[0027] In one embodiment, the present disclosure provides a therapeutic agent for pustular psoriasis or psoriatic erythroderma that is administered to a psoriasis patient that has been administered with an anti-TNF-alpha antibody, comprising an IL-17RA antagonist as an active ingredient. In another embodiment, there is provided a therapeutic agent for psoriasis that is administered to a psoriasis patient that cannot be treated with an anti-TNF-alpha antibody, comprising an IL-17RA antagonist as an active ingredient. In another embodiment, the present disclosure also intended to provide a method for the treatment of pustular psoriasis or psoriatic erythroderma, comprising administering an IL-17RA antagonist to a psoriasis patient that has been administered with an anti-TNF-alpha antibody. In another embodiment, there is provided a method for the treatment of psoriasis, comprising administering an IL-17RA antagonist to a psoriasis patient that cannot be treated with an anti-TNF-alpha antibody. In another embodiment, there is provided the use of an anti-IL17RA antibody, an antibody fragment thereof, or an antigen-binding fragment thereof for the manufacture of a medicament, wherein the medicament is to be administered to a psoriasis patient that is ineffective to the anti-TNF-alpha antibody or that is of insufficient tolerability to the anti-TNF-alpha antibody.

Solution to Problem

[0027a] In one aspect, there is provided the use of an IL-17RA antagonist in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of pustular psoriasis and psoriatic erythroderma, wherein the medicament is to be administered to a psoriasis patient in which the drug efficacy is insufficient from the first administration or the efficacy of an administered drug comprising an anti-TNF-alpha antagonistic antibody attenuates over the course of the continuous administration, or a psoriasis patient in which severe side effects to a degree at which the patient cannot tolerate occur by the administered drug comprising the anti-TNF-alpha antagonistic antibody; wherein the IL-17RA antagonist is selected from the following a) and b):

a) a monoclonal antibody in which CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 of a heavy chain variable region (VH) of the antibody comprise the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:1, 2, and 3, respectively, and CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 of a light chain variable region (VL) of the antibody comprise the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:4, 5, and 6, respectively; and

b) a monoclonal antibody in which VH of the antibody comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7, and VL of the antibody

comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8.

[0028] The present invention relates to the following (1) to (34).

(1) A therapeutic agent for pustular psoriasis or psoriatic erythroderma that is administered to a psoriasis patient that has been administered with an anti-TNF-alpha antibody, comprising an IL-17RA antagonist as an active ingredient.

(2) The therapeutic agent described in (1), wherein the anti-TNF-alpha antibody is at least one antibody selected from adalimumab, infliximab, certolizumab pegol, certolizumab, and golimumab.

(3) The therapeutic agent described in (1) or (2), wherein the IL-17RA antagonist is an anti-IL-17RA antibody or an antibody fragment thereof.

(4) The therapeutic agent described in (3), wherein the anti-IL-17RA antibody is selected from the following a) and b):

a) a monoclonal antibody in which a complementarity determining region (hereinafter, referred to as CDR)1, CDR2, and CDR3 of a heavy chain variable region (hereinafter, referred to as VH) of the antibody comprise the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:1, 2, and 3, respectively, and CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 of a light chain variable region (hereinafter, referred to as VL) of the antibody comprise the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:4, 5, and 6, respectively; and

b) a monoclonal antibody in which VH of the antibody comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7, and VL of the antibody comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8.

(5) The therapeutic agent described in any one of (1) to (4), wherein the clinical global impression (hereinafter, also referred to as CGI) of a patient after administration of the therapeutic agent becomes 2 or 1.

(6) The therapeutic agent described in any one of (1) to (5), wherein psoriasis area and severity index (hereinafter, referred to as PASI) score of a patient after admin-

Claims

[Claim 1] Use of an IL-17RA antagonist in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of pustular psoriasis and psoriatic erythroderma,

wherein the medicament is to be administered to
a psoriasis patient in which the drug efficacy is insufficient from the first administration or the efficacy of an administered drug comprising an anti-TNF-alpha antagonistic antibody attenuates over the course of the continuous administration, or
a psoriasis patient in which severe side effects to a degree at which the patient cannot tolerate occur by the administered drug comprising the anti-TNF-alpha antagonistic antibody;

wherein the IL-17RA antagonist is selected from the following a) and b):
a) a monoclonal antibody in which CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 of a heavy chain variable region (VH) of the antibody comprise the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:1, 2, and 3, respectively, and CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 of a light chain variable region (VL) of the antibody comprise the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:4, 5, and 6, respectively; and
b) a monoclonal antibody in which VH of the antibody comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:7, and VL of the antibody comprises the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:8.

[Claim 2] The use according to claim 1, wherein the anti-TNF-alpha antagonistic antibody is at least one selected from adalimumab, infliximab, certolizumab pegol, certolizumab, and golimumab.

[Claim 3] The use according to any one of claims 1 to 2, wherein the CGI of a patient after the administration of the IL-17RA antagonist becomes 2 or 1.

[Claim 4] The use according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of a patient after the administration of the IL-17RA antagonist is lower than that before the administration of the antagonist.

[Claim 5] The use according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the IL-17RA antagonist is to be administered in a dose of 140 mg or more.

[Claim 6] The use according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the IL-17RA

antagonist is to be administered in a dose of 140 mg or 210 mg.

[Claim 7] The use according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the IL-17RA antagonist is to be administered in a dose of 140 mg or 210 mg on the 1st day of week 0, the 1st week and the 2nd week, and thereafter once every two weeks.