CRYSTALLINE FORMS OF A BRUTON'S TYROSINE KINASE INHIBITOR

RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims the benefit of U.S provisional patent application no. 61/655,381 entitled "CRYSTALLINE FORMS OF A BRUTON'S TYROSINE KINASE INHIBITOR" filed on June 4, 2012, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Described herein is the Bruton's tyrosine kinase (Btk) inhibitor 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, including crystalline forms, solvates and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, as well as pharmaceutical compositions that include the Btk inhibitor and methods of using the Btk inhibitor in the treatment of diseases or conditions that would benefit from inhibition of Btk activity.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] Bruton's tyrosine kinase (Btk), a member of the Tec family of non-receptor tyrosine kinases, is a key signaling enzyme expressed in all hematopoietic cells types except T lymphocytes and natural killer cells. Btk plays an essential role in the B-cell signaling pathway linking cell surface B-cell receptor (BCR) stimulation to downstream intracellular responses.

[0004] Btk is a key regulator of B-cell development, activation, signaling, and survival. In addition, Btk plays a role in a number of other hematopoetic cell signaling pathways, e.g., Toll like receptor (TLR) and cytokine receptor–mediated TNF-α production in macrophages, IgE receptor (FcepsilonRI) signaling in Mast cells, inhibition of Fas/APO-1 apoptotic signaling in B-lineage lymphoid cells, and collagen-stimulated platelet aggregation.

[0005] 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is also known by its IUPAC name as 1-{(3*R*)-3-[4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-1-yl]piperidin-1-yl}prop-2-en-1-one or 2-Propen-1-one, 1-[(3*R*)-3-[4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*d*]pyrimidin-1-yl]-1-piperidinyl-, and has been given the USAN name, ibrutinib. The various names given for ibrutinib are used interchangeably herein.

SUMMARY

[0006] Described herein is the Btk inhibitor 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, including pharmaceutically acceptable solvates (including hydrates), polymorphs, and amorphous phases, and methods of uses thereof. Also described are pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the Btk inhibitor, including pharmaceutically acceptable solvates (including hydrates), polymorphs, and

amorphous phases, and methods of uses thereof. 1-((R)-3-(4-Amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, as well as the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, are used in the manufacture of medicaments for the treatment of diseases or conditions that are associated with Btk activity. 1-((R)-3-(4-Amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is an irreversible Btk inhibitor.

[0007] Also described herein are methods for preparing crystalline forms of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one. Further described are pharmaceutical compositions that include the crystalline forms and methods of using the Btk inhibitor in the treatment of diseases or conditions (including diseases or conditions wherein irreversible inhibition of Btk provides therapeutic benefit to a mammal having the disease or condition).

[0008] In one example there is provided anhydrous 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one.

[0009] In another example there is provided crystalline anhydrous 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one.

[0010] In a further example there is provided amorphous anhydrous 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one.

[0011] There is provided a solvate of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one.

[0012] In one example there is provided a solvate, wherein 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is solvated with methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK), toluene or methanol. In one example there is provided a solvate, wherein 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is solvated with methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK) or toluene. In one example there is provided a solvate, wherein 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is solvated with methanol.

[0013] In a further example, the solvate is anhydrous.

[0014] In another example the solvate is crystalline.

[0015] In yet another example the solvate is amorphous.

[0016] Described herein is a crystalline Form A of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has at least one of the following properties:

(a) an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 1**;

(b) an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 5.7±0.1° 2-Theta, 13.6±0.1° 2-Theta, 16.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.9±0.1° 2-Theta, 21.3±0.1° 2-Theta, and 21.6±0.1° 2-Theta;

(c) substantially the same X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern post storage at 40°C and 75% RH for at least a week;

(d) substantially the same X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern post storage at 25°C and 97% RH for at least a week;

(e) Infrared (IR) spectrum substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 2**;

(f) Infrared (IR) spectrum weak peaks at about 1584 cm^{-1}, about 1240 cm^{-1}, about 1147 cm^{-1}, about 1134 cm^{-1}, about 1099 cm^{-1}, and about 1067cm^{-1};

(g) a DSC thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 3**;

(h) a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 4**;

(i) a DSC thermogram with an endotherm having an onset at about 154°C and a peak at about 157°C and an exotherm at about 159°C;

(j) non-hygroscopicity;

(k) an observed aqueous solubility of about 0.013 mg/mL at about pH 8;

or

(l) combinations thereof.

[0017] In some examples, the crystalline Form A has an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 1**. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 5.7±0.1° 2-Theta, 13.6±0.1° 2-Theta, 16.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.9±0.1° 2-Theta, 21.3±0.1° 2-Theta, and 21.6±0.1° 2-Theta. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has substantially the same X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern post storage at 40°C and 75% RH for at least a week. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has substantially the same X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern post storage at 25°C and 97% RH for at least a week. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has an Infrared (IR) spectrum substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 2**. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has an Infrared (IR) spectrum weak peaks at about 1584 cm^{-1}, about 1240 cm^{-1}, about 1147 cm^{-1}, about 1134 cm^{-1}, about 1099 cm^{-1}, and about 1067cm^{-1}. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has a melting temperature of about 155-156°C. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has a DSC thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 3**. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 4**. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has a DSC thermogram with an

endotherm having an onset at about 154°C and a peak at about 157°C and an exotherm at about 159°C. In some examples, the crystalline Form A is non-hygroscopic. In some examples, the crystalline Form A has an observed aqueous solubility of about 0.013 mg/mL at about pH 8. In some examples, the crystalline Form A that is characterized as having properties (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), and (k). In some examples, the crystalline Form A was obtained from ethyl acetate, isopropyl acetate, tetrahydrofuran, methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK), methyl ethyl ketone (MEK), nitromethane, methanol, ethanol, acetonitrile, dioxane, methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE), anisole, acetone, heptanes, a methanol/water mixture or an acetone/heptane mixture. In some examples, the crystalline Form A was obtained from a methanol/water mixture. In some examples, the crystalline Form A is unsolvated. In some examples, the crystalline Form A is anhydrous.

[0018] Described herein is a crystalline Form B of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has at least one of the following properties:

(a) an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 5**;

(b) an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 5.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 10.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 16.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.5±0.1° 2-Theta, and 20.8±0.1° 2-Theta;

(c) substantially the same X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern post storage at 40°C and 75% RH for at least a week;

(d) substantially the same X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern post storage at 25°C and 97% RH for at least a week;

(e) Infrared (IR) spectrum substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 6**;

(f) Infrared (IR) spectrum weak peaks at about about 1586 cm^{-1}, about 1573 cm^{-1}, about 1562 cm^{-1}, about 1229 cm^{-1}, about 1141 cm^{-1}, about 1103 cm^{-1}, about 1056 cm^{-1}, and about 1033 cm^{-1};

(g) a DSC thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 7**;

(h) a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 8**;

(i) a DSC thermogram with an endotherm having an onset at about 99-106 °C and a peak at about 115-118 °C;

(j) an observed aqueous solubility of about 0.0096 mg/mL at a pH of about 7.42;

or

(k) combinations thereof.

[0019] In some examples, the crystalline Form B has an an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 5**. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has an an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 5.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 10.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 16.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.5±0.1° 2-Theta, and 20.8±0.1° 2-Theta. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has an substantially the same X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern post storage at 40°C and 75% RH for at least a week. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has an substantially the same X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern post storage at 25°C and 97% RH for at least a week. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has an Infrared (IR) spectrum substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 6**. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has an Infrared (IR) spectrum weak peaks at about 1586 cm^{-1}, about 1573 cm^{-1}, about 1562 cm^{-1}, about 1229 cm^{-1}, about 1141 cm^{-1}, about 1103 cm^{-1}, about 1056 cm^{-1}, and about 1033 cm^{-1}. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has a DSC thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 7**. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 8**. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has a DSC thermogram with an endotherm having an onset at about 99-106 °C and a peak at about 115-118 °C. In some examples, the crystalline Form B has an observed aqueous solubility of about 0.0096 mg/mL at a pH of about 7.42. In some examples, the crystalline Form B that is characterized as having properties (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), and (j). In some examples, the crystalline Form B was obtained from a mixture of methanol and water. In some examples, the crystalline Form B is unsolvated. In some examples, the crystalline Form B is anhydrous.

[0020] Described herein is a crystalline Form C of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has at least one of the following properties:

(a) an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 9**;

(b) an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 7.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 14.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 15.7±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.3±0.1° 2-Theta, 22.1±0.1° 2-Theta, and 22.9±0.1° 2-Theta;

(c) a DSC thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 10**;

(d) a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 11**;

(e) a DSC thermogram with an endotherm having an onset at about 134-135 °C and a peak at about 137-139 °C;

or

(f) combinations thereof.

[0021] In some examples, the crystalline Form C has an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 9**. In some examples, the crystalline Form C has an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 7.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 14.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 15.7±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.3±0.1° 2-Theta, 22.1±0.1° 2-Theta, and 22.9±0.1° 2-Theta. In some examples, the crystalline Form C has a DSC thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 10**. In some examples, the crystalline Form C has a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 11**. In some examples, the crystalline Form C has a DSC thermogram with an endotherm having an onset at about 134-135 °C and a peak at about 137-139 °C. In some examples, the crystalline Form C that is characterized as having properties (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e). In some examples, the crystalline Form C was obtained from a mixture of methanol and water. In some examples, the crystalline Form C is unsolvated. In some examples, the crystalline Form C is anhydrous.

[0022] Described herein is a crystalline Form D of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has at least one of the following properties:

(a) an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 12**;

(b) an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 7.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 8.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 9.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 14.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.7±0.1° 2-Theta, 21.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 21.9±0.1° 2-Theta, and 22.4±0.1° 2-Theta;

(c) a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 13**;

or

(d) combinations thereof.

[0023] In some examples, the crystalline Form D has an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 12**. In some examples, the crystalline Form D has an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 7.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 8.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 9.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 14.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.7±0.1° 2-Theta, 21.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 21.9±0.1° 2-Theta, and 22.4±0.1° 2-Theta. In some examples, the crystalline Form D has a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA)

thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 13**. In some examples, the crystalline Form D that is characterized as having properties (a), (b), and (c). In some examples, the crystalline Form D was obtained from methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK). In some examples, the crystalline Form D is solvated. In some examples, the crystalline Form D is solvated with methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK).

[0024] Described herein is a crystalline Form E of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has at least one of the following properties:

(a) an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 14**;

(b) an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 7.8±0.1° 2-Theta, 8.8±0.1° 2-Theta, 16.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.3±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 21.6±0.1° 2-Theta, and 25.2±0.1° 2-Theta;

(c) a DSC thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 15**;

(d) a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 15**;

or

(e) combinations thereof.

[0025] In some examples, the crystalline Form E has an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 14**. In some examples, the crystalline Form E has an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 7.8±0.1° 2-Theta, 8.8±0.1° 2-Theta, 16.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.3±0.1° 2-Theta, 19.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.5±0.1° 2-Theta, 21.6±0.1° 2-Theta, and 25.2±0.1° 2-Theta. In some examples, the crystalline Form E has a DSC thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 15**. In some examples, the crystalline Form E has a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram substantially similar to the one set forth in **Fig. 15**. In some examples, the crystalline Form E that is characterized as having properties (a), (b), (c), and (d). In some examples, the crystalline Form E was obtained from toluene. In some examples, the crystalline Form E is solvated. In some examples, the crystalline Form E is solvated with toluene.

[0026] Described herein is a crystalline Form F of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has at least one of the following properties:

(a) an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 16**;

(b) an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 6.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 10.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 17.6±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.6±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.4±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.7±0.1° 2-Theta, 22.4±0.1° 2-Theta, 23.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 23.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 24.4±0.1° 2-Theta, 25.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 27.6±0.1° 2-Theta, 29.3±0.1° 2-Theta, and 29.7±0.1° 2-Theta;

(c) unit cell parameters substantially equal to the following at 100(2) K:

Crystal system	Triclinic				
Space group	*P1*	*a*	9.6332(3) Å	α	105.762(3)°
		b	9.7536(4) Å	β	95.132(2)°
		c	15.0592(4) Å	γ	111.332(3)°
V	1240.15(7) Å^3				
Z	1				
Density (calculated)	1.308 Mg/m^3				
Absorption coefficient	0.726 mm^{-1}				
Wavelength	1.54178 Å				
F(000)	518				

or

(d) combinations thereof.

[0027] In some examples, crystalline Form F has an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern substantially the same as shown in **Fig. 16**. In some examples, crystalline Form F has an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern with characteristic peaks at 6.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 10.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 17.6±0.1° 2-Theta, 18.6±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.4±0.1° 2-Theta, 20.7±0.1° 2-Theta, 22.4±0.1° 2-Theta, 23.0±0.1° 2-Theta, 23.2±0.1° 2-Theta, 24.4±0.1° 2-Theta, 25.1±0.1° 2-Theta, 27.6±0.1° 2-Theta, 29.3±0.1° 2-Theta, and 29.7±0.1° 2-Theta.

[0028] In some examples, crystalline Form F has unit cell parameters substantially equal to the following at 100(2) K:

Crystal system	Triclinic				
Space group	*P1*	*a*	9.6332(3) Å	α	105.762(3)°
		b	9.7536(4) Å	β	95.132(2)°
		c	15.0592(4) Å	γ	111.332(3)°
V	1240.15(7) Å^3				
Z	1				
Density (calculated)	1.308 Mg/m^3				
Absorption coefficient	0.726 mm^{-1}				
Wavelength	1.54178 Å				
F(000)	518				

[0029] In some examples, crystalline Form F was obtained from methanol.

[0030] In some examples, crystalline Form F is solvated. In some examples, crystalline Form F is solvated with methanol.

[0030a] In one aspect, there is provided a form of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, wherein one or more of the following applies:

(a) an amorphous form that has an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern showing a lack of crystallinity;

(b) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 5.7°;

(c) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 18.9°;

(d) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 21.3°;

(e) a crystalline form that has an infrared (IR) spectrum with peaks at about 1584 cm^{-1}, about 1240 cm^{-1}, about 1147 cm^{-1}, about 1134 cm^{-1}, about 1099 cm^{-1}, and about 1067 cm^{-1};

(f) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 5.2°;

(g) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 10.2°;

(h) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 16.5°;

(i) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 18.5°;

(j) a crystalline form that has an IR spectrum with peaks at about 1586 cm^{-1}, about 1573 cm^{-1}, about 1562 cm^{-1}, about 1229 cm^{-1}, about 1141 cm^{-1}, about 1103 cm^{-1}, about 1056 cm^{-1}, and about 1033 cm^{-1};

(k) the crystalline form has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 7.0°;

(l) the crystalline form has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 15.7°; and

(m) the crystalline form has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 18.2°.

[0030b] In another aspect, there is provided a crystalline form of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has a differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) thermogram with an endotherm with a peak at about 157 °C.

[0030c] In another aspect, there is provided a crystalline form of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has a DSC thermogram having an endotherm with a peak at about 115 °C to about 118 °C.

[0030d] In another aspect, there is provided a crystalline form of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has a DSC thermogram having an endotherm with a peak at about 137 °C to about 139 °C.

[0031] Described herein is a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable salt is an acid addition salt. In some examples, the pharmaceutically acceptable salt is amorphous. In some examples, the pharmaceutically acceptable salt is crystalline.

[0032] There are provided pharmaceutical compositions, which include 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one as described herein, and at least one additional ingredient selected from pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, diluents and excipients. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition comprises Form A. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition comprises Form B. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition comprises Form C. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition comprises Form D. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition comprises Form E. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition comprises Form F. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition is in a form suitable for oral administration to a mammal. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition is an oral solid dosage form. In some examples, the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 0.5mg to about 1000mg of crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one.

[0032a] In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical formulation comprising the crystalline form as described herein and at least one or more pharmaceutically acceptable ingredient.

[0033] In another example, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0034] (a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0035] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent;

[0036] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of a disintegrating agent;

[0037] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of a surfactant; and

[0038] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a lubricant.

[0038a] In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical formulation comprising:

(a) the form as described herein;

(b) a diluent; and

(c) a lubricant.

[0038b] In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

(a) about 40 mg to about 200 mg of the form as described herein;

(b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent; and

(c) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a lubricant.

[0039] In some examples, the diluent is selected from the group consisting of lactose, sucrose, dextrose, dextrates, maltodextrin, mannitol, xylitol, sorbitol, cyclodextrins, calcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, starches, modified starches, microcrystalline cellulose, microcellulose, and talc. In some examples the diluent is microcrystalline cellulose. In some examples, the disintegrating agent is selected from the group consisting of natural starch, a pregelatinized starch, a sodium starch, methylcrystalline cellulose, methylcellulose, croscarmellose, croscarmellose sodium, cross-linked sodium carboxymethylcellulose, cross-

linked carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked croscarmellose, cross-linked starch such as sodium starch glycolate, cross-linked polymer such as crospovidone, cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone, sodium alginate, a clay, or a gum. In some examples, the disintegrating agent is croscarmellose sodium. In some examples, the surfactant is selected from the group consisting of sodium lauryl sulfate, sorbitan monooleate, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monooleate, polysorbates, polaxomers, bile salts, glyceryl monostearate, copolymers of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide. In some examples, the surfactant is sodium lauryl sulfate. In some examples, the lubricant is selected from the group consisting of stearic acid, calcium hydroxide, talc, corn starch, sodium stearyl fumerate, stearic acid, sodium stearates, magnesium stearate, zinc stearate, and waxes. In some examples, the lubricant is magnesium stearate.

[0039a] In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

(a) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of the form as described herein;

(b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

(c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% croscarmellose sodium;

(d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

(e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0039b] In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

(a) about 40 mg to about 200 mg of the form as described herein;

(b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

(c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

(d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

(e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0039c] In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

(a) 140 mg of the form as described herein;

(b) 45.9 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

(c) 7.0 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

(d) 4.2 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

(e) 0.5 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0040] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0041] (a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0042] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[0043] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[0044] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[0045] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0046] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0047] (a) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0048] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[0049] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[0050] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[0051] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0052] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0053] (a) 140 mgs of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0054] (b) 45.9 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[0055] (c) 7.0 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[0056] (d) 4.2 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[0057] (e) 0.5 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0058] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0059] (a) 140 mgs of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0060] (b) 151.4 mgs of microcrystalline cellulose;

[0061] (c) 23.0 mgs of croscarmellose sodium;

[0062] (d) 14.0 mgs of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[0063] (e) 1.6 mgs of magnesium stearate.

[0064] In another example, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0065] (a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0066] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent;

[0067] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of a disintegrating agent;

[0068] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of a surfactant; and

[0069] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a lubricant.

[0070] In some examples, the diluent is selected from the group consisting of lactose, sucrose, dextrose, dextrates, maltodextrin, mannitol, xylitol, sorbitol, cyclodextrins, calcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, starches, modified starches, microcrystalline cellulose, microcellulose, and talc. In some examples the diluent is microcrystalline cellulose. In some examples, the disintegrating agent is selected from the group consisting of natural starch, a pregelatinized starch, a sodium starch, methylcrystalline cellulose, methylcellulose, croscarmellose, croscarmellose sodium, cross-linked sodium carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked croscarmellose, cross-linked starch such as sodium starch glycolate, cross-linked polymer such as crospovidone, cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone, sodium alginate, a clay, or a gum. In some examples, the disintegrating agent is croscarmellose sodium. In some examples, the surfactant is selected from the group consisting of sodium lauryl sulfate, sorbitan monooleate, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monooleate, polysorbates, polaxomers, bile salts, glyceryl monostearate, copolymers of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide. In some examples, the surfactant is sodium lauryl sulfate. In some examples, the lubricant is selected from the group consisting of stearic acid, calcium hydroxide, talc, corn starch, sodium stearyl fumerate, stearic acid, sodium stearates, magnesium stearate, zinc stearate, and waxes. In some examples, the lubricant is magnesium stearate.

[0071] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0072] (a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0073] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[0074] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[0075] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[0076] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0077] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0078] (a) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0079] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[0080] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[0081] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[0082] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0083] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0084] (a) 140 mgs of crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0085] (b) 45.9 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[0086] (c) 7.0 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[0087] (d) 4.2 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[0088] (e) 0.5 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[0089] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0090] (a) 140 mgs of crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0091] (b) 151.4 mgs of microcrystalline cellulose;

[0092] (c) 23.0 mgs of croscarmellose sodium;

[0093] (d) 14.0 mgs of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[0094] (e) 1.6 mgs of magnesium stearate.

[0095] In some examples of the above, crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is crystalline Form A. In some examples of the above, crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is crystalline

Form B. In some examples of the above, crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is crystalline Form C. In some examples of the above, crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is crystalline Form D. In some examples of the above, crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is crystalline Form E. In some examples of the above, crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is crystalline Form F. In some examples of the above, crystalline 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one is a mixture of two or more crystalline forms selected from the group consisting of Form A, Form B, Form C, Form D, Form E, and Form F. In another example of the above, there is provided a pharmaceutical formulation wherein the dosage form is a hard gelatin capsule.

[0096] In another example, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[0097] (a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of crystalline Form A of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[0098] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent;

[0099] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of a disintegrating agent;

[00100] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of a surfactant; and

[00101] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a lubricant.

[00102] In some examples, the diluent is selected from the group consisting of lactose, sucrose, dextrose, dextrates, maltodextrin, mannitol, xylitol, sorbitol, cyclodextrins, calcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, starches, modified starches, microcrystalline cellulose, microcellulose, and talc. In some examples the diluent is microcrystalline cellulose. In some examples, the disintegrating agent is selected from the group consisting of natural starch, a pregelatinized starch, a sodium starch, methylcrystalline cellulose, methylcellulose, croscarmellose, croscarmellose sodium, cross-linked sodium carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked croscarmellose, cross-linked starch such as sodium starch glycolate, cross-linked polymer such as crospovidone, cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone, sodium alginate, a clay, or a gum. In some examples, the disintegrating agent is

croscarmellose sodium. In some examples, the surfactant is selected from the group consisting of sodium lauryl sulfate, sorbitan monooleate, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monooleate, polysorbates, polaxomers, bile salts, glyceryl monostearate, copolymers of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide. In some examples, the surfactant is sodium lauryl sulfate. In some examples, the lubricant is selected from the group consisting of stearic acid, calcium hydroxide, talc, corn starch, sodium stearyl fumerate, stearic acid, sodium stearates, magnesium stearate, zinc stearate, and waxes. In some examples, the lubricant is magnesium stearate.

[00103] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[00104] (a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of crystalline Form A of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[00105] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[00106] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[00107] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[00108] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[00109] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[00110] (a) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of crystalline Form A of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[00111] (b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[00112] (c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[00113] (d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[00114] (e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[00115] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[00116] (a) 140 mgs of crystalline Form A of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[00117] (b) 45.9 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

[00118] (c) 7.0 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

[00119] (d) 4.2 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

[00120] (e) 0.5 wt% of magnesium stearate.

[00121] In some examples, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

[00122] (a) 140 mgs of crystalline Form A of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

[00123] (b) 151.4 mgs of microcrystalline cellulose;

[00124] (c) 23.0 mgs of croscarmellose sodium;

[00125] (d) 14.0 mgs of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

(e) 1.6 mgs of magnesium stearate.

[00126] In another example, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation comprising: a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one; b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent; c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of a disintegrating agent; d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of a surfactant; and e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a lubricant; wherein the formulation is in a unit dosage form in a blister pack, and said blister pack comprises metal or plastic foil. In some examples, is a pharmaceutical formulation comprising: a) 140 mgs of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one; b) 45.9 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose; c) 7.0 wt% of croscarmellose sodium; d) 4.2 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and e) 0.5 wt% of magnesium stearate wherein the formulation is in a unit dosage form in a blister pack, and said blister pack comprises metal or plastic foil.

[00126a] In another aspect, there is provided a method of making a pharmaceutical formulation as described herein, comprising mixing one or more excipients with 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one.

[00127] There is provided a package comprising one or more discrete blister pockets, wherein each blister pocket comprises a unit dosage form comprising:

a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;

b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent; c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of a disintegrating agent; d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of a surfactant; and

e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a lubricant;

wherein each blister pocket comprises metal or plastic foil.

[00128] In another example, provided herein is a pharmaceutical formulation comprising: a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of crystalline Form A of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one; b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent; c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of a disintegrating agent; d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of a surfactant; and e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a

lubricant; wherein the formulation is in a unit dosage form in a blister pack, and said blister pack comprises metal or plastic foil. In some example, there is provided a pharmaceutical formulation comprising: a) 140 mgs of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one; b) 45.9 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose; c) 7.0 wt% of croscarmellose sodium; d) 4.2 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and e) 0.5 wt% of magnesium stearate wherein the formulation is in a unit dosage form in a blister pack, and said blister pack comprises metal or plastic foil.

[00129] In another example there is provided a package comprising one or more discrete blister pockets, wherein each blister pocket comprises a unit dosage form comprising:
a) about 40 mgs to about 200 mgs of crystalline Form A of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one;
b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent; c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of a disintegrating agent; d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of a surfactant; and
e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a lubricant;
wherein each blister pocket comprises metal or plastic foil.

[00130] A kit is provided which contains a multiplicity of oral dosage forms, such as tablets or capsules, packaging such as a jar containing the oral dosage forms, and instructions for use to administer the oral dosage forms in accordance with the method described herein. Unit dose packaging such as blister packs provide a useful way of packaging the oral dosage form of the formulations described herein, and in other examples embody a kit when combined with instructions for use. In other examples, detailed product information are included with the instructions for use in the kit. Blister packaging is particularly useful with solid oral dosage forms and are in further examples useful for alternate day dosing schedules for example. In one example, solid unit dosage forms of the formulations described herein included in a blister pack with instructions to administer one or more tablets or capsules on a daily basis so that the dosage of the formulations described herein are sufficiently administered. In another example, solid unit dosage forms are included in a blister pack with instructions to administer one or more tablets or capsules on an alternate day basis so that the dosage per day is sufficiently administered.

[00131] Provided herein are methods for treating a patient by administering Compound 1. In some examples, provided herein is a method of inhibiting the activity of tyrsoine kinase(s), such as Btk, or of treating a disease, disorder, or condition, which would benefit from inhibition of tyrosine kinase(s), such as Btk, in a mammal, which includes administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of Compound 1, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, pharmaceutically active metabolite, pharmaceutically acceptable prodrug, or pharmaceutically acceptable solvate.

[00132] Provided herein is the use of Compound 1 for inhibiting Bruton's tyrosine kinase (Btk) activity or for the treatment of a disease, disorder, or condition, which would benefit from inhibition of Bruton's tyrosine kinase (Btk) activity.

[00133] In some examples, crystalline Compound 1 is administered to a human.

[00134] In some examples, crystalline Compound 1 is orally administered.

[00135] In other examples, crystalline Compound 1 is used for the formulation of a medicament for the inhibition of tyrosine kinase activity. In some other examples, crystalline Compound 1 is used for the formulation of a medicament for the inhibition of Bruton's tyrosine kinase (Btk) activity.

[00136] Provided herein is a method of treating cancer in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a pharmaceutical composition described herein comprising Compound 1. In some examples, the cancer is a B cell malignancy. In some examples, the cancer is a B cell malignancy selected from chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)/ small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL), mantle cell lymphoma (MCL), diffuse large B Cell lymphoma (DLBCL), and multiple myeloma. In some examples, the cancer is a lymphoma, leukemia or a solid tumor. In some examples, the cancer is diffuse large B cell lymphoma, follicular lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic lymphoma, chronic lymphocytic leukemia, B-cell prolymphocytic leukemia, lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma/Waldenström macroglobulinemia, splenic marginal zone lymphoma, plasma cell myeloma, plasmacytoma, extranodal marginal zone B cell lymphoma, nodal marginal zone B cell lymphoma, mantle cell lymphoma, mediastinal (thymic) large B cell lymphoma, intravascular large B cell lymphoma, primary effusion lymphoma, burkitt lymphoma/leukemia, or lymphomatoid granulomatosis. In some examples, where the subject is suffering from a cancer, an anti-cancer agent is administered to the subject in addition to one of the above-mentioned compounds. In one example, the anti-cancer agent is an inhibitor of mitogen-activated protein kinase signaling.

[00137] Provided herein is a method of treating an inflammatory or an autoimmune disease in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a pharmaceutical composition described herein comprising Compound 1. In some examples, the inflammatory disease is asthma, appendicitis, blepharitis, bronchiolitis, bronchitis, bursitis, cervicitis, cholangitis, cholecystitis, colitis, conjunctivitis, cystitis, dacryoadenitis, dermatitis, dermatomyositis, encephalitis, endocarditis, endometritis, enteritis, enterocolitis, epicondylitis, epididymitis, fasciitis, fibrositis, gastritis, gastroenteritis, hepatitis, hidradenitis suppurativa, laryngitis, mastitis, meningitis, myelitis myocarditis, myositis, nephritis, oophoritis, orchitis, osteitis, otitis, pancreatitis, parotitis, pericarditis, peritonitis, pharyngitis, pleuritis, phlebitis, pneumonitis, pneumonia, proctitis, prostatitis, pyelonephritis, rhinitis, salpingitis, sinusitis, stomatitis, synovitis, tendonitis, tonsillitis, uveitis, vaginitis, vasculitis, or vulvitis. In some examples, the autoimmune disease is inflammatory bowel disease, arthritis, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, osteoarthritis, Still's disease, juvenile arthritis, diabetes, myasthenia gravis, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, Ord's thyroiditis, Graves' disease Sjögren's syndrome, multiple sclerosis, Guillain-Barré syndrome, acute disseminated encephalomyelitis,

Addison's disease, opsoclonus-myoclonus syndrome, ankylosing spondylitisis, antiphospholipid antibody syndrome, aplastic anemia, autoimmune hepatitis, coeliac disease, Goodpasture's syndrome, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, optic neuritis, scleroderma, primary biliary cirrhosis, Reiter's syndrome, Takayasu's arteritis, temporal arteritis, warm autoimmune hemolytic anemia, Wegener's granulomatosis, psoriasis, alopecia universalis, Behçet's disease, chronic fatigue, dysautonomia, endometriosis, interstitial cystitis, neuromyotonia, scleroderma, or vulvodynia.

[00138] Articles of manufacture including packaging material, Compound 1 within the packaging material, and a label that indicates that Compound 1 is used for inhibiting the activity of tyrosine kinase(s), such as Btk, are provided.

[00139] Provided herein is a method of treating an autoimmune disease in a mammal, comprising administering Compound 1 to the mammal.

[00140] Provided herein is a method of treating a heteroimmune disease or condition in a mammal, comprising administering Compound 1 to the mammal.

[00141] Provided herein is a method of treating an inflammatory disease in a mammal, comprising administering Compound 1 to the mammal.

[00142] Provided herein is a method of treating cancer in a mammal, comprising administering Compound 1 to the mammal.

[00143] Provided herein is a method of treating a thromboembolic disorder in a mammal, comprising administering Compound 1 to the mammal. Thromboembolic disorders include, but are not limited to, myocardial infarct, angina pectoris, reocclusion after angioplasty, restenosis after angioplasty, reocclusion after aortocoronary bypass, restenosis after aortocoronary bypass, stroke, transitory ischemia, a peripheral arterial occlusive disorder, pulmonary embolism, or deep venous thrombosis.

[00144] There are provided methods for modulating, including irreversibly inhibiting the activity of Btk or other tyrosine kinases, wherein the other tyrosine kinases share homology with Btk by having a cysteine residue (including a Cys 481 residue) that can form a covalent bond with Compound 1, in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal at least once an effective amount of Compound 1. There are provided methods for modulating, including including irreversibly inhibiting, the activity of Btk in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal at least once an effective amount of Compound 1. There are provided methods for treating Btk-dependent or Btk mediated conditions or diseases, comprising administering to the mammal at least once an effective amount of Compound 1.

[00145] There are provided methods for treating inflammation comprising administering to the mammal at least once an effective amount of Compound 1.

[00146] There are provided methods for the treatment of cancer comprising administering to the mammal at least once an effective amount of Compound 1. The type of cancer may include, but is not limited to, pancreatic cancer and other solid or hematological tumors.

[00147] There are provided methods for treating respiratory diseases comprising administering to the mammal at least once an effective amount of Compound 1. In a further example of the above, the respiratory disease is asthma. In a further example of the above, the respiratory disease includes, but is not limited to, adult respiratory distress syndrome and allergic (extrinsic) asthma, non-allergic (intrinsic) asthma, acute severe asthma, chronic asthma, clinical asthma, nocturnal asthma, allergen-induced asthma, aspirin-sensitive asthma, exercise-induced asthma, isocapnic hyperventilation, child-onset asthma, adult-onset asthma, cough-variant asthma, occupational asthma, steroid-resistant asthma, seasonal asthma.

[00148] There are provided methods for preventing rheumatoid arthritis and/or osteoarthritis comprising administering to the mammal at least once an effective amount of Compound 1.

[00149] There are provided methods for treating inflammatory responses of the skin comprising administering to the mammal at least once an effective amount of Compound 1. Such inflammatory responses of the skin include, by way of example, dermatitis, contact dermatitis, eczema, urticaria, rosacea, and scarring. There are provided methods for reducing psoriatic lesions in the skin, joints, or other tissues or organs, comprising administering to the mammal an effective amount of Compound 1.

[00150] There is provided the use of Compound 1 in the manufacture of a medicament for treating an inflammatory disease or condition in an animal in which the activity of Btk or other tyrosine kinases, wherein the other tyrosine kinases share homology with Btk by having a cysteine residue (including a Cys 481 residue) that can form a covalent bond with at least one irreversible inhibitor described herein, contributes to the pathology and/or symptoms of the disease or condition. In one example of the above, the tyrosine kinase protein is Btk. In another or further example of the above, the inflammatory disease or conditions are respiratory, cardiovascular, or proliferative diseases.

[00151] Where mentioned above, there are further examples in which Compound 1 is (a) systemically administered to the mammal; (b) administered orally to the mammal; (c) intravenously administered to the mammal; (d) administered by inhalation; (e) administered by nasal administration; or (f) administered by injection to the mammal; (g) administered topically (dermal) to the mammal; (h) administered by ophthalmic administration; or (i) administered rectally to the mammal.

[00152] Where mentioned above, there are further examples comprising single administration of Compound 1, including further examples in which Compound 1 is

administered (i) once; (ii) multiple times over the span of one day; (iii) continually; or (iv) continuously.

[00153] Where mentioned above, there are further examples comprising multiple administrations of Compound 1, including further examples in which (i) Compound 1 is administered in a single dose; (ii) the time between multiple administrations is every 6 hours; (iii) Compound 1 is administered to the mammal every 8 hours. In further or alternative examples, the method comprises a drug holiday, wherein the administration of Compound 1is temporarily suspended or the dose of Compound 1 being administered is temporarily reduced; at the end of the drug holiday, dosing of Compound 1 is resumed. The length of the drug holiday can vary from 2 days to 1 year.

[00154] In some examples, where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), Compound 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, is: optically pure (i.e. greater than 99% chiral purity by HPLC). In some examples, where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), Compound 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, is replaced with: a) Compound 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, of lower chiral purity; b) 1-((S)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof of any optical purity; or c) racemic 1-(3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

[00155] Where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), amorphous Compound 1 is used. Where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), crystalline Compound 1 is used. Where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), crystalline Compound 1 (Form A) is used. Where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), crystalline Compound 1 (Form B) is used. Where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), crystalline Compound 1 (Form C) is used. Where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), crystalline Compound 1 (Form D) is used. Where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), crystalline Compound 1 (Form E) is used. Where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), crystalline Compound 1 (Form F) is used.

[00156] In some examples, where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), Compound 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, is replaced with an active metabolite of Compound 1. In some examples, the active metabolite is in a crystalline form. In some examples, the active metabolite is in an amorphous phase. In further examples the metabolite is isolated. In some examples, where mentioned above (including methods, uses, formulations, combination therapy, etc.), Compound 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, is replaced with a prodrug of Compound 1, or a deuterated analog of Compound 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[00157] Other objects, features and advantages of the methods and compositions described herein will become apparent from the following detailed description. It should be understood, however, that the detailed description and the specific examples, while indicating specific examples, are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the present disclosure will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description. The section headings used herein are for organizational purposes only and are not to be construed as limiting the subject matter described. All documents, or portions of documents, cited in the application including, but not limited to, patents, patent applications, articles, books, manuals, and treatises are hereby expressly incorporated by reference in their entirety for any purpose.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

[00158] All publications and patent applications mentioned in this specification are herein incorporated by reference to the extent applicable and relevant.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

[00159] **Fig. 1**. Illustrates an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern of Form A.

[00160] **Fig. 2**. Illustrates an an Infrared (IR) spectrum of Form A.

[00161] **Fig. 3**. Illustrates DSC thermograms of Form A.

[00162] **Fig. 4**. Illustrates a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram of Form A.

[00163] **Fig. 5**. Illustrates an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern of Form B.

[00164] **Fig. 6**. Illustrates an an Infrared (IR) spectrum of Form B.

[00165] **Fig. 7**. Illustrates DSC thermograms of Form B.

[00166] **Fig. 8**. Illustrates a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram of Form B.

[00167] **Fig. 9**. Illustrates an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern of Form C.

[00168] **Fig. 10**. Illustrates DSC thermograms of Form C.

[00169] **Fig. 11**. Illustrates a thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) thermogram of Form C.

[00170] **Fig. 12**. Illustrates an X-Ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern of Form D.

CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A form of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one, wherein one or more of the following applies:
   (a) an amorphous form that has an X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern showing a lack of crystallinity;
   (b) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 5.7°;
   (c) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 18.9°;
   (d) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 21.3°;
   (e) a crystalline form that has an infrared (IR) spectrum with peaks at about 1584 cm^{-1}, about 1240 cm^{-1}, about 1147 cm^{-1}, about 1134 cm^{-1}, about 1099 cm^{-1}, and about 1067 cm^{-1};
   (f) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 5.2°;
   (g) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 10.2°;
   (h) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 16.5°;
   (i) a crystalline form that has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 18.5°;
   (j) a crystalline form that has an IR spectrum with peaks at about 1586 cm^{-1}, about 1573 cm^{-1}, about 1562 cm^{-1}, about 1229 cm^{-1}, about 1141 cm^{-1}, about 1103 cm^{-1}, about 1056 cm^{-1}, and about 1033 cm^{-1};
   (k) the crystalline form has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 7.0°;
   (l) the crystalline form has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 15.7°; and
   (m) the crystalline form has an XRPD pattern comprising a 2-Theta peak at about 18.2°.
2. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 16.1° and about 21.6°.
3. The crystalline form of claim 2, wherein the XRPD pattern comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 16.1°, about 18.9°, and about 21.6°.
4. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 18.9° and about 21.3°.
5. The crystalline form of claim 4, wherein the XRPD pattern comprises 2-Theta peaks at 5.7±0.1°, 18.9±0.1°, and 21.3±0.1°.
6. The crystalline form of claim 5, wherein the X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 16.1±0.1°.
7. The crystalline form of claim 5 or 6, wherein the X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 13.6±0.1°.

8. The crystalline form of claim 5 or 6, wherein the X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 21.6±0.1°.
9. The crystalline form of claim 5, wherein the X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at 13.6±0.1°, and 21.6±0.1°.
10. The crystalline form of claim 5, wherein the crystalline form has a melting temperature of about 155-156° C.
11. The crystalline form of claim 5, wherein the crystalline form has a DSC thermogram with an endotherm having an onset at about 154° C. and a peak at about 157° C. and an exotherm at about 159° C.
12. The crystalline form of claim 5, wherein the crystalline form is non-hygroscopic.
13. The crystalline form of claim 5, wherein the crystalline form has an observed aqueous solubility of about 0.013 mg/mL at about pH 8.
14. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein the XRPD pattern comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 7.0°, about 15.7°, and about 18.2°.
15. The crystalline form of claim 14, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 19.1°.
16. The crystalline form of claim 14, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 19.5°.
17. The crystalline form of claim 14, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 19.1° and about 19.5°.
18. The crystalline form of claim 17, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 20.3°, about 22.1°, and about 22.9°.
19. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peak at about 14.0°.
20. The crystalline form of claim 19, wherein the XRPD comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 7.0°, about 14.0°, and about 18.2°.
21. The crystalline form of claim 20, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 15.7°.
22. The crystalline form of claim 20 or 21, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 19.1°.
23. The crystalline form of any one of claims 20-22, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 19.5°.
24. The crystalline form of claim 19, wherein the XRPD comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 7.0°, about 14.0°, and about 15.7°.

25. The crystalline form of claim 24, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 19.1°.
26. The crystalline form of claim 24, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 19.5°.
27. The crystalline form of claim 24, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 19.1° and about 19.5°.
28. The crystalline form of claim 27, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 20.3°, about 22.1°, and about 22.9°.
29. The crystalline form of claim 19, wherein the XRPD comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 14.0°, about 15.7° and about 18.2°.
30. The crystalline form of claim 29, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 19.1°.
31. The crystalline form of claim 29, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises a 2-Theta peak at about 19.5°.
32. The crystalline form of claim 29, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 19.1° and about 19.5°.
33. The crystalline form of claim 32, wherein the XRPD pattern further comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 20.3°, about 22.1°, and about 22.9°.
34. A crystalline form of claim 1 or 3, wherein the IR spectrum has peaks at about 1584 cm^{-1}, about 1240 cm^{-1}, about 1147 cm^{-1}, about 1134 cm^{-1}, about 1099 cm^{-1}, and about 1067 cm^{-1}.
35. A crystalline form of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has a differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) thermogram with an endotherm with a peak at about 157 °C.
36. The crystalline form of claim 35, wherein the DSC thermogram has an endotherm having an onset at about 154 °C.
37. The crystalline form of claim 35, wherein the DSC thermogram has an exotherm at about 159 °C.
38. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein the XRPD pattern comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 5.2°, about 10.2°, about 16.5°, about 18.5°, and about 20.8°.
39. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein the IR spectrum has peaks at about 1586 cm^{-1}, about 1573 cm^{-1}, about 1562 cm^{-1}, about 1229 cm^{-1}, about 1141 cm^{-1}, about 1103 cm^{-1}, about 1056 cm^{-1}, and about 1033 cm^{-1}.

40. A crystalline form of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has a DSC thermogram having an endotherm with a peak at about 115 °C to about 118 °C.

41. The crystalline form of claim 40, wherein the endotherm has an onset at about 99 °C to about 106 °C.

42. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein one or more of the following applies:

(a) the crystalline form has a substantially similar XRPD pattern post storage at 40°C and 75% relative humidity (RH) for at least a week;

(b) the crystalline form has a substantially similar XRPD pattern post storage at 25°C and 97% RH for at least a week;

(c) the crystalline form is non-hygroscopic; or

(d) the crystalline form has a mass change as measured by dynamic vapor sorption of less than 5% w/w between about 0% and about 90% RH.

43. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein the XRPD pattern comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 15.7° and about 18.2°.

44. The crystalline form of claim 1, wherein the XRPD pattern comprises 2-Theta peaks at about 7.0°, about 14.0°, about 15.7°, about 18.2°, about 19.1°, about 19.5°, about 20.3°, about 22.1°, and about 22.9°.

45. A crystalline form of 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one that has a DSC thermogram having an endotherm with a peak at about 137 °C to about 139 °C.

46. The crystalline form of claim 1 or 45, wherein the DSC thermogram has an endotherm having an onset at about 134 °C to about 135 °C.

47. The amorphous form of claim 1, wherein the amorphous form has an XRPD pattern showing a lack of crystallinity.

48. The form of any one of claims 1-47, wherein the form is unsolvated.

49. A pharmaceutical formulation comprising the crystalline form of claims 1-48 and at least one or more pharmaceutically acceptable ingredient.

50. A pharmaceutical formulation of claim 49, wherein the crystalline form is unsolvated.

51. A pharmaceutical formulation comprising:

(a) the form of any one of claims 1-48;

(b) a diluent; and

(c) a lubricant.

52. A pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

(a) about 40 mg to about 200 mg of the form of any one of claims 1-48;

(b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of a diluent; and

(c) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of a lubricant.

53. The pharmaceutical formulation of claim 51 or 52, wherein the diluent is selected from lactose, sucrose, dextrose, dextrates, maltodextrin, mannitol, xylitol, sorbitol, cyclodextrins, calcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, starches, modified starches, microcrystalline cellulose, microcellulose, and talc.

54. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 51-53, wherein the diluent is microcrystalline cellulose.

55. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 51-54, wherein the lubricant is selected from stearic acid, calcium hydroxide, talc, corn starch, sodium stearyl fumarate, sodium stearate, magnesium stearate, zinc stearate, and waxes.

56. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 51-55, wherein the lubricant is magnesium stearate.

57. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 51-56, further comprising a disintegrating agent.

58. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 51-57, further comprising a surfactant.

59. A pharmaceutical formulation of claim 58 for oral administration comprising:

(a) about 40 mg to about 200 mg of the form of any one of claims 1-48;

(b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of the diluent;

(c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of the disintegrating agent;

(d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of the surfactant; and

(e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of the lubricant.

60. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 57-59, wherein the disintegrating agent is selected from natural starch, a pregelatinized starch, a sodium starch, methylcrystalline cellulose, methylcellulose, croscarmellose, croscarmellose sodium, cross-linked sodium carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked croscarmellose, cross-linked starch such as sodium starch glycolate, cross-linked polymer such as crospovidone, cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone, sodium alginate, a clay, and a gum.

61. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 57-59, wherein the disintegrating agent is selected from natural starch, a pregelatinized starch, a sodium starch, methylcrystalline cellulose, methylcellulose, croscarmellose, croscarmellose sodium, sodium starch glycolate, crospovidone, sodium alginate, a clay, and a gum.

62. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 57-61, wherein the disintegrating agent is croscarmellose sodium.

63. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 58-62, wherein the surfactant is selected from sodium lauryl sulfate, sorbitan monooleate, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monooleate, polysorbates, poloxamers, bile salts, glyceryl monostearate, and copolymers of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide.

64. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 58-63, wherein the surfactant is sodium lauryl sulfate.

65. The pharmaceutical formulation of claims 58 or 59, wherein:

the diluent is selected from lactose, sucrose, dextrose, dextrates, maltodextrin, mannitol, xylitol, sorbitol, cyclodextrins, calcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, starches, modified starches, microcrystalline cellulose, microcellulose, and talc;

the disintegrating agent is selected from a natural starch, a pregelatinized starch, a sodium starch, methylcrystalline cellulose, methylcellulose, croscarmellose, croscarmellose sodium, cross-linked sodium carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked carboxymethylcellulose, cross-linked croscarmellose, cross-linked starch such as sodium starch glycolate, cross-linked polymer such as crospovidone, cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone, sodium alginate, a clay, and a gum;

the surfactant is selected from sodium lauryl sulfate, sorbitan monooleate, polyoxyethylene sorbitan monooleate, polysorbates, poloxamers, bile salts, glyceryl monostearate, and copolymers of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide; and

the lubricant is selected from stearic acid, calcium hydroxide, talc, corn starch, sodium stearyl fumarate, sodium stearate, magnesium stearate, zinc stearate, and waxes.

66. A pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

(a) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of the form of any one of claims 1-48;
(b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;
(c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% croscarmellose sodium;
(d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and
(e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

67. A pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

(a) about 40 mg to about 200 mg of the form of any one of claims 1-48;
(b) about 40 wt% to about 50 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;
(c) about 3 wt% to about 10 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;
(d) about 2 wt% to about 7 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and
(e) about 0.2 wt% to about 1.0 wt% of magnesium stearate.

68. A pharmaceutical formulation for oral administration comprising:

(a) 140 mg of the form of any one of claims 1-48;

(b) 45.9 wt% of microcrystalline cellulose;

(c) 7.0 wt% of croscarmellose sodium;

(d) 4.2 wt% of sodium lauryl sulfate; and

(e) 0.5 wt% of magnesium stearate.

69. The pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 51-68, wherein the dosage form is a hard gelatin capsule.

70. A method of making a pharmaceutical formulation of any one of claims 51-69, comprising mixing one or more excipients with 1-((R)-3-(4-amino-3-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidin-1-yl)piperidin-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one.