MOBILIZATION OF PLURIPOTENT STEM CELLS FOR ISCHEMIC CEREBRAL INFARCTION

ABSTRACT

Provided is a test method comprising a step for measuring the number of SSEA-3-positive pluripotent stem cells present in a blood sample collected from a subject, the test method providing a prognosis for cerebral infarction in the subject, and the diagnosis or prediction of asymptomatic cerebral infarction or the risk of cerebral infarction after a transient ischemic attack in the subject using the number of pluripotent stem cells as an index.

[FIG. 3]