

CLAIMS

1. A method of treating a disorder, the method comprising administering to a patient in need of treatment for said disorder:

a) an effective dose of relacorilant; and

b) an effective dose of a therapeutic agent, wherein said therapeutic agent is a substrate for CYP2C9 enzyme metabolism, said therapeutic agent having a single agent dose when administered without other pharmaceutical agents, wherein said therapeutic agent effective dose is substantially the same as said single agent dose;

Wherein a) and b) are performed at times effective to provide the patient with an effective level of relacorilant and an effective level of the therapeutic agent at the same time,

Whereby the disorder is treated.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein said disorder is selected from cancer, a symptom associated with cancer, hypercortisolism, and a symptom associated with hypercortisolism.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the relacorilant dose is between about 1 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) and about 20 mg/kg.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the relacorilant dose is between about 50 mg and about 500 mg.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein the relacorilant dose is administered at a time within about 15 minutes of the time of administration of the therapeutic agent dose.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the relacorilant dose and therapeutic agent dose are administered sequentially.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein the relacorilant dose is administered to the patient, and then, after a time interval, the therapeutic agent dose is administered to the patient.

8. The method of claim 6, wherein the therapeutic agent dose is administered to the patient, and then, after a time interval, the relacorilant dose is administered to the patient.

9. The method of claim 7, wherein said time interval is selected from about one hour and about one day.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein said time interval is selected from about one hour and about one day.

11. The method of claim 1, wherein said disorder is hypercortisolism, or a symptom associated with hypercortisolism, and the therapeutic agent is selected from tolbutamide, glimepiride, and glipizide.
12. The method of claim 11, wherein said symptom associated with hypercortisolism is selected from diabetes, hypertension, hyperglycemia, abnormal body fat, excessive body fat, moon-face, and abnormal blood clotting.
13. The method of claim 12, wherein said symptom associated with hypercortisolism is diabetes.
14. The method of claim 1, wherein said disorder is cancer, or a symptom associated with cancer in a cancer patient.
15. The method of claim 14, wherein the cancer is ovarian cancer or pancreatic cancer.
16. The method of claim 14, wherein the therapeutic agent is selected from tolbutamide, glimepiride, and glipizide.
17. The method of claim 14, wherein said cancer patient is receiving paclitaxel or nab-paclitaxel.
18. The concomitant use of relacorilant and a CYP2C9 substrate in the treatment of a disorder, wherein CYP2C9 substrate alone has been used in treating said disorder, wherein the amount of said CYP2C9 substrate used in said concomitant treatment with relacorilant is the same amount of CYP2C9 substrate as used alone in treating said disorder.
19. The use of claim 18, wherein the CYP2C9 substrate is selected from tolbutamide, glimepiride, and glipizide.
20. The use of claim 18, wherein said disorder is selected from hypercortisolism, a symptom associated with hypercortisolism, cancer, and a symptom associated with cancer.