

DATA TRANSMISSION METHOD AND APPARATUS, SYSTEM, COMPUTER DEVICE AND STORAGE MEDIUM

[0001] This application claims priority to Chinese Patent Application No. 202011308606.3, entitled "DATA TRANSMISSION METHOD, APPARATUS, AND SYSTEM, COMPUTER DEVICE, AND STORAGE MEDIUM" filed with the China National Intellectual Property Administration on November 20, 2020, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE TECHNOLOGY

[0002] This disclosure relates to the field of wireless communication technologies, and in particular, to a data transmission method, a data transmission apparatus, a computer device, and a storage medium.

BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0003] In some specific application scenarios, two different devices may perform data transmission in a wireless manner. In the wireless data transmission, generally the communication link is encrypted to ensure the secure transmission of the data. However, in the process of data transmission, the use of communication link encryption may not be able to effectively ensure data security. If the two different devices are required to perform data encryption and decryption respectively, it is necessary to perform software adaptation on the two different devices. For example, Bluetooth software adaptation is required when using Bluetooth to transmit data, resulting in poor software versatility, and making it difficult to ensure both the effect of interaction between devices and the secure data transmission.

SUMMARY

[0004] Embodiments of this disclosure provide a data transmission method, a data transmission apparatus, a system, a computer device, and a storage medium.

[0005] Provided is a data transmission method, executed by a communication adapter, the method including:

[0006] performing mutual authentication with a first interaction device;

[0007] receiving, after the mutual authentication is completed, encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction

device, the working key being obtained by the first interaction device by mapping an authentication key used in the mutual authentication;

[0008] decrypting the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter; and

[0009] transmitting interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

[0010] Provided is a data transmission apparatus, including:

[0011] an authentication module, configured to perform mutual authentication with a first interaction device;

[0012] a receiving module, configured to receive, after the mutual authentication is completed, encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device, the working key being obtained by the first interaction device by mapping an authentication key used in the mutual authentication;

[0013] a decryption module, configured to decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by a communication adapter; and

[0014] a transmission module, configured to transmit interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

[0015] Provided is a data transmission system, including: a first interaction device, a second interaction device, and a communication adapter wirelessly connected to the first interaction device and electrically connected to the second interaction device,

[0016] the communication adapter being configured to authenticate the first interaction device;

[0017] the first interaction device being configured to authenticate the communication adapter when the communication adapter completes the authentication, and after completing the authentication of the communication adapter, encrypt interaction data using a working key obtained by mapping an authentication key used in mutual authentication to obtain encrypted interaction data;

[0018] the communication adapter being further configured to receive the encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting the interaction data using the working key and transmitted by the first interaction device;

[0019] the communication adapter being further configured to decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter;

[0020] the second interaction device being configured to identify a device node simulated by the communication adapter; and

[0021] the communication adapter being further configured to transmit the interaction data obtained through the decryption to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

[0022] A computer device is provided, including a memory and a processor, the memory storing computer-readable instructions, the processor, when executing the computer-readable instruction, implementing the following operations:

[0023] performing mutual authentication with a first interaction device;

[0024] receiving, after the mutual authentication is completed, encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device, the working key being obtained by the first interaction device by mapping an authentication key used in the mutual authentication;

[0025] decrypting the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter; and

[0026] transmitting interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

[0027] A computer-readable storage medium is provided, where the computer-readable storage medium stores computer-readable instructions, and the computer-readable instructions, when being executed by a processor, implement the following operations:

[0028] performing mutual authentication with a first interaction device;

[0029] receiving, after the mutual authentication is completed, encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device, the working key being obtained by the first interaction device by mapping an authentication key used in the mutual authentication;

[0030] decrypting the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter; and

[0031] transmitting interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

[0032] A computer-readable instruction product is provided, including computer-readable instructions, the computer-readable instructions being stored in a computer-readable storage medium. A processor of a computer device reads the computer-readable instructions from the computer-readable storage medium, and executes the computer-readable instructions, to cause the computer device to perform the operations of the data transmission method.

[0033] Details of one or more embodiments of this disclosure are provided in the accompanying drawings and descriptions below. Other features, objectives, and advantages of this disclosure become apparent from the specification, the drawings, and the claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0034] To describe the technical solutions in the embodiments of this disclosure more clearly, the following briefly introduces the accompanying drawings required for describing the embodiments. Apparently, the accompanying drawings in the following description show only some embodiments of this application, and a person of ordinary skill in the art may still derive other accompanying drawings from these accompanying drawings without creative efforts.

[0035] FIG. 1 is a diagram showing an application environment of a data transmission method according to an embodiment.

[0036] FIG. 2 is a schematic flowchart of a data transmission method according to an embodiment.

[0037] FIG. 3 is a schematic flowchart of steps of mutual authentication according to an embodiment.

[0038] FIG. 4 is a schematic flowchart of a data transmission method according to another embodiment.

[0039] FIG. 5 is a schematic flowchart of transmitting data from a second interaction device to a first interaction device according to an embodiment.

[0040] FIG. 6 is a structural block diagram of a data transmission system according to an embodiment.

[0041] FIG. 7 is a structural block diagram of a data transmission system in a face payment scenario according to an embodiment.

[0042] FIG. 8a is a schematic flowchart of key generation according to an embodiment.

[0043] FIG. 8b is a schematic flowchart of key generation and mutual authentication according to an embodiment.

[0044] FIG. 9 is a structural block diagram of a data transmission apparatus according to an embodiment.

[0045] FIG. 10 is a structural block diagram of a data transmission apparatus according to another embodiment.

[0046] FIG. 11 is an internal structure diagram of a computer device according to an embodiment.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

[0047] To make the objectives, technical solutions, and advantages of this disclosure clearer, the following further describes the solutions in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings and the embodiments. It is to be understood that the specific embodiments described herein are only used for explaining the solutions, and are not used for limiting the solutions.

[0048] A data transmission method provided in this disclosure can be applied to an application environment shown in FIG. 1. In this application environment, a communication adapter 102, a first interaction device 104 and a second interaction device 106 are included. The communication adapter 102 is wirelessly connected to the first interaction device 104. The communication adapter 102 is electrically connected to the second interaction device 106, for example, by a wired connection. The communication adapter 102 performs mutual authentication with the first interaction device 104. After completing the mutual authentication, the communication adapter 102 receives encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device 104. The working key is

obtained by mapping an authentication key by the first interaction device. The communication adapter 102 decrypts the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter; and transmits interaction data obtained through the decryption to the second interaction device 106 through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device 106 and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device 106, the communication protocol being that is natively adapted to the device node.

[0049] The communication adapter 102 may serve as a bridge between the first interaction device 104 and the second interaction device 106 to implement data exchange between the first interaction device 104 and the second interaction device 106. Specifically, the communication adapter 102 may be a Bluetooth dongle, a ZigBee adapter, a near field communication adapter, other wireless adapters, and the like. The communication adapter 102 may be an independent component, or may be a component integrated in the second interaction device 106.

[0050] The first interaction device 104 may be a scanning device, such as a device for scanning a face, a device for scanning a graphic code, and the like. The graphic code may be a barcode or a two-dimensional code, or may be other types of graphic codes that carry information.

[0051] The second interaction device 106 may be a resource transfer device, and is configured to perform an interaction operation according to interaction data during interaction with the first interaction device 102, where the interaction operation includes a resource transfer operation. In addition, a control operation may also be performed based on control data transmitted by the first interaction device and the second interaction device.

[0052] In an embodiment, as shown in FIG. 2, a data transmission method is provided. The method is, for example, applied to the communication adapter 102 in FIG. 1. The communication adapter 102 is wirelessly connected to the first interaction device 104, and electrically connected to the second interaction device 106. The method includes following steps S202 to S208.

[0053] S202. Perform mutual authentication with a first interaction device.

[0054] The mutual authentication means that the first interaction device authenticates the communication adapter, and then the communication adapter also authenticates the first interaction device, to ensure that both the communication adapter and the first interaction device are reliable devices.

[0055] In an embodiment, the communication adapter may use an authentication key to perform the mutual authentication with the first interaction device, or may use both an authentication key and a random number to perform the mutual authentication with the first

interaction device. Therefore, S202 may be performed by either of the following two authentication manners.

[0056] Manner 1. Perform mutual authentication with the first interaction device based on both an authentication key and a random number.

[0057] In an embodiment, the communication adapter receives a first challenge code transmitted by the first interaction device; decrypts the first challenge code using the authentication key to obtain a first random number, the first random number being a random number generated by the first interaction device; performs a hash operation on the first random number to obtain a first hash value; generates a second random number, and encrypts the first hash value and the second random number using the authentication key to obtain a second challenge code; transmits the second challenge code to the first interaction device. The first interaction device decrypts the second challenge code using the authentication key to obtain a first hash value, compares the first hash value with a second hash value obtained by the first interaction device by encrypting the first random number using the authentication key, and in response to the first hash value being same as the second hash value, performs a hash operation on the second random number obtained by decrypting the second challenge code, and returns the second hash value obtained by the hash operation. The communication adapter receives the second hash value returned by the first interaction device, compares the second hash value with a third hash value obtained by the communication adapter by performing a hash operation on the second random number using the authentication key, and in response to the second hash value being same as the third hash value, determines that the mutual authentication between the communication adapter and the first interaction device is complete.

[0058] The authentication key in Manner 1 may be a key generated based on a device serial number of the communication adapter, and may be used in combination with a random number to perform the mutual authentication with the first interaction device.

[0059] The first challenge code may be a challenge code obtained by the first interaction device by using the authentication key to encrypt the first random number generated by the first interaction device. The first random number may be a true random number or a pseudo random number generated by the first interaction device.

[0060] The second random number may be a true random number or a pseudo random number generated by the communication adapter. The first random number and the second random number are two different random numbers. The second challenge code is a challenge code obtained by the communication adapter by encrypting a combination of the first hash value and the second

random number with the authentication key, or by respectively encrypting the first hash value and the second random number with the authentication key and combining results of the encryption.

[0061] In the solution of this method, the first interaction device does not directly transmit the first random number, but transmits the first challenge code obtained by encrypting the first random number with the authentication key. The communication adapter does not directly transmit the second random number, but transmits the second challenge code obtained by encrypting the first hash value and the second random number with the authentication key. In this way, the accuracy in the authentication process can be improved while avoiding information leakage.

[0062] The authentication key used by the communication adapter to encrypt the second random number is generated by the communication adapter according to the device serial number of the communication adapter. The authentication key used by the first interaction device to encrypt the first random number is generated by the first interaction device according to the device serial number of the communication adapter. The authentication key generated by the first interaction device is the same as the authentication key generated by the communication adapter. The communication adapter and the first interaction device encrypt the device serial number of the communication adapter according to a serial number encryption key to obtain the authentication key.

[0063] A method for obtaining the authentication key may include following steps: receiving, by the communication adapter, a serial number obtaining request transmitted by the first interaction device; obtaining a device serial number specified in the serial number obtaining request; returning the obtained device serial number to the first interaction device, so that the first interaction device generates an authentication key on the first interaction device based on the returned device serial number; and generating an authentication key on the communication adapter according to the obtained device serial number, the authentication key on the first interaction device being same as the authentication key on the communication adapter.

[0064] The authentication key on the first interaction device is obtained by encrypting the returned device serial number using a serial number encryption key stored in the first interaction device.

[0065] In an embodiment, the step of generating an authentication key on the communication adapter according to the obtained device serial number may further include: obtaining, by the communication adapter, the serial number encryption key stored in the communication adapter; and encrypting the obtained device serial number using the serial number encryption key to obtain the authentication key on the communication adapter.

[0066] For a better understanding of the mutual authentication process, the mutual authentication process is described with reference to FIG. 3. As shown in FIG. 3, the mutual authentication includes the following steps:

[0067] S302a. The first interaction device generates a random number A.

[0068] S302b. The first interaction device encrypts the random number A with an authentication key to obtain a challenge code A.

[0069] S304a. The communication adapter generates a random number B.

[0070] S304b. The communication adapter performs a hash operation on the random number B to obtain a hash value B.

[0071] S306. The first interaction device transmits the challenge code A.

[0072] S308. After receiving the challenge code A, the communication adapter decrypts the challenge code A with the authentication key to obtain the random number A.

[0073] The authentication key used in S308 may be generated by the communication adapter based on the device serial number of the communication adapter.

[0074] S310. The communication adapter performs a hash operation on the random number A to obtain a hash value A'.

[0075] S312. The communication adapter encrypts the hash value A' and the random number B with the authentication key to obtain a challenge code B.

[0076] S314. The communication adapter transmits the challenge code B.

[0077] S316. After receiving the challenge code B, the first interaction device decrypts the challenge code B with the authentication key to obtain a hash value A' and the random number B.

[0078] The authentication key used in S316 may be generated by the first interaction device based on the device serial number of the communication adapter.

[0079] S318. The first interaction device performs a hash operation on the random number A, and compares the obtained hash value A with the hash value A'.

[0080] S320. In response to the hash value A being same as the hash value A', the first interaction device determines that the authentication of the communication adapter is complete.

[0081] S322. The first interaction device performs a hash operation on the random number B to obtain a hash value B'.

[0082] S324. The first interaction device transmits the hash value B'.

[0083] S326. The communication adapter compares the hash value B' with the hash value B.

[0084] S328. In response to the hash value B' being same as the hash value B, determine that mutual authentication between the communication adapter and the first interaction device is complete.

[0085] Manner 2. Perform mutual authentication with the first interaction device using an authentication key.

[0086] In an embodiment, the authentication key includes a first authentication key generated by the communication adapter based on its own device serial number, and a second authentication key generated by the first interaction device based on its own device serial number. The communication adapter transmits the first authentication key to the first interaction device, so that the first interaction device compares the received first authentication key with at least one authentication key stored in the first interaction device or with an authentication key stored in an authentication server. If an authentication key same as the first authentication key is found among the stored authentication keys, it indicates that the communication adapter passes the authentication, and the authentication of the communication adapter by the first interaction device is complete. In this case, the first interaction device transmits the second authentication key to the communication adapter. The communication adapter receives the second authentication key transmitted by the first interaction device, and then compares the second authentication key with an authentication key stored in the communication adapter or with an authentication key stored in an authentication server. If a match is found, it indicates that the first interaction device passes the authentication, and the authentication of the first interaction device by the communication adapter is complete. Thus, the mutual authentication is complete.

[0087] S204. Receive encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device.

[0088] The interaction data is used for interaction between the first interaction device and the second interaction device. The interaction data may be face image data, payment code data or control data. For example, when the interaction data is face image data, the first interaction device transmits encrypted face image data to the second interaction device, so that the second interaction device recognizes the face image data, compares a result of the recognition with facial features in a facial feature database to find a matching facial feature, and then returns payment information associated with the matching facial feature to the first interaction device for display, for the user to confirm a payment.

[0089] The working key is obtained by mapping the authentication key by the first interaction device, and is used to encrypt and decrypt the data to be transmitted. For example, the first interaction device encrypts the authentication key to obtain the working key, or performs a hash operation on the authentication key to obtain the working key. The authentication key used by the first interaction device may be a key generated by the first interaction device according to the device serial number of the communication adapter, for example, a key obtained by encrypting the device serial number of the communication adapter with the serial number encryption key. In addition, the authentication key used by the first interaction device may also be a key generated according to the device serial number of the communication adapter and delivered by the authentication server.

[0090] In an embodiment, both the communication adapter and the first interaction device may store the authentication key, and the authentication key is generated based on the device serial number of the communication adapter. S204 may further include: after the first interaction device obtains the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the first interaction device and encrypts the interaction data with the obtained working key to obtain the encrypted interaction data, receiving, by the communication adapter, the encrypted interaction data transmitted by the first interaction device. The authentication key stored in the first interaction device may be generated by the first interaction device according to the device serial number of the communication adapter, or may be generated according to the device serial number of the communication adapter and delivered by the authentication server. The authentication key may be generated by encrypting the device serial number of the communication adapter with the serial number encryption key.

[0091] Specifically, the first interaction device obtains the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the first interaction device, encrypts the interaction data with the obtained working key to obtain the encrypted interaction data, and then transmits the encrypted interaction data to the communication adapter, so that the communication adapter may receive the encrypted interaction data transmitted by the first interaction device.

[0092] S206. Decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter.

[0093] In an embodiment, both the communication adapter and the first interaction device may store the authentication key. S206 may further include: obtaining, by the communication adapter, the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the communication adapter, and decrypting the encrypted interaction data using the obtained working key. The authentication key stored in the communication adapter may be generated according to the device serial number of

the communication adapter, or may be generated according to the device serial number of the communication adapter and delivered by the authentication server.

[0094] S208. Transmit interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

[0095] The device node is a virtual node for the communication adapter to communicate with the second interaction device. The device node is a virtual node simulated by the communication adapter after being inserted into a hardware interface of the second interaction device, and may include a human-machine interaction keyboard node and a human-machine interaction controller node. The human-machine interaction keyboard node may be a Universal Serial Bus-Human Interface Device (USB-HID) keyboard node. The human-machine interaction controller node may be a USB-HID controller node.

[0096] The communication protocol may be a USB-HID protocol, which is a protocol for the communication adapter to connect to and communicate with the second interaction device. Since the communication protocol is natively adapted by an operating system of the second interaction device, that is, a protocol supported by the operating system by default, the communication adapter can be directly used without installing a driver when the user inserts the communication adapter into the second interaction device, thereby achieving the plug-and-play function of the communication adapter.

[0097] The communication protocol natively adapted to the device node may mean that: when the communication adapter is inserted into a corresponding hardware interface of the second interaction device, the device node is generated by using the communication protocol, so that the communication protocol is natively adapted to the device node.

[0098] In an embodiment, the communication adapter includes an HID interface chip. In a case that the communication adapter is inserted into the second interaction device, the communication adapter can simulate a device node through the HID interface chip.

[0099] In an embodiment, S208 may further include: converting, by the communication adapter, the interaction data obtained through the decryption into target interaction data complying with the communication protocol natively adapted to the device node; and transmitting the target interaction data obtained through the conversion to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device.

[0100] The interaction data obtained through the decryption may be in the form of a data packet. Specifically, the communication adapter parses the interaction data obtained through the decryption to obtain a header part and a body part, and then encapsulates the body part using the communication protocol, to obtain the target interaction data in a target format complying with the communication protocol; or, adds a corresponding header to the interaction data using the communication protocol, to obtain the target interaction data in a target format complying with the communication protocol. Then, the communication adapter transmits the target interaction data to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device.

[0101] In an embodiment, the target interaction data may be control type data or transaction type data, and correspondingly, the interaction data also is control type data or transaction type data. S208 may further include: reporting, by the communication adapter, the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction controller node in a case that the target interaction data is control type data, so that the second interaction device obtains the target interaction data through the human-machine interaction controller node; and reporting, by the communication adapter, the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction keyboard node in a case that the target interaction data is transaction type data, so that the second interaction device obtains the target interaction data through the human-machine interaction keyboard node.

[0102] Specifically, the communication adapter reads a packet header of the target interaction data, and in response to determining that the target interaction data is control type data according to an interface identifier in the packet header, selects the human-machine interaction controller node for data reporting according to the control type data, and then reports the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction controller node; or, selects the human-machine interaction controller node for data reporting according to the interface identifier in the packet header, and then reports the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction controller node. In response to determining that the target interaction data is transaction type data according to the interface identifier in the packet header, the communication adapter selects a human-machine interaction keyboard node for data reporting according to the transaction type data and then reports the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction keyboard node; or, selects the human-machine interaction keyboard node for data reporting according to the interface identifier in the packet header and then reports the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction keyboard node.

[0103] In an embodiment, in a case that the encrypted interaction data or control data received from the second interaction device is a malicious attack packet, or a received network data

packet originating from a network side terminal is a malicious attack packet, a security event is triggered. The security event may be used for disabling the communication adapter.

[0104] The security event may be an event for changing an operational status of the communication adapter.

[0105] Specifically, the communication adapter further includes a tamper-proof point. When the tamper-proof point in the communication adapter detects an attack from the first interaction device, the second interaction device, or a network side terminal, it indicates that the transmitted data is at risk of being stolen. In this case, the tamper-proof point triggers a security event to disable the communication adapter.

[0106] For a better understanding of the data transmission method, the application of the data transmission method to a face payment scenario is described. In the face payment scenario, the first interaction device may be a face scanning device configured to scan a face, the second interaction device may be a Point of Sales (POS) machine, and the communication adapter may be a Bluetooth dongle. The Bluetooth dongle is inserted into the second interaction device or integrated into the second interaction device. As shown in FIG. 4, the data transmission method may include the following steps:

[0107] S402. The face scanning device scans a user's face to obtain face image data.

[0108] S404. The face scanning device encrypts the face image data with a working key to obtain encrypted face image data.

[0109] The face scanning device includes a secure element (SE) chip, and the SE chip encrypts the face image data with the working key.

[0110] S406. The face scanning device transmits the encrypted face image data to a Bluetooth dongle by means of Bluetooth transparent transmission.

[0111] S408. The Bluetooth dongle decrypts the received encrypted face image data with the working key to obtain face image data.

[0112] The Bluetooth dongle includes a Bluetooth transparent transmission chip, an SE chip, an HID interface chip, a real-time clock (RTC) battery, and at least two tamper-proof points.

[0113] The SE chip of the Bluetooth dongle decrypts the received encrypted face image data with the working key to obtain the face image data.

[0114] S410. The Bluetooth dongle converts the face image data into face image data complying with a USB-HID protocol.

[0115] S412. The Bluetooth dongle transmits the face image data complying with the USB-HID protocol to a POS machine through an HID keyboard node.

[0116] S414. The POS machine recognizes the face image data, and obtains payment information matching a result of the recognition, for the user to confirm a payment.

[0117] The payment information may include a payment account associated with the user. The payment information may be transmitted by the POS machine to the face scanning device through the Bluetooth dongle, so that a display of the face scanning device displays the payment information, for the user to confirm the payment.

[0118] In the above embodiment, before data transmission is performed, the communication adapter performs the mutual authentication between the communication adapter and the first interaction device, so as to ensure that the two devices involved in the data transmission are both reliable, avoiding an information security problem caused by the transmission of data to an unauthenticated device. After the mutual authentication is completed, the communication adapter starts to receive the encrypted interaction data transmitted by the first interaction device, where the encrypted interaction data is obtained by encrypting the interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key used in the mutual authentication, thereby effectively ensuring the security of interaction data during transmission. In addition, the communication adapter decrypts the encrypted interaction data through the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key stored in the communication adapter, and transmits the interaction data obtained through the decryption to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using the communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node, thereby avoiding the process of data encryption and decryption on the first interaction device and the second interaction device, eliminating the need for software adaptation on the two different devices, improving the universality of software, and improving the interaction effect between the first interaction device and the second interaction device. Moreover, because the device node simulated by the communication adapter is identifiable by the second interaction device, and the adopted communication protocol is natively adapted by the second interaction device, a compatibility between the communication adapter and the second interaction device can be achieved without installing a driver when the communication adapter is electrically connected to the second interaction device, thereby achieving a plug-and-play effect of the communication adapter, avoiding the preparation work before data transmission, and improving the overall operational efficiency of data transmission.

[0119] In an embodiment, as shown in FIG. 5, the method may further include the following steps S502 to S508.

[0120] S502. Receive, through the human-machine interaction controller node, control data transmitted by the second interaction device.

[0121] The human-machine interaction controller node is a device node simulated after the communication adapter is inserted into the second interaction device. The human-machine interaction controller node is identifiable by the second interaction device, and the control data may be transmitted to this node, so that the second interaction device and the communication adapter obtain the transmitted control data from this node.

[0122] S504. Convert the control data into serial port control data.

[0123] S506. Encrypt the serial port control data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter to obtain encrypted control data.

[0124] The SE chip on the communication adapter may map the authentication key to obtain the working key, then encrypt the serial port control data with the working key, and transmit the obtained encrypted control data to a wireless unit on the communication adapter. The wireless unit may include a Bluetooth transparent transmission chip or other wireless chips.

[0125] S508. Transmit the encrypted control data to the first interaction device, the encrypted control data being used for instructing the first interaction device to decrypt the encrypted control data with a working key obtained by mapping the authentication key, and perform a control operation according to the control data obtained through the decryption.

[0126] The communication adapter may transmit the encrypted control data to the first interaction device through the wireless unit. For example, the communication adapter transmits the encrypted control data to the first interaction device through the Bluetooth transparent transmission chip by means of Bluetooth transparent transmission.

[0127] In the above embodiment, the control data from the second interaction device is encrypted with the working key, and then the encrypted control data obtained by the encryption is transmitted to the first interaction device. The first interaction device decrypts the encrypted control data with the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key. Since the working key is obtained by mapping the authentication key, the security of the interaction data during transmission can be effectively ensured.

[0128] In an embodiment, as shown in FIG. 6, a data transmission system is provided. The system includes: a first interaction device 602, a second interaction device 604, and a

communication adapter 606 wirelessly connected to the first interaction device and electrically connected to the second interaction device.

[0129] The communication adapter 606 is configured to authenticate the first interaction device 602.

[0130] The first interaction device 602 is configured to authenticate the communication adapter 606 after the communication adapter 606 completes the authentication, and after completing the authentication of the communication adapter, encrypt interaction data using a working key obtained by mapping an authentication key used in mutual authentication to obtain encrypted interaction data.

[0131] The communication adapter 606 is further configured to receive the encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting the interaction data using the working key and transmitted by the first interaction device 602.

[0132] The communication adapter 606 may receive, through a wireless unit, the encrypted interaction data transmitted by the first interaction device 602.

[0133] The communication adapter 606 is further configured to decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter 606.

[0134] The communication adapter 606 may decrypt the encrypted interaction data through an SE chip. Specifically, after mapping the authentication key to obtain the working key, the SE chip in the communication adapter 606 decrypts the encrypted interaction data with the working key.

[0135] The second interaction device 604 is configured to identify a device node simulated by the communication adapter 606.

[0136] The communication adapter 606 is further configured to transmit interaction data obtained through the decryption to the second interaction device 604 through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device 604 and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device 604, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

[0137] The communication adapter 606 may simulate a virtual device node through the HID interface chip. The SE chip transmits the interaction data obtained through the decryption to the HID interface chip through a serial port. Then the HID interface chip converts the interaction data

into target interaction data complying with the communication protocol, and then transmits the target interaction data to the second interaction device 604 through the device node.

[0138] In an embodiment, the communication adapter 606 is further configured to receive a first challenge code transmitted by the first interaction device 602; decrypt the first challenge code using the authentication key to obtain a first random number, the first random number being a random number generated by the first interaction device 602; generate a second random number, and perform a hash operation on the first random number to obtain a first hash value; encrypt the first hash value and the second random number using the authentication key to obtain a second challenge code; and transmit the second challenge code to the first interaction device 602.

[0139] The first interaction device 602 is further configured to decrypt the received second challenge code using the authentication key to obtain a first hash value, compare the first hash value with a second hash value obtained by the first interaction device 602 by encrypting the first random number using the authentication key, and in response to the first hash value being same as the second hash value, perform a hash operation on a second random number obtained by decrypting the second challenge code, and return a second hash value obtained by the hash operation.

[0140] The communication adapter 606 is further configured to receive the second hash value returned by the first interaction device 602, compare the second hash value with a third hash value obtained by the communication adapter 606 performing a hash operation on the second random number using the authentication key, and in response to the second hash value being same as the third hash value, determine that the mutual authentication between the communication adapter 606 and the first interaction device 602 is complete.

[0141] The above encryption and decryption operations and the subsequent encryption and decryption operations may be executed by the SE chip of the first interaction device 106 or the SE chip of the communication adapter 606. For example, the SE chip of the communication adapter 606 decrypts the first challenge code using the authentication key to obtain the first random number.

[0142] In an embodiment, the communication adapter 606 is further configured to receive a serial number obtaining request transmitted by the first interaction device 602; obtain a device serial number specified in the serial number obtaining request; and return the obtained device serial number to the first interaction device 602.

[0143] The first interaction device 602 is further configured to generate an authentication key on the first interaction device 602 based on the returned device serial number.

[0144] The communication adapter 606 is further configured to generate an authentication key on the communication adapter 606 according to the obtained device serial number, the authentication key on the first interaction device 602 being same as the authentication key on the communication adapter 606.

[0145] In an embodiment, the authentication key on the first interaction device 602 is obtained by encrypting the returned device serial number using a serial number encryption key stored in the first interaction device 602.

[0146] The communication adapter 606 is further configured to obtain the serial number encryption key stored in the communication adapter 606; and encrypt the obtained device serial number using the serial number encryption key to obtain the authentication key on the communication adapter 606.

[0147] In an embodiment, both the communication adapter 606 and the first interaction device 602 store the authentication key, and the authentication key is generated based on a device serial number of the communication adapter 606.

[0148] The communication adapter 606 is further configured to, after the first interaction device 602 obtains the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the first interaction device 602 and encrypts the interaction data with the obtained working key to obtain the encrypted interaction data, receive the encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting the interaction data and transmitted by the first interaction device 602; and obtain the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the communication adapter 606, and decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the obtained working key.

[0149] In an embodiment, the communication adapter 606 is further configured to convert the interaction data obtained through the decryption into target interaction data complying with the communication protocol natively adapted to the device node; and transmit the target interaction data obtained through the conversion to the second interaction device 604 through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device 604.

[0150] In an embodiment, the device node includes a human-machine interaction keyboard node and a human-machine interaction controller node; and the communication adapter 606 is further configured to: report the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction controller node in a case that the target interaction data is control type data, so that the second interaction device 604 obtains the target interaction data through the human-machine interaction controller node; and report the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction keyboard node in a

case that the target interaction data is transaction type data, so that the second interaction device 604 obtains the target interaction data through the human-machine interaction keyboard node.

[0151] In an embodiment, the communication adapter 606 is further configured to trigger a security event, in a case that the encrypted interaction data or control data received from the second interaction device 604 is a malicious attack packet, or a received network data packet originating from a network side terminal is a malicious attack packet, the security event being used for disabling the communication adapter 606.

[0152] In response to determining a malicious attack, a tamper-proof point in the communication adapter 606 triggers the security event to disable the communication adapter 606.

[0153] In the above embodiment, before data transmission is performed, the communication adapter performs the mutual authentication between the communication adapter and the first interaction device, so as to ensure that the two devices involved in the data transmission are both reliable, avoiding an information security problem caused by the transmission of data to an unauthenticated device. After the mutual authentication is completed, the communication adapter starts to receive the encrypted interaction data transmitted by the first interaction device, where the encrypted interaction data is obtained by encrypting the interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key used in the mutual authentication, thereby effectively ensuring the security of interaction data during transmission. In addition, the communication adapter decrypts the encrypted interaction data through the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key stored in the communication adapter, and transmits the interaction data obtained through the decryption to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using the communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node, thereby avoiding the process of data encryption and decryption on the first interaction device and the second interaction device, eliminating the need for software adaptation on the two different devices, improving the universality of software, and improving the interaction effect between the first interaction device and the second interaction device. Moreover, because the device node simulated by the communication adapter is identifiable by the second interaction device, and the adopted communication protocol is natively adapted by the second interaction device, a compatibility between the communication adapter and the second interaction device can be achieved without installing a driver when the communication adapter is electrically connected to the second interaction device, thereby achieving a plug-and-play effect of the communication adapter, avoiding the preparation work before data transmission, and improving the overall operational efficiency of data transmission.

[0154] In an embodiment, the device node includes a human-machine interaction controller node.

[0155] The communication adapter 606 is further configured to: receive, through the human-machine interaction controller node, control data transmitted by the second interaction device 604; convert the control data into serial port control data; encrypt the serial port control data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key stored on the communication adapter 606 to obtain encrypted control data; and transmit the encrypted control data to the first interaction device 602.

[0156] The first interaction device 602 is further configured to decrypt the encrypted control data with a working key obtained by mapping the authentication key, and perform a control operation according to the control data obtained through the decryption.

[0157] In the above embodiment, the control data from the second interaction device is encrypted with the working key, and then the encrypted control data obtained by the encryption is transmitted to the first interaction device. The first interaction device decrypts the encrypted control data with the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key. Since the working key is obtained by mapping the authentication key, the security of the interaction data during transmission can be effectively ensured.

[0158] When the data transmission system is applied to a face payment scenario, as shown in FIG. 7, the data transmission system includes a face scanning device, a Bluetooth dongle and a POS machine.

[0159] A) The face scanning device includes an SE chip, which may be configured to manage keys, and encrypt and decrypt data transparently transmitted by Bluetooth. In addition, the face scanning device further has a Bluetooth function, and can support Blue 4.0 and above.

[0160] B) The Bluetooth dongle includes a Bluetooth transparent transmission chip, an SE chip, an HID interface chip, a tamper-proof point, and the like.

[0161] The HID interface chip is communication chip from a serial port to a USB HID interface.

[0162] C) The POS machine is a cashier POS host on a merchant side.

[0163] Next, the components included in the Bluetooth dongle are explained in detail.

[0164] 1) Bluetooth transparent transmission chip

[0165] The Bluetooth transparent transmission chip can perform bidirectional data transmission as follows:

[0166] a. Serial data transmitted from the POS machine and encrypted by the SE chip is transmitted to the face scanning device through the Bluetooth transparent transmission chip.

[0167] b. Encrypted data transmitted from the face scanning device through the Bluetooth transparent transmission chip is decrypted by the SE chip, and data obtained through the decryption is transmitted to the POS machine.

[0168] 2) HID interface chip

[0169] After the HID interface chip is inserted into the POS machine, two HID device nodes may be simulated on the POS machine. The device nodes include an HID keyboard node and an HID controller node. The HID interface chip may convert data conforming to a transmission format of the HID interface chip into data complying with the USB HID protocol standard, and then transmit the converted data to the POS machine through the simulated device node.

[0170] Systems such as Windows, Android, and Linux all support the USB HID protocol by default, so that the POS machine side is not required to update a driver, achieving the plug-and-play effect.

[0171] 3) SE chip

[0172] A security area of the SE chip stores keys of the Bluetooth dongle, such as an authentication key and a working key. The following functions can be performed by the SE chip:

[0173] a. mutual authentication with the face scanning device; and

[0174] b. encryption of the data transparently transmitted by Bluetooth.

[0175] 4) Tamper-proof point

[0176] After data is decrypted by the SE chip, data obtained through the decryption is transmitted to the HID interface chip through a serial port. If a PCB is directly exposed, the data is at risk of being stolen. Therefore, a tamper-proof point is configured on the Bluetooth dongle. When there is an external attack, the tamper-proof point can trigger a security event to disable the Bluetooth dongle device.

[0177] With the above system, the following methods can be performed: generation of an authentication key, mutual authentication between the Bluetooth dongle and the face scanning device, as well as data encryption and transmission.

[0178] (I) Generation of authentication key

[0179] As shown in FIG. 8a and FIG. 8b, the process of generating the authentication key may include the following steps:

[0180] 1) Obtain a device serial number of the Bluetooth dongle.

[0181] 2) Encrypt the device serial number with a main key KEY_Main, and use a result of the encryption as the authentication key. The encryption process is as follows:

[0182] $KEY_Auth = \text{Encrypt}(KEY_Main, SN)$.

[0183] In the data transmission process, a static or dynamically changing working key may be generated using the authentication key, and the data to be transmitted may be encrypted and decrypted with the working key.

[0184] (II) Mutual authentication between the face scanning device and the Bluetooth dongle

[0185] As shown in FIG. 8b, the process of the mutual authentication may include the following steps:

[0186] 1) The face scanning device requests the Bluetooth dongle for the device serial number of the Bluetooth dongle.

[0187] 2) The face scanning device generates an authentication key KEY_Auth according to the device serial number of the Bluetooth dongle.

[0188] 3) The face scanning device generates a true random number TRNG_A locally, and performs a hash operation on the TRNG_A to generate a corresponding hash value $HASH_A = \text{Hash}(TRNG_A)$.

[0189] 4) The face scanning device encrypts the true random number TRNG_A with the authentication key locally to generate a challenge code CODE_A.

[0190] $CODE_A = \text{Encrypt}(KEY_Auth, TRNG_A)$.

[0191] 5) The face scanning device transmits the challenge code CODE_A to the Bluetooth dongle through Bluetooth transparent transmission.

[0192] 6) The Bluetooth dongle decrypts CODE_A with the authentication key, and performs a hash operation on the true random number TRNG_A obtained through the decryption to obtain HASH_A1.

[0193] 7) The Bluetooth dongle generates a true random number TRNG_B locally.

- [0194] 8) The Bluetooth dongle encrypts HASH_A1 and TRNG_B with the authentication key to obtain a challenge code CODE_B.
- [0195] $CODE_B = \text{Encrypt}(\text{KEY_Auth}, \text{HASH_A1}, \text{TRNG_B})$.
- [0196] 9) The Bluetooth dongle transmits the challenge code CODE_B to the face scanning device through Bluetooth transparent transmission.
- [0197] 10) The face scanning device decrypts CODE_B with the authentication key to obtain HASH_A1 and TRNG_B.
- [0198] 11) The face scanning device compares HASH_A generated by itself with the HASH_A1 generated by the Bluetooth dongle. When a result of the comparison indicates that HASH_A matches HASH_A1, it is determined that the Bluetooth dongle passes the authentication performed by the face scanning device. Otherwise, it is determined that the authentication fails and the process is ended.
- [0199] 12) The face scanning device performs a hash operation on the true random number TRNG_B of the Bluetooth dongle to obtain HASH_B1.
- [0200] 13) The face scanning device encrypts HASH_B1 with the authentication key, and transmits the encrypted HASH_B1 to the Bluetooth dongle through Bluetooth transparent transmission.
- [0201] 14) The Bluetooth dongle decrypts the encrypted HASH_B1 with the authentication key to obtain HASH_B1.
- [0202] 15) The Bluetooth dongle compares HASH_B generated by itself with the HASH_B1 generated by the face scanning device. If a result of the comparison indicates that HASH_B matches HASH_B1, it is determined that the face scanning device passes the authentication performed by the Bluetooth dongle. Otherwise, it is determined that the authentication fails and the process is ended.
- [0203] (III) After the mutual authentication is completed, the face scanning device and the Bluetooth dongle are paired according to a Bluetooth standard protocol, and establish a data communication link.
- [0204] (IV) Data encryption and transmission
- [0205] 1) After a Bluetooth transmission channel is established between the face scanning device and the Bluetooth dongle, a working key is generated according to the authentication key.

[0206] 2) In bidirectional data transmission, the SE chip may use the working key to encrypt and decrypt the data, to realize the encryption and decryption of the data transparently transmitted by Bluetooth.

[0207] The transmission processes of data of different types or services are similar, but with some differences, which are described as follows.

[0208] (1) Transmission of payment code data

[0209] A) The face scanning device generates a payment code.

[0210] B) The SE chip of the face scanning device encrypts payment code data with the authentication key.

[0211] C) Transmit the encrypted payment code data to the Bluetooth transparent transmission chip on the Bluetooth dongle by Bluetooth transparent transmission.

[0212] D) After receiving the encrypted payment code data, the Bluetooth transparent transmission chip on the Bluetooth dongle transmits the encrypted payment code data to the SE chip on the Bluetooth dongle through a serial port.

[0213] E) The SE chip decrypts the payment code data with the authentication key.

[0214] F) The SE chip transmits the decrypted payment code data to the HID interface chip through a serial port.

[0215] G) The HID interface chip converts the received payment code data into payment code data complying with the HID protocol, and then reports the converted data to the HID keyboard node.

[0216] H) The POS machine obtains the payment code data through the HID keyboard node, and then provides the payment code data for calling by an application layer.

[0217] (2) Transmission of control data

[0218] Bidirectional communication of control data may be performed in the data transmission system.

[0219] The process of transmitting control data by the face scanning device is similar to the process of transmitting payment code data. The main difference lies in the corresponding device nodes of the POS machine, where the control data is transmitted to the HID controller node, and the payment code data is transmitted to the HID keyboard node. Next, the process of transmitting control data from the POS machine to the face scanning device is mainly described.

[0220] A) An application layer Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system in the POS machine delivers the control data to the HID controller node.

[0221] B) A driver layer transmits the control data received by the controller node to a corresponding hardware device CH9329 through a USB interface.

[0222] C) CH9329 converts the control data received by the USB interface into serial control data and transmits the converted data to the SE chip on the dongle.

[0223] D) The SE chip encrypts the control data with an authenticated key, and transmits the encrypted control data to the Bluetooth transparent transmission chip through a serial port.

[0224] E) The Bluetooth transparent transmission chip CH9141 transparently transmits the received ciphertext to the face scanning device through Bluetooth.

[0225] F) The face scanning device transmits the control data received through Bluetooth to the SE chip inside the face scanning device.

[0226] G) The SE chip decrypts the control data with an authenticated key.

[0227] H) Provide the decrypted control data for calling by the application layer.

[0228] The solution of the above embodiment has the following beneficial effects.

[0229] First, the wireless transmission has the advantages of low costs, driver-free and bidirectional communication.

[0230] Secondly, the encryption and decryption of the data transmitted by Bluetooth improves the security of data transmission.

[0231] It is to be understood that although the steps of the flowcharts in FIG. 2 to FIG. 4 are shown sequentially according to arrows, the steps are not necessarily performed in the orders indicated by arrows. Unless otherwise explicitly specified in this application, execution of the steps is not strictly limited, and the steps may be performed in other sequences. In addition, at least some steps in FIG. 2 to FIG. 4 may include a plurality of steps or a plurality of stages. The steps or the stages are not necessarily performed at the same moment, and instead may be performed at different moments. The steps or the stages are not necessarily performed sequentially, and instead may be performed in turn or alternately with another step or at least some of steps or stages of another step.

[0232] In an embodiment, as shown in FIG. 9, a data transmission apparatus is provided. The apparatus may be embodied as a part of a computer device in the form of software modules, hardware modules, or a combination thereof. The apparatus includes: an authentication module 902, a receiving module 904, a decryption module 906 and a transmission module 908.

[0233] The authentication module 902 is configured to perform mutual authentication with a first interaction device.

[0234] The receiving module 904 is configured to receive, after the mutual authentication is completed, encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device, the working key being obtained by the first interaction device by mapping an authentication key used in the mutual authentication.

[0235] The decryption module 906 is configured to decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter.

[0236] The transmission module 908 is configured to transmit interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

[0237] In an embodiment, the authentication module 902 is further configured to receive a first challenge code transmitted by the first interaction device; decrypt the first challenge code using the authentication key to obtain a first random number, the first random number being a random number generated by the first interaction device; generate a second random number, and perform a hash operation on the first random number to obtain a first hash value; encrypt the first hash value and the second random number using the authentication key to obtain a second challenge code; and transmit the second challenge code to the first interaction device, where the first interaction device decrypts the second challenge code using the authentication key to obtain the first hash value, compares the first hash value with a second hash value obtained by the first interaction device by encrypting the first random number using the authentication key, and in response to the first hash value being same as the second hash value, performs a hash operation on the second random number obtained by decrypting the second challenge code, and returns a second hash value obtained by the hash operation; and receive the second hash value returned by the first interaction device, compare the second hash value with a third hash value obtained by the communication adapter by performing a hash operation on the second random number using the authentication key, and in response to the second hash value being same as the third hash value, determine that the mutual authentication between the communication adapter and the first interaction device is complete.

[0238] In an embodiment, as shown in FIG. 10, the apparatus further includes:

[0239] the receiving module 904 being further configured to receive a serial number obtaining request transmitted by the first interaction device,

[0240] an obtaining module 910, configured to obtain a device serial number specified in the serial number obtaining request;

[0241] the transmission module 908 being further configured to return the obtained device serial number to the first interaction device, where the first interaction device generates an authentication key on the first interaction device based on the returned device serial number; and

[0242] a generation module 912, configured to generate an authentication key on the communication adapter according to the obtained device serial number, the authentication key on the first interaction device being same as the authentication key on the communication adapter.

[0243] In an embodiment, the authentication key on the first interaction device is obtained by encrypting the returned device serial number using a serial number encryption key stored in the first interaction device.

[0244] The generation module 912 is further configured to obtain the serial number encryption key stored in the communication adapter; and encrypt the obtained device serial number using the serial number encryption key to obtain the authentication key on the communication adapter.

[0245] In an embodiment, both the communication adapter and the first interaction device store the authentication key; the authentication key is generated based on a device serial number of the communication adapter;

[0246] the receiving module 904 is further configured to, after the first interaction device obtains the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the first interaction device and encrypts the interaction data with the obtained working key to obtain the encrypted interaction data, receive the encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting the interaction data and transmitted by the first interaction device; and

[0247] the decryption module 906 is further configured to obtain the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the communication adapter, and decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the obtained working key.

[0248] In an embodiment, the transmission module 908 is further configured to convert the interaction data obtained through the decryption into target interaction data complying with the communication protocol natively adapted to the device node; and transmit the target interaction data obtained through the conversion to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device.

[0249] In an embodiment, the device node includes a human-machine interaction keyboard node and a human-machine interaction controller node; and

[0250] the transmission module 908 is further configured to: report the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction controller node in a case that the target interaction data is control type data, to transmit the target interaction data to the second interaction device through the human-machine interaction controller node; and report the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction keyboard node in a case that the target interaction data is transaction type data, to transmit the target interaction data to the second interaction device through the human-machine interaction keyboard node.

[0251] In an embodiment, as shown in FIG. 10, the apparatus further includes:

[0252] a triggering module 914, configured to trigger a security event, in a case that the encrypted interaction data or control data received from the second interaction device is a malicious attack packet, or a received network data packet originating from a network side terminal is a malicious attack packet, the security event being used for disabling the communication adapter.

[0253] In the above embodiment, before data transmission is performed, the mutual authentication between the communication adapter and the first interaction device is performed, so as to ensure that the two devices involved in the data transmission are both reliable, avoiding an information security problem caused by the transmission of data to an unauthenticated device. After the mutual authentication is completed, the communication adapter starts to receive the encrypted interaction data transmitted by the first interaction device, where the encrypted interaction data is obtained by encrypting the interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key used in the mutual authentication, thereby effectively ensuring the security of interaction data during transmission. In addition, the communication adapter decrypts the encrypted interaction data through the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key stored in the communication adapter, and transmits the interaction data obtained through the decryption to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using the communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node, thereby avoiding the process of data encryption and decryption on the first interaction device and the second interaction device, eliminating the need for software adaptation on the two different devices, improving the universality of software, and improving the interaction effect between the first interaction device and the second interaction device. Moreover, because the device node simulated by the communication adapter is identifiable by the second interaction device, and the adopted communication protocol is natively adapted by

the second interaction device, a compatibility between the communication adapter and the second interaction device can be achieved without installing a driver when the communication adapter is electrically connected to the second interaction device, thereby achieving a plug-and-play effect of the communication adapter, avoiding the preparation work before data transmission, and improving the overall operational efficiency of data transmission.

[0254] In an embodiment, the device node includes a human-machine interaction controller node; and as shown in FIG. 10, the apparatus further includes:

[0255] the receiving module 904 being further configured to receive, through the human-machine interaction controller node, control data transmitted by the second interaction device;

[0256] a conversion module 916, configured to convert the control data into serial port control data;

[0257] an encryption module 918, configured to encrypt the serial port control data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter to obtain encrypted control data; and

[0258] the transmission module 908 being further configured to transmit the encrypted control data to the first interaction device, the encrypted control data being used for instructing the first interaction device to decrypt the encrypted control data with a working key obtained by mapping the authentication key, and perform a control operation according to the control data obtained through the decryption.

[0259] In the above embodiment, the control data from the second interaction device is encrypted with the working key, and then the encrypted control data obtained by the encryption is transmitted to the first interaction device. The first interaction device decrypts the encrypted control data with the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key. Since the working key is obtained by mapping the authentication key, the security of the interaction data during transmission can be effectively ensured.

[0260] For a specific limitation on the data transmission apparatus, reference may be made to the limitation on the data transmission method above. Details are not described herein again. The modules in the foregoing data transmission apparatus may be implemented entirely or partially by software, hardware, or a combination thereof. The foregoing modules may be built in or independent of a processor of a computer device in a hardware form, or may be stored in a memory

of the computer device in a software form, so that the processor invokes and performs an operation corresponding to each of the foregoing modules.

[0261] In an embodiment, a computer device is provided. The computer device may be a Bluetooth dongle, and an internal structure diagram thereof may be shown in FIG. 11. The computer device includes a processor, a memory, and a network interface that are connected by using a system bus. The processor of the computer device is configured to provide computing and control capabilities. The memory of the computer device includes a non-volatile storage medium and an internal memory. The non-volatile storage medium stores an operating system, computer-readable instructions, and a database. The internal memory provides an environment for running of the operating system and the computer-readable instructions in the non-volatile storage medium. The database of the computer device is configured to store interaction data, an authentication key, a working key, and the like. The network interface of the computer device is configured to communicate with an external terminal through a network connection. The computer-readable instructions are executed by the processor to implement a data transmission method.

[0262] A person skilled in the art may understand that, the structure shown in FIG. 11 is only a block diagram of a part of a structure correlated to a solution of this disclosure and does not limit the computer device to which the solution of this disclosure is applied. Specifically, the computer device may include more or fewer members than those in the drawings, or include a combination of some members, or include different member layouts.

[0263] In an embodiment, a computer device is provided, including a memory and a processor, the memory storing computer-readable instructions, the processor, when executing the computer-readable instructions, implementing the steps in the foregoing method embodiments.

[0264] In an embodiment, a computer-readable storage medium is provided, storing computer-readable instructions, the computer-readable instructions, when executed by a processor, implementing the steps in the foregoing method embodiments.

[0265] In an embodiment, a computer program product is provided. The computer program product includes computer instructions, and the computer instructions are stored in a computer-readable storage medium. The processor of the computer device reads the computer instructions from the computer-readable storage medium, and executes the computer instructions, to cause the computer device to perform the steps in the method embodiments.

[0266] A person of ordinary skill in the art may understand that all or some of the procedures of the methods of the foregoing embodiments may be implemented by

computer-readable instructions instructing relevant hardware. The computer-readable instructions may be stored in a non-volatile computer-readable storage medium. When the computer-readable instructions are executed, the procedures of the embodiments of the foregoing methods may be included. Any reference to a memory, a storage, a database, or another medium used in the embodiments provided in this disclosure may include at least one of a non-volatile memory and a volatile memory. The non-volatile memory may include a read-only memory (ROM), a magnetic tape, a floppy disk, a flash memory, an optical memory, and the like. The volatile memory may include a random access memory (RAM) or an external cache. For the purpose of description instead of limitation, the RAM is available in a plurality of forms, such as a static RAM (SRAM) or a dynamic RAM (DRAM).

[0267] Technical features of the foregoing embodiments may be randomly combined. To make description concise, not all possible combinations of the technical features in the foregoing embodiments are described. However, the combinations of these technical features shall be considered as falling within the scope recorded by this specification provided that no conflict exists.

[0268] The foregoing embodiments only describe several implementations of this application, which are described specifically and in detail, but cannot be construed as a limitation to the patent scope of this application. For a person of ordinary skill in the art, several transformations and improvements can be made without departing from the idea of this application. These transformations and improvements fall within the protection scope of this application. Therefore, the protection scope of the patent shall be subject to the appended claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A data transmission method, executed by a communication adapter, and the method comprising:

performing mutual authentication with a first interaction device;

receiving, after the mutual authentication is completed, encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device, the working key being obtained by the first interaction device by mapping an authentication key used in the mutual authentication;

decrypting the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter; and

transmitting interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the performing mutual authentication with a first interaction device comprises:

receiving a first challenge code transmitted by the first interaction device;

decrypting the first challenge code using the authentication key to obtain a first random number, the first random number being a random number generated by the first interaction device;

performing a hash operation on the first random number to obtain a first hash value;

generating a second random number, and encrypting the first hash value and the second random number using the authentication key to obtain a second challenge code;

transmitting the second challenge code to the first interaction device, wherein the first interaction device decrypts the second challenge code using the authentication key to obtain the first hash value, compares the first hash value with a second hash value obtained by the first interaction device by encrypting the first random number using the authentication key, and in response to the first hash value being same as the second hash value, performs a hash operation on the second random number obtained by decrypting the second challenge code, and returns a second hash value obtained by the hash operation; and

receiving the second hash value returned by the first interaction device, comparing the second

hash value with a third hash value obtained by the communication adapter by performing a hash operation on the second random number using the authentication key, and in response to the second hash value being same as the third hash value, determining that the mutual authentication between the communication adapter and the first interaction device is complete.

3. The method according to claim 2, further comprising:

receiving a serial number obtaining request transmitted by the first interaction device;

obtaining a device serial number specified in the serial number obtaining request;

returning the obtained device serial number to the first interaction device, wherein the first interaction device generates an authentication key on the first interaction device based on the returned device serial number; and

generating an authentication key on the communication adapter according to the obtained device serial number, the authentication key on the first interaction device being same as the authentication key on the communication adapter.

4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the authentication key on the first interaction device is obtained by encrypting the returned device serial number using a serial number encryption key stored in the first interaction device; and

the generating an authentication key on the communication adapter according to the obtained device serial number comprises:

obtaining the serial number encryption key stored in the communication adapter; and

encrypting the obtained device serial number using the serial number encryption key to obtain the authentication key on the communication adapter.

5. The method according to claim 2, wherein both the communication adapter and the first interaction device store the authentication key; the authentication key is generated based on a device serial number of the communication adapter; the receiving encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device comprises:

after the first interaction device obtains the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the first interaction device and encrypts the interaction data with the obtained working key to obtain the encrypted interaction data, receiving the encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting the interaction data and transmitted by the first interaction device; and

the decrypting the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the

authentication key by the communication adapter comprises:

obtaining the working key by mapping the authentication key stored in the communication adapter, and decrypting the encrypted interaction data using the obtained working key.

6. The method according to claim 1, wherein the transmitting interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node comprises:

converting the interaction data obtained through the decryption into target interaction data complying with the communication protocol natively adapted to the device node; and

transmitting the target interaction data obtained through the conversion to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device.

7. The method according to claim 6, wherein the device node comprises a human-machine interaction keyboard node and a human-machine interaction controller node; and the transmitting the target interaction data obtained through the conversion to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device comprises:

reporting the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction controller node in a case that the target interaction data is control type data, to transmit the target interaction data to the second interaction device through the human-machine interaction controller node; and

reporting the target interaction data to the human-machine interaction keyboard node in a case that the target interaction data is transaction type data, to transmit the target interaction data to the second interaction device through the human-machine interaction keyboard node.

8. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the device node comprises a human-machine interaction controller node; and the method further comprises:

receiving, through the human-machine interaction controller node, control data transmitted by the second interaction device;

converting the control data into serial port control data;

encrypting the serial port control data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter to obtain encrypted control data; and

transmitting the encrypted control data to the first interaction device, the encrypted control data being used for instructing the first interaction device to decrypt the encrypted control data with a working key obtained by mapping the authentication key, and perform a control operation

according to the control data obtained through the decryption.

9. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the method further comprises:

in a case that the encrypted interaction data or control data received from the second interaction device is a malicious attack packet, or a received network data packet originating from a network side terminal is a malicious attack packet,

triggering a security event, the security event being used for disabling the communication adapter.

10. A data transmission apparatus, comprising:

an authentication module, configured to perform mutual authentication with a first interaction device;

a receiving module, configured to receive, after the mutual authentication is completed, encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting interaction data using a working key and transmitted by the first interaction device, the working key being obtained by the first interaction device by mapping an authentication key used in the mutual authentication;

a decryption module, configured to decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by a communication adapter; and

a transmission module, configured to transmit interaction data obtained through the decryption to a second interaction device, through a simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being natively adapted to the device node.

11. A data transmission system, comprising: a first interaction device, a second interaction device, and a communication adapter wirelessly connected to the first interaction device and electrically connected to the second interaction device,

the communication adapter being configured to authenticate the first interaction device;

the first interaction device being configured to authenticate the communication adapter when the communication adapter completes the authentication, and after completing the authentication of the communication adapter, encrypt interaction data using a working key obtained by mapping an authentication key used in mutual authentication to obtain encrypted interaction data;

the communication adapter being further configured to receive the encrypted interaction data obtained by encrypting the interaction data using the working key and transmitted by the first interaction device;

the communication adapter being further configured to decrypt the encrypted interaction data using the working key obtained by mapping the authentication key by the communication adapter;

the second interaction device being configured to identify a device node simulated by the communication adapter; and

the communication adapter being further configured to transmit the interaction data obtained through the decryption to the second interaction device through the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device and using a communication protocol of the second interaction device, the communication protocol being adapted to the device node.

12. The system according to claim 11, wherein

the communication adapter is further configured to receive a first challenge code transmitted by the first interaction device; decrypt the first challenge code using the authentication key to obtain a first random number, the first random number being a random number generated by the first interaction device; perform a hash operation on the first random number to obtain a first hash value; generate a second random number, and encrypt the first hash value and the second random number using the authentication key to obtain a second challenge code; and transmit the second challenge code to the first interaction device;

the first interaction device is further configured to decrypt the received second challenge code using the authentication key to obtain the first hash value, compare the first hash value with a second hash value obtained by the first interaction device by encrypting the first random number using the authentication key, and in response to the first hash value being same as the second hash value, perform a hash operation on the second random number obtained by decrypting the second challenge code, and return a second hash value obtained by the hash operation; and

the communication adapter is further configured to receive the second hash value returned by the first interaction device, compare the second hash value with a third hash value obtained by the communication adapter by performing a hash operation on the second random number using the authentication key, and in response to the second hash value being same as the third hash value, determine that the mutual authentication between the communication adapter and the first interaction device is complete.

13. The system according to claim 11, wherein the communication adapter is further configured to convert the interaction data obtained through the decryption into target interaction data complying with the communication protocol natively adapted to the device node; and transmit the target interaction data obtained through the conversion to the second interaction device through

the simulated device node identifiable by the second interaction device.

14. A computer device, comprising a memory and a processor, the memory storing computer-readable instructions, the computer-readable instructions, when executed by the processor, implementing the operations of the method according to any one of claims 1 to 9.

15. A computer-readable storage medium, storing computer-readable instructions, the computer-readable instructions, when executed by a processor, implementing the operations of the method according to any one of claims 1 to 9.