CLAIMS:

1. A skin rejuvenation composition which comprises:
   at least one oxidant;
   at least one photoactivator capable of activating the oxidant; and
   at least one healing factor chosen from hyaluronic acid, glucosamine and allantoin;
in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the oxidant is chosen from hydrogen peroxide, carbamide peroxide and benzoyl peroxide.

3. The composition according to claim 1, which further comprises at least one hydrophilic gelling agent.

4. The composition according to claim 3 , wherein the hydrophilic gelling agent is chosen from glucose, modified starch, methyl cellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, propyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, carbopol® polymers, alginic acid, sodium alginate, potassium alginate, ammonium alginate, calcium alginate, agar, carrageenan, locust bean gum, pectin, and gelatin.

5. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the photoactivator is chosen from a xanthene derivative dye, an azo dye, a biological stain, and a carotenoid.

6. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said xanthene derivative dye is chosen from a fluorene dye, a fluorone dye, and a rhodole dye.

7. The composition according to claim 6, wherein said fluorene dye is chosen from a pyronine dye and a rhodamine dye.

8. The composition according to claim 7, wherein said pyronine dye is chosen from pyronine Y and pyronine B.

9. The composition according to claim 7, wherein said rhodamine dye is chosen from rhodamine B, rhodamine G and rhodamine WT.

10. The composition according to claim 6, wherein said fluorone dye is chosen from fluorescein and fluorescein derivatives.

11. The composition according to claim 10, wherein said fluorescein derivative is chosen from phloxine B, rose bengal, and merbromine.

12. The composition according to claim 10, wherein said fluorescein derivative is chosen from eosin Y, eosin B and erythrosine B.

13. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said azo dye is chosen from methyl violet, neutral red, para red, amaranth, carmoisine, allura red AC, tartrazine, orange G, ponceau 4R, methyl red, and murexide-ammonium purpurate.

14. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said biological stain is chosen from saffranin O, basic fuchsin, acid fuschin, 3,3' dihexylocarbocyanine iodide, carminic acid, and indocyanine green.

15. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said carotenoid is chosen from crocetin, α-crocin (8,8-diapo-8,8-carotenoic acid), zeaxanthine, lycopene, α-carotene, β-carotene, bixin, and fucoxanthine.

16. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said carotenoid is present in the composition as a mixture chosen from saffron red powder, annatto extract and brown algae extract.

17. The composition according to any one of claims 1 to claim 16, which further comprises at least one chelating agent chosen from ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA) and ethylene glycol tetraacetic acid (EGTA).

18. The composition according to any one of claims 1 to claim 17, which further comprises at least one lipolysis stimulating factor chosen from caffeine and paraxanthine.

19. A method for skin rejuvenation which comprises the steps of:
a) topically applying on a patient's skin a composition comprising at least one oxidant, at least one photoactivator capable of activating the oxidant, and at least one healing factor chosen from hyaluronic acid, glucosamine and allantoin; and
b) treating said skin of step a) to actinic light for a time sufficient for said photoactivator to cause activation of said oxidant.

20. A method for treatment of a skin condition which comprises the steps of:
a) topically applying on a patient's skin condition a composition comprising at least one oxidant, at least one photoactivator capable of activating the oxidant, and at least one healing factor chosen from hyaluronic acid, glucosamine and allantoin; and
b) treating said skin condition of step a) to actinic light for a time sufficient for said photoactivator to cause activation of said oxidant.

21. The method according to claim 20, wherein said skin condition is chosen from acne and acne scars, and rosacea.

22. The method according to claim 20, wherein said skin condition is a nevus chosen from Becker's nevus, blue nevus, congenital nevus, pigmented nevus, nevus of Ota and Ito, pigmented spindle cell nevus, and dysplastic nevus.

23. The method according to claim 20, wherein said skin condition is a vasculai lesions chosen from matted telangiectasia, lentigines, cherry angioma, spider angioma, vascular birthmarks, blue port wine stain, red port wine stain, purple port wine stains, red facial veins, blue facial veins, red leg veins, and blue leg veins.

24. A method of removing a tattoo which comprises the steps of:

a) topically applying on a patient's tattoo a composition comprising at least one oxidant, at least one photoactivator capable of activating the oxidant, and at least one healing factor chosen from hyaluronic acid, glucosamine and allantoin; and

b) treating said tattoo of step a) to actinic light for a time sufficient for said photoactivator to cause activation of said oxidant.

25. The method according to any one of claim 19 to claim 24, wherein said skin is exposed to actinic light for a period of about 60 seconds to about 5 minutes.

26. The method according to any one of claim 19 to claim 24, wherein said skin is exposed to actinic light for a period of about 60 seconds to about 5 minutes per cm^2 of an area to be treated.

27. The method according to any one of claim 19 to claim 26, wherein the source of actinic light is in continuous motion over an area to be treated.

28. The method according to any one of claim 19 to claim 27, wherein said actinic light is visible light having a wavelength between about 400 nm and about 600 nm.

29. Use of a composition for skin rejuvenation, said composition comprising:

- least one oxidant;
- at least one photoactivator capable of activating the oxidant; and
- at least one healing factor chosen from hyaluronic acid, glucosamine and allantoin.

30. The use as claimed in claim 29, further comprising an exposition of the composition to actinic light for a time sufficient for said photoactivator to cause activation of said oxidant.

31. Use of a skin rejuvenation composition for the treatment of a skin condition, said composition comprising:

- at least one oxidant,
- at least one photoactivator capable of activating the oxidant; and
- at least one healing factor chosen from hyaluronic acid, glucosamine and allantoin.

32. The use as claimed in claim 31, further comprising an exposition of the composition to actinic light for a time sufficient for said photoactivator to cause activation of said oxidant.

33. The use according to any one of claims 31 - 32, wherein said skin condition is chosen from acne and acne scars, and rosacea.

34. The use according to any one of claims 31 - 32, wherein said skin condition is a nevus chosen from Becker's nevus, blue nevus, congenital nevus,

pigmented nevus, nevus of Ota and Ito, pigmented spindle cell nevus, and dysplastic nevus.

35. The use according to any one of claims 31 - 32, wherein said skin condition is a vascular lesions chosen from matted telangiectasia, lentigines, cherry angioma, spider angioma, vascular birthmarks, blue port wine stain, red port wine stain, purple port wine stains, red facial veins, blue facial veins, red leg veins, and blue leg veins.

36. The use according to any one of claims 29 - 35, wherein said skin is exposed to actinic light for a period of about 60 seconds to about 5 minutes.

37. The use according to any one of claims 29 - 35, wherein said skin is exposed to actinic light for a period of about 60 seconds to about 5 minutes per cm^2 of an area to be treated.

38. The use according to any one of claims 29 - 37, wherein the source of actinic light is in continuous motion over an area to be treated.

39. The use according to any one of claims 29 - 38, wherein said actinic light is visible light having a wavelength between about 400 nm and about 600 nm.

40. The use according to any one of claims 29 – 38, wherein said at least one photoactivator is eosin Y, erythrosine B and Saffran red powder.

41. The composition according to claim 1, wherein said at least one photoactivator is eosin Y, erythrosine B and Saffran red powder.

42. The composition according to claim 1, wherein said at least one photoactivator is erythrosine B and Saffran red powder.

CLAIMS:

1. A skin rejuvenation composition for reversing or mitigating skin aging which comprises:

at least one oxidant;

at least one photoactivator that is a fluorescent dye; and

at least one healing factor chosen from hyaluronic acid, glucosamine and allantoin;

in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the oxidant is chosen from hydrogen peroxide, carbamide peroxide and benzoyl peroxide.

3. The composition according to claim 1, which further comprises at least one hydrophilic gelling agent.

4. The composition according to claim 3, wherein the hydrophilic gelling agent is chosen from glucose, modified starch, methyl cellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, propyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, carbopol® polymers, alginic acid, sodium alginate, potassium alginate, ammonium alginate, calcium alginate, agar, carrageenan, locust bean gum, pectin, and gelatin.

5. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the composition further comprises an additional photoactivator chosen from a xanthene derivative dye, an azo dye, a biological stain, and a carotenoid.

6. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said xanthene derivative dye is chosen from a fluorene dye, a fluorone dye, and a rhodole dye.

7. The composition according to claim 6, wherein said fluorene dye is chosen from a pyronine dye and a rhodamine dye.

8. The composition according to claim 7, wherein said pyronine dye is chosen from pyronine Y and pyronine B.

9. The composition according to claim 7, wherein said rhodamine dye is chosen from rhodamine B, rhodamine G and rhodamine WT.

10. The composition according to claim 6, wherein said fluorone dye is chosen from fluorescein and fluorescein derivatives.

11. The composition according to claim 10, wherein said fluorescein derivative is chosen from phloxine B, rose bengal, and merbromine.

12. The composition according to claim 10, wherein said fluorescein derivative is chosen from eosinY, eosin B and erythrosine B.

13. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said azo dye is chosen from methyl violet, neutral red, para red, amaranth, carmoisine, allura red AC, tartrazine, orange G, ponceau 4R, methyl red, and murexide-ammonium purpurate.

14. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said biological stain is chosen from saffranin O, basic fuchsin, acid fuchsin, 3,3' dihexylocarbocyanine iodide, carminic acid, and indocyanine green.

15. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said carotenoid is chosen from crocetin, α-crocin (8,8-diapo-8,8-carotenoic acid), zeaxanthine, lycopene, α-carotene, β-carotene, bixin, and fucoxanthine.

16. The composition according to claim 5, wherein said carotenoid is present in the composition as a mixture chosen from saffron red powder, annatto extract and brown algae extract.

17. The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 16, which further comprises at least one chelating agent chosen from ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA) and ethylene glycol tetraacetic acid (EGTA).

18. The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 17, which further comprises at least one lipolysis stimulating factor chosen from caffeine and paraxanthine.

19. A skin rejuvenation composition for reversing or mitigating skin aging comprising at least one oxidant, and at least one photoactivator that is a fluorescent dye and at least one healing factor chosen from hyaluronic acid, glucosamine and allantoin, characterized in that the composition is applied topically on a patient's skin prior to said skin being treated with actinic light.

20. The composition according to claim 19, wherein said skin is exposed to actinic light for a period of about 60 seconds to about 5 minutes.

21. The composition according to claim 19, wherein said skin is exposed to actinic light for a period of about 60 seconds to about 5 minutes per cm^2 of an area to be treated.

22. The composition according to any one of claim 19 to claim 21, wherein the source of actinic light is in continuous motion over an area to be treated during said treatment with actinic light.

23. The composition according to any one of claim 19 to claim 22, wherein said actinic light is visible light having a wavelength between about 400 nm and about 600 nm.

24. The composition according to any one of claims 19 to 23, wherein said at least one photoactivator is eosin Y.

25. The composition according to any one of claims 1 to 24, wherein the composition increases dermal thickness and new collagen formation.

26. Use of a composition as defined in any one of claims 1-25 in the manufacture of a medicament for reversing or mitigating skin aging.