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Specification

1 An artificial hair restorer, A hair restoring apparatus and A hair restoring method

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to an artificial hair restorer, a hair restoring apparatus
and a hair restoring method for tying and fixing natural or artificial hairs on one or
5 several original hair(s) of the head.

Background of the invention

It's been prevalent to wear wigs when the number of one's hair diminishes and
he or she becomes thin on top by alopecia, a burn or a scald and so on. But wearing wigs
is bothering, and many methods for restoring the hair by tying artificial hairs to the
10 remained original hairs as a base and then grooming to look natural have been
invented and put to practical use these days. Commonly in these hair restorings, one
or several artificial hairs of synthetic fibers are tied to one original hair of the head.

For example, in Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. *Showa 61-97409*,
there discloses a hair restoring method wherein one or two artificial hair(s) is(are) fixed

1 around one hair root of the original hair by using an adhesive or by Wa (overhand)
knotting. But in this method, each of the original hair has to bear relatively large load
since the artificial hairs are tied and fixed to its root with fingers. Furthermore,
since the several artificial hairs are fixed in one place, the ball of knotting or adhesive
5 yields so that one's hairs might entangle with a comb. Those are inconvenient.

In Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. *Heisei 2-264005*, there discloses
a hair restoring method in which some split hairs are glued to one trunk hair with an
adhesive at certain intervals and this trunk hair in turn is glued to the original hair
with an adhesive, i.e. one trunk hair with some split hairs is glued around the original
10 hair root. With this attachment method using the adhesive, the bonding work has to
be done over again because of the deterioration in adhesive, and there's a limit in the
number of the split hairs capable of gluing to the trunk hair.

Further, a hair restoring method in Japanese Utility Model Laid-open
Publication No. *Heisei 3-78019* comprises steps of making several loops at certain
15 intervals with an artificial trunk hair, inserting an original hair through each of the
loops, and fixing the loops to the original hair with an adhesive wherein said trunk hair
is placed in the vicinity of the original hair roots along the skin of the head. In other
words, it comprises steps of inserting the original hair through each of the loops and

1 fixing therebetween with an adhesive. However, with this method, since one trunk
hair is glued to adjoining some original hairs, the comb may entangle with the trunk
hair or the original hairs at the time of combing after hair restoring. This is
inconvenient.

5 A hair restoring method in Japanese Patent Publication No. *Heisei 4-15285*
comprises steps of arranging one or two thread-like supporting base (trunk hair) in a
straight line along the skin of the head, transplanting the split hairs for restoring to
the thread-like supporting base uprightly, and adhering the base to the original hair
with a special adhesive. With this hair restoring method wherein the thread-like
10 supporting base to which the plural of split hairs are transplanted uprightly is
arranged along the skin of the head, it is still inconvenient in hair combing, because the
comb may catch the supporting base. This is inconvenient.

There are still other hair restoring methods in Japanese Patent Laid-Open
Publication Nos. *Heisei 5-156506*, *Heisei 7-173704* and *Heisei 11-217715*.

15 A hair restoring method in Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. *Heisei*
5-156506 (Japanese Patent Publication No. *Heisei 7-96722*) comprises steps of
making a knot with an original hair near the root thereof, and tying the restoring hair
directly to the original hair between the skin and the knot. This tying step includes

1 steps of tying many restoring hairs to a pipe, passing the original hair through the pipe,
and adhering the restoring hairs to the original hair passing therethrough after
moving them aside the pipe. However, the knotting of the original hair is so difficult
that the original hair can be harmed.

5 The invention disclosed in Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. *Heisei*
7-173704 relates to a hair fixing tool for attaching one restoring hair to the original
hair. Thus, one or two restoring hair(s) folded in two is(are) loosely tied on a
guidestick pipe, then the holding member which projects at the tip of the guide pipe 8 is
fixed close to the original hair root, and finally the loosened knots of the restoring hair
10 are moved along the guide pipe to adhere it with the original hair. With this method,
since plural of restoring hairs are adhered to one original hair, the original hair has to
bear large load. And, the number of the restoring hairs capable of adhering to one
original hair is limited as well.

Further, the hair restoring method in Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication
15 No. *Heisei 11-217715* relates to a method wherein the restoring hairs with cuticles are
adhered to one original hair at certain intervals. As a result, more voluminous hair
restoring can be obtained comparing to one with using one or two normal restoring
hair(s). With this method, since plural of restoring hairs with cuticle are adhered to

1 one original hair, the original hair has to bear large load, and therefore the plural
number of the restoring hairs can not be adhered to the original hair after all.

Moreover, the invention disclosed in Japanese Patent No. 2951259 relates to a
hairpiece made by putting the restoring hairs in flat, folding them in two, putting the
5 doubled parts in belt-like fashion, and then curling these restoring hairs with the
belt-like connecting part as their centers. The belt-like connection parts of this
hairpiece are attached to the original hairs to get hair restoring effect. However, since
big hairpiece is to be attached to plural of the original hairs in this case, people can
easily see that the hair has been restored due to unusual appearance at the curled part
10 of the restoring hair comparing to the original hair. This is a fault.

As mentioned above, the prior art hair restoring methods are to fit plural
restoring hairs directly to the original hair or to put the trunk hair with some restoring
hairs along the skin of the head and adhere some original hairs to this trunk hair with
an adhesive. And there still remain a lot of weak points as hair restoring methods.

15 Summary of the invention

An object of this invention is to provide an artificial hair restorer that can be
fitted to original hair(s) easily and has a superior effect in hair restoring.

1 Other object of this invention is to provide a hair restoring apparatus that can
easily tie the artificial hair restorer that consists of the trunk hairs, to which plural of
restoring hairs are tied, to one or more original hairs.

Another object of this invention is provide a hair restoring method wherein the
5 load to the original hair(s) is(are) lessened and hair restoring effect is securely obtained
by tying the artificial hair restorer of trunk hairs with plural restoring hairs to one or
several original hair(s).

The above objects are achieved by an artificial hair restorer consisting of a
trunk hair with plural restoring hairs tied to a certain point thereof and a loop at its
10 one end; an artificial hair restorer with plural restoring hairs tied to predetermined
point, a loop at its one end and a knot close to the tying point end of said restoring hairs
but opposite to said loop; or an artificial hair restorer wherein the loop is formed at the
doubled parts of one to several trunk hair(s) or is provided by folding said trunk hair(s).

And the above mentioned objects are achieved by a hair restoring method; a
15 method comprising a step of attaching and fixing said artificial hair restorer to one or
plural original hair(s) in the vicinity of its(their) root(s) by inserting the original hair(s)
into a loop formed at one end of said trunk hair and fastening therebetween while
plural of restoring hairs being fixed to the trunk hair, or a method comprising a step of

1 attaching and fixing said artificial hair restorer to one or plural original hair(s) by
adhering the former to the later at the tying point.

And furthermore, the above mentioned object is achieved by a hair restoring
method comprising steps of tying loosely an artificial hair restorer at a certain point on
5 a fitting bar after inserting the fitting bar through the loop formed to the end of said
artificial hair restorer, sliding this loosely tying loop along the fitting bar to set aside
the fitting bar so that the original hair(s), which passes(pass) through the ring at the
end of the fitting bar having the bar part, passes(pass) through the loop of the artificial
hair restorer, pulling both ends of this artificial trunk hair oppositely to tightly tie the
10 artificial hair restorer to the original hair(s).

This invention relates to a hair restoring apparatus having a fitting bar and a
thread like line provided at one end of the fitting bar to make a ring through which one
or plural original hair(s) passes(pass), said fitting bar is to be inserted through a loop of
an artificial hair restorer of a trunk hair, to whose one end plural restoring hairs are
15 tied, or a loop of an artificial hair restorer formed at the turn of the folded trunk hair, to
whose one end plural restoring hairs are tied.

The fitting bar is inserted trough the loop or loose tie part of the trunk hair of
the artificial hair restorer so that this artificial hair restorer is loosely tied thereon.

1 The present hair restoring apparatus is obtained by repeating the above at the plural
positions in a certain interval.

In the artificial hair restorer according to the present invention, as one trunk
hair is tied to plural, i.e. several to dozens of restoring hairs and has a loop at one end,
5 it is very easy to mount this loop to the fitting bar, and more, to tie and fix the artificial
hair restorer to the 1-4 original hairs by the hair restoring apparatus to which many
artificial hair restorers are mounted, and therefore hair restoring is simple. And
when the knot is formed outside and opposite to the loop that is at the end of the
connecting point of the restoring hairs to the artificial trunk hair, the restoring hairs
10 can be prevented from falling.

Since the hair restoring method according to the present invention comprises
the steps of inserting the bar part or part of the fitting bar through the loop of the 1-2
trunk hair(s) of the artificial hair restorer to which several to dozens of the restoring
hairs are fixed, loosely tying the plural artificial hair restorers to the fitting bar, sliding
15 this loop along and off the bar part to the ring of its end, making it tangled with and
tightly tying to the original hair(s) which is(are) inserted through the thread-like line
which makes the ring at the bar part. So the artificial hair restorer isn't only adhered
to the original hair with an adhesive but also tied and fixed to the original hair root by

1 using its loop. In this manner, since plural restoring hairs can be fixed to one or more
original hair(s), the hair with the restoring hairs looks voluminous. And furthermore,
it is not need to fear that the adhesive melts into the water at the time of shampooing,
which results in fallen hairs, because the artificial hair restorer having the restoring
5 hairs is tieded and fixed to the original hair.

Brief description to the drawings

Fig.1 is a plan view of an embodiment of a hair restoring apparatus adopted in
the hair restoring method according to the present invention.

Fig.2 is a pictorial view explaining how the artificial hair restorer is tied to the
10 fitting bar of the hair restoring apparatus.

Figs.3A-3D are pictorial views for explaining a method for tying and fixing the
artificial hair restorer to the original hair by using the hair restoring apparatus
according to the present invention.

Fig.4 is the enlarged plan view for showing the connecting part of the original
15 hair and the artificial hair restorer with using a hair restoring method according to the
present invention.

Fig.5 is the rough pictorial view showing the skin of the head to be restored

1 hairs by this invention.

The Best Mode Carrying Out the Invention

Now, detailed explanation will be made with reference to the drawings showing preferred embodiments of the artificial hair restorer and the hair restoring method
5 according to the present invention.

A hair restoring apparatus illustrated in Fig.1 has plural of artificial hair restorers 2 loosely tied at a certain interval to the outer periphery of the fitting bar 1. The fitting bar with a bar part 1a is a fitting tool which is like a plastic straw or bar member. Plural restoring hairs 5 are tied and fixed to the trunk hair 2a that is a part
10 of the artificial hair restorer 2. The loop 3 formed at the turn of the trunk hair 2 is loosely tied to the fitting bar 1. The way of tying, as shown in Fig.2, forms the loop 3 at the turn of one trunk hair 2a, and the artificial hair restorer 2 is loosely tied to the fitting bar 1 so as to make the loop 3 therearound. In this case, to prevent the tying parts arranged at a certain interval from getting entangled, plural grooves 7 are
15 formed on the outer surface of the bar part 1a of the fitting bar 1, which avoids the loosely tying knots from moving aside easily. This fitting bar 1 can be as a bar, but it's convenient to use if it's tubular in form.

1 To the trunk hair 2a of this artificial hair restorer 2, the knot 4 is formed at one
 end side and plural restoring hairs 5 are tied and fixed between this knot 4 and the
 loop 3. The trunk hair 2a of this artificial hair restorer 2 can be one string of an
 artificial hair. However, it's better to bind two of them together with an adhesive.

5 The trunk hair 2a made by tying this way gets its adhesive melted at the time of
 shampooing, gets loose and goes back to two hairs bringing a lot for the effect of hair
 restoring. No restoring hair 5 is tied to the opposite end side of the turn of the trunk
 hair 2a of this artificial hair restorer 2. The both ends of the thread-like nylon line 6,
 which forms a ring, are fixed to the end of the fitting bar 1. Especially if the bar part

10 1a of the fitting bar 1 is formed as a pipe, the both ends of the thread-like line 6 can be
 inserted inside of the pipe and fixed, and the loose loop or knot can be slide or moved
 laterally. This thread-like line 6 is preferably to be made of synthetic fiber. The
 original hair(s) 8 is(are) inserted in the ring of the thread-like line 6.

The restoring hairs 5 fixed to the trunk hair 2a are tied being folded in two.

15 This restoring hair 5 is to be as thick as the original hair 8, i.e. about 0.08 mm thick.

The ratio of the restoring hairs to the original hair 8 can be properly adjusted
 according to the state of the fallen hairs. The number of the restoring hairs 5 fixed to
 one trunk hair 2a is not fixed, but the number that is easiest to fit is about ten, i.e.

1 twenty restoring hairs 5 are attached to the trunk hair 2a of the artificial hair restorer
 2, because they are folded in two. The number of the restoring hairs is not limited to
 this number, so twenty of them or forty of them by folding in two again is also
 acceptable with taking the effect of hair restoring as a whole into consideration.
 5 These artificial hair restorers 2 are arranged and loosely tied at a certain interval to
 the bar part 1a of the fitting bar 1 as shown in Fig.1. Reference number 10
 illustrates the skin of the head.

Then, a hair restoring method with using the hair restoring apparatus of the
 fitting bar 1, to which the artificial hair restorers 2 with plural restoring hairs 5 are
 10 loosely tied, will be explained as follows.

As shown in Fig.3, the method comprises the steps of making one to four of the
 original hairs 8 (after putting them together and bound when plural of hairs) pass
 through the ring of the thread-like line 6 which is formed at the end of the bar part 1a
 of the fitting bar 1, picking up the loop 3 of the artificial hair restorer 2, which is loosely
 15 tied to the bar part 1a of the fitting bar, with the fingers, moving it along the bar part
 1a to the ring of the thread-like line 6 (Fig.3a), and drawing the original hair(s) 8 into
 the loop 3 of the artificial hair restorer 2 by pulling the fitting bar 1 so that the original
 hair(s) 8 is(are) folded in two at the loop 3 (Fig.3c) and is (are) unfolded to let the free

1 end of the original hair(s) 8 protrude out of the loop (Fig.3d). The number of the
original hairs to be passing through this loop isn't limited, but one to four is proper, for
the knot will be too big with more than eight of them.

By getting the artificial hair restorer 2 down to the point close to the root of the
5 original hair(s) 8, tying the artificial hair restorer 2 to the original hair(s) 8 as shown in
the Fig.4, and pulling the ends A and B in the opposite direction to get the knot 9 stiffer
and tying the artificial hair restorer 2 with plural restoring hairs 5 to the original
hair(s) 8. After restoring the hair partially by fitting the artificial hair restorer 2 to
some points of the original hair(s) 8 in this way, the tips are trimmed with a cutting tool
10 as scissors to unify the length of the original hairs 8 and the restoring hair 5 (a dotted
line in Fig.5).

If needed, adhesive is applied at the knot 9 of the artificial hair restorer 2 and
the original hair(s) 8 and is hardened after predetermined time of curing to firmly
secure the artificial hair restorer 2 to the original hair(s) 8. The adhesive force
15 decreases after certain days due to fat from the cortex or sweat and therefore it needs
to loosen the knot 9 and get it down to the point close to the root of the original hair(s) 8
again.

In this way, the hair restoring method of the present invention capable of fitting

1 and tying plural restoring hairs to the original hair(s) with the simple hair restoring
apparatus, to restore the hair entirely voluminous by tying a lot of artificial hair
restorers 2 to adjoining original hairs.

Industrial possibility of the invention

5 As it's tied a few to dozens of restoring hairs to its trunk hair, the artificial hair
restorer of the present invention capable of restoring the hair voluminously when it is
fixed to the original hair(s), and is very effective to the whole hair restoring of the head.
Furthermore, it is possible to tie and fix them to the original hair(s) with a simple hair
restoring apparatus.

10 And the hair restoring method of the present invention capable of fixing the
artificial hair restorer, that has the trunk hair to which plural restoring hairs are tied
and fixed, to the points close to the original hair root easily. It is capable of doing
voluminous hair restoring without putting any excessive load to the original hair as the
artificial hair restorer is tied only to one point of the original hair.

1 What is claimed is:

1. An artificial hair restorer being characterized in that it consists of a trunk hair with plural restoring hairs tied to at a certain point of the trunk hair, and a loop through which the original hair(s) passes(pass) at one end.
- 5 2. An artificial hair restorer defined in Claim 1 having a trunk hair with plural restoring hairs tied to at a certain point of the trunk hair, and a loop through which the original hair(s) passes(pass) at one end, said artificial hair restorer being characterized in that it has a knot close to the tying point end of the restoring hairs but opposite to the loop.
- 10 3. An artificial hair restorer defined in Claim 1 or 2 being characterized in that the loop of said trunk hair(s) is formed at the turn made by folding one or two trunk hair(s) in two.
4. A hair restoring method characterized in that it comprises a step of tying and fixing an artificial hair restorer to one or plural original hair(s) in the vicinity of
15 its(their) root(s) by inserting the original hair(s) into a loop formed at one end of said trunk hair and fastening therebetween while plural of restoring hairs being fixed to the trunk hair.
5. A hair restoring method defined in claim 4 being characterized in that it

1 comprises a step of tying and fixing said artificial hair restorer to one or plural original hair(s) by adhering the former to the later at the tying point.

6. A hair restoring method defined in claim 4 or 5 being characterized in that it comprises step of tying loosely an artificial hair restorer to certain point of a fitting bar after inserting the fitting bar through the loop at the end of said artificial hair restorer, 5 sliding this loosely tying loop along the fitting bar to set aside the fitting bar so that the original hair(s), which passes(pass) through the ring at the end of the fitting bar having a bar part, so as to make the original hair(s) passes(pass) through the loop of the artificial hair restorer, pulling both ends of this trunk hair of the artificial hair restorer 10 oppositely to tightly tie the artificial hair restorer to the original hair(s).

7. A hair restoring apparatus having a fitting bar and a thread like line provided at one end of the fitting bar to make a ring through which one or plural original hair(s) passes(pass), a bar part of said fitting bar being arranged with many of artificial hair restorers at certain intervals therealong, said bar part of the fitting bar is to be 15 inserted through the loop of each said artificial hair restorer of a trunk hair, to whose one end plural restoring hairs are fixed.

8. A hair restoring apparatus having a fitting bar and a thread like line provided at one end of the fitting bar to make a ring through which one or plural original hair(s)

1 passes(pass), a bar part of said fitting bar being arranged with many of artificial hair
restorers at certain intervals therealong, said bar part of the fitting bar is to be
inserted through the loop of each said artificial hair restorers formed at the turn of the
folded trunk hair, to whose one end plural restoring hairs are fixed.

5 9. An hair restoring apparatus defined in Claim 7 or 8 wherein said artificial
hair restorer has a trunk hair with plural restoring hairs fixed to at a certain point
thereof and a loop through which the original hair(s) passes(pass) at one end being
characterized in that said trunk hair has a knot close to the tying point end of the
restoring hairs but opposite to the loop.