

Description

The present invention generally relates to an improved firearm of the type having a pistol handle or a corresponding weapon part, in which an exchangeable magazine is adapted to be introduced and which upon shooting is gripped by the hand of the marksman. More particularly the invention is directed to a magazine locking means for firearms of the said type, in which the pistol grip or a corresponding part of the weapon includes a magazine guide into which the exchangeable magazine is adapted to be introduced, and a magazine catch mounted at the front side of the pistol grip for movement between magazine locking and magazine releasing positions, and in the locking position adapted to engage a projection part at the front side of said magazine.

The invention has been made as a result of the development of hand firearms like pistols, machine pistols and other pistol-like weapons having magazines which have to be quickly exchanged, but it is obvious that the invention is as well useful also for many other types of firearms having exchangeable magazines in the part of the firearm which during shooting is gripped by the hand of the marksman, whereby a grip catch is pressed thereby releasing the weapon for firing.

In conventional firearms like a machine pistol the magazine catch is usually located so that it can be actuated by the hand which is gripping the pistol handle, in other words the firing hand. This makes an exchange of the magazine difficult, and above all it prolongs the time needed for exchange of magazine, and this is a serious disadvantage in critical situations. For pistols, which have a rather little magazine capacity, structural solutions have since long been looked for in order to provide quick exchanges of magazines. Said firearms therefore often are formed with a magazine catch which can be actuated by the thumb of the "firing hand" at the same time as the "support hand" seizes and introduces a new magazine in the magazine guide of the pistol handle.

In many known weapons, like the weapon disclosed in the patent DE-A1 2.618.074, the magazine catch is placed on the side of the pistol handle, generally at the left side, and hence the magazine catch can be actuated by the thumb of the firing hand only by right-handed marksmen.

The patent DE-82 2.014.328 discloses a pistol having a magazine which is mounted for actuation inside the trigger guard and behind the trigger. Also this magazine catch can only be actuated by one finger on the shooting hand.

The patent US-A 3,372,506 discloses a magazine catch according to the preamble of claim 1 and provided at the lowermost part of the pistol

grip and which can only be reached by the thumb of the shooting hand of the marksman, and which is designed so that the marksman has to use both hands to release the magazine, namely one hand for holding the pistol grip and the other hand for pulling the magazine catch outwards.

In many known apparatus the magazine catch engages a recess provided directly in a relatively thin magazine wall. This structure is useful for small and light-weight magazines but the structure is considered too weak for large and heavy magazines.

The invention is intended to provide a magazine catch for the above mentioned types of firearms, which magazine catch is co-ordinated to the grip catch, which can be actuated by the thumb of the firing hand both by right-handed and by left-handed marksmen thereby enabling the quickest possible exchange of magazines, and which is designed for effectively holding even large and heavy magazines, for instance magazines for machine pistols.

The said objects are fulfilled by means of some few and easily manufactured pieces. The invention is mainly characterized in that the magazine catch comprises an elongated plate extending along the front side of the magazine guide and which plate is hingely connected to the pistol grip about a cross pin at its lower end for pivotal movement between said locking and releasing positions, and which plate has, at the upper portion thereof, grab parts projecting at opposite sides of the pistol grip, each of said grab parts being located for being easily reached by the thumb of the marksman both at the left side and the right side of the pistol grip and without the need for the marksman to change hand grip, and any one of said grab parts being alternatively usable independently of the other grab part to pivotally move the magazine catch to said releasing position thereby releasing said magazine from the magazine guide by a thumb actuation straight forwardly of at least one of said grab parts.

Further characteristics of the invention and advantages thereof will be evident from the following specification and from the appended claims.

Now the invention will be described more closely with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which figures 1 and 2 show a machine pistol seen from the left side and from the right side respectively. Figure 3 shows, like in figure 1, a sideview of a machine pistol, partly in a cross section, having a magazine catch according to the invention. Figure 4 shows more in detail a cross section view through the magazine catch according to the invention, and the co-ordination thereof with the grip catch and the magazine, and figure 5 is a perspective view of the magazine catch.

The sub machine gun shown in figures 1-3 is of known type and therefore all parts thereof will not be described in detail. The firearm comprises a receiver 1 having a not-illustrated lock bolt and a pistol grip 2 connected to the receiver 1 and having a trigger and a grip safety 4. An exchangeable magazine 5 is adapted to be introduced in a magazine guide 6 provided in the pistol grip 2 and to be locked in this position by a magazine catch.

The grip safety 4 is in the form of a curved handle which is rotatably mounted on a cross pin 7 of a grip safety bracket 8. The magazine catch 9 is rotatably mounted on the same pin 7. As best shown in figure 5 the magazine catch comprises at its bottom a tubular carrier 10, an intermediate plain portion 11 and at its top a yoke-formed part 12 having fold out grab portions 13 and 14. The yoke part 12 is integral with the intermediate portion 11 over a web 15, by means of which the yoke part of the catch extends into the magazine guide 6 and into the area of magazine introduction.

The largest part of the magazine catch 9 is enclosed between the grip safety 4 and the front wall of the magazine guide 6. The upper part of the catch, which is formed as a yoke having grab parts 13 and 14 in the form of double folded plate parts projecting on opposite sides thereof, encloses the side walls of the magazine catch 6. The grab parts 13 and 14 of the catch 9 are readily accessible by the thumb of the marksman on the left side for right-handed marksmen and on the right side for left-handed marksmen. The upper edge 16 of the magazine catch 9 provides a stop edge for engagement with a lock plate 17 which is welded or otherwise fixed mounted on the front side of the magazine.

As explained above the grip safety 4 and the magazine catch 9 are rotatably mounted on the same pin 7, and a pressure spring 18 is mounted between the grip safety 4 and the plain intermediate part 11 of the magazine catch. Said spring 18 biases the two parts in opposite directions. The grip safety is blocked from moving forwardly by the trigger or any other part of the firearm, and the magazine catch, in turn, is blocked from moving rearwardly by the magazine guide, whereby the grip safety normally takes a firing blocking position and the magazine guide normally takes a magazine locking position.

For introducing a magazine 5 in the magazine guide 6 of the pistol grip the magazine is just pushed right up, whereby the upper edge thereof, by actuating the web 15 of the catch, moves the catch out until the lock plate 17 of the magazine has passed the upper edge 16 of the catch, whereby the catch snaps back and locks the magazine against the bottom edge of the lock plate 17.

For exchanging magazine the magazine catch

is pressed forwardly by the thumb of the firing hand, that is the thumb of the firing hand of a right-handed marksman or of a left-handed marksman, whereby the upper edge 16 of the catch is released from the lock plate 17 of the magazine, and the magazine 5, which slides easily in its guide, drops out of the magazine guide. This can be done by using only one hand without the need of moving the hand from pistol grip and even without moving the firearm from its adjusted firing position. With the other hand the marksman can get a new magazine and move same as far into the magazine guide that the upper edge 16 of the catch snaps into position under the lock plate 17 of the magazine.

It is to be understood that the above description and the embodiment of the invention shown in the drawings is only an illustrating example, and that many different variations and modification may be presented within the scope of the appended claims.

Claims

1. Magazine locking means for firearms of the type having a pistol grip (2) or a corresponding part which is grasped by the firing hand of the marksman and which includes a magazine guide (6) into which an exchangeable magazine (5) is adapted to be introduced, and a magazine catch (9) mounted at the front side of the pistol grip (2) for movement between magazine locking and magazine releasing positions, and in the locking position adapted to engage a projection part (17) at the front side of said magazine, characterized in

that the magazine catch (9) comprises an elongated plate extending along the front side of the magazine guide (6) and which plate is hingely connected to said pistol grip (2) about a cross pin (7) at its lower end (10) for pivotal movement between said locking and releasing positions,

and which plate has, at the upper portion thereof, grab parts (13, 14) projecting at opposite sides of the pistol grip (2),

each of said grab parts (13, 14) being located for being easily reached by the thumb of the marksman both at the left side and the right side of the pistol grip (2) and without the need for the marksman to change hand grip and being alternatively usable independently of the other of said grab parts (13, 14) to pivotally move the magazine catch (5) to said releasing position thereby releasing said magazine from said magazine guide by a thumb actuation

The sub machine gun shown in figures 1-3 is of known type and therefore all parts thereof will not be described in detail. The firearm comprises a receiver 1 having a not-illustrated lock bolt and a pistol grip 2 connected to the receiver 1 and having a trigger and a grip safety 4. An exchangeable magazine 5 is adapted to be introduced in a magazine guide 6 provided in the pistol grip 2 and to be locked in this position by a magazine catch.

The grip safety 4 is in the form of a curved handle which is rotatably mounted on a cross pin 7 of a grip safety bracket 8. The magazine catch 9 is rotatably mounted on the same pin 7. As best shown in figure 5 the magazine catch comprises at its bottom a tubular carrier 10, an intermediate plain portion 11 and at its top a yoke-formed part 12 having fold out grab portions 13 and 14. The yoke part 12 is integral with the intermediate portion 11 over a web 15, by means of which the yoke part of the catch extends into the magazine guide 6 and into the area of magazine introduction.

The largest part of the magazine catch 9 is enclosed between the grip safety 4 and the front wall of the magazine guide 6. The upper part of the catch, which is formed as a yoke having grab parts 13 and 14 in the form of double folded plate parts projecting on opposite sides thereof, encloses the side walls of the magazine catch 6. The grab parts 13 and 14 of the catch 9 are readily accessible by the thumb of the marksman on the left side for right-handed marksmen and on the right side for left-handed marksmen. The upper edge 16 of the magazine catch 9 provides a stop edge for engagement with a lock plate 17 which is welded or otherwise fixed mounted on the front side of the magazine.

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For exchanging magazine the magazine catch

is pressed forwardly by the thumb of the firing hand, that is the thumb of the firing hand of a right-handed marksman or of a left-handed marksman, whereby the upper edge 16 of the catch is released from the lock plate 17 of the magazine, and the magazine 5, which slides easily in its guide, drops out of the magazine guide. This can be done by using only one hand without the need of moving the hand from pistol grip and even without moving the firearm from its adjusted firing position. With the other hand the marksman can get a new magazine and move same as far into the magazine guide that the upper edge 16 of the catch snaps into position under the lock plate 17 of the magazine.

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Claims

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that the magazine catch (9) comprises an elongated plate extending along the front side of the magazine guide (6) and which plate is hingely connected to said pistol grip (2) about a cross pin (7) at its lower end (10) for pivotal movement between said locking and releasing positions,

and which plate has, at the upper portion thereof, grab parts (13, 14) projecting at opposite sides of the pistol grip (2),

each of said grab parts (13, 14) being located for being easily reached by the thumb of the marksman both at the left side and the right side of the pistol grip (2) and without the need for the marksman to change hand grip and being alternatively usable independently of the other of said grab parts (13, 14) to pivotally move the magazine catch (5) to said releasing position thereby releasing said magazine from said magazine guide by a thumb actuation



straight forwardly of at least one of said grab parts (13, 14).

2. Magazine locking means according to claim 1, **characterized** in that the magazine catch (5) is an integral plate having a lower tubular hinge part (10), a plain intermediate part (11) and an upper yoke part (12) which, with an even side thereof, is integral with the intermediate part (11) via a web part (15), so that said yoke part (12) can be introduced through the magazine guide (6) and into an introduction path for the magazine (5).
3. Magazine locking means according to claim 2, **characterized** in that the grab parts (13, 14) project at opposite sides from the plain portion of the yoke part (12) on each side of the magazine guide (6) thereby forming holds for releasing the catch from the magazine (5) which is introduced in the guide (6).
4. Magazine locking means according to any of the preceding claims, **characterized** in that the firearm has a grip safety (4) at the front side of the pistol grip (2), which grip safety defines the front edge of the pistol grip (2) and encloses the front edge of the magazine guide (6), whereby the magazine catch (9) is partially enclosed by said grip safety (4).
5. Magazine locking means according to claim 4, **characterized** in that a pressure spring (18) is mounted between the grip safety (4) and the magazine catch (9) to bias said grip safety (4) and said magazine catch in opposite directions.
6. Magazine locking means according to claims 4 and 5, **characterized** in that the grip safety (4) and the magazine catch (9) are rotatable about a common cross pin (7) provided at the lower edge of the front side of the magazine guide (6).

Revendications

1. Moyens de verrouillage du chargeur pour armes à feu du type comprenant une crosse de pistolet (2) ou une partie correspondante de l'arme qui est saisie par la main de tir du tireur et qui comprend un guidechargeur (6) dans lequel le chargeur (5) interchangeable est adapté pour être introduit, et un verrou de chargeur (9) monté sur le côté avant de la crosse du pistolet (2) pour se déplacer entre les positions de verrouillage du chargeur et de

déverrouillage du chargeur et qui, dans la position de verrouillage, est adapté pour coopérer avec une partie saillante (17) prévue sur le côté avant dudit chargeur, caractérisés en ce que le verrou de chargeur (9) comprend une plaque allongée, s'étendant le long de la face avant du guidechargeur (6), et qui est articulée à charnière à la crosse du pistolet (2) pour tourner autour d'un axe transversal (7) à son extrémité inférieure (10), et pour basculer entre ladite position de verrouillage et ladite position de déverrouillage, laquelle plaque possède, dans sa partie supérieure, des parties repose-doigt (13, 14) qui font saillie de part et d'autre de la crosse du pistolet (2), chacune desdites parties repose-doigt (13, 14) étant placée de manière à pouvoir être atteinte facilement par le pouce du tireur aussi bien sur le côté gauche que sur le côté droit de la crosse du pistolet (2) et sans que le tireur n'ait à changer l'arme de main, et pouvant être utilisée alternativement, indépendamment de ladite autre partie repose-doigt (13, 14), pour basculer le verrou de chargeur (5) dans ladite position de déverrouillage, pour déverrouiller ainsi ledit chargeur du guide-chargeur en poussant au moins l'une desdites parties repose-doigt (13, 14) droit vers l'avant à l'aide du pouce.

2. Moyens de verrouillage du chargeur selon la revendication 1, caractérisés en ce que le verrou de chargeur (5) est une plaque d'une seule pièce possédant une partie inférieure tubulaire (10) formant charnière, une partie intermédiaire lisse (11) et une partie supérieure (12) formant étrier qui, par son côté plat, est réunie en une seule pièce à la partie intermédiaire (11) par l'intermédiaire d'une partie bras (15), de sorte que ladite partie étrier (12) peut être introduite dans le guide-chargeur (6) et dans un passage d'introduction du chargeur (5).
3. Moyens de verrouillage de chargeur selon la revendication 2, caractérisés en ce que les parties repose-doigt (13, 14) font saillie sur les deux côtés opposés de la partie lisse de la partie étrier (12), des deux côtés du guide-chargeur (6), pour former ainsi des prises pour dégager le verrou du chargeur (5) qui est introduit dans le guide (6).
4. Moyens de verrouillage de chargeur selon une quelconque des revendications précédentes, caractérisés en ce que l'arme à feu possède une sécurité de crosse (4) sur le côté avant de la crosse (2), laquelle sécurité de crosse définit



le bord avant de la crosse du pistolet (2) et encadre le bord avant du guide-chargeur (6), de sorte que le verrou de chargeur (9) est partiellement enfermé par ladite sécurité de crosse (4).

5. Moyens de verrouillage de chargeur selon la revendication 2, caractérisés en ce qu'un ressort de compression (18) est monté entre la sécurité de crosse (4) et le verrou de chargeur (9) pour tendre à repousser la sécurité de crosse (4) et ledit verrou de chargeur l'un en sens inverse de l'autre.
6. Moyens de verrouillage de chargeur selon les revendications 4 et 5, caractérisés en ce que la sécurité de crosse (4) et le verrou de chargeur (9) peuvent tourner autour d'un axe transversal commun (7) prévu au bord inférieur de la face avant du guide-chargeur (6).

Ansprüche

1. Magazinverriegelung für Feuerwaffen mit einem Pistolengriff (2) o. dgl., der von der Schießhand des Schützen ergriffen wird und eine Magazinführung (6) enthält, in die ein austauschbares Magazin (5) einführbar ist, und mit einer Magazinfalle (9) an der Vorderseite des Pistolengriffes (2), die zwischen einer Magazinverriegelungsposition und einer Magazinfreigabeposition bewegbar ist, wobei sie in der Verriegelungsposition an einem Vorsprung (17) an der Vorderseite des Magazins angreift,
dadurch gekennzeichnet,
 daß die Magazinfalle (9) eine langgestreckte Platte aufweist, die sich entlang der Vorderseite der Magazinführung (6) erstreckt und an ihrem unteren Ende (10) durch einen Querstift (7) an dem Pistolengriff (2) angelenkt ist, um Schwenkbewegungen zwischen der Verriegelungs- und der Freigabeposition durchzuführen,
 und daß die Platte an ihrem oberen Abschnitt Greifteile (13, 14) aufweist, die an entgegengesetzten Seiten des Pistolengriffes (2) vorspringen,
 wobei jeder Greifteil (13, 14) so angeordnet ist, daß er leicht mit dem Daumen des Schützen sowohl auf der linken als auch auf der rechten Seite des Pistolengriffes (2) erreicht wird, ohne daß der Schütze den Handgriff ändern muß, und wobei die Greifteile (13, 14) alternativ unabhängig voneinander benutzbar sind, um die Magazinfalle (9) in die Freigabeposition zu schwenken und dadurch das Magazin aus der Magazinführung freizugeben,

und zwar durch eine gradlinig nach vorne gerichtete Daumenbetätigung mindestens eines der Greifteile (13, 14).

2. Magazinverriegelung nach Anspruch 1, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Magazinfalle (9) als einstückige Platte ausgebildet ist mit einem unteren, rohrförmigen Scharnierteil (10), einem ebenen Mittelteil (11) und einem oberen jochförmigen Teil (12), welches mit einer ebenen Seite über einen Steg (15) einstückig mit dem Mittelteil (11) verbunden ist, so daß der jochförmige Teil (12) durch die Magazinführung (6) und in den Einsteckweg des Magazins (5) führbar ist.
3. Magazinverriegelung nach Anspruch 2, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Greifteile (13, 14) an entgegengesetzten Seiten von dem ebenen Abschnitt des jochförmigen Teils (12) beidseitig der Magazinführung (6) abstehen, wodurch sie Griffe bilden, um die Falle von dem Magazin (5), welches in die Magazinführung (6) eingeführt ist, zu lösen.
4. Magazinverriegelung nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Feuerwaffe an der Vorderseite des Pistolengriffes (2) eine Griffsicherung (4) aufweist, die die Vorderkante des Pistolengriffes (2) bildet und die Vorderkante der Magazinführung (6) umschließt, so daß die Magazinfalle (9) teilweise von der Griffsicherung (4) umschlossen ist.
5. Magazinverriegelung nach Anspruch 4, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß eine Druckfeder (18) zwischen der Griffsicherung (4) und der Magazinfalle (9) angeordnet ist, um die Griffsicherung (4) und die Magazinfalle in entgegengesetzter Richtung vorzuspannen.
6. Magazinverriegelung nach Anspruch 4 und 5, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die Griffsicherung (4) und die Magazinfalle (9) um einen gemeinsamen Querstift (7) drehbar sind, der an der Unterkante der Vorderseite der Magazinführung (6) vorgesehen ist.

