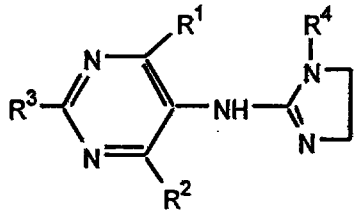
PHARMACEUTICAL AGENTS

Abstract

The present invention provides a method of inhibiting glucose metabolism deterioration in a mammal by administering a substituted aminopyrimidine having the Formula

(I)



wherein R^1, R^2, and R^3 are, independently, hydrogen, halogen, C_1-C_4 alkoxy, C_1-C_4 alkylthio, C_1-C_4 alkyl, or C_3-C_5-cycloalky;

R^4 is hydrogen, formyl, acetyl, propionyl or butyryl;

provided that R^1, R^2 and R^3 are not all hydrogen at the same time;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.