

ANTI-THEFT PROTECTION METHOD AND DEVICE FOR CELLULAR PHONE

This application claims priority to Chinese Patent Application No.2012100176067,
entitled “ANTI-THEFT PROTECTION METHOD AND DEVICE FOR CELLULAR
5 PHONE,” filed to the Chinese Patent Office on Jan. 19th, 2012, all contents of which are
incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a field of information processing technology, and in
particular to an anti-theft protection method and device for a cellular phone.

10 BACKGROUND ART

With the ever increasing functions of the cellular phone, the connection between the
cellular phone and the daily life is more close, if a cellular phone is lost or stolen, it will
cause a great deal of frustration to the user, for example, the user has to spend additional
money to purchase a new cellular phone and take a significant amount of time and effort
15 to recover the phone numbers and information of his contacts, and it may even result in a
leakage of the private information.

The prior art provides an anti-theft protection method for the cellular phone, a user
transmits an anti-theft protection instruction to the stolen cellular phone when realizing
that the cellular phone has been stolen or missed, the stolen cellular phone receives and
20 executes the anti-theft protection instruction to achieve the purpose of the anti-theft
protection for the cellular phone. For example, a user can transmit the anti-theft
protection instruction in the form of a short message to the stolen cellular phone, for
example, a short message with the content of “start the anti-theft mode”, “display the
mandatory information” or “delete the short messages” is transmitted to the stolen cellular
25 phone; accordingly, the stolen cellular phone performs actions of starting an anti-theft
mode, displaying mandatory information and deleting short messages.

In the implementation of the present invention, the inventor found that the prior art
has the following disadvantages at least:

In the prior art, it may be quite late when a user realizes that the cellular phone has

been stolen or missed, i.e., the user may miss the best anti-theft opportunity, which causes that the user may probably fail to get back the cellular phone and even causes the leakage of the user's private information.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 Embodiments of the present invention provide an anti-theft protection method and device for the cellular phone to avoid the user's missing the best anti-theft opportunity, so as to facilitate the user to get back the cellular phone and reduce the chance of the leakage of the user's private information. The technical solutions are as follows:

10 In one aspect, an embodiment of the present invention provides an anti-theft protection method for a cellular phone, the method includes:

 judging whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode, on the condition that the cellular phone satisfies the condition, starting the anti-theft mode; and

15 transmitting anti-theft protection information to a designated contact to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone.

PRE-SETIn another aspect, an embodiment of the present invention also provides an anti-theft protection device for a cellular phone, the device includes:

a judgment module, adapted for judging whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode;

5 a starting module, adapted for starting the anti-theft mode on the condition that a judgment result of the judgment module is that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied; and

10 a transmission module, adapted for transmitting anti-theft protection information to a designated contact to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone after the starting module starts the anti-theft mode.

The advantageous effects brought by the technical solutions provided by the embodiments of the present invention are as follows:

Through transmitting the anti-theft protection information to the designated contact upon starting the anti-theft mode to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone, the designated contact will not miss the anti-theft opportunity, which contributes to get back the stolen cellular phone and can effectively reduce the chance of leaking the user's private information.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In order to more clearly illustrate the technical solutions in the embodiments of the present invention, accompanying drawings needed to be used in the description of the embodiments will be briefly described below. Apparently, the accompanying drawings described hereinafter are just some embodiments of the present invention, and to those of ordinary skill in the art, other accompanying drawings may also be obtained according to these accompanying drawings without inventive labors.

Fig. 1 is a flow chart of an anti-theft protection method for a cellular phone provided by Embodiment 1 of the present invention.

Fig. 2 is a flow chart of an anti-theft protection method for a cellular phone provided by Embodiment 2 of the present invention.

Fig. 3 is a schematic diagram of a screen that forcedly displays a built-in content in Embodiment 2 of the present invention.

Fig. 4 is a schematic diagram of a screen that forcedly displays a remote content in Embodiment 2 of the present invention.

Fig. 5 is a schematic structural diagram of an anti-theft protection device for a cellular phone provided by Embodiment 3 of the present invention.

Fig. 6 is a schematic structural diagram of an anti-theft protection device for a cellular phone provided by Embodiment 4 of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

To make the objects, the technical solutions and the advantages of the present invention more clear, the embodiments of the present invention will be further described in details hereinafter in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

5 Embodiment 1

This embodiment provides an anti-theft protection method for a cellular phone, referring to Fig. 1, the process of the method is specifically as follows:

Block 101: judge whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode, if the cellular phone satisfies the condition, start the anti-theft mode.

10 Block 102: transmit anti-theft protection information to a designated contact to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone.

Here, the anti-theft protection information includes an anti-theft protection instruction and an instruction-transmission form and/or a web address, the website corresponding to the web address is used for saving the anti-theft protection instruction
15 and the instruction-transmission form.

In the method provided by this embodiment, by transmitting the anti-theft protection information to a designated contact after starting the anti-theft mode to instruct the designated contact to perform the anti-theft processing for the cellular phone, the designated contact will not miss the anti-theft opportunity, which contributes to get back
20 the stolen cellular phone and can effectively reduce the chance of leaking the user's private information.

Embodiment 2

This embodiment provides an anti-theft protection method for cellular phone. Referring to Fig. 2, the process of the method provided by this embodiment is specifically
25 as follows:

Block 201: judge whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode, if the cellular phone satisfies the condition, start the anti-theft mode.

In this step, before starting the anti-theft mode, it is necessary to judge whether to start the anti-theft mode according to the pre-set condition for starting the anti-theft mode,

the embodiment of the present invention may adopt the following two methods to judge whether to start the anti-theft mode, which is not indented to limit of the invention.

In the first method, it is judged whether the current user data matches the pre-stored user data, if the current user data matches the pre-stored user data, then a normal mode is started, and if the current user data does not match the pre-stored user data, then the user is prompted to input an anti-theft instruction, and it is judged whether the current user is legal in accordance with the anti-theft instruction currently inputted by the user, and if the user is legal, then the normal mode is started, and if the user is illegal, i.e., the condition for starting anti-theft mode is satisfied, then the anti-theft mode is started.

Herein, the user data and the anti-theft instruction are set and saved in the cellular phone in advance by the original owner of the cellular phone, the user data may be identification numbers of cellular phone, including data identifying the user's identity such as a cellular phone number, an SIM (Subscriber Identity Module) card number or a UIM (User Identity Module) card number, an IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identification Number) and the like. Of course, the user can also set other user data.

Specifically, when the cellular phone is powered on, the cellular phone number in the SIM or UIM card and that saved in the cellular phone are read out, it is judged whether the cellular phone number in the SIM or UIM card is consistent with the cellular phone number saved in the cellular phone, if the cellular phone number in the SIM or UIM card is consistent with the cellular phone number saved in the cellular phone, the normal mode is started, and if the cellular phone number in the SIM or UIM card is inconsistent with the cellular phone number saved in the cellular phone, the cellular phone is locked and prompts the user to input an anti-theft password; the anti-theft password currently inputted by the user is obtained, it is judged whether the anti-theft password inputted by the user is the same as the anti-theft password saved in the cellular phone, if the anti-theft password inputted by the user is the same as the anti-theft password saved in the cellular phone, then the normal mode is started, if either the anti-theft password inputted by the user within either a predetermined time period or a predetermined number of times of inputs is different from the anti-theft password saved in the cellular phone, then the anti-theft mode is started.

In the second method, it is judged whether a remote instruction for starting the anti-theft mode has been received, if the remote instruction for starting the anti-theft

mode has been received, then the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied, and the anti-theft mode is started in accordance with the received remote instruction for starting an anti-theft mode.

Specifically, when realizing that the cellular phone has been stolen or lost, the user
5 initially transmits a remote instruction for starting the anti-theft mode to the stolen cellular phone, accordingly, if the stolen cellular phone receives the remote instruction for starting the anti-theft mode, then the condition for starting anti-theft mode is satisfied, and the anti-theft mode is started in accordance with the remote instruction for starting the anti-theft mode.

10 More specifically, the user transmits the remote instruction for starting the anti-theft mode to the stolen cellular phone in a form of a short message. For example, the short message the content of which is “xxxx starts the anti-theft mode” is transmitted to the stolen cellular phone, where “xxxx” represents an anti-theft password. The anti-theft mode is started when the stolen cellular phone receives the short message the content of
15 which is “xxxx starts the anti-theft mode”.

Herein, the process of starting the anti-theft mode in this step specifically includes: performing a locking operation for the cellular phone, so that the current user of the cellular phone is unable to operate the cellular phone.

Further, after starting the anti-theft mode, the method further includes executing a
20 pre-set anti-theft protection instruction.

Specifically, the pre-set anti-theft protection instruction includes at least one of an instruction for forcedly displaying a built-in content, an instruction for forcedly displaying a remote built-in content, an instruction for uploading user location information, an instruction for replacing SIM card to send a short message to a port, an
25 instruction for automatically accepting an incoming call, an instruction for automatically shooting through a front camera and an instruction for deleting/backing up designated data, which is not intended to limit the present invention. For example, the original owner of the cellular phone pre-sets an instruction for forcedly displaying a built-in content and sets the content to be displayed forcedly, and accordingly, the instruction for forcedly
30 displaying a built-in content is executed, such as the content to be displayed forcedly is displayed on the screen of the locked cellular phone.

Block 202: transmit anti-theft protection information to a designated contact to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone.

Herein, the anti-theft protection information is used for enabling the designated contact to transmit an anti-theft protection instruction to the stolen cellular phone in accordance with the anti-theft protection information, which specifically includes an anti-theft protection instruction and an instruction-transmission form and/or a web address and the like, where the website corresponding to the web address is used for saving the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form, the web address is pre-stored in the cellular phone by the original owner of the cellular phone or is automatically saved in the cellular phone during installation of an anti-theft protection software. Here, the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form can enable the designated contact to transmit the anti-theft protection instruction to the stolen cellular phone in the instruction-transmission form. Of course, the anti-theft protection information can also include other information, such as specific descriptions of various anti-theft protection instructions, a login account number and password of the website corresponding to the web address, the current cellular phone number as well as information pre-set by the user such as the anti-theft protection instruction and specific parameters or the designated contact etc. Here, the designated contact may be one or more contacts, it may be the original owner of the stolen cellular phone or other contacts, and the contact may correspond to a variety of contact addresses including a cellular phone number and/or an email etc., accordingly, the stolen cellular phone transmits the anti-theft protection information to the cellular phone number and/or the email corresponding to the designated contact.

Further, the anti-theft protection instruction includes one or more of an instruction for forcibly displaying a built-in content, a remote instruction for forcibly displaying a built-in content, an instruction for uploading user location information, an instruction for replacing SIM card to send a short message to a port, an instruction for automatically accepting an incoming call, an instruction for automatically shooting through a front camera and an instruction for deleting/backing up designated data, which is not intended to limit the present invention, the anti-theft protection instruction may also include other instructions.

Herein, the embodiment of the present invention is described through an example

where the anti-theft protection information includes the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form. On the condition that the cellular phone saves locally an anti-theft protection instruction list and the instruction-transmission forms for various situations, accordingly, the anti-theft protection instruction may be obtained from the locally-saved anti-theft protection instruction list, the instruction-transmission forms for various situations may be obtained simultaneously, and the anti-theft protection information is generated in accordance with the obtained anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission forms for various situations. Alternatively, the instruction-transmission form corresponding to the communication way currently available in the cellular phone is obtained from the instruction-transmission forms for various situations, and the anti-theft protection information is generated in accordance with the obtained anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form corresponding to the communication way currently available in the cellular phone. Alternatively, the instruction-transmission form is generated in accordance with the communication way currently available by cellular phone in combination with the instruction identifying means corresponding to the communication way, and the anti-theft protection information is generated in accordance with the obtained anti-theft protection instruction and the generated instruction-transmission form. Specifically, Table 1 is an anti-theft protection instruction list locally saved by the cellular phone, the list includes serial numbers of instructions, the anti-theft protection instructions and the descriptions thereof. Of course the anti-theft protection instruction list may also include other information, such as the instruction-transmission forms for various situations, and the like.

Serial number	Instruction name	Description
1	forcedly displaying a built-in content	For controlling the cellular phone to display designated information
2	forcedly displaying a remote content	For controlling the cellular phone to display the information transmitted by a designated information transmission end
3	instruction for uploading user location information	For controlling the cellular phone to transmit location information to a designated location information receiving end
4	replacing a SIM card to send a short message to a port	For controlling the cellular phone to transmit the cellular phone number of the current user to a designated number information receiving end

5	automatically accepting an incoming call	For controlling the cellular phone to answer all calls
6	automatically shooting through a front camera	For controlling the cellular phone to transmit the camera information of the current user to a designated camera information receiving end
7	deleting/backing up designated data	For controlling the cellular phone to delete the designated data or to transmit the designated data to a designated server

Table 1

Further, the embodiment of the present invention is described through an example where the instruction-transmission form is generated in accordance with the communication way currently available in the cellular phone in combination with the instruction identifying means corresponding to the communication way. Specifically, query the communication way currently available in the cellular phone, and generate the instruction-transmission form in accordance with the communication way currently available in the cellular phone in combination with the instruction identifying means corresponding to the communication way. For example, on the condition that the cellular phone communicates in a short message form, then the cellular phone may randomly generate an authentication code which is then saved in local, and the anti-theft protection instruction, the authentication code, the current cellular phone number and the usage instruction of the authentication code are together transmitted to the designated contact in the form of a short message. For example, after the cellular phone starts the anti-theft mode, it is queried that a wireless communication way is available (for example, it is capable of transmitting/receiving short messages), a generated content is “1. forcedly displaying a built-in content, 2. forcedly displaying a remote content, 3. uploading user location information, 4. replacing a SIM card to send a short message to a port, 5. automatically accepting an incoming call, 6. automatically shooting through a front camera, 7. deleting/backing up designated data; the authentication code is xxx, please transmit the authentication code + instruction or digital number + instruction or digital number + ... to the number 123456789”. Herein, the front portion of the content of the short message is the anti-theft protection instructions, and the rear portion of this content is the instruction-transmission form.

After the anti-theft protection information is generated, the anti-theft protection information is transmitted to the designated contact by one or more of the current

communication ways. If the wireless channel is available, then the anti-theft protection information is transmitted to the designated contact in the form of a short message, such as to the designated cellular phone number. If the data channel is available, such as a wifi hotspot is detected, the anti-theft protection information is transmitted to the designated contact in the form of an email. If course if there are multiple communication ways available, it is possible to try to transmit the anti-theft protection information to the designated contact by each available communication way in turn to ensure that the user can quickly receive the anti-theft protection information in order to control the stolen cellular phone in time. Herein, in addition to immediately transmitting the anti-theft protection information to the designated contact after starting the anti-theft mode, in the embodiment of the present invention, the anti-theft protection information may be transmitted to the designated contact at a predetermined time or at predetermined time intervals to ensure that the user can receive the anti-theft protection information.

In this step, by transmitting the anti-theft protection information to the designated contact where the anti-theft protection information includes an anti-theft protection instruction and an instruction-transmission form and/or a web address etc., the designated contact is able to transmit the anti-theft protection instruction in the instruction-transmission form, so that it is not necessary to remember relatively complicate anti-theft protection instructions, and it is convenient to operate, while enhancing the user experience.

Block 203: the designated contact transmits the anti-theft protection instruction to the cellular phone, and the cellular phone automatically executes the received anti-theft protection instruction upon receiving the anti-theft protection instruction.

Specifically, the anti-theft protection instructions may be the one transmitted by a user in various forms, such as the anti-theft protection instruction transmitted in a form of a short message, the one transmitted in a form of an email, and the like. After starting the anti-theft mode, all outward-facing communication rights such as the cellular phone's short messages, call, data network and the like may also be obtained, so that the thieves s unable to use the cellular phone and it should be ensured that the stolen cellular phone is able to receive the anti-theft protection instruction transmitted by the user.

Preferably, the anti-theft protection instruction may be transmitted over the Internet, providing a terminal user with a web page for logging in a server, the terminal user is able

to query user data which is for identifying the user's identity, such as the cellular phone number, the SIM card number or UIM card number, IMSI, IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) and the like recorded in the server through the web page or the cellular phone's operating state corresponding to the user data, and the anti-theft protection instruction is transmitted to the cellular phone indicated by the user data in accordance with the user data. The anti-theft protection instruction may be the edited anti-theft protection instructions stored on a web page, so that the user does not need to edit when transmitting the instruction to the lost cellular phone, but simply select the anti-theft protection instruction needed to be transmitted directly. Herein, the anti-theft protection instruction include any one or more of the following instructions: an instruction for deleting the data in the cellular phone, an instruction for locking the cellular phone, an instruction for positioning the cellular phone and an instruction for recovering the cellular phone password. Of course, the anti-theft protection instruction may also be edited in real time by the user in accordance with the user data.

Specifically, in this step, upon finding that the cellular phone is lost, the cellular phone's user logs in the sever through a personal account number, and checks the operating state of the cellular phone previously bound with the IMEI number to determine whether the cellular phone has been inserted with a new SIM number in accordance with the operating state of the cellular phone, and checks the current SIM number of the lost cellular phone obtained at the server's side. If the user finds that the operating state of the cellular phone has been a lost state, the user operates on the web page to select the anti-theft protection instruction to be transmitted, inputs the current SIM number of the lost cellular phone to generate the anti-theft protection instruction to be transmitted to the current SIM number of the cellular phone, and triggers the server to transmit the anti-theft protection instruction to the cellular phone, so that the cellular phone can perform a corresponding operation in accordance with the anti-theft protection instruction. Preferably, the anti-theft protection instruction in this embodiment is sent to the lost cellular phone in the form of a short message.

In this step, if the anti-theft protection information includes the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form, then the designated contact may transmit the anti-theft protection instruction in the instruction-transmission form to the stolen cellular phone based on the anti-theft protection information. Accordingly, when

receiving the anti-theft protection instruction, the stolen cellular phone automatically executes the received anti-theft protection instruction. If the anti-theft protection information includes the aforementioned web address, then the designated contact may transmit the anti-theft protection instruction in the instruction-transmission form saved in the website corresponding to the web address to the stolen cellular phone, and accordingly, when receiving the anti-theft protection instruction, the stolen cellular phone automatically executes the received anti-theft protection instruction.

Specifically, after receiving the anti-theft protection information in the form of a short message or email etc., the designated contact may obtain the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form in accordance with the content of the anti-theft protection information or in accordance with the website corresponding to the web address in the anti-theft protection information, then the anti-theft protection instruction is transmitted in the instruction-transmission form in the anti-theft protection information.

More specifically, if the designated contact receives a short message containing the anti-theft protection information, in accordance with the content of the short message, the designated contact may transmit the anti-theft protection instruction to the stolen cellular phone through the current cellular phone or other cellular phone in the instruction-transmission form in the anti-theft protection information. For example, upon receipt of the short message in Block 202, the designated contact wishes the cellular phone to execute the instruction for forcibly displaying a built-in content, the instruction for forcibly displaying a remote content and the instruction for deleting/backing up designated data, then the designated contact may transmit or directly reply a short message with a content of “xxx+1+2+7” to the cellular phone number of 123456789. Of course, the designated contact may also transmit or directly reply a short message with a content of “xxx+ forcibly displaying a built-in content + forcibly displaying a remote content + deleting/backing up designated data” to the cellular phone number of 123456789, where “xxx” is an authentication code.

In this step, since the anti-theft protection information includes the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form, as long as the designated contact transmits the anti-theft protection instruction in the instruction-transmission form according to the anti-theft protection information, then the stolen cellular phone is able to

receive and identify the anti-theft protection instruction transmitted by the designated contact and execute the received anti-theft protection instruction. For example, the short message with a content “xxx+ forcedly displaying a built-in content + forcedly displaying a remote content + deleting/backing up designated data” is received, the content of the short message is identified, and it is judged whether the content of the short message begins with an designated authentication code, if it does begin with the authentication code, the content of the short message is parsed so that the instruction in the short message can be obtained and executed, i.e., the instruction for forcedly displaying a built-in content, the instruction for forcedly displaying a remote content and the instruction for deleting/backing up designated data are executed, where “xxx” is an authentication code.

The specific execution process of each anti-theft protection instruction will be described hereinafter corresponding to the various anti-theft protection instructions in Block 202.

Specifically, if the instruction for forcedly displaying a built-in content is received, accordingly, the pre-set designated information is displayed on the screen, for example, the message, the user's contact address may be displayed, and the content to be forcedly displayed may be configured in accordance with the user's requirements. As shown in Fig. 3, an anti-theft password input box 302 and the designated information 303 are displayed on a locked screen 301 of the cellular phone, the designated information 303 is “Buddies, I am the owner of the phone! To return the cellular phone, please dial the cellular phone number: 13800138000! ”.

Specifically, if the instruction for forcedly displaying a remote content is received, accordingly, the text, the short message and the like transmitted from the designated information transmission end are received, and the content is forced to be displayed on the screen of the cellular phone. As shown in Fig. 4, an anti-theft password input box 402 and the information 403 transmitted by the designated information transmission end are displayed on a locked screen 401 of the cellular phone, the information 403 is “Please return the cellular phone as quickly as possible! To return the cellular phone, please dial the cellular phone number: 13800138000! ”, where the designated information transmission end may be pre-designated or be designated by the corresponding instruction or be a designated contact or be a transmission end of the current instruction or the like.

Specifically, if the instruction for uploading user location information is received, accordingly, the current position information is obtained, and the location information is transmitted to the designated location information receiving end, where the current position information may be obtained by invoking a GPS software or GPS module in local, or the location information such as the identifier of a wifi hotspot or a base station may be obtained by an API of the cellular phone. Here, the designated location information receiving end may be pre-designated or be designated by the corresponding instruction or be a designated contact or be a transmission end of the current instruction or the like.

Specifically, if the instruction for replacing a SIM card to send a short message to a port is received, accordingly, it is detected whether the SIM or UIM card of the cellular phone is replaced, if it is replaced, then the cellular phone number corresponding to the current SIM or UIM card is obtained, the obtained cellular phone number is transmitted to the designated number information receiving end, wherein the designated number information receiving end may be pre-designated or be designated by the corresponding instruction or be a designated contact or be a transmission end of the current instruction or the like. Accordingly, the information of the current user of the cellular phone can be queried from the operator through this cellular phone number.

Specifically, if the instruction for automatically accepting an incoming call is received, accordingly, all the incoming calls are connected, and the speaker is started. Then it is capable of requiring the current user of the cellular phone to return the cellular phone by a call and telling him the way of returning the cellular phone.

Specifically, if the instruction for automatically shooting through a front camera is received, accordingly, it is detected whether there is a front camera, if there is, the front camera is opened to obtain camera information such as the picture of the current user's face, the camera information obtained by shooting is transmitted to the designated camera information receiving end. Preferably, if there is no front camera, surrounding environment information may be obtained by controlling a non-front camera. Here, the designated camera information receiving end may be pre-designated or be designated by the corresponding instruction or be a designated contact or be a transmission end of the current instruction or the like. Of course, the user may also set a predetermined time and a predetermined time interval for shooting pictures, so that the stolen cellular phone can be

got back by the camera information.

Specifically, if the instruction for deleting/backing up designated data is received, accordingly, the designated data is deleted and/or the designated data is transmitted to the designated server for backup. For example, address book data and short message data is
5 deleted, the address book data is transmitted to the designated server, where the content needed to be backed up and the designated server may be pre-designated or be designated by the corresponding instruction.

Of course, if a plurality of anti-theft protection instructions are received, then the plurality of anti-theft protection instructions are executed in turn.

10 Herein, in the embodiment of the present invention, the web address in the anti-theft protection information in Block 202 may also include a web address for controlling the website of the cellular phone, and accordingly, the user may log in a corresponding website to achieve the control of the cellular phone. For example, in Block 203, the stolen cellular phone can receive the anti-theft protection instruction transmitted by the specified
15 website and execute the received anti-theft protection instruction.

Block 204: exit the anti-theft mode.

Specifically, it is possible to exit the anti-theft mode by the following two ways:

The first way: obtain an unlocking instruction inputted by the current user, judge whether the unlocking instruction inputted by the current user is correct, if it is correct,
20 then exit the anti-theft mode, if it is incorrect, keep in the anti-theft mode. Specifically, prompt the user to input an unlocking instruction after the cellular phone starts the anti-theft mode, obtain the unlocking instruction inputted upon the current user catching the prompt, and judge whether the unlocking instruction inputted by the current user is the same as the unlocking instruction saved in the cellular phone, if it is the same, exit the
25 anti-theft mode, and otherwise, keep in the anti-theft mode.

The second way: receive a remote unlocking instruction, and exit the anti-theft mode in accordance with the received remote unlocking instruction. For example, when the short message with a content of “xxxx exits the anti-theft mode” is received, exit the anti-theft mode, where “xxxx” represents an anti-theft password.

30 Herein, after exiting the anti-theft mode, the user data may be updated or the user is

asked to reset the user data, for example, the user data is a cellular phone number, then the pre-set cellular phone number is updated to the current cellular phone number.

In the method provided by this embodiment, by transmitting the anti-theft protection information to a designated contact after starting the anti-theft mode to instruct the designated contact to perform the anti-theft processing for the cellular phone, the designated contact will not miss the anti-theft opportunity, which contributes to get back the stolen cellular phone and can effectively reduce the chance of leaking the user's private information.

Embodiment 3

This embodiment provides an anti-theft protection device for a cellular phone, which is used for performing the anti-theft protection method for the cellular phone of the above-described Embodiment 1. Referring to Fig.5, the anti-theft protection device for a cellular phone includes the followings:

A judgment module 401, adapted for judging whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode;

A starting module 402, adapted for starting the anti-theft mode on the condition that a judgment result of the judgment module 401 is that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied; and

A transmission module 403, adapted for transmitting anti-theft protection information to a designated contact to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone after the starting module 402 starts the anti-theft mode.

In the device provided by this embodiment, by transmitting the anti-theft protection information to a designated contact after starting the anti-theft mode to instruct the designated contact to perform the anti-theft processing for the cellular phone, the designated contact will not miss the anti-theft opportunity, which contributes to get back the stolen cellular phone and can effectively reduce the chance of leaking the user's private information.

Embodiment 4

This embodiment provides an anti-theft protection device for a cellular phone, which is used for performing the anti-theft protection method for the cellular phone of the

above-described Embodiment 2. Referring to Fig.6, the anti-theft protection device for a cellular phone includes the followings:

A judgment module 501, adapted for judging whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode;

5 A starting module 502, adapted for starting the anti-theft mode on the condition that a judgment result of the judgment module 501 is that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied; and

 A transmission module 503, adapted for transmitting anti-theft protection information to a designated contact to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone after the starting module 502 starts the anti-theft mode.
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 Herein, the judgment module 501 specifically includes the followings:

 A first judgment unit, adapted for judging whether the current user data matches pre-stored user data;

 A prompting unit, adapted for prompting a user to input an anti-theft instruction on the condition that a judgment result of the first judgment unit is that the current user data
15 does not match the pre-stored user data;

 A second judgment unit, adapted for judging whether the user is legal according to the anti-theft instruction currently inputted by the user, and determining that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied on the condition that the user is illegal; and

20 A third judgment unit, adapted for judging whether a remote instruction for starting an anti-theft mode has been received, and determining that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied on the condition that the remote instruction for starting an anti-theft mode has been received.

 Herein, the starting module 502 is specifically adapted for performing a locking operation on the cellular phone to make the current user of the cellular phone user unable
25 to operate the cellular phone on the condition that a judgment result of the judgment module 501 is that the condition for starting anti-theft mode is satisfied.

 Herein, the device further includes an anti-theft mode exiting module 504 which is

adapted for, after the starting module 502 starts the anti-theft mode, obtaining an unlocking instruction inputted by the current user, judging whether the unlock instruction is correct, and exiting the anti-theft mode on the condition that the unlocking instruction is correct; or is adapted for, after the starting module 502 starts the anti-theft mode,
5 receiving a remote unlocking instruction, and exiting the anti-theft mode in accordance with the remote unlocking instruction.

Herein, the device further includes a first instruction execution module 505 which is adapted for executing a pre-set anti-theft protection instruction after the starting module 502 starts the anti-theft mode.

10 Here, the anti-theft protection information includes an anti-theft protection instruction and an instruction-transmission form, the device further includes a second instruction execution module 506 which is adapted for, after the designated contact transmitting the anti-theft protection instruction to the cellular phone in the instruction-transmission form based on the anti-theft protection information, receiving the
15 anti-theft protection instruction, and automatically executing the received anti-theft protection instruction.

Alternatively, the anti-theft protection information includes a web address, the website corresponding to the web address is used for saving the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form, and the device further includes a second
20 instruction execution module 506 which is adapted for, after the designated contact transmitting the anti-theft protection instruction to the cellular phone in the instruction-transmission form saved in the website corresponding to the web address, receiving the anti-theft protection instruction, and automatically executing the received anti-theft protection instruction.

25 Herein, the anti-theft protection instruction specifically includes at least one of: an instruction for forcedly displaying a built-in content, an instruction for forcedly displaying a remote built-in content, an instruction for uploading user location information, an instruction for replacing SIM card to send a short message to a port, an instruction for automatically accepting an incoming call, an instruction for automatically
30 shooting through a front camera and an instruction for deleting/backing up designated data.

In the device provided by this embodiment, by transmitting the anti-theft protection information to a designated contact after starting the anti-theft mode to instruct the designated contact to perform the anti-theft processing for the cellular phone, the designated contact will not miss the anti-theft opportunity, which contributes to get back the stolen cellular phone and can effectively reduce the chance of leaking the user's private information.

It should be noted that the anti-theft protection device for the cellular phone provided by the above-described embodiments is only exemplified by the division of the functional modules described above, in practical applications, the above functions may be allocated to different functional modules as demanded, i.e., the internal structure of the device is divided into different functional modules to complete all or part of the functions described above. In addition, the anti-theft protection device for the cellular phone provided in the embodiments has the same concept as the anti-theft protection method for the cellular phone provided in the embodiments, the specific implementation processes of the device can be found in the embodiments of the method, and will not be described in detail herein.

It can be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that all or a part of the steps of the above-described embodiments can be accomplished by hardware, and may also be accomplished by a program instructing the related hardware, the program may be stored in a computer-readable storage medium which may be a read-only memory, a magnetic disk or an optical disk or etc.

The foregoing is only the embodiments of the present invention and is not intended to limit the present invention, any modifications, substitutions and improvements made within the spirit and the principle of the present invention are intended to be included within the protection scope of the present invention.

CLAIMS:

1. An anti-theft protection method for a cellular phone, characterized in that the method comprises:

judging whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode, on the condition that the cellular phone satisfies the condition, starting the anti-theft mode; and

transmitting anti-theft protection information indicating an anti-theft protection instruction and an instruction-transmission form to a designated contact to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein of the step of judging whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode comprises:

judging whether the current user data matches pre-stored user data, on the condition that the current user data does not match the pre-stored user data, prompting a user to input an anti-theft instruction, and judging whether the user is legal according to the anti-theft instruction currently inputted by the user, and determining that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied on the condition that the user is illegal; or

judging whether a remote instruction for starting an anti-theft mode has been received, and determining that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied on the condition that the remote instruction for starting an anti-theft mode has been received.

3. The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of starting the anti-theft mode comprises:

performing a locking operation on the cellular phone to make the current user of the cellular phone user unable to operate the cellular phone.

4. The method according to claim 3, wherein after the step of starting the anti-theft mode, the method further comprises:

obtaining an unlocking instruction inputted by the current user, judging whether the unlock instruction is correct, and exiting the anti-theft mode on the condition that the

unlocking instruction is correct; or

receiving a remote unlocking instruction, and exiting the anti-theft mode in accordance with the remote unlocking instruction.

5. The method according to claim 1, wherein after a process of starting the anti-theft mode, the method further comprises:

executing a pre-set anti-theft protection instruction.

6. The method according to claim 1, wherein the anti-theft protection information comprises an anti-theft protection instruction and an instruction-transmission form, and the step of the designated contact performing the anti-theft processing for the cellular phone comprises:

the designated contact transmitting through a device the anti-theft protection instruction to the cellular phone in the instruction-transmission form, and accordingly, upon receiving the anti-theft protection instruction, the cellular phone automatically executing the received anti-theft protection instruction.

7. The method according to claim 1, wherein the anti-theft protection information comprises a web address, the website corresponding to the web address is adapted for saving the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form, and the step of the designated contact performing the anti-theft processing for the cellular phone comprises:

the designated contact transmitting through a device the anti-theft protection instruction to the cellular phone in the instruction-transmission form, and accordingly, upon receiving the anti-theft protection instruction, the cellular phone automatically executing the received anti-theft protection instruction.

8. The method according to claim 5, 6 or 7, wherein the anti-theft protection instruction comprises at least one of:

an instruction for forcedly displaying a built-in content, an instruction for forcedly displaying a remote built-in content, an instruction for uploading user location information, an instruction for replacing SIM card to send a short message to a port, an

instruction for automatically accepting an incoming call, an instruction for automatically shooting through a front camera and an instruction for deleting/backing up designated data.

9. An anti-theft protection device for a cellular phone, characterized in that the device comprises:

a judgment module, adapted for judging whether the cellular phone satisfies a pre-set condition for starting an anti-theft mode;

a starting module, adapted for starting the anti-theft mode on the condition that a judgment result of the judgment module is that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied; and

a transmission module, adapted for transmitting anti-theft protection information indicating an anti-theft protection instruction and an instruction-transmission form to a designated contact to instruct the designated contact to perform anti-theft processing for the cellular phone after the starting module starts the anti-theft mode.

10. The device according to claim 9, wherein the judgment module comprises:

a first judgment unit, adapted for judging whether the current user data matches pre-stored user data;

a prompting unit, adapted for prompting a user to input an anti-theft instruction on the condition that a judgment result of the first judgment unit is that the current user data does not match the pre-stored user data;

a second judgment unit, adapted for judging whether the user is legal according to the anti-theft instruction currently inputted by the user, and determining that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied on the condition that the user is illegal; and

a third judgment unit, adapted for judging whether a remote instruction for starting an anti-theft mode has been received, and determining that the condition for starting the anti-theft mode is satisfied on the condition that the remote instruction for starting an anti-theft mode has been received.

11. The device according to claim 9, wherein the starting module is adapted for performing a locking operation on the cellular phone to make the current user of the cellular phone user unable to operate the cellular phone on the condition that a judgment result of the judgment module is that the condition for starting anti-theft mode is satisfied.

12. The device according to claim 11 further comprises: an anti-theft mode exiting module, wherein

the anti-theft mode exiting module is adapted for, after the starting module starts the anti-theft mode, obtaining an unlocking instruction inputted by the current user, judging whether the unlock instruction is correct, and exiting the anti-theft mode on the condition that the unlocking instruction is correct; or is adapted for, after the starting module starts the anti-theft mode, receiving a remote unlocking instruction, and exiting the anti-theft mode in accordance with the remote unlocking instruction.

13. The device according to claim 9 further comprises:

a first instruction execution module, adapted for executing a pre-set anti-theft protection instruction after the starting module starts the anti-theft mode.

14. The device according to claim 9 further comprises a second instruction execution module, wherein

on the condition that the anti-theft protection information comprises an anti-theft protection instruction and an instruction-transmission form, the second instruction execution module is adapted for, after the designated contact transmitting the anti-theft protection instruction through a second device to the cellular phone in the instruction-transmission form, receiving the anti-theft protection instruction, and automatically executing the received anti-theft protection instruction; or

on the condition that the anti-theft protection information comprises a web address corresponding to the web address adapted for saving the anti-theft protection instruction and the instruction-transmission form, the second instruction execution module is adapted for, after the designated contact transmitting the anti-theft protection instruction through a second device to the cellular phone in the instruction-transmission form, receiving the anti-theft protection instruction, and automatically executing the received anti-theft

protection instruction.

15. The device according to claim 13 or 14, wherein the anti-theft protection instruction comprises at least one of:

an instruction for forcedly displaying a built-in content, an instruction for forcedly displaying a remote built-in content, an instruction for uploading user location information, an instruction for replacing SIM card to send a short message to a port, an instruction for automatically accepting an incoming call, an instruction for automatically shooting through a front camera and an instruction for deleting/backing up designated data.