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SPECIFICATIONELECTRICAL SWITCHING CONNECTORField of the Invention

5 This invention generally relates to the art of electrical connectors and, particularly, to an electrical switching connector, such as a radio frequency transceiver connector which might be mounted on a printed circuit board.

Background of the Invention

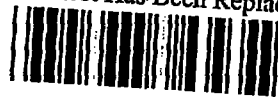
10 Radio frequency electrical connectors are used in a wide variety of applications. Such connectors are used in mobile telephones, global positioning systems and the like. Basically, such a connector is a microwave connector.

One example of such connectors is an electrical switching connector used in a transceiver of such devices which requires an antenna, such as a mobile telephone. The transceiver may be normally connected to an internal antenna, and switching terminals are provided for connecting the unit to an external antenna. The switching
15 terminals are normally closed, and a terminal from a coaxial cable opens the normally closed terminals to disconnect the transceiver from the internal antenna and connect the transceiver to the external antenna. With the system being a radio frequency system, ground terminals also are employed in conjunction with the switching terminals.

20 In designing electrical connectors of the character described above, there is a tendency to make the connectors unduly complicated which results in the connectors being unnecessarily expensive. The present invention is directed to providing such a connector in the form of a radio frequency receptacle which is extremely simple and, consequently, quite inexpensive.

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Summary of the Invention

An object, therefore, of the invention is to provide a new and improved electrical switching connector of the character described.

5 Another object of the invention is to provide a radio frequency switching connector for mounting on a printed circuit board.

In the exemplary embodiment of the invention, the connector includes a molded dielectric housing defining a receptacle. A first switch terminal is at least partially overmolded by the housing and includes a tail portion projecting from the housing for connection to a printed circuit board and a contact portion at the receptacle.
10 A second switch terminal is mounted in the housing and includes a tail portion projecting from the housing for connection to the printed circuit board and a flexible contact portion projecting into the receptacle and engageable with the contact portion of the first switch terminal. Therefore, a terminal of a complementary mating connector can be inserted into the receptacle and in engagement with the flexible contact portion of the
15 second switch terminal to move the flexible contact portion out of engagement with the contact portion of the first switch terminal. A pair of ground terminals are at least partially overmolded by the housing and include tail portions projecting from the housing for connection to the printed circuit board. Each ground terminal is juxtaposed alongside one of the switch terminals.

20 As disclosed herein, all of the terminals are stamped and formed of sheet metal material. All of the tail portions of the terminals are generally coplanar for connection to a surface of the printed circuit board. The contact portion of the first switch terminal and body portions of the pair of ground terminals also are coplanar in a plane offset from the plane of the tail portions of the terminals. At least a portion of the
25 second switch terminal overlaps at least a portion of one of the ground terminals to define a capacitor therebetween.

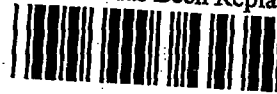
The ground terminals are shown herein as being integrally joined. Specifically, the pair of ground terminals form the legs of a generally U-shaped configuration, with ends of the legs being integrally joined by a cross portion of the U-

shaped configuration which surrounds three sides of the contact portion of the first switch terminal.

Other objects, features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following detailed description taken in connection with the accompanying drawings.

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Brief Description of the Drawings

The features of this invention which are believed to be novel are set forth with particularity in the appended claims. The invention, together with its objects and the advantages thereof, may be best understood by reference to the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like reference numerals identify like elements in the figures and in which:

FIGURE 1 is a perspective view of the electrical switching connector of the invention, looking toward the rear terminating end thereof;

FIGURE 2 is a view looking toward the front receptacle end of the connector;

FIGURE 3 is a perspective view of the terminals of the connector;

FIGURE 4 is a top plan view of the terminals of the connector;

FIGURE 5 is a view similar to that of Figure 4, highlighting the overlapping area between the power terminal and one of the ground terminals;

FIGURE 6 is a view showing a contact of a complementary mating connector lifting the switched terminal off of the power terminal;

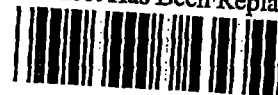
FIGURE 7 is a view similar to that of Figure 1, but showing an alternate configuration for the tail portions of the terminals;

FIGURE 8 is a perspective view of the terminals of the connector in Figure 7;

FIGURE 9 is a top plan view of the terminals of Figure 8; and

FIGURE 10 is a view similar to that of Figure 9, highlighting the overlapping area between the power terminal and one of the ground terminals.

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Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Referring to the drawings in greater detail, and first to Figures 1 and 2, the invention is embodied in an electrical switching connector, generally designated 12, which includes a one-piece housing, generally designated 14. The housing is unitarily molded of dielectric material such as plastic or the like. The housing has a bottom mounting surface 16 for mounting the connector on the surface of a printed circuit board (not shown). The housing has a rear terminating end 18 (Fig. 1) and a front receptacle end 20 defining a receptacle 22 (Fig. 2) which receives at least a terminal blade of a complementary mating connector, such as for a coaxial cable coupled to an external antenna.

Referring to Figures 3 and 4 in conjunction with Figures 1 and 2, switching connector 12 includes a first switch terminal, generally designated 24; a second switch terminal, generally designated 26; a first ground terminal, generally designated 28; and a second ground terminal, generally designated 30. All of the terminals are stamped and formed of conductive sheet metal material. All of the terminals 24-30 have coplanar tail portions 24a-30a, respectively, for connection to appropriate power and ground circuit traces on the printed circuit board, as by soldering.

First switch terminal 24 is the "switched" terminal of the connector and includes an elongated body portion 24b extending through housing 14 and including a widened distal end 24c defining a contact portion located at receptacle 22 of the housing.

Ground terminals 28 and 30 also have elongated body portions 28b and 30b, respectively, extending forwardly in the housing on opposite sides of the body portion 24b of switch terminal 24. Body portion 30b of ground terminal 30 is wider than body portion 28b of ground terminal 28 and includes a cut-out area 30c for accommodating the widened contact portion 24c of switch terminal 24. All of the body portions 24b, 28b and 30b of the respective switch and ground terminals are generally coplanar.

Second switch terminal 26 is a "common" or power terminal of the connector and has an elongated body portion 26b which is elevated in a plane above the

plane of the body portions of the other terminals. The body portion of the second switch terminal is flexible and has a downwardly projecting, bowed contact portion 26c which is normally in engagement with contact portion 24c of first switch terminal 24 to provide a normally closed switch for connector 12.

5 As best seen in Figure 1, transition portions 24d, 28d and 30d of switch terminal 24 and ground terminals 28 and 30, respectively, along with at least portions of the body portions of those terminals, are overmolded by molded plastic housing 14 to rigidify the terminals and maintain the terminals in precise position and spacing. This can be done easily in a molding die. On the other hand, second switch terminal 26 is
10 inserted into a slot 32 at the rear of the housing so that body portion 26b of the terminal is free to flex relative to body portion 24b of the first switch terminal 24. As best seen in Figures 3 and 4, the second switch terminal has an enlarged plate portion 26d which is insertable into slot 32 of the housing. A pair of rounded locking bosses 26e provide an interference fit within slot 32 to hold switch terminal 26 in the housing.

15 As best seen in Figures 3 and 4, body portion 28b and 30b of ground terminals 28 and 30 respectively, form the legs of a generally U-shaped configuration, with the ends of the legs being integrally joined by a cross portion 34 of the U-shaped configuration. Therefore, the unitary U-shaped ground terminal structure surrounds body portion 24b and contact portion 24c of first switch terminal 24. Finally, as best seen in
20 Figure 3, in cross portion 34 of the ground terminal structure has a downwardly turned lip 34a, and widened contact portion 24c of first switch contact 24 also has a downwardly turned lip 24d.

Figure 5 is a duplicate of Figure 4 and simply highlights an area 36
25 whereat plate portion 26d of second switch terminal 26 overlaps body portion 30b of ground terminal 30. This overlapping area provides an increase in the capacitor area between those terminals which, in turn, lowers the characteristic impedance of the connector.

Figure 6 shows a terminal blade 38 of a complementary mating connector inserted into connector 12 and into engagement with contact portion 26c of second



switch terminal 26. This lifts contact portion 26c off of contact portion 24c of first switch terminal 24 and, thereby, opens the switch therebetween. In an actual application, switching connector 12 may be a transceiver connector in a mobile telephone unit, for instance. The unit will have an internal antenna which is connected to switch terminal 24 and which is normally coupled in circuit by the normally closed switch terminals 24 and 26. Terminal blade 38 (Fig. 6) may be from a coaxial cable coupled to an external antenna. Therefore, when blade 38 engages contact portion 26c of switch terminal 26 to "open" the switch of connector 12, the engagement of blade 38 with second switch terminal 26 now disengages the connector from the internal antenna and couples the connector to the external or outside antenna.

Figures 7-10 show an alternate embodiment of the invention and like numerals have been applied in Figures 7-10 corresponding to like components described above in relation to Figures 1-6. The main difference between the embodiment of Figures 7-10 and the embodiment of Figures 1-6 is the position of tail portions 26a and 30a of second switch terminal 26 and second ground terminal 30. Basically, the tails of the terminals define input leads to the connector. These different embodiments show that the input leads can be easily interchanged in position to allow different "hookups" on the printed circuit board. This is difficult if not impossible with most prior art radio frequency receptacles because of the manner in which the shields of those receptacles are designed.

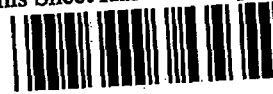
Figure 10 also shows a difference between the embodiment of Figures 7-10 and the embodiment of Figures 1-5. Specifically, an overlapping area 36A between second switch terminal 26 and second ground terminal 30 as highlighted in Figure 10 is slightly larger than the overlapping area 36 in Figure 5.

It will be understood that the invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or central characteristics thereof. The present examples and embodiments, therefore, are to be considered in all respects as illustrative and not restrictive, and the invention is not to be limited to the details given herein.

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CLAIMS

1. An electrical switching connector (12) for mounting on a printed circuit board, comprising:

a molded dielectric housing (14) defining a receptacle (22);

5 a first switch terminal (24) at least partially overmolded by the housing (14) and including a tail portion (24a) projecting from the housing for connection to the printed circuit board and a contact portion (24c) at said receptacle;

10 a second switch terminal (26) mounted on the housing and including a tail portion (26a) projecting from the housing for connection to the printed circuit board and a flexible contact portion (26c) projecting into the receptacle and engageable with the contact portion (24c) of the first switch terminal (24), whereby a terminal (38) of a complementary mating connector can be inserted into the receptacle (22) in engagement with the flexible contact portion (26c) of the second switch terminal (26) to move said flexible contact portion out of engagement with the contact portion (24c) of the first switch terminal (24); and

15 a pair of ground terminals (28,30) at least partially overmolded by the housing (14) and including tail portions (28a,30a) projecting from the housing for connection to the printed circuit board, each ground terminal (28,30) being juxtaposed alongside one of the switch terminals.

20 2. The electrical switching connector of claim 1 wherein the tail portions (24a,26a,28a,30a) of the said first and second switch terminals (24,26) and said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are coplanar.

25 3. The electrical switching connector of claim 1 wherein the contact portion (24c) of said first switch terminal (24) and body portions (28b,30b) said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are coplanar.



4. The electrical switching connector of claim 3 wherein said first switch terminal (24) and said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are stamped and formed of sheet metal material.

5 5. The electrical switching connector of claim 4 wherein the tail portions (24a,26a,28a,30a) of the said first and second switch terminals (24,26) and said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are coplanar in a plane offset from the plane of said contact portion (24c) of the first switch terminal (24) and the body portions (28b,30b) of the pair of ground terminals (28,30).

10 6. The electrical switching connector of claim 1 wherein said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are integrally joined.

7. The electrical switching connector of claim 6 wherein said pair of ground terminals (28,30) form the legs of a generally U-shaped configuration with ends of the legs being integrally joined by a cross portion (34) of the U-shaped configuration which surrounds three sides of the contact portion (24c) of the first switch terminal (24).



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8. The electrical switching connector of claim 1 wherein at least a portion (26d) of said second switch terminal (26) overlaps at least a portion of one (30) of said ground terminals.

5 9. An electrical switching connector (12), comprising:
a dielectric housing (14) defining a receptacle (22);
a first switch terminal (24) mounted on the housing and including a contact portion (24c) at said receptacle;

10 a second switch terminal (26) mounted on the housing and including a flexible contact portion (26c) projecting into the receptacle and engageable with the contact portion of the first switch terminal, whereby a terminal (38) of a complementary mating connector can be inserted into the receptacle (22) in engagement with the flexible contact portion (26c) of the second switch terminal (26) to move said flexible contact portion (24c) out of engagement with the contact portion (24c) of the first switch terminal (24);

15 a pair of ground terminals (28,30) juxtaposed alongside one of the switch terminals; and

said second switch terminal (26) and one of said ground terminals (30) having overlapping capacitor plate portions (26d).

20 10. The electrical switching connector of claim 9 wherein said first switch terminal (24) and said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are stamped and formed of sheet metal material.

11. The electrical switching connector of claim 9 wherein the contact portion (24c) of said first switch terminal (24) and body portions (28b,30b) said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are coplanar.





12. The electrical switching connector of claim 11 wherein said first switch terminal (24) and said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are stamped and formed of sheet metal material.

5 13. The electrical switching connector of claim 9 wherein said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are integrally joined.

14. The electrical switching connector of claim 13 wherein said pair of ground terminals (28,30) form the legs of a generally U-shaped configuration with ends of the legs being integrally joined by a cross portion (34) of the U-shaped configuration which surrounds three sides of the contact portion (24c) of the first switch terminal (24).

10 15. An electrical switching connector (12), comprising:
a dielectric housing (14) defining a receptacle (22);
a first switch terminal (24) mounted on the housing and including a contact portion (24c) at said receptacle;

15 a second switch terminal (26) mounted on the housing and including a flexible contact portion (26c) projecting into the receptacle and engageable with the contact portion of the first switch terminal, whereby a terminal (38) of a complementary mating connector can be inserted into the receptacle (22) in engagement with the flexible contact portion (26c) of the second switch terminal (26) to move said flexible contact portion out of engagement with the contact portion (24c) of the first switch terminal (24);

20 a pair of ground terminals (28,30) juxtaposed alongside one of the switch terminals; and

said pair of ground terminals (28,30) forming the legs of a generally U-shaped configuration with ends of the legs being integrally joined by a cross portion (34) of the U-shaped configuration which surrounds three sides of the contact portion (24c) of the first switch terminal (24).



16. The electrical switching connector of claim 15 wherein said first switch terminal (24) and said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are stamped and formed of sheet metal material.

5 17. The electrical switching connector of claim 15 wherein the contact portion (24c) of said first switch terminal (24) and body portions (28b,30b) said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are coplanar.

18. The electrical switching connector of claim 17 wherein said first switch terminal (24) and said pair of ground terminals (28,30) are stamped and formed of sheet metal material.

10 19. The electrical switching connector of claim 15 wherein at least a portion (26d) of said second switch terminal (26) overlaps at least a portion of one (30) of said ground terminals.

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