

Abstract

The present invention relates to a process for preparing sodium and potassium alkoxides. It is characterized by two simultaneously implemented but spatially separated reactions of an alcohol

5 ROH with NaOH and KOH to give sodium alkoxide and potassium alkoxide respectively. The vapours formed in this case comprise the alcohol used and water. They are combined and the resulting mixed vapour fed to a common distillation with recovery of the alcohol.

[No suitable figure]