circumference side of the rotation stopping ribs 2f, and a rotation thereof is guided. Further, a pair of rotation stoppers 4j protruding outward in the radial direction to form an arc shape in a plan view are provided in a portion of an outer circumferential surface of the lower portion 4i. The rotation stoppers 4j are used to stop rotation of the inner tube ~~2~~ 4 by being coming into contact with the rotation stopping ribs 2f of the base cap 2 (see Figs. 6 and 7). The respective rotation stoppers 4j are provided at positions facing each other with the axis interposed therebetween, and positions on the outside in the radial direction of the depressed portion 4f.

[0034] Each of arc shapes of the rotation stoppers 4j extends upward without changing the shape. Here, a plurality of projections 4k are provided to vertically extend along the circumferential direction with gaps therebetween on an upper portion side of an outer circumferential surface of each of portions formed by extending upward so as to be engaged with the roulette 3p of the connection tool 3 in the circumferential direction, and an arc-shaped depressed portion 4m is provided between each of the rotation stoppers 4j and the projections 4k on the outer circumferential surface of each of portions formed by extending upward so as to be engaged with the ring-shaped convex portion 3i of the inner circumference side cylindrical portion 3b of the connection tool 3 in the axial direction.

[0035] The flange portion 4b is a large-diameter flange portion protruding outward in the radial direction, and a substantially ring-shaped recessed groove 4n is provided on an upper surface thereof. In addition, a plurality of protruding portions 4p protruding outward in the radial direction are provided in a separated manner along the circumferential direction on an outer

portions, for example, the cylindrical portion 2a may only include a material such as PP having a repulsive force or a restoring force, and a desired surface pressured may be ensured for the inner tube 4 by an outer circumferential surface of a cylindrical portion thereof. In either case, the cylindrical portion 2a has a repulsive force or a restoring force, and thus airtightness may be sufficiently ensured. In particular, when only the elastic body is included, a higher repulsive force or restoring force is obtained, and thus airtightness may be more sufficiently ensured. In addition, when different materials are used for the inner cylindrical portion 2g and the outer cylindrical portion 2fh, two colors may be used.

[0058] In addition, in the embodiments, the two through-holes 2i especially preferably face each other, and the two through-holes 2k especially preferably face each other. However, one through-hole 2i and one through-hole 2k, or three or more through-holes 2i and three or more through-holes 2k may be formed.

[0059] In addition, in the embodiments, the powder cosmetics A especially preferably contain the volatile component. However, for example, the invention is applicable to powder cosmetics requiring airtightness such as powder cosmetics containing a component which is unstable to water, or powder cosmetics containing a deliquescent component.

[0060] In addition, in the embodiments, a position at which the guide path 4f of the inner tube 4 directly faces the through-holes 2k is especially preferably set to the open position at which the powder cosmetics A passing through the through-holes 2k are allowed to pass to the application body 10 (a position at which the through-holes 2k are fully opened is especially preferably set to the