

ABSTRACT

The present invention provides DNA sequences useful in the diagnosis of gynaecological conditions such as endometriosis. Some of the sequences have a high identity with gene of known function such as Pim-2 oncogenes, IGFBP-5, ribosomal protein L41, propsaponin, fibulin-1, DLX5, 11 β hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 2, SET, and RhoE. The invention also provides methods for diagnosing or monitoring the progression of a gynaecological condition such as endometriosis. These methods may use primers directed to the DNA sequences identified herein.

No Suitable Drawing