

CYANO-SUBSTITUTED PYRIDINE AND CYANO-SUBSTITUTED PYRIMIDINE COMPOUND AND PREPARATION METHOD THEREFOR AND APPLICATION THEREOF

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present disclosure relates to cyano-substituted pyridine and cyano-substituted pyrimidine compounds, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, isomers, hydrates, solvates, or prodrugs thereof, and preparation methods and uses thereof.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The activating mutation or amplification of FGFRs in cells can lead to overactivation of the FGF-FGFR signaling pathway, enabling cells to acquire oncogenic properties such as hyperproliferation, escape from apoptosis, and easy migration. Therefore, FGFRs can be used as targets for direct or indirect tumor therapy. FGFR is mainly divided into 4 subtypes, namely FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4. Each subtype has the general structural features of receptor tyrosine kinases: an extracellular domain for ligand binding, a transmembrane domain, and an intracellular domain for receptor phosphorylation. When a ligand specifically binds to a receptor, FGFR is induced to autophosphorylate and then dimerize, making its domain transform from an inactive state to an active state. Further, activated FGFR and intracellular kinases are close to each other and phosphorylate each other, thereby activating a series of downstream related signaling pathways, and ultimately stimulating cell proliferation and differentiation, and inhibiting cell apoptosis. Since FGFR plays a critical role in tumorigenesis and development of tumors, targeted therapy for FGFR has become a hot field in clinical research. Existing drugs targeting FGFR can be divided into two categories according to their sources: the first category is chemical small molecule inhibitors, which can competitively or non-competitively bind to the intracellular kinase domain of FGFR and inhibit abilities of autophosphorylation, dimerization, and catalyzing downstream protein phosphorylation of FGFR, thereby inhibiting the FGFR signaling pathway. The second category is a biological monoclonal antibody or a polypeptide inhibitor, which can bind to the extracellular region of FGFR and prevent the binding of FGF to FGFR, thereby inhibiting the activation of FGFR and

blocking FGFR signal transduction (Seiji Mori, Yoshikazu Takada, Med. Sci. 2013, 1, 20-36).

[0003] Small molecule tyrosine kinase inhibitors block cell proliferation signaling by blocking the binding activity of intracellular kinases to ATP. Due to similar structures of kinase domains of FGFR1, FGFR2, and FGFR3, the effects of inhibitors against these three kinases developed at this stage are not much different. However, FGFR4 kinase domain is somewhat different from FGFR1-3 kinase domains, so that many inhibitors that can effectively inhibit FGFR1-3 do not work well against FGFR4. For example, AZD-4547, Infigratinib, CH-5183284, E-7090, BAY-1163877, INCB-54828, etc., which are in clinical trials in recent years, target FGFR1/2/3 targets, while FGF-401 and BLU-554 target FGFR4 target. Small molecule FGFR inhibitors can be divided into: 1) ATP-competitive reversible inhibitors, 2) covalently bound irreversible inhibitors, 3) ATP-non-competitive inhibitors (Wu Daichao et al., Cancer Prevention and Treatment Research 2017, 44(1): 61-65).

[0004] AZD-4547 is a small molecule selective ATP-competitive reversible inhibitor that acts on FGFR in a linear configuration. It can be seen from a co-crystal structure of a protein-ligand complex of FGFR1/AZD-4547 that: the 3-aminopyrazole parent ring of AZD-4547 has three hydrogen bond interactions with Ala564 and Glu562 in the hinge region; the 3,5-dimethoxyphenyl side chain extends into the inward hydrophobic pocket of the hinge region; and the para-chiral piperazine substituted benzoyl group has a hydrophilic or hydrophobic interaction with the near-solvent end domain extending out of the hinge region. Under these actions, the entire molecule is inserted into the ATP-binding region of FGFR1 in a linear configuration, and binds tightly to the FGFR1 protein. Compounds with linear-like actions also include BGJ-398, CH-5183284 and ASP-5878.

[0005] JNJ-42756493 is a small molecule selective ATP-competitive reversible inhibitor that acts on FGFR in a T-shaped configuration. It can be seen from the co-crystal structure of JNJ-42756493/FGFR1 that: the N at 1-position of the quinoxaline parent ring of JNJ-42756493 forms a hydrogen bond to Ala564 of the hinge region; the 3,5-dimethoxyphenyl side chain occupies the inward hydrophobic pocket of the hinge region, the isopropylamine side chain has a hydrophilic or hydrophobic interaction with the downward pocket of the hinge region; and the NH of the isopropylamine also has a hydrogen bond interaction with Asp641.

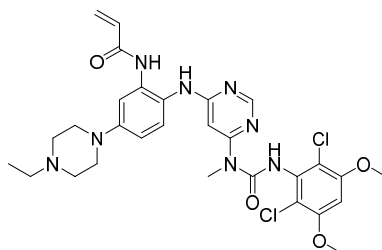
[0006] The hinge region of the ATP-binding site of the protein has a cysteine residue, while

differently, FGFR1, 2, and 3 have a tyrosine residue at this site. Starting from this small difference in structure, PD173074, a selective FGFR inhibitor with nanomolar inhibitory activity, was found. On this basis, 2-aminoquinazoline derivatives that can specifically inhibit FGFR4 were found. Compound BLU-9931 was obtained when one acrylamide substituent was introduced into the beta position of the amino group. It was found that the acrylamide of BLU-9931 can irreversibly covalently bind to Cys552 of FGFR4. IC₅₀ for FGFR4 inhibitory activity of BLU-9931 is 3 nmol/L, and the selectivity is 297, 184 and 50 times higher than those of FGFR1/2/3, respectively. Through further structural optimization of BLU-9931, BLU-554 was found to be a selective covalent irreversible inhibitor of FGFR4, which was approved by the FDA for clinical trials in the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in September 2015. TAS-120 and PRN-1371 are also covalent inhibitors of FGFR, with nanomolar levels of enzymatic inhibitory activity against each subtype of FGFR.

[0007] ARQ-087 is a non-ATP-competitive inhibitor with more than 8-fold selectivity for FGFR1, 2 and 3 over FGFR4.

[0008] Alterations in FGFR have been associated with a variety of human cancers, including myeloma, breast, gastric, colon, bladder, pancreatic, and hepatocellular carcinoma. Small molecule inhibitors of FGFR can be divided into pan-FGFR and FGFR4-specific small molecule inhibitors. Due to similar structures of kinase domains of FGFR1, FGFR2, and FGFR3, the effects of inhibitors against these three kinases developed at this stage are not much different. FGFR4 has been reported to play an important role in liver cancer in particular (PLoS One, 2012, Vol. 7, 36713). The FGFR4 kinase domain is somewhat different from the FGFR1-3 kinase domains, so that many inhibitors that can effectively inhibit FGFR1-3 do not work well against FGFR4.

[0009] In order to improve the selectivity of small-molecule inhibitors to the FGFR4 kinase domain and reduce adverse reactions, H3 Biopharmaceutical Co., Ltd. disclosed in patents (WO 2015057938 A1 (published date 20150423) Pyrimidines as FGFR4 inhibitors and their preparation and WO 2015057963 A1 (published date 20150423) N-Aryl-heteroarylamines as FGFR4 inhibitors and their preparation) FGFR4-specific inhibitors, of which H3B-6527 that has entered the FDA Phase I clinical stage and has obtained orphan drug qualification has a structure of:

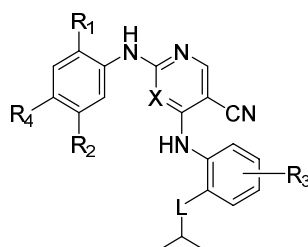


[0010] H3B6527 has strong antitumor activity against FGF19 gene-amplified cells without bile acid-related adverse effects in mouse and monkey animal models. However, a single administration of H3B-6527 only controls cancer cell growth but cannot eliminate cancer cells (Cancer Res; 77(24) December 15, 2017). The drug resistance resulting from the key site V550L or V550 mutation reduces or invalidates the efficacy of H3B-6527. How to break through the limitations of these gene mutations that lead to drug resistance will become the focus of the next phase of FGFR4 inhibitor research.

[0011] Inhibitors targeting FGFR4 target have many advantages, especially their excellent selectivity and resistance to mutagenesis. There are very few drugs currently on the market, and therefore, the discovery of such small-molecule inhibitors targeting FGFR4 will have better therapeutic effects and application prospects. The development of new, highly selective and potent inhibitors of FGFR4 has become an urgent clinical problem.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

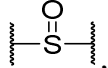
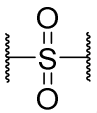
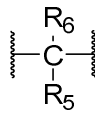
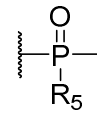
[0012] The present disclosure provides a compound represented by formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, an isomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a prodrug thereof, which can be used for the treatment or prevention of diseases caused by tyrosine kinase FGFR4, including some variants of tyrosine kinase FGFR4 receptor,

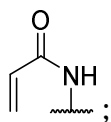


Formula (I)

[0013] In formula (I),

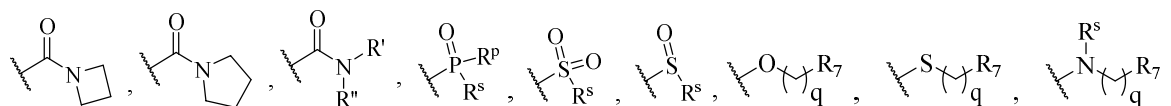
[0014] X is N or CH;

[0015] L is -O-, -S-, , , , , or -NR5-, wherein R5 and R6 are each independently hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl or isopropyl;

[0016] R1 is ;

[0017] R2 is hydrogen, halogen, C1-C3 alkoxy, or C1-C3 alkyl;

[0018] R3 is selected from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, amino, cyano, carboxyl, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 haloalkyl, C1-C3 haloalkoxy, C3-C6 cycloalkyl, C2-C3 alkynyl, C2-C3 alkenyl, C1-C3 alkoxy, C1-C3 alkylthio, mono- or di-C1-C3 alkylamino, C3-C4 cycloalkyloxy, C3-C4 cycloalkyl-substituted C1-C3 alkyl, cyano-substituted C1-C3 alkyl, carbamoyl-substituted C1-C3 alkyl, or the following groups:



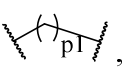
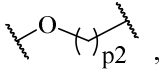
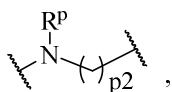
[0019] q is an integer of 1-3,

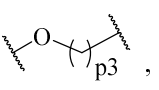
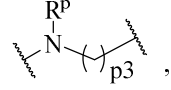
[0020] R^s is selected from -H, or C1-C3 alkyl, and R^p is selected from -H, or C1-C3 alkyl,

[0021] R' and R'' are each independently -H, C1-C3 alkyl, or C3-C4 cycloalkyl,

[0022] R7 is selected from -H, halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, amino, carboxyl, C1-C3 alkyl, C3-C4 cycloalkyl, C1-C3 alkoxy, or mono- or di-C1-C3 alkyl-substituted amino;

[0023] R4 is -T1-R8 or -T2-R9,

[0024] T1 is: , , ,

[0025] T2 is: , ,

[0026] p1 is an integer of 0-4, p2 is an integer of 2-4, and p3 is an integer of 0-1,

[0027] R^p is -H or C1-C3 alkyl,

[0028] R8 is selected from -H, halogen, hydroxyl, amino, cyano, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 haloalkyl, C1-C3 haloalkoxy, C3-C6 cycloalkyl, C1-C3 alkoxy, C1-C3 alkylthio, mono- or di-C1-C3 alkylamino, or a 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group, wherein the 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group is unsubstituted or substituted with 1-2 identical or different substituents

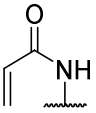
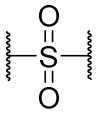
selected from hydroxyl, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, formyl, acetyl, propionyl, isopropionyl, hydroxyl-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, carboxy-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, oxo, C₁-C₃ alkyl-substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group, or -NR¹⁰R¹¹,

[0029] R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are each independently selected from -H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₄ cycloalkyl, hydroxyl-substituted C₂-C₆ alkyl, cyano-substituted C₁-C₂ alkyl, C₁-C₃ alkoxy-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, C₁-C₃ alkylthio-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, C₁-C₃ haloalkyl, methylsulfonyl-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, mono- or di-C₁-C₃ alkylamino-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, or C₁-C₃ alkyl-substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group, or R¹⁰ and R¹¹ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group, wherein the 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group is unsubstituted or substituted with 1-2 identical or different substituents selected from -H, hydroxyl, oxo, halogen, C₁-C₃ alkoxy-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, C₁-C₃ alkylsulfonyl, cyano, amino, C₁-C₃ acyl, C₁-C₃ alkyl, mono- or di-C₁-C₃ alkylamino, hydroxyl-substituted C₂-C₃ alkyl, or C₁-C₃ alkoxy,

[0030] the 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group contains 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O or S;

[0031] R⁹ is selected from -H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, or a 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group, wherein the 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group is unsubstituted or substituted with 1-2 identical or different substituents selected from hydroxyl, C₁-C₃ alkyl, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, formyl, acetyl, propionyl, or isopropionyl,

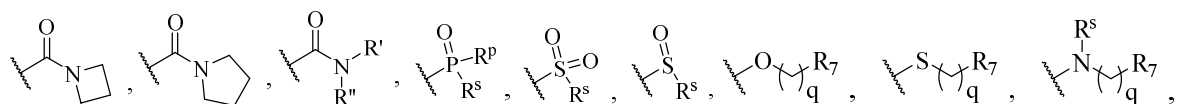
[0032] the 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group in R⁹ contains 1-2 heteroatoms selected from N, O or S;

[0033] and, when R¹ is , R₄ is 4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl and L is -O- or , R₂ and R₃ are not both hydrogen.

[0034] In an alternative embodiment, R₂ is -H, -F, -Cl, methyl or methoxy.

[0035] In an alternative embodiment, R₃ is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, hydroxyl, carboxyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, ethynyl, ethenyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, amino, methylamino,

ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino, or the following groups:



[0036] q is an integer of 2-3,

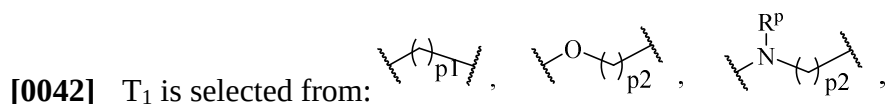
[0037] R^S is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl, and R^P is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl,

[0038] R' and R'' are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl,

[0039] R_7 is selected from -H, -F, hydroxyl, cyano, carboxyl, amino, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, or dimethylamino.

[0040] In a further alternative embodiment, R_3 is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, hydroxyl, carboxyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, amino, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino, methoxyethoxy, ethoxyethoxy, carbamoyl ($\text{NH}_2\text{CO}-$), or methylsulfonyl.

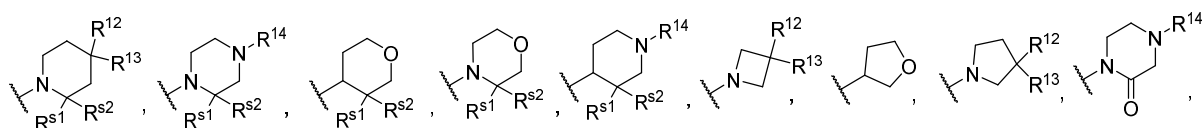
[0041] In an alternative embodiment, R^4 is $-\text{T}_1-\text{R}_8$,



[0043] p_1 is an integer of 0-3, and p_2 is an integer of 2-3;

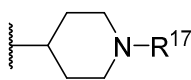
[0044] R^P is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl;

[0045] R^8 is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, hydroxyl, amino, cyano, fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, hexyl, isopropyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isopropoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, methylamino, ethylamino, propylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino or the following groups:



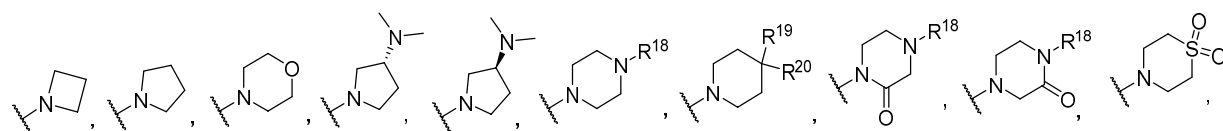
[0046] R^{12} is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

[0047] R^{13} is -H, -F, hydroxyl, hydroxymethyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, or $-NR^{15}R^{16}$,

[0048] R^{14} is -H, -F, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, or , wherein R^{17} is -H, -F, methyl, ethyl, propyl, or isopropyl,

[0049] R^{s1} and R^{s2} are each independently selected from H, or methyl;

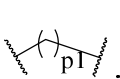
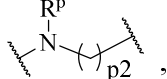
[0050] R^{15} and R^{16} are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetanyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, or tetrahydropyranyl, or R^{15} and R^{16} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following groups:



[0051] R^{18} is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl,

[0052] R^{19} and R^{20} are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, fluoro, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, methoxy, or ethoxy.

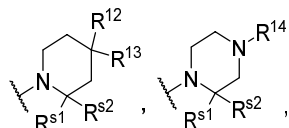
[0053] In a further alternative embodiment, R^4 is $-T_1-R_8$,

[0054] T_1 is selected from: , ,

[0055] p_1 is 0, and p_2 is an integer of 2-3;

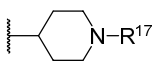
[0056] R^p is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl;

[0057] R^8 is selected from methylamino, ethylamino, propylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino or the following groups:



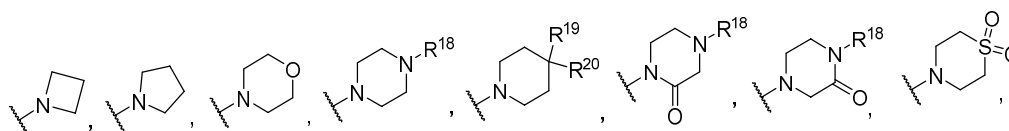
[0058] R^{12} is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

[0059] R^{13} is -H, or $-NR^{15}R^{16}$,

[0060] R^{14} is -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, or , wherein R^{17} is methyl, ethyl, propyl, or isopropyl,

[0061] R^{s1} and R^{s2} are each independently selected from H, or methyl;

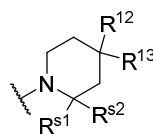
[0062] R^{15} and R^{16} are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetan-3-yl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, or tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl, or R^{15} and R^{16} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following groups:



[0063] R^{18} is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl,

[0064] R^{19} and R^{20} are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, fluoro, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, amino, methylamino,

dimethylamino, methoxy, or ethoxy.



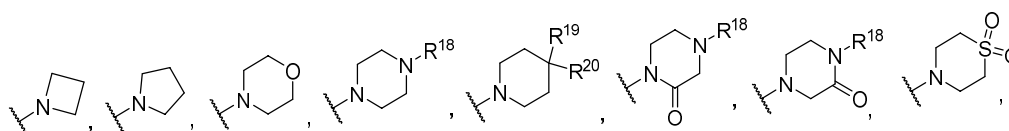
[0065] In a further alternative embodiment, R^4 is

[0066] R^{12} is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

[0067] R^{13} is -H, or $-NR^{15}R^{16}$,

[0068] R^{s1} and R^{s2} are H,

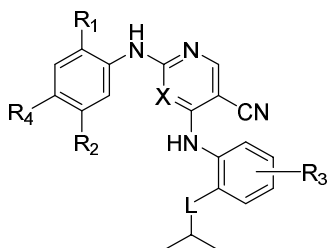
[0069] R^{15} and R^{16} are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetan-3-yl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, or tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl, or R^{15} and R^{16} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heterocyclic group selected from the following groups:



[0070] R^{18} is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl,

[0071] R^{19} and R^{20} are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, or fluoro.

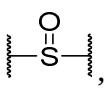
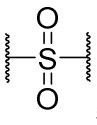
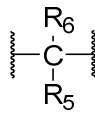
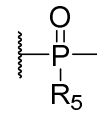
[0072] According to one aspect of the present disclosure, there is provided a compound represented by formula (I), or an isomer, a hydrate, a solvate, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt and a prodrug thereof,

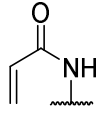


Formula (I)

[0073] In formula (I),

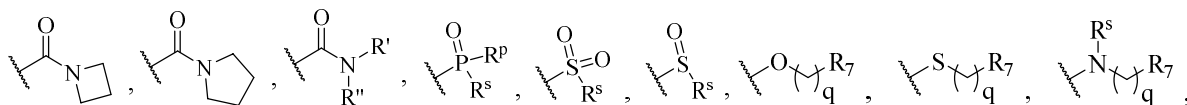
[0074] X is N or CH;

[0075] L is -O-, -S-, , , , , or -NR5-, wherein R5 and R6 are each independently hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl or isopropyl;

[0076] R1 is ;

[0077] R2 is -H, -F, -Cl, methyl, or methoxy;

[0078] R3 is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, hydroxyl, carboxyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, ethynyl, ethenyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, amino, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino, or the following groups:



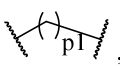
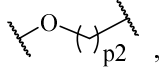
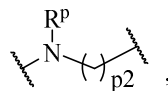
[0079] q is an integer of 2-3,

[0080] R^s is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl, and R^p is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl,

[0081] R' and R'' are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl,

[0082] R7 is selected from -H, -F, hydroxyl, cyano, carboxyl, amino, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, or dimethylamino;

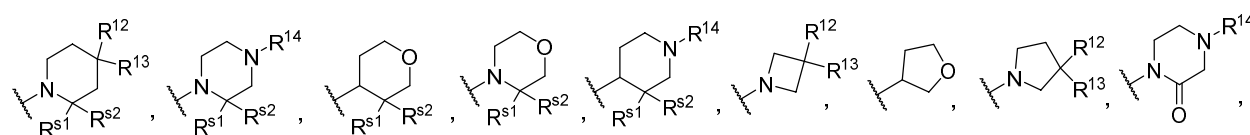
[0083] R⁴ is -T1-R8,

[0084] T₁ is selected from: , , ,

[0085] p₁ is an integer of 0-3, and p₂ is an integer of 2-3;

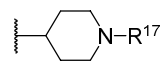
[0086] R^P is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl;

[0087] R⁸ is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, hydroxyl, amino, cyano, fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, hexyl, isopropyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, isopropoxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, methylamino, ethylamino, propylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino or the following groups:



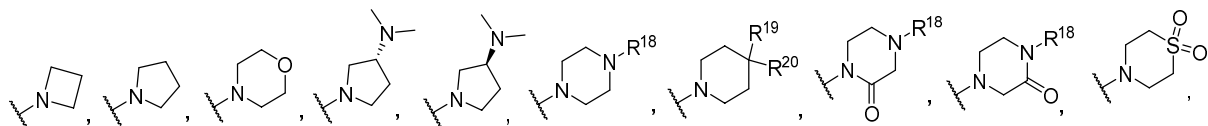
[0088] R¹² is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

[0089] R¹³ is -H, -F, hydroxyl, hydroxymethyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, or -NR¹⁵R¹⁶,

[0090] R¹⁴ is -H, -F, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, or , wherein R¹⁷ is -H, -F, methyl, ethyl, propyl, or isopropyl,

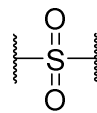
[0091] R^{s1} and R^{s2} are each independently selected from -H, or methyl;

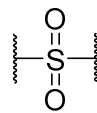
[0092] R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylpropyl, ethylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetanyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, or tetrahydropyranyl, or R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following groups:



[0093] R^{18} is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl,

[0094] R^{19} and R^{20} are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, fluoro, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, methoxy, or ethoxy,



[0095] and, when R_4 is 4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl, and L is -O- or , R_2 and R_3 are not both hydrogen.

[0096] In an alternative embodiment, L is -O-, and, when R_4 is 4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl, R_2 and R_3 are not both hydrogen.

[0097] In a further alternative embodiment, X is N;

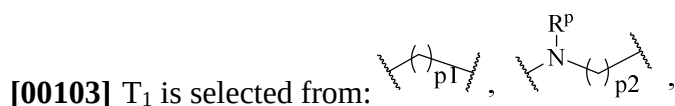
[0098] L is -O-;



[00100] R_2 is -H, -F, -Cl, methyl, or methoxy;

[00101] R_3 is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, hydroxyl, carboxyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, amino, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino, methoxyethoxy, ethoxyethoxy, carbamoyl ($\text{NH}_2\text{CO}-$), or methylsulfonyl;

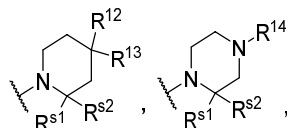
[00102] R^4 is $-\text{T}_1-\text{R}_8$,



[00104] p_1 is 0, and p_2 is an integer of 2-3;

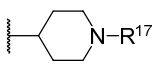
[00105] R^p is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl;

[00106] R^8 is selected from methylamino, ethylamino, propylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino or the following groups:



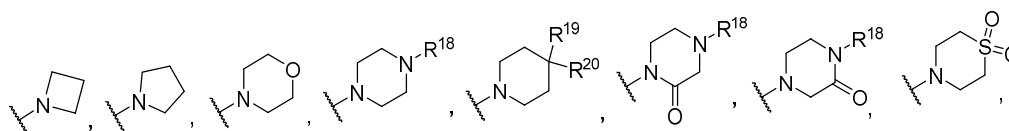
[00107] R^{12} is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

[00108] R^{13} is -H, or $-NR^{15}R^{16}$,

[00109] R^{14} is -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, or , wherein R^{17} is methyl, ethyl, propyl, or isopropyl,

[00110] R^{s1} and R^{s2} are each independently selected from H, or methyl;

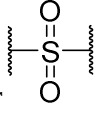
[00111] R^{15} and R^{16} are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetan-3-yl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, or tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl, or R^{15} and R^{16} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following groups:



[00112] R^{18} is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl,

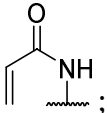
[00113] R^{19} and R^{20} are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, fluoro, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, amino, methylamino,

dimethylamino, methoxy, or ethoxy;

[00114] and, when R₄ is 4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl, and L is -O- or , R₂ and R₃ are not both hydrogen.

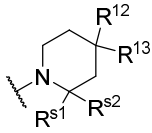
[00115] In a further alternative embodiment, X is N;

[00116] L is -O-;

[00117] R₁ is  ;

[00118] R₂ is -H, -F, -Cl, methyl, or methoxy;

[00119] R₃ is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, hydroxyl, carboxyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, amino, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino, methoxyethoxy, ethoxyethoxy, carbamoyl (NH₂CO-), or methylsulfonyl;

[00120] R⁴ is 

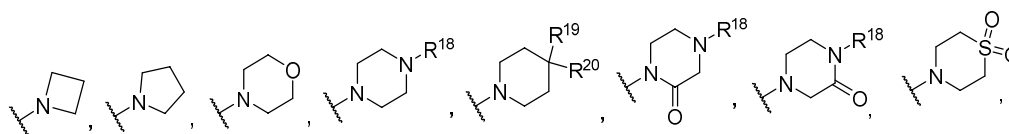
[00121] R¹² is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

[00122] R¹³ is -H, or -NR¹⁵R¹⁶,

[00123] R^{s1} and R^{s2} are H,

[00124] R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, methylsulfonylpropyl, ethylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetan-3-yl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, or tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl, or R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are

attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following groups:



[00125] R¹⁸ is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl,

[00126] R¹⁹ and R²⁰ are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, or fluoro.

[00127] According to some embodiments of the present disclosure, the pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the compound is selected from the group consisting of one or more of the following salts: hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, perchlorate, sulfate, nitrate, phosphate, formate, acetate, propionate, glycolate, lactate, succinate, maleate, tartrate, malate, citrate, fumarate, gluconate, benzoate, mandelate, methanesulfonate, isethionate, benzenesulfonate, oxalate, palmitate, 2-naphthalenesulfonate, p-toluenesulfonate, cyclohexylsulfamate, salicylate, hexonate, trifluoroacetate, aluminum salt, calcium salt, chloroprocaine salt, choline salt, diethanolamine salt, ethylenediamine salt, lithium salt, magnesium salt, potassium salt, sodium salt and zinc salt.

[00128] Another aspect of the present disclosure relates to use of the compound of formula (I), or an isomer, a hydrate, a solvate, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or a prodrug thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for treating diseases related to tyrosine kinase FGFR4 or autoimmune diseases, wherein the diseases related to tyrosine kinase FGFR4 or the autoimmune diseases include fundus oculi disease, xerophthalmia, psoriasis, vitiligo, dermatitis, alopecia areata, rheumatoid arthritis, colitis, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Crohn's disease, atherosclerosis, pulmonary fibrosis, liver fibrosis, bone marrow fibrosis, non-small cell lung cancer, small cell lung cancer, breast cancer, pancreatic cancer, glioma, glioblastoma, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, colorectal cancer, melanoma, endometrial cancer, prostate cancer, bladder cancer, leukemia, gastric cancer, liver cancer, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, thyroid cancer, chronic granulocytic leukemia, acute myelocytic leukemia, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, nasopharyngeal cancer, esophageal cancer, brain tumor,

B-cell and T-cell lymphoma, lymphoma, multiple myeloma, biliary tract cancerous sarcoma, and cholangiocarcinoma.

[00129] Another aspect of the present disclosure provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound represented by formula (I) or an isomer, a hydrate, a solvate, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, or a prodrug thereof of the present disclosure, and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers or excipients.

[00130] According to some embodiments of the present disclosure, the pharmaceutical composition may also include one or more other therapeutic agents.

[00131] The present disclosure also relates to a method for treating diseases or conditions mediated by tyrosine kinase FGFR4, which comprises administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I) or a salt thereof to a patient (human or other mammals, especially human) in need thereof, wherein the diseases or conditions mediated by tyrosine kinase FGFR4 include those mentioned above.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[00132] Unless otherwise stated, the following terms used in this application (including the specification and claims) have the definitions given below. In this application, the use of "or" or "and" means "and/or" unless stated otherwise. In addition, the use of the term "comprising" and other forms such as "including", "containing" and "having" is not limiting. The chapter headings used herein are for organizational purposes only and should not be interpreted as limitations on the topics described.

[00133] Unless otherwise specified, an alkyl group refers to a saturated linear and branched hydrocarbon group having a specified number of carbon atoms, and the term C₁-C₆ alkyl refers to an alkyl moiety containing from 1 to 6 carbon atoms. Similarly, C₁-C₃ alkyl refers to an alkyl moiety containing from 1 to 3 carbon atoms. For example, C₁-C₆ alkyl includes methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, n-pentyl, 3-(2-methyl)butyl, 2-pentyl, 2-methylbutyl, neopentyl, n-hexyl, 2-hexyl and 2-methylpentyl, etc.

[00134] When a substituent term such as "alkyl" is used in combination with other substituent term, such as in terms "C₁-C₃ alkoxy-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl" or "hydroxyl-substituted C₂-C₆ alkyl", the linking substituent terms (e.g., alkyl) are intended to encompass a divalent moiety,

wherein the point of attachment is through the linking substituent. Examples of "C₁-C₃ alkoxy-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl" include, but are not limited to, methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl and ethoxypropyl, etc. Examples of "hydroxyl-substituted C₂-C₆ alkyl" include, but are not limited to, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl and hydroxyisopropyl, etc.

[00135] An alkoxy group is an alkyl-O- group formed by a linear or branched alkyl group described previously and -O-, e.g., methoxy, ethoxy, and the like. Similarly, an alkylthio group is an alkyl-S- group formed by a linear or branched alkyl group as described previously and -S-, e.g., methylthio, ethylthio, and the like.

[00136] Alkenyl and alkynyl groups include linear or branched alkenyl or alkynyl groups, and term C₂-C₃ alkenyl or C₂-C₃ alkynyl refers to linear or branched C₂-C₃ hydrocarbon groups having at least one alkenyl or alkynyl group.

[00137] The term "C₁-C₆ haloalkyl" refers to a group having one or more halogen atoms, which may be the same or different, on one or more carbon atoms of an alkyl moiety comprising 1 to 6 carbon atoms. Examples of "C₁-C₆ haloalkyl" may include, but are not limited to, -CF₃ (trifluoromethyl), -CCl₃ (trichloromethyl), 1,1-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl and hexafluoroisopropyl, etc. Similarly, the term "C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy" refers to a haloalkyl-O- group formed by the C₁-C₆ haloalkyl and -O-, which can be, for example, trifluoromethoxy, trichloromethoxy, etc.

[00138] The term "C₁-C₃ acyl" includes formyl (-CHO), acetyl (CH₃CO-), and propionyl (C₂H₅CO-).

[00139] "Cycloalkyl" refers to a non-aromatic, saturated, cyclic hydrocarbon group containing a specified number of carbon atoms. For example, the term "(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl" refers to a non-aromatic cyclic hydrocarbon ring having 3-6 ring carbon atoms. Exemplary "(C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl" includes cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, and cyclohexyl.

[00140] The term "aryl" refers to a group or moiety comprising an aromatic monocyclic or bicyclic hydrocarbon radical, which contains from 6 to 12 carbon ring atoms and has at least one aromatic ring. Examples of "aryl" are phenyl, naphthyl, indenyl and dihydroindenyl (indanyl). Generally, in the compounds of the present disclosure, alternatively, the aryl is phenyl.

[00141] Unless otherwise specified, the term "4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group" as used

herein refers to an unsubstituted or substituted stable 4- to 6-membered non-aromatic monocyclic saturated ring system consisting of carbon atoms and 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from N, O, or S, wherein the N or S heteroatom can be randomly oxidized, and the N heteroatom can also be randomly quaternized. Examples of such heterocycles include, but are not limited to, azetidiny, oxetanyl, thietanyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, oxazolinyl, thiazolinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, dihydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, 1,3-dioxolanyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, tetrahydropyranyl, dihydropyranyl, tetrahydrothiopyranyl, 1,3-dioxanyl, 1,4-dioxanyl, 1,3-oxathiolanyl, 1,3-oxathianyl, 1,3-dithianyl, 1,4-oxathiolanyl, 1,4-oxathianyl, 1,4-dithianyl, morpholinyl, and thiomorpholinyl.

[00142] The term "carbonyl" refers to a -C(O)- group. The terms "halogen" and "halo" refer to chlorine, fluorine, bromine or iodine substituent. "Oxo" refers to an oxygen moiety having one double bond; for example, "oxo" may be directly attached to a carbon atom to form a carbonyl moiety (C=O). "Hydroxy" is intended to refer to a radical -OH. The term "cyano" as used herein refers to a group -CN.

[00143] The term "each independently" means that where more than one substituent is selected from a number of possible substituents, those substituents may be the same or different.

[00144] It is clear that the compound of formula I, or isomer, crystalline form or prodrug thereof, and pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, may exist in a solvated or non-solvated form. For example, the solvated form can be a solvated form with water. The present disclosure includes all the solvated and non-solvated forms.

[00145] In this disclosure, the term "isomer" refers to different compounds having the same molecular formula, and may include various isomeric forms such as stereoisomers and tautomers. "Stereoisomers" are isomers that differ only in the arrangement of their atoms in space. Some compounds described herein contain one or more asymmetric centers and thus can give rise to enantiomers, diastereomers, and other stereoisomeric forms which can be defined as (R)- or (S)-based on absolute stereochemistry. The chemical entities, pharmaceutical compositions, and methods disclosed herein are intended to include all of these possible isomers, including racemic mixtures, optically pure forms, and intermediate mixtures. Optically active (R)- and (S)-isomers can be prepared using chiral synthons or chiral reagents

or resolved using conventional techniques. The optical activity of a compound can be analyzed by any suitable method, including but not limited to chiral chromatography and polarimetry, and the degree of dominance of one stereoisomer over other isomers can be determined.

[00146] Individual stereoisomers of a compound of this disclosure may be resolved (or mixtures of stereoisomers may be enriched) using methods known to those skilled in the art. For example, such resolution may be carried out (1) by formation of diastereoisomeric salts, complexes or other derivatives; (2) by selective reaction with a stereoisomer-specific reagent, for example by enzymatic oxidation or reduction; or (3) by gas-liquid or liquid chromatography in a chiral environment, for example, on a chiral support such as silica with a bound chiral ligand or in the presence of a chiral solvent. The skilled artisan will appreciate that where the desired stereoisomer is converted into another chemical entity by one of the separation procedures described above, a further step is required to liberate the desired form. Alternatively, specific stereoisomers may be synthesized by asymmetric synthesis using optically active reagents, substrates, catalysts or solvents, or by converting one enantiomer to the other by asymmetric transformation.

[00147] When a compound described herein contains an olefinic double bond, it means that the compound includes various cis- or trans-isomers, unless otherwise stated.

[00148] “Tautomers” are structurally different isomers that can be converted to each other through tautomerization. “Tautomerization” is a form of isomerization and includes a proton transfer tautomerization, which can be considered as a subset of acid-base chemistry. “Proton transfer tautomerization” involves the migration of a proton accompanied by a bond-level transformation, which is often exchange of a single bond with an adjacent double bond. When tautomerization is possible (for example, in solution), a chemical equilibrium of tautomers can be reached. An example of tautomerization is keto-enol tautomerization.

[00149] The compound of the present disclosure as an active ingredient, and the method of preparing the same, are both included in the present disclosure. Moreover, the crystalline form of some of the compounds may exist as polymorphs, and such forms may also be included in the present disclosure. Additionally, some of the compounds may form solvates with water (i.e., hydrates) or common organic solvents, and such solvates are also included within the scope of the disclosure.

[00150] The compounds of the disclosure may be used in the free form for treatment or, when appropriate, in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or other derivative for treatment. As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable salt" refers to organic and inorganic salts of the compounds of the present disclosure which are suitable for use in human and lower animals without undue toxicity, irritation, allergic response, etc., and have reasonable benefit/risk ratio. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of amines, carboxylic acids, phosphonates, and other types of compounds are well known in the art. The salt can be formed by reacting a compound of the disclosure with a suitable free base or acid, including, but not limited to, salts with inorganic acids such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, phosphoric acid, sulfuric acid, perchloric acid or with organic acids such as acetic acid, oxalic acid, maleic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, succinic acid, malonic acid. Or the salts may be obtained by methods well known in the art, such as ion exchange. Other pharmaceutically acceptable salts include adipate, alginate, ascorbate, aspartate, besylate, benzoate, bisulfate, borate, butyrate, camphorate, camphorsulfonate, citrate, digluconate, lauryl sulfate, ethanesulfonate, formate, fumarate, glucoheptonate, glycerol phosphate, glyconate, hemisulfate, hexanoate, hydroiodide, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonate, lactobionate, lactate, laurate, lauryl sulfate, malate, maleate, mesylate, 2-naphthalenesulfonate, nicotinate, nitrate, oleate, palmitate, pamoate, pectate, persulfate, per-3-phenylpropionate, phosphate, picrate, propionate, stearate, sulfate, thiocyanate, p-toluenesulfonate, undecanoate, and the like. Representative alkali or alkaline earth metal salts include salts of sodium, lithium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, and the like. Other pharmaceutically acceptable salts include suitable non-toxic salts of ammonium, quaternary ammonium, and amine cations formed from halides, hydroxides, carboxylates, sulfates, phosphates, nitrates, lower alkyl sulfonates and aryl sulfonates.

[00151] Further, the term "prodrug" as used herein means that a compound can be converted into the compound represented by formula (I) of the present disclosure *in vivo*. Such transformation is affected by hydrolysis of the prodrug in the blood or enzymatic conversion to the parent compound in the blood or tissue.

[00152] Pharmaceutical compositions of this disclosure comprise the compounds of formula (I) described herein or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; an additional agent selected from a kinase inhibitory agent (small molecule, polypeptide, antibody, etc.), an

immunosuppressant, an anticancer agent, an anti-viral agent, anti-inflammatory agent, antifungal agent, antibiotic, or an anti-vascular hyper proliferation compound; and any pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant or excipient.

[00153] The compounds of the present disclosure may be used alone or in combination with one or more of other compounds of the present disclosure or with one or more of other agents. When administered in combination, the therapeutic agents can be formulated for simultaneous or sequential administration at different times, or the therapeutic agents can be administered as a single composition. By "combination therapy", it refers to the use of a compound of the disclosure in combination with another agent in the form of co-administration of each agent or sequential administration of each agent, in either case, for the purpose of achieving the optimal results. Co-administration includes dosage form for simultaneous delivery, as well as separate dosage forms for each compound. Thus, administration of the compounds of the disclosure can be combined with other therapies known in the art, for example, radiation therapy or cytostatic agents, cytotoxic agents, other anticancer agents, and the like as used in the treatment of cancer, in order to improve the symptoms of cancer. The administration sequence is not limited in the present disclosure. The compounds of the present disclosure may be administered before, simultaneously, or after other anticancer or cytotoxic agents.

[00154] To prepare the pharmaceutical ingredient of the present disclosure, one or more compounds of Formula (I) or salts thereof as an active ingredient can be intimately mixed with a pharmaceutical carrier, which is carried out according to a conventional pharmaceutical Formulation technique. The carrier can be used in a wide variety of forms depending on the form of preparation which is designed for different administration modes (for example, oral or parenteral administration). Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable carriers are well known in the art. A description of some of these pharmaceutically acceptable carriers can be found in the Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients, published jointly by the American Pharmaceutical Association and the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain.

[00155] The pharmaceutical composition of the present disclosure may have the following forms, for example, those suitable for oral administration, such as tablets, capsules, pills, powders, sustained release forms, solutions or suspensions; those for parenteral injections such as clear solutions, suspensions, emulsion; or those for topical use such as ointments, creams;

or as a suppository for rectal administration. The pharmaceutical ingredients may also be presented in unit dosage form for single administration in a precise dosage. The pharmaceutical ingredient will include a conventional pharmaceutical carrier or excipient and a compound as an active ingredient prepared according to the present disclosure, and may also include other medical or pharmaceutical preparations, carriers, adjuvants, and the like.

[00156] Therapeutic compounds can also be administered to mammals other than humans. The drug dosage for a mammal will depend on the species of the animal and its disease condition or its disordered condition. The therapeutic compound can be administered to the animal in the form of a capsule, a bolus, or a tablet or liquid. The therapeutic compound can also be introduced into the animal by injection or infusion. These drug forms are prepared in a traditional manner complying with standard veterinary practice. As an alternative, the therapeutic compounds can be mixed with the animal feed and fed to the animal, so that the concentrated feed additive or premix can be prepared by mixing ordinary animal feed.

[00157] It is a further object of the present disclosure to provide a method for treating cancer in a subject in need thereof, comprising a method for administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a composition containing the compound of the present disclosure.

[00158] The compounds of the present disclosure have better selectivity for FGFR4 than other receptors, especially than other FGF receptors, such as FGFR1, FGFR2 and FGFR3. Accordingly, the present disclosure relates to compounds that are selective FGFR4 inhibitors.

[00159] Considering their activity as an inhibitor of FGFR4, the compounds of formula (I) in free or pharmaceutically acceptable salt form are suitable for the treatment of conditions mediated by the activity of FGFR4 proteins (such as cancer) and/or conditions that are responsive to inhibition of FGFR4 (in a therapeutically beneficial manner, in particular), most particularly a disease or disorder as referred to herein below.

[00160] The compounds of the present disclosure are useful in the treatment of cancer. In particular, the compounds of the present disclosure can be used for the treatment of indications selected from liver cancer, breast cancer, glioblastoma, prostate cancer, rhabdomyosarcoma, gastric cancer, ovarian cancer, lung cancer, and colon cancer.

[00161] The compounds of the present disclosure can also be used to treat solid malignancies

characterized by positive FGFR4 expression.

[00162] The compounds of the present disclosure can also be used to treat solid malignancies characterized by positive KLB (beta-klotho) expression.

[00163] The compounds of the present disclosure can also be used to treat solid malignancies characterized by positive FGF19 expression.

[00164] The compounds of the present disclosure can also be used to treat solid malignancies characterized by positive FGFR4 and positive KLB expression.

[00165] The compounds of the present disclosure can also be used to treat solid malignancies characterized by positive FGFR4 and positive FGF19 expression.

[00166] The compounds of the disclosure can also be used to treat solid malignancies characterized by positive FGFR4, positive KLB and positive FGF19 expression.

[00167] Any positive expression in FGFR4, KLB and/or FGF19 as described above can be assessed by methods known to those skilled in the art, e.g., RT-qPCR, Western blotting, ELISA, and immunohistochemistry.

[00168] Thus, as a further embodiment, the present disclosure provides use of a compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in treatment of a disease. In a further embodiment, the disease is selected from diseases that can be treated by inhibiting FGFR4. In a further embodiment, the disease is selected from the list mentioned above, suitably liver cancer.

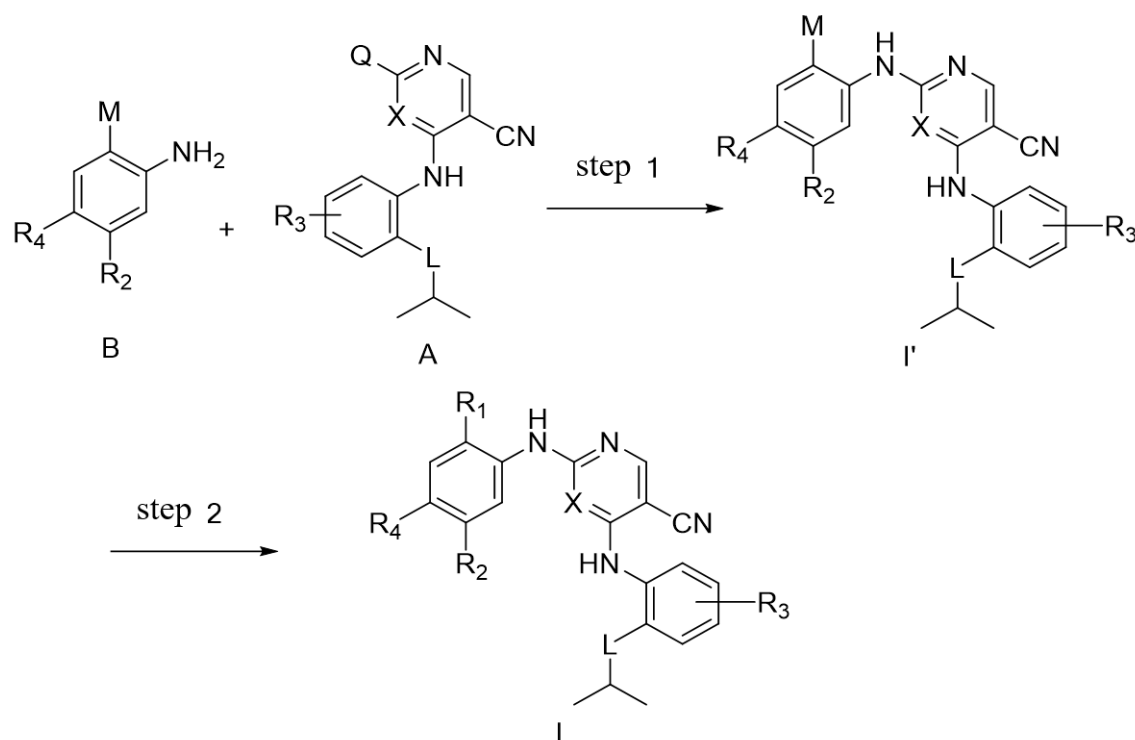
[00169] In another embodiment, the present disclosure provides a method of treating a disease that can be treated by inhibition of FGFR4, comprising administering a therapeutically acceptable amount of a compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. In a further embodiment, the disease is selected from the list mentioned above, suitably liver cancer.

[00170] Thus, as a further embodiment, the present disclosure provides use of a compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the manufacture of a medicament. In a further embodiment, the medicament is used for the treatment of a disease that can be treated by inhibiting FGFR4. In a further embodiment, the disease is selected from the list mentioned above, suitably liver cancer.

[00171] The present disclosure also provides methods for preparing the corresponding compounds. Various synthetic methods can be used to prepare the compounds described herein,

including the methods involved in the following examples. The compounds of the present disclosure, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts, isomers or hydrates thereof can be synthesized using the methods described below, synthetic methods known in the art of organic chemistry synthesis, or variants of these methods understood by those skilled in the art. Alternative methods include, but are not limited to, the methods described below.

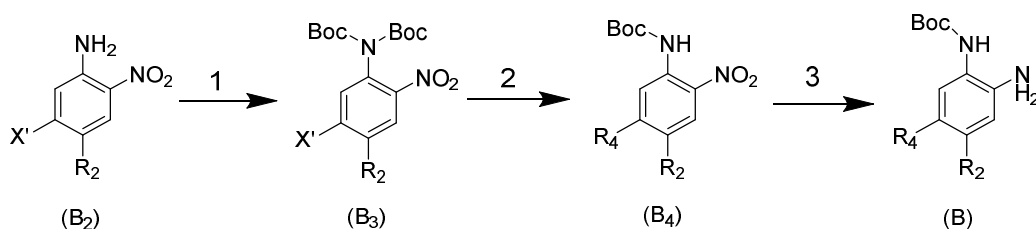
[00172] The final product of the present disclosure can be prepared by the following scheme, wherein R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, X, and L are as defined above,



[00173] In intermediate A, Q may be halogen (alternatively chlorine) or methylsulfonyl (sulfinyl). Where M is BocNH- in intermediate B, the reaction of step 1 can be heated under acid catalysis, neutral conditions or basic conditions to carry out substitution reaction to synthesize compound (I'). Where Q is chlorine in intermediate A, compound (I') can also be synthesized by Buchwald coupling reaction, then treated under acidic conditions to remove the protecting group tert-butyloxycarbonyl, and further reacted with acryloyl chloride to synthesize final product (I).

[00174] The preparation method of the compound of the present disclosure comprises the preparation of each of the above intermediates,

[00175] wherein intermediate (B) is prepared as follows,



[00176] Step 1: Compound (B₂) is reacted with (Boc)₂O to give compound (B₃), wherein X' can be Cl, F, Br, or I;

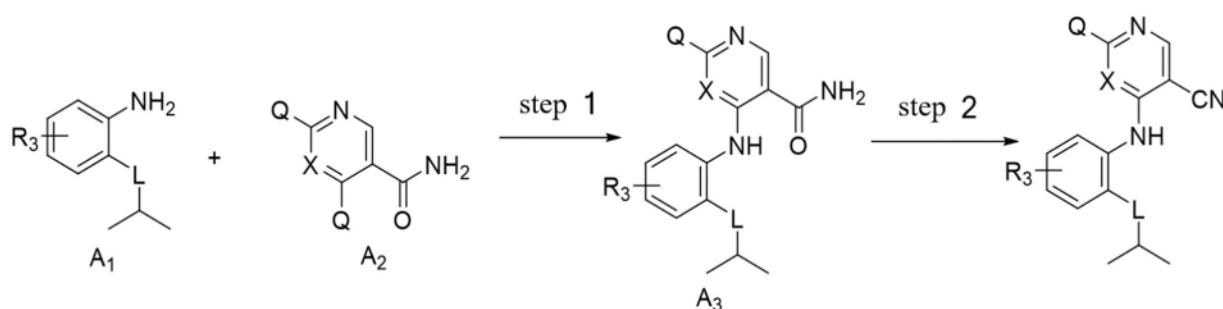
[00177] Step 2: Compound (B₃) is reacted with R₄-H (amine or alcohol) under basic or neutral conditions to give compound (B₄). Where X' is Cl, Br or I, compound (B₄) can also be obtained by Buchwald coupling reaction;

[00178] Step 3: Compound (B₄) is reacted with a reducing agent to form intermediate (B).

[00179] The base described in Step 2 is selected from one or a combination of two or more of inorganic bases or organic bases such as cesium carbonate, triethylamine, sodium hydride, sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, and an alternative condition for Buchwald is a combination of Pd₂(dba)₃, XantPhos and cesium carbonate;

[00180] The reducing agent described in Step 3 is selected from a combination of stannous chloride, hydrogen gas, and palladium on carbon, a combination of hydrogen gas and Raney nickel, a combination of zinc powder and acid, a combination of iron powder and acid, and other reducing agent systems;

[00181] Intermediate (A) is prepared as follows,



[00182] Step 1: Compound (A₂) is subjected to substitution reaction with A₁ in the presence of a base to give (A₃);

[00183] Step 2: Compound (A₃) is dehydrated from the amide under the condition of a dehydrating agent to give compound (A).

[00184] The present disclosure provides alternative embodiments of the above reactions,

[00185] alternatively, in Step 1, the base is selected from one or a combination of two or more of organic or inorganic bases, such as triethylamine, N,N-diisopropylethylamine, sodium hydride, sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide, and n-butyllithium;

[00186] alternatively, the dehydrating agent is selected from phosphorus oxychloride, aluminum trichloride, phosphorus pentoxide, phosphorus chloride (phosphorus pentachloride or phosphorus trichloride) and the like.

[00187] In order to make the objectives, technical solutions and advantages of the present disclosure more clear, the present disclosure will be further described in detail below in conjunction with specific examples. It should be understood that the specific examples described here are only used to explain the present disclosure and are not intended to limit the present invention. If no specific technology or conditions are indicated in examples, the technology or conditions described in the literature in the art or the product specification shall be followed. If reagents or instruments used do not indicate manufacturers, they are all conventional products that are commercially available. The term "and/or" as used herein includes any and all combinations of one or more related listed items. The names of some compounds in this disclosure are generated by Chemdraw and translated into Chinese.

[00188] I. Source of chemical reagents

[00189] Reaction solvents were provided by Sinopharm Chemical Reagent Co., Ltd.

[00190] Common chemical raw materials were provided by Innochem, Energy, Macklin, J&K, PharmaBlock and other suppliers.

[00191] Thin-layer chromatography silica gel plates (thickness 0.5mm, 1mm, 200X200mm) were provided by Yantai Xinnuo Chemical Co., Ltd.

[00192] Silica gels (200-300 mesh) were provided by Sinopharm Chemical Reagent Co., Ltd.

[00193] II. Chemical abbreviation

[00194] DMF: N,N-dimethylformamide

[00195] DIEA: N,N-diisopropylethylamine

[00196] NMP: N-methylpyrrolidone

[00197] Pd(OAc)₂: Palladium acetate

[00198] $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$: Tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium

[00199] Xantphos: 4,5-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-9,9-dimethylxanthene

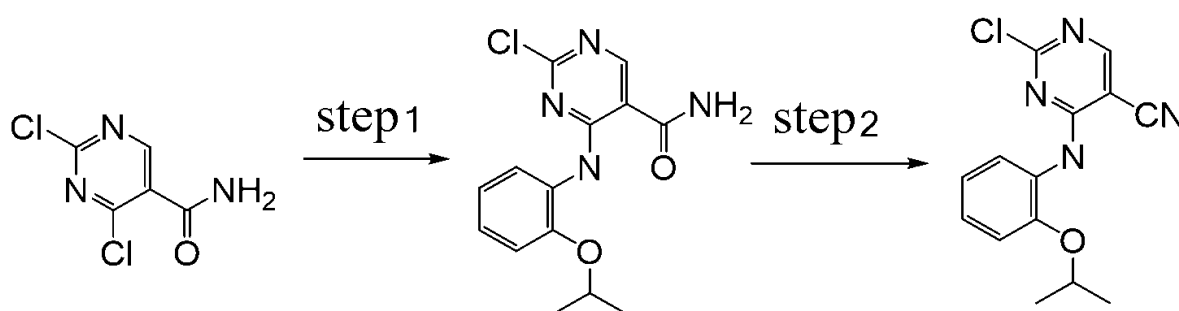
[00200] Binap: 2,2'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthalene

[00201] $(\text{Boc})_2\text{O}$: Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate

[00202] III. Preparation of intermediates

[00203] Intermediates of series A

[00204] Intermediate A1. 2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile



[00205] Step 1). Synthesis of 2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide

[00206] 2,4-Dichloropyrimidine-5-carboxamide (1.9 g, 10 mmol), 2-isopropoxyaniline (1.65 g, 11 mmol) and triethylamine (2 g, 20 mmol) were added to DMF (10mL), respectively. The reaction solution was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours, and then water was added for slurring. The resultant slurry was filtered, and the filter cake was dried to give 2.5 g of product as a white solid with a yield of 82%, MS:307 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$;

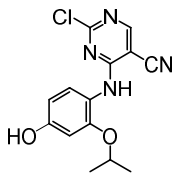
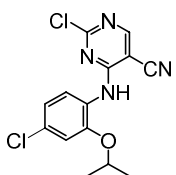
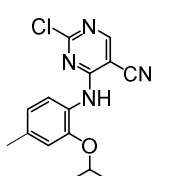
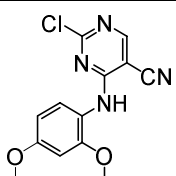
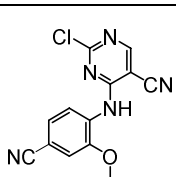
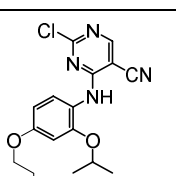
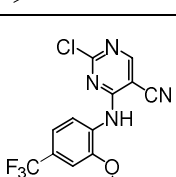
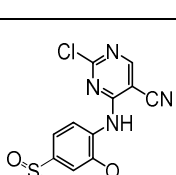
[00207] Step 2). Synthesis of 2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile

[00208] 2-Chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide (307 mg, 1 mmol) was added to phosphorus oxychloride (2 mL). The mixture was heated to 120 °C, and reacted with stirring for 5 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated, and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution to give 220 mg of product as a yellowish solid with a yield of 76%, MS: 289 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

[00209] The following intermediates A2-A23 were obtained through the same reaction steps as those of intermediate A1 by replacing the 2-isopropoxyaniline in the above Step 1 with

aniline compounds having different substituents. The structures, names and mass spectral data of intermediates A2-A23 are shown in Table 1 below.

No.	Structure	Name	LCMS m/z = (M+H) ⁺
A2		2-chloro-4-((2-fluoro-6-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	307
A3		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-6-methylphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	303
A4		2-chloro-4-((5-fluoro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	307
A5		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-5-methylphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	303
A6		2-chloro-4-((5-cyano-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	314
A7		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	357
A8		2-chloro-4-((4-fluoro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	307

A9		2-chloro-4-((4-hydroxy-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	305
A10		2-chloro-4-((4-chloro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	323
A11		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-methylphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	303
A12		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	319
A13		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-cyano-phenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	314
A14		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)phenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	363
A15		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	357
A16		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	367

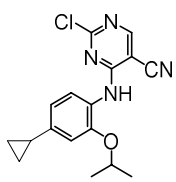
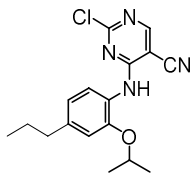
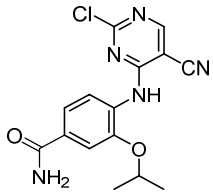
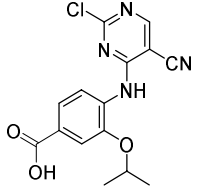
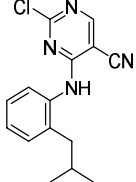
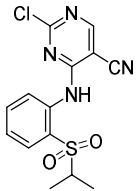
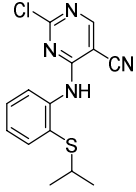
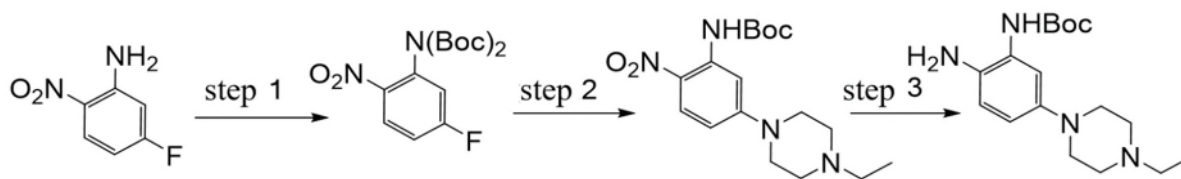
A17		2-chloro-4-((4-cyclopropyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	329
A18		2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-propylphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	331
A19		4-((2-chloro-5-cyanopyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-3-isopropoxybenzamide	332
A20		4-((2-chloro-5-cyanopyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-3-isopropoxybenzoic acid	333
A21		2-chloro-4-((2-isobutylphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	287
A22		2-chloro-4-((2-(isopropylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	337
A23		2-chloro-4-((2-(isopropylthio)phenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile	305

Table 1. Structures, names and mass spectral data of intermediates A2-A23

[00210] Intermediates of series B

[00211] Intermediate B1. Preparation of tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate



[00212] Step 1) Preparation of N,N-di-tert-butoxycarbonyl-2-nitro-5-fluoroaniline

[00213] 5-Fluoro-2-nitroaniline (1.6 g, 10 mmol), (Boc)₂O (4.7 g, 22 mmol), and DMAP (0.37 g, 3 mmol) were added to dichloromethane respectively, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction solution was concentrated, and purified by column chromatography (silica gel, mobile phase: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate=10/1) to give 3.3 g of product as a bright yellow solid, MS:357[M+H]⁺;

[00214] Step 2) Preparation of tert-butyl (5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate

[00215] N,N-di-tert-butoxycarbonyl-2-nitro-5-fluoroaniline (3.3 g, 9.2 mmol) and ethylpiperazine (3mL) were added to DMF respectively, and the mixture was heated to 120 °C and reacted for 8 hours. The reaction solution was cooled, and concentrated, and the residue was purified by column chromatography to give 3.1 g of yellow solid, MS: 351[M+H]⁺;

[00216] Step 3) Preparation of tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate

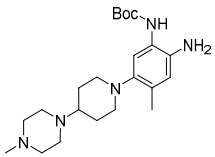
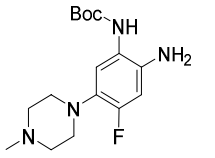
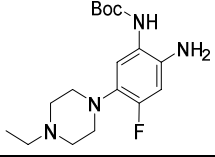
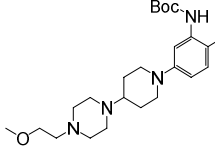
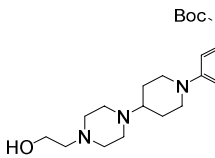
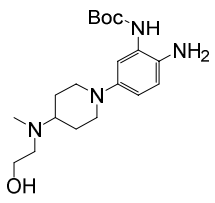
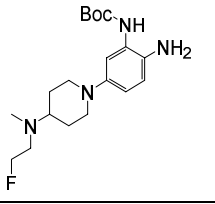
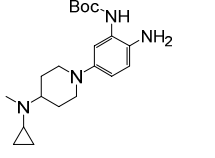
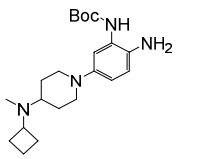
[00217] Tert-butyl (5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate (3.1 g, 8.9 mmol) was added to a solution of Pd/C in methanol. The atmosphere was replaced twice with hydrogen gas. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction solution was filtered, concentrated, and slurried with dichloromethane. The slurry was filtered to give 2.5 g of white solid, MS:321[M+H]⁺.

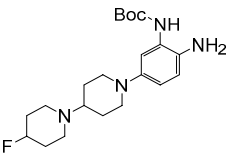
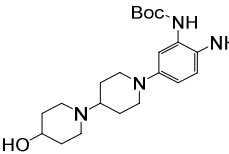
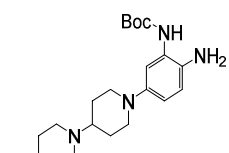
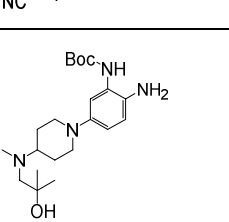
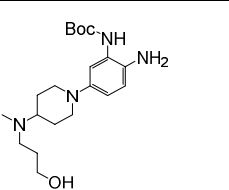
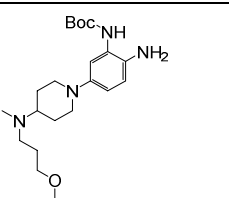
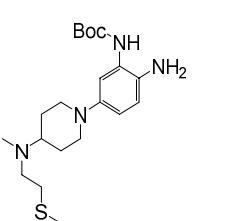
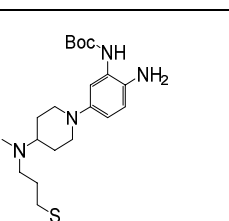
[00218] The following intermediates B2-B56 were obtained through similar reaction steps to those of intermediate B1 by replacing the 5-fluoro-2-nitroaniline in the above Step 1 with 5-fluoro-2-nitroaniline compounds having different substituents, and replacing the ethylpiperazine in Step 2 with different bases. The structures, names and mass spectral data of intermediates B2-B56 are shown in Table 2 below.

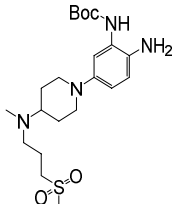
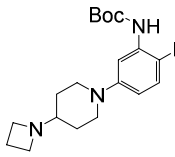
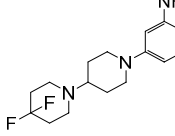
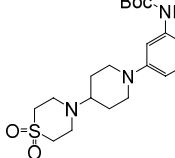
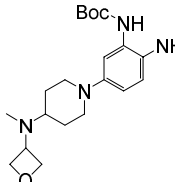
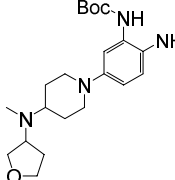
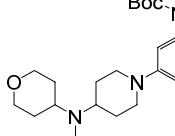
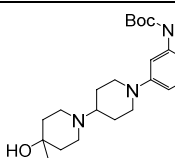
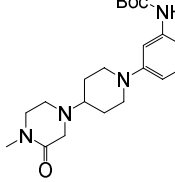
No.	Structure	Name	LCMS m/z= (M+H) ⁺

B2		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	307
B3		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	335
B4		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-morpholinopiperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	377
B5		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(4-morpholinopiperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	395
B6		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-methyl-5-(4-morpholinopiperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	391
B7		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)-4-methylphenyl)carbamate	349
B8		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)-4-fluorophenyl)carbamate	353
B9		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	361
B10		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	379

B11		tert-butyl (5-([1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)-2-aminophenyl)carbamate	375
B12		tert-butyl (5-([1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)-2-amino-4-fluorophenyl)carbamate	393
B13		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	390
B14		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	408
B15		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-isopropylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	335
B16		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-methyl-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	321
B17		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-4-methylphenyl)carbamate	335
B18		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-methyl-5-(4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	375
B19		tert-butyl (5-([1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)-2-amino-4-methylphenyl)carbamate	389

B20		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-methyl-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	404
B21		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	325
B22		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-4-fluorophenyl)carbamate	339
B23		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(4-(2-methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	434
B24		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(4-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	420
B25		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-((2-hydroxyethyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	365
B26		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-((2-fluoroethyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	367
B27		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(cyclopropyl(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	361
B28		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(cyclobutyl(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	375

B29		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-fluoro-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)phenyl)carbamate	393
B30		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-hydroxy-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)phenyl)carbamate	391
B31		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-cyano-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)phenyl)carbamate	400
B32		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-((2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	393
B33		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-((3-hydroxypropyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	379
B34		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-((3-methoxypropyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	393
B35		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(methyl(2-(methylthio)ethyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	395
B36		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(methyl(3-(methylthio)propyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	409

B37		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(methyl(3-(methanesulfonyl)propyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	441
B38		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(azetidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	347
B39		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4,4-difluoro-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)phenyl)carbamate	411
B40		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(1,1-dioxidothiomorpholino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	425
B41		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(methyl(oxetan-3-yl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	377
B42		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(methyl(tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	391
B43		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(methyl(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	405
B44		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-hydroxy-4-methyl-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)phenyl)carbamate	405
B45		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(4-methyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	404

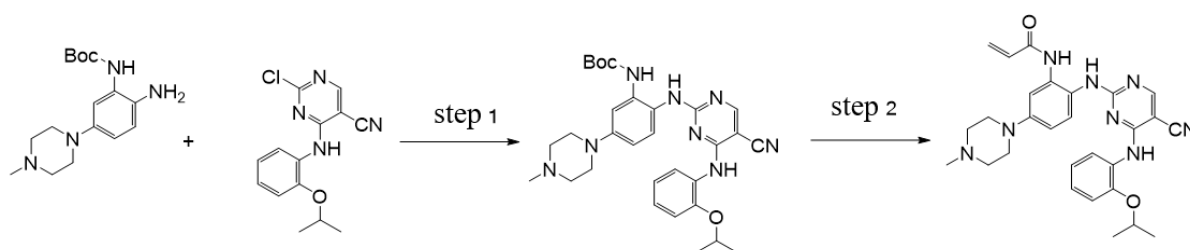
B46		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(4-(4-methyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	422
B47		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(4-methyl-2-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	404
B48		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-fluoro-5-(4-(4-methyl-2-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	422
B49		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(1-methylpiperidin-4-yl)piperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	390
B50		tert-butyl (5-(4-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-aminophenyl)carbamate	418
B51		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(4-(methylsulfonyl)piperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	454
B52		tert-butyl (2-amino-4-methoxy-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	420
B53		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-((2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)(methyl)amino)phenyl)carbamate	309
B54		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-((2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)(methyl)amino)-4-methoxyphenyl)carbamate	339

B55		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-((2-methoxyethyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	379
B56		tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-((2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate	392

Table 2. Structures, names and mass spectrometry data of intermediates B2-B56

[00219] IV. Preparation of specific examples

[00220] Example 1: N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide



[00221] Step 1: Synthesis of tert-butyl (2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate

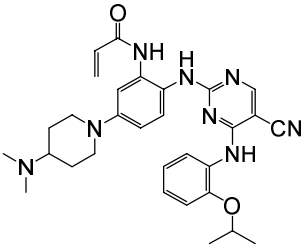
[00222] The intermediate 2-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidine-5-carbonitrile (160 mg, 0.55 mmol), tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate (155 mg, 0.5 mmol) and trifluoroacetic acid (catalytic amount, 20 μ l) were added to sec-butanol, and the mixture was reacted with heating for 12 hours. The reaction solution was cooled, concentrated, and washed with saturated sodium carbonate solution. The organic phase was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to give 240 mg of product as a white solid with a yield of 86%, MS: 559[M+H]⁺;

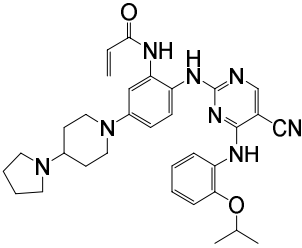
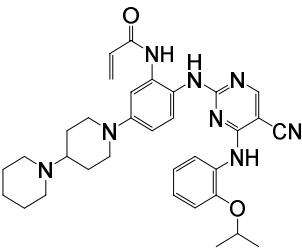
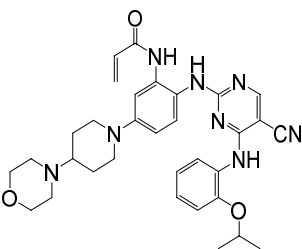
[00223] Step 2: Synthesis of N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide

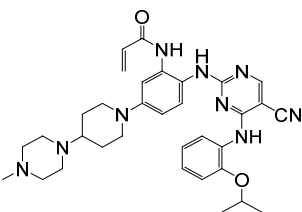
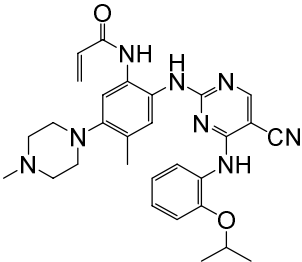
[00224] Tert-butyl (2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate (120 mg, 0.2 mmol) was added to a solvent of

trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL) and dichloromethane (2 mL). The mixture was reacted with stirring at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated to give a gray oil. The oil was dissolved in anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (1 mL). Acryloyl chloride (28 mg, 0.3 mmol) was slowly added dropwise under ice-water bath, and the reaction solution was stirred for another 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by adding water, washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was dried, concentrated, and purified by preparative silica gel plate (mobile phase: methanol/dichloromethane with a volume ratio of 8/100) to give 45 mg of product as a white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J = 25.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 (s, 2H), 6.82 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.78 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.74 - 4.47 (m, 1H), 3.14 (s, 4H), 2.47 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.33 - 1.21 (m, 6H). MS:513[M+H] $^+$.

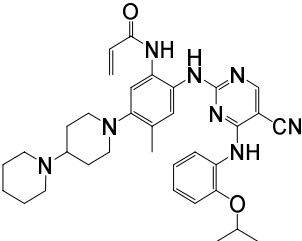
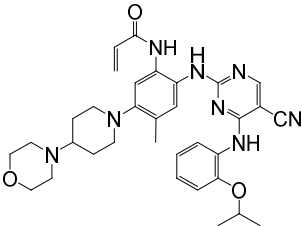
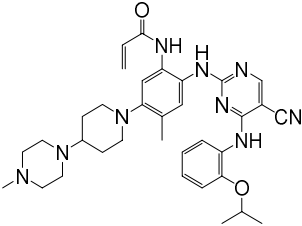
[00225] Compounds in the following Table were prepared with reference to the preparation method of Example 1 using the corresponding intermediates. The structures, names, and hydrogen NMR and mass spectrometry characterization data of the compounds prepared in Examples 2-81 are shown in Table 3 below.

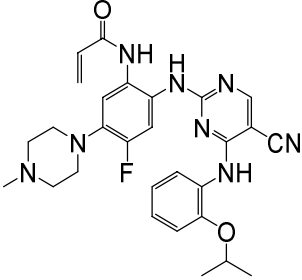
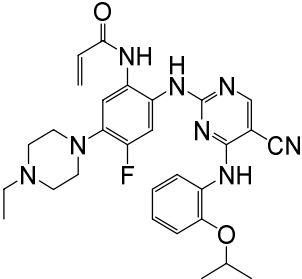
No.	Structure	Name	Characterization
Example 2		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.15 - 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.85 - 6.77 (m, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 16.9, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.79 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.70 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, $J = 11.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.21 (s, 6H), 2.00 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.85 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.56 - 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H).

			MS: 541[M+H] ⁺
Example 3		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.07 (t, <i>J</i> = 13.3 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.64 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.2 Hz, 2H), 2.77 (t, <i>J</i> = 11.8 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (s, 4H), 2.23 (s, 1H), 1.95 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 1.75 - 1.67 (m, 4H), 1.54 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.5 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.9 Hz, 6H). MS:567[M+H] ⁺
Example 4.		N-(5-([1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)-2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, <i>J</i> = 18.0 Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 18.2 Hz, 2H), 6.84 - 6.77 (m, 1H), 6.69 (d, <i>J</i> = 19.3 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.79 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.2 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (t, <i>J</i> = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 2.51 - 2.31 (m, 4H), 1.99 (p, <i>J</i> = 7.1, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.80 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.3 Hz, 2H), 1.58 - 1.44 (m, 6H), 1.39 (s, 2H), 1.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:581[M+H] ⁺
Example 5.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-morpholinyl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.43 - 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.7 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.71

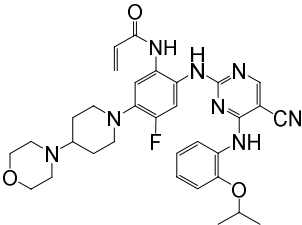
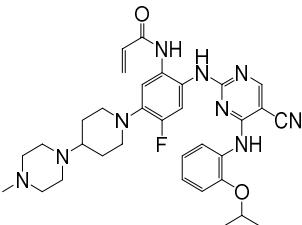
		din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4- morpholinopiper idin-1- yl)phenyl)acryla mide	(s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 16.9, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.2, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.71 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.58 (t, $J = 4.6$ Hz, 4H), 3.34(br, 4H), 2.72 (t, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 1H), 1.88 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.52 (t, $J = 11.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:583[M+H] ⁺
Example 6.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.37 - 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.07 (t, $J = 13.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.80 (dd, $J = 8.9, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (p, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.35 (br, 4H), 2.71 (t, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.50 (br, 1H), 2.40 - 2.24 (m, 4H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 1.85 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.51 (tt, $J = 12.3, 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:596[M+H] ⁺
Example 7.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-methyl-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.80 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 2H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.75 (dd, $J = 10.3, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.85 (t, $J = 4.7$ Hz, 4H), 2.52(br, 4H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:527[M+H] ⁺

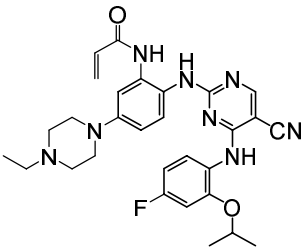
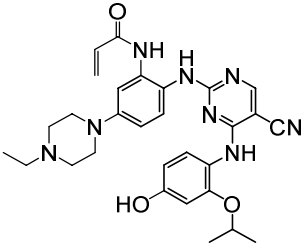
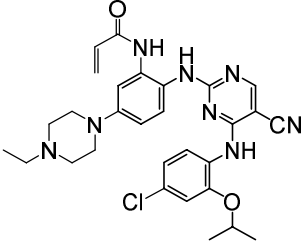
Example 8.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-4-methylphenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.81 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.13 - 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.6 Hz, 4H), 2.55 (s, 4H), 2.41 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H). MS:541[M+H] ⁺
Example 9.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)-4-methylphenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.76 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.3 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.49 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.5 Hz, 2H), 2.59-2.55 (m, 3H), 2.26 (s, 6H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.88 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (q, <i>J</i> = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:555[M+H] ⁺
Example 10.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-methyl-5-(4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.74 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.12 - 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.47 - 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.13 - 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.49 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.10 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.4 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (s, 4H), 2.66 - 2.55 (m, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H),

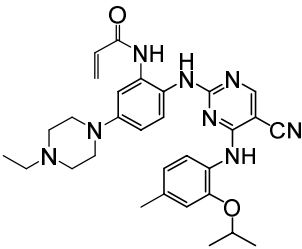
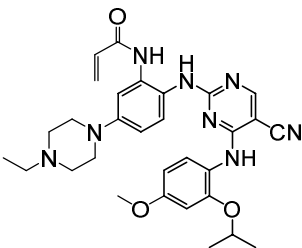
		yl)phenyl)acrylamide	2.00 (s, 2H), 1.76 (s, 4H), 1.64 (d, $J = 10.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:581[M+H] ⁺
Example 11.		N-(5-((1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)-2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-methylphenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.74 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.15 - 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.49 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.78 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.67 - 4.58 (m, 1H), 3.13 (d, $J = 11.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.68-2.55 (m, 7H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 2H), 1.65 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.54 (s, 4H), 1.42 (s, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:595[M+H] ⁺
Example 12.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-methyl-5-(4-morpholinopiperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.75 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 14.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.13 - 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.49 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.4, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.63 - 3.56 (m, 4H), 3.36 (s, 4H), 3.12 (d, $J = 11.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, $J = 11.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.35 - 2.23 (m, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.90 (d, $J = 11.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.58 (d, $J = 11.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:597[M+H] ⁺
Example 13.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-methyl-5-(4-morpholinopiperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.75 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, $J = 15.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 (t, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 2H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 6.49 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.1$ Hz,

		4-methyl-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H), 5.78 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (s, 4H), 3.12 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.4 Hz, 2H), 2.67-2.55 (m, 3H), 2.33 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.4 Hz, 4H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.87 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.59 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.7 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:610[M+H] ⁺
Example 14.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-fluoro-5-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.79 (s, 1H), 9.06 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.9 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 2.50-2.45(m, 4H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:531[M+H] ⁺
Example 15.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)-4-fluorophenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.80 (s, 1H), 9.06 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, <i>J</i> = 18.2 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.1 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.7 Hz, 4H), 2.64-2.55 (m, 4H), 2.39 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.04 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H). MS:545[M+H] ⁺

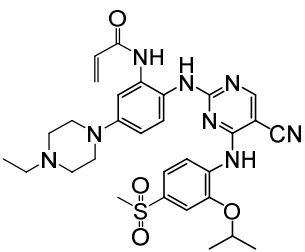
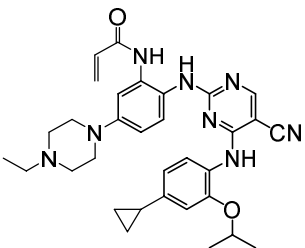
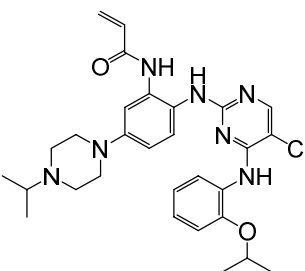
Example 16.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)-4-fluorophenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 9.06 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, <i>J</i> = 18.3 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.48-3.38 (m, 2H), 2.65 (td, <i>J</i> = 11.7, 2.1 Hz, 2H), 2.33-2.30 (m, 1H), 2.27 (s, 6H), 1.89 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.9 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (qd, <i>J</i> = 12.0, 3.8 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:559[M+H] ⁺
Example 17.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-fluoro-5-(4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 9.08 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, <i>J</i> = 18.6 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.1 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (s, 4H), 2.88 - 2.63 (m, 5H), 2.03 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.2 Hz, 2H), 1.78 (s, 4H), 1.65 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:585[M+H] ⁺
Example 18.		N-(5-([1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)-2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-fluorophenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.76 (s, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, <i>J</i> = 19.8 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.1 Hz, 1H),

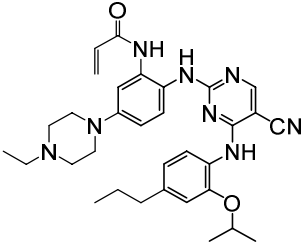
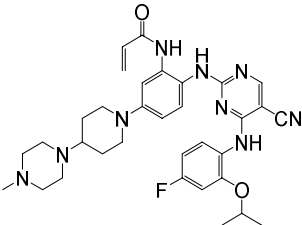
		4-fluorophenyl)acrylamide	3.39 (br, 4H), 2.70 - 2.59 (m, 2H), 2.48 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (s, 1H), 1.82 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 1.63 (dd, J = 12.6, 9.0 Hz, 2H), 1.62 - 1.45 (m, 4H), 1.44 - 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:599[M+H] ⁺
Example 19.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-fluoro-5-(4-morpholinopiperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, J = 19.7 Hz, 2H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, J = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dd, J = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (t, J = 4.5 Hz, 4H), 3.45-2.35 (m, 6H), 2.71 - 2.61 (m, 2H), 2.31 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 1.89 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (q, J = 11.1 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:601[M+H] ⁺
Example 20.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-fluoro-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.47 (d, J = 19.8 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, J = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, J = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dd, J = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (br, 4H), 2.71 - 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.57 (br, 3H), 2.38 - 2.26 (m, 4H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.86 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (dt, J = 11.9, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:614[M+H] ⁺

		yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.83 - 4.73 (m, 1H), 3.11 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.9 Hz, 4H), 2.55-2.45 (m, 4H), 2.39 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.30 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.04 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H). MS:595[M+H] ⁺
Example 27.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((4-fluoro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.31 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 7.07 - 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.77 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.69 - 4.61 (m, 1H), 3.13 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.0 Hz, 4H), 2.53 (s, 4H), 2.38 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.23 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.9 Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 3H). MS:545[M+H] ⁺
Example 28.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((4-hydroxy-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 9.36 (s, 1H), 8.78 (s, 1H), 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 6.76 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.54-6.42 (m, 2H), 6.28-6.20 (m, 2H), 5.79-5.71 (m, 1H), 4.60-4.38 (m, 1H), 3.13 (s, 4H), 2.50(br, 4H), 2.40 (s, 2H), 1.22 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 3H). MS:543[M+H] ⁺
Example 29.		N-(2-((4-((4-chloro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.34 - 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 6.79 (dd, <i>J</i> = 8.9, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 1H),

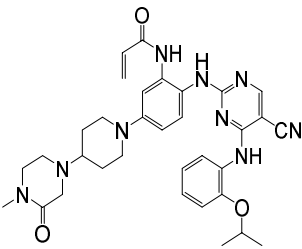
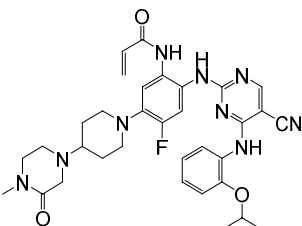
		cyanopyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	6.49 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.15 (t, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 4H), 2.58-2.51 (m, 4H), 2.40 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.25 (d, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). MS:561[M+H] ⁺
Example 30.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-methylphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 6.79 (dd, $J = 8.9, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.64 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.40 (m, 2H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.65 - 4.57 (m, 1H), 3.15 (s, 4H), 2.54 (s, 4H), 2.41 (s, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.26 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H), 1.06 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). MS:541[M+H] ⁺
Example 31.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 8.39 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 6.77 (dd, $J = 9.0, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, $J = 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.34 (s, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.79 - 5.71 (m, 1H), 4.61 (p, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.13 (t, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 4H), 2.53 (s, 4H), 2.43 - 2.35 (m, 2H), 1.23 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). MS:557[M+H] ⁺

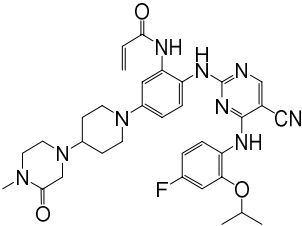
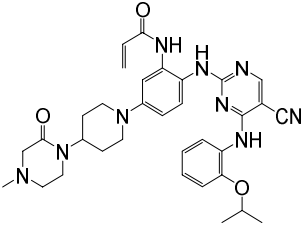
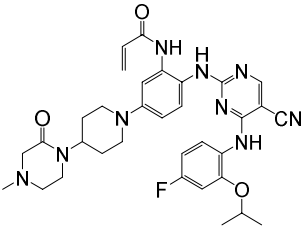
Example 32.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((4-cyano-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.34 (s, 2H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 6.87 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (s, 1H), 3.19 (s, 4H), 2.67 (t, <i>J</i> = 1.8 Hz, 4H), 2.45-2.35 (m, 2H), 1.30 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.07 (s, 3H). MS:552[M+H] ⁺
Example 33.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-(2-methoxyethoxy)phenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 8.39 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 6.76 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 5.71 (m, 1H), 4.65 - 4.57 (m, 1H), 4.07 (t, <i>J</i> = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 3.69 - 3.62 (m, 2H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 3.12 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.1 Hz, 4H), 2.53 (s, 4H), 2.38 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.22 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 3H). MS:601[M+H] ⁺
Example 34.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.53 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.49 - 7.22 (m, 3H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.82 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.1, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (s, 1H), 3.15 (s, 4H), 2.51 (t, <i>J</i> = 1.8 Hz, 4H), 2.38 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

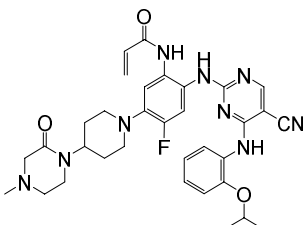
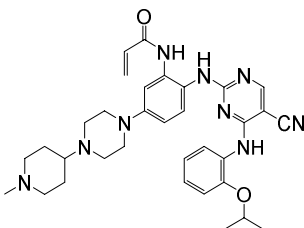
		1- yl)phenyl)acryla mide	(t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). MS:595[M+H] ⁺
Example 35.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 9.12 (s, 1H), 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.38 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 7.33 (s, 2H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0$, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, $J = 17.0$, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.79 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.82 (s, 1H), 3.21-3.16 (m, 7H), 2.58 (br, 4H), 2.40 (s, 2H), 1.32 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H). MS:605[M+H] ⁺
Example 36.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((4-cyclopropyl-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 6.78 (dt, $J = 6.1$, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 6.49 (dd, $J = 16.9$, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (s, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0$, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1$, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.67 - 4.59 (m, 1H), 3.15 (t, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 4H), 2.54 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 4H), 2.39 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.92 - 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 0.98 - 0.88 (m, 2H), 0.64 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H). MS:567[M+H] ⁺
Example 37.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.69 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 14.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.81 (dd, $J = 8.9$, 2.8 Hz,

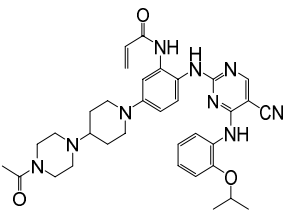
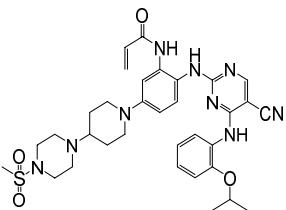
		din-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-isopropylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 2.72 (s, 1H), 2.63 (s, 4H), 1.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.03 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.5 Hz, 6H). MS:541[M+H] ⁺
Example 38.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxy-4-propylphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.44 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.79 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 6.54 (m, 1H), 6.49 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.15 (s, 4H), 2.53 (s, 6H), 2.40 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.1 Hz, 6H), 1.05 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.3 Hz, 3H). MS:569[M+H] ⁺
Example 39.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((4-fluoro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.86 (s, 1H), 8.40 (d, <i>J</i> = 18.5 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.29 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.54-6.47 (m, 2H), 6.23 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 3.69 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.3 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (s, 4H), 2.70 (t, <i>J</i> = 11.7 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (br, 5H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 1.84 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 1.56 - 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.23 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:614[M+H] ⁺ ;

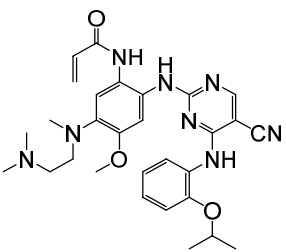
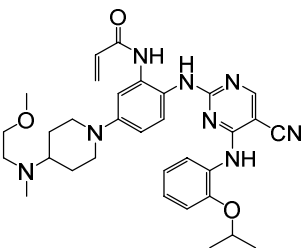
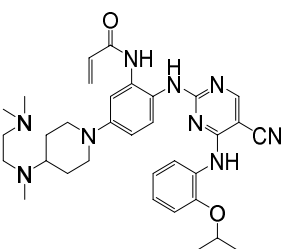
Example 40.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((4-fluoro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-fluoro-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.75 (s, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H), 8.69 (s, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 7.34 (d, <i>J</i> = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, <i>J</i> = 11.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 6.46 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (s, 6H), 2.62 (t, <i>J</i> = 11.5 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 4H), 2.29 (dt, <i>J</i> = 11.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.85 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (td, <i>J</i> = 11.8, 3.7 Hz, 2H), 1.20 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:632[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 41.		4-((2-((2-acrylamido-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)amino)-5-cyanopyrimidin-4-yl)amino)-3-isopropoxybenzamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.72 (s, 1H), 9.05 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.33 (s, 3H), 7.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 6.56 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (m, 1H), 6.25 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.41 (s, 4H), 2.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.8 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 5H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.86 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 1.55 - 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.30 (dd, <i>J</i> = 6.3, 3.3 Hz, 6H). MS:639[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 42.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-(2-hydroxy-1-methylpiperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.69 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 2H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (s, 2H), 6.80 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, <i>J</i> =

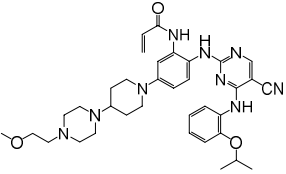
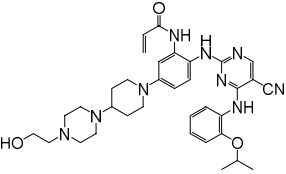
		5-(4-hydroxy-4-methyl-[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 17.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.78 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.10 (s, 1H), 3.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 3.34(br, 4H), 2.71 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.9 Hz, 2H), 2.45 (s, 2H), 1.99 (dt, <i>J</i> = 12.6, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.83 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 1.63 - 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.44 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 1.09 (s, 3H). MS:611[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 43.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 2H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.42 - 7.00 (m, 4H), 6.82 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (s, 1H), 3.71 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 3.25 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 3.12 (s, 2H), 2.82 (s, 4H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.44-2.40 (m, 1H), 1.89 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.3 Hz, 2H), 1.52 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:610[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 44.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-4-fluoro-5-(4-(4-methyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.79 (s, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.49 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 7.89 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, <i>J</i> = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (t, <i>J</i> = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.5 Hz, 2H), 3.27 (s, 2H), 2.95 (s, 2H), 2.74 (t, <i>J</i> = 11.6 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.05 - 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.62 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.9 Hz,

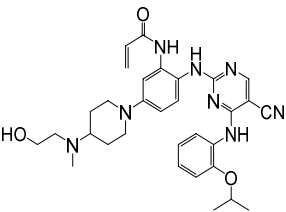
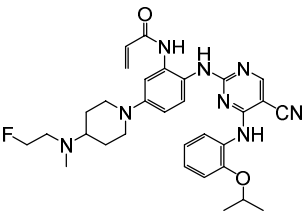
			2H), 1.26 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:628[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 45.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((4-fluoro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 2H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.30 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, $J = 10.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.77 (dd, $J = 9.0, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.64 - 6.41 (m, 1H), 6.23 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.2, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 3.68 (d, $J = 12.5$ Hz, 2H), 3.24 (t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.11 (s, 2H), 2.82 (s, 3H), 2.78 - 2.68 (m, 4H), 1.87 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.54 - 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.23 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:628[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 46.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methyl-2-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J = 22.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, $J = 18.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.87 - 6.78 (m, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.71 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 4.44 (d, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.77 (d, $J = 12.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.23 (d, $J = 5.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.98 (s, 2H), 2.79 (t, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.59 (br, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.82 (dt, $J = 12.9, 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.64 - 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:610[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 47.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((4-fluoro-2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methyl-3-oxopiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 8.88 (s, 1H), 8.42 (s, 2H), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.27 (d, $J = 28.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.04 (d, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dt, $J = 6.3, 3.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.56

		din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4-(4-methyl- 2-oxopiperazin- 1-yl)piperidin-1- yl)phenyl)acryla mide	(d, $J = 11.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, $J = 17.0$, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0$, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (d, $J = 10.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.42 (t, $J = 12.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, $J = 12.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.22 (s, 2H), 2.98 (s, 2H), 2.77 (t, $J =$ 12.1 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.81 (td, $J = 13.9$, 10.0 Hz, 2H), 1.59 (d, $J = 13.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.23 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 6H). MS:628[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 48.		N-(2-((5-cyano- 4-((2- isopropoxyphen yl)amino)pyrimi din-2-yl)amino)- 4-fluoro-5-(4-(4- methyl-2- oxopiperazin-1- yl)piperidin-1- yl)phenyl)acryla mide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.79 (s, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H), 8.48 (d, $J = 13.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, $J = 14.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.48 (dd, $J = 17.0$, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dd, $J = 16.9$, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (dd, $J =$ 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (p, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.45 - 4.29 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, $J = 11.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.27 (s, 2H), 2.97 (s, 2H), 2.75 (t, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.59 (s, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.90 (td, $J =$ 13.1, 9.2 Hz, 2H), 1.62 (d, $J = 11.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.26 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:628[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 49.		N-(2-((5-cyano- 4-((2- isopropoxyphen yl)amino)pyrimi din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4-(1- methylpiperidin- 4-yl)piperazin-1-	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 2H), 6.80 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0$, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J =$ 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.0$, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.12 (s, 4H), 2.83 (d, $J = 10.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.63 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 4H),

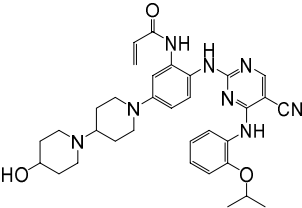
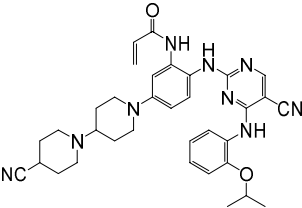
		yl)phenyl)acrylamide	2.17 (br, 4H), 1.90 (s, 2H), 1.77 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.51 - 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:596[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 50.		N-(5-(4-(4-acetylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.34 - 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.07 (t, $J = 12.7$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 - 6.76 (m, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 16.9, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.79 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.72 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.41 (dt, $J = 9.3, 4.8$ Hz, 4H), 2.71 (t, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.51 - 2.36 (m, 5H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.88 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.60 - 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:624[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 51.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-(methylsulfonyl)piperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 7.08 (s, 2H), 6.81 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.72 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.10 (t, $J = 4.7$ Hz, 4H), 2.87 (s, 3H), 2.72 (t, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, $J = 4.7$ Hz, 4H), 2.46 (br, 1H), 1.86 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.61 - 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:660[M+H] ⁺ ;

		ethyl)(methyl)amino)phenylacrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.49 (s, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.23 - 6.94 (m, 4H), 6.67 (s, 1H), 6.47 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.66 - 4.58 (m, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.16 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.51 (br, 2H), 2.22 (s, 6H), 1.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:515[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 55.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-((2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)(methyl)amino)-4-methoxyphenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 8.49 (s, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.23 - 6.94 (m, 4H), 6.67 (s, 1H), 6.47 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.66 - 4.58 (m, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.16 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (s, 3H), 2.51 (br, 2H), 2.22 (s, 6H), 1.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:545[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 56.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-((2-methoxyethyl)(methyl)amino)peridin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 2H), 6.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 6.29 - 6.19 (m, 1H), 5.74 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.74 - 4.54 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 2.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.2 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.78 (s, 2H), 1.56 - 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:585[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 57.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-((2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)(methyl)amino)-4-methoxyphenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 2H), 6.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, <i>J</i> =

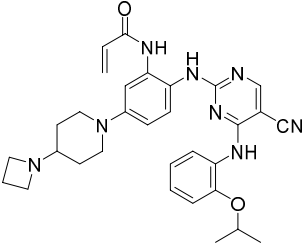
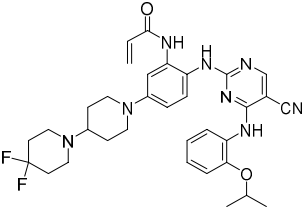
		din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4-((2- (dimethylamino) ethyl)(methyl)a mino)piperidin- 1- yl)phenyl)acryla mide	15.2 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.1, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.29 - 6.19 (m, 1H), 5.74 (d, $J = 10.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 3.73 (d, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.73 - 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.36 - 2.27 (m, 3H), 2.21 (s, 6H), 2.16 (s, 5H), 1.78 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.54 (s, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:598[M+H]⁺
Example 58.		N-(2-((5-cyano- 4-((2- isopropoxyphen yl)amino)pyrimi din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4-(4-(2- methoxyethyl)pi perazin-1- yl)piperidin-1- yl)phenyl)acryla mide	¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-<i>d</i>₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J = 18.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, $J = 19.9$ Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J =$ 10.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.70 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.41 (t, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 6H), 3.23 (s, 3H), 2.71 (t, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.51 - 2.40 (m, 4H), 2.32 (s, 1H), 1.85 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.57 - 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:640[M+H]⁺;
Example 59.		N-(2-((5-cyano- 4-((2- isopropoxyphen yl)amino)pyrimi din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4-(4-(2- hydroxyethyl)pi perazin-1- yl)piperidin-1-	¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-<i>d</i>₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J = 18.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.06 (d, $J = 18.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.78 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.36 (t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.48 (q, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 4H), 2.71 (t, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H),

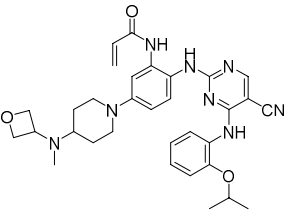
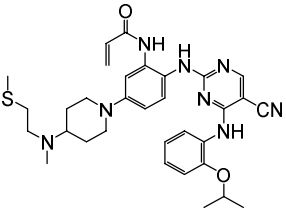
		yl)phenyl)acrylamide	2.45 - 2.26 (m, 7H), 1.85 (d, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 2H), 1.51 (q, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:626[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 60.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-((2-hydroxyethyl)amino)pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 2H), 6.81 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.2, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 4.39 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 2.72 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.53-2.50 (m, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.81 (s, 2H), 1.55 (d, $J = 12.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:571[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 61.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-((2-fluoroethyl)amino)pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.08 (t, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 2H), 6.81 (dd, $J = 9.2, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 4.54 (t, $J = 5.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.42 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.73 (td, $J = 16.5, 12.5, 6.6$ Hz, 4H), 2.56 (d, $J = 11.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.79 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.54 (tt, $J = 13.5, 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:573[M+H] ⁺

Example 62.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(cyclobutyl(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.07 (t, <i>J</i> = 12.6 Hz, 2H), 6.83 - 6.76 (m, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.74 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 3.24 - 3.11 (m, 1H), 2.68 (t, <i>J</i> = 11.7 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.8 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.02 - 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.87 - 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.70 - 1.51 (m, 6H), 1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:581[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 63.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(cyclopropyl(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.31 - 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 19.3 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.74 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 2.70 (t, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.89 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.81 (tt, <i>J</i> = 6.7, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.66 - 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 0.46 (dt, <i>J</i> = 6.3, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 0.31 (q, <i>J</i> = 3.4, 2.9 Hz, 2H). MS:567[M+H] ⁺
Example 64.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-fluorophenyl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.45 - 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.80 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (s,

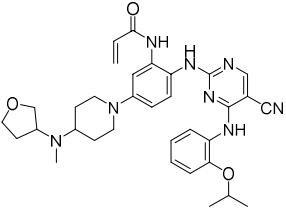
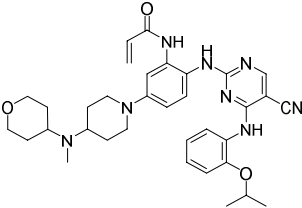
		din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4-fluoro- [1,4'- bipiperidin]-1'- yl)phenyl)acryla mide	1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1,$ 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.80 - 4.55 (m, 1H), 3.72 (d, $J =$ 12.2 Hz, 2H), 3.3(br, 1H), 2.68 (d, $J = 9.4$ Hz, 4H), 2.43 (d, $J = 10.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.90 - 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.69 (s, 2H), 1.56 (t, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:599[M+H]⁺;
Example 65.		N-(2-((5-cyano- 4-((2- isopropoxyphen yl)amino)pyrimi din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4-hydroxy- [1,4'- bipiperidin]-1'- yl)phenyl)acryla mide	¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-<i>d</i>₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, $J = 17.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.08 (s, 1H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.80 (dd, $J = 9.1, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 16.9, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (t, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.53 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.46 - 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.82 - 2.64 (m, 4H), 2.46 - 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.19 (t, $J = 10.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.84 - 1.67 (m, 4H), 1.60 - 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.36 (dd, $J = 12.9, 9.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:597[M+H]⁺;
Example 66.		N-(2-((5-cyano- 4-((2- isopropoxyphen yl)amino)pyrimi din-2-yl)amino)- 5-(4-cyano- [1,4'- bipiperidin]-1'- yl)phenyl)acryla	¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-<i>d</i>₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.31 (br, 2H), 7.06 (d, $J = 18.9$ Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J =$ 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.34 (br, 4H), 2.87 (s, 1H), 2.69 (d, $J = 12.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 1H), 1.84 (s, 4H), 1.69 (s, 2H),

		mide	1.56 (s, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:606[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 67.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-((2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)methyl)amino)pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.09 (s, 2H), 6.81 (d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 16.9, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.78 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 4.00 (s, 1H), 3.75 (d, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.67 (t, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.45-2.31 (m, 6H), 1.76 (s, 2H), 1.54 (s, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H), 1.08 (s, 6H). MS:599[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 68.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-((3-hydroxypropyl)methyl)amino)pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.49 - 8.44 (m, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.12 - 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.81 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.78 - 6.67 (m, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.78 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.73 - 4.47 (m, 1H), 3.74 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.45 (t, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.57-2.50 (m, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.81 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.59 (p, $J = 7.6, 6.8$ Hz, 4H), 1.27 (d, $J = 5.9$ Hz, 6H). MS:585[M+H] ⁺ ;
Example 69.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-((3-methoxypropyl)methyl)amino)pyridin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.23 (d, $J = 11.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.31

		yl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-((3-methoxypropyl)(methyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	- 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 18.7$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 - 6.77 (m, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.72 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.34 (t, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 2.71 (t, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.50-2.45 (m, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.78 (d, $J = 11.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.69 - 1.46 (m, 4H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H).MS:599[M+H] ⁺
Example 70.		N-(5-(4-(azetidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)-2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.30 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.07 (t, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.83 - 6.75 (m, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.49 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, $J = 16.9, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 3.53 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.10 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 4H), 2.79 (t, $J = 11.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.14 (d, $J = 10.5$ Hz, 1H), 1.94 (q, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2H), 1.75 - 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.33 - 1.19 (m, 8H). MS:553[M+H] ⁺
Example 71.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4,4-difluoro[1,4'-bipiperidin]-1'-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.41 - 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.07 (t, $J = 13.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.76 - 2.58 (m, 6H), 2.55 - 2.50 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.90 (m, 4H), 1.82 (d, $J =$

		mide	12.2 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (q, $J = 10.9$ Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:617[M+H] ⁺
Example 72.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(methyl(oxetan-3-yl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.31 - 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 19.3$ Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.2, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.75 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 4.51 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 4H), 3.91 (p, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.66 (t, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.41 (d, $J = 11.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.65 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.51 (tt, $J = 13.5, 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:583[M+H] ⁺
Example 73.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(methyl(2-(methylthioethyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.81 (dd, $J = 8.7, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 16.9, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.2, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.72 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, $J = 12.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.64 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.56 (dd, $J = 8.8, 5.5$ Hz, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.79 (d, $J = 11.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.61 - 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:601[M+H] ⁺

Example 74.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(methyl(3-(methylthiopropyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.31 - 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.5 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.60 (m, 1H), 3.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 2.50-2.47 (m, 5H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.78 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 1.67 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.61 - 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:615[M+H] ⁺
Example 75.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(methyl(3-(methylsulfonyl)propyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.95 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.08 (s, 2H), 6.85 - 6.77 (m, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, <i>J</i> = 10.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.81 - 4.56 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 3.15 - 3.07 (m, 2H), 2.98 (s, 3H), 2.71 (t, <i>J</i> = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 2.53 (br, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 1.80 (dd, <i>J</i> = 17.6, 9.8 Hz, 4H), 1.56 (t, <i>J</i> = 11.6 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS:647[M+H] ⁺
Example 76.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(methyl(3-(methylsulfonyl)propyl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.25(m, 2H), 7.08 (t, <i>J</i> = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (dd, <i>J</i> = 9.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, <i>J</i> = 16.9, 10.2 Hz, 1H),

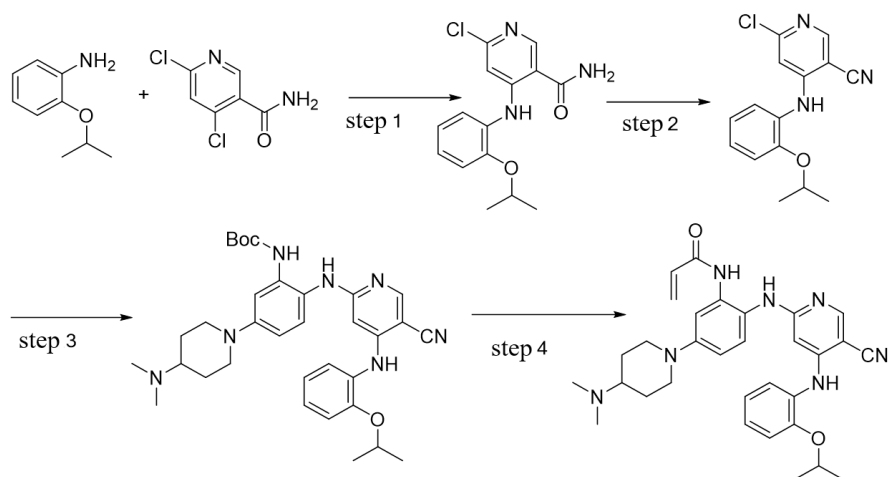
		5-(4-(1,1-dioxidothiomorpholino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.70-4.60 (m, 1H), 3.74 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.11-3.03 (m, 4H), 3.00 (br, 4H), 2.75-2.65 (m, 3H), 1.81 (d, $J = 11.7$ Hz, 2H), 1.64-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H), MS:631[M+H] ⁺
Example 77.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(methyl(tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.32 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.07 (t, $J = 11.5$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 - 6.69 (m, 2H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (p, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.88 - 3.70 (m, 4H), 3.64 (td, $J = 8.4, 7.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.41 (dt, $J = 27.2, 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.65 (dt, $J = 41.3, 12.1$ Hz, 3H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.97 (dtd, $J = 11.6, 7.3, 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 1.74 (dq, $J = 11.9, 3.9$ Hz, 3H), 1.61 (t, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H). MS:597[M+H] ⁺
Example 78.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(methyl(tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)amino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.96 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, $J = 19.7$ Hz, 2H), 6.84-6.76 (m, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.74-4.45 (m, 1H), 3.88 (dd, $J = 11.0, 4.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.71 (d, $J = 12.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.29 (dd, $J = 11.7, 2.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.78-2.67 (m, 4H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.76 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H),

		yl)phenyl)acrylamide	1.68-1.42 (m, 6H), 1.28 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 6H) MS:611[M+H] ⁺
Example 79.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isobutylphenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.64 (s, 1H), 9.04 (s, 1H), 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.34 - 7.11 (m, 5H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 6.71 - 6.37 (m, 2H), 6.22 (d, $J = 17.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.79 - 5.71 (m, 1H), 3.62 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.64 (t, $J = 11.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.57 (br, 3H), 2.47 - 2.37 (m, 8H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.84-1.77 (m, 3H), 1.48 (qd, $J = 11.9, 3.9$ Hz, 2H), 0.80 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 6H). MS:594[M+H] ⁺
Example 80.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-(isopropylsulfonyl)phenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.63 (br, 2H), 9.09 (s, 1H), 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.82 - 7.75 (m, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.33 (br, 3H), 6.80 (dd, $J = 8.9, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.73 (dd, $J = 10.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, $J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.50-3.30(m, 5H), 2.70 (t, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.49 (br, 1H), 2.40 - 2.26 (m, 4H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.89 - 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.49 (qd, $J = 12.1, 3.8$ Hz, 2H), 1.14 (d, $J = 6.7$ Hz, 6H). MS:644[M+H] ⁺
Example 81.		N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-(isopropylthiophenyl)amino)pyrimidin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	¹ H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 9.01 (d, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 2H), 8.49 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 (s, 2H), 7.13 (s, 2H), 6.77 (dd, $J = 8.9, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.23 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.74 (dd, $J = 10.1,$

		(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide	2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 2H), 3.24 (br, 5H), 2.70 (t, J = 11.5 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (br, 5H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.86 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 1.51 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H). MS:612[M+H] ⁺
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[00226] Table 3. Structures, names and hydrogen NMR and mass spectrometry characterization data of the compounds prepared in Examples 2-81.

[00227] Example 82: N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide



[00228] Step 1) Preparation of 6-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)nicotinamide

[00229] HMDSNa (2N, 1 mL) was slowly added dropwise to a solution of 2-isopropoxyaniline (300 mg, 2 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (5 mL) under ice-salt bath, and the mixture was reacted with stirring for another half an hour. A solution of 2,4-dichloro-5-nicotinamide (190 mg, 1 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (1 mL) was then added dropwise, and the mixture was reacted with stirring overnight in an ice-water bath. The reaction solution was quenched by adding water, and slurried. The slurry was filtered to give 230 mg of a pale yellow solid with a yield of 75%, MS: 306 [M+H]⁺.

[00230] Step 2) Preparation of 6-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)nicotinonitrile

[00231] A solution of 6-chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)nicotinamide (220 mg, 0.8 mmol) in phosphorus oxychloride (2mL) was heated to reflux and reacted for 3 hours. The

reaction solution was cooled, concentrated, washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate, and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was dried, and concentrated to give 160 mg of a yellow solid, MS: 288 [M+H]⁺.

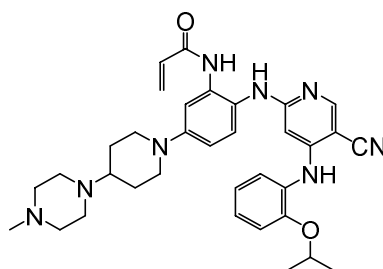
[00232] Step 3) Preparation of tert-butyl (2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate

[00233] 6-Chloro-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)nicotinonitrile (120 mg, 0.4 mmol), tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate (135 mg, 0.4 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃(10mg), Xantphos (10mg) and sodium carbonate (110 mg, 1 mmol) were dissolved in dioxane (5 mL) and water (0.5 mL) in a sealed tube, respectively, and the atmosphere of the reaction system was replaced with argon gas. The mixture was then reacted with heating at 120 °C for 10 hours. The reaction solution was cooled, and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and then directly purified by a preparative thin-layer plate (1 mm, silica gel) to give 104 mg of product as a pale yellow solid, MS: 586 [M+H]⁺.

[00234] Step 4): Tert-butyl (2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate (88 mg, 0.15 mmol) was added to a solution of trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL) in dichloromethane (3 mL), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction solution was concentrated, and anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (2 mL) was added. Acryloyl chloride (40 µL) was then added dropwise under an ice-water bath. The reaction solution was stirred for another half an hour, then quenched by adding water, extracted with dichloromethane, and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate. The organic phase was dried, concentrated and purified by a preparative thin-layer plate (0.5 mm, loaded with silica gel) with eluting system of V_{dichloromethane/methanol}=11/1 to give 33 mg of product as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 9.53 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 - 7.05 (m, 4H), 6.93 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 5.72 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (p, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 2.71 - 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.53 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 6H), 1.89 (d, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 2H), 1.54 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 10.0 Hz, 2H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H). MS: 540 [M+H]⁺.

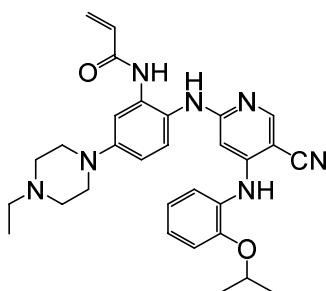
[00235] Example 83: N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)amino)-5-

(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide



[00236] The title product was obtained through the same procedures as those in Example 82 by replacing tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate in Step 3) in Example 82 with tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 9.53 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.29 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.25 - 7.05 (m, 4H), 6.93 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.72 (dd, $J = 8.9, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, $J = 16.9, 10.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.20 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 5.83 (s, 1H), 5.72 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.61 - 4.50 (m, 1H), 3.63 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H), 3.35 (br, 4H), 2.65 (td, $J = 12.2, 2.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.55-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.41 - 2.21 (m, 4H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.83 (d, $J = 12.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.47 (dd, $J = 11.7, 3.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.20 (d, $J = 6.1$ Hz, 6H). MS: 595[M+H] $^+$.

[00237] Example 84: N-(2-((5-cyano-4-((2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino)pyridin-2-yl)amino)-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)acrylamide



[00238] The title product was obtained through the same procedures as those in Example 82 by replacing tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate in Step 3) in Example 82 with tert-butyl (2-amino-5-(4-ethylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl)carbamate; ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 9.55 (s, 1H), 8.22-8.14 (m, 2H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.31 - 7.05 (m, 5H), 6.93 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, $J = 8.9, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.45 (dd, $J = 17.0, 10.1$ Hz, 1H), 6.20 (dd, $J = 17.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 5.72 (dd, $J = 10.1, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.56 (p, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.08 (t, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 4H), 2.50 (br, 4H), 2.38 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.20 (d, $J = 6.0$

Hz, 6H), 1.04 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). MS:526[M+H]⁺.

Assay example 1.

[00239] Assay of activity of small molecule compounds on inhibiting FGFR4 kinase and FGFR4 V550L mutant kinase. The assay method was as follows:

[00240] 1) Dilution of compounds:

[00241] In a 96-well plate a, the compounds were serially diluted 3-fold with DMSO to form 11 concentrations, and the 12th concentration was pure DMSO (as a positive control); In a new 96-well plate b, the above solutions were diluted 25-fold with ultrapure water (DMSO concentration was 4%).

[00242] 2) Transferring compounds to a 384-well plate:

[00243] The above solutions of compounds diluted with ultrapure water in the 96-well plate b were pipetted into corresponding wells of a 384-well plate.

[00244] 3) Adding 4×kinase solution: 2.5 µl of the above 4×kinase solutions were pipetted with a multi-channel pipette into corresponding reaction wells of the 384-well plate, and the mixture was mixed well and pre-reacted at room temperature for 5 minutes.

[00245] 4) Adding 2×substrate/ATP mixture: 5 µl of the above 2×substrate/ATP mixtures were pipetted with a multi-channel pipette into corresponding reaction wells of the 384-well plate.

[00246] 5) Negative control: negative control wells were set up in the 384-well plate by adding 2.5 µl of 4×substrate, 2.5 µl of 4×enzyme solution, 2.5 µl of 1×kinase Assay Buffer and 2.5 µl of ultrapure water containing 4% DMSO to each well.

[00247] 6) Centrifuging, mixing well, and reacting at room temperature in the dark for 2 hours.

[00248] 7) Terminating the enzymatic reaction:

[00249] 5 µl of the above 4×stop solutions were pipetted into corresponding wells of the 384-well plate, and the mixture was centrifuged, mixed well, and then reacted at room temperature for 5 minutes.

[00250] 8) Development of the reaction:

[00251] 5 µl of the above 4×detection solutions were pipetted into corresponding wells of the

384-well plate, and the mixture was centrifuged, mixed well, and then reacted at room temperature for 1 hour.

[00252] 9) The 384-well plate was placed into a plate reader, and the signal was detected using the appropriate program.

[00253] 10) Analysis of IC_{50} :

[00254] Reading of well = $10000 \times \text{EU665 value} / \text{EU615 value}$

[00255] Inhibition rate = $(\text{reading of positive control well} - \text{reading of assay well}) / (\text{reading of positive control well} - \text{reading of negative control well}) \times 100\%$

[00256] The corresponding IC_{50} can be calculated by inputting the drug concentrations and corresponding inhibition rates into GraphPad Prism 5 and processing.

[00257] Assay conditions for screening FGFR4 kinase activity inhibitory molecule:

[00258] The final concentration of FGFR4 kinase in the reaction system was 3.85 nM, the final concentration of ATP was 100 μM , the final concentration of substrate *ULight*TM-labeled JAK-1 (Tyr1023) Peptide was 100 nM, and the time for enzymatic reaction was 2 hours.

[00259] The highest final concentration of the compound in the reaction system was 2.5 μM . After serial 3-fold dilution, there were 11 concentrations in total, and the lowest final concentration was 0.042 nM. The final concentration of DMSO was 1%.

[00260] Assay conditions for screening FGFR4 V550L kinase activity inhibitory molecule:

[00261] The final concentration of FGFR4 V550L kinase in the reaction system was 1 nM, the final concentration of ATP was 10 μM , the final concentration of substrate *ULight*TM-labeled PolyGT was 100 nM, and the time for enzymatic reaction was 2 hours.

[00262] The highest final concentration of the compound in the reaction system was 2.5 μM . After serial 3-fold dilution, there were 11 concentrations in total, and the lowest final concentration was 0.042 nM. The final concentration of DMSO was 1%.

[00263] Assay results of inhibitory activity of some compounds disclosed herein on tyrosine kinase FGFR4 and tyrosine kinase FGFR4 with V550L mutant are listed in Table 4, wherein A indicates that IC_{50} is less than or equal to 10 nM, B indicates that IC_{50} is greater than 10 nM but less than or equal to 50 nM, C indicates that IC_{50} is greater than 50 nM but less than or

equal to 100 nM, and D indicates that IC₅₀ is greater than 100 nM but less than or equal to 1000 nM. NT means no relevant value.

Table 4: Assay results of inhibitory activity of compounds of the present disclosure on FGFR4 kinase and tyrosine kinase FGFR4 with V550L mutant

Example No.	FGFR4 IC ₅₀ nM	FGFR4 V550L IC ₅₀ nM	Example No.	FGFR4 IC ₅₀ nM	FGFR4 V550L IC ₅₀ nM
1	B	A	51	D	B
2	B	A	52	A	A
3	B	A	53	C	A
4	B	A	54	B	A
5	C	B	55	B	A
6	A	A	56	B	A
7	C	B	57	B	A
8	B	A	58	B	A
9	B	B	59	B	A
10	B	B	60	B	A
11	B	NT	61	B	A
12	B	B	62	B	B
13	B	B	63	A	B
14	C	B	64	B	B
15	C	B	65	B	A
16	B	A	66	A	B
17	B	B	67	B	A
18	B	B	68	A	A
19	D	B	69	A	A
20	B	B	70	C	A
21	B	B	71	A	C
22	D	D	72	A	B

23	C	A	73	A	A
24	B	B	74	A	A
25	C	B	75	A	A
26	D	D	76	B	B
27	A	A	77	A	A
28	A	A	78	A	A
29	B	B	79	B	C
30	B	A	80	A	A
31	A	B	81	A	A
32	NT	B	82	B	NT
33	A	B	83	B	NT
34	C	B	84	B	NT
35	B	B			
36	B	B			
37	A	A			
38	C	C			
39	A	A			
40	B	B			
41	B	A			
42	A	A			
43	B	B			
44	B	B			
45	B	B			
46	B	B			
47	B	B			
48	B	B			
49	A	A			
50	B	A			

Assay example 2.

[00264] Compounds were assayed for inhibiting cell proliferation, and the specific method was as follows:

[00265] 1. Cells were cultured to a logarithmic growth phase, pipetted evenly, transferred to a 15 mL centrifuge tube, and centrifuged at 1000 rpm at room temperature for 4 minutes;

[00266] 2. The supernatant was discarded; 5 mL of complete medium was added and pipetted evenly; 10 μ L of cell suspension was weighed, mixed well with 10 μ L of 0.4 % trypan blue, and counted under a cell counter; the proportion of living cells was ensured to be above 90%;

[00267] 3. The cell suspension was seeded into a 96-well plate (80 μ L of cell suspension per well) according to the conditions shown in Table 5; in the outer 36 wells of the 96-well plate, no cells were added but only sterile water was added; only the inner 60 wells were used for cell assay and control;

[00268] 4. $5 \times$ compound dilution: the compounds were serially diluted 4-fold to give a total of 9 concentrations; 80-fold overall dilution was completed with complete medium, the resulting concentration was 5 times the final drug concentration, and DMSO concentration was 1.25 %;

[00269] 5. 20 μ L of the corresponding compounds with different concentrations were added to each well of assay wells of the 96-well plate; 20 μ L of complete medium was added to positive and negative control wells and shaken well; and the final concentration of DMSO in each well was 0.25%;

[00270] 6. After 72 hours of incubation, 10 μ L of CCK-8 reagent was added to each well and further incubated at 37 °C for 1-2 hours; and the OD value was read at 450 nm;

[00271] 7. Cell survival rate (%)=[(As-Ab)/(Ac-Ab)]*100%

[00272] As: Assay well (medium containing cells, CCK-8, compound)

[00273] Ac: Control well (medium containing cells, CCK-8)

[00274] Ab: Blank well (medium without cell and compound, CCK-8)

[00275] 8. The values were imported into Graphpad Prism 5 software for IC₅₀ calculation.

Table 5. Basic information and seeding conditions of cells

Cell name	Source	Medium	Seeding density

Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4	KYinno Biotechnology (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	RPMI 1640+10% FBS	10000/well
Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4- V550L	KYinno Biotechnology (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	RPMI 1640+10% FBS	10000/well

[00276] Assay results of inhibitory activity of some compounds disclosed herein on the proliferation of Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4 cells and Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4-V550L cells are listed in Table 6, wherein A indicates that IC₅₀ is less than or equal to 10 nM, B indicates that IC₅₀ is greater than 10 nM but less than or equal to 50 nM, C indicates that IC₅₀ is greater than 50 nM but less than or equal to 100 nM, and D indicates that IC₅₀ is greater than 100 nM but less than or equal to 1000 nM. NT means no relevant value.

Table 6: Assay results of inhibitory activity of the compounds of the present disclosure on the proliferation of Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4 cells and Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4-V550L cells

Example No.	Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4 IC ₅₀ nM	Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4-V550L IC ₅₀ nM	Example No.	Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4 IC ₅₀ nM	Ba/F3 ETV6-FGFR4-V550L IC ₅₀ nM
1	A	A	51	A	A
2	A	A	52	D	D
3	A	A	53	A	A
4	A	A	54	A	A
5	A	A	55	A	A
6	A	A	56	A	A
7	A	B	57	A	A
8	A	A	58	A	A
9	NT	NT	59	A	A
10	A	B	60	A	A
11	B	B	61	A	A
12	NT	NT	62	A	A
13	A	B	63	A	A

14	A	A	64	A	A
15	A	A	65	A	A
16	A	A	66	A	A
17	A	A	67	A	A
18	A	A	68	A	A
19	A	A	69	A	A
20	A	A	70	A	A
21	A	B	71	A	B
22	D	D	72	A	A
23	A	A	73	A	A
24	B	A	74	A	B
25	B	B	75	A	A
26	D	D	76	A	A
27	A	A	77	A	A
28	D	C	78	A	A
29	A	A	79	B	B
30	A	A	80	A	A
31	A	A	81	A	A
32	A	B	82	NT	NT
33	A	A	83	NT	NT
34	B	B	84	NT	NT
35	B	B			
36	B	B			
37	A	A			
38	B	B			
39	A	A			
40	A	A			
41	D	D			
42	A	A			

43	A	A
44	A	A
45	A	A
46	A	A
47	A	A
48	A	A
49	A	A
50	A	A

[00277] The biological data provided by the present disclosure indicate that the compounds disclosed herein are useful for treating or preventing diseases caused by abnormalities of FGFR4 kinase, including diseases caused by FGFR4 gene mutations (V550L, V550M, etc.), including primary and metastatic cancers, including solid tumors. Such cancers include, but are not limited to, non-small cell lung cancer, small cell lung cancer, breast cancer, pancreatic cancer, glioma, glioblastoma, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, colorectal cancer, melanoma, endometrial cancer, prostate cancer, bladder cancer, leukemia, gastric cancer, liver cancer, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, thyroid cancer, chronic granulocytic leukemia, acute myelocytic leukemia, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, nasopharyngeal cancer, esophageal cancer, brain tumor, B-cell and T-cell lymphoma, lymphoma, multiple myeloma, biliary tract cancerous sarcoma, and cholangiocarcinoma. The compounds disclosed herein can also treat cancers that are resistant to one or more other therapeutic methods. The compounds disclosed herein can also be useful in the treatment of FGFR4 kinase-related diseases other than cancer, including but not limited to ocular fundus diseases, psoriasis, rheumatic arthritis, atherosclerosis, pulmonary fibrosis, and liver fibrosis. The compounds disclosed herein can be used as monotherapy or combination therapy, and can be used in combination with multiple compounds disclosed herein or in combination with drugs other than compounds disclosed herein.

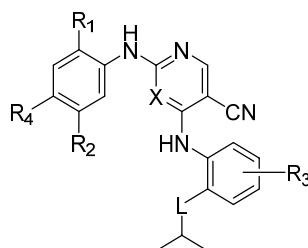
[00278] The above-mentioned embodiments are alternative embodiments of the present disclosure. It should be pointed out that for those skilled in the art, without departing from the principles of the present disclosure, several improvements and modifications can also be made to the embodiments of the present disclosure, and these improvements and modifications

should also be regarded as within the protection scope of the present disclosure.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

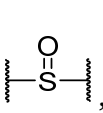
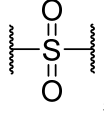
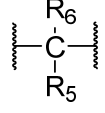
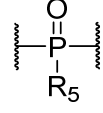
1. A compound represented by formula (I), or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

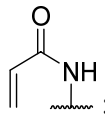


Formula (I)

in formula (I),

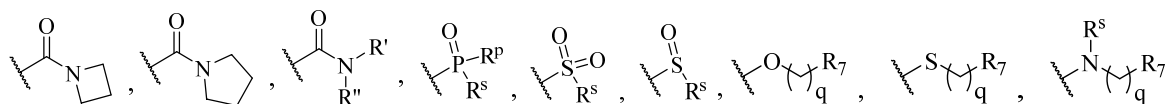
X is N or CH;

L is -O-, -S-, , , , , or -NR₅-, wherein R₅ and R₆ are each independently hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl or isopropyl;

R₁ is ;

R₂ is hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, or C₁-C₃ alkyl;

R₃ is selected from hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, amino, cyano, carboxyl, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, C₁-C₃ haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, C₂-C₃ alkynyl, C₂-C₃ alkenyl, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₃ alkylthio, mono- or di-C₁-C₃ alkylamino, C₃-C₄ cycloalkyloxy, C₃-C₄ cycloalkyl-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, cyano-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, carbamoyl-substituted C₁-C₃ alkyl, or the following groups:



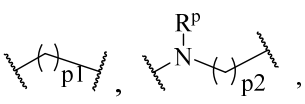
q is an integer of 1-3,

R^s is selected from -H, or C₁-C₃ alkyl, and R^p is selected from -H, or C₁-C₃ alkyl,

R' and R'' are each independently -H, C₁-C₃ alkyl, or C₃-C₄ cycloalkyl,

R₇ is selected from -H, halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, amino, carboxyl, C₁-C₃ alkyl, C₃-C₄ cycloalkyl, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, or mono- or di-C₁-C₃ alkyl-substituted amino;

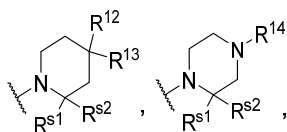
R₄ is -T₁-R₈,

T₁ is selected from: ,

p₁ is 0, p₂ is an integer of 2-3,

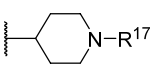
R^p is -H, methyl or ethyl,

R₈ is selected from methylamino, ethylamino, propylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino or the following groups:



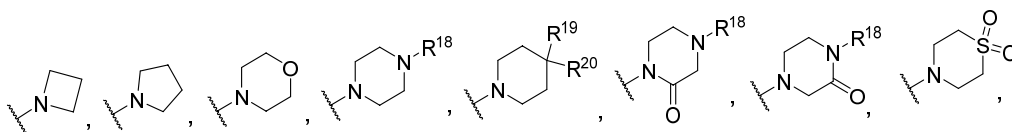
R¹² is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

R¹³ is -H, or -NR¹⁵R¹⁶,

R¹⁴ is -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, or , wherein R¹⁷ is methyl, ethyl, propyl, or isopropyl,

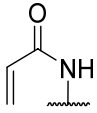
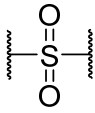
R^{s1} and R^{s2} are each independently selected from H or methyl;

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, propylsulfonyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetan-3-yl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, or tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl, or R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following groups:



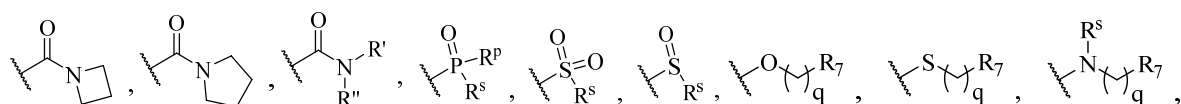
R¹⁸ is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl,

methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl, R^{19} and R^{20} are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, fluoro, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, methoxy, or ethoxy;

and, when R^1 is , R_4 is 4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl, and L is -O- or , R_2 and R_3 are not both hydrogen.

2. The compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R_2 is -H, -F, -Cl, methyl or methoxy.

3. The compound of formula (I) according to any one of claims 1-2, or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R_3 is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, hydroxyl, carboxyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, ethynyl, ethenyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, amino, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino, or the following groups:



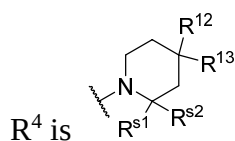
q is an integer of 2-3,

R^s is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl, and R^p is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl,

R' and R'' are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl,

R_7 is selected from -H, -F, hydroxyl, cyano, carboxyl, amino, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, or dimethylamino.

4. The compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

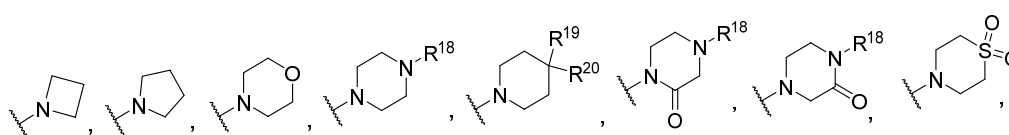


R^{12} is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

R^{13} is -H or $-NR^{15}R^{16}$,

R^{s1} and R^{s2} are H,

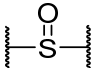
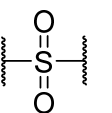
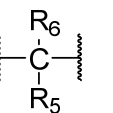
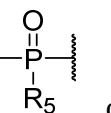
R^{15} and R^{16} are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetan-3-yl, tetrahydrofuran-3-yl, or tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl, or R^{15} and R^{16} together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following groups:



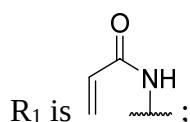
R^{18} is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl,

R^{19} and R^{20} are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, or fluoro.

5. The compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein X is N or CH;

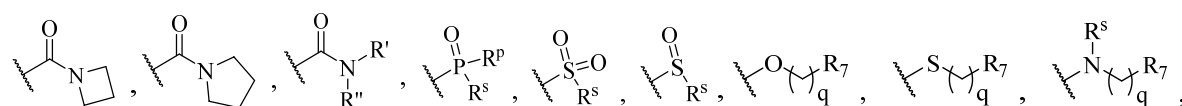
L is -O-, -S-, , , , , or $-NR_5-$, wherein R_5 and R_6 are each

independently hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl or isopropyl;



R₂ is -H, -F, -Cl, methyl, or methoxy;

R₃ is selected from -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, hydroxyl, carboxyl, cyano, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopropyloxy, cyclobutyloxy, methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, ethynyl, ethenyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, amino, methylamino, ethylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino, or the following groups:



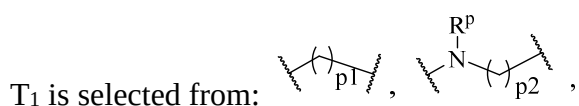
q is an integer of 2-3,

R^S is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl, and R^P is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl,

R' and R'' are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, or cyclobutyl,

R₇ is selected from -H, -F, hydroxyl, cyano, carboxyl, amino, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, methylamino, ethylamino, or dimethylamino;

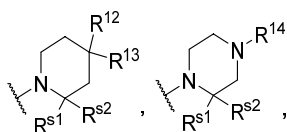
R⁴ is -T₁-R₈,



p₁ is 0, and p₂ is an integer of 2-3;

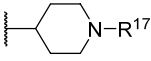
R^P is -H, methyl, or ethyl;

R⁸ is selected from methylamino, ethylamino, propylamino, dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-methyl-N-ethylamino or the following groups:



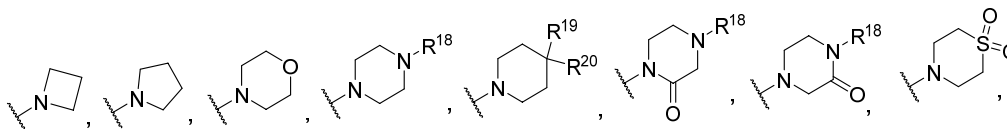
R¹² is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

R¹³ is -H, or -NR¹⁵R¹⁶,

R¹⁴ is -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, or , wherein R¹⁷ is methyl, ethyl, propyl, or isopropyl,

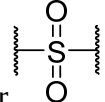
R^{s1} and R^{s2} are each independently selected from -H or methyl;

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, cyanomethyl, cyanoethyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, isopropoxyethyl, isopropoxypropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, dimethylaminoethyl, dimethylaminopropyl, diethylaminoethyl, diethylaminopropyl, methylethylaminoethyl, methylethylaminopropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiopropyl, ethylthioethyl, ethylthiopropyl, isopropylthioethyl, isopropylthiopropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, oxetanyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, or tetrahydropyranyl, or R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heterocyclic group selected from the following groups:



R¹⁸ is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, formyl, acetyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, or ethylsulfonyl,

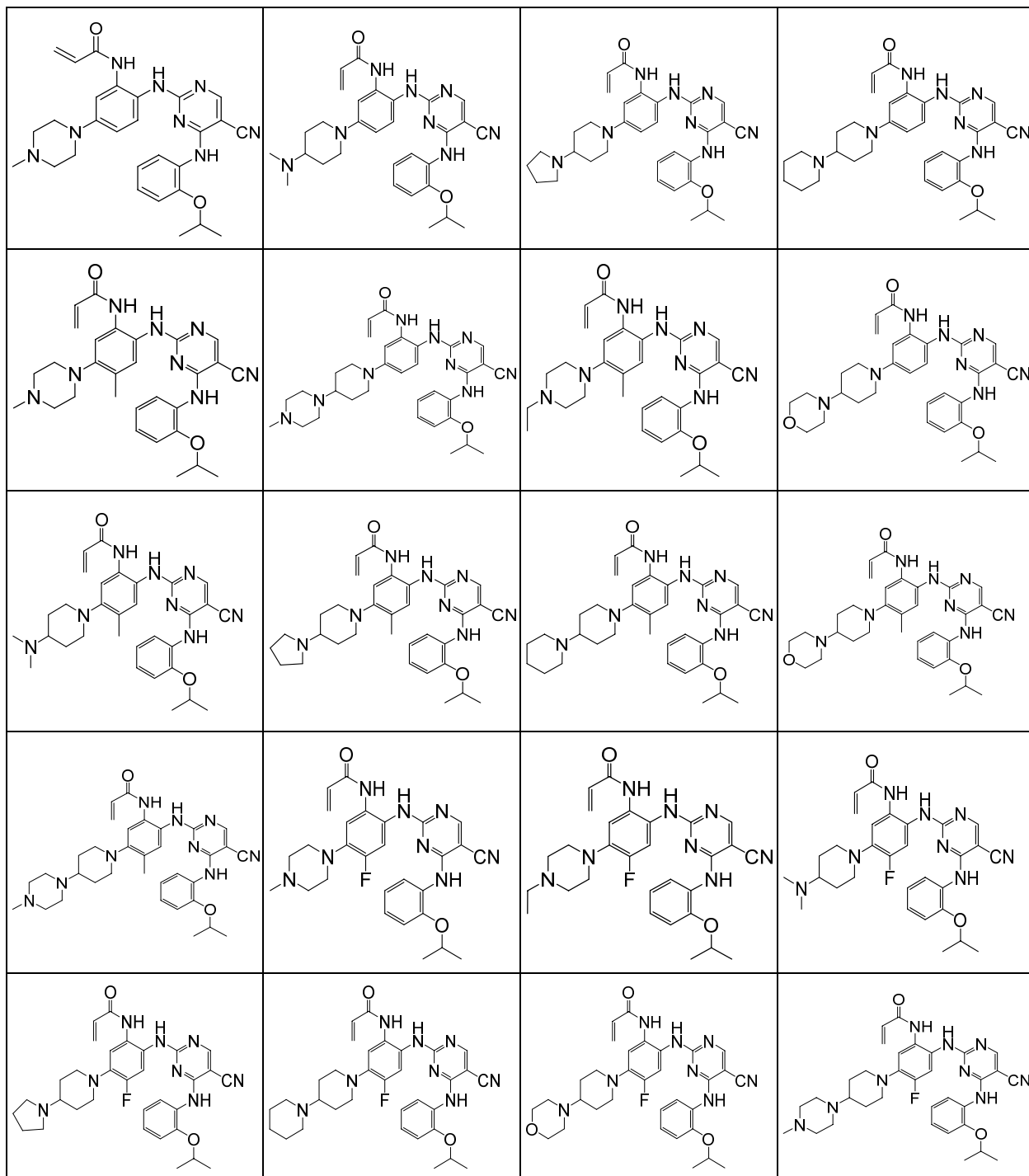
R¹⁹ and R²⁰ are each independently selected from -H, methyl, ethyl, hydroxyl, cyano, fluoro, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, methoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, ethoxypropyl, methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino, methoxy, or ethoxy,

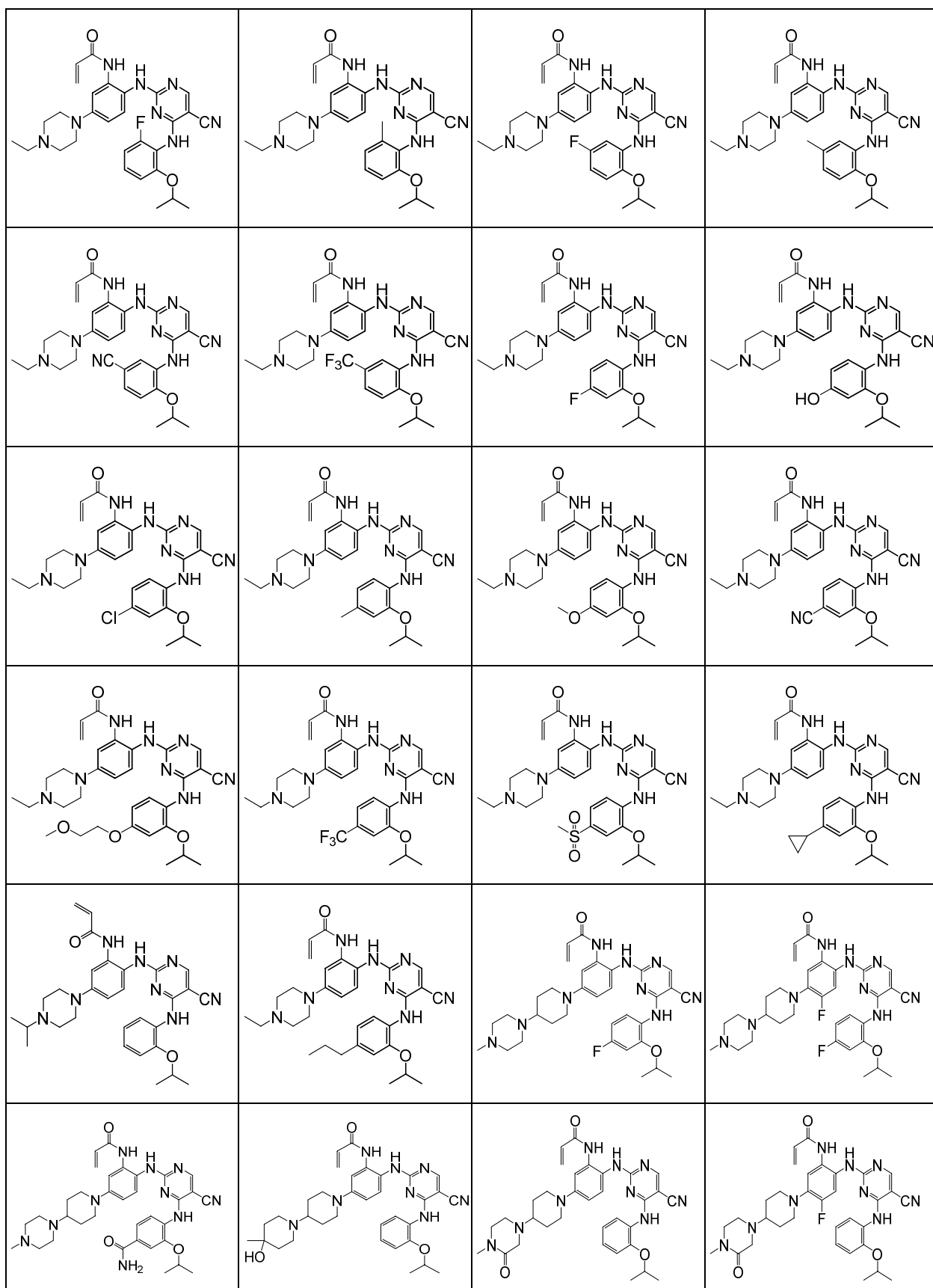
and, when R₄ is 4-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl, and L is -O- or , R₂ and R₃ are not both hydrogen.

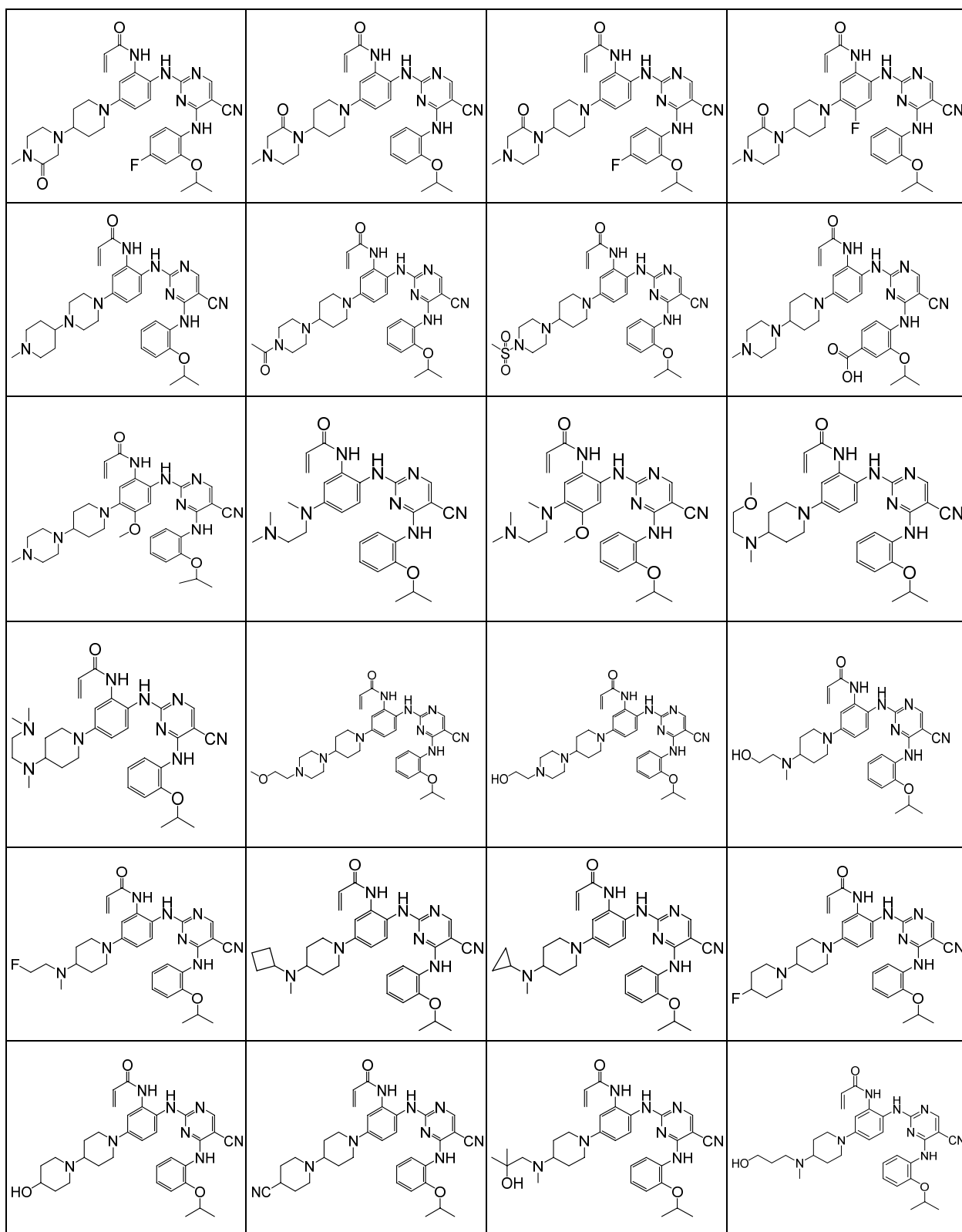
6. The compound of formula (I) according to claim 5, or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein L is -O-, and, when R₄ is 4-

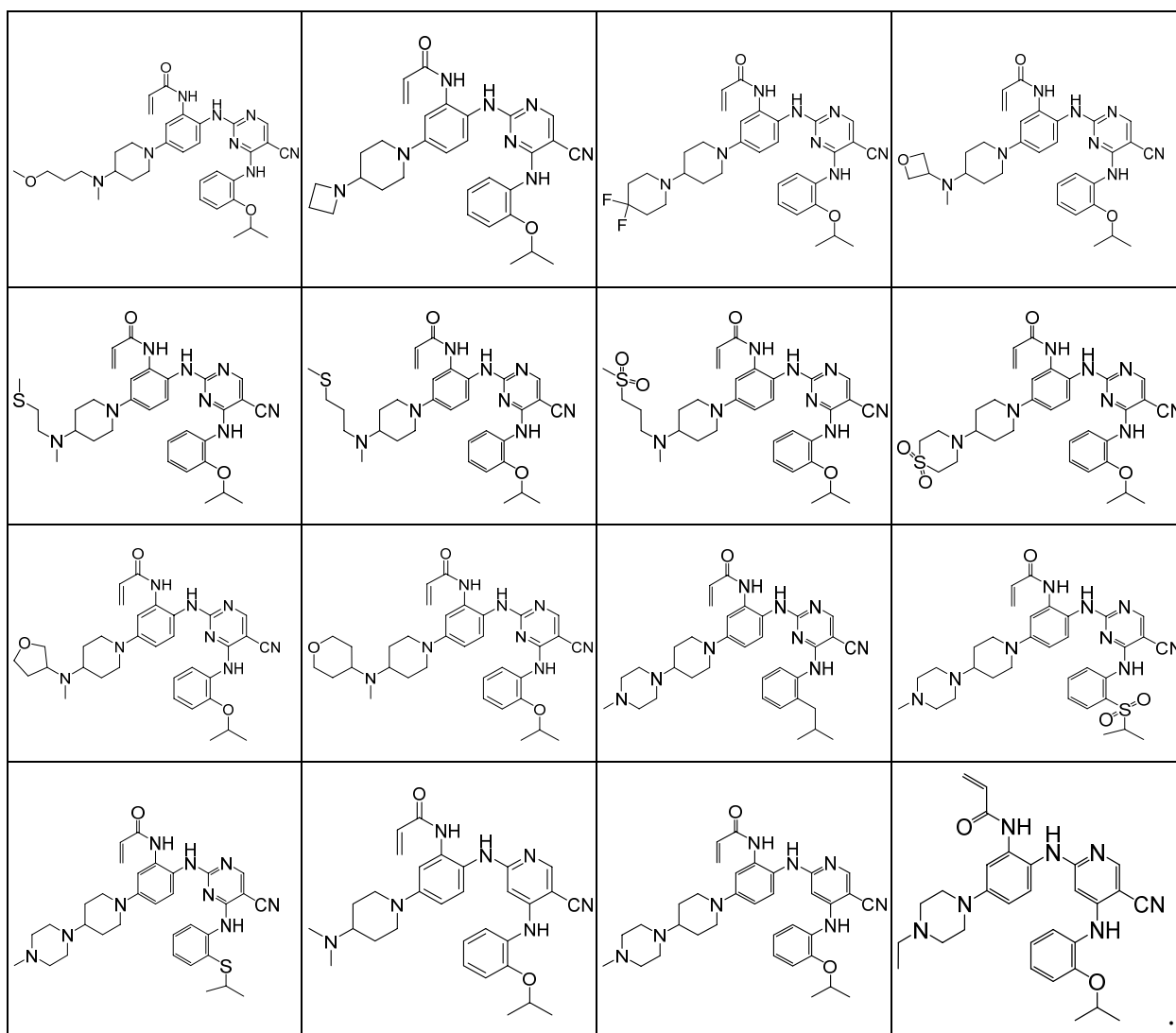
ethyl-piperazin-1-yl, R₂ and R₃ are not both hydrogen.

7. The compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the compound is selected from:









8. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising the compound according to any one of claims 1-7, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, a hydrate, or a solvate thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

9. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 8, wherein the pharmaceutical composition further comprises one or more other therapeutic agents.

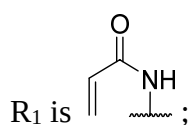
10. Use of the compound according to any one of claims 1-7, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, a hydrate, a solvate or a prodrug thereof, or the pharmaceutical composition according to claim 8 or 9 in the manufacture of a medicament for treating a disease selected from the group consisting of fundus oculi disease, xerophthalmia, psoriasis, vitiligo, dermatitis, alopecia areata,

rheumatoid arthritis, colitis, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Crohn's disease, atherosclerosis, pulmonary fibrosis, liver fibrosis, bone marrow fibrosis, non-small cell lung cancer, small cell lung cancer, breast cancer, pancreatic cancer, glioma, glioblastoma, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, colorectal cancer, melanoma, endometrial cancer, prostate cancer, bladder cancer, leukemia, gastric cancer, liver cancer, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, thyroid cancer, chronic granulocytic leukemia, acute myelocytic leukemia, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, nasopharyngeal cancer, esophageal cancer, brain tumor, B-cell and T-cell lymphoma, lymphoma, multiple myeloma, biliary tract cancerous sarcoma, and cholangiocarcinoma.

11. The compound of formula (I) according to claim 1, or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

X is N;

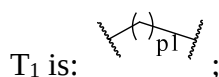
L is -O-;



R₂ is hydrogen, or C₁-C₃ alkoxy;

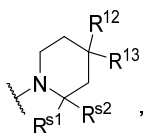
R₃ is selected from hydrogen, or halogen;

R₄ is -T₁-R₈;



p₁ is 0;

R₈ is the following groups:



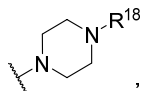
R¹² is -H, -F, methyl, or ethyl,

R¹³ is -NR¹⁵R¹⁶,

R^{s1} and R^{s2} are each independently selected from H or methyl;

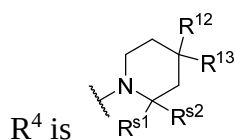
R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, fluoroethyl, fluoropropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, or 3-hydroxy-3-

methylbutyl, or R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following group:



R¹⁸ is selected from -H, methyl, ethyl.

12. The compound of formula (I) according to claim 11, or a stereoisomer, a tautomer, a hydrate, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

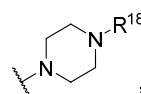


R¹² is -H,

R¹³ is -NR¹⁵R¹⁶,

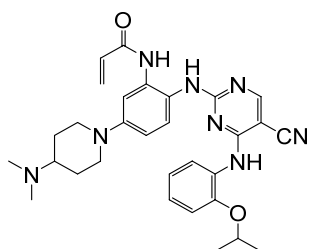
R^{s1} and R^{s2} are H,

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each independently -H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, or 3-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl, or R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a substituted or unsubstituted 4- to 6-membered heteroalicyclic group selected from the following group:

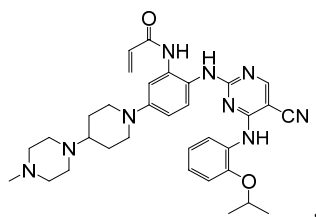


R¹⁸ is selected from -H, methyl, or ethyl.

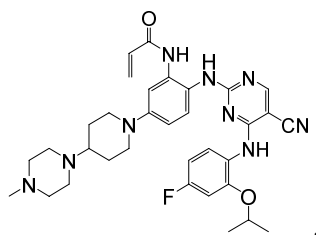
13. A compound of the following structure, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



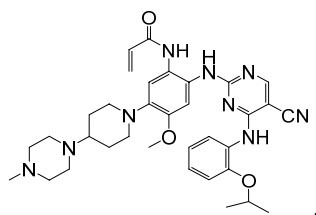
14. A compound of the following structure, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



15. A compound of the following structure, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



16. A compound of the following structure, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



17. A compound of the following structure, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

