ABSTRACT

A liquid transfer unit for an atomization core is formed by stacking multiple layers of liquid transfer cloth. At least one side of at least one layer of liquid transfer cloth has grains, such that at least two adjacent layers of liquid transfer cloth are not completely attached to each other to form micro-grooves, and the micro-grooves are connected to form a liquid chamber. The heating atomization core comprises the liquid transfer unit and a heating unit attached to the liquid transfer unit, wherein the heating unit is connected to electrode leads. This can make that liquid stored in the liquid chamber can be supplied quickly to improve the liquid transfer efficiency, thus optimizing the atomization effect.

<Figure 1>