

SERVICE STATION FOR SERVING REQUIREMENTS OF MULTIPLE VEHICLE
TECHNOLOGIES

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates generally to vehicle service stations, and
10 more particularly to service stations for serving the needs of vehicles that are
powered by different technologies.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

15 [0002] Present automotive and commercial vehicle service stations typically
include refueling islands that include pumps for selectively dispensing regular,
or mid-grade, or super-grade unleaded gasoline to gasoline driven vehicles.
Such pumps are typically fuel blending pumps for pumping and blending as
necessary different grades of octane levels of gasoline from three underground
20 tanks, respectively, blending being indicated by the grade of the gasoline to be
dispensed. Also, some present service stations also include diesel dispensing
islands that are separate from and independent of the gasoline dispensing island
or islands at the station. A limited number of present service stations, such as
those of ExxonMobil Company provide limited remote communication between
25 a passive RFID card carried by the driver, who waves the card at an associated
pump. The pump includes a detection system for reading information from the
card, such as the user's name, credit account number, and so forth, for activating

the pump with fuel to be dispensed to the associated vehicle, and the user's account to be debited for the cost of the fuel dispensed.

[0003] Government mandated future vehicle emission and fuel consumption regulations, have caused companies associated with the supply of vehicle fuels, and with the development and supply of engines for powering vehicles, to greatly increase expenditures for the research and development of new engines, improved fuels, and other vehicle technologies. These developments are leading to improved new turbo charged high compression ratio gasoline engine, dual-fueled vehicles, homogenous charge compression ignition (HCCI) engines, hydrocarbon fuel-electric hybrid vehicles, vehicles powered by fuel cells, and improved electric vehicles. Excluding pure electric vehicles, new engine technologies are leading to the development of fuel formulations that may be significantly different than those currently being provided. As a result, present service stations will be required in the near future to implement new modified fuel dispensers for dispensing the additional types of fuel that will be required by vehicles incorporating the new technologies now in development. It is also expected that fuel quality parameters will have to be more tightly controlled in order to meet vehicle emission requirements. Accordingly, there is an immediate need in the art to develop, as economically as possible, expanded and/or modified present services stations that will be capable of providing cost-effective delivery of new fuel requirements, while at the same time facilitating a consumer's ability to refuel or recharge their future vehicle in an efficient manner.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] An object of the invention is to provide a service station capable of providing the refueling or recharging requirements of vehicles incorporating
5 technologies presently being developed.

[0005] Another object of the invention is to provide a service station including fuel dispensing systems that incorporate fuel parameter sensors for sensing the fuel requirements of a vehicle to be serviced, and for including shut-
10 off valves that will only be deactivated for dispensing fuel upon the dispensing system sensing and configuring itself for delivering the fuel required by a given vehicle, to prevent fueling errors.

[0006] Yet another object of the invention is to provide a service station with
15 a telecommunication or radio communication system to communicate with a supply terminal for insuring the required inventory for multiple types of fuels.

[0007] Another object of the invention is to provide remote communication between a vehicle user and a fuel or recharge dispenser system for insuring that
20 the vehicle is dispensed its required fuel, in addition to debiting the user's account for the charges associated with the fuel dispensed.

[0008] Another object of the invention is to provide a service station with a communication system capable of remotely or wirelessly communicating via the
25 associated dispenser system with a convenience or C-Store associated with the service station, to permit the vehicle user to order food, drinks, or other convenience items while attending to refueling their vehicle, or recharging their vehicle if an electric vehicle.

[0009] These and other objects of the invention are provided by a service station including islands with fuel dispensing pumps capable of delivering five different fuels from three underground storage tanks containing different base fuels that are blended by the fuel pump system. Other blending pumps are
5 provided for dispensing up to six different fuel formulations by blending different base fuels from four underground storage tanks, respectively. The service station also includes at least one island for dispensing compressed hydrogen fuel to hydrogen fueled vehicles. Another island includes an electric charging station for electrically recharging pure electric vehicles. A
10 convenience store is also included at the service station. The vehicle or user of the vehicle is equipped with means for remotely communicating with the dispenser system for insuring that the fuel required by that vehicle is delivered to the vehicle by the associated blending pump, while at the same time insuring that a fuel valve in the fuel dispensing line remains closed when the proper fuel
15 cannot be delivered. Also, the communication means of the service station located on the fueling islands or recharge islands are provided with means for communicating with the driver of a vehicle at the island, for permitting the driver to remotely communicate an order for items from a convenience store located at the service station. The communications system between the vehicle
20 driver and an associated blending pump system will also include means for communicating driving conditions to the driver, maintenance timing for the vehicle, inspection information for the vehicle, suggested oil change scheduling, and suggested convenience or C-Store favorites that are presently available. Any other desired information to be communicated between the vehicle, or
25 vehicle occupants, and the remote communication system(s) of the service station may be included. An electronic sensing system is provided for preventing operation of the blending pump, or terminating its operation, if the fuel required by the vehicle at a given time cannot be dispensed. Sulfur sensor means are included for monitoring the sulfur content of fuel being delivered

from a tank truck to underground storage tanks, for preventing further delivery of the fuel from the truck if the sulfur content exceeds a predetermined level. Other sulfur sensors are included at the blending pumps for monitoring the sulfur content of fuel being delivered to a vehicle, to insure that it is within an
5 acceptable range, and if not, for terminating the operation of the dispenser.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0010] Various embodiments of the present invention are described with
10 reference to the drawings in which like items are identified by the same reference designation, wherein:

[0011] Figure 1 is a block diagram of a service station for one embodiment of the invention;

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[0012] Figure 2 is a block diagram of a liquid fuel blending delivery area or island for an embodiment of the invention;

[0013] Figure 3 is a block diagram of a liquid fuel blending delivery area or
20 island for another embodiment of the invention;

[0014] Figure 4 is a block diagram of a liquid fuel blending delivery area or island for another embodiment of the invention;

25 [0015] Figure 5 is a block diagram of a compressed hydrogen fuel delivery area or island for an embodiment of the invention; and

[0016] Figure 6 is a block diagram of an electric vehicle charging area island for yet another embodiment of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0017] A main objective of the various embodiments of the invention is to
5 provide a service station that will meet the requirements for refueling or
recharging of vehicles that are driven by gasoline, diesel, and hybrid engines of
present technology, and future vehicles that are expected to be driven or
powered by engines or motors requiring fuels and/or electric charging unlike the
requirement of present vehicles. There is recognition today by both automotive
10 manufactures and energy companies that vehicle efficiency should be improved.
There is further recognition that the present gasoline-powered vehicles are
capable of converting only about twenty percent (20%) of the thermo-energy
content of gasoline into mechanical work. Recently, hybrid vehicles have been
developed that are powered by both electric motors and small diesel or gasoline
15 engines, and are drawing increasing sales in the US as gasoline prices increase.
Hybrid vehicles can provide up to a fifty percent (50%) improvement in fuel
economy when compared to a like-sized gasoline powered vehicle, resulting into
about a thirty percent (30%) efficiency for converting the thermo-energy content
of gasoline utilized into mechanical work. It is expected that such vehicles will
20 continue to be made in increasing numbers, and will require the standard grades
of gasoline presently being sold at various service stations. Battery powered
electric cars have also been developed, and are being sold in relatively small
numbers when compared to vehicles powered by internal combustion engines, or
even the new hybrid systems. Pure electric vehicles have limited range before
25 their batteries require charging. Typically, electric vehicles have a range of from
50 to 130 miles between charges. However, it is possible that with ongoing
research for improving the batteries available for such a vehicle, that the range
will be increased in the future, producing much greater sales of such vehicles.

[0018] The present inventors have also recognized that fuel cell powered electric cars now under development, may enter the marketplace in ever increasing numbers over the next 20 years. Such vehicles include in actual practice a stack of individual fuel cells electrically connected together to provide
5 sufficient DC (direct current) voltage for powering an electric motor to drive the associated vehicle. Fuel cells are powered by hydrogen and oxygen, which via the electrochemical action that takes place in a fuel cell, free electrons are generated for providing the electrical power, and typically the exhaust product is water vapor. Accordingly, fuel cell driven vehicles do not produce any local
10 pollution products. Because the inventors recognize that future service stations must have the ability to provide hydrogen fuel to such future fuel cell powered electric cars. The inventors also recognize that such vehicles may include what is known in present technology as a reformer, whereby they must be refueled by a predetermined blend of gasoline, for example, of very low sulfur content, which
15 is converted by the reformer stored in the vehicle to hydrogen for use in the fuel cell stack. The present inventors recognize that fuel cell powered cars may include fuel reformers to produce hydrogen or may require direct hydrogen fueling. Accordingly, the present inventors provide for one embodiment of the invention a service station that includes a hydrogen fueling island, as will be
20 discussed further.

[0019] The present inventors also recognize that pure electric vehicles will likely require a service station to provide rapid electric recharging of the batteries of such vehicles. Accordingly, one embodiment of the invention
25 provides for a service station to also include an island for recharging the batteries of an electric vehicle.

[0020] The present inventors further recognize that ongoing research is being conducted for improving fossil fueled vehicles. One type of internal combustion

engine being developed is known as a “homogenous charge compression ignition (HCCI) engine, that has been proven to provide high thermo efficiency along with low NO_x and particulate matter emissions. In HCCI engines, the fuel mixture is premixed when it enters the piston chamber similar to spark ignition engines, but does not utilize a spark plug for igniting the mixture, and instead utilizes compression ignition similar to diesel engines, thereby reducing throttling losses and providing high efficiency operation. Also, HCCI engines can be sized for meeting many different applications. Present research is concentrating on controlling HCCI combustion, which is a present obstacle for widespread commercialization or use of such engines. However, the present inventors believe that HCCI engines may reach the marketplace and enjoy common usage in future years. The inventors recognize that such engines will require a different blend of fuel than presently offered at typical service stations.

[0021] As a result of their investigation into the expected systems for powering present and future vehicles, the present inventors have recognized and conceived a design for future service stations that will be capable of servicing vehicles powered by a myriad number of different systems in the future. Also, the various embodiments of the invention as described in detail below have been developed by the present inventors for permitting the modification of present service stations with minimal cost. In other words, the various embodiments of the invention take into account the underground storage capability of typical present service station, and to the greatest extent possible utilize such underground storage without requiring extensive modification thereof.

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[0022] With reference to Figure 1, the future service station layout for one embodiment of the invention is generally shown in block schematic diagram. The service station 2 includes underground storage tanks 4 for containing liquid fuel components for supply to liquid fuel blending pumps 6, 8, in this example,

which are located at one or more refueling islands of a station 2. An electric charging island 10 is provided for recharging pure electric vehicles. Also, a hydrogen fuel island 12 is provided for refueling hydrogen drive or fuel-cell vehicles that do not include a reformer, as previously mentioned. Station 2 also includes a convenience store 14 (C-Store) for providing motorists with food snacks, and other various necessities. A vehicle/station wireless communicator 16 is included for providing bidirectional communication between vehicles entering the station, the convenience or C-Store 14, and the liquid fuel blending pumps 6, 8, electric charging island 10, and hydrogen fueling island 12. Also, the station 2 further includes a radio communication system 18 for communicating with a remotely located terminal ordering facility, for resupplying the station 2 with various items required for the station. For example, it is expected that a computerized ordering system will be utilized, whereby if certain liquid fuel components of the underground storage tanks 4 reach a minimum level, or tanks (not shown) containing liquid fuel for the blending pumps 6, 8, or for the hydrogen fueling island 12, require refilling, ordering therefore will be automated. In this example, C-Store 14 includes the computerized re-ordering system, and the necessary connection to the radio computerized system 18 for reordering supplies from the terminal ordering center 20, for this example.

[0023] The vehicle/station wireless communicator 16 is included for providing bidirectional communication between the fuel blending pumps 6, 8, hydrogen fueling island 12, electric charging island 10, C-Store 14, and vehicles entering the station 2, as will be described in greater detail below. Note that the vehicle/station wireless communicator 16 can be provided by either a radio communication system, infrared communication system, or any other wireless system capable of providing the necessary communication between the vehicle, and the various operating systems of the station 2, including the C-Store 14.

Also, it is expected that either a centralized vehicle/station wireless communicator 16 will be utilized, or each of the liquid fuel blending pumps 6, 8 the hydrogen fueling island 12, and the electric charging island 10 will have a dedicated communicator associated therewith, for providing the necessary communication. Also, vehicle 22 is assumed to include an appropriate wireless communication system for bi-directional communication with the wireless communicator 16, as shown.

[0024] In Figure 2, a liquid fuel blending delivery area or a portion of a fueling island 24 is shown. In this example, a blending pump 26 includes octane and sulfur sensors, and a sulfur or "S Trap" 28. Note that when delivering fuel to the various underground storage tanks 4, a tank truck 30 delivers the fuel through a sulfur sensor 32 for insuring that fuel of less than a specific maximum sulfur content is delivered to an appropriate tank. In this example, the storage tanks 4 include three individual tanks 34, 36, and 38. In addition, an aboveground Additive Tank 40 is included. As shown, all of the individual tanks 34, 36, 38, and 40 are directly connected to the blending pump 26. A wireless communicator 16, which as previously mentioned can be a centrally located communicator 16 or a plurality of communicators 16 dedicated to each of the blending pumps or fueling or charging stations of the service station 2, respectively. In this example, upon entering the station 2, the operator of the vehicle 22 can press a button for submitting information as shown in block 42 to the wireless communicator 16, the information including the type of fuel required by the vehicle 22, the driving condition of the vehicle, the maintenance record of the vehicle, and inspection information for the vehicle 22. In turn, the wireless communicator may respond by transmitting back to the communicator (not shown) of vehicle 22 maintenance suggestions such as an oil change that is now due, and also may transmit convenience store 14 favorites or specials of the day. The bidirectional information illustrated herein is not meant to be limiting,

and other information may be transmitted from vehicle 22 to the wireless communicator 16, or from the latter to the vehicle 22. Also, in this example, tank 34 may include fuel having a 50 to 90 RON (Research Octane Number) with 40 ppm (Parts Per Million) of sulfur (S). Tank 36 may include fuel of
5 greater than 100 RON, and having 0 ppm S. Tank 38 may include diesel fuel of greater than 40 CN (Cetane Number).

[0025] As further shown in Figure 2, for use of the fuels illustrated as being loaded into tanks 34, 36, and 38, respectively, the blending pump 26 can be
10 operated to deliver from its nozzle 41 87 RON regular gasoline with required additive for vehicle 22 from Additive Tank 40, or a blend for providing 92 RON from a blend of the fuel in tanks 34 and 36 along with additive from tank 40 for a super grade of gasoline; or greater than 100 RON/50-90 RON for providing a required dual fuel from tanks 34 and 36; or an ultra-low sulfur fuel from tank 36
15 for delivery to a vehicle 22 powered by a fuel cell supplied hydrogen from a reformer; or diesel fuel of greater than 40 CN from tank 38 for a vehicle 22 powered by a compression ignition engine; or low octane/diesel fuel from tank 38 without additive for vehicles powered by a homogenous charged compression ignition (HCCI) motor driven vehicle 22; all as shown in block 46, for example.
20 Depending upon the design of the blending pump 26, many other blends of fuel from tanks 34, 36, 38, and 40 can be delivered.

[0026] In Figure 3, a liquid fuel blending delivery area or island 50 includes substantially the same blending pump system 26 as in Figure 2, the difference
25 being that blending pump 26 is connected to storage tanks 4 containing different fuels than those associated with blending island 24. More specifically, blending pump 26 is connected to a tank 52 containing diesel fuel of 20 to 40 CN; a second tank 54 containing diesel fuel ranging from 40 to 55 CN, and having less than 10 ppm of sulfur; and a tank 56 containing unleaded gasoline of 87 RON

that is free of sulfur. As shown in box 48, through use of the aforesaid fuels, the blending pump 26 can be operated to, for example, to deliver 87 RON unleaded gasoline with additive from tanks 40 and 56; or ultra low sulfur fuel from tank 56 for a vehicle 22 powered by a fuel cell; or diesel fuel from tank 52 for
5 delivery to a vehicle 22 powered by a standard diesel or CI engine; or a low octane/diesel fuel from tank 54 without additive for use by a vehicle 22 powered by an HCCI engine.

[0027] In Figure 4, another example of a liquid fuel blending delivery area or island 58 is shown for another embodiment of the invention. In this example,
10 four fuel storage tanks 58, 60, 62, and 64 are utilized, as shown. The tank 58 includes diesel fuel of less than 30 CN. Tank 60 includes diesel fuel of greater than 50 CN, but having less than 10 ppm of sulfur. Tank 62 includes gasoline of greater than 100 RON, and is free of sulfur. Tank 64 includes a fuel or gasoline
15 having an octane rating ranging from 50 to 90 RON with 40 ppm of sulfur. With this combination of available fuels, the blending pump 26 can be operated for dispensing from its nozzle 42 blended or unblended fuels as shown in block 66, for example. More specifically, 87 regular octane gasoline with an additive from tanks 40 and 64; or 92 RON super or premium gasoline with additive from a
20 blend of fuel from tanks 62, 64, and 40, respectively; or a dual fuel of a blend of greater than 100 RON gasoline from tank 62 with less than 80 RON gasoline from tank 64; or ultra low sulfur fuel from tank 62 for delivery to a fuel cell powered vehicle 22 including a reformer; or greater than 50 CN diesel fuel from tank 58 for compression ignition engines driving vehicle 22; or low octane diesel
25 fuel from tank 58 with additive from tank 40 for refueling a vehicle 22 driven by an HCCI engine.

[0028] In Figure 5, an example of a compressed hydrogen fuel delivery area or island 67 is shown that includes a hydrogen delivery pump mechanism 68

having a nozzle 70 for dispensing compressed hydrogen 76. Hydrogen, for example compressed hydrogen, is delivered from a tank truck 72 to a storage tank 74. The hydrogen delivery pump 68 extracts hydrogen from the storage tank 74 and delivers the same via a nozzle 70 to a compressed hydrogen tank 76
5 that is installed within a hydrogen fueled vehicle 22. As previously described, such a hydrogen fueled vehicle 22 is driven by an electric motor that is powered by electricity derived from a fuel cell onboard the vehicle 22 that does not include a reformer.

10 [0029] In Figure 6, for another embodiment of the invention, an electric vehicle charging area or island 77 is shown. The electric vehicle charging island 77 includes an electricity delivery panel or charging system 78 driven by electric power source 80, for recharging the batteries (not shown) in a vehicle 22 drive by electric motors powered from rechargeable storage batteries (not shown).

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[0030] In another embodiment of the invention, a computer 31 (see Figure 2) is included in the delivery tank truck 30 for delivering liquid fuels. The computer 31 is programmed to turn off shut-off valves in truck 30 for interrupting the flow of fuel to an underground storage tank if the detected sulfur
20 level is higher than a predetermined safe level. Underground storage tanks 4 of the various embodiments of the invention are independently piped to the dispensing pumps 26. Also, shut-off valves (not shown) are included at the fuel blending islands 24, 50, and 58 Figures 2, 3, and 4, respectively, which are not operated to their open condition unless a designated fuel or blend of fuel is
25 available from the associated blending pump 26 for delivery to a vehicle 22. On site computer systems (not shown) also include any necessary hardware and software for operating pumps 26, and 68 to provide required fuels to be delivered to the vehicles 22.

[0031] As previously mentioned, other hardware/software (not shown) is included in the system to permit wireless communication between a consumer and a given dispenser 26, 68, or charging system 78, and/or the C-Store 14.

- 5 [0032] Note that existing technology is expected to be utilized for the hydrogen fuel delivery area or island 67. Also, existing technology is expected to be used for the battery recharging island 77.

[0033] Further operation of the inventive Future Service Station 2 will now
10 be described. Typically, a consumer upon driving his/her vehicle into the service station 2 is directed by signage to an appropriate fueling location. Gasoline powered, diesel powered, HCCI powered, hybrid engine powered, and some fuel cell powered vehicles 22 will be directed to the fueling islands 24, 50, or 58. Also powered vehicles 22 that require compressed hydrogen fuel are
15 directed to a hydrogen fueling island 67. Lastly, electric powered vehicles are directed to a battery recharging island 77.

[0034] In this example, upon arriving at a given refueling island, a vehicle 22 will automatically communicate via its onboard wireless communication system
20 with the wireless communicator 16 associated with a given one of the aforesaid islands. Information from a vehicle 22 typically will provide fuel type properties required for the vehicle 22 (e.g., gasoline, diesel, HCCI, hydrogen, or electricity, along with required liquid fuel octane levels, sulfur levels, and additive requirements). Vehicle 22 will also communicate its maintenance history (e.g.,
25 mileage at the last oil change, condition of oil, and so forth), and inspection information as to when the vehicle 22 is next due for inspection.

[0035] The wireless communicator 16 associated with a given dispenser 26, 68 is next made operative to communicate to the consumer via a visual display

(not shown) located on the associated fuel pump 26, 68 or communicate directly to the vehicle for displaying on an onboard display system of the vehicle (not shown) a suggestion that the consumer set up an appointment for a needed oil change, vehicle inspection, or other maintenance requirement, if appropriate.

- 5 Also the convenience or C-Store 14 will communicate or send advertisements to a vehicle 22. Wireless communicator 16 will also inquire whether the associated consumer expects to do any abnormally severe driving, such as pulling a trailer up a hill for a 100 miles, or traveling extremely long distances. Also, the consumer will be prompted by the wireless communicator 16 to indicate the
10 amount of fuel that is to be purchased for the vehicle.

- [0036] In this embodiment of the invention, examples of actions required for the consumer to perform will be to request a specific amount of fuel, schedule vehicle maintenance or inspection, convey any expected abnormal driving
15 conditions to the wireless communicator 16, select upgraded fuel additive to improve vehicle performance (if appropriate), and order food or other items from the C-Store 14.

- [0037] Upon receiving the replies from the consumer, the wireless
20 communicator 16 will then program the associated dispenser 26, 68 for providing the required fuel based on the vehicle requirements and expected driving conditions. If necessary, the required fuel is internally blended via the associated dispenser 26 through use of the fuels available from the underground storage tanks 4, while at the same time adding any required additives from the
25 associated Additive Tank 40. A hydrogen fueling dispenser 68 will be programmed to dispense compressed hydrogen from an aboveground storage tank 74, if the required fuel is hydrogen for fuel cell powered vehicles 22. Similarly, if the vehicle 22 is a pure electric vehicle, the electric vehicle recharging island 77 will be programmed for recharging the vehicle's batteries

(not shown) via an electric cable having an appropriate connector for attachment to the battery system of the vehicle 22. For liquid fuel vehicles, key fuel quality parameters, such as sulfur content, are checked by the system before delivering the fuel to a vehicle 22. Where appropriate, filters, traps, and so forth are
5 included in the present inventive system for removing trace levels of various contaminants, such as sulfur. Depending upon the local regulations, either a consumer or a station attendant will be instructed to dispense the desired amount of fuel to the vehicle 22. Shutoff valves will be turned off immediately if the quality of fuel is determined to not be consistent with the requirements of the
10 particular vehicle 22 being refueled.

[0038] While waiting for refueling or recharging, a consumer can wirelessly place orders for food, and other necessities, from the convenience store 14. The consumer can also use his/her vehicle communicator to contact the associated
15 wireless communicator 16 to schedule an appointment for vehicle maintenance or inspection. The computerized system of the Future Service Station 2 is also programmed for charging all purchases to a consumer's SpeedPass or credit card. As previously mentioned, the inventive Future Service Station 2 will also have its hardware and computerized system programmed for monitoring the
20 level of fuel at any given time in the underground storage tanks 4, in the Additive Tank 40, and in the compressed hydrogen storage tank 74, for communicating via a wireless communication system 18 with a terminal ordering center 20 for having fuel delivered to the station 2 as required for refueling the aforesaid underground and aboveground tanks. For use of such a
25 communication means, the Future Service Station 2 will minimize run outs of fuel. In addition, monitoring will minimize product contamination from product mixing.

[0039] Lastly, also as previously mentioned above, a liquid fuel tank truck 30 for delivering fuel to the service station 2 will include a product quality sensor to monitor key parameters, such as a sulfur sensor 32, as previously indicated. The tank truck 30 will include valves for terminating fuel delivery if
5 for example the sulfur dispenser 32 senses that the sulfur level is above the predetermined level. These sensors will also insure that only the required amount of fuel product is delivered to the underground storage tanks 4, or any utilized aboveground storage tank.

10 [0040] Although various embodiments of the invention have been shown and described, they are not meant to be limiting, those of skill in the art may recognize various modifications to the embodiments of the present invention, which modifications are meant to be covered by the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. A motorized vehicle service station comprising:
2 means for dispensing a plurality of different fuels to vehicles, said
3 fuels including multiple grades of gasoline, multiple grades of diesel, and blends
4 thereof;
5 means for detecting each vehicle's fuel requirements; and
6 means for restricting fuel delivery to a given vehicle based upon its
7 detected fuel requirements.
- 1 2. A motorized vehicle service station comprising:
2 means for dispensing a plurality of different fuels to vehicles, said
3 fuels including multiple grades of gasoline, multiple grades of diesel, blends
4 thereof, and hydrogen;
5 means for detecting each vehicle's fuel requirements; and
6 means for restricting fuel delivery to a given vehicle based upon its
7 detected fuel requirements.
- 1 3. A motorized vehicle service station comprising:
2 a plurality of service islands each being configured to service
3 particular types of motorized vehicles, including:
4 at least one first island including at least a first liquid fuel
5 blending pump, for refueling gasoline, diesel, and hydrogen powered
6 vehicles, whereby said hydrogen powered vehicles include an onboard
7 reformer for converting gasoline to hydrogen;
8 at least one second island including a hydrogen dispensing
9 system for refueling hydrogen powered vehicles that do not include an
10 onboard reformer;

12 at least one third island including an electric battery recharging
13 system for recharging the batteries of pure electric driven vehicles; and
14 a plurality of underground storage tanks for containing liquid
15 fuel components, said tanks being individually connected to said at least a
16 first liquid fuel blending pump or pumps.

1 4. The service station of Claim 3, further including:
2 an additive tank for containing an additive component required in
3 liquid fuels for powering certain vehicles, said additive tank being connected to
4 said at least a first liquid fuel blending pump.

1 5. The service station of Claim 3, further including:
2 a sulfur sensor for sensing the sulfur content of a fuel component as it
3 is being transferred from a tank truck to one of said plurality of underground
4 storage tanks, said sulfur sensor including means for terminating the fuel
5 component transfer if the sulfur content thereof exceeds a predetermined level.

1 6. The service station of Claim 4, further including:
2 at least a first wireless communicator including means for receiving
3 from an onboard wireless communicator of a vehicle positioned at one of said
4 first through third islands, information regarding said vehicle including fuel type
5 required, the driving condition thereof, the maintenance record thereof, and
6 inspection information;
7 said first wireless communication further including means for
8 transmitting information to said vehicle communicator, including suggested oil
9 change scheduling.

1 7. The service station of Claim 6, further including:
2 a convenience store (C-Store) for providing vehicle occupants with an
3 opportunity to purchase food, drinks, and various other items;
4 said first wireless communicator being programmed for transmitting
5 offerings of said C-Store to said vehicle communicator, for the information of
6 occupants of said vehicle, for receiving orders from said occupants, for
7 transferring the orders to the C-Store, for providing the fuel type required by the
8 vehicle to a control system for said first liquid fuel blending pump to either set-
9 up the latter for dispensing the required fuel type, or terminate its operation if the
10 latter cannot deliver the required fuel.

1 8. The service station of Claim 3, wherein said first liquid fuel
2 blending pump includes a sulfur trap for removing sulfur from selected fuel
3 types to be dispensed.

1 9. The service station of Claim 7, further including:
2 an inventory control system for automatically reordering liquid fuel
3 components, and/or additives, and/or hydrogen, and/or C-Store items, whenever
4 the respective inventory available thereof reduces to a predetermined level.

1 10. The service station of Claim 4, further including:
2 a plurality of wireless communicators each being dedicated to an
3 individual one of said plurality of service islands, respectively, for receiving
4 from an onboard wireless communicator of a vehicle positioned at an associated
5 island information regarding said vehicle including fuel type required, its driving
6 condition, its maintenance record, and its inspection information;
7 said plurality of wireless communicators being responsive to the fuel
8 type or battery recharging required by a given vehicle for activating an
9 associated service island if capable of providing the required service, or

10 preventing activation of the associated service island if it cannot provide the
11 required service.

1 11. The service station of Claim 10, further including each one of
2 said plurality of wireless communicators associated with a first island being
3 programmed to provide the fuel type of a vehicle at the associated island to a
4 controller of the associated first liquid fuel blending pump for programming the
5 blender to blend the fuel components and any necessary additive as required by
6 the type for the associated vehicle.

1 12. The service station of Claim 10, further including at least one of
2 said wireless communicators including means for communicating with a vehicle
3 as it enters the service station, for directing the vehicle to one of said plurality of
4 service islands capable of servicing the vehicle.

1 13. The service station of Claim 6, further including said first
2 wireless communicator including means for communicating with a vehicle as it
3 enters the service station, for directing the vehicle to one of said plurality of
4 service islands capable of servicing the vehicle.

1 14. The service station of Claim 4, wherein said plurality of
2 underground storage tanks include:
3 a first tank containing fuel of 50 to 90 RON with up to 40 ppm S;
4 a second tank containing fuel of greater than 100 RON with zero S
5 content;
6 a third tank containing diesel fuel of greater than 40 CN; and
7 said first through third tanks each being individually connected to said
8 at least a first liquid fuel blending pump, for providing different blended fuels
9 including 87 RON regular grade gasoline with additive, 92 RON super grade

10 gasoline with additive, greater than 100 RON gasoline with 50 to 90 RON
11 gasoline for a dual fuel, greater than 100 RON gasoline with ultra low sulfur for
12 fuel cell driven vehicles having an onboard reformer, greater than 40 CN diesel
13 for standard compression ignition engines, and 50 to 90 RON gasoline with
14 greater than 40 CN diesel without additive for HCCI engines.

1 15. The service station of Claim 4, wherein said plurality of
2 underground storage tanks include:
3 a first tank containing diesel fuel of 20 to 40 CN;
4 a second tank containing low sulfur content diesel fuel of 40 to 55 CN
5 with less than 10 ppm S; and
6 a third tank containing gasoline of 87 RON with zero sulfur content;
7 said first through third tanks each being individually connected to said
8 at least a first liquid fuel blending pump, for providing different blended fuels
9 including 87 RON unleaded gasoline with additive, 87 RON gasoline with no
10 sulfur content for fuel cell driven vehicles having onboard reformers, 20 to 40
11 CN diesel fuel for standard compression ignition engines, and low octane 87
12 RON gasoline blended with 40 to 55 CN diesel without additive for HCCI
13 engines.

1 16. The service station of Claim 4, wherein said plurality of
2 underground storage tanks include:
3 a first tank containing diesel fuel of less than 30 CN;
4 a second tank containing diesel fuel of greater than 50 CN with less
5 than 10 ppm S;
6 a third tank containing gasoline of greater than 100 RON with zero
7 sulfur content;
8 a fourth tank containing gasoline having an RON ranging from 50 to
9 90, with 40 ppm S; and

10 said first through fourth tanks each being individually connected to
11 said at least a first liquid fuel blending pump, for providing different blended fuels
12 including regular gasoline of 87 RON with additive, super gasoline of 92 RON
13 with additive, a dual fuel of greater than 100 RON gasoline blended with less
14 than 50 to 90 RON gasoline, greater than 100 RON with zero content sulfur for
15 fuel cells, 30 CN diesel fuel for standard compression ignition engines, and for
16 HCCI engines a blend of low octane 50 to 90 RON gasoline with 50 CN low
17 sulfur diesel and no additive.

1 17. The service station of Claim 3, wherein said at least a first liquid
2 fuel blending pump includes a sulfur trap for trapping sulfur from fuel being
3 dispensed.

1 18. The service station of Claim 4, wherein said plurality of
2 underground storage tanks include:
3 a first tank containing fuel of 50 to 90 RON with up to 40 ppm S;
4 a second tank containing fuel of greater than 100 RON with zero S
5 content;
6 a third tank containing diesel fuel of greater than 40 CN;
7 said first through third tanks each being individually connected to said
8 at least a first liquid fuel blending pump, for providing different blended fuels
9 including 87 RON regular grade gasoline with additive, 92 RON super grade
10 gasoline with additive, greater than 100 RON gasoline with 50 to 90 RON
11 gasoline for a dual fuel, greater than 100 RON gasoline with ultra low sulfur for
12 fuel cell driven vehicles having an onboard reformer, greater than 40 CN diesel
13 for standard compression ignition engines, and 50 to 90 RON gasoline with
14 greater than 40 CN diesel without additive for HCCI engines;
15 a fourth tank containing diesel fuel of 20 to 40 CN;

16 a fifth tank containing low sulfur content diesel fuel of 40 to 55 CN
17 with less than 10 ppm S; and
18 a sixth tank containing gasoline of 87 RON with zero sulfur content;
19 said fourth through sixth tanks each being individually connected to
20 another first liquid fuel blending pump, for providing different blended fuels
21 including 87 RON unleaded gasoline with additive, 87 RON gasoline with no
22 sulfur content for fuel cell driven vehicles having onboard reformers, 20 to 40
23 CN diesel fuel for standard compression ignition engines, and low
24 octane 87 RON gasoline blended with 40 to 55 CN diesel without additive for
25 HCCI engines;
26 a seventh tank containing diesel fuel of less than 30 CN;
27 an eighth tank containing diesel fuel of greater than 50 CN with less
28 than 10 ppm S;
29 a ninth tank containing gasoline of greater than 100 RON with zero
30 sulfur content;
31 a tenth tank containing gasoline having an RON ranging from 50 to
32 90, with 40 ppm S; and
33 said seventh through tenth tanks each being individually connected to
34 yet another first liquid fuel blending pump, for providing different blended fuels
35 including regular gasoline of 87 RON with additive, super gasoline of 92 RON
36 with additive, a dual fuel of greater than 100 RON gasoline blended with less
37 than 80 RON gasoline, greater than 100 RON with zero content sulfur for fuel
38 cells, 30 CN diesel fuel for standard compression ignition engines, and for HCCI
39 engines a blend of low octane 50 to 90 RON gasoline with 50 CN low sulfur
40 diesel and no additive.

1 19. The service station of Claim 3, wherein said at least a first liquid
2 fuel blending pump includes:

3 an octane sensor system for terminating operation of said pump if the
4 octane level of fuel being dispensed is below that required for a vehicle being
5 refueled.

1 20. The service station of Claim 3, wherein said at least a first liquid
2 fuel blending pump includes:

3 a sulfur sensor for terminating operation of said pump if the sulfur
4 level of fuel being dispensed exceeds a predetermined maximum level for the
5 fuel type required by the vehicle being refueled.