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(54) Title: ORGANOAMINE SILOXANE ALKOXYLATE SURFACTANTS			
(57) Abstract It has been discovered that organoamine modified siloxane alkoxyates overcome the antagonism associated with nonionic trisiloxane alkoxyates on pesticide uptake in plants. The organoamine modified siloxane alkoxyates of the present invention have the average general formula: $\text{AMe}_2\text{SiO}[(\text{Me})_2\text{SiO}]_x[\text{MeSi}(\text{Z})\text{O}]_y\text{SiMe}_2\text{A}$, wherein $x = 0$ to 1, $y = 0$ to 2, with the proviso that when $y = 0$, A is Z, A is Z or Me, $\text{Z} = \text{RO}(\text{R}^1)_n\text{R}^2\text{N}(\text{R}^3)_2$, R is a divalent organic group having from 2 to 4 carbon atoms, R^1 is an alkyleneoxide group containing 2 to 4 carbon atoms, R^2 is a divalent organic group containing 2 to 6 carbon atoms, R^3 may be hydrogen, an alkyl radical with 1 to 4 carbons, an amino alkyl of one to four carbons, or an alkyl of 2 to 4 carbon atoms which may have hydroxy substitutions thereon. Each R^3 may be the same or different.			