

ABSTRACT

An anti-fogging treatment liquid in which a simple body, or a condensate which is a dimer or a higher polymeric material that is prepared while controlling a degree of condensation of an organosilane containing at least one sulfur atom at a noncoupling position or a hydrolysate thereof is allowed to be contained in a hydrophilic organic solvent. Further, a production method for the anti-fogging treatment liquid in which the organosilane containing at least one sulfur atom at a noncoupling position or the condensate which is the dimer or the higher polymeric material of the hydrolysate thereof is, based on the entire weight of the organosilane, from 1% by weight to less than 70% by weight and which is prepared by controlling a treatment liquid holding environment and/or a catalyst. Based on these liquid and method, the anti-fogging treatment liquid excellent in the anti-fogging performance, the anti-fogging durability and the high film strength, and the anti-fogging article having the film having such anti-fogging performance as described above formed thereon can be obtained.