[0004] There is a need for a connector module that can provide better containment of EMI than prior art devices.

[0005] Embodiments of the present invention seek to solve this problem by providing a connector module according to claim 1.

[0006] According to an aspect of the present invention, a connector module comprises a housing extending along a longitudinal axis between a mating end and a cable end. The housing is defined by a first shell and a second shell that mate at a seam and define an interior chamber therebetween. The first shell and the second shell each include a cable exit segment, the cable exit segments together defining a cable exit region of the housing that includes the cable end. The cable exit segments of the first and second shells each include at least one cable positioning feature extending from an inner surface of the respective cable exit segment. Each cable positioning feature includes at least two posts and a slot defined therebetween. The slots of the cable positioning features of the first and second shells are configured to receive a cable between the at least two posts of each corresponding cable positioning feature, the cable extending from the cable end of the housing.

[0007] The invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings wherein:

[0008] Figure 1 is a side cross-sectional view of an electrical system in accordance with an embodiment.

[0009] Figure 2 is an exploded perspective view of a connector module of the electrical system according to an exemplary embodiment.

[0010] Figure 3 is a close-up exploded perspective view of a cable exit region of a housing of the connector module according to an exemplary embodiment.

[0011] Figure 4 is an end view of an embodiment of the connector module prior to assembly.

[0012] Figure 5 is an end view of an embodiment of the connector module after assembly.