

SPECIFICATION

METHOD OF EXTRACTING AND MANUFACTURING OYSTER MEAT EXTRACT USING CONTINUOUS CENTRIFUGE

Technical Field

The present invention relates to a method of extracting and manufacturing an oyster meat extract using a continuous centrifuge in which it is possible to efficiently extract an oyster meat extract from, for example, the oyster meat of a raw oyster, and in which a small amount of useful active ingredient present within the oyster meat is extracted without being missed and an oyster meat extract product is manufactured.

Background Art

In recent years, in general, an oyster meat extract product has been increasingly recognized, as a health supplement, to be a significantly excellent product containing a large amount of useful substance.

At present, for example, health supplements of oyster meat extracts that are extracted by various types of extraction methods are being sold (Japanese Unexamined Patent Application Publication No. H10-136946).

Incidentally, in the extraction of oyster meat extract, it is preferable to extract and manufacture it such that it is possible to contain a large amount of substance that contains useful nutrient sources such as glycogen, taurine, protein, and selenium and zinc or the like and that has, as it is called, the effect of reducing the aggregation of

blood platelet or a large amount of active ingredient such as an recently focused antioxidant and that it is possible to efficiently collect it.

Conventionally, in the extraction and manufacturing of oyster meat extract, a so-called natural precipitation method is adopted in which an extraction solution containing the oyster meat extract is agitated, after a predetermined period of time, a so-called precipitate and a supernatant solution that is not precipitated are naturally separated and the active ingredients of the oyster meat extract are extracted from each of them. However, since it is necessary to wait for the predetermined period of time after the agitation in an operation of separating the precipitate and the supernatant solution by the agitation and the natural precipitation method described above, this method disadvantageously and inevitably requires a predetermined standby time and is not suitable for mass production.

In other words, since there is conventionally no device that can continuously perform the operation of separating the precipitate and the supernatant solution by the agitation and the precipitation described above, in order to perform a processing operation of extracting a large amount of oyster meat extract, it is disadvantageously necessary to take a long time for the operation of agitation, precipitation and separation.

[Patent document 1] Japanese Unexamined Patent Application Publication No. H10-136946

Disclosure of the Invention

Problems to be Solved by the Invention

In view of the forgoing problem, the present invention is made and an object of the present invention is to provide a breakthrough method of extracting and manufacturing an oyster meat extract using a continuous centrifuge that can perform an operation of significantly efficiently extracting and manufacturing the oyster meat extract because an operation of agitating a solution containing the oyster meat extract, an operation of separating a precipitate by so-called natural precipitation and a supernatant solution which is not precipitated and furthermore an operation of extracting active ingredients of the oyster meat extract from the precipitate and the supernatant solution, which are conventionally and inevitably needed, and forcible separation are performed without depending on the natural precipitation, the separation operation can be continuously performed, thereby the operation time for the agitation, the precipitation and the separation can be significantly reduced and, in particular, it is not necessary to wait for a standby time needed until the precipitate is precipitated.

Means for Solving the Problem

The present invention is characterized as follows.

A method of extracting and manufacturing an oyster meat extract using a continuous centrifuge including: a storage member that has a storage space portion therewithin; a rotary shaft portion that is arranged within the storage member and that is configured to be rotatable with a longitudinal direction being a center shaft

direction; a rotary member that has a plurality of rotary blades spaced a distance apart from an outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion; a rotary means that rotates the rotary member; an injection portion that continuously injects a solution to be separated into the storage space portion; a discharge portion that centrifuges the solution injected from the injection portion and that continuously discharges a separated fluid from a side portion of the storage space portion; and a solution discharge portion that continuously discharges a remaining solution separated from the fluid, wherein a step of extracting the oyster meat extract from oyster meat, concentrating the extracted oyster meat extract, adding an ethanol solution to the solution containing the concentrated oyster meat extract and agitating and separating the solution is a centrifuging step using the continuous centrifuge,

in the centrifuging step, the solution containing the extracted and concentrated oyster meat extract is fed out from a left-side pipe to a feed-out tube such that an amount of the solution which is fed out can be adjusted, the ethanol solution is fed out from a right-side pipe to the feed-out tube such that a concentration of the ethanol solution can be adjusted and that an amount of the ethanol solution which is fed out can be adjusted, both the solutions are continuously fed out to the injection portion and both the solutions continuously fed out are stored in the storage member,

both the solutions in the storage member are agitated by rotating the storage member, and a centrifuging operation is performed, the fluid is brought, by the rotation, close to a side of an apex angle portion of a side wall of the storage member which is recessed in a triangular shape,

when a predetermined amount of the fluid is collected in the side of the apex angle

portion of the side wall of the storage member which is recessed in the triangular shape, an opening and closing operation is performed by an operation liquid, and a plurality of discharge holes that are spaced a predetermined distance apart in a circumferential direction in the apex angle portion of the side wall which is recessed in the triangular shape are opened,

the fluid is continuously discharged by a plurality of the discharge holes through the discharge portion to an outside,

the remaining solution separated from the fluid is moved to an upper portion of the storage member by rotation of a plurality of the rotary blades extending outward in a shape of a skirt from the outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion, and is continuously discharged from the solution discharge portion arranged in the upper portion of the storage member, and

the remaining solution continuously discharged is concentrated, thereafter the ethanol solution of a predetermined concentration is added again thereto, and the resulting solution is separated with a second continuous centrifuge and is continuously discharged from the solution discharge portion, or

a method of manufacturing an oyster meat extract, the method including: an extraction step of storing raw oyster meat in an extraction container where a solution is stored and extracting, within the extraction container, the oyster meat extract from the raw oyster meat;

a step of concentrating the oyster meat extract extracted in the extraction step;

an agitation step of adding an ethanol solution to the concentrated oyster meat extract and performing agitation; and

a concentration step of concentrating a precipitate obtained after the agitation, wherein the agitation step is a centrifuging step using a continuous centrifuge, the continuous centrifuge includes: a storage member that has a storage space portion therewithin; a rotary shaft portion that is arranged within the storage member and that is configured to be rotatable with a longitudinal direction being a center shaft direction; a rotary member that has a plurality of rotary blades spaced a distance apart from an outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion; a rotary means that rotates the rotary member; an injection portion that continuously injects a solution to be separated into the storage space portion; a discharge portion that centrifuges the solution injected from the injection portion and that continuously discharges a separated fluid from a side portion of the storage space portion; and a solution discharge portion that continuously discharges a remaining solution separated from the fluid,

in the centrifuging step, the solution containing the extracted and concentrated oyster meat extract is fed out from a left-side pipe to a feed-out tube such that an amount of the solution which is fed out can be adjusted, the ethanol solution is fed out from a right-side pipe to the feed-out tube such that an amount of the ethanol solution which is fed out can be adjusted, both the solutions are continuously fed out to the injection portion and both the solutions continuously fed out are stored in the storage member,

both the solutions in the storage member are agitated by rotating the rotary member, and a centrifuging operation is performed, the fluid is brought, by the rotation, close to a side of an apex angle portion of a side wall of the storage member which is recessed in a triangular shape,

when the fluid is collected in the side of the apex angle portion of the side wall of the storage member which is recessed in the triangular shape, an opening and closing operation is performed by an operation liquid, and a plurality of discharge holes that are spaced a predetermined distance apart in a circumferential direction in the apex angle portion of the side wall which is recessed in the triangular shape are opened,

the fluid is continuously discharged by a plurality of the discharge holes through the discharge portion to an outside, the remaining solution separated from the fluid is moved to an upper portion of the storage member by rotation of a plurality of the rotary blades extending outward in a shape of a skirt from the outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion, and is continuously discharged from the solution discharge portion arranged in the upper portion of the storage member, and

the remaining solution continuously discharged is concentrated, thereafter the ethanol solution of a predetermined concentration is added again thereto, and the resulting solution is separated with a second continuous centrifuge and is continuously discharged from the solution discharge portion, or

a plurality of the rotary blades are spaced the distance apart from the outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion provided in the center shaft in the center shaft direction, and are formed to extend radially or

the rotary shaft portion is formed with a tube-shaped member, and a hollow portion therewithin is used as an introduction path for the solution injected from the injection portion.

Advantages of the Invention

In a method of extracting and manufacturing an oyster meat extract using a continuous centrifuge according to the present invention, the following excellent effects are made: an operation of agitating a solution containing the oyster meat extract, an operation of separating a precipitate by so-called natural precipitation and a supernatant solution which is not precipitated and an operation of extracting active ingredients of the oyster meat extract from the precipitate and the supernatant solution, which are conventionally and inevitably needed, and forcible separation are performed without depending on the natural precipitation, the separation operation can be continuously performed, thereby the operation time for the agitation and the separation can be significantly reduced and moreover, it is not necessary to wait for a standby time needed until the precipitate is precipitated. Therefore it is possible to significantly efficiently perform an operation of extracting and manufacturing the oyster meat extract.

Brief Description of Drawings

Fig. 1 is a configuration illustrative diagram (part 1) that illustrates the configuration of a continuous centrifuge;

Fig. 2 is a configuration illustrative diagram (part 2) that illustrates the configuration of a continuous centrifuge;

Fig. 3 is a illustrative diagram (part 1) that illustrates a step of manufacturing an oyster meat extract; and

Fig. 4 is a configuration illustrative diagram that illustrates the configuration of a

second continuous centrifuge.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

A preferred embodiment of the present invention will be described below.

Fig. 1 shows the configuration of a continuous centrifuge 1 according to the present invention. The continuous centrifuge 1 is configured to include a storage member 3 that has a storage space portion 2 therewithin a rotary member 5 that are arranged in the center position within the storage member 3 and that has a plurality of rotary blades 4 which can be rotated in a longitudinal direction, here, with a vertical direction being a center shaft direction, a rotary device 6 that rotates the rotary member 5, an injection portion 7 that continuously injects, into the storage space portion 2, an extraction mixture solution 23 obtained by mixing an extraction solution 27 which extracts and concentrates an oyster meat extract from oyster meat and an ethanol solution 28 of a predetermined concentration, a discharge portion 8 that centrifuges the extraction mixture solution 23 injected from the injection portion 7 and that continuously discharges, from a side portion of the storage space portion 2, a separated fluid 12 (a natural precipitate by the conventional natural precipitation method), and a remaining solution discharge portion 9 that continuously discharges the remaining solution 19 (an supernatant solution by the conventional natural precipitation method) separated from the fluid 12.

Here, the rotary device 6 is configured to include a rotary shaft 10 that is provided to protrude upward from the substantially center of the bottom portion of the continuous centrifuge 1 and a rotary member (not shown), such as a motor, that rotates

the rotary shaft 10 in the longitudinal direction (in the present embodiment, in the vertical direction) as the direction of rotation.

In the direction of an end of the rotary shaft 10, the rotary member 5 is attached, and the rotary member 5 is configured to rotate together with the rotary shaft 10. As is understood from Fig. 1, the rotary member 5 includes a rotary shaft portion 11 which has a hollow portion therewithin and which is formed in the shape of a cylinder, and, on the outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion 11, the rotary blades 4 extending outward in the shape of a skirt are attached to be spaced a predetermined distance apart in the vertical direction.

In the end side of the rotary shaft portion 11, the end portion of a pipe-shaped injection tube 13 provided to droop from above is inserted, and a portion between the injection tube 13 and the rotary shaft portion 11 is hermetically configured such that the rotary shaft portion 11 can rotate.

As described above and shown in Fig. 1, from the base end side 24 of the injection tube 13, the extraction mixture solution 23 obtained by adding the ethanol solution 28 of the predetermined concentration to a concentrated liquid (the extraction solution 27) where the extraction liquid of the oyster meat extract to be centrifuged is concentrated is continuously fed out from a feed-out tube 14 to the injection tube 13.

A description will be given with reference to Fig. 2. A left branch tube 25 and a right branch tube 26 are connected to the upper portion of the feed-out tube 14 such that the left branch tube 25 and the right branch tube 26 communicate with the feed-out tube 14 in leftward and rightward directions. The concentrated liquid (the extraction solution 27) of the extracted oyster meat extract is continuously fed out

from the left branch tube 25 to the feed-out tube 14, and the ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration is continuously fed out from the right branch tube 26 to the feed-out tube 14. Here, the amount of concentrated liquid (the extraction solution 27) of the extracted oyster meat extract that is fed out from the left branch tube 25 and the amount of ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration that is continuously fed out from the right branch tube 26 are controlled by a control device 29.

Specifically, an opening and closing member 30 is provided in each of the left branch tube 25 and the right branch tube 26, and, with the opening and closing member 30, it is possible to adjust, by an instruction from the control device 29, the amount of concentrated liquid (the extraction solution 27) of the extracted oyster meat extract that is fed out from the left branch tube 25 and the amount of ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration that is fed out from the right branch tube 26.

In this way, it is possible to freely adjust the ratio between the extraction solution 27 and the ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration in the extraction mixture solution 23.

As described above, it is possible not only to change the concentration of the ethanol solution but also to control the ratio between the amount of extraction solution 27 and the amount of ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration, and thus it is possible to control the amount of active ingredient of the oyster meat extract acquired by being centrifuged and the type of active ingredient that can be acquired.

As described above, the fluid 12 (the conventional precipitate) is continuously discharged from the discharge portion 8 by the continuous centrifuging operation, and

the remaining solution 19 (the conventional supernatant solution) separated from the fluid 12 is continuously discharged from the remaining solution discharge portion 9, and in order to be able to correspond to these amounts of discharge, the control device 29 adjusts the amount of concentrated liquid (the extraction solution 27) of the oyster meat extract that is fed out and the amount of ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration that is fed out.

One way to perform such adjustment is that the control device 29 detects, with a sensor, the amount of extraction mixture solution 23 stored in the storage member 3, detects a detection signal indicating, for example, a reduction in the amount of storage and controls the adjustment with the detection signal.

Then, the extraction mixture solution 23 of the concentrated liquid (the extraction solution 27) of the oyster meat extract fed from the injection tube 13 and the ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration passes through an introduction path 15 formed within the rotary shaft portion 11 and is introduced from the lower side of the introduction path 15 into the storage member 3.

When a predetermined amount of extraction mixture solution 23 is stored in the storage member 3, the rotary member 5 described above rotates in the vertical direction as the rotary shaft at high speed. As described above, the rotary member 5 is provided with a plurality of rotary blades 4 and while the rotary blades 4 are rotating, the extraction mixture solution 23 within the storage member 3 is agitated and the centrifuging operation is performed.

Although in general, conventionally, the natural precipitation of a precipitate is waited for a predetermined time period after the agitation, and after the completion of

the natural precipitation, the extraction mixture solution 23 is separated into the supernatant solution in the upper portion and the precipitate and they are taken out. However, in this continuous centrifuge 1, the conventional precipitate to be precipitated is brought, by a rotation, close to the side of an apex angle portion of the side wall of the storage member 3 that is recessed in a triangular shape, and is continuously discharged from a discharge hole 16 provided in the apex angle portion of the side wall recessed in the triangular shape. In other words, without depending on the natural precipitation as in the conventional method, the extraction mixture solution 23 is forcibly separated into the precipitate and the supernatant solution in a short period of time.

A plurality of discharge holes 16 are spaced a predetermined distance apart in a circumferential direction in the apex angle portion of the side wall of the storage member 3 that is recessed in the triangular shape.

Incidentally, the discharge hole 16 is first not opened. When in a position close to the discharge hole 16, a predetermined amount of fluid 12 is collected as the conventional precipitate by the centrifuging operation, and is detected, for example, an operation liquid 18 is operated, and thus the discharge hole 16 is opened or closed; when the discharge hole 16 is opened, the fluid 12 can be smoothly discharged to the outside (see Fig. 2).

In the continuous centrifuge 1 of the present invention, it is possible to control, with a rotation control portion 32, the number of revolutions of the rotary member 5 described above.

Although, in general, the continuous centrifuge 1 is operated at a number of

revolutions of, for example, about 2000 rpm, when the number of revolutions is increased to be equal to or more than that, the centrifugal acceleration is rapidly increased, and it is possible to obtain a value of, for example, about $8000 \times g$, with the result that it is possible to expect to extract a large amount of active ingredient of the oyster meat extract in a short period of time.

The number of revolutions described above is controlled to be changed, and thus it is possible to select or increase or decrease the amount of or the type of active ingredient of the oyster meat extract contained within the separated fluid 12 (the natural precipitate by the conventional natural precipitation method). This is because, by performing the forcible centrifuging operation, even an active ingredient that is not precipitated by the conventional natural precipitation method is contained within the fluid 12.

Furthermore, it is possible to select or increase or decrease the amount of or the type of active ingredient of the oyster meat extract contained within the remaining solution 19 (the supernatant solution by the conventional natural precipitation method) separated from the fluid 12.

It is found that, as will be described later, the remaining solution 19 (the supernatant solution by the conventional natural precipitation method) separated forcibly by the continuous centrifuge is further concentrated to produce the concentrated liquid, the ethanol solution 28 of the predetermined concentration is added to the concentrated liquid, they are centrifuged again with, for example, a second continuous centrifuge 33, and thus a large amount of antioxidant is contained within the remaining solution 34 (the supernatant solution by the conventional natural

precipitation method) by the centrifuging operation. This will be described later.

Here, a brief description will be given of the method of extracting the oyster meat extract extraction solution 27 injected into the continuous centrifuge 1 of the present invention.

As shown in Fig. 3, within a kettle-shaped extraction container 20 that stores a solution 22 such as water and that is formed in the shape of a so-called hemisphere, strip-off raw oyster meat 21, as it is, is carefully stored without being ground.

Then, within the extraction container 20, the oyster meat extract extraction step is performed by a step such as thermal extraction, room temperature extraction, normal pressure extraction, pressurized extraction or depressurized extraction.

Here, a case where the pressurized extraction is selected in the extraction selection step described above will be described. The extraction container 20 is first closed and pressurized.

The degree of the pressurization is not limited at all, and 1 atmosphere or more is applied. For example, about 1.1 to 2.5 atmospheres are preferable. A time period during which the pressure is applied is not limited, and a time period of about 5 to 60 minutes is preferable. In this case, the temperature ranges from 75 °C to 120°C, and as the pressure is applied, the temperature is increased as compared with normal pressure.

In the pressurized extraction described above, it is not necessary to perform agitation within the extraction container 20 so as not to damage the strip-off oyster meat. This is because, in the present invention, it is possible to efficiently perform extraction without agitation. If agitation is performed, active ingredients to be

extracted may be damaged.

Hence, various types of active ingredients are efficiently extracted from the raw oyster meat. Then, the various types of active ingredients are efficiently dissolved into the solution 22 such as water within the extraction container 20.

A significantly larger extraction amount has been confirmed as compared with extraction under normal pressure. Even when the extraction time is significantly reduced as compared with the conventional method, it is possible to extract the same amount.

Then, the extraction solution in which the oyster meat extract is extracted from the raw oyster meat described above is concentrated.

Here, the method of concentrating the aqueous solution is not limited at all, and preferably, the concentration can be performed such that a solid content of the extracted oyster meat extract is, for example, about 15 to 45 (W/W)% .

In the concentration, the temperature is normally increased, and the operation is performed at a temperature range of 60 to 70°C or more, however, when a depressurization low-temperature heating concentration method is adopted, it is possible to perform the operation at a lower temperature.

What type of concentration operation is performed is not limited at all in the present invention. Instead of the depressurization low-temperature heating concentration method described above, for example, concentration by normal-pressure heating, concentration using a membrane, concentration by pressurizing heating or the like may be performed.

Conventionally, the ethanol solution is added to the concentrated liquid of the

predetermined concentration, and, for example, the natural precipitation of the oyster meat extract is waited for a predetermined time period after the agitation is performed. However, in the present invention, as described above, the continuous centrifuge 1 is used to perform the forcible separation.

Then, the fluid 12 is continuously acquired as the conventional precipitate by continuous centrifuging, and it is dried to produce dried oyster meat extract.

As described above, in the present invention, it is possible to extract and manufacture the oyster meat extract in a short period of time and continuously while having a high content and a high degree of extraction of a substance that contains taurine, glycogen, protein, zinc or the like and that has, as it is called, the effect of reducing the aggregation of blood platelet, a vitamin and another useful substance (see Fig. 3).

As described above, in the present invention, it is possible to extract and manufacture, with the continuous centrifuge 1 described above, a large amount of oyster meat extract in a short period of time while having a high content and a high degree of extraction of a substance that contains taurine, glycogen, protein, zinc or the like and that has, as it is called, the effect of reducing the aggregation of blood platelet, a vitamin and another useful substance.

In the centrifuging operation with the continuous centrifuge 1 of the present invention, it is found that, within the so-called remaining solution 19 corresponding to the supernatant solution in the conventional precipitation method, a large amount of adenosine or antioxidant is contained. Hence, as described above, in the present invention, the concentrated liquid 31 is produced from the remaining solution 19

separated with the continuous centrifuge 1, and is fed out to the second continuous centrifuge 33 shown in Fig. 4.

As a description will be given with reference to Fig. 4, the left branch tube 25 and the right branch tube 26 are connected to the upper portion of the feed-out tube 14 in the second continuous centrifuge 33 such that the left branch tube 25 and the right branch tube 26 communicate with the feed-out tube 14 in leftward and rightward directions. The concentrated liquid 31 of the remaining solution 19 centrifuged once is continuously fed out from the left branch tube 25 to the feed-out tube 14. The ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration, for example, 80% is continuously fed out from the right branch tube 26 to the feed-out tube 14.

Even in the second continuous centrifuge 33, the opening and closing member 30 is provided in each of the left branch tube 25 and the right branch tube 26, and it is possible to adjust, by an instruction from the control device 29, the amount of concentrated liquid 31 of the remaining solution 19 that is fed out from the left branch tube 25 and the amount of ethanol solution 28 set at the predetermined concentration that is fed out from the right branch tube 26.

Then, by the continuous centrifuging operation with the second continuous centrifuge 33, the extraction mixture solution 35 composed of the concentrated liquid 31 of the remaining solution 19 centrifuged once and the ethanol solution 28 of the predetermined concentration is centrifuged with the second continuous centrifuge 33, the fluid 12 (the conventional precipitate) is continuously discharged from the discharge portion 8, and the remaining solution 34 separated from the fluid 12 is continuously discharged from the remaining solution discharge portion 9.

Hence, as described above, the remaining solution 19 corresponding to the conventional supernatant solution is concentrated again, the ethanol solution 28 of the predetermined concentration is added to the concentrated liquid 31 to obtain the remaining solution 34, and it is centrifuged continuously a plurality of times.

In this way, it is possible to extract and manufacture the oyster meat extract containing a large amount of adenosine or antioxidant from the remaining solution 34 corresponding to the conventional supernatant solution.

Although in this embodiment, the description has been given using the example where the continuous centrifuging is performed twice, the present invention is not limited to the continuous centrifuging operation in which continuous centrifuging is performed twice. A continuous centrifuging operation in which continuous centrifuging is performed twice or more may be performed.

List of Reference Symbols

- 1 continuous centrifuge
- 2 storage space portion
- 3 storage member
- 4 rotary blade
- 5 rotary member
- 6 rotary device
- 7 injection portion
- 8 discharge portion
- 9 remaining solution discharge portion

- 10 rotary shaft
- 11 rotary shaft portion
- 12 fluid
- 13 injection tube
- 14 feed-out tube
- 15 introduction path
- 16 discharge hole
- 17 feed-out hole
- 18 operation liquid
- 19 remaining solution
- 20 extraction container
- 21 raw oyster meat
- 22 solution
- 23 extraction mixture solution
- 24 base end side of the injection tube
- 25 left branch tube
- 26 right branch tube
- 27 extraction solution
- 28 ethanol solution
- 29 control device
- 30 opening and closing member
- 31 concentrated liquid of the remaining solution
- 32 rotation control portion

33 second continuous centrifuge

34 remaining solution

35 extraction mixture solution

CLAIMS

1. A method of extracting and manufacturing an oyster meat extract using a continuous centrifuge comprising:

a storage member that has a storage space portion therewithin;

a rotary shaft portion that is arranged within the storage member and that is configured to be rotatable with a longitudinal direction being a center shaft direction;

a rotary member that has a plurality of rotary blades spaced a distance apart from an outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion;

a rotary means that rotates the rotary member;

an injection portion that continuously injects a solution to be separated into the storage space portion;

a discharge portion that centrifuges the solution injected from the injection portion and that continuously discharges a separated fluid from a side portion of the storage space portion; and

a solution discharge portion that continuously discharges a remaining solution separated from the fluid,

wherein a step of extracting the oyster meat extract from oyster meat, concentrating the extracted oyster meat extract, adding an ethanol solution to the solution containing the concentrated oyster meat extract and agitating and separating the solution is a centrifuging step using the continuous centrifuge,

in the centrifuging step, the solution containing the extracted and concentrated oyster meat extract is fed out from a left-side pipe to a feed-out tube such that an amount of the

solution which is fed out can be adjusted, the ethanol solution is fed out from a right-side pipe to the feed-out tube such that a concentration of the ethanol solution can be adjusted and that an amount of the ethanol solution which is fed out can be adjusted, both the solutions are continuously fed out to the injection portion and both the solutions continuously fed out are stored in the storage member,

both the solutions are agitated by rotating the rotary member, and a centrifuging operation is performed,

the fluid is brought, by the rotation, close to a side of an apex angle portion of a side wall of the storage member which is recessed in a triangular shape,

when a predetermined amount of the fluid is collected in the side of the apex angle portion of the side wall of the storage member which is recessed in the triangular shape, an opening and closing operation is performed by an operation liquid, and a plurality of discharge holes that are spaced a predetermined distance apart in a circumferential direction in the apex angle portion of the side wall which is recessed in the triangular shape are opened,

the fluid is continuously discharged by a plurality of the discharge holes through the discharge portion to an outside,

the remaining solution separated from the fluid is moved to an upper portion of the storage member by rotation of a plurality of the rotary blades extending outward in a shape of a skirt from the outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion, and is continuously discharged from the solution discharge portion arranged in the upper portion of the storage member, and

the remaining solution continuously discharged is concentrated, thereafter the ethanol solution of a predetermined concentration is added again thereto, the resulting solution is

separated with a second continuous centrifuge and is continuously discharged from the solution discharge portion.

2. A method of manufacturing an oyster meat extract using a continuous centrifuge, the method comprising:

an extraction step of storing raw oyster meat in an extraction container where a solution is stored and extracting, within the extraction container, the oyster meat extract from the raw oyster meat;

a step of concentrating the oyster meat extract extracted in the extraction step;

an agitation step of adding an ethanol solution to the concentrated oyster meat extract and performing agitation; and

a concentration step of concentrating a precipitate obtained after the agitation, wherein the agitation step is a centrifuging step using a continuous centrifuge,

the continuous centrifuge includes:

a storage member that has a storage space portion therewithin;

a rotary shaft portion that is arranged within the storage member and that is configured to be rotatable with a longitudinal direction being a center shaft direction;

a rotary member that has a plurality of rotary blades spaced a distance apart from an outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion;

a rotary means that rotates the rotary member;

an injection portion that injects a solution to be separated into the storage space portion;

a discharge portion that centrifuges the solution injected from the injection

portion and that continuously discharges a separated fluid from a side portion of the storage space portion; and

a solution discharge portion that continuously discharges a remaining solution separated from the fluid,

in the centrifuging step, the solution containing the extracted and concentrated oyster meat extract is fed out from a left-side pipe to a feed-out tube such that an amount of the solution which is fed out can be adjusted, the ethanol solution is fed out from a right-side pipe to the feed-out tube such that an amount of the ethanol solution which is fed out can be adjusted, both the solutions are continuously fed out to the injection portion and both the solutions continuously fed out are stored in the storage member,

both the solutions are agitated by rotating the rotary member, and a centrifuging operation is performed, the fluid is brought, by the rotation, close to a side of an apex angle portion of a side wall of the storage member which is recessed in a triangular shape,

when the fluid is collected in the side of the apex angle portion of the side wall of the storage member which is recessed in the triangular shape, an opening and closing operation is performed by an operation liquid, and a plurality of discharge holes that are spaced a predetermined distance apart in a circumferential direction in the apex angle portion of the side wall which is recessed in the triangular shape are opened,

the fluid is continuously discharged by a plurality of the discharge holes through the discharge portion to an outside, the remaining solution separated from the fluid is moved to an upper portion of the storage member by rotation of a plurality of the rotary blades extending outward in a shape of a skirt from the outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion, and is continuously discharged from the solution discharge portion arranged in the upper portion of

the storage member, and

the remaining solution continuously discharged is concentrated, thereafter the ethanol solution of a predetermined concentration is added again thereto, the resulting solution is separated with a second continuous centrifuge and is continuously discharged from the solution discharge portion.

3. A method of extracting and manufacturing the oyster meat extract using the continuous centrifuge of claim 1 or 2,

Wherein a plurality of the rotary blades are spaced the distance apart from the outer circumference of the rotary shaft portion provided in the center shaft in the center shaft direction, and are formed to extend radially.

4. A method of extracting and manufacturing the oyster meat extract using the continuous centrifuge of claim 3,

wherein the rotary shaft portion is formed with a tube-shaped member, and a hollow portion therewithin is used as an introduction path for the solution injected from the injection portion.