<<B4-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the B4-th embodiment, a concentrate for providing the following tea

beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the concentrate B of the present invention").

The tea beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the tea beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[0510]

In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, a concentrate for providing the tea beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1a} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 500 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[0511]

The concentrate of the present invention is diluted in any ratio and used for providing the tea beverage. The "tea beverage" is the same as described with respect to the B1-th embodiment in "1-1. Tea beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, the concentrate of the present invention can be used as a syrup or an undiluted solution

in a beverage. In this instance, the concentrate can be diluted 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold, 5-fold, 6-fold, 7-fold, 8-fold, 9-fold or 10-fold and used. Further, the concentrate of the present invention is preferable in the aspects of preservability and transportability because it is concentrated. The concentrate of the present invention can be solid or liquid.

[0512]

The concentrate of the present invention is 2 to 10-fold concentrate, preferably 3 to 9-fold concentrate, more preferably 4 to 8-fold concentrate, and further preferably 5 to 7-fold concentrate, of the tea beverage of the present invention.

[0513]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 5-fold concentrate of the tea beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1a} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 5 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 250 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{2a} exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.5 < X_{1a} < X_{2a}$, preferably $1.0 < X_{1a} < X_{2a}$, and more preferably $2.0 < X_{1a} < X_{2a}$ is satisfied.

[0514]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 10-fold concentrate of the tea beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1b} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 500 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{2b} exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $1.0 < X_{1b} < X_{2b}$, preferably $2.0 < X_{1b} < X_{2b}$, and more preferably $4.0 < X_{1b} < X_{2b}$ is satisfied.

[0515]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 5-fold concentrate of the tea beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1a} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 5 fold of a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 250 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{4a} ,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{5a} exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and

$0.5 < X1a + X4a < X5a$, preferably $1.0 < X1a + X4a < X5a$, and more preferably $2.0 < X1a + X4a < X5a$ is satisfied.

[0516]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 10-fold concentrate of the tea beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity $X1a$,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 500 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity $X4a$,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity $X5a$ exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $1.0 < X1a + X4a < X5a$, preferably $2.0 < X1a + X4a < X5a$, and more preferably $4.0 < X1a + X4a < X5a$ is satisfied.

[0517]

4-2. Concentrate for providing the coffee beverage

<<C4-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the C4-th embodiment, a concentrate for providing the following coffee beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the concentrate C of the present invention").

The coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity Xa , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_b exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.1 < X_a < X_b$ is satisfied.

[0518]

In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, a concentrate for providing the coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{aa} , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold.

[0519]

The concentrate of the present invention is diluted in any ratio and used for providing the coffee beverage. The "coffee beverage" is the same as described with respect to the C1-th embodiment in "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, the concentrate of the present invention can be used as a syrup or an undiluted solution in a beverage. In this instance, the concentrate can be diluted 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold, 5-fold, 6-fold, 7-fold, 8-fold, 9-fold or 10-fold and used. Further, the concentrate of the present invention is preferable in the aspects of preservability and transportability because it is concentrated. The concentrate of the present invention can be solid or liquid.

[0520]

The concentrate of the present invention is 2 to 10-fold concentrate, preferably 3 to 9-fold concentrate, more preferably, 4 to 8-fold concentrate, and further preferably 5 to 7-fold concentrate, of the coffee beverage of the present invention.

[0521]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 5-fold concentrate of the coffee beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{aa} , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 5 fold of a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{ba} exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $0.5 < X_{aa} < X_{ba}$, preferably $1.0 < X_{aa} < X_{ba}$, and more preferably $2.0 < X_{aa} < X_{ba}$ is satisfied.

[0522]

The concentrate in another embodiment of the present invention is 10-fold concentrate of the coffee beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{ab} , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{bb} exhibited by the components (a) and (b) and $1.0 < X_{ab} < X_{bb}$, preferably $2.0 < X_{ab} < X_{bb}$, and more preferably $4.0 < X_{ab} < X_{bb}$ is satisfied.

[0523]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 5-fold concentrate of the coffee beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{aa} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 5 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{ca} ,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{da} exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.5 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$, preferably $1.0 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$, and more preferably $2.0 < X_{aa} + X_{ca} < X_{da}$ is satisfied.

[0524]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 10-fold concentrate of the coffee beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{ab} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{cb} ,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{db} exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $1.0 < X_{ab} + X_{cb} < X_{db}$, preferably $2.0 < X_{ab} + X_{cb} < X_{db}$, and more preferably $4.0 < X_{ab} + X_{cb} < X_{db}$ is satisfied.

[0525]

<<D4-th embodiment>>

The present invention provides, as the D4-th embodiment, a concentrate for providing the following coffee beverage (hereinafter also referred to as "the concentrate D of the present invention").

The coffee beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the coffee beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied.

[0526]

In a preferable embodiment of the present invention, a concentrate for providing the coffee beverage is provided comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1a} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 900 mg/100 ml of sodium.

[0527]

The concentrate of the present invention is diluted in any ratio and used for providing the coffee beverage. The "coffee beverage" is the same as described with respect to the D1-th embodiment in "1-2. Coffee beverage with an enhanced sweetness". For example, the concentrate of the present invention can be used as a syrup or an undiluted solution in a beverage. In this instance, the concentrate can be diluted 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold, 5-fold, 6-fold, 7-fold, 8-fold, 9-fold or 10-fold and used. Further, the concentrate of the present invention is preferable in the aspects of preservability and transportability because it is concentrated. The concentrate of the present invention can be solid or liquid.

[0528]

The concentrate of the present invention is 2 to 10-fold concentrate, preferably 3 to 9-fold concentrate, more preferably 4 to 8-fold concentrate, and further preferably 5 to 7-fold concentrate, of the coffee beverage of the present invention.

[0529]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 5-fold concentrate of the coffee beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1a} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 5 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 450 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{2a} exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $0.5 < X_{1a} < X_{2a}$, preferably $1.0 < X_{1a} < X_{2a}$, and more preferably $2.0 < X_{1a} < X_{2a}$ is satisfied.

[0530]

The concentrate in another embodiment of the present invention is 10-fold concentrate of the coffee beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1b} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 900 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{2b} exhibited by the components (a) to (c) and $1.0 < X_{1b} < X_{2b}$, preferably $2.0 < X_{1b} < X_{2b}$, and more preferably $4.0 < X_{1b} < X_{2b}$ is satisfied.

[0531]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 5-fold concentrate of the coffee beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1a} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 5 fold of a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 450 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{4a} ,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{5a} exhibited by the components (a) to (d) and $0.5 < X_{1a} + X_{4a} < X_{5a}$, preferably $1.0 < X_{1a} + X_{4a} < X_{5a}$, and more preferably $2.0 < X_{1a} + X_{4a} < X_{5a}$ is satisfied.

[0532]

The concentrate in an embodiment of the present invention is 10-fold concentrate of the coffee beverage of the present invention and comprises:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{1a} ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold,

(c) less than 900 mg/100 ml of sodium, and

(d) a low-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_{4a} ,

wherein the concentrate has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_{5a} exhibited by the components (a) to (d), and $1.0 < X_{1a} + X_{4a} < X_{5a}$, preferably $2.0 < X_{1a} + X_{4a} < X_{5a}$, and more preferably $4.0 < X_{1a} + X_{4a} < X_{5a}$ is satisfied.

[0533]

In the present description, the term "about" means that a subject matter is in ranges of $\pm 25\%$, $\pm 10\%$, $\pm 5\%$, $\pm 3\%$, $\pm 2\%$, or $\pm 1\%$, of the numerical value following the "about." For example, "about 10" means a range from 7.5 to 12.5. In the present description, the "mM" means a molar concentration and means 1×10^{-3} mol/L.

Example

[0534]

Hereinafter, the present invention will be specifically described in reference with examples but the present invention is not limited to the following examples.

[0535]

[Reference Example 1] Actual measurement of taste recognition thresholds of several amino acids

Aqueous solutions of DL-alanine (purity 98% or more), L-serine (purity 98.5% or more), glycine (purity 98.5% or more), L-arginine (purity 98.5% or more), L-glutamic acid (purity 99% or more), L-valine (purity 98% or more) and L-glutamine (purity 98% or more) at the concentrations shown in Table 2 below were prepared with pure water. Each of the samples contained only water and the amino acid. These samples were evaluated by those (5 to 6 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists using the criteria below.

Evaluation criteria

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A: No taste is sensed other than water

B: Taste different from water but cannot specify

C: Taste is sensed

D: Extremely intense taste is sensed

[0536]

The evaluation results are shown in Table 2 below.

[Table 2]

Table 2: Evaluation on taste recognition threshold

	(mM)	A	B	C	D
DL-Alanine	5	4	2	0	0
	10	3	2	1	0
	20	2	3	1	0
	30	1	0	4	0
	40	1	0	5	0

	(mM)	A	B	C	D
L-Serine	20	3	2	0	0
	30	1	4	0	0
	40	0	4	1	0
	50	0	1	3	1
	60	0	0	3	2

	(mM)	A	B	C	D
Glycine	40	3	1	1	0
	50	0	4	1	0
	75	0	2	2	1
	100	0	0	3	2
	125	0	0	2	3

	(mM)	A	B	C	D
L-Arginine	1	4	1	0	0
	2.5	0	2	3	0
	5	0	0	3	2
	10	0	0	3	2
	30	0	0	0	5

	(mM)	A	B	C	D
L-Glutamic acid	0.1	5	0	0	0
	0.25	2	2	1	0
	0.5	0	1	1	3
	1	0	0	1	4
	2.5	0	0	0	5

	(mM)	A	B	C	D
L-Valine	20	2	3	1	0
	30	1	4	1	0
	40	0	3	1	2
	50	0	0	3	3
	60	0	0	3	3

	(mM)	A	B	C	D
L-Glutamine	5	4	0	2	0
	10	2	1	3	0
	20	1	0	4	1
	30	0	0	2	4
	40	0	0	0	6

[0537]

Based on the results in the above table, a taste recognition threshold of each of the amino acids was

calculated based on the concentration at which a half or more of the sensory testers sensed as "Taste is sensed" and shown in Table 3 below.

[Table 3]

Table 3

Amino acid	Taste recognition threshold (mM)
DL-Alanine	20-30
L-Serine	40-50
Glycine	50-75
L-Arginine	1-2.5
L-Glutamic acid	0.25-0.5
L-Valine	40-50
L-Glutamine	5-10

[0538]

[Reference Example 2] Actual measurement of taste recognition thresholds

Several amino acids or salts thereof were actually measured for the taste recognition threshold by the same method as in Reference Example 1. Aqueous solutions of L-leucine (purity 98.0% or more), L-threonine (purity 98.0% or more), L-proline (purity 98.0% or more), L-asparagine (purity 99.0% or more) and L-lysine hydrochloride (purity 98.0% or more) at the concentrations shown in Table 4 below were prepared with pure water. Each of the samples contained only water and the amino acid. These samples were evaluated by those (6 to 7 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists using the criteria below.

Evaluation criteria

A: No taste is sensed other than water

B: Taste different from water but cannot specify

C: Taste is sensed

D: Extremely intense taste is sensed

[0539]

The evaluation results are shown in Table 4 below.

[Table 4]

Table 4

L-Leucine (mM)	A	B	C	D
2.5 mM	4	1	1	0
5 mM	4	1	0	1
10 mM	3	2	0	1
20 mM	0	3	2	1
30 mM	0	0	5	1

L-Asparagine (mM)	A	B	C	D
1 mM	5	2	0	0
2.5 mM	5	2	0	0
5 mM	1	5	1	0
10 mM	0	5	2	0
20 mM	0	2	5	0

L-Threonine (mM)	A	B	C	D
20 mM	5	1	1	0
30 mM	4	1	2	0
40 mM	2	3	2	0
50 mM	0	3	4	0
60 mM	0	2	2	3

L-Lysine hydrochloride (mM)	A	B	C	D
0.2 mM	6	0	1	0
0.3 mM	4	1	2	0
0.4 mM	3	2	2	0
0.5 mM	0	3	4	0
1 mM	0	2	3	2

L-Proline (mM)	A	B	C	D
20 mM	4	2	0	0
30 mM	3	2	1	0
40 mM	0	4	2	0
50 mM	0	1	4	1
60 mM	0	0	5	1

[0540]

Based on the results in the above table, a taste recognition threshold of each of the amino acids was calculated based on the concentration at which a half or more of the sensory testers sensed as "Taste is sensed" and shown in Table 5 below.

[Table 5]

Table 5

Amino acid or salt thereof	Taste recognition threshold (mM)
L-Leucine	20-30 mM
L-Threonine	40-50 mM
L-Proline	40-50 mM
L-Asparagine	10-20 mM
L-Lysine hydrochloride	0.4-0.5 mM

[0541]

Hereinafter, examples for evaluation on a taste quality improvement effect of the tea beverage by an amino acid or an amino acid and sodium will be shown.

First, various measurement methods are shown.

[0542]

(Measurement method of amino acid)

Seventeen amino acids of arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, cystine and methionine were extracted by addition of a 10% sulfosalicylic acid solution to a sample, then a 3 mol/l sodium hydroxide solution was added to adjust a pH to 2.2, then a sodium citrate buffer (pH 2.2) was added for volume fixation, and thus a test solution was adjusted. The test solution was measured

using Model L-8900 High-Speed Amino Acid Analyzer (manufactured by Hitachi High-Technologies Corporation). Measurement conditions were as follows.

Column: Hitachi Custom Ion-Exchange Resin, Φ 4.6 mm $\times$ 60 mm (manufactured by Hitachi High-Technologies Corporation)

Mobile phase: buffer for biological fluid analysis, PF KANTO (PF-1 to PF-4) (Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.)

Reaction liquid: Ninhydrin Coloring Solution Kit for HITACHI (FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation)

Flow rate: mobile phase 0.35 ml/min, reaction liquid 0.30 ml/min

Measurement wavelength: 570 nm (16 types except for proline), 440 nm (proline)

A test solution for tryptophan was adjusted in the same manner as in the above seventeen types, adjusted by an aqueous 3 mol/l sodium hydroxide solution so as to be slightly alkaline, subjected to volume fixation, and thereafter measured with high-performance liquid chromatography (LC-20AD, manufactured by Shimadzu Corporation). Measurement conditions were as follows.

Detector: fluorescence spectrophotometer RF-20A_{XS} (manufactured by Shimadzu Corporation)

Column: CAPCELL PAK C18 AQ, Φ 4.6 mm $\times$ 250 mm (manufactured by Osaka Soda Co., Ltd.)

Mobile phase: mixed liquid of 20 mmol/l perchloric acid and methanol (80:20)

Flow rate: 0.7 ml/min

Fluorescence excitation wavelength: 285 nm

Fluorescence measurement wavelength: 348 nm

Column temperature: 40°C

[0543]

(Measurement method of polyphenol)

Water was added to a sample and subjected to volume fixation to obtain a test solution. A Folin reagent and 10% sodium carbonate were added to the obtained test solution, and the mixture was left at room temperature for 50 minutes and measured with an ultraviolet-visible spectrophotometer (measurement wavelength: 700 nm). A tannic acid standard solution was also measured in the same manner as above.

[0544]

(Measurement method of catechin)

The catechins to be measured were catechin, epicatechin, gallocatechin, epigallocatechin, epigallocatechin gallate, gallocatechin gallate, epicatechin gallate and catechin gallate.

1 mg/ml oxalic acid and methanol were added to a sample, and extraction was performed by ultrasonic irradiation, followed by volume fixation to obtain a test solution.

The obtained test solution was measured by high-performance liquid chromatography. Measurement conditions were as follows.

Catechin and epicatechin

Detector: fluorescent detector

Column: YMC-Pack ODS-A, Φ 6.0 mm $\times$ 150 mm, particle size of 5 μ m

Mobile phase: mixed liquid of water, methanol and 0.02 mol/l phosphate buffer (pH 3.0)

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min

Column temperature: 40°C

Fluorescence excitation wavelength: 280 nm

Fluorescence measurement wavelength: 310 nm

Gallocatechin

Detector: ultraviolet-visible detector

Column: WakoPak Navi C22-5, Φ 4.6 mm $\times$ 250 mm, particle size of 5 μ m

Mobile phase: mixed liquid of water, acetonitrile and acetic acid

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min

Column temperature: 35°C

Measurement wavelength: 270 nm

Epigallocatechin, epigallocatechin gallate, gallocatechin gallate, epicatechin gallate and catechin gallate

Detector: ultraviolet-visible detector

Column: YMC-Pack ODS-A, Φ 6.0 mm $\times$ 150 mm, particle size of 5 μ m

Mobile phase: mixed liquid of water, methanol and 0.02 mol/l phosphate buffer (pH 3.0)

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min

Column temperature: 40°C

Measurement wavelength: 270 nm

[0545]

[Example 1] Evaluation on taste quality improvement effect
by alanine or alanine and sodium

[0546]

Experiment method

<Preparation of sample>

Natural sugar {sucrose (manufactured by Pacific Sugar Mfg. Co., Ltd.), glucose (manufactured by Showa Sangyo Co., Ltd.)}, rebaudioside D (RebD) (purity 95% or more), sodium gluconate (purity 98% or more) and DL-alanine (purity 98% or more) were mixed with oolong tea (polyphenol content: 400 ppm) or green tea (catechin content: 300 ppm) in the ratios shown in Tables 6 and 7 below to prepare oolong tea samples and green tea samples. Examples A1 and B1 were control samples to which neither alanine, nor sodium was added.

[0547]

A sodium content contained in a beverage was measured by atomic absorption spectrometry with SpectrAA240FS (manufactured by Agilent Technologies Japan, Ltd.). A content of alanine was measured in an analytical institution by use of an amino acid automatic analysis method under the above conditions. An energy (kcal/100 ml) was calculated under the assumption that an energy of each component derived from oolong tea, green tea, RebD and sodium was 0 (kcal/100 ml). Brix (amount of soluble solid) was calculated by determining a refractive index of a specimen with a digital refractometer manufactured by

Atago Co., Ltd., and performing conversion into wt% of a sucrose liquid corresponding to the value.

[0548]

Contents of amino acids (eighteen amino acids of arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, cystine, methionine and tryptophan) contained in oolong tea or green tea used in a beverage base were calculated based on measurement values determined by measurement in an analytical institution by use of an amino acid automatic analysis method (in the case of tryptophan, high-performance liquid chromatography) under the above conditions.

Contents of the above eighteen amino acids contained in the oolong tea were each less than 1 mg/100 g. Contents of the above eighteen amino acids contained in the green tea were each less than 1 mg/100 g except for about 1 mg/100 g of glutamic acid.

[0549]

Polyphenol contained in oolong tea used in a beverage base was measured as tannin (tannic acid) by the Folin-Denis method under the above conditions. The total amount of polyphenol was to be measured.

[0550]

Catechins contained in green tea used in a beverage base were analyzed by use of high-performance liquid chromatography under the above conditions.

[Table 6]

Table 6: Oolong tea

Raw material added (amount added)	Example A1	Example A2	Example A3	Example A4	Example A5	Example A6	Example A7
Sucrose (g/l)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/l)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/l)	0	0	0	0	0	0.948	0.948
Alanine (g/l)	0	0.89	1.34	0.89	1.34	0.89	1.34
Content							
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	4.52	4.62	4.68	4.62	4.68	4.73	4.78
Sodium (mg/100 g)	9.7	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.5	17.7	18.2
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	ND	87	133	87	133	88	133
Free alanine (mM)	-	9.8	14.9	9.8	14.9	9.9	14.9
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	18.1	18.9	19.2	18.9	19.1	19.4	19.6

*1: ND means "Not Detected", and means that an amount of free alanine is a lower limit of quantitation of less than 1 mg/100 ml.

*2: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity of a beverage is 1. "-" means that calculation cannot be made.

[Table 7]

Table 7: Green tea

Raw material added (amount added)	Example B1	Example B2	Example B3	Example B4	Example B5	Example B6	Example B7
Sucrose (g/l)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/l)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/l)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/l)	0	0	0	0.379	0.379	1.328	1.328
Alanine (g/l)	0	0.89	1.34	0.89	1.34	0.89	1.34
Content							
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	4.43	4.54	4.6	4.58	4.63	4.69	4.74
Sodium (mg/100 g)	8.1	8.1	8.2	12.1	12.1	21.6	21.7
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	ND	88	133	88	134	88	133
Free alanine (mM)	-	9.9	14.9	9.9	15.0	9.9	14.9
Energy (Kcal/100 m)	17.7	18.6	18.9	18.7	18.9	19.3	19.5

*1: ND means "Not Detected", and means that an amount of free alanine is a lower limit of quantitation of less than 1 mg/100 ml.

*2: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity of a beverage is 1. "-" means that calculation cannot be made.

A sweetness intensity of a low-intensity sweetener satisfies $1 \text{ (sucrose content (Brix))} + 3.5 \text{ (glucose content (Brix))} \times 0.65 \text{ (coefficient of degree of sweetness of glucose to sucrose)} = 3.275$, and a sweetness intensity of RebD satisfies $0.0208 \times 225 = 4.68$. Thus, sweetness intensities of an oolong tea sample and a green tea sample, to which Na and an amino acid were not added, were each 7.955.

[0552]

<Evaluation>

The taste quality improvement effect by alanine or alanine and sodium was verified by the sensory comparison of taste qualities of these beverage samples. The taste qualities as sensory evaluation items were "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)", "saltiness" and "carbonic acid feeling", and were verified by those (4 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists. Further, sterilization was appropriately carried out before the sensory evaluation.

First, the "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each taste quality of each beverage sample was calculated based on the common taste quality determination criteria possessed by panelists due to routine trainings.

The "sensory evaluation score" is obtained by numerical conversion of the difference in taste quality from a control sample in a range from -3.0 to +3.0 under

the assumption that the degrees of taste qualities in Example A1 and Example B1 (control samples for each beverage sample) are each "0" (standard). The criteria of "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each item are as follows.

(Sensory evaluation score)

- "+3.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be very strong as compared with that of a control sample.
- "+2.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be strong as compared with that of a control sample.
- "+1.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be slightly strong as compared with that of a control sample.
- "0": a taste quality of interest is the same as that of a control sample.
- "-1.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be slightly weak as compared with that of a control sample.
- "-2.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be weak as compared with that of a control sample.
- "-3.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be very weak as compared with that of a control sample.

[0553]

In view of the above criteria, for example, when a taste quality was determined to be rated between "+1.0" and "+2.0", scoring was made by 0.5, for example, "+1.5". A higher score of "total sweetness" means a stronger sweetness, a higher score of "reduced aftertaste of sweetness" means a more suppressed aftertaste of sweetness, a higher score of "body, thickness" means increased body

and thickness, a higher score of "flavor intensity" means a stronger flavor, and a higher score of "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" means more suppressed unpleasant tastes. A lower score of "saltiness" means more suppressed saltiness.

[0555]

Results

An average score of sensory evaluation on each taste quality is shown in Tables 8 and 9 and Figures 1 and 2.

[Table 8]

Table :8 Oolong tea	Example A2	Example A3	Example A4	Example A5	Example A6	Example A7
Total sweetness	0	0.25	0	0.625	0.875	1
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	-0.125	0.375	0.25	-0.25	-0.25	-0.5
Body, thickness	-0.125	0	-0.25	0	0.75	0.75
Flavor intensity	0.125	0	0	0.25	-0.125	0
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	-0.25	0.375	-0.5	-0.5	0.625	0.375
Saltiness	0	0.125	-0.25	0.125	0.5	0

[Table 9]

Table 9: Green tea	Example B2	Example B3	Example B4	Example B5	Example B6	Example B7
Total sweetness	0	0.25	0.625	0.75	0.75	0.875
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0.125	-0.125	0.125	-0.5	-0.25	-0.5
Body, thickness	-0.125	0.375	0.625	0.5	0.25	0.625
Flavor intensity	-0.25	0.25	-0.125	0.375	-0.25	0.625
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0	0	-0.125	0	0.125	0.125
Saltiness	0	0.125	0.375	0.125	0.25	0.25

[0555]

[Example 2] Evaluation on taste quality improvement effect by different amino acid or different amino acid and sodium

Experiment method

<Preparation of sample>

Natural sugar {sucrose (manufactured by Pacific Sugar Mfg. Co., Ltd.), glucose (manufactured by Showa Sangyo Co., Ltd.)}, rebaudioside D (RebD) (purity 95% or more), sodium gluconate (purity 98% or more), L-serine (purity 98.5% or more) and glycine (purity 98.5% or more) were mixed with oolong tea (polyphenol content: 400 ppm) or green tea (catechin content: 300 ppm) in the ratios shown in Tables 10 and 11 below to prepare oolong tea samples and green tea samples, in the same manner as in Example 1. Examples C1 and D1 were control samples to which neither an amino acid, nor sodium was added.

A content of sodium in each beverage, an energy (kcal/100 ml) and Brix (amount of soluble solid) in Tables 10 and 11 were determined in the same manner as in Example 1. Further, contents of serine and glycine were determined in the same manner as in alanine in Example 1.

Contents of amino acids (eighteen amino acids of arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, cystine, methionine and tryptophan) contained in oolong tea or green tea used in a beverage base were measured and calculated in the same manner as in Example 1. Contents of the above eighteen amino acids contained in the oolong tea were each less than 1 mg/100 g. Contents of the above eighteen amino

acids contained in the green tea were each less than 1 mg/100 g except for about 1 mg/100 g of glutamic acid.

An amount of polyphenol contained in oolong tea used in a beverage base and amounts of catechins contained in green tea used in a beverage base were measured in the same manner as in Example 1.

[Table 10]

Table 10: Oolong tea

Raw material added (amount added)	Example C1	Example C2	Example C3	Example C4	Example C5	Example C6	Example C7
Sucrose (g/l)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/l)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/l)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/l)	0	0	0	0	0	0.948	0.948
Serine(g/l)	0	2.1	0	2.1	0	2.1	0
Glycine(g/l)	0	0	3	0	3	0	3
Content							
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	4.34	4.63	4.68	4.76	4.67	4.67	4.8
Sodium (mg/100 g)	10.1	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	19.6	19.6
Free serine (mg/100 g)	ND	197	ND	197	ND	195	ND
Free serine (mM)	-	18.7	-	18.7	-	18.6	-
Free glycine (mg/100 g)	ND	ND	297	ND	297	ND	276
Free glycine (mM)	-	-	39.6	-	39.6	-	37.3
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	17.4	19.3	19.9	19.8	19.9	19.5	20.4

*1: ND means "Not Detected", and means that an amount of free serine or free glycine is a lower limit of quantitation of less than 1 mg/100 g.

*2: Each "mM" value of free serine and free glycine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1. "-" means that calculation cannot be made.

[Table 11]

Table 11: Green tea

Raw material added (amount added)	Example D1	Example D2	Example D3	Example D4	Example D5	Example D6	Example D7
Sucrose (g/l)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/l)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/l)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/l)	0	0	0	0.379	0.379	1.328	1.328
Serine(g/l)	0	2.1	0	2.1	0	2.1	0
Glycine(g/l)	0	0	3	0	3	0	3
Content							
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	4.25	4.51	4.64	4.55	4.68	4.67	4.78
Sodium (mg/100 g)	8.4	8.3	8.3	12	12	21.8	21.6
Free serine (mg/100 g)	ND	198	ND	198	ND	195	ND
Free serine (mM)	-	19	-	19	-	19	-
Free glycine (mg/100 g)	ND	ND	278	ND	279	ND	280
Free glycine (mM)	-	-	37	-	37	-	37
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	17.0	18.8	19.8	19.0	19.9	19.5	20.3

*1: ND means "Not Detected", and means that an amount of free serine or free glycine is a lower limit of quantitation of less than 1 mg/100 g.

*2: Each "mM" value of free serine and free glycine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1. "-" means that calculation cannot be made.

[0556]

A sweetness intensity of a low-intensity sweetener satisfies $1 \text{ (sucrose content (Brix))} + 3.5 \text{ (glucose content (Brix))} \times 0.65 \text{ (coefficient of degree of sweetness of glucose to sucrose)} = 3.275$, and a sweetness intensity of RebD satisfies $0.0208 \times 225 = 4.68$. Thus, sweetness intensities of an oolong tea sample and a green tea sample, to which Na and an amino acid were not added, were each 7.955.

[0557]

The taste quality improvement effect by serine or glycine, or serine or glycine and sodium was verified by the sensory comparison of taste qualities of these beverage

samples. The taste qualities as sensory evaluation items were "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" and "saltiness" as in Example 1, and were verified by those (4 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists. Further, sterilization was appropriately carried out before the sensory evaluation.

First, the "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each taste quality of each beverage sample was calculated based on the common taste quality determination criteria possessed by panelists due to routine trainings.

[0558]

Results

An average value of sensory evaluation score of each taste quality is shown in Tables 12 and 13 and Figures 3 and 4.

[Table 12]

Table 12: Oolong tea	Example C2	Example C3	Example C4	Example C5	Example C6	Example C7
Total sweetness	0.125	0.25	0.75	0.75	1	1.25
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0	-0.25	-0.375	-0.125	-0.375	-0.5
Body, thickness	0.375	0.25	0.375	0.5	0.625	1.125
Flavor intensity	0	0	-0.5	0.125	0.125	0.125
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0.125	0	0.625	0.25	0.5	0
Saltiness	0	0.125	0.125	0.25	0.625	0.375

[Table 13]

Table 13: Green tea	Example D2	Example D3	Example D4	Example D5	Example D6	Example D7
Total sweetness	-0.25	0.375	0.5	0.75	0.875	1.25
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0.25	-0.125	-0.25	-0.25	-0.25	-0.5
Body, thickness	-0.25	0.125	0.375	0.875	0.875	0.875
Flavor intensity	-0.125	0.375	0.125	0.125	0.75	0.5
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0.375	0.375	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125
Saltiness	-0.25	0	0	0	0.5	0.5

[0559]

[Example 3] Evaluation on taste quality improvement effects by various sweeteners

Experiment method

Natural sugar {sucrose (manufactured by Pacific Sugar Mfg. Co., Ltd.), glucose (manufactured by Showa Sangyo Co., Ltd.)}, rebaudioside D (RebD) (purity 95% or more), rebaudioside A (RebA) (purity 99% or more), rebaudioside M (RebM) (purity 94% or more), mogroside V (Mog V) (purity 65% or more), a luo han guo extract (water-extract of Luo han guo fruit, containing 30 wt% or more of mogroside V), sodium gluconate (purity 98% or more), and DL-alanine (purity 98% or more) were mixed with oolong tea (polyphenol content: 400 ppm) in the ratios shown in Tables 14 to 16 below to prepare oolong tea samples, in the same manner as in Example 1. Examples E1, F1, G1, H1, I1 and J1 were control samples to which neither any amino acid, nor sodium was added.

A content of sodium in each beverage in Tables 14 to 16 was calculated from a content of sodium contained in a

base oolong tea and an amount of sodium gluconate added. A content of free alanine was calculated from an amount of alanine added. An energy (kcal/100 ml) was calculated under the assumption that an energy of each component derived from oolong tea, RebD and sodium was 0 (kcal/100 ml). Brix (amount of soluble solid) was calculated in the same manner as in Example 1.

An amount of polyphenol contained in oolong tea used in a beverage base was measured in the same manner as in Example 1.

[0560]

[Table 14]

Table 14: Samples containing RebD in different amounts

Raw material added (amount added)	Example E1	Example E2	Example E3	Example F1	Example F2	Example F3
Sucrose (g/l)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/l)	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/l)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3
Sodium gluconate (g/l)	0	0	0.948	0	0	0.948
Alanine (g/l)	0	1.34	1.34	0	1.34	1.34
Content						
Energy (kcal)	18.4	19.3	19.5	18.0	19.2	20.5
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	4.59	4.69	4.74	4.51	4.67	4.99
Sodium (mg/100 g)	10	10	20	10	10	20
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	0	134	134	0	134	134
Free alanine (mM)	0.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	15.0	15.0

*1: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1.

[Table 15]

Table 15: Samples containing RebA or RebM

Raw material added (amount added)	Example G1	Example G2	Example G3	Example H1	Example H2	Example H3
Sucrose (g/l)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/l)	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebA (g/l)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0	0	0
RebM (g/l)	0	0	0	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/l)	0	0	0.948	0	0	0.948
Alanine (g/l)	0	1.34	1.34	0	1.34	1.34
Content						
Energy (kcal)	18.1	19.2	19.6	18.0	19.2	19.6
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	4.53	4.67	4.78	4.51	4.68	4.78
Sodium (mg/100 g)	10	10	20	10	10	20
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	0	134	134	0	134	134
Free alanine (mM)	0.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	15.0	15.0

*1: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1.

[Table 16]

Table 16: Samples containing MogV or luo han guo extract

Raw material added (amount added)	Example I1	Example I2	Example I3	Example J1	Example J2	Example J3
Sucrose (g/l)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/l)	35	35	35	35	35	35
MogV (g/l)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0	0	0
Luo han guo extract (g/l)	0	0	0	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/l)	0	0	0.948	0	0	0.948
Alanine (g/l)	0	1.34	1.34	0	1.34	1.34
Content						
Energy (kcal)	18.0	19.3	19.6	18.0	19.1	19.6
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	4.51	4.69	4.78	4.49	4.66	4.78
Sodium (mg/100 g)	10	10	20	10	10	20
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	0	134	134	0	134	134
Free alanine (mM)	0.0	15.0	15.0	0.0	15.0	15.0

*1: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1.

The taste quality improvement effect by alanine or alanine and sodium was verified by the sensory comparison of taste qualities of these beverage samples. The taste qualities as sensory evaluation items were "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" and "saltiness" as in Example 1, and were verified by those (4 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists.

First, the "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each taste quality of each beverage sample was calculated based on the common taste quality determination criteria possessed by panelists due to routine trainings.

[0562]

Results

An average value of sensory evaluation score of each taste quality is shown in Tables 17 to 19 and Figures 5 to 10.

[Table 17]

Table 17: Evaluation on samples containing RebD in different amounts

	Example E2	Example E3	Example F2	Example F3
Total sweetness	0.625	1	0.75	1.125
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	-0.25	-0.25	-0.375	-0.375
Body, thickness	0.75	1.125	0.5	1
Flavor intensity	0.25	0.25	0.125	0.125
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0.125	0.375	0	0.25
Saltiness	0	0.375	0.125	0.25

[Table 18]

Table 18: Evaluation on samples containing RebA or RebM

	Example G2	Example G3	Example H2	Example H3
Total sweetness	0.75	1.125	0.75	1.5
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0	-0.25	-0.25	-0.25
Body, thickness	0.75	1.125	0.625	1
Flavor intensity	0.25	0.375	0.25	0.375
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0	0.375	0	0.375
Saltiness	0	0.375	0	0.375

[Table 19]

Table 19: Evaluation on samples containing MogV or luo han guo extract

	Example I2	Example I3	Example J2	Example J3
Total sweetness	0.75	1.25	0.5	1
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0.125	-0.25	0	-0.125
Body, thickness	0.375	0.875	0.375	0.75
Flavor intensity	0.375	0.625	0.375	0.25
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0	-0.25	0.25	0.125
Saltiness	0	0.375	0	0.25

[0563]

[Example 4] Effect in beverage containing high-intensity sweetener alone

Experiment method

Rebaudioside D (RebD) (purity 95% or more), sodium gluconate (purity 98% or more), and DL-alanine (purity 98% or more) were dissolved in oolong tea (polyphenol content: 400 ppm) in the ratios shown in Table 20 below to prepare oolong tea samples, in the same manner as in Example 1.

Example K1 was a control sample to which neither any amino acid, nor sodium was added.

A content of sodium in each beverage in Table 20 was calculated from a content of sodium contained in a base oolong tea and an amount of sodium gluconate added. A content of free alanine was calculated from an amount of alanine added. An energy (kcal/100 ml) was calculated under the assumption that an energy of each component derived from oolong tea, RebD and sodium was 0 (kcal/100 ml). Brix (amount of soluble solid) was calculated in the same manner as in Example 1.

An amount of polyphenol contained in oolong tea used in a beverage base was measured in the same manner as in Example 1.

[Table 20]

Table 20: Samples containing high-intensity sweetener alone

Raw material added (amount added)	Example K1	Example K2	Example K3
RebD (g/l)	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/l)	0	0	0.948
Alanine (g/l)	0	1.34	1.34
Content			
Energy (kcal)	1.4	2.5	2.9
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	0.35	0.50	0.59
Sodium (mg/100 g)	10	10	20
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	0	134	134
Free alanine (mM)	0.0	15.0	15.0

*1: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1.

[0564]

The taste quality improvement effect by alanine or alanine and sodium was verified by the sensory comparison of taste qualities of these beverage samples. The taste qualities as sensory evaluation items were "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" and "saltiness" as in Example 1, and were verified by those (4 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists.

First, the "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each taste quality of each beverage sample was calculated based on the common taste quality determination criteria possessed by panelists due to routine trainings.

[0565]

Results

An average value of sensory evaluation score of each taste quality is shown in Table 21 and Figure 11.

[Table 21]

Table 21: Evaluation on samples containing high-intensity sweetener alone

	Example K2	Example K3
Total sweetness	0	0.75
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0.125	-0.125
Body, thickness	0.125	0.75
Flavor intensity	0	0
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	-0.125	0
Saltiness	0	0.25

[0566]

Hereinafter, examples for evaluation on a taste quality improvement effect of the coffee beverage by an amino acid or an amino acid and sodium will be shown.

First, various measurement methods are shown.

[0567]

(Measurement method of amino acid)

Seventeen amino acids of arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, cystine and methionine were extracted by addition of a 10% sulfosalicylic acid solution to a sample, then a 3 mol/l sodium hydroxide solution was added to adjust a pH to 2.2, then a sodium citrate buffer (pH 2.2) was added for volume fixation, and thus a test solution was adjusted. Samples containing a milk content were subjected to volume fixation and then filtration. The test solution was measured with Model L-8900 High-Speed Amino Acid Analyzer (manufactured by Hitachi High-Technologies Corporation). Measurement conditions were as follows.

Column: Hitachi Custom Ion-Exchange Resin, Φ 4.6 mm × 60 mm (manufactured by Hitachi High-Technologies Corporation)

Mobile phase: buffer for biological fluid analysis, PF KANTO (PF-1 to PF-4) (Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.)

Reaction liquid: Ninhydrin Coloring Solution Kit for HITACHI (FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corporation)

Flow rate: mobile phase 0.35 ml/min, reaction liquid 0.30 ml/min

Measurement wavelength: 570 nm (16 types except for proline), 440 nm (proline)

A test solution for tryptophan was adjusted in the same manner as in the above seventeen types, adjusted by an aqueous 3 mol/l sodium hydroxide solution so as to be slightly alkaline, subjected to volume fixation, and thereafter measured with high-performance liquid chromatography (LC-20AD, manufactured by Shimadzu Corporation). Measurement conditions were as follows.

Detector: fluorescence spectrophotometer RF-20Axs (manufactured by Shimadzu Corporation)

Column: CAPCELL PAK C18 AQ, Φ 4.6 mm $\times$ 250 mm (manufactured by Osaka Soda Co., Ltd.)

Mobile phase: mixed liquid of 20 mmol/l perchloric acid and methanol (80:20)

Flow rate: 0.7 ml/min

Fluorescence excitation wavelength: 285 nm

Fluorescence measurement wavelength: 348 nm

Column temperature: 40°C

[0568]

[Example 5] Evaluation on taste quality improvement effect by alanine or alanine and sodium

Experiment method

[0569]

Natural sugar {sucrose (manufactured by Pacific Sugar Mfg. Co., Ltd.), glucose (manufactured by Showa Sangyo Co.,

Ltd.)}, rebaudioside D (RebD) (purity 95% or more), sodium gluconate (purity 98% or more), and DL-alanine (purity 98% or more) were dissolved in a coffee liquid extract (mixed liquid of a coffee extract and a pH adjuster, amount of caffeine: 40 mg/100 ml, sodium content: 18.8 mg/100 g) in the ratios shown in Tables 22 and 23 below to prepare beverage samples (hereinafter, also simply referred to as "coffee beverages"). Further, beverage samples using a coffee liquid extract supplemented with a milk content derived from bovine milk (hereinafter, also referred to as "coffee beverages with milk") were also prepared. Examples A1 and B1 were control samples to which neither alanine, nor sodium was added. In the present example and subsequent Example 6, a sodium content contained in a base beverage was measured by atomic absorption spectrometry with SpectrAA240FS (manufactured by Agilent Technologies Japan, Ltd.).

Contents of amino acids (eighteen amino acids of arginine, lysine, histidine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, alanine, glycine, proline, glutamic acid, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, cystine, methionine and tryptophan) contained in the coffee liquid extract used in the beverage samples and the milk content derived from bovine milk were calculated based on measurement values determined by measurement in an analytical institution by use of an amino acid automatic analysis method (in the case of tryptophan, high-performance liquid chromatography) under the above

conditions. Contents of the above eighteen amino acids contained in the coffee liquid extract were each less than 1.0 mg/100 g except for 3 mg/100 g of aspartic acid. Contents of the above eighteen amino acids contained in the milk content derived from bovine milk were each less than 1.0 mg/100 g except for about 3 mg/100 g of arginine, about 3 mg/100 g of lysine, about 2 mg/100 g of valine, about 4 mg/100 g of alanine, about 6 mg/100 g of glycine, about 3 mg/100 g of proline, about 46 mg/100 g of glutamic acid, about 1 mg/100 g of serine, about 2 mg/100 g of threonine and about 3 mg/100 g of aspartic acid.

A sodium content in each beverage in Tables 22 and 23 was measured by atomic absorption spectrometry with SpectrAA240FS (manufactured by Agilent Technologies Japan, Ltd.), a content of alanine was measured in an analytical institution by use of an amino acid automatic analysis method under the above conditions, and an energy (kcal/100 ml) was calculated under the assumption that an energy of each component derived from a coffee liquid extract, RebD and sodium was 0 (kcal/100 ml). Brix (amount of soluble solid) was calculated by determining a refractive index of a specimen with a digital refractometer manufactured by Atago Co., Ltd., and performing conversion into wt% of a sucrose liquid corresponding to the value.

[Table 22]

Table 22 Coffee beverage

Raw material added (amount added)	Example A1	Example A2	Example A3	Example A4	Example A5	Example A6	Example A7
Sucrose (g/L)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/L)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/L)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/L)	0	0	0	0.948	0.948	1.897	1.897
Alanine (g/L)	0	0.89	1.34	0.89	1.34	0.89	1.34
Content							
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	5.26	5.39	5.44	5.49	5.53	5.57	5.62
Sodium (mg/100 g)	18.2	18.2	18.3	27.7	28.0	37.1	37.1
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	ND	83	133	82	131	82	130
Free alanine (mM)	-	9	15	9	15	9	15
Energy (kcal/100 ml)	21.0	22.0	22.3	22.4	22.5	22.8	23.0

*1: ND means "Not Detected", and means that an amount of free alanine is a lower limit of quantitation of less than 1.0 mg/100 g.

*2: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1. "-" means that calculation cannot be made.

[0570]

[Table 23]

Table 23 Coffee beverage with milk

Raw material added (amount added)	Example B1	Example B2	Example B3	Example B4	Example B5	Example B6	Example B7
Milk content derived from bovine milk (g/L)	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9
Sucrose (g/L)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/L)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/L)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/L)	0	0	0	1.897	1.897	3.79	3.79
Alanine (g/L)	0	0.89	1.34	0.89	1.34	0.89	1.34
Content							
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	7.21	7.30	7.33	7.44	7.53	7.64	7.73
Sodium (mg/100 g)	26.0	25.7	25.5	44.3	44.5	62.6	62.7
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	ND	80	130	80	130	79	122
Free alanine (mM)	-	9	15	9	15	9	14
Energy (kcal/100 ml)	28.8	29.6	29.8	30.2	30.5	31.1	31.4

*1: ND means "Not Detected", and means that an amount of free alanine is a lower limit of quantitation of less than 1.0 mg/100 g.

*2: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1. "-" means that calculation cannot be made.

[0571]

A sweetness intensity of a low-intensity sweetener satisfies $1 \text{ (sucrose content (Brix))} + 3.5 \text{ (glucose content (Brix))} \times 0.65 \text{ (coefficient of degree of sweetness of glucose to sucrose)} = 3.275$, and a sweetness intensity of RebD satisfies $0.0208 \times 225 = 4.68$. Thus, a sweetness intensity of a coffee beverage, to which Na and an amino acid was not added, were each 7.955. Further, a sweetness intensity of lactose contained in a milk content derived from bovine milk contained in a coffee beverage with milk was basically on the order of 0.2 to 0.3 when calculated.

[0572]

The taste quality improvement effect by alanine or alanine and sodium was verified by the sensory comparison of taste qualities of these beverage samples. The taste qualities as sensory evaluation items were "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" and "saltiness", and were verified by those (4 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists.

First, the "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each taste quality of each beverage sample was calculated based on the common taste quality determination criteria possessed by panelists due to routine trainings.

The "sensory evaluation score" is obtained by numerical conversion of the difference in taste quality from a control sample in a range from -3.0 to +3.0 under the assumption that the degrees of taste qualities in Example A1 and Example B1 (control samples for each coffee beverage sample) are each "0" (standard). The criteria of "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each item are as follows.

(Sensory evaluation score)

- "+3.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be very strong as compared with that of a control sample.
- "+2.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be strong as compared with that of a control sample.
- "+1.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be slightly strong as compared with that of a control sample.

- "0": a taste quality of interest is the same as that of a control sample.
- "-1.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be slightly weak as compared with that of a control sample.
- "-2.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be weak as compared with that of a control sample.
- "-3.0": a taste quality of interest is sensed to be very weak as compared with that of a control sample.

[0573]

In view of the above criteria, for example, when a taste quality was determined to be rated between "+1.0" and "+2.0", scoring was made by 0.5, for example, "+1.5". For example, a higher score of "total sweetness" means a stronger sweetness, a higher score of "reduced aftertaste of sweetness" means a more suppressed aftertaste of sweetness, a higher score of "body, thickness" means increased body and thickness, a higher score of "flavor intensity" means a stronger flavor, a higher score of "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)" means more suppressed unpleasant tastes, and a lower store of "saltiness" means more suppressed saltiness.

[0574]

Results

An average score of sensory evaluation on each taste quality is shown in Table 24 and Table 25 and Figures 12 and 13.

[Table 24]

Table 24 Coffee beverage	Example A2	Example A3	Example A4	Example A5	Example A6	Example A7
Total sweetness	0.375	0.625	0.375	0.5	0.75	1
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0	-0.375	-0.125	-0.25	-0.5	-0.5
Body, thickness	0.125	0.625	0.5	0.75	0.875	1.125
Flavor intensity	0.125	-0.25	-0.125	-0.125	0.125	0.25
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.25	0.5	0.5
Saltiness	0	0.25	0	0	0.5	0.5

[Table 25]

Table 25 Coffee beverage with milk	Example B2	Example B3	Example B4	Example B5	Example B6	Example B7
Total sweetness	0.375	0.75	0.875	0.875	1.125	1.375
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	-0.125	-0.375	-0.375	-0.625	-0.625	-0.625
Body, thickness	0.125	0.5	0.625	1.125	1	1.125
Flavor intensity	0.375	0.375	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.25
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	-0.375	-0.375	-0.25	-0.125	-0.125	0
Saltiness	0	0	0.5	0	0.625	0.5

[0575]

[Example 6] Evaluation on taste quality improvement effect by different amino acid or different amino acid and sodium
Experiment method

Natural sugar {sucrose (manufactured by Pacific Sugar Mfg. Co., Ltd.), glucose (manufactured by Showa Sangyo Co., Ltd.)}, rebaudioside D (RebD) (purity 95% or more), sodium gluconate (purity 98% or more), L-serine (purity 98.5% or more) and glycine (purity 98.5% or more) were dissolved in a coffee liquid extract (mixed liquid of a coffee extract and a pH adjuster, amount of caffeine: 40 mg/100 ml, sodium content: 18.8 mg/100 g) in the ratios shown in Tables 26

and 27 below to prepare beverage samples (coffee beverages), in the same manner as in Example 5. Further, beverage samples using a coffee liquid extract supplemented with a milk content derived from bovine milk (coffee beverages with milk) were also prepared. Examples C1 and D1 were control samples to which neither an amino acid, nor sodium was added.

A content of sodium in each beverage in Tables 26 and 27 was measured by atomic absorption spectrometry with SpectrAA240FS (manufactured by Agilent Technologies Japan, Ltd.), contents of serine and glycine were measured in an analytical institution by use of an amino acid automatic analysis method under the above conditions, and an energy (kcal/100 ml) was calculated under the assumption that an energy of each component derived from a coffee liquid extract, RebD and sodium was 0 (kcal/100 ml). Brix (amount of soluble solid) was calculated by determining a refractive index of a specimen with a digital refractometer manufactured by Atago Co., Ltd., and performing conversion into wt% of a sucrose liquid corresponding to the value.

[Table 26]

Table 26: Coffee beverage

Raw material added (amount added)	Example C1	Example C2	Example C3	Example C4	Example C5	Example C6	Example C7
Sucrose (g/L)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/L)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/L)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/L)	0	0	0	0.948	0.948	1.897	1.897
Serine (g/L)	0	2.1	0	2.1	0	2.1	0
Glycine (g/L)	0	0	3	0	3	0	3
Content							
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	5.30	5.53	5.65	5.64	5.72	5.73	5.83
Sodium (mg/100 g)	17.7	18.4	17.9	27.6	27.3	36.7	36.9
Free serine (mg/100 g)	ND	190	ND	193	ND	192	ND
Free serine (mM)	-	18	-	18	-	18	-
Free glycine (mg/100 g)	ND	ND	283	ND	283	ND	278
Free glycine (mM)	-	-	38	-	38	-	37
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	21.2	22.9	23.8	23.4	24.1	23.7	24.5

*1: ND means "Not Detected", and means that an amount of free serine or free glycine is a lower limit of quantitation of less than 1.0 mg/100 g.

*2: Each "mM" value of free serine and free glycine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1. "-" means that calculation cannot be made.

[0576]

[Table 27]

Table 27: Coffee beverage with milk

Raw material added (amount added)	Example D1	Example D2	Example D3	Example D4	Example D5	Example D6	Example D7
Milk content derived from bovine milk (g/L)	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9	18.9
Sucrose (g/L)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/L)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/L)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/L)	0	0	0	1.897	1.897	3.79	3.79
Serine (g/L)	0	2.1	0	2.1	0	2.1	0
Glycine (g/L)	0	0	3	0	3	0	3
Content							
Brix (amount of soluble solid)	7.15	7.35	7.51	7.56	7.65	7.73	7.83
Sodium (mg/100 g)	24.2	24.4	24.4	42.4	41.9	61.0	59.4
Free serine (mg/100 g)	ND	189	ND	188	ND	186	ND
Free serine (mM)	-	18	-	18	-	18	-
Free glycine (mg/100 g)	ND	ND	275	ND	272	ND	273
Free glycine (mM)	-	-	37	-	36	-	36
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	28.6	30.2	31.2	31.0	31.8	31.7	32.5

*1: ND means "Not Detected", and means that an amount of free serine or free glycine is a lower limit of quantitation of less than 1.0 mg/100 g.

*2: Each "mM" value of free serine and free glycine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1. "-" means that calculation cannot be made.

[0577]

The taste quality improvement effect by serine or glycine, or serine or glycine and sodium was verified by the sensory comparison of taste qualities of these beverage samples. The taste qualities as sensory evaluation items were "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)", and "saltiness" as in Example 5, and were verified by those (4 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists.

First, the "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each taste quality of each beverage sample was calculated based on the common taste quality determination criteria possessed by panelists due to routine trainings.

[0578]

Results

An average value of sensory evaluation score of each taste quality is shown in Tables 28 and 29 and Figures 14 and 15.

[Table 28]

Table 28	Example C2	Example C3	Example C4	Example C5	Example C6	Example C7
Total sweetness	0.5	0.625	1	1.125	1.25	1.375
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	-0.125	0	0.125	0.25	-0.375	-0.25
Body, thickness	0.125	0.625	0.625	0.75	1.125	1.125
Flavor intensity	-0.25	-0.375	0	0.125	0.125	0.125
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0.25	0.125	-0.125	0.125	0	-0.125
Saltiness	0.125	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.5	0.5

[Table 29]

Table 29	Example D2	Example D3	Example D4	Example D5	Example D6	Example D7
Total sweetness	0.375	0.5	0.875	1.125	1.375	1.625
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0	-0.25	-0.375	-0.375	-0.5	-0.5
Body, thickness	0.125	0.375	0.5	0.75	0.75	1.125
Flavor intensity	0	-0.125	0	0.125	0.25	0.25
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0
Saltiness	0	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.5	0.625

[0579]

[Example 7] Evaluation on taste quality improvement effects by various sweeteners

Experiment method

Natural sugar {sucrose (manufactured by Pacific Sugar Mfg. Co., Ltd.), glucose (manufactured by Showa Sangyo Co., Ltd.)}, rebaudioside D (RebD) (purity 95% or more), rebaudioside A (RebA) (purity 99% or more), rebaudioside M (RebM) (purity 94% or more), mogroside V (Mog V) (purity 65% or more), a luo han guo extract (water-extract of Luo han guo fruit, containing 30 wt% or more of mogroside V), sodium gluconate (purity 98% or more), and DL-alanine (purity 98% or more) were dissolved in a coffee liquid extract (mixed liquid of a coffee extract and a pH adjuster, amount of caffeine: 40 mg/100 ml, sodium content: 18.8 mg/100 g) in the ratios shown in Tables 30 to 32 below to prepare beverage samples (coffee beverages), in the same manner as in Example 5. Examples E1, F1, G1, H1, I1 and J1 were control samples to which neither any amino acid, nor sodium was added.

A content of sodium in each beverage in Tables 30 and 32 was calculated from a content of sodium contained in a base coffee beverage and an amount of sodium gluconate added. A content of free alanine was calculated from an amount of alanine added. Since the content of free alanine in the base coffee beverage was less than a lower limit of measurement (1.0 mg/100 g), the amount of free alanine contained in the base coffee beverage was calculated as zero in the present example. An energy (kcal/100 ml) was calculated under the assumption that an energy of each component derived from a coffee liquid extract, RebD, and sodium was 0 (kcal/100 ml). Brix (amount of soluble solid)

was calculated by determining a refractive index of a specimen with a digital refractometer manufactured by Atago Co., Ltd., and performing conversion into wt% of a sucrose liquid corresponding to the value.

[0580]

[Table 30]

Table 30: Samples containing RebD in different amounts

Raw material added (amount added)	Example E1	Example E2	Example E3	Example F1	Example F2	Example F3
Sucrose (g/L)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/L)	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebD (g/L)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3
Sodium gluconate (g/L)	0	0	1.897	0	0	1.897
Alanine (g/L)	0	1.34	1.34	0	1.34	1.34
Content						
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	21.0	22.1	22.9	21.2	22.2	23.0
Brix	5.26	5.41	5.61	5.29	5.43	5.62
Sodium (mg/100 g)	18	18	38	18	18	38
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	0	134	134	0	134	134
Free alanine (mM)	0	15	15	0	15	15

*1: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1.

[Table 31]

Table 31: Samples containing RebA or RebM

Raw material added (amount added)	Example G1	Example G2	Example G3	Example H1	Example H2	Example H3
Sucrose (g/L)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/L)	35	35	35	35	35	35
RebA (g/L)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0	0	0
RebM (g/L)	0	0	0	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/L)	0	0	1.897	0	0	1.897
Alanine (g/L)	0	1.34	1.34	0	1.34	1.34
Content						
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	21.1	22.2	23.0	21.2	22.3	23.1
Brix	5.27	5.42	5.62	5.30	5.44	5.64
Sodium (mg/100 g)	18	18	38	18	18	38
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	0	134	134	0	134	134
Free alanine (mM)	0	15	15	0	15	15

*1: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1.

[Table 32]

Table 32: Samples containing MogV or Luo han guo extract

Raw material added (amount added)	Example I1	Example I2	Example I3	Example J1	Example J2	Example J3
Sucrose (g/L)	10	10	10	10	10	10
Glucose (g/L)	35	35	35	35	35	35
MogV (g/L)	0.208	0.208	0.208	0	0	0
Luo han guo extract (g/L)	0	0	0	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/L)	0	0	1.897	0	0	1.897
Alanine (g/L)	0	1.34	1.34	0	1.34	1.34
Content						
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	21.1	22.3	23.0	21.1	22.3	23.1
Brix	5.28	5.44	5.62	5.28	5.44	5.64
Sodium (mg/100 g)	18	18	38	18	18	38
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	0	134	134	0	134	134
Free alanine (mM)	0	15	15	0	15	15

*1: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1.

[0581]

The taste quality improvement effect by alanine or alanine and sodium was verified by the sensory comparison of taste qualities of these beverage samples. The taste qualities as sensory evaluation items were "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body, thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)", and "saltiness" as in Example 5, and were verified by those (4 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists.

First, the "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each taste quality of each beverage sample was calculated

based on the common taste quality determination criteria possessed by panelists due to routine trainings.

[0582]

Results

An average value of sensory evaluation score of each taste quality is shown in Tables 33 to 35 and Figures 16 to 21.

[Table 33]

Table 33 Evaluation on samples containing RebD in different amounts

	Example E2	Example E3	Example F2	Example F3
Total sweetness	0.5	1.25	0.375	1.125
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	-0.25	-0.375	-0.125	-0.125
Body, thickness	0.25	0.875	0.25	0.75
Flavor intensity	0.125	0.125	0	0.125
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	-0.125	0.375	0.125	0.375
Saltiness	0	0.25	0.125	0.125

[Table 34]

Table 34 Evaluation on samples containing RebA or RebM

	Example G2	Example G3	Example H2	Example H3
Total sweetness	0.5	1	0.5	0.75
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0	-0.25	0	-0.125
Body, thickness	0.25	1.125	0.375	0.625
Flavor intensity	0.25	0.375	0	-0.125
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0	0.375	0.25	0.5
Saltiness	0	0.25	0	0.25

[Table 35]

Table 35 Evaluation on samples containing MogV or luo han guo extract

	Example I2	Example I3	Example J2	Example J3
Total sweetness	0.625	1	0.5	1.25
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	-0.25	0	0	-0.125
Body, thickness	0.25	0.5	0.25	0.5
Flavor intensity	0	0	0	-0.125
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	0.25	0.125	0	0.125
Saltiness	0	0.125	0	0.125

[0583]

[Example 8] Effect in beverage containing high-intensity sweetener alone

Experiment method

Rebaudioside D (RebD) (purity 95% or more), sodium gluconate (purity 98% or more), and DL-alanine (purity 98% or more) were dissolved in a coffee liquid extract (mixed liquid of a coffee extract and a pH adjuster, amount of caffeine: 40 mg/100 ml, sodium content: 18.8 mg/100 g) in the ratios shown in Table 36 below to prepare beverage samples (coffee beverages), in the same manner as in Example 5. Example K1 was a control sample to which neither any amino acid, nor sodium was added.

A content of sodium in each beverage in Table 36 was calculated from a content of sodium contained in a base coffee beverage and an amount of sodium gluconate added. A content of free alanine was calculated from an amount of alanine added. Since the content of free alanine in the base coffee beverage was less than a lower limit of

measurement (1.0 mg/100 g), the amount of free alanine contained in the base coffee beverage was calculated as zero in the present example. An energy (kcal/100 ml) was calculated under the assumption that an energy of each component derived from a coffee liquid extract, RebD and sodium was 0 (kcal/100 ml). Brix (amount of soluble solid) was calculated by determining a refractive index of a specimen with a digital refractometer manufactured by Atago Co., Ltd., and performing conversion into wt% of a sucrose liquid corresponding to the value.

[Table 36]

Table 36 Samples containing high-intensity sweetener alone

Raw material added (amount added)	Example K1	Example K2	Example K3
RebD (g/L)	0.208	0.208	0.208
Sodium gluconate (g/L)	0	0	1.897
Alanine (g/L)	0	1.34	1.34
Content			
Energy (Kcal/100 ml)	5.4	6.4	7.3
Brix	1.34	1.48	1.69
Sodium (mg/100 g)	18	18	38
Free alanine (mg/100 g)	0	134	134
Free alanine (mM)	0	15	15

*1: A "mM" value of free alanine is calculated from a value of "mg/100 g" under the assumption that a specific gravity is 1.

[0584]

The taste quality improvement effect by alanine or alanine and sodium was verified by the sensory comparison of taste qualities of these beverage samples. The taste qualities as sensory evaluation items were "total sweetness", "reduced aftertaste of sweetness", "body,

thickness", "flavor intensity", "reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)", and "saltiness" as in Example 5, and were verified by those (4 persons) who received sensory trainings as panelists.

First, the "sensory evaluation score" with respect to each taste quality of each beverage sample was calculated based on the common taste quality determination criteria possessed by panelists due to routine trainings.

[0585]

Results

An average value of sensory evaluation score of each taste quality is shown in Table 37 and Figure 22.

[Table 37]

Table 37: Evaluation on samples containing high-intensity sweetener alone

	Example K2	Example K3
Total sweetness	0.5	1
Reduced aftertaste of sweetness	0	-0.25
Body, thickness	0.375	1.125
Flavor intensity	0	0
Reduced unpleasant tastes (bitterness, astringency, and the like)	-0.125	0.125
Saltiness	0	0.125

Claims

1. A beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 , and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold,

wherein the beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_3 exhibited by the components (a) and (b), $0.1 < X_1 < X_3$ is satisfied, and the beverage is one selected from a coffee beverage and a tea beverage.

2. A beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 90 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X_2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c), $0.1 < X_1 < X_2$ is satisfied, and the beverage is a coffee beverage.

3. A beverage comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X_1 ,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 50 mg/100 ml of sodium,

wherein the beverage has a sweetness of a sweetness intensity X2 exhibited by the components (a) to (c), $0.1 < X1 < X2$ is satisfied, and the beverage is tea beverage.

4. The beverage according to any one of claims 1 to 3, further comprising a low-intensity sweetener.

5. The beverage according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from a basic amino acid, a neutral amino acid having an alkyl group, an OH group or an amide group on a side chain, and a combination thereof.

6. The beverage according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the amino acid is one or more selected from an amino acid having a molecular weight of 70 to 260.

7. The beverage according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the amino acid comprises an amino acid selected from glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, leucine, serine, threonine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine, lysine, histidine, and a combination thereof.

8. The beverage according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less.

9. The beverage according to any one of claims 4 to 8, wherein a sweetness intensity of the low-intensity sweetener is 0.1 to 5.9.

10. The beverage according to claim 2, wherein the beverage comprises 10 mg/100 ml to 110 mg/100 ml of caffeine.

11. The beverage according to claim 2 or 10, wherein the beverage comprises a milk content.

12. The beverage according to claim 3, wherein the beverage comprises 200 to 600 ppm of polyphenol.

13. The beverage according to claim 3 or 12, wherein the beverage comprises 200 to 600 ppm of a catechin.

14. The beverage according to any one of claims 4 to 9, wherein the low-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of glucose, sucrose, fructose, maltose, an oligosaccharide, a high-fructose corn syrup, lactose, psicose, allose, tagatose, and a combination thereof.

15. The beverage according to any one of claims 1 to 14, wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of steviol glycoside, a luohan guo extract, mogrol glycoside, a *Thaumatococcus daniellii* Benth plant-containing sweet component, a *Pentadiplandra brazzeana* plant-containing sweet component, an artificial sweetener, and a combination thereof.

16. The beverage according to any one of claims 1 to 15, wherein the high-intensity sweetener comprises at least one selected from the group consisting of rebaudioside A, rebaudioside B, rebaudioside C, rebaudioside D, rebaudioside E, rebaudioside F, rebaudioside I, rebaudioside J, rebaudioside K, rebaudioside M, rebaudioside N, rebaudioside O, rebaudioside Q, rebaudioside R, Dulcoside A, Dulcoside C, rubusoside, steviol monoside, steviol bioside, stevioside, a luohan guo extract, mogroside V, thaumatin, brazzein, a

Glycyrrhiza extract, saccharine, aspartame, acesulfame K, sucralose, and a combination thereof.

17. The beverage according to any one of claims 4 to 16, wherein the beverage comprises one or more amino acids selected from alanine, serine, and glycine, an energy is 50 Kcal/100 ml or less, and the total sweetness intensity of the high-intensity sweetener and the low-intensity sweetener is 6 or more.

18. The beverage according to any one of claims 1 to 17, wherein the beverage is packed in a container.

19. A method for producing the beverage according to any one of claims 1 and 4 to 18, comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1, and

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold.

20. A method for producing the beverage according to any one of claims 2 and 4 to 18, comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 90 mg/100 ml.

21. A method for producing the beverage according to any one of claims 3 to 18, comprising, to a raw material,

(a) adding a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1,

(b) adding an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) adding sodium so that a content of sodium in the beverage is less than 50 mg/100 ml.

22. A concentrate for providing the beverage according to any one of claims 1 and 4 to 18, comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1a, and

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold.

23. A concentrate for providing the beverage according to any one of claims 2 and 4 to 18, comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1a,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 900 mg/100 ml of sodium.

24. A concentrate for providing the beverage according to any one of claims 3 to 18, comprising:

(a) a high-intensity sweetener in an amount corresponding to a sweetness intensity X1a,

(b) an amino acid or a derivative or a salt thereof in an amount less than 10 fold of a taste recognition threshold, and

(c) less than 500 mg/100 ml of sodium.