C L A I M S

1. A method for wireless communication, comprising:

receiving, by a first node, a downlink control information (DCI) command scheduling a transmission of a first signal comprising a physical downlink shared channel (PDSCH);

determining, by the first node, a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state for transmission of a second signal based on the DCI command, wherein the second signal comprises an uplink signal, and wherein the TCI state is indicated by at least one TCI field and comprises a quasi-co location (QCL) type D reference signal, wherein the TCI state is determined after one or more symbols after transmission of a response signal by the first node in response to the DCI command, and wherein the response signal comprises a hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) signal for the PDSCH scheduled by the DCI command; and

communicating, by the first node, the second signal with a second node according to the TCI state.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the second signal comprises at least one of: a physical uplink control channel (PUCCH), a channel-state information reference signal (CSI-RS), a sounding reference signal (SRS), or a physical uplink shared channel (PUSCH).

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the TCI state is determined according to a second transmission parameter in a radio resource control (RRC) signaling.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the second transmission parameter is configured as enabled.

5. The method of claim 3, wherein the second signal comprises a sounding reference signal (SRS).

6. A wireless communications apparatus comprising:

a memory storing a plurality of instructions; and

a processor configured to execute the plurality of instructions, and upon execution of the plurality of instructions, is configured to:

receive a downlink control information (DCI) command scheduling a transmission of a first signal comprising a physical downlink shared channel (PDSCH);

determine a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state for transmission of a second signal based on the DCI command, wherein the second signal comprises an uplink signal, and wherein the TCI state is indicated by at least one TCI field and comprises a quasi-co location (QCL) type D reference signal, wherein the TCI state is determined after one or more symbols after transmission of a response signal by the wireless communications apparatus in response to the DCI command, and wherein the response signal comprises a hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) signal for the PDSCH scheduled by the DCI command; and

communicate the second signal with a second node according to the TCI state.

7. The wireless communications apparatus of claim 6, wherein the second signal comprises at least one of: a physical uplink control channel (PUCCH), a channel-state information reference signal (CSI-RS), a sounding reference signal (SRS), or a physical uplink shared channel (PUSCH).

8. The wireless communications apparatus of claim 6, wherein the processor is configured to determine the TCI state for the transmission of the second signal according to a second transmission parameter in a radio resource control (RRC) signaling.

9. The wireless communications apparatus of claim 8, wherein the second transmission parameter is configured as enabled.

10. The wireless communications apparatus of claim 8, wherein the second signal comprises a sounding reference signal (SRS).

11. A method for wireless communication, comprising:

transmitting, by a second node, a downlink control information (DCI) command scheduling a transmission of a first signal comprising a physical downlink shared channel (PDSCH), wherein the DCI command indicates to a first node receiving the DCI command to determine a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state for transmission of a second signal based on the DCI command, wherein the second signal comprises an uplink signal, and wherein the TCI state is indicated by at least one TCI field and comprises a quasi-co location (QCL) type D reference signal, wherein the TCI state is caused to be determined after one or more symbols after transmission of a response signal by the first node in response to the DCI command, and wherein the response signal comprises a hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) signal for the PDSCH scheduled by the DCI command; and

communicating, by the second node, the second signal with the first node according to the TCI state.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein the second signal comprises at least one of: a physical uplink control channel (PUCCH), a channel-state information reference signal (CSI-RS), a sounding reference signal (SRS), or a physical uplink shared channel (PUSCH).

13. The method of claim 11, wherein the TCI state for the transmission of the second signal is determined according to a second transmission parameter in a radio resource control (RRC) signaling.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the second transmission parameter is configured as enabled.

15. The method of claim 13, wherein the second signal comprises a sounding reference signal (SRS).

16. A wireless communications apparatus comprising:

a memory storing a plurality of instructions; and

a processor configured to execute the plurality of instructions, and upon execution of the plurality of instructions, is configured to:

transmit a downlink control information (DCI) command scheduling a transmission of a first signal comprising a physical downlink shared channel (PDSCH), wherein the DCI command indicates to a first node receiving the DCI command to determine a transmission configuration indicator (TCI) state for transmission of a second signal based on the DCI command, wherein the second signal comprises an uplink signal, and wherein the TCI state is indicated by at least one TCI field and comprises a quasi-co location (QCL) type D reference signal, wherein the TCI state is caused to be determined after one or more symbols after transmission of a response signal by the first node in response to the DCI command, and wherein the response signal comprises a hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) signal for the PDSCH scheduled by the DCI command; and

communicate the second signal with the first node according to the TCI state.

17. The wireless communications apparatus of claim 16, wherein the second signal comprises at least one of: a physical uplink control channel (PUCCH), a channel-state information reference signal (CSI-RS), a sounding reference signal (SRS), or a physical uplink shared channel (PUSCH).

18. The wireless communications apparatus of claim 16, wherein the TCI state for the transmission of the second signal is determined according to a second transmission parameter in a radio resource control (RRC) signaling.

19. The wireless communications apparatus of claim 18, wherein the second transmission parameter is configured as enabled.

20. The wireless communications apparatus of claim 18, wherein the second signal comprises a sounding reference signal (SRS).