Claims

1. A wearable toilet seat comprising a main body of the toilet seat equipping a nearly horizontal patelliform defecated fecal receiving portion and a nearly vertical caniliform urine receiving portion, a back cover portion fitted with a back side and a bottom surface of the main body of the toilet seat from an underside, and a hip receiving portion mounted at an anterior end of the main body of the toilet seat, in which bed-sore preventive members are mounted at a marginal region of the defecated fecal receiving portion and the urine receiving portion and at an upper surface of the hip receiving portion, wherein a wind-guide long hole opening upward is set at the marginal region of the defecated fecal receiving portion in the main body of the toilet seat, an anterior cover portion is covered on the wind guide long hole as having a gap, a cylinder cowling is set along the line of an inner wall of defecated fecal receiving portion of the anterior cover portion as having a gap, multiple wind guide fins are arranged at a gap with the inner wall of the cylinder cowling with specified intervals, and regions among these wind guide fins are made air blasting routes.

2. The wearable toilet seat according to Claim 1, wherein the bed-sore preventive members are mounted in a manner that the bottom surface of the back cover portion and a part of both the sides forming the back side continuing from the bottom surface are wrapped by the bed-sore prevention members.

3. The wearable toilet seat according to Claim 1 or Claim 2, wherein the bed-sore preventive member mounted at the marginal region of the defecated fecal receiving portion and the urine receiving portion is made from silicon rubber of 5~15 degree in hardness by JISA and the bed-sore preventive member mounted at the upper surface of the hip receiving portion is made from gel member of 4~10 degree in hardness by Asker C.

4. The wearable toilet seat according to Claim 1, Claim 2 or Claim 3, wherein a femoral receiving portion formed in a region from the marginal region of the urine receiving portion to the marginal region of the defecated fecal receiving portion is formed to become gradually wider toward a downward direction.

5. The wearable toilet seat according to Claim 4, wherein the back cover portion has a basal airspace portion at the bottom surface of the defecated fecal receiving portion in the main body of the toilet seat and a backside airspace portion at the back side of the urine receiving portion, and a hip receiving portion mounted at a frontal marginal region of the main body of the toilet seat, wherein pipes for supplying water and air are arranged at the defecated fecal receiving portion and the urine receiving portion through the backside airspace portion and the basal airspace portion.

6. The wearable toilet seat according to Claim 5, wherein a rinse solution nozzle, an air blasting route, a defecated fecal suction hole, a fecal sensor, and a urine sensor are laid on as facing the defecated fecal receiving portion, a rinse solution nozzle is laid on as facing the urine receiving portion, an air-blasting pipe connecting member, a water pipe connecting member and a connector are laid on at the backside of airspace in the back cover portion, and an air-blasting pipe communicating with the air-blasting pipe

connecting member and the air blasting route and the water pipe communicating with the water pipe connecting member, the rinse solution nozzle and rinse solution nozzle, and an electric cord connecting with the connector, the fecal sensor and the urine sensor are arranged through the backside airspace portion and the basal airspace portion.

7. The wearable toilet seat according to Claim 1, wherein intervals and angles of the wind guide fins, the latter being the angles formed between the longitudinal axis of the fins and the vertical when the wearable toilet seat is in its normal attitude of operation are formed in a manner that a wind volume:

a) near the centre of the defecated fecal receiving portion becomes larger than those at both the sides; or
b) at both the sides of the defecated fecal receiving portion become larger than that at the centre.