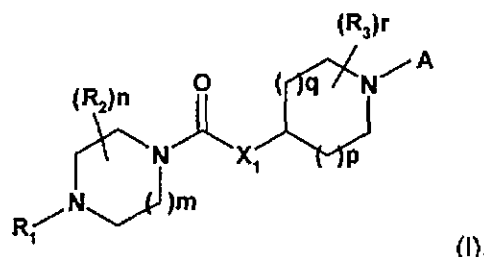


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Claims:

1. A compound of the formula I



5 or a salt thereof, wherein

R_1 is C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkinyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, C_{5-6} cycloalkenyl or C_{3-6} cycloalkyl- C_{1-4} alkyl; wherein said C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkinyl or C_{3-6} cycloalkyl- C_{1-4} alkyl may be substituted once or more than once by halogen; and wherein said C_{3-6} cycloalkyl or C_{5-6} cycloalkenyl may be substituted once or more than once by halogen, C_{1-4} alkyl or C_{1-4} halogenalkyl;

m is 1 or 2;

n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

each R_2 independently is halogen, hydroxyl, amino, cyano, nitro, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} halogenalkyl, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, C_{1-4} alkoxy- C_{1-6} alkyl, amino- C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkyl-amino- C_{1-6} alkyl, di(C_{1-4} alkyl)-amino- C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-6} halogenalkoxy, C_{1-6} alkylamino, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} halogenalkenyl, C_{2-6} alkinyl or C_{2-6} halogenalkinyl;

or C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, wherein one carbon atom may be replaced by an oxygen atom, wherein the C_{3-6} cycloalkyl may be attached directly to the methylene or via a C_{1-2} alkylene, and wherein the C_{3-6} cycloalkyl may be substituted once or more than once by halogen; or two R_2 at the same carbon atom form together with said carbon atom a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl;

25 X_1 is oxygen or $-N(R_4)-$; R_4 is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, or C_{3-6} cycloalkyl- C_{1-2} alkyl;

p is 1 and q is 1;

30 p is 0 and q is 1; or

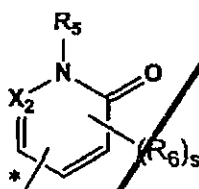
p is 0 and q is 0;

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r is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

each R₃ independently is halogen, hydroxyl, amino, cyano, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆halogenalkyl,
 5 C₁₋₆hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy-C₁₋₆alkyl, amino-C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₄alkyl-amino-C₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)-
 amino-C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆halogenalkoxy, C₁₋₆alkylamino, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₂₋₆alkenyl,
 C₂₋₆halogenalkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl or C₂₋₆halogenalkynyl;
 or C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, wherein one carbon atom may be replaced by an oxygen atom, wherein the
 C₃₋₆cycloalkyl may be attached directly to the methylene or via a C₁₋₂alkylene, and wherein
 10 the C₃₋₆cycloalkyl may be substituted once or more than once by halogen;
 or two R₃ at the same carbon atom form together with said carbon atom a C₃₋₆cycloalkyl;

A is



15 wherein the bond marked with the asterisk is attached to the nitrogen atom;

R₅ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, C₅₋₆cycloalkenyl or C₃₋₆cycloalkyl-C₁₋₄alkyl; wherein said C₁₋₆alkyl, C₂₋₆alkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl or C₃₋₆cycloalkyl-C₁₋₄alkyl
 may be substituted once or more than once by halogen, hydroxyl or C₁₋₆alkoxy; and wherein
 20 said C₃₋₆cycloalkyl or C₅₋₆cycloalkenyl may be substituted once or more than once by
 halogen, C₁₋₄alkyl or C₁₋₄halogenalkyl;

X₂ is nitrogen or carbon;

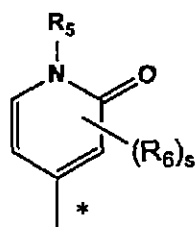
25 s is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

each R₆ independently is halogen, hydroxyl, amino, cyano, nitro, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆halogenalkyl,
 C₁₋₆hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy-C₁₋₆alkyl, amino-C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₄alkyl-amino-C₁₋₆alkyl, di(C₁₋₄alkyl)-
 amino-C₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkoxy, C₁₋₆halogenalkoxy, C₁₋₆alkylamino, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)amino, C₂₋₆alkenyl,
 30 C₂₋₆halogenalkenyl, C₂₋₆alkynyl or C₂₋₆halogenalkynyl;

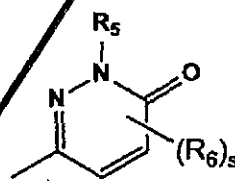
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or C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, wherein one carbon atom may be replaced by an oxygen atom, wherein the C₃₋₆cycloalkyl may be attached directly to the methylene or via a C₁₋₂alkylene, and wherein the C₃₋₆cycloalkyl may be substituted once or more than once by halogen.

- 5 2. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein X₁ is oxygen; or a salt thereof.
3. A compound of formula I according to any of claims 1 or 2, wherein p is 1 and q is 1; or a salt thereof.
- 10 4. A compound of formula I according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein R₁ is isopropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl or cyclopentyl and m is 1; or a salt thereof.
5. A compound of formula I according any of claims 1 to 4, wherein A is selected from A3 and A4



(A3);



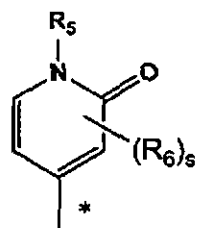
(A4);

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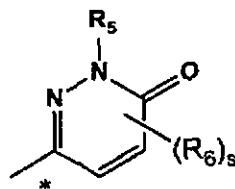
wherein the bond marked with the asterisk is attached to the nitrogen atom;
or a salt thereof.

6. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein
- 20 R₁ is isopropyl or cyclobutyl; m is 1; n is 0, 1 or 2; each R₂ independently is halogen, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄halogenalkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₁₋₄halogenalkoxy or C₃₋₄cycloalkyl; or two R₂ at the same carbon atom form together with said carbon atom a C₃₋₄cycloalkyl;
- X₁ is oxygen;
- p is 1 and q is 1; r is 0, 1 or 2; wherein each R₃ independently is halogen, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄halogenalkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₁₋₄halogenalkoxy or C₃₋₄cycloalkyl; or two R₃ at the same carbon
- 25 atom form together with said carbon atom a C₃₋₄cycloalkyl; A is selected from A3 and A4

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(A3);



(A4);

wherein the bond marked with the asterisk is attached to the nitrogen atom;

R₅ is hydrogen or methyl;

s is 0, 1 or 2; and

- 5 each R₆ independently is halogen, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄halogenalkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₁₋₄halogenalkoxy or C₃₋₄cycloalkyl; or a salt thereof.

7. A compound of formula I according to claim 1, wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of

- 10 1-(6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-isopropylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
1-(6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-isopropylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
15 1-(6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclopropylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
1-(1-ethyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-isopropylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
1-(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-4-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-isopropylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
20 1-(2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-4-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
1-(2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridin-4-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-isopropylpiperazine-1-carboxylate; and
1-(6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-isopropylpiperazine-1-carboxylate;
or salts of these compounds.

- 25 8. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers.

9. A combination comprising a therapeutically effective amount of the compound according to
30 any one of claims 1 to 7 and one or more therapeutically active agents.

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10. A method of treating a disorder or a disease in a subject mediated by H3 receptors, wherein the method comprises administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7.

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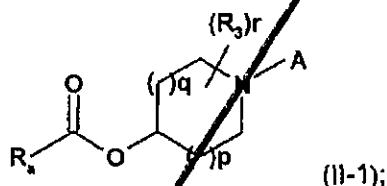
11. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7, for use as a medicament.

12. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7, for the treatment of a disorder or disease in a subject mediated by H3 receptors.

10

13. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7, for the treatment of a disorder or disease in a subject characterized by an abnormal activity of H3 receptors.

14. A compound of formula II-1



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or a salt thereof; in which p, q, r, R_3 and A are as defined under formula I; and R_a is a leaving group.

15. A free form of 1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate in solid form; or a salt of 1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate in solid form, wherein said salt is the citrate, hydrochloride, fumarate, adipate, maleate or sebacate of 1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate.

20

25 16. A pharmaceutical composition, which comprises a free form or a salt as defined claim 15 as active ingredient and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

17. A method of preparing a citrate salt of 1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate in crystalline form comprising the steps of

30

(a) preparing a solution of 1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate and citric acid in acetone, wherein the 1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-

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- 1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate : citric acid ratio is about 1 : 2;
- (b) adding to the solution of step (a) an ether antisolvent, e.g. diethyl ether, until an acetone : ether antisolvent volume ratio from 1 : 1 to 1 : 5 is reached; and
- 5 (e) isolate the solids by filtration to obtain the citrate salt of 1-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridazin-3-yl)piperidin-4-yl 4-cyclobutylpiperazine-1-carboxylate in crystalline form.

CLAIMS

1. An invention not claimed in any divisional application.