

TITLE

METHOD AND APPARATUS OF SIGNALING THE NUMBER OF CANDIDATES FOR MERGE MODE

5 CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This patent application claims the priority to US62/961,159, filed on January 14, 2020. The disclosure of the aforementioned patent application is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

10 TECHNICAL FIELD

Embodiments of the present application generally relate to the field of moving picture coding and more particularly to signaling the number of merge mode candidates.

BACKGROUND

- 15 Video coding (video encoding and decoding) is used in a wide range of digital video applications, for example broadcast digital TV, video transmission over internet and mobile networks, real-time conversational applications such as video chat, video conferencing, DVD and Blu-ray discs, video content acquisition and editing systems, and camcorders of security applications.
- 20 The amount of video data needed to depict even a relatively short video can be substantial, which may result in difficulties when the data is to be streamed or otherwise communicated across a communications network with limited bandwidth capacity. Thus, video data is generally compressed before being communicated across modern day telecommunications networks. The size of a video could also be an issue when the video is stored on a storage
- 25 device because memory resources may be limited. Video compression devices often use software and/or hardware at the source to code the video data prior to transmission or storage, thereby decreasing the quantity of data needed to represent digital video images. The compressed data is then received at the destination by a video decompression device that decodes the video data. With limited network resources and ever increasing demands of
- 30 higher video quality, improved compression and decompression techniques that improve compression ratio with little to no sacrifice in picture quality are desirable.

SUMMARY

Embodiments of the present application provide apparatuses and methods for encoding and decoding according to the independent claims.

The foregoing and other objects are achieved by the subject matter of the independent claims.

- 5 Further implementation forms are apparent from the dependent claims, the description and the figures.

Particular embodiments are outlined in the attached independent claims, with other embodiments in the dependent claims.

- 10 The first aspect of the present invention provides a method of obtaining a maximum number of geometric partitioning merger mode candidates for video decoding, the method comprise: obtaining a bitstream for a video sequence; obtaining a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates; obtaining a value of a second indicator according to the
15 bitstream, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for the video sequence; parsing a value of a third indicator from the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value
20 of the first indicator.

According to embodiments of the present invention, a signaling scheme of indicator of number of merge mode candidates is disclosed. The maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates is conditionally signaled. Hence, the bitstream utilization and decoding efficiency have been improved.

- 25 In one implementation, wherein the method further comprise: setting the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 2, when the value of the first indicator is equal to the threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to the preset value.

- In one implementation, wherein the method further comprise: setting the value of the maximum
30 number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 0, when the value of the first indicator is less than the threshold or when the value of the second indicator not equal to the preset value.

In one implementation, wherein the threshold is 2.

In one implementation, wherein the preset value is 1.

In one implementation, wherein the step of obtaining a value of a second indicator is performed after the step of obtaining a value of a first indicator.

In one implementation, the first indicator is obtained according to a syntax element coded in the bitstream.

- 5 In one implementation, wherein the value of the second indicator is parsed from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than or equal to the threshold. E.g. parsing a syntax element in the sequence parameter set, SPS of the bitstream to obtain the value of the second indicator.

- 10 In one implementation, wherein the value of the second indicator is obtained from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream. E.g. parsing a syntax element in the sequence parameter set, SPS of the bitstream to obtain the value of the second indicator.

In one implementation, wherein the value of the third indicator is obtained from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream. E.g. parsing a syntax element in the sequence parameter set, SPS of the bitstream to obtain the value of the second indicator.

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- The second aspect of the present invention provides a video decoding apparatus, the video decoding apparatus comprise: a receiving module, which is configured to obtain a bitstream for a video sequence; a obtaining module, which is configured to obtain a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum
20 number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates; the obtaining module is configured to obtain a value of a second indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for the video sequence; a parsing module, which is configured to parse a value of a third indicator from the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a
25 threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator.

- The method according to the first aspect of the invention can be performed by the apparatus according to the second aspect of the invention. Further features and implementation forms of
30 the method according to the first aspect of the invention correspond to the features and implementation forms of the apparatus according to the second aspect of the invention.

In one implementation, wherein the obtaining module is configured to set the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 2, when the value of

the first indicator is equal to the threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to the preset value.

In one implementation, wherein the obtaining module is configured to set the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 0, when the value of the first indicator is less than the threshold or when the value of the second indicator not equal to the preset value.

In one implementation, wherein the threshold is 2.

In one implementation, wherein the preset value is 1.

In one implementation, wherein the step of obtaining a value of a second indicator is performed after the step of obtaining a value of a first indicator.

In one implementation, wherein the value of the second indicator is parsed from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than or equal to the threshold.

In one implementation, wherein the value of the second indicator is obtained from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.

In one implementation, wherein the value of the third indicator is obtained from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.

In one implementation, a method of obtaining a maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates for video decoding is disclosed, wherein the method comprises:

obtaining a bitstream for a video sequence; obtaining a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates; and only if the obtained value of the first indicator is equal to or greater than a threshold: obtaining a value of a second indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for the video sequence; and parsing a value of a third indicator from the bitstream, only when the value of the first indicator is greater than the threshold and the value of the second indicator is equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator.

The third aspect of the present invention provides a method of encoding a maximum number of geometric partitioning merger mode candidates, the method comprise:

determining a value of a first indicator, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates; determining a value of a second indicator, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion

compensation is enabled for a video sequence; encoding a value of a third indicator into a bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator.

According to embodiments of the present invention, a signaling scheme of indicator of number of merge mode candidates is disclosed. The maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates is conditionally signaled. Hence, the bitstream utilization and decoding efficiency have been improved.

10 In one implementation, wherein the method further comprise: setting the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 2, when the value of the first indicator is equal to the threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to the preset value.

15 In one implementation, wherein the method further comprise: setting the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 0, when the value of the first indicator is less than the threshold or when the value of the second indicator not equal to the preset value.

In one implementation, wherein the threshold is 2.

In one implementation, wherein the preset value is 1.

20 In one implementation, wherein the step of determining a value of a second indicator is performed after the step of determining a value of a first indicator.

In one implementation, wherein the value of the second indicator is encoded in sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than or equal to the threshold.

25 In one implementation, wherein the value of the second indicator is encoded in sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.

In one implementation, wherein the value of the third indicator is encoded in sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.

30 The fourth aspect of the present invention provides a video encoding apparatus, the video encoding apparatus comprise: a determining module, which is configured to determine a value of a first indicator, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates; the determining module is configured to determine a value of a second indicator, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric

partition based motion compensation is enabled for a video sequence; an encoding module, which is configured to encode a value of a third indicator into a bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator.

The method according to the third aspect of the invention can be performed by the apparatus according to the fourth aspect of the invention. Further features and implementation forms of the method according to the third aspect of the invention correspond to the features and implementation forms of the apparatus according to the fourth aspect of the invention.

10 In one implementation, wherein the determining module is configured to set the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 2, when the value of the first indicator is equal to the threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to the preset value.

15 In one implementation, wherein the determining module is configured to set the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 0, when the value of the first indicator is less than the threshold or when the value of the second indicator not equal to the preset value.

In one implementation, wherein the threshold is 2.

In one implementation, wherein the preset value is 1.

20 In one implementation, wherein the step of determining a value of a second indicator is performed after the step of determining a value of a first indicator.

In one implementation, wherein the value of the second indicator is encoded in sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than or equal to the threshold.

25 In one implementation, wherein the value of the second indicator is encoded in sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.

In one implementation, wherein the value of the third indicator is encoded in sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.

30 The fifth aspect of the present invention provides a decoder comprising processing circuitry for carrying out the method according to the first aspect and any one of implementation of the first aspect.

The sixth aspect of the present invention provides an encoder comprising processing circuitry for carrying out the method according to the third aspect and any one of implementation of the third aspect.

5 The seventh aspect of the present invention provides a computer program product comprising program code for performing the method according to the first aspect, the third aspect and any one of implementation of the first aspect, the third aspect when executed on a computer or a processor.

10 The eighth aspect of the present invention provides a decoder, comprising: one or more processors; and a non-transitory computer-readable storage medium coupled to the processors and storing programming for execution by the processors, wherein the programming, when executed by the processors, configures the decoder to carry out the method according to any one of the first aspect, the third aspect and any one of implementation of the first aspect, the
15 third aspect.

The ninth aspect of the present invention provides a non-transitory computer-readable medium carrying a program code which, when executed by a computer device, causes the computer device to perform the method according to any one of the first aspect, the third
20 aspect and any one of implementation of the first aspect, the third aspect.

The tenth aspect of the present invention provides an encoder comprising processing circuitry for carrying out the method according to the third aspect and any one of implementation of the third aspect.
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The eleventh aspect of the present invention provides an encoder, comprising: one or more processors; and a non-transitory computer-readable storage medium coupled to the processors and storing programming for execution by the processors, wherein the programming, when executed by the processors, configures the decoder to carry out the method according to any
30 one of the third aspect and any one of implementation of the third aspect.

The twelfth aspect of the present invention provides a non-transitory storage medium comprising a bitstream encoded/decoded by the method of any one of the above embodiments.

The thirteenth aspect of the present invention provides an encoded bitstream for the video signal by including a plurality of syntax elements, wherein the plurality of syntax elements comprises a second indicator (such as `sps_geo_enabled_flag`), and wherein a third indicator `sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand` is conditionally signaled at least
5 based on a value of the `sps_geo_enabled_flag`.

The fourteenth aspect of the present invention provides a non-transitory storage medium which includes an encoded bitstream decoded by an image decoding device, the bit stream being generated by dividing a frame of a video signal or an image signal into a plurality blocks, and
10 including a plurality of syntax elements, wherein the plurality of syntax elements comprises a third indicator (such as `sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand`) according to any one of the preceding claims.

The fifteenth aspect of the present invention provides a method for video decoding, the method
15 comprises:

obtaining a bitstream for a video sequence; obtaining a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates; obtaining a value of a second indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion
20 compensation is enabled for the video sequence; parsing a value of a third indicator from the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator;

25 constructing a merge candidates list for a current coding block, according to motion vectors of neighbor blocks of the current coding block;

obtaining a merge index according to the value of the third indicator;

obtaining a motion vector of the current coding block according to the merge index and the merger candidates list;

30 reconstructing the current coding block according to the motion vector of the current coding block.

The sixteenth aspect of the present invention provides a video decoding apparatus, the video decoding apparatus comprise: a receiving module, which is configured to obtain a bitstream

for a video sequence; an obtaining module, which is configured to obtain a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates; the obtaining module is configured to obtain a value of a second indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the
5 second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for the video sequence; a parsing module, which is configured to parse a value of a third indicator from the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates
10 subtracted from the value of the first indicator;
a merge candidates list constructing module, which is configured to construct a merge candidates list for a current coding block, according to motion vectors of neighbor blocks of the current coding block;
the obtaining module is configured to obtain a merge index according to the value of the third
15 indicator;
a motion vector obtaining module, which is configured to obtain a motion vector of the current coding block according to the merge index and the merger candidates list;
a pixel reconstructing module, which is configured to reconstruct the current coding block according to the motion vector of the current coding block.
20 The details or examples about the fifteen aspect of the present invention and sixteen aspect of the present invention could refer to the above examples disclosed in the first aspect to fourteen aspect of the present invention.

The foregoing and other objects are achieved by the subject matter of the independent claims.
25 Further implementation forms are apparent from the dependent claims, the description and the figures.

Details of one or more embodiments are set forth in the accompanying drawings and the description below. Other features, objects, and advantages will be apparent from the description, drawings, and claims.
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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the following embodiments of the invention are described in more detail with reference to the attached figures and drawings, in which:

- FIG. 1A is a block diagram showing an example of a video coding system configured to
5 implement embodiments of the invention;
- FIG. 1B is a block diagram showing another example of a video coding system configured to implement embodiments of the invention;
- FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing an example of a video encoder configured to implement embodiments of the invention;
- 10 FIG. 3 is a block diagram showing an example structure of a video decoder configured to implement embodiments of the invention;
- FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating an example of an encoding apparatus or a decoding apparatus;
- FIG. 5 is a block diagram illustrating another example of an encoding apparatus or a
15 decoding apparatus;
- FIG. 6 is a flowchart for weighted prediction encoder-side decision making and parameter estimation;
- FIG. 7 illustrates an example of a triangle prediction mode;
- FIG. 8 illustrates an example of a geometric prediction mode;
- 20 FIG. 9 illustrates another example of a geometric prediction mode;
- FIG. 10 is a block diagram showing an example structure of a content supply system 3100 which realizes a content delivery service;
- FIG. 11 is a block diagram showing a structure of an example of a terminal device;
- FIG. 12 is a block diagram illustrating an example of an inter prediction method according
25 to the present application;
- FIG. 13 is a block diagram illustrating an example of an apparatus for inter prediction according to the present application;
- FIG. 14 is a block diagram illustrating another example of an apparatus for inter prediction according to the present application;
- 30 FIG. 15 is a flowchart showing a method embodiment according to the present invention;
- FIG. 16 is a block diagram showing an apparatus embodiment according to the present invention.

In the following identical reference signs refer to identical or at least functionally equivalent features if not explicitly specified otherwise.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

In the following description, reference is made to the accompanying figures, which form part of the disclosure, and which show, by way of illustration, specific aspects of embodiments of the invention or specific aspects in which embodiments of the present invention may be used. It is understood that embodiments of the invention may be used in other aspects and comprise structural or logical changes not depicted in the figures. The following detailed description, therefore, is not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of the present invention is defined by the appended claims.

- For instance, it is understood that a disclosure in connection with a described method may also hold true for a corresponding device or system configured to perform the method and vice versa. For example, if one or a plurality of specific method steps are described, a corresponding device may include one or a plurality of units, e.g. functional units, to perform the described one or plurality of method steps (e.g. one unit performing the one or plurality of steps, or a plurality of units each performing one or more of the plurality of steps), even if such one or more units are not explicitly described or illustrated in the figures. On the other hand, for example, if a specific apparatus is described based on one or a plurality of units, e.g. functional units, a corresponding method may include one step to perform the functionality of the one or plurality of units (e.g. one step performing the functionality of the one or plurality of units, or a plurality of steps each performing the functionality of one or more of the plurality of units), even if such one or plurality of steps are not explicitly described or illustrated in the figures. Further, it is understood that the features of the various exemplary embodiments and/or aspects described herein may be combined with each other, unless specifically noted otherwise.
- Video coding typically refers to the processing of a sequence of pictures, which form the video or video sequence. Instead of the term “picture” the term “frame” or “image” may be used as synonyms in the field of video coding. Video coding (or coding in general) comprises two parts video encoding and video decoding. Video encoding is performed at the source side, typically comprising processing (e.g. by compression) the original video pictures to reduce the amount of data required for representing the video pictures (for more efficient storage and/or transmission). Video decoding is performed at the destination side and typically comprises the inverse processing compared to the encoder to reconstruct the video pictures. Embodiments referring to “coding” of video pictures (or pictures in general) shall be understood to relate to “encoding” or “decoding” of video pictures or respective video

sequences. The combination of the encoding part and the decoding part is also referred to as CODEC (Coding and Decoding).

In case of lossless video coding, the original video pictures can be reconstructed, i.e. the reconstructed video pictures have the same quality as the original video pictures (assuming
5 no transmission loss or other data loss during storage or transmission). In case of lossy video coding, further compression, e.g. by quantization, is performed, to reduce the amount of data representing the video pictures, which cannot be completely reconstructed at the decoder, i.e. the quality of the reconstructed video pictures is lower or worse compared to the quality of the original video pictures.

10 Several video coding standards belong to the group of “lossy hybrid video codecs” (i.e. combine spatial and temporal prediction in the sample domain and 2D transform coding for applying quantization in the transform domain). Each picture of a video sequence is typically partitioned into a set of non-overlapping blocks and the coding is typically performed on a block level. In other words, at the encoder the video is typically processed, i.e. encoded, on a
15 block (video block) level, e.g. by using spatial (intra picture) prediction and/or temporal (inter picture) prediction to generate a prediction block, subtracting the prediction block from the current block (block currently processed/to be processed) to obtain a residual block, transforming the residual block and quantizing the residual block in the transform domain to reduce the amount of data to be transmitted (compression), whereas at the decoder the inverse
20 processing compared to the encoder is applied to the encoded or compressed block to reconstruct the current block for representation. Furthermore, the encoder duplicates the decoder processing loop such that both will generate identical predictions (e.g. intra- and inter predictions) and/or re-constructions for processing, i.e. coding, the subsequent blocks. In the following embodiments of a video coding system 10, a video encoder 20 and a video
25 decoder 30 are described based on Figs. 1 to 3.

Fig. 1A is a schematic block diagram illustrating an example coding system 10, e.g. a video coding system 10 (or short coding system 10) that may utilize techniques of this present application. Video encoder 20 (or short encoder 20) and video decoder 30 (or short decoder 30) of video coding system 10 represent examples of devices that may be configured to
30 perform techniques in accordance with various examples described in the present application. As shown in FIG. 1A, the coding system 10 comprises a source device 12 configured to provide encoded picture data 21 e.g. to a destination device 14 for decoding the encoded picture data 13.

The source device 12 comprises an encoder 20, and may additionally, i.e. optionally, comprise a picture source 16, a pre-processor (or pre-processing unit) 18, e.g. a picture pre-processor 18, and a communication interface or communication unit 22.

The picture source 16 may comprise or be any kind of picture capturing device, for example a camera for capturing a real-world picture, and/or any kind of a picture generating device, for example a computer-graphics processor for generating a computer animated picture, or any kind of other device for obtaining and/or providing a real-world picture, a computer generated picture (e.g. a screen content, a virtual reality (VR) picture) and/or any combination thereof (e.g. an augmented reality (AR) picture). The picture source may be any kind of memory or storage storing any of the aforementioned pictures.

In distinction to the pre-processor 18 and the processing performed by the pre-processing unit 18, the picture or picture data 17 may also be referred to as raw picture or raw picture data 17.

Pre-processor 18 is configured to receive the (raw) picture data 17 and to perform pre-processing on the picture data 17 to obtain a pre-processed picture 19 or pre-processed picture data 19. Pre-processing performed by the pre-processor 18 may, e.g., comprise trimming, color format conversion (e.g. from RGB to YCbCr), color correction, or de-noising. It can be understood that the pre-processing unit 18 may be optional component.

The video encoder 20 is configured to receive the pre-processed picture data 19 and provide encoded picture data 21 (further details will be described below, e.g., based on Fig. 2).

Communication interface 22 of the source device 12 may be configured to receive the encoded picture data 21 and to transmit the encoded picture data 21 (or any further processed version thereof) over communication channel 13 to another device, e.g. the destination device 14 or any other device, for storage or direct reconstruction.

The destination device 14 comprises a decoder 30 (e.g. a video decoder 30), and may additionally, i.e. optionally, comprise a communication interface or communication unit 28, a post-processor 32 (or post-processing unit 32) and a display device 34.

The communication interface 28 of the destination device 14 is configured receive the encoded picture data 21 (or any further processed version thereof), e.g. directly from the source device 12 or from any other source, e.g. a storage device, e.g. an encoded picture data storage device, and provide the encoded picture data 21 to the decoder 30.

The communication interface 22 and the communication interface 28 may be configured to transmit or receive the encoded picture data 21 or encoded data 13 via a direct communication link between the source device 12 and the destination device 14, e.g. a direct

wired or wireless connection, or via any kind of network, e.g. a wired or wireless network or any combination thereof, or any kind of private and public network, or any kind of combination thereof.

The communication interface 22 may be, e.g., configured to package the encoded picture data 21 into an appropriate format, e.g. packets, and/or process the encoded picture data using any kind of transmission encoding or processing for transmission over a communication link or communication network.

The communication interface 28, forming the counterpart of the communication interface 22, may be, e.g., configured to receive the transmitted data and process the transmission data using any kind of corresponding transmission decoding or processing and/or de-packaging to obtain the encoded picture data 21.

Both, communication interface 22 and communication interface 28 may be configured as unidirectional communication interfaces as indicated by the arrow for the communication channel 13 in Fig. 1A pointing from the source device 12 to the destination device 14, or bi-directional communication interfaces, and may be configured, e.g. to send and receive messages, e.g. to set up a connection, to acknowledge and exchange any other information related to the communication link and/or data transmission, e.g. encoded picture data transmission.

The decoder 30 is configured to receive the encoded picture data 21 and provide decoded picture data 31 or a decoded picture 31 (further details will be described below, e.g., based on Fig. 3 or Fig. 5).

The post-processor 32 of destination device 14 is configured to post-process the decoded picture data 31 (also called reconstructed picture data), e.g. the decoded picture 31, to obtain post-processed picture data 33, e.g. a post-processed picture 33. The post-processing performed by the post-processing unit 32 may comprise, e.g. color format conversion (e.g. from YCbCr to RGB), color correction, trimming, or re-sampling, or any other processing, e.g. for preparing the decoded picture data 31 for display, e.g. by display device 34.

The display device 34 of the destination device 14 is configured to receive the post-processed picture data 33 for displaying the picture, e.g. to a user or viewer. The display device 34 may be or comprise any kind of display for representing the reconstructed picture, e.g. an integrated or external display or monitor. The displays may, e.g. comprise liquid crystal displays (LCD), organic light emitting diodes (OLED) displays, plasma displays, projectors, micro LED displays, liquid crystal on silicon (LCoS), digital light processor (DLP) or any kind of other display.

Although Fig. 1A depicts the source device 12 and the destination device 14 as separate devices, embodiments of devices may also comprise both or both functionalities, the source device 12 or corresponding functionality and the destination device 14 or corresponding functionality. In such embodiments the source device 12 or corresponding functionality and the destination device 14 or corresponding functionality may be implemented using the same hardware and/or software or by separate hardware and/or software or any combination thereof.

As will be apparent for the skilled person based on the description, the existence and (exact) split of functionalities of the different units or functionalities within the source device 12 and/or destination device 14 as shown in Fig. 1A may vary depending on the actual device and application.

The encoder 20 (e.g. a video encoder 20) or the decoder 30 (e.g. a video decoder 30) or both encoder 20 and decoder 30 may be implemented via processing circuitry as shown in Fig. 1B, such as one or more microprocessors, digital signal processors (DSPs), application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs), field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), discrete logic, hardware, video coding dedicated or any combinations thereof. The encoder 20 may be implemented via processing circuitry 46 to embody the various modules as discussed with respect to encoder 20 of FIG. 2 and/or any other encoder system or subsystem described herein. The decoder 30 may be implemented via processing circuitry 46 to embody the various modules as discussed with respect to decoder 30 of FIG. 3 and/or any other decoder system or subsystem described herein. The processing circuitry may be configured to perform the various operations as discussed later. As shown in Fig. 5, if the techniques are implemented partially in software, a device may store instructions for the software in a suitable, non-transitory computer-readable storage medium and may execute the instructions in hardware using one or more processors to perform the techniques of this disclosure. Either of video encoder 20 and video decoder 30 may be integrated as part of a combined encoder/decoder (CODEC) in a single device, for example, as shown in Fig. 1B.

Source device 12 and destination device 14 may comprise any of a wide range of devices, including any kind of handheld or stationary devices, e.g. notebook or laptop computers, mobile phones, smart phones, tablets or tablet computers, cameras, desktop computers, set-top boxes, televisions, display devices, digital media players, video gaming consoles, video streaming devices (such as content services servers or content delivery servers), broadcast receiver device, broadcast transmitter device, or the like and may use no or any kind of operating system. In some cases, the source device 12 and the destination device 14 may be

equipped for wireless communication. Thus, the source device 12 and the destination device 14 may be wireless communication devices.

In some cases, video coding system 10 illustrated in Fig. 1A is merely an example and the techniques of the present application may apply to video coding settings (e.g., video encoding or video decoding) that do not necessarily include any data communication between the encoding and decoding devices. In other examples, data is retrieved from a local memory, streamed over a network, or the like. A video encoding device may encode and store data to memory, and/or a video decoding device may retrieve and decode data from memory. In some examples, the encoding and decoding is performed by devices that do not communicate with one another, but simply encode data to memory and/or retrieve and decode data from memory.

For convenience of description, embodiments of the invention are described herein, for example, by reference to High-Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) or to the reference software of Versatile Video coding (VVC), the next generation video coding standard developed by the Joint Collaboration Team on Video Coding (JCT-VC) of ITU-T Video Coding Experts Group (VCEG) and ISO/IEC Motion Picture Experts Group (MPEG). One of ordinary skill in the art will understand that embodiments of the invention are not limited to HEVC or VVC.

Encoder and Encoding Method

Fig. 2 shows a schematic block diagram of an example video encoder 20 that is configured to implement the techniques of the present application. In the example of Fig. 2, the video encoder 20 comprises an input 201 (or input interface 201), a residual calculation unit 204, a transform processing unit 206, a quantization unit 208, an inverse quantization unit 210, and inverse transform processing unit 212, a reconstruction unit 214, a loop filter unit 220, a decoded picture buffer (DPB) 230, a mode selection unit 260, an entropy encoding unit 270 and an output 272 (or output interface 272). The mode selection unit 260 may include an inter prediction unit 244, an intra prediction unit 254 and a partitioning unit 262. Inter prediction unit 244 may include a motion estimation unit and a motion compensation unit (not shown). A video encoder 20 as shown in Fig. 2 may also be referred to as hybrid video encoder or a video encoder according to a hybrid video codec.

The residual calculation unit 204, the transform processing unit 206, the quantization unit 208, the mode selection unit 260 may be referred to as forming a forward signal path of the encoder 20, whereas the inverse quantization unit 210, the inverse transform processing unit 212, the reconstruction unit 214, the buffer 216, the loop filter 220, the decoded picture buffer (DPB) 230, the inter prediction unit 244 and the intra-prediction unit 254 may be

referred to as forming a backward signal path of the video encoder 20, wherein the backward signal path of the video encoder 20 corresponds to the signal path of the decoder (see video decoder 30 in Fig. 3). The inverse quantization unit 210, the inverse transform processing unit 212, the reconstruction unit 214, the loop filter 220, the decoded picture buffer (DPB) 230, the inter prediction unit 244 and the intra-prediction unit 254 are also referred to forming the “built-in decoder” of video encoder 20.

Pictures & Picture Partitioning (Pictures & Blocks)

The encoder 20 may be configured to receive, e.g. via input 201, a picture 17 (or picture data 17), e.g. picture of a sequence of pictures forming a video or video sequence. The received picture or picture data may also be a pre-processed picture 19 (or pre-processed picture data 19). For sake of simplicity the following description refers to the picture 17. The picture 17 may also be referred to as current picture or picture to be coded (in particular in video coding to distinguish the current picture from other pictures, e.g. previously encoded and/or decoded pictures of the same video sequence, i.e. the video sequence which also comprises the current picture).

A (digital) picture is or can be regarded as a two-dimensional array or matrix of samples with intensity values. A sample in the array may also be referred to as pixel (short form of picture element) or a pel. The number of samples in horizontal and vertical direction (or axis) of the array or picture define the size and/or resolution of the picture. For representation of color, typically three color components are employed, i.e. the picture may be represented or include three sample arrays. In RGB format or color space a picture comprises a corresponding red, green and blue sample array. However, in video coding each pixel is typically represented in a luminance and chrominance format or color space, e.g. YCbCr, which comprises a luminance component indicated by Y (sometimes also L is used instead) and two chrominance components indicated by Cb and Cr. The luminance (or short luma) component Y represents the brightness or grey level intensity (e.g. like in a grey-scale picture), while the two chrominance (or short chroma) components Cb and Cr represent the chromaticity or color information components. Accordingly, a picture in YCbCr format comprises a luminance sample array of luminance sample values (Y), and two chrominance sample arrays of chrominance values (Cb and Cr). Pictures in RGB format may be converted or transformed into YCbCr format and vice versa, the process is also known as color transformation or conversion. If a picture is monochrome, the picture may comprise only a luminance sample array. Accordingly, a picture may be, for example, an array of luma samples in monochrome

format or an array of luma samples and two corresponding arrays of chroma samples in 4:2:0, 4:2:2, and 4:4:4 colour format.

Embodiments of the video encoder 20 may comprise a picture partitioning unit (not depicted in Fig. 2) configured to partition the picture 17 into a plurality of (typically non-overlapping) picture blocks 203. These blocks may also be referred to as root blocks, macro blocks (H.264/AVC) or coding tree blocks (CTB) or coding tree units (CTU) (H.265/HEVC and VVC). The picture partitioning unit may be configured to use the same block size for all pictures of a video sequence and the corresponding grid defining the block size, or to change the block size between pictures or subsets or groups of pictures, and partition each picture into the corresponding blocks.

In further embodiments, the video encoder may be configured to receive directly a block 203 of the picture 17, e.g. one, several or all blocks forming the picture 17. The picture block 203 may also be referred to as current picture block or picture block to be coded.

Like the picture 17, the picture block 203 again is or can be regarded as a two-dimensional array or matrix of samples with intensity values (sample values), although of smaller dimension than the picture 17. In other words, the block 203 may comprise, e.g., one sample array (e.g. a luma array in case of a monochrome picture 17, or a luma or chroma array in case of a color picture) or three sample arrays (e.g. a luma and two chroma arrays in case of a color picture 17) or any other number and/or kind of arrays depending on the color format applied. The number of samples in horizontal and vertical direction (or axis) of the block 203 define the size of block 203. Accordingly, a block may, for example, an MxN (M-column by N-row) array of samples, or an MxN array of transform coefficients.

Embodiments of the video encoder 20 as shown in Fig. 2 may be configured to encode the picture 17 block by block, e.g. the encoding and prediction is performed per block 203.

Embodiments of the video encoder 20 as shown in Fig. 2 may be further configured to partition and/or encode the picture by using slices (also referred to as video slices), wherein a picture may be partitioned into or encoded using one or more slices (typically non-overlapping), and each slice may comprise one or more blocks (e.g. CTUs).

Embodiments of the video encoder 20 as shown in Fig. 2 may be further configured to partition and/or encode the picture by using tile groups (also referred to as video tile groups) and/or tiles (also referred to as video tiles), wherein a picture may be partitioned into or encoded using one or more tile groups (typically non-overlapping), and each tile group may comprise, e.g. one or more blocks (e.g. CTUs) or one or more tiles, wherein each tile, e.g.

may be of rectangular shape and may comprise one or more blocks (e.g. CTUs), e.g. complete or fractional blocks.

Residual Calculation

- 5 The residual calculation unit 204 may be configured to calculate a residual block 205 (also referred to as residual 205) based on the picture block 203 and a prediction block 265 (further details about the prediction block 265 are provided later), e.g. by subtracting sample values of the prediction block 265 from sample values of the picture block 203, sample by sample (pixel by pixel) to obtain the residual block 205 in the sample domain.

Transform

- 10 The transform processing unit 206 may be configured to apply a transform, e.g. a discrete cosine transform (DCT) or discrete sine transform (DST), on the sample values of the residual block 205 to obtain transform coefficients 207 in a transform domain. The transform coefficients 207 may also be referred to as transform residual coefficients and represent the residual block 205 in the transform domain.
- 15 The transform processing unit 206 may be configured to apply integer approximations of DCT/DST, such as the transforms specified for H.265/HEVC. Compared to an orthogonal DCT transform, such integer approximations are typically scaled by a certain factor. In order to preserve the norm of the residual block which is processed by forward and inverse transforms, additional scaling factors are applied as part of the transform process. The scaling
- 20 factors are typically chosen based on certain constraints like scaling factors being a power of two for shift operations, bit depth of the transform coefficients, tradeoff between accuracy and implementation costs, etc. Specific scaling factors are, for example, specified for the inverse transform, e.g. by inverse transform processing unit 212 (and the corresponding inverse transform, e.g. by inverse transform processing unit 312 at video decoder 30) and
- 25 corresponding scaling factors for the forward transform, e.g. by transform processing unit 206, at an encoder 20 may be specified accordingly.

- Embodiments of the video encoder 20 (respectively transform processing unit 206) may be configured to output transform parameters, e.g. a type of transform or transforms, e.g. directly or encoded or compressed via the entropy encoding unit 270, so that, e.g., the video
- 30 decoder 30 may receive and use the transform parameters for decoding.

Quantization

The quantization unit 208 may be configured to quantize the transform coefficients 207 to obtain quantized coefficients 209, e.g. by applying scalar quantization or vector quantization.

The quantized coefficients 209 may also be referred to as quantized transform coefficients 209 or quantized residual coefficients 209.

The quantization process may reduce the bit depth associated with some or all of the transform coefficients 207. For example, an n-bit transform coefficient may be rounded down to an m-bit Transform coefficient during quantization, where n is greater than m. The degree of quantization may be modified by adjusting a quantization parameter (QP). For example for scalar quantization, different scaling may be applied to achieve finer or coarser quantization. Smaller quantization step sizes correspond to finer quantization, whereas larger quantization step sizes correspond to coarser quantization. The applicable quantization step size may be indicated by a quantization parameter (QP). The quantization parameter may for example be an index to a predefined set of applicable quantization step sizes. For example, small quantization parameters may correspond to fine quantization (small quantization step sizes) and large quantization parameters may correspond to coarse quantization (large quantization step sizes) or vice versa. The quantization may include division by a quantization step size and a corresponding and/or the inverse dequantization, e.g. by inverse quantization unit 210, may include multiplication by the quantization step size. Embodiments according to some standards, e.g. HEVC, may be configured to use a quantization parameter to determine the quantization step size. Generally, the quantization step size may be calculated based on a quantization parameter using a fixed point approximation of an equation including division. Additional scaling factors may be introduced for quantization and dequantization to restore the norm of the residual block, which might get modified because of the scaling used in the fixed point approximation of the equation for quantization step size and quantization parameter. In one example implementation, the scaling of the inverse transform and dequantization might be combined. Alternatively, customized quantization tables may be used and signaled from an encoder to a decoder, e.g. in a bitstream. The quantization is a lossy operation, wherein the loss increases with increasing quantization step sizes.

Embodiments of the video encoder 20 (respectively quantization unit 208) may be configured to output quantization parameters (QP), e.g. directly or encoded via the entropy encoding unit 270, so that, e.g., the video decoder 30 may receive and apply the quantization parameters for decoding.

Inverse Quantization

The inverse quantization unit 210 is configured to apply the inverse quantization of the quantization unit 208 on the quantized coefficients to obtain dequantized coefficients 211, e.g. by applying the inverse of the quantization scheme applied by the quantization unit 208

based on or using the same quantization step size as the quantization unit 208. The dequantized coefficients 211 may also be referred to as dequantized residual coefficients 211 and correspond - although typically not identical to the transform coefficients due to the loss by quantization - to the transform coefficients 207.

5 Inverse Transform

The inverse transform processing unit 212 is configured to apply the inverse transform of the transform applied by the transform processing unit 206, e.g. an inverse discrete cosine transform (DCT) or inverse discrete sine transform (DST) or other inverse transforms, to obtain a reconstructed residual block 213 (or corresponding dequantized coefficients 213)

10 in the sample domain. The reconstructed residual block 213 may also be referred to as transform block 213.

Reconstruction

The reconstruction unit 214 (e.g. adder or summer 214) is configured to add the transform block 213 (i.e. reconstructed residual block 213) to the prediction block 265 to obtain a

15 reconstructed block 215 in the sample domain, e.g. by adding – sample by sample - the sample values of the reconstructed residual block 213 and the sample values of the prediction block 265.

Filtering

The loop filter unit 220 (or short “loop filter” 220), is configured to filter the reconstructed

20 block 215 to obtain a filtered block 221, or in general, to filter reconstructed samples to obtain filtered samples. The loop filter unit is, e.g., configured to smooth pixel transitions, or otherwise improve the video quality. The loop filter unit 220 may comprise one or more loop filters such as a de-blocking filter, a sample-adaptive offset (SAO) filter or one or more other filters, e.g. a bilateral filter, an adaptive loop filter (ALF), a sharpening, a smoothing filters or
25 a collaborative filters, or any combination thereof. Although the loop filter unit 220 is shown in FIG. 2 as being an in loop filter, in other configurations, the loop filter unit 220 may be implemented as a post loop filter. The filtered block 221 may also be referred to as filtered reconstructed block 221.

Embodiments of the video encoder 20 (respectively loop filter unit 220) may be configured to
30 output loop filter parameters (such as sample adaptive offset information), e.g. directly or encoded via the entropy encoding unit 270, so that, e.g., a decoder 30 may receive and apply the same loop filter parameters or respective loop filters for decoding.

Decoded Picture Buffer

The decoded picture buffer (DPB) 230 may be a memory that stores reference pictures, or in general reference picture data, for encoding video data by video encoder 20. The DPB 230 may be formed by any of a variety of memory devices, such as dynamic random access

5 memory (DRAM), including synchronous DRAM (SDRAM), magnetoresistive RAM (MRAM), resistive RAM (RRAM), or other types of memory devices. The decoded picture buffer (DPB) 230 may be configured to store one or more filtered blocks 221. The decoded picture buffer 230 may be further configured to store other previously filtered blocks, e.g. previously reconstructed and filtered blocks 221, of the same current picture or of different

10 pictures, e.g. previously reconstructed pictures, and may provide complete previously reconstructed, i.e. decoded, pictures (and corresponding reference blocks and samples) and/or a partially reconstructed current picture (and corresponding reference blocks and samples), for example for inter prediction. The decoded picture buffer (DPB) 230 may be also configured to store one or more unfiltered reconstructed blocks 215, or in general unfiltered

15 reconstructed samples, e.g. if the reconstructed block 215 is not filtered by loop filter unit 220, or any other further processed version of the reconstructed blocks or samples.

Mode Selection (Partitioning & Prediction)

The mode selection unit 260 comprises partitioning unit 262, inter-prediction unit 244 and intra-prediction unit 254, and is configured to receive or obtain original picture data, e.g. an

20 original block 203 (current block 203 of the current picture 17), and reconstructed picture data, e.g. filtered and/or unfiltered reconstructed samples or blocks of the same (current) picture and/or from one or a plurality of previously decoded pictures, e.g. from decoded picture buffer 230 or other buffers (e.g. line buffer, not shown).. The reconstructed picture data is used as reference picture data for prediction, e.g. inter-prediction or intra-prediction,

25 to obtain a prediction block 265 or predictor 265.

Mode selection unit 260 may be configured to determine or select a partitioning for a current block prediction mode (including no partitioning) and a prediction mode (e.g. an intra or inter prediction mode) and generate a corresponding prediction block 265, which is used for the calculation of the residual block 205 and for the reconstruction of the reconstructed

30 block 215.

Embodiments of the mode selection unit 260 may be configured to select the partitioning and the prediction mode (e.g. from those supported by or available for mode selection unit 260), which provide the best match or in other words the minimum residual (minimum residual means better compression for transmission or storage), or a minimum signaling overhead

(minimum signaling overhead means better compression for transmission or storage), or which considers or balances both. The mode selection unit 260 may be configured to determine the partitioning and prediction mode based on rate distortion optimization (RDO), i.e. select the prediction mode which provides a minimum rate distortion. Terms like “best”, “minimum”, “optimum” etc. in this context do not necessarily refer to an overall “best”, “minimum”, “optimum”, etc. but may also refer to the fulfillment of a termination or selection criterion like a value exceeding or falling below a threshold or other constraints leading potentially to a “sub-optimum selection” but reducing complexity and processing time.

10 In other words, the partitioning unit 262 may be configured to partition the block 203 into smaller block partitions or sub-blocks (which form again blocks), e.g. iteratively using quad-tree-partitioning (QT), binary partitioning (BT) or triple-tree-partitioning (TT) or any combination thereof, and to perform, e.g., the prediction for each of the block partitions or sub-blocks, wherein the mode selection comprises the selection of the tree-structure of the
15 partitioned block 203 and the prediction modes are applied to each of the block partitions or sub-blocks.

In the following the partitioning (e.g. by partitioning unit 260) and prediction processing (by inter-prediction unit 244 and intra-prediction unit 254) performed by an example video encoder 20 will be explained in more detail.

20 Partitioning

The partitioning unit 262 may partition (or split) a current block 203 into smaller partitions, e.g. smaller blocks of square or rectangular size. These smaller blocks (which may also be referred to as sub-blocks) may be further partitioned into even smaller partitions. This is also referred to tree-partitioning or hierarchical tree-partitioning, wherein a root block, e.g. at root
25 tree-level 0 (hierarchy-level 0, depth 0), may be recursively partitioned, e.g. partitioned into two or more blocks of a next lower tree-level, e.g. nodes at tree-level 1 (hierarchy-level 1, depth 1), wherein these blocks may be again partitioned into two or more blocks of a next lower level, e.g. tree-level 2 (hierarchy-level 2, depth 2), etc. until the partitioning is terminated, e.g. because a termination criterion is fulfilled, e.g. a maximum tree depth or
30 minimum block size is reached. Blocks which are not further partitioned are also referred to as leaf-blocks or leaf nodes of the tree. A tree using partitioning into two partitions is referred to as binary-tree (BT), a tree using partitioning into three partitions is referred to as ternary-tree (TT), and a tree using partitioning into four partitions is referred to as quad-tree (QT).

As mentioned before, the term “block” as used herein may be a portion, in particular a square or rectangular portion, of a picture. With reference, for example, to HEVC and VVC, the block may be or correspond to a coding tree unit (CTU), a coding unit (CU), prediction unit (PU), and transform unit (TU) and/or to the corresponding blocks, e.g. a coding tree block (CTB), a coding block (CB), a transform block (TB) or prediction block (PB).

For example, a coding tree unit (CTU) may be or comprise a CTB of luma samples, two corresponding CTBs of chroma samples of a picture that has three sample arrays, or a CTB of samples of a monochrome picture or a picture that is coded using three separate colour planes and syntax structures used to code the samples. Correspondingly, a coding tree block (CTB) may be an $N \times N$ block of samples for some value of N such that the division of a component into CTBs is a partitioning. A coding unit (CU) may be or comprise a coding block of luma samples, two corresponding coding blocks of chroma samples of a picture that has three sample arrays, or a coding block of samples of a monochrome picture or a picture that is coded using three separate colour planes and syntax structures used to code the samples.

Correspondingly a coding block (CB) may be an $M \times N$ block of samples for some values of M and N such that the division of a CTB into coding blocks is a partitioning.

In embodiments, e.g., according to HEVC, a coding tree unit (CTU) may be split into CUs by using a quad-tree structure denoted as coding tree. The decision whether to code a picture area using inter-picture (temporal) or intra-picture (spatial) prediction is made at the CU level. Each CU can be further split into one, two or four PUs according to the PU splitting type. Inside one PU, the same prediction process is applied and the relevant information is transmitted to the decoder on a PU basis. After obtaining the residual block by applying the prediction process based on the PU splitting type, a CU can be partitioned into transform units (TUs) according to another quadtree structure similar to the coding tree for the CU.

In embodiments, e.g., according to the latest video coding standard currently in development, which is referred to as Versatile Video Coding (VVC), a combined Quad-tree and binary tree (QTBT) partitioning is for example used to partition a coding block. In the QTBT block structure, a CU can have either a square or rectangular shape. For example, a coding tree unit (CTU) is first partitioned by a quadtree structure. The quadtree leaf nodes are further partitioned by a binary tree or ternary (or triple) tree structure. The partitioning tree leaf nodes are called coding units (CUs), and that segmentation is used for prediction and transform processing without any further partitioning. This means that the CU, PU and TU have the same block size in the QTBT coding block structure. In parallel, multiple partition, for example, triple tree partition may be used together with the QTBT block structure.

In one example, the mode selection unit 260 of video encoder 20 may be configured to perform any combination of the partitioning techniques described herein.

As described above, the video encoder 20 is configured to determine or select the best or an optimum prediction mode from a set of (e.g. pre-determined) prediction modes. The set of prediction modes may comprise, e.g., intra-prediction modes and/or inter-prediction modes.

Intra-Prediction

The set of intra-prediction modes may comprise 35 different intra-prediction modes, e.g. non-directional modes like DC (or mean) mode and planar mode, or directional modes, e.g. as defined in HEVC, or may comprise 67 different intra-prediction modes, e.g. non-directional modes like DC (or mean) mode and planar mode, or directional modes, e.g. as defined for VVC.

The intra-prediction unit 254 is configured to use reconstructed samples of neighboring blocks of the same current picture to generate an intra-prediction block 265 according to an intra-prediction mode of the set of intra-prediction modes.

The intra prediction unit 254 (or in general the mode selection unit 260) is further configured to output intra-prediction parameters (or in general information indicative of the selected intra prediction mode for the block) to the entropy encoding unit 270 in form of syntax elements 266 for inclusion into the encoded picture data 21, so that, e.g., the video decoder 30 may receive and use the prediction parameters for decoding.

Inter-Prediction

The set of (or possible) inter-prediction modes depends on the available reference pictures (i.e. previous at least partially decoded pictures, e.g. stored in DBP 230) and other inter-prediction parameters, e.g. whether the whole reference picture or only a part, e.g. a search window area around the area of the current block, of the reference picture is used for searching for a best matching reference block, and/or e.g. whether pixel interpolation is applied, e.g. half/semi-pel and/or quarter-pel interpolation, or not.

Additional to the above prediction modes, skip mode and/or direct mode may be applied.

The inter prediction unit 244 may include a motion estimation (ME) unit and a motion compensation (MC) unit (both not shown in Fig.2). The motion estimation unit may be configured to receive or obtain the picture block 203 (current picture block 203 of the current picture 17) and a decoded picture 231, or at least one or a plurality of previously reconstructed blocks, e.g. reconstructed blocks of one or a plurality of other/different previously decoded pictures 231, for motion estimation. E.g. a video sequence may comprise the current picture and the previously decoded pictures 231, or in other words, the current

picture and the previously decoded pictures 231 may be part of or form a sequence of pictures forming a video sequence.

The encoder 20 may, e.g., be configured to select a reference block from a plurality of reference blocks of the same or different pictures of the plurality of other pictures and
5 provide a reference picture (or reference picture index) and/or an offset (spatial offset) between the position (x, y coordinates) of the reference block and the position of the current block as inter prediction parameters to the motion estimation unit. This offset is also called motion vector (MV).

The motion compensation unit is configured to obtain, e.g. receive, an inter prediction
10 parameter and to perform inter prediction based on or using the inter prediction parameter to obtain an inter prediction block 265. Motion compensation, performed by the motion compensation unit, may involve fetching or generating the prediction block based on the motion/block vector determined by motion estimation, possibly performing interpolations to sub-pixel precision. Interpolation filtering may generate additional pixel samples from known
15 pixel samples, thus potentially increasing the number of candidate prediction blocks that may be used to code a picture block. Upon receiving the motion vector for the PU of the current picture block, the motion compensation unit may locate the prediction block to which the motion vector points in one of the reference picture lists.

The motion compensation unit may also generate syntax elements associated with the blocks
20 and video slices for use by video decoder 30 in decoding the picture blocks of the video slice. In addition or as an alternative to slices and respective syntax elements, tile groups and/or tiles and respective syntax elements may be generated or used.

Entropy Coding

The entropy encoding unit 270 is configured to apply, for example, an entropy encoding
25 algorithm or scheme (e.g. a variable length coding (VLC) scheme, an context adaptive VLC scheme (CAVLC), an arithmetic coding scheme, a binarization, a context adaptive binary arithmetic coding (CABAC), syntax-based context-adaptive binary arithmetic coding (SBAC), probability interval partitioning entropy (PIPE) coding or another entropy encoding methodology or technique) or bypass (no compression) on the quantized coefficients 209,
30 inter prediction parameters, intra prediction parameters, loop filter parameters and/or other syntax elements to obtain encoded picture data 21 which can be output via the output 272, e.g. in the form of an encoded bitstream 21, so that, e.g., the video decoder 30 may receive and use the parameters for decoding. The encoded bitstream 21 may be transmitted to video decoder 30, or stored in a memory for later transmission or retrieval by video decoder 30.

Other structural variations of the video encoder 20 can be used to encode the video stream. For example, a non-transform based encoder 20 can quantize the residual signal directly without the transform processing unit 206 for certain blocks or frames. In another implementation, an encoder 20 can have the quantization unit 208 and the inverse quantization unit 210 combined into a single unit.

Decoder and Decoding Method

Fig. 3 shows an example of a video decoder 30 that is configured to implement the techniques of this present application. The video decoder 30 is configured to receive encoded picture data 21 (e.g. encoded bitstream 21), e.g. encoded by encoder 20, to obtain a decoded picture 331. The encoded picture data or bitstream comprises information for decoding the encoded picture data, e.g. data that represents picture blocks of an encoded video slice (and/or tile groups or tiles) and associated syntax elements.

In the example of Fig. 3, the decoder 30 comprises an entropy decoding unit 304, an inverse quantization unit 310, an inverse transform processing unit 312, a reconstruction unit 314 (e.g. a summer 314), a loop filter 320, a decoded picture buffer (DPB) 330, a mode application unit 360, an inter prediction unit 344 and an intra prediction unit 354. Inter prediction unit 344 may be or include a motion compensation unit. Video decoder 30 may, in some examples, perform a decoding pass generally reciprocal to the encoding pass described with respect to video encoder 100 from FIG. 2.

As explained with regard to the encoder 20, the inverse quantization unit 210, the inverse transform processing unit 212, the reconstruction unit 214 the loop filter 220, the decoded picture buffer (DPB) 230, the inter prediction unit 344 and the intra prediction unit 354 are also referred to as forming the “built-in decoder” of video encoder 20. Accordingly, the inverse quantization unit 310 may be identical in function to the inverse quantization unit 110, the inverse transform processing unit 312 may be identical in function to the inverse transform processing unit 212, the reconstruction unit 314 may be identical in function to reconstruction unit 214, the loop filter 320 may be identical in function to the loop filter 220, and the decoded picture buffer 330 may be identical in function to the decoded picture buffer 230. Therefore, the explanations provided for the respective units and functions of the video 20 encoder apply correspondingly to the respective units and functions of the video decoder 30.

Entropy Decoding

The entropy decoding unit 304 is configured to parse the bitstream 21 (or in general encoded picture data 21) and perform, for example, entropy decoding to the encoded picture data 21 to

obtain, e.g., quantized coefficients 309 and/or decoded coding parameters (not shown in Fig. 3), e.g. any or all of inter prediction parameters (e.g. reference picture index and motion vector), intra prediction parameter (e.g. intra prediction mode or index), transform parameters, quantization parameters, loop filter parameters, and/or other syntax elements.

- 5 Entropy decoding unit 304 may be configured to apply the decoding algorithms or schemes corresponding to the encoding schemes as described with regard to the entropy encoding unit 270 of the encoder 20. Entropy decoding unit 304 may be further configured to provide inter prediction parameters, intra prediction parameter and/or other syntax elements to the mode application unit 360 and other parameters to other units of the decoder 30. Video decoder 30
- 10 may receive the syntax elements at the video slice level and/or the video block level. In addition or as an alternative to slices and respective syntax elements, tile groups and/or tiles and respective syntax elements may be received and/or used.

Inverse Quantization

- The inverse quantization unit 310 may be configured to receive quantization parameters (QP)
- 15 (or in general information related to the inverse quantization) and quantized coefficients from the encoded picture data 21 (e.g. by parsing and/or decoding, e.g. by entropy decoding unit 304) and to apply based on the quantization parameters an inverse quantization on the decoded quantized coefficients 309 to obtain dequantized coefficients 311, which may also be referred to as transform coefficients 311. The inverse quantization process may include
- 20 use of a quantization parameter determined by video encoder 20 for each video block in the video slice (or tile or tile group) to determine a degree of quantization and, likewise, a degree of inverse quantization that should be applied.

Inverse Transform

- Inverse transform processing unit 312 may be configured to receive dequantized coefficients
- 25 311, also referred to as transform coefficients 311, and to apply a transform to the dequantized coefficients 311 in order to obtain reconstructed residual blocks 213 in the sample domain. The reconstructed residual blocks 213 may also be referred to as transform blocks 313. The transform may be an inverse transform, e.g., an inverse DCT, an inverse DST, an inverse integer transform, or a conceptually similar inverse transform process. The
- 30 inverse transform processing unit 312 may be further configured to receive transform parameters or corresponding information from the encoded picture data 21 (e.g. by parsing and/or decoding, e.g. by entropy decoding unit 304) to determine the transform to be applied to the dequantized coefficients 311.

Reconstruction

The reconstruction unit 314 (e.g. adder or summer 314) may be configured to add the reconstructed residual block 313, to the prediction block 365 to obtain a reconstructed block 315 in the sample domain, e.g. by adding the sample values of the reconstructed residual block 313 and the sample values of the prediction block 365.

Filtering

The loop filter unit 320 (either in the coding loop or after the coding loop) is configured to filter the reconstructed block 315 to obtain a filtered block 321, e.g. to smooth pixel transitions, or otherwise improve the video quality. The loop filter unit 320 may comprise one or more loop filters such as a de-blocking filter, a sample-adaptive offset (SAO) filter or one or more other filters, e.g. a bilateral filter, an adaptive loop filter (ALF), a sharpening, a smoothing filters or a collaborative filters, or any combination thereof. Although the loop filter unit 320 is shown in FIG. 3 as being an in loop filter, in other configurations, the loop filter unit 320 may be implemented as a post loop filter.

Decoded Picture Buffer

The decoded video blocks 321 of a picture are then stored in decoded picture buffer 330, which stores the decoded pictures 331 as reference pictures for subsequent motion compensation for other pictures and/or for output respectively display.

The decoder 30 is configured to output the decoded picture 311, e.g. via output 312, for presentation or viewing to a user.

Prediction

The inter prediction unit 344 may be identical to the inter prediction unit 244 (in particular to the motion compensation unit) and the intra prediction unit 354 may be identical to the inter prediction unit 254 in function, and performs split or partitioning decisions and prediction based on the partitioning and/or prediction parameters or respective information received from the encoded picture data 21 (e.g. by parsing and/or decoding, e.g. by entropy decoding unit 304). Mode application unit 360 may be configured to perform the prediction (intra or inter prediction) per block based on reconstructed pictures, blocks or respective samples (filtered or unfiltered) to obtain the prediction block 365.

When the video slice is coded as an intra coded (I) slice, intra prediction unit 354 of mode application unit 360 is configured to generate prediction block 365 for a picture block of the current video slice based on a signaled intra prediction mode and data from previously decoded blocks of the current picture. When the video picture is coded as an inter coded (i.e., B, or P) slice, inter prediction unit 344 (e.g. motion compensation unit) of mode application

unit 360 is configured to produce prediction blocks 365 for a video block of the current video slice based on the motion vectors and other syntax elements received from entropy decoding unit 304. For inter prediction, the prediction blocks may be produced from one of the reference pictures within one of the reference picture lists. Video decoder 30 may construct the reference frame lists, List 0 and List 1, using default construction techniques based on reference pictures stored in DPB 330. The same or similar may be applied for or by embodiments using tile groups (e.g. video tile groups) and/or tiles (e.g. video tiles) in addition or alternatively to slices (e.g. video slices), e.g. a video may be coded using I, P or B tile groups and /or tiles.

Mode application unit 360 is configured to determine the prediction information for a video block of the current video slice by parsing the motion vectors or related information and other syntax elements, and uses the prediction information to produce the prediction blocks for the current video block being decoded. For example, the mode application unit 360 uses some of the received syntax elements to determine a prediction mode (e.g., intra or inter prediction) used to code the video blocks of the video slice, an inter prediction slice type (e.g., B slice, P slice, or GPB slice), construction information for one or more of the reference picture lists for the slice, motion vectors for each inter encoded video block of the slice, inter prediction status for each inter coded video block of the slice, and other information to decode the video blocks in the current video slice. The same or similar may be applied for or by embodiments using tile groups (e.g. video tile groups) and/or tiles (e.g. video tiles) in addition or alternatively to slices (e.g. video slices), e.g. a video may be coded using I, P or B tile groups and/or tiles.

Embodiments of the video decoder 30 as shown in Fig. 3 may be configured to partition and/or decode the picture by using slices (also referred to as video slices), wherein a picture may be partitioned into or decoded using one or more slices (typically non-overlapping), and each slice may comprise one or more blocks (e.g. CTUs).

Embodiments of the video decoder 30 as shown in Fig. 3 may be configured to partition and/or decode the picture by using tile groups (also referred to as video tile groups) and/or tiles (also referred to as video tiles), wherein a picture may be partitioned into or decoded using one or more tile groups (typically non-overlapping), and each tile group may comprise, e.g. one or more blocks (e.g. CTUs) or one or more tiles, wherein each tile, e.g. may be of rectangular shape and may comprise one or more blocks (e.g. CTUs), e.g. complete or fractional blocks.

Other variations of the video decoder 30 can be used to decode the encoded picture data 21. For example, the decoder 30 can produce the output video stream without the loop filtering unit 320. For example, a non-transform based decoder 30 can inverse-quantize the residual signal directly without the inverse-transform processing unit 312 for certain blocks or frames.

- 5 In another implementation, the video decoder 30 can have the inverse-quantization unit 310 and the inverse-transform processing unit 312 combined into a single unit.

It should be understood that, in the encoder 20 and the decoder 30, a processing result of a current step may be further processed and then output to the next step. For example, after interpolation filtering, motion vector derivation or loop filtering, a further operation, such as
10 Clip or shift, may be performed on the processing result of the interpolation filtering, motion vector derivation or loop filtering.

It should be noted that further operations may be applied to the derived motion vectors of current block (including but not limit to control point motion vectors of affine mode, sub-block motion vectors in affine, planar, ATMVP modes, temporal motion vectors, and so on).

- 15 For example, the value of motion vector is constrained to a predefined range according to its representing bit. If the representing bit of motion vector is bitDepth, then the range is - $2^{(\text{bitDepth}-1)} \sim 2^{(\text{bitDepth}-1)}-1$, where “^” means exponentiation. For example, if bitDepth is set equal to 16, the range is -32768 ~ 32767; if bitDepth is set equal to 18, the range is -131072~131071. For example, the value of the derived motion vector (e.g. the MVs
20 of four 4x4 sub-blocks within one 8x8 block) is constrained such that the max difference between integer parts of the four 4x4 sub-block MVs is no more than N pixels, such as no more than 1 pixel. Here provides two methods for constraining the motion vector according to the bitDepth.

Method 1: remove the overflow MSB (most significant bit) by flowing operations

$$25 \quad ux = (mvx + 2^{\text{bitDepth}}) \% 2^{\text{bitDepth}} \quad (1)$$

$$mvx = (ux \geq 2^{\text{bitDepth}-1}) ? (ux - 2^{\text{bitDepth}}) : ux \quad (2)$$

$$uy = (mvy + 2^{\text{bitDepth}}) \% 2^{\text{bitDepth}} \quad (3)$$

$$mvy = (uy \geq 2^{\text{bitDepth}-1}) ? (uy - 2^{\text{bitDepth}}) : uy \quad (4)$$

- where mvx is a horizontal component of a motion vector of an image block or a sub-block,
30 mvy is a vertical component of a motion vector of an image block or a sub-block, and ux and uy indicates an intermediate value;

- For example, if the value of mvx is -32769, after applying formula (1) and (2), the resulting value is 32767. In computer system, decimal numbers are stored as two's complement. The two's complement of -32769 is 1,0111,1111,1111,1111 (17 bits), then the MSB is discarded, so the resulting two's complement is 0111,1111,1111,1111 (decimal number is 32767), which is same as the output by applying formula (1) and (2).

$$ux = (mvp_x + mvd_x + 2^{\text{bitDepth}}) \% 2^{\text{bitDepth}} \quad (5)$$

$$mvx = (ux \geq 2^{\text{bitDepth}-1}) ? (ux - 2^{\text{bitDepth}}) : ux \quad (6)$$

$$uy = (mvp_y + mvd_y + 2^{\text{bitDepth}}) \% 2^{\text{bitDepth}} \quad (7)$$

$$mvy = (uy \geq 2^{\text{bitDepth}-1}) ? (uy - 2^{\text{bitDepth}}) : uy \quad (8)$$

- 10 The operations may be applied during the sum of mvp and mvd, as shown in formula (5) to (8).

Method 2: remove the overflow MSB by clipping the value

$$vx = \text{Clip3}(-2^{\text{bitDepth}-1}, 2^{\text{bitDepth}-1} - 1, vx)$$

$$vy = \text{Clip3}(-2^{\text{bitDepth}-1}, 2^{\text{bitDepth}-1} - 1, vy)$$

- 15 where vx is a horizontal component of a motion vector of an image block or a sub-block, vy is a vertical component of a motion vector of an image block or a sub-block; x, y and z respectively correspond to three input value of the MV clipping process, and the definition of function Clip3 is as follow:

$$\text{Clip3}(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} x & ; & z < x \\ y & ; & z > y \\ z & ; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- 20 FIG. 4 is a schematic diagram of a video coding device 400 according to an embodiment of the disclosure. The video coding device 400 is suitable for implementing the disclosed embodiments as described herein. In an embodiment, the video coding device 400 may be a decoder such as video decoder 30 of FIG. 1A or an encoder such as video encoder 20 of FIG. 1A.
- 25 The video coding device 400 comprises ingress ports 410 (or input ports 410) and receiver units (Rx) 420 for receiving data; a processor, logic unit, or central processing unit (CPU) 430 to process the data; transmitter units (Tx) 440 and egress ports 450 (or output ports 450) for transmitting the data; and a memory 460 for storing the data. The video coding device 400 may also comprise optical-to-electrical (OE) components and electrical-to-optical (EO)

components coupled to the ingress ports 410, the receiver units 420, the transmitter units 440, and the egress ports 450 for egress or ingress of optical or electrical signals.

The processor 430 is implemented by hardware and software. The processor 430 may be implemented as one or more CPU chips, cores (e.g., as a multi-core processor), FPGAs,

5 ASICs, and DSPs. The processor 430 is in communication with the ingress ports 410, receiver units 420, transmitter units 440, egress ports 450, and memory 460. The processor 430 comprises a coding module 470. The coding module 470 implements the disclosed embodiments described above. For instance, the coding module 470 implements, processes, prepares, or provides the various coding operations. The inclusion of the coding module 470
10 therefore provides a substantial improvement to the functionality of the video coding device 400 and effects a transformation of the video coding device 400 to a different state.

Alternatively, the coding module 470 is implemented as instructions stored in the memory 460 and executed by the processor 430.

The memory 460 may comprise one or more disks, tape drives, and solid-state drives and
15 may be used as an over-flow data storage device, to store programs when such programs are selected for execution, and to store instructions and data that are read during program execution. The memory 460 may be, for example, volatile and/or non-volatile and may be a read-only memory (ROM), random access memory (RAM), ternary content-addressable memory (TCAM), and/or static random-access memory (SRAM).

20 Fig. 5 is a simplified block diagram of an apparatus 500 that may be used as either or both of the source device 12 and the destination device 14 from Fig. 1 according to an exemplary embodiment.

A processor 502 in the apparatus 500 can be a central processing unit. Alternatively, the processor 502 can be any other type of device, or multiple devices, capable of manipulating
25 or processing information now-existing or hereafter developed. Although the disclosed implementations can be practiced with a single processor as shown, e.g., the processor 502, advantages in speed and efficiency can be achieved using more than one processor.

A memory 504 in the apparatus 500 can be a read only memory (ROM) device or a random access memory (RAM) device in an implementation. Any other suitable type of storage
30 device can be used as the memory 504. The memory 504 can include code and data 506 that is accessed by the processor 502 using a bus 512. The memory 504 can further include an operating system 508 and application programs 510, the application programs 510 including at least one program that permits the processor 502 to perform the methods described here.

For example, the application programs 510 can include applications 1 through N, which further include a video coding application that performs the methods described here.

The apparatus 500 can also include one or more output devices, such as a display 518. The display 518 may be, in one example, a touch sensitive display that combines a display with a touch sensitive element that is operable to sense touch inputs. The display 518 can be coupled to the processor 502 via the bus 512.

Although depicted here as a single bus, the bus 512 of the apparatus 500 can be composed of multiple buses. Further, the secondary storage 514 can be directly coupled to the other components of the apparatus 500 or can be accessed via a network and can comprise a single integrated unit such as a memory card or multiple units such as multiple memory cards. The apparatus 500 can thus be implemented in a wide variety of configurations.

Triangular partitioning mode (TPM) and geometric motion partitioning (GEO) also known as triangular merge mode and geometric merge mode, respectively, are partitioning techniques that enable non-horizontal and non-vertical boundaries between prediction partitions, where prediction unit PU1 and prediction unit PU1 are combined in a region using a weighted averaging procedure of subsets of their samples related to different color components. TPM enables boundaries between prediction partitions along a rectangular block diagonals, whereas boundaries according to GEO may be located at arbitrary positions. In a region that a weighted averaging procedure is applied to, integer numbers within squares denote weights W_{PU1} applied to luma component of prediction unit PU1. In an example, weights W_{PU2} applied to luma component of prediction unit PU2 are calculated as follows:

$$W_{PU2} = 8 - W_{PU1}.$$

Weights applied to chroma components of corresponding prediction units may differ from weights applied to luma components of corresponding prediction units.

Details on the syntax for TPM are presented in Table 1, where 4 syntax elements are used to signal information on TPM:

MergeTriangleFlag is a flag that identifies whether TPM is selected or not ("0" means that TPM is not selected; otherwise, TPM is chosen);
merge_triangle_split_dir is a split direction flag for TPM ("0" means the split direction from top-left corner to the below-right corner; otherwise, the split direction is from top-right corner to the below-left corner);

merge_triangle_idx0 and merge_triangle_idx1 are indices of merge candidates 0 and 1 used for TPM.

Table 1. Merge data syntax including syntax for TPM

merge_data(x0, y0, cbWidth, cbHeight) {	Descriptor
if (CuPredMode[x0][y0] == MODE_IBC) {	
if(MaxNumMergeCand > 1)	
merge_idx[x0][y0]	ae(v)
} else {	
if(sps_mmvd_enabled_flag cbWidth * cbHeight != 32)	
regular_merge_flag[x0][y0]	ae(v)
if (regular_merge_flag[x0][y0] == 1) {	
if(MaxNumMergeCand > 1)	
merge_idx[x0][y0]	ae(v)
} else {	
if(sps_mmvd_enabled_flag && cbWidth * cbHeight != 32)	
mmvd_merge_flag[x0][y0]	ae(v)
if(mmvd_merge_flag[x0][y0] == 1) {	
if(MaxNumMergeCand > 1)	
mmvd_cand_flag[x0][y0]	ae(v)
mmvd_distance_idx[x0][y0]	ae(v)
mmvd_direction_idx[x0][y0]	ae(v)
} else {	
if(MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 0 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8)	
merge_subblock_flag[x0][y0]	ae(v)
if(merge_subblock_flag[x0][y0] == 1) {	
if(MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 1)	
merge_subblock_idx[x0][y0]	ae(v)
} else {	
if(sps_ciip_enabled_flag && cu_skip_flag[x0][y0] == 0 && (cbWidth * cbHeight) >= 64 && cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128) {	
ciip_flag[x0][y0]	ae(v)
if(ciip_flag[x0][y0] && MaxNumMergeCand > 1)	
merge_idx[x0][y0]	ae(v)
}	
if(MergeTriangleFlag[x0][y0]) {	
merge_triangle_split_dir[x0][y0]	ae(v)
merge_triangle_idx0[x0][y0]	ae(v)
merge_triangle_idx1[x0][y0]	ae(v)
}	
}	
}	
}	
}	

In an example, TPM is described in the following proposal: R-L. Liao and C.S. Lim
 “CE10.3.1.b: Triangular prediction unit mode,” contribution JVET-L0124 to the 12th JVET
 meeting, Macao, China, October 2018. GEO is explained in the following paper: S. Esenlik,
 H. Gao, A. Filippov, V. Ruffitskiy, A. M. Kotra, B. Wang, E. Alshina, M. Bläser, and J.
 5 Sauer, “Non-CE4: Geometrical partitioning for inter blocks,” contribution JVET-O0489 to
 the 15th JVET meeting, Gothenburg, Sweden, July 2019.

An disclosed way to harmonize TPM and / or GEO with WP is to disable them when WP is
 applied. The 1st implementation is shown in Table 2, whether the value of the
weightedPredFlag variable is equal to 0 for a coding unit is checked.

- 10 The variable **weightedPredFlag** is derived as follows:
- If **slice_type** is equal to P, **weightedPredFlag** is set equal to **pps_weighted_pred_flag**.
 - Otherwise (**slice_type** is equal to B), **weightedPredFlag** is set equal to
pps_weighted_bipred_flag.

- Weighted prediction process may be switched at picture level and slice level, using
 15 **pps_weighted_pred_flag** and **sps_weighted_pred_flag** syntax elements, respectively.

As disclosed above, the variable **weightedPredFlag** indicates whether slice-level weighted
 prediction should be used, when obtaining inter predicted samples of the slice.

Table 2. The disclosed merge data syntax to harmonize TPM with WP

merge_data(x0, y0, cbWidth, cbHeight, chType) {	Descriptor
if (CuPredMode[chType][x0][y0] == MODE_IBC) {	
if(MaxNumIbcMergeCand > 1)	
merge_idx [x0][y0]	ae(v)
} else {	
if(MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 0 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8)	
merge_subblock_flag [x0][y0]	ae(v)
if(merge_subblock_flag[x0][y0] == 1) {	
if(MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 1)	
merge_subblock_idx [x0][y0]	ae(v)
} else {	
if((cbWidth * cbHeight) >= 64 && (sps_ciip_enabled_flag && cu_skip_flag[x0][y0] == 0 && cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128) (sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumTriangleMergeCand > 1 && slice_type == B))	
regular_merge_flag [x0][y0]	ae(v)
if (regular_merge_flag[x0][y0] == 1) {	
if(sps_mmvd_enabled_flag)	
mmvd_merge_flag [x0][y0]	ae(v)
if(mmvd_merge_flag[x0][y0] == 1) {	
if(MaxNumMergeCand > 1)	
mmvd_cand_flag [x0][y0]	ae(v)
mmvd_distance_idx [x0][y0]	ae(v)
mmvd_direction_idx [x0][y0]	ae(v)
} else {	
if(MaxNumMergeCand > 1)	
merge_idx [x0][y0]	ae(v)
}	
} else {	
if(sps_ciip_enabled_flag && sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumTriangleMergeCand > 1 && weightedPredFlag == 0 && slice_type == B && cu_skip_flag[x0][y0] == 0 && (cbWidth * cbHeight) >= 64 && cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128) {	
ciip_flag [x0][y0]	ae(v)
if(ciip_flag[x0][y0] && MaxNumMergeCand > 1)	
merge_idx [x0][y0]	ae(v)
if(!ciip_flag[x0][y0] && MaxNumTriangleMergeCand > 1) {	
merge_triangle_split_dir [x0][y0]	ae(v)
merge_triangle_idx0 [x0][y0]	ae(v)
merge_triangle_idx1 [x0][y0]	ae(v)
}	
}	
}	
}	
}	

ciip_flag[x0][y0] specifies whether the combined inter-picture merge and intra-picture prediction is applied for the current coding unit. The array indices x0, y0 specify the location (x0, y0) of the top-left luma sample of the considered coding block relative to the top-left luma sample of the picture.

- 5 When **ciip_flag**[x0][y0] is not present, it is inferred as follows:
 - If all the following conditions are true, **ciip_flag**[x0][y0] is inferred to be equal to 1:
 - **sps_ciip_enabled_flag** is equal to 1.
 - **general_merge_flag**[x0][y0] is equal to 1.
 - **merge_subblock_flag**[x0][y0] is equal to 0.
 - 10 – **regular_merge_flag**[x0][y0] is equal to 0.
 - **cbWidth** is less than 128.
 - **cbHeight** is less than 128.
 - **cbWidth * cbHeight** is greater than or equal to 64.
 - Otherwise, **ciip_flag**[x0][y0] is inferred to be equal to 0.
- 15 When **ciip_flag**[x0][y0] is equal to 1, the variable **IntraPredModeY**[x][y] with $x = x0..x0 + cbWidth - 1$ and $y = y0..y0 + cbHeight - 1$ is set to be equal to **INTRA_PLANAR**.
 The variable **MergeTriangleFlag**[x0][y0], which specifies whether triangular shape based motion compensation is used to generate the prediction samples of the current coding unit,
 20 when decoding a B slice, is derived as follows:
 - If all the following conditions are true, **MergeTriangleFlag**[x0][y0] is set equal to 1:
 - **sps_triangle_enabled_flag** is equal to 1.
 - **slice_type** is equal to B.
 - **general_merge_flag**[x0][y0] is equal to 1.
 - 25 – **MaxNumTriangleMergeCand** is greater than or equal to 2.
 - **cbWidth * cbHeight** is greater than or equal to 64.
 - **regular_merge_flag**[x0][y0] is equal to 0.
 - **merge_subblock_flag**[x0][y0] is equal to 0.

- ciip_flag[x0][y0] is equal to 0.
- weightedPredFlag is equal to 0.
- Otherwise, MergeTriangleFlag[x0][y0] is set equal to 0.

The 2nd implementation is presented in Table 3. If weightedPredFlag is equal to 1, the syntax element **max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand** is not present and inferred with such a value that MaxNumTriangleMergeCand becomes less than 2.

Table 3. The disclosed general slice header syntax to harmonize TPM with WP

slice_header() {	Descriptor
slice_pic_parameter_set_id	ue(v)
if(rect_slice_flag NumBricksInPic > 1)	
slice_address	u(v)
if(!rect_slice_flag && !single_brick_per_slice_flag)	
num_bricks_in_slice_minus1	ue(v)
non_reference_picture_flag	u(1)
slice_type	ue(v)
if(separate_colour_plane_flag == 1)	
colour_plane_id	u(2)
slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb	u(v)
if(nal_unit_type == GDR_NUT)	
recovery_poc_cnt	ue(v)
if(nal_unit_type == IDR_W_RADL nal_unit_type == IDR_N_LP nal_unit_type == CRA_NUT NalUnitType == GDR_NUT)	
no_output_of_prior_pics_flag	u(1)
if(output_flag_present_flag)	
pic_output_flag	u(1)
if((nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type != IDR_N_LP) sps_idr_rpl_present_flag) {	
for(i = 0; i < 2; i++) {	
if(num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[i] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[i] && (i == 0 (i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag)))	
ref_pic_list_sps_flag[i]	u(1)
if(ref_pic_list_sps_flag[i]) {	
if(num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[i] > 1 && (i == 0 (i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag)))	
ref_pic_list_idx[i]	u(v)
} else	
ref_pic_list_struct(i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[i])	
for(j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[i][RplIdx[i]]; j++) {	
if(ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[i][RplIdx[i]])	
slice_poc_lsb_lt[i][j]	u(v)
delta_poc_msb_present_flag[i][j]	u(1)
if(delta_poc_msb_present_flag[i][j])	
delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[i][j]	ue(v)

}	
}	
if((slice_type != I && num_ref_entries[0][RplIdx[0]] > 1) (slice_type == B && num_ref_entries[1][RplIdx[1]] > 1)) {	
num_ref_idx_active_override_flag	u(1)
if(num_ref_idx_active_override_flag)	
for(i = 0; i < (slice_type == B ? 2 : 1); i++)	
if(num_ref_entries[i][RplIdx[i]] > 1)	
num_ref_idx_active_minus1[i]	ue(v)
}	
}	
if(partition_constraints_override_enabled_flag) {	
partition_constraints_override_flag	ue(v)
if(partition_constraints_override_flag) {	
slice_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_luma	ue(v)
slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_luma	ue(v)
if(slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_luma != 0)	
slice_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_luma	ue(v)
slice_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_luma	ue(v)
}	
if(slice_type == I && qtbtt_dual_tree_intra_flag) {	
slice_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_chroma	ue(v)
slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_chroma	ue(v)
if(slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_chroma != 0)	
slice_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_chroma	ue(v)
slice_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_chroma	ue(v)
}	
}	
}	
}	
if(slice_type != I) {	
if(sps_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag && !pps_temporal_mvp_enabled_idc)	
slice_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(slice_type == B && !pps_mvd_l1_zero_idc)	
mvd_l1_zero_flag	u(1)
if(cabac_init_present_flag)	
cabac_init_flag	u(1)
if(slice_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag) {	
if(slice_type == B && !pps_collocated_from_l0_idc)	
collocated_from_l0_flag	u(1)
if((collocated_from_l0_flag && NumRefIdxActive[0] > 1) (!collocated_from_l0_flag && NumRefIdxActive[1] > 1))	
collocated_ref_idx	ue(v)
}	
if((pps_weighted_pred_flag && slice_type == P) (pps_weighted_bipred_flag && slice_type == B))	
pred_weight_table()	

if(!pps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand_plus1)	
six_minus_max_num_merge_cand	ue(v)
if(sps_affine_enabled_flag && !pps_five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand_plus1)	
five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand	ue(v)
if(sps_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag)	
slice_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(sps_bdof_dmvr_slice_present_flag)	
slice_disable_bdof_dmvr_flag	u(1)
if(sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 && slice_type == B && !weightedPredFlag && !pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_minus1) {	
max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand	ue(v)
}	
}	
if (sps_ibc_enabled_flag)	
slice_six_minus_max_num_ibc_merge_cand	ue(v)
if(sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag)	
slice_joint_cbr_sign_flag	u(1)
slice_qp_delta	se(v)
if(pps_slice_chroma_qp_offsets_present_flag) {	
slice_cb_qp_offset	se(v)
slice_cr_qp_offset	se(v)
if(sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag)	
slice_joint_cbr_qp_offset	se(v)
}	
if(sps_sao_enabled_flag) {	
slice_sao_luma_flag	u(1)
if(ChromaArrayType != 0)	
slice_sao_chroma_flag	u(1)
}	
if(sps_alf_enabled_flag) {	
slice_alf_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(slice_alf_enabled_flag) {	
slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma	u(3)
for(i = 0; i < slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma; i++)	
slice_alf_aps_id_luma[i]	u(3)
if(ChromaArrayType != 0)	
slice_alf_chroma_idc	u(2)
if(slice_alf_chroma_idc)	
slice_alf_aps_id_chroma	u(3)
}	
}	
if (!pps_dep_quant_enabled_flag)	
dep_quant_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(!dep_quant_enabled_flag)	
sign_data_hiding_enabled_flag	u(1)

if(deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag)	
deblocking_filter_override_flag	u(1)
if(deblocking_filter_override_flag) {	
slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag	u(1)
if(!slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag) {	
slice_beta_offset_div2	se(v)
slice_tc_offset_div2	se(v)
}	
}	
if(sps_lmcs_enabled_flag) {	
slice_lmcs_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(slice_lmcs_enabled_flag) {	
slice_lmcs_aps_id	u(2)
if(ChromaArrayType != 0)	
slice_chroma_residual_scale_flag	u(1)
}	
}	
if(sps_scaling_list_enabled_flag) {	
slice_scaling_list_present_flag	u(1)
if(slice_scaling_list_present_flag)	
slice_scaling_list_aps_id	u(3)
}	
if(entry_point_offsets_present_flag && NumEntryPoints > 0) {	
offset_len_minus1	ue(v)
for(i = 0; i < NumEntryPoints; i++)	
entry_point_offset_minus1[i]	u(v)
}	
if(slice_header_extension_present_flag) {	
slice_header_extension_length	ue(v)
for(i = 0; i < slice_header_extension_length; i++)	
slice_header_extension_data_byte[i]	u(8)
}	
byte_alignment()	
}	

In particular, the following semantics can be used for the 2nd implementation:

max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand specifies the maximum number of triangular merge mode candidates supported in the slice subtracted from MaxNumMergeCand.

- When **max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand** is not present, and **sps_triangle_enabled_flag** is equal to 1, **slice_type** is equal to B, **weightedPredFlag** is equal to 0, and **MaxNumMergeCand** greater than or equal to 2, **max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand** is inferred to be equal to **pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_minus1 + 1**.

- When `max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand` is not present, and `sps_triangle_enabled_flag` is equal to 1, `slice_type` is equal to B, `weightedPredFlag` is equal to 1, and `MaxNumMergeCand` greater than or equal to 2, `max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand` is inferred to be equal to
- 5 `MaxNumMergeCand` or `MaxNumMergeCand-1`.

The maximum number of triangular merge mode candidates, `MaxNumTriangleMergeCand` is derived as follows:

$$\text{MaxNumTriangleMergeCand} = \text{MaxNumMergeCand} - \text{max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand}$$

- 10 When `max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand` is present, the value of `MaxNumTriangleMergeCand` shall be in the range of 2 to `MaxNumMergeCand`, inclusive.
- When `max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand` is not present, and (`sps_triangle_enabled_flag` is equal to 0 or `MaxNumMergeCand` is less than 2), `MaxNumTriangleMergeCand` is set equal to 0.
- 15 When `MaxNumTriangleMergeCand` is equal to 0, triangle merge mode is not allowed for the current slice.

The disclosed mechanisms are applicable not only TPM and GEO, but also other non-rectangular prediction and partitioning modes such as combined intra-inter prediction with triangular partitions.

- 20 Since TPM and GEO is only applied in B slice, the variable `weightedPredFlag` in aforementioned embodiments can be replaced by the variable `pps_weighted_bipred_flag` directly.

The 3rd implementation is shown in Table 6, whether the value of the **weightedPredFlag** variable is equal to 0 for a coding unit is checked.

- 25 The variable `weightedPredFlag` is derived as follows:

- If all of the following conditions are true, `weightedPredFlag` is set to 0
 - `luma_weight_10_flag[i]` is equal to 0 for `i` from 0 to `NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]`
 - `luma_weight_11_flag[i]` is equal to 0 for `i` from 0 to `NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]`
 - `chroma_weight_10_flag[i]` is equal to 0 for `i` from 0 to `NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]`
 - 30 `chroma_weight_10_flag[i]` is equal to 0 for `i` from 0 to `NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]`
- Otherwise, `weightedPredFlag` is set to 1.

The derivation process of weightedPredFlag means: if all weighted flags for luma and chroma components, and for all reference index of current slice is 0, weighted prediction is disabled in current slice; otherwise, weighted prediction may be used for current slice.

As disclosed above, the variable **weightedPredFlag** indicates whether slice-level weighted prediction should be used when obtaining inter predicted samples of the slice.

The 4th implementation is shown in Table 2, with weightedPredFlag being replaced by slice_weighted_pred_flag, which is signaled in the slice header as shown in Table 4.

As disclosed above, the syntax slice_weighted_pred_flag indicates whether slice-level weighted prediction should be used when obtaining inter predicted samples of the slice.

10 **Table 4. The disclosed general slice header syntax to signal slice level weighted prediction flag**

slice_header() {	Descriptor
slice_pic_parameter_set_id	ue(v)
if(rect_slice_flag NumBricksInPic > 1)	
slice_address	u(v)
if(!rect_slice_flag && !single_brick_per_slice_flag)	
num_bricks_in_slice_minus1	ue(v)
non_reference_picture_flag	u(1)
slice_type	ue(v)
if(separate_colour_plane_flag == 1)	
colour_plane_id	u(2)
slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb	u(v)
if(nal_unit_type == GDR_NUT)	
recovery_poc_cnt	ue(v)
if(nal_unit_type == IDR_W_RADL nal_unit_type == IDR_N_LP nal_unit_type == CRA_NUT NalUnitType == GDR_NUT)	
no_output_of_prior_pics_flag	u(1)
if(output_flag_present_flag)	
pic_output_flag	u(1)
if((nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type != IDR_N_LP) sps_idr_rpl_present_flag) {	
for(i = 0; i < 2; i++) {	
if(num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[i] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[i] && (i == 0 (i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag)))	
ref_pic_list_sps_flag[i]	u(1)
if(ref_pic_list_sps_flag[i]) {	
if(num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[i] > 1 && (i == 0 (i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag)))	
ref_pic_list_idx[i]	u(v)
} else	
ref_pic_list_struct(i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[i])	
for(j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[i][RplIdx[i]]; j++) {	
if(ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[i][RplIdx[i]])	

slice_poc_lsb_lt[i][j]	u(v)
delta_poc_msb_present_flag[i][j]	u(1)
if(delta_poc_msb_present_flag[i][j])	
delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[i][j]	ue(v)
}	
}	
if((slice_type != I && num_ref_entries[0][RplIdx[0]] > 1) (slice_type == B && num_ref_entries[1][RplIdx[1]] > 1)) {	
num_ref_idx_active_override_flag	u(1)
if(num_ref_idx_active_override_flag)	
for(i = 0; i < (slice_type == B ? 2 : 1); i++)	
if(num_ref_entries[i][RplIdx[i]] > 1)	
num_ref_idx_active_minus1[i]	ue(v)
}	
}	
if(partition_constraints_override_enabled_flag) {	
partition_constraints_override_flag	ue(v)
if(partition_constraints_override_flag) {	
slice_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_luma	ue(v)
slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_luma	ue(v)
if(slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_luma != 0)	
slice_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_luma	ue(v)
slice_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_luma	ue(v)
}	
if(slice_type == I && qtbt_dual_tree_intra_flag) {	
slice_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_chroma	ue(v)
slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_chroma	ue(v)
if(slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_chroma != 0)	
slice_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_chroma	ue(v)
slice_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_chroma	ue(v)
}	
}	
}	
if(slice_type != I) {	
if(sps_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag && !pps_temporal_mvp_enabled_idc)	
slice_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(slice_type == B && !pps_mvd_l1_zero_idc)	
mvd_l1_zero_flag	u(1)
if(cabac_init_present_flag)	
cabac_init_flag	u(1)
if(slice_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag) {	
if(slice_type == B && !pps_collocated_from_l0_idc)	
collocated_from_l0_flag	u(1)
if((collocated_from_l0_flag && NumRefIdxActive[0] > 1) (!collocated_from_l0_flag && NumRefIdxActive[1] > 1))	

collocated_ref_idx	uc(v)
}	
if((pps_weighted_pred_flag && slice_type == P) (pps_weighted_bipred_flag && slice_type == B))	
slice_weighted_pred_flag	u(1)
if(slice_weighted_pred_flag)	
pred_weight_table()	
if(!pps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand_plus1)	
six_minus_max_num_merge_cand	uc(v)
if(sps_affine_enabled_flag && !pps_five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand_plus1)	
five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand	uc(v)
if(sps_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag)	
slice_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(sps_bdof_dmvr_slice_present_flag)	
slice_disable_bdof_dmvr_flag	u(1)
if(sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 && !pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_minus1) {	
max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand	uc(v)
}	
}	
if(sps_ibc_enabled_flag)	
slice_six_minus_max_num_ibc_merge_cand	uc(v)
if(sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag)	
slice_joint_cbr_sign_flag	u(1)
slice_qp_delta	se(v)
if(pps_slice_chroma_qp_offsets_present_flag) {	
slice_cb_qp_offset	se(v)
slice_cr_qp_offset	se(v)
if(sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag)	
slice_joint_cbr_qp_offset	se(v)
}	
if(sps_sao_enabled_flag) {	
slice_sao_luma_flag	u(1)
if(ChromaArrayType != 0)	
slice_sao_chroma_flag	u(1)
}	
if(sps_alf_enabled_flag) {	
slice_alf_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(slice_alf_enabled_flag) {	
slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma	u(3)
for(i = 0; i < slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma; i++)	
slice_alf_aps_id_luma[i]	u(3)
if(ChromaArrayType != 0)	
slice_alf_chroma_idc	u(2)
if(slice_alf_chroma_idc)	
slice_alf_aps_id_chroma	u(3)

}	
}	
if (!pps_dep_quant_enabled_flag)	
dep_quant_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(!dep_quant_enabled_flag)	
sign_data_hiding_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag)	
deblocking_filter_override_flag	u(1)
if(deblocking_filter_override_flag) {	
slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag	u(1)
if(!slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag) {	
slice_beta_offset_div2	se(v)
slice_tc_offset_div2	se(v)
}	
}	
if(sps_lmcs_enabled_flag) {	
slice_lmcs_enabled_flag	u(1)
if(slice_lmcs_enabled_flag) {	
slice_lmcs_aps_id	u(2)
if(ChromaArrayType != 0)	
slice_chroma_residual_scale_flag	u(1)
}	
}	
if(sps_scaling_list_enabled_flag) {	
slice_scaling_list_present_flag	u(1)
if(slice_scaling_list_present_flag)	
slice_scaling_list_aps_id	u(3)
}	
if(entry_point_offsets_present_flag && NumEntryPoints > 0) {	
offset_len_minus1	ue(v)
for(i = 0; i < NumEntryPoints; i++)	
entry_point_offset_minus1[i]	u(v)
}	
if(slice_header_extension_present_flag) {	
slice_header_extension_length	ue(v)
for(i = 0; i < slice_header_extension_length; i++)	
slice_header_extension_data_byte[i]	u(8)
}	
byte_alignment()	
}	

In particular, the following semantics can be used for the 4th implementation:

slice_weighted_pred_flag equal to 0 specifies that weighted prediction is not applied to current slice. **slice_weighted_pred_flag** equal to 1 specifies that weighted prediction is applied to current slice. When not presented, the value of **slice_weighted_pred_flag** is inferred to 0.

The 5th implementation is to disable TPM in block level by conformance constraint. In the case of a TPM coded block, the weighing factors for the luma and chroma component of the reference pictures for inter-predictor P_0 710 and P_1 720 (as shown is Fig. 7) should not be present.

- 5 For more details, refIdxA and predListFlagA specific the reference index and reference picture list of the inter-predictor P0; refIdxB and predListFlagB specific the reference index and reference picture list of the inter-predictor P1.

The varialbe lumaWeightedFlag and chromaWeightedFlag are derived as follow:

lumaWeightedFlagA = predListFlagA ? luma_weight_l1_flag[refIdxA] :

- 10 luma_weight_l0_flag[refIdxA]

lumaWeightedFlagB = predListFlagB ? luma_weight_l1_flag[refIdxB] :

luma_weight_l0_flag[refIdxB]

chromaWeightedFlagA = predListFlagA ? chroma_weight_l1_flag[refIdxA] : chroma_weight_l0_flag[refIdxA]

- 15 chromaWeightedFlagB = predListFlagB ? chroma_weight_l1_flag[refIdxB] : chroma_weight_l0_flag[refIdxB]

lumaWeightedFlag = lumaWeightedFlagA || lumaWeightedFlagB

chromaWeightedFlag = chromaWeightedFlagA || chromaWeightedFlagB

It is a requirement of bitstream conformance that lumaWeightedFlag and chromaWeightedFlag
20 should be equal to 0.

The 6th implementation is to disable the blending weighted sample prediction process for TPM coded block when explicit weighted prediction is used.

Fig. 7 and Fig. 8 illustrate the examples for TPM and GEO, respectively. It is noted that the embodiments for TPM might be also implemented for GEO mode.

- 25 In the case of a TPM coded block, if the weighing factors for the luma or chroma component of the reference picture for inter-predictor P_0 710 or P_1 720 are present, the weighted process in accordance with the WP parameters (WP parameters 730 $\{w_0, O_0\}$ and WP parameters 740 $\{w_1, O_1\}$ for P_0 and P_1 , respectively) is used to generate the inter-predictor block; otherwise, the weighted process in accordance with the blending weighted parameter is used to
30 generated the inter-predictor for block 750. As shown in Fig. 9, the inter-predictor 901 requires two prediction blocks P0 911 and P1 912 that have an overlapped area 921 where non-zero weights are applied to both blocks 911 and 912 to partially blend the predictors P0 911 and P1 912. Blocks neighboring to block 901 are denoted as 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, and 936 in Fig. 9. Fig. 8 illustrates some difference between TPM and GEO merge modes. In the

case of GEO merge mode, the overlapped area between predictors 851 and 852 can be located not only along the diagonals of the inter-predicted block 850. Predictors P0 851 and P1 852 can be received by copying blocks 810 and 820 out of other pictures with or without applying weights and offsets $\{w_0, O_0\}$ 830 and $\{w_1, O_1\}$ 840 to blocks 810 and 820, respectively.

In an example, refIdxA and predListFlagA specific the reference index and reference picture list of the inter-predictor P0; refIdxB and predListFlagB specific the reference index and reference picture list of the inter-predictor P1.

The variables lumaWeightedFlag and chromaWeightedFlag are derived as follow:

```

10  lumaWeightedFlagA = predListFlagA ? luma_weight_11_flag[ refIdxA ] :
    luma_weight_10_flag[ refIdxA ]
    lumaWeightedFlagB = predListFlagB ? luma_weight_11_flag[ refIdxB ] :
    luma_weight_10_flag[ refIdxB ]
    chromaWeightedFlagA = predListFlagA ? chroma_weight_11_flag[ refIdxA ] : chroma
15  weight_10_flag[ refIdxA ]
    chromaWeightedFlagB = predListFlagB ? chroma_weight_11_flag[ refIdxB ] : chroma
    weight_10_flag[ refIdxB ]
    lumaWeightedFlag = lumaWeightedFlagA || lumaWeightedFlagB
    chromaWeightedFlag = chromaWeightedFlagA || chromaWeightedFlagB

```

20 Then if lumaWeightedFlag is true, the explicit weighted process is invoked; if lumaWeightedFlag is false, the blending weighted process is invoked. As well, the chroma component is decided by chromaWeightedFlag.

For an alternative implementation, the weighted flag for all components are considered jointly. If one of lumaWeightedFlag or chromaWeightedFlag is true, the explicit weighted process is invoked; if both lumaWeightedFlag and chromaWeightedFlag are false, the blending weighted process is invoked.

The explicit weighted process for a rectangular block predicted using bi-prediction mechanism, is performed as described below.

Inputs to this process are:

- ```

30 – two variables nCbW and nCbH specifying the width and the height of the current coding
 block,
 – two (nCbW)x(nCbH) arrays predSamplesA and predSamplesB,
 – the prediction list flags, predListFlagA and predListFlagB,
 – the reference indices, refIdxA and refIdxB,

```

- the variable cIdx specifying the colour component index,
- the sample bit depth, bitDepth.

Output of this process is the (nCbW)x(nCbH) array pbSamples of prediction sample values.

The variable shift1 is set equal to  $\text{Max}(2, 14 - \text{bitDepth})$ .

- 5 The variables log2Wd, o0, o1, w0 and w1 are derived as follows:

- If cIdx is equal to 0 for luma samples, the following applies:

$\text{log2Wd} = \text{luma\_log2\_weight\_denom} + \text{shift1}$

$w0 = \text{predListFlagA} ? \text{LumaWeightL1}[\text{refIdxA}] : \text{LumaWeightL0}[\text{refIdxA}]$

$w1 = \text{predListFlagB} ? \text{LumaWeightL1}[\text{refIdxB}] : \text{LumaWeightL0}[\text{refIdxB}]$

10  $o0 = (\text{predListFlagA} ? \text{luma\_offset\_l1}[\text{refIdxA}] : \text{luma\_offset\_l0}[\text{refIdxA}]) \ll (\text{BitDepth}_Y - 8)$

$o1 = (\text{predListFlagB} ? \text{luma\_offset\_l1}[\text{refIdxB}] : \text{luma\_offset\_l0}[\text{refIdxB}]) \ll (\text{BitDepth}_Y - 8)$

- Otherwise (cIdx is not equal to 0 for chroma samples), the following applies:

15  $\text{log2Wd} = \text{ChromaLog2WeightDenom} + \text{shift1}$

$w0 = \text{predListFlagA} ? \text{ChromaWeightL1}[\text{refIdxA}][\text{cIdx} - 1] :$

$\text{ChromaWeightL0}[\text{refIdxA}][\text{cIdx} - 1]$

$w1 = \text{predListFlagA} ? \text{ChromaWeightL1}[\text{refIdxB}][\text{cIdx} - 1] :$

$\text{ChromaWeightL0}[\text{refIdxB}][\text{cIdx} - 1]$

20  $o0 = (\text{predListFlagA} ? \text{ChromaOffsetL1}[\text{refIdxA}][\text{cIdx} - 1] :$

$\text{ChromaOffsetL0}[\text{refIdxA}][\text{cIdx} - 1]) \ll (\text{BitDepth}_C - 8)$

$o1 = (\text{predListFlagB} ? \text{ChromaOffsetL1}[\text{refIdxB}][\text{cIdx} - 1] :$

$\text{ChromaOffsetL0}[\text{refIdxB}][\text{cIdx} - 1]) \ll (\text{BitDepth}_C - 8)$

The prediction sample pbSamples[x][y] with  $x = 0..nCbW - 1$  and  $y = 0..nCbH - 1$  are

- 25 derived as follows:

$\text{pbSamples}[x][y] = \text{Clip3}(0, (1 \ll \text{bitDepth}) - 1, (\text{predSamplesA}[x][y] * w0 + \text{predSamplesB}[x][y] * w1 + ((o0 + o1 + 1) \ll \text{log2Wd})) \gg (\text{log2Wd} + 1))$

Parameters of the slice-level weighted prediction could be represented as a set of variables, assigned for each element of a reference picture list. Index of the element is denoted further

- 30 as “i”. These parameters may comprise:

- LumaWeightL0[i]

- luma\_offset\_l0[i] is the additive offset applied to the luma prediction value for list 0 prediction using RefPicList[0][i]. The value of luma\_offset\_l0[i] shall be in the range of

−128 to 127, inclusive. When luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ] is equal to 0, luma\_offset\_10[ i ] is inferred to be equal to 0.

The variable LumaWeightL0[ i ] is derived to be equal to  $(1 \ll \text{luma\_log2\_weight\_denom}) + \text{delta\_luma\_weight\_10}[i]$ . When  
 5 luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ] is equal to 1, the value of delta\_luma\_weight\_10[ i ] shall be in the range of −128 to 127, inclusive. When luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ] is equal to 0, LumaWeightL0[ i ] is inferred to be equal to  $2^{\text{luma\_log2\_weight\_denom}}$ .

The blending weighted process for a rectangular block predicted using bi-prediction mechanism, the following process is performed as described below.

10 Inputs to this process are:

- two variables nCbW and nCbH specifying the width and the height of the current coding block,
- two (nCbW)x(nCbH) arrays predSamplesLA and predSamplesLB,
- a variable triangleDir specifying the partition direction,
- 15 – a variable cIdx specifying colour component index.

Output of this process is the (nCbW)x(nCbH) array pbSamples of prediction sample values.

The variable nCbR is derived as follows:

$$\text{nCbR} = (\text{nCbW} > \text{nCbH}) ? (\text{nCbW} / \text{nCbH}) : (\text{nCbH} / \text{nCbW})$$

The variable bitDepth is derived as follows:

- 20
- If cIdx is equal to 0, bitDepth is set equal to BitDepth<sub>Y</sub>.
  - Otherwise, bitDepth is set equal to BitDepth<sub>C</sub>.

Variables shift1 and offset1 are derived as follows:

- The variable shift1 is set equal to Max( 5, 17 − bitDepth).
- The variable offset1 is set equal to  $1 \ll (\text{shift1} - 1)$ .

25 Depending on the values of triangleDir, wS and cIdx, the prediction samples pbSamples[ x ][ y ] with  $x = 0.. \text{nCbW} - 1$  and  $y = 0.. \text{nCbH} - 1$  are derived as follows:

– The variable wIdx is derived as follows:

- If cIdx is equal to 0 and triangleDir is equal to 0, the following applies:  

$$\text{wIdx} = (\text{nCbW} > \text{nCbH}) ? (\text{Clip3}(0, 8, (x / \text{nCbR} - y) + 4))$$
  
 30 
$$: (\text{Clip3}(0, 8, (x - y / \text{nCbR}) + 4))$$
- Otherwise, if cIdx is equal to 0 and triangleDir is equal to 1, the following applies:  

$$\text{wIdx} = (\text{nCbW} > \text{nCbH}) ? (\text{Clip3}(0, 8, (\text{nCbH} - 1 - x / \text{nCbR} - y) + 4))$$
  

$$(\text{Clip3}(0, 8, (\text{nCbW} - 1 - x - y / \text{nCbR}) + 4))$$
- Otherwise, if cIdx is greater than 0 and triangleDir is equal to 0, the following applies:

$$wIdx = (nCbw > nCbH) ? (Clip3(0, 4, (x / nCbR - y) + 2)) : (Clip3(0, 4, (x - y / nCbR) + 2))$$

- Otherwise (if cIdx is greater than 0 and triangleDir is equal to 1), the following applies:

$$wIdx = (nCbw > nCbH) ? (Clip3(0, 4, (nCbw - 1 - x / nCbR - y) + 2)) : (Clip3(0, 4, (nCbw - 1 - x - y / nCbR) + 2))$$

5

- The variable wValue specifying the weight of the prediction sample is derived using wIdx and cIdx as follows:

$$wValue = (cIdx == 0) ? Clip3(0, 8, wIdx) : Clip3(0, 8, wIdx * 2)$$

- The prediction sample values are derived as follows:

$$pbSamples[x][y] = Clip3(0, (1 << bitDepth) - 1, (predSamplesLA[x][y] * wValue + predSamplesLB[x][y] * (8 - wValue) + offset1) >> shift1)$$

10

For geometric mode, the blending weighted process for a rectangular block predicted using bi-prediction mechanism, the following process is performed as described below.

Inputs to this process are:

- 15 – two variables nCbW and nCbH specifying the width and the height of the current coding block,
- two (nCbw)x(nCbH) arrays predSamplesLA and predSamplesLB,
- a variable angleIdx specifying the angle index of the geometric partition,
- a variable distanceIdx specifying the distance idx of the geometric partition,
- 20 – a variable cIdx specifying colour component index.

Output of this process are the (nCbw)x(nCbH) array pbSamples of prediction sample values and the variable partIdx.

The variable bitDepth is derived as follows:

- If cIdx is equal to 0, bitDepth is set equal to BitDepth<sub>Y</sub>.
- 25 – Otherwise, bitDepth is set equal to BitDepth<sub>C</sub>.

Variables shift1 and offset1 are derived as follows:

- The variable shift1 is set equal to Max(5, 17 - bitDepth).
- The variable offset1 is set equal to 1 << (shift1 - 1).

The weights array sampleWeight<sub>L</sub>[x][y] for luma and sampleWeight<sub>C</sub>[x][y] for chroma with x = 0..nCbw - 1 and y = 0..nCbH - 1 are derived as follows:

30

The value of the following variables are set:

- hwRatio is set to nCbH / nCbW
- displacementX is set to angleIdx
- displacementY is set to (displacementX + 8)%32

- partIdx is set to  $\text{angleIdx} \geq 13 \ \&\& \ \text{angleIdx} \leq 27 ? 1 : 0$
- rho is set to the following value using the look-up tables denoted as Dis, specified in Table 8-12:

$$\text{rho} = (\text{Dis}[\text{displacementX}] \ll 8) + (\text{Dis}[\text{displacementY}] \ll 8)$$

5 If one of the following conditions is true, variable shiftHor is set equal to 0:

angleIdx % 16 is equal to 8,

angleIdx % 16 is not equal to 0 and hwRatio  $\geq 1$

Otherwise, shiftHor is set equal to 1.

If shiftHor is equal to 0, offsetX and offsetY are derived as follows:

10 offsetX = ( 256 – nCbW ) >> 1,

offsetY = ( 256 – nCbH ) >> 1 + angleIdx < 16 ? (distanceIdx \* nCbH) >> 3 :  
–((distanceIdx \* nCbH) >> 3)

Otherwise, if shiftHor is equal to 1, offsetX and offsetY are derived as follows:

offsetX = ( 256 – nCbW ) >> 1 + angleIdx < 16 ? (distanceIdx \* nCbW) >> 3 :  
15 –((distanceIdx \* nCbW) >> 3)

offsetY = ( 256 – nCbH ) >> 1

The variable weightIdx and weightIdxAbs are calculated using the look-up table Table 9 with  $x = 0..nCbW - 1$  and  $y = 0..nCbH - 1$  as following:

weightIdx = (((x + offsetX) << 1) + 1) \* Dis[displacementX]  
20 + (((y + offsetY) << 1) + 1) \* Dis[displacementY] – rho.  
weightIdxAbs = Clip3(0, 26, abs(weightIdx)).

The value of sampleWeightL[ x ][ y ] with  $x = 0..nCbW - 1$  and  $y = 0..nCbH - 1$  is set according to Table 10 denoted as GeoFilter:

sampleWeightL[ x ][ y ] = weightIdx <= 0 ? GeoFilter[weightIdxAbs] : 8 –  
25 GeoFilter[weightIdxAbs]

The value sampleWeightC[ x ][ y ] with  $x = 0..nCbW - 1$  and  $y = 0..nCbH - 1$  is set as follows:

sampleWeightC[ x ][ y ] = sampleWeightL[ (x << (SubWidthC – 1) ) ][ (y << (SubHeightC – 1) ) ]

NOTE – The value of sample sampleWeightL[ x ][ y ] can also be derived from  
30 sampleWeightL[ x -shiftX ][ y -shiftY ]. If the angleIdx is larger than 4 and smaller than 12, or angleIdx is larger than 20 and smaller than 24, shiftX is the tangent of the split angle and shiftY is 1, otherwise shiftX is 1 of the split angle and shiftY is cotangent of the split angle. If tangent (resp. cotangent) value is infinity, shiftX is 1 (resp. 0) or shift Y is 0 (resp. 1).

The prediction sample values are derived as follows with X denoted as L or C with cIdx is equal to 0 or not equal to 0 :

pbSamples[ x ][ y ] = partIdx ?

Clip3( 0, ( 1 << bitDepth ) - 1,

- 5 ( predSamplesLA[ x ][ y ] \* ( 8 - sampleWeight<sub>x</sub>[ x ][ y ] ) +  
 predSamplesLB[ x ][ y ] \* sampleWeight<sub>x</sub>[ x ][ y ] + offset1 ) >> shift1 )  
 : Clip3( 0, ( 1 << bitDepth ) - 1, ( predSamplesLA[ x ][ y ] \* sampleWeight<sub>x</sub>[ x ][ y ] +  
 predSamplesLB[ x ][ y ] \* ( 8 - sampleWeight<sub>x</sub>[ x ][ y ] ) + offset1 ) >> shift1 )

**Table 5 - Look-up table Dis for derivation of geometric partitioning distance.**

|                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-----------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| <b>idx</b>      | 0  | 1  | 2  | 4  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 15 |
| <b>Dis[idx]</b> | 8  | 8  | 8  | 8  | 4  | 2  | 0  | -2 | -4 | -8 | -8 | -8 |
| <b>idx</b>      | 16 | 17 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 28 | 30 | 31 |
| <b>Dis[idx]</b> | -8 | -8 | -8 | -8 | -4 | -2 | 0  | 2  | 4  | 8  | 8  | 8  |

10 **Table 6- Filter weight look-up table GeoFilter for derivation of geometric partitioning filter weights.**

|                       |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| <b>idx</b>            | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| <b>GeoFilter[idx]</b> | 4  | 4  | 4  | 4  | 5  | 5  | 5  | 5  | 5  | 5  | 5  | 6  | 6  | 6  |
| <b>idx</b>            | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |    |
| <b>GeoFilter[idx]</b> | 6  | 6  | 6  | 6  | 7  | 7  | 7  | 7  | 7  | 7  | 7  | 7  | 8  |    |

In VVC specification Draft 7 (document JVET-P2001-vE: B. Bross, J. Chen, S. Liu, Y.-K. Wang, “Versatile Video Coding (Draft 7),” output document JVET-P2001 of the 16th JVET meeting, Geneva, Switzerland; this document is contained in file JVET-P2001-v14:

- 15 [http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jvet/doc\\_end\\_user/documents/16\\_Geneva/wg11/JVET-P2001-v14.zip](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jvet/doc_end_user/documents/16_Geneva/wg11/JVET-P2001-v14.zip)), the concept of picture header (PH) was introduced by moving a part of syntax elements out of slice header (SH) to PH to reduce signaling overhead caused by assigning equal or similar values to same syntax elements in each SH associated with the PH. As presented in Table 7, syntax elements to control the maximum number of merge candidates for TPM merge mode are signaled in PH, whereas weighted prediction parameters are still in SH as shown in Table 8 and Table 10. The semantics of syntax elements used in Table 8 and Table 9 is described below.
- 20

**Table 7 - Picture header RBSP syntax**

|                            |                   |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| picture_header_rbsp( ) {   | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| non_reference_picture_flag | u(1)              |
| gdr_pic_flag               | u(1)              |

|                                                                                                                         |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>no_output_of_prior_pics_flag</b>                                                                                     | u(1)  |
| if( gdr_pic_flag )                                                                                                      |       |
| <b>recovery_poc_cnt</b>                                                                                                 | ue(v) |
| <b>ph_pic_parameter_set_id</b>                                                                                          | ue(v) |
| if( sps_poc_msb_flag ) {                                                                                                |       |
| <b>ph_poc_msb_present_flag</b>                                                                                          | u(1)  |
| if( ph_poc_msb_present_flag )                                                                                           |       |
| <b>poc_msb_val</b>                                                                                                      | u(v)  |
| }                                                                                                                       |       |
| ...                                                                                                                     |       |
| if( sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 &&<br>!pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1 ) |       |
| <b>pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand</b>                                                               | ue(v) |
| ...                                                                                                                     |       |
| rbsp_trailing_bits( )                                                                                                   |       |
| }                                                                                                                       |       |

### Picture header RBSP semantics

The PH contains information that is common for all slices of the coded picture associated with the PH.

- non\_reference\_picture\_flag** equal to 1 specifies the picture associated with the PH is never used as a reference picture. **non\_reference\_picture\_flag** equal to 0 specifies the picture associated with the PH may or may not be used as a reference picture.

**gdr\_pic\_flag** equal to 1 specifies the picture associated with the PH is a gradual decoding refresh (GDR) picture. **gdr\_pic\_flag** equal to 0 specifies that the picture associated with the PH is not a GDR picture.

- 10 **no\_output\_of\_prior\_pics\_flag** affects the output of previously-decoded pictures in the decoded picture buffer (DPB) after the decoding of a coded layer video sequence start (CLVSS) picture that is not the first picture in the bitstream.

- recovery\_poc\_cnt** specifies the recovery point of decoded pictures in output order. If the current picture is a GDR picture that is associated with the PH and there is a picture picA that follows the current GDR picture in decoding order in the coded layer video sequence (CLVS) and that has PicOrderCntVal equal to the PicOrderCntVal of the current GDR picture plus the value of **recovery\_poc\_cnt**, the picture picA is referred to as the recovery point picture. Otherwise, the first picture in output order that has PicOrderCntVal greater than the PicOrderCntVal of the current picture plus the value of **recovery\_poc\_cnt** is referred to as the recovery point picture. The recovery point picture shall not precede the current GDR picture in decoding order. The value of **recovery\_poc\_cnt** shall be in the range of 0 to MaxPicOrderCntLsb – 1, inclusive.

NOTE 1 – When `gdr_enabled_flag` is equal to 1 and `PicOrderCntVal` of the current picture is greater than or equal to `RpPicOrderCntVal` of the associated GDR picture, the current and subsequent decoded pictures in output order are exact match to the corresponding pictures produced by starting the decoding process from the previous intra random access point (IRAP) picture, when present, preceding the associated GDR picture in decoding order.

**ph\_pic\_parameter\_set\_id** specifies the value of `pps_pic_parameter_set_id` for the PPS in use. The value of `ph_pic_parameter_set_id` shall be in the range of 0 to 63, inclusive.

It is a requirement of bitstream conformance that the value of `TemporalId` of the PH shall be greater than or equal to the value of `TemporalId` of the Picture Parameter Set (PPS) that has `pps_pic_parameter_set_id` equal to `ph_pic_parameter_set_id`.

**sps\_poc\_msb\_flag** equal to 1 specifies that the `ph_poc_msb_cycle_present_flag` syntax element is present in PHs referring to the Sequence Parameter Set (SPS). `sps_poc_msb_flag` equal to 0 specifies that the `ph_poc_msb_cycle_present_flag` syntax element is not present in PHs referring to the SPS.

**ph\_poc\_msb\_present\_flag** equal to 1 specifies that the syntax element `poc_msb_val` is present in the PH. `ph_poc_msb_present_flag` equal to 0 specifies that the syntax element `poc_msb_val` is not present in the PH. When `vps_independent_layer_flag[GeneralLayerIdx[nuh_layer_id]]` is equal to 0 and there is a picture in the current Access Unit (AU) in a reference layer of the current layer, the value of `ph_poc_msb_present_flag` shall be equal to 0.

**poc\_msb\_val** specifies the picture order count (POC) most significant bit (MSB) value of the current picture. The length of the syntax element `poc_msb_val` is `poc_msb_len_minus1 + 1` bits.

**sps\_triangle\_enabled\_flag** specifies whether triangular shape based motion compensation can be used for inter prediction. `sps_triangle_enabled_flag` equal to 0 specifies that the syntax shall be constrained such that no triangular shape based motion compensation is used in the coded layer video sequence (CLVS), and `merge_triangle_split_dir`, `merge_triangle_idx0`, and `merge_triangle_idx1` are not present in coding unit syntax of the CLVS. `sps_triangle_enabled_flag` equal to 1 specifies that triangular shape based motion compensation can be used in the CLVS.

**pps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_triangle\_cand\_plus1** equal to 0 specifies that `pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand` is present in PHs of slices referring to the Picture Parameter Set (PPS). `pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1` greater than 0 specifies that `pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand` is not present in PHs

referring to the PPS. The value of `pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1` shall be in the range of 0 to `MaxNumMergeCand - 1`.

**`pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1`** equal to 0 specifies that `pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand` is present in PHs of slices referring to the PPS. `pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1` greater than 0 specifies that `pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand` is not present in PHs referring to the PPS. The value of `pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1` shall be in the range of 0 to `MaxNumMergeCand - 1`.

**`pic_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand`** specifies the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction (MVP) candidates supported in the slices associated with the PH subtracted from 6. The maximum number of merging MVP candidates, `MaxNumMergeCand` is derived as follows:

$$\text{MaxNumMergeCand} = 6 - \text{picsix\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand}$$

The value of `MaxNumMergeCand` shall be in the range of 1 to 6, inclusive. When not present, the value of `pic_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand` is inferred to be equal to `pps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand_plus1 - 1`.

**Table 8 - General slice header syntax**

| slice_header() {                                                                                                               | Descriptor |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb</b>                                                                                                 | u(v)       |
| if( subpics_present_flag )                                                                                                     |            |
| <b>slice_subpic_id</b>                                                                                                         | u(v)       |
| if( rect_slice_flag    NumTilesInPic > 1 )                                                                                     |            |
| <b>slice_address</b>                                                                                                           | u(v)       |
| if( !rect_slice_flag && NumTilesInPic > 1 )                                                                                    |            |
| <b>num_tiles_in_slice_minus1</b>                                                                                               | ue(v)      |
| <b>slice_type</b>                                                                                                              | ue(v)      |
| if( !pic_rpl_present_flag && ( nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type != IDR_N_LP )    sps_idr_rpl_present_flag ) {      |            |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                     |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] && ( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) ) |            |
| <b>slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                 | u(1)       |
| if( slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 && ( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                   |            |
| <b>slice_rpl_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                      | u(v)       |

|                                                                                                                                             |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| } else                                                                                                                                      |       |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                                     |       |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                                 |       |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                                         |       |
| slice_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]                                                                                                                  | u(v)  |
| slice_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]                                                                                                  | u(1)  |
| if( slice_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                            |       |
| slice_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]                                                                                                      | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if( pic_rpl_present_flag    ( ( nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type !=<br>IDR_N_LP )    sps_idr_rpl_present_flag ) ) {             |       |
| if( ( slice_type != I && num_ref_entries[ 0 ][ RplIdx[ 0 ] ] > 1 )   <br>( slice_type == B && num_ref_entries[ 1 ][ RplIdx[ 1 ] ] > 1 ) ) { |       |
| num_ref_idx_active_override_flag                                                                                                            | u(1)  |
| if( num_ref_idx_active_override_flag )                                                                                                      |       |
| for( i = 0; i < ( slice_type == B ? 2 : 1 ); i++ )                                                                                          |       |
| if( num_ref_entries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] > 1 )                                                                                               |       |
| num_ref_idx_active_minus1[ i ]                                                                                                              | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if( slice_type != I ) {                                                                                                                     |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                         |       |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag && slice_type == P )   <br>( pps_weighted_bipred_flag && slice_type == B ) )                                   |       |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                        |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                         |       |
| byte_alignment( )                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |

### General slice header semantics

When present, the value of the slice header syntax element `slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb` shall be the same in all slice headers of a coded picture.

- The variable `CuQpDeltaVal`, specifying the difference between a luma quantization parameter for the coding unit containing `cu_qp_delta_abs` and its prediction, is set equal to 0. The variables `CuQpOffsetCb`, `CuQpOffsetCr`, and `CuQpOffsetCbCr`, specifying values to be used when determining the respective values of the  $Qp'_{Cb}$ ,  $Qp'_{Cr}$ , and  $Qp'_{CbCr}$  quantization parameters for the coding unit containing `cu_chroma_qp_offset_flag`, are all set equal to 0.

- `slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb`** specifies the picture order count modulo `MaxPicOrderCntLsb` for the current picture. The length of the `slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb` syntax element is

$\log_2\_max\_pic\_order\_cnt\_lsb\_minus4 + 4$  bits. The value of the `slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb` shall be in the range of 0 to `MaxPicOrderCntLsb - 1`, inclusive.

When the current picture is a GDR picture, the variable `RpPicOrderCntVal` is derived as follows:

$$RpPicOrderCntVal = PicOrderCntVal + recovery\_poc\_cnt.$$

- 5 **slice\_subpic\_id** specifies the subpicture identifier of the subpicture that contains the slice. If `slice_subpic_id` is present, the value of the variable `SubPicIdx` is derived to be such that `SubpicIdList[ SubPicIdx ]` is equal to `slice_subpic_id`. Otherwise (`slice_subpic_id` is not present), the variable `SubPicIdx` is derived to be equal to 0. The length of `slice_subpic_id`, in bits, is derived as follows:

- 10 – If `sps_subpic_id_signalling_present_flag` is equal to 1, the length of `slice_subpic_id` is equal to `sps_subpic_id_len_minus1 + 1`.
- Otherwise, if `ph_subpic_id_signalling_present_flag` is equal to 1, the length of `slice_subpic_id` is equal to `ph_subpic_id_len_minus1 + 1`.
- Otherwise, if `pps_subpic_id_signalling_present_flag` is equal to 1, the length of
- 15 `slice_subpic_id` is equal to `pps_subpic_id_len_minus1 + 1`.
- Otherwise, the length of `slice_subpic_id` is equal to  $\text{Ceil}(\text{Log}_2(\text{sps\_num\_subpics\_minus1} + 1))$ .

**slice\_address** specifies the slice address of the slice. When not present, the value of `slice_address` is inferred to be equal to 0.

- 20 If `rect_slice_flag` is equal to 0, the following applies:
- The slice address is the raster scan tile index.
  - The length of `slice_address` is  $\text{Ceil}(\text{Log}_2(\text{NumTilesInPic}))$  bits.
  - The value of `slice_address` shall be in the range of 0 to `NumTilesInPic - 1`, inclusive.

Otherwise (`rect_slice_flag` is equal to 1), the following applies:

- 25 – The slice address is the slice index of the slice within the `SubPicIdx`-th subpicture.
- The length of `slice_address` is  $\text{Ceil}(\text{Log}_2(\text{NumSlicesInSubpic}[ \text{SubPicIdx} ]))$  bits.
  - The value of `slice_address` shall be in the range of 0 to `NumSlicesInSubpic[ SubPicIdx ] - 1`, inclusive.

It is a requirement of bitstream conformance that the following constraints apply:

- 30 – If `rect_slice_flag` is equal to 0 or `subpics_present_flag` is equal to 0, the value of `slice_address` shall not be equal to the value of `slice_address` of any other coded slice Network Abstraction Layer (NAL) unit of the same coded picture.

- Otherwise, the pair of slice\_subpic\_id and slice\_address values shall not be equal to the pair of slice\_subpic\_id and slice\_address values of any other coded slice NAL unit of the same coded picture.
- When rect\_slice\_flag is equal to 0, the slices of a picture shall be in increasing order of their slice\_address values.
- The shapes of the slices of a picture shall be such that each Coding Tree Unit (CTU), when decoded, shall have its entire left boundary and entire top boundary consisting of a picture boundary or consisting of boundaries of previously decoded CTU(s).

**num\_tiles\_in\_slice\_minus1** plus 1, when present, specifies the number of tiles in the slice.

- 10 The value of num\_tiles\_in\_slice\_minus1 shall be in the range of 0 to NumTilesInPic – 1, inclusive.

The variable NumCtuInCurrSlice, which specifies the number of CTUs in the current slice, and the list CtbAddrInCurrSlice[ i ], for i ranging from 0 to NumCtuInCurrSlice – 1, inclusive, specifying the picture raster scan address of the i-th Coding Tree Block (CTB) within the slice,

- 15 are derived as follows:

```

 if(rect_slice_flag) {
 picLevelSliceIdx = SliceSubpicToPicIdx[SubPicIdx][slice_address]
 NumCtuInCurrSlice = NumCtuInSlice[picLevelSliceIdx]
 for(i = 0; i < NumCtuInCurrSlice; i++)
20 CtbAddrInCurrSlice[i] = CtbAddrInSlice[picLevelSliceIdx][i]
 } else {
 NumCtuInCurrSlice = 0
 for(tileIdx = slice_address; tileIdx <=
slice_address + num_tiles_in_slice_minus1[i]; tileIdx++) {
25 tileX = tileIdx % NumTileColumns
 tileY = tileIdx / NumTileColumns
 for(ctbY = tileRowBd[tileY]; ctbY < tileRowBd[tileY + 1]; ctbY++) {
 for(ctbX = tileColBd[tileX]; ctbX < tileColBd[tileX + 1]; ctbX++) {
 CtbAddrInCurrSlice[NumCtuInCurrSlice] =
30 ctbY * PicWidthInCtb + ctbX
 NumCtuInCurrSlice++
 }
 }
 }

```

```

 }
}

```

The variables SubPicLeftBoundaryPos, SubPicTopBoundaryPos, SubPicRightBoundaryPos, and SubPicBotBoundaryPos are derived as follows:

```

5 if(subpic_treated_as_pic_flag[SubPicIdx]) {
 SubPicLeftBoundaryPos = subpic_ctu_top_left_x[SubPicIdx] * CtbSizeY
 SubPicRightBoundaryPos = Min(pic_width_max_in_luma_samples - 1,
 (subpic_ctu_top_left_x[SubPicIdx] + subpic_width_minus1[SubPicIdx] + 1
10) * CtbSizeY - 1)
 SubPicTopBoundaryPos = subpic_ctu_top_left_y[SubPicIdx] * CtbSizeY
 SubPicBotBoundaryPos =
 Min(pic_height_max_in_luma_samples - 1, (subpic_ctu_top_left_y[SubPicIdx] +
 subpic_height_minus1[SubPicIdx] + 1) * CtbSizeY - 1)
 }

```

15 **slice\_type** specifies the coding type of the slice according to Table 13.

**Table 9 – Name association to slice\_type**

| slice_type | Name of slice_type |
|------------|--------------------|
| 0          | B (B slice)        |
| 1          | P (P slice)        |
| 2          | I (I slice)        |

**slice\_rpl\_sps\_flag[ i ]** equal to 1 specifies that reference picture list i of the current slice is derived based on one of the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplIdx ) syntax structures with listIdx equal to i in the SPS. slice\_rpl\_sps\_flag[ i ] equal to 0 specifies that reference picture list i of the current slice is derived based on the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplIdx ) syntax structure with listIdx equal to i that is directly included in the slice headers of the current picture.

When slice\_rpl\_sps\_flag[ i ] is not present, the following applies:

- If pic\_rpl\_present\_flag is equal to 1, the value of slice\_rpl\_sps\_flag[ i ] is inferred to be equal to pic\_rpl\_sps\_flag[ i ].
- 25 – Otherwise, if num\_ref\_pic\_lists\_in\_sps[ i ] is equal to 0, the value of ref\_pic\_list\_sps\_flag[ i ] is inferred to be equal to 0.
- Otherwise, if num\_ref\_pic\_lists\_in\_sps[ i ] is greater than 0 and if rpl1\_idx\_present\_flag is equal to 0, the value of slice\_rpl\_sps\_flag[ 1 ] is inferred to be equal to slice\_rpl\_sps\_flag[ 0 ].

**slice\_rpl\_idx[ i ]** specifies the index, into the list of the `ref_pic_list_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx )` syntax structures with `listIdx` equal to `i` included in the SPS, of the `ref_pic_list_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx )` syntax structure with `listIdx` equal to `i` that is used for derivation of reference picture list `i` of the current picture. The syntax element `slice_rpl_idx[ i ]` is represented by

5  $\text{Ceil}(\text{Log2}(\text{num\_ref\_pic\_lists\_in\_sps}[ i ]))$  bits. When not present, the value of `slice_rpl_idx[ i ]` is inferred to be equal to 0. The value of `slice_rpl_idx[ i ]` shall be in the range of 0 to `num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] - 1`, inclusive. When `slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]` is equal to 1 and `num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ]` is equal to 1, the value of `slice_rpl_idx[ i ]` is inferred to be equal to 0. When `slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]` is equal to 1 and `rpl1_idx_present_flag` is equal to 0,

10 the value of `slice_rpl_idx[ 1 ]` is inferred to be equal to `slice_rpl_idx[ 0 ]`.

The variable `RplsIdx[ i ]` is derived as follows:

```

 if(pic_rpl_present_flag)
 RplsIdx[i] = PicRplsIdx[i]
 else
15 RplsIdx[i] = slice_rpl_sps_flag[i] ? slice_rpl_idx[i] :
 num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[i]

```

**slice\_poc\_lsb\_lt[ i ][ j ]** specifies the value of the picture order count modulo `MaxPicOrderCntLsb` of the `j`-th LTRP entry in the `i`-th reference picture list. The length of the `slice_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]` syntax element is `log2_max_pic_order_cnt_lsb_minus4 + 4` bits.

20 The variable `PocLsbLt[ i ][ j ]` is derived as follows:

```

 if(pic_rpl_present_flag)
 PocLsbLt[i][j] = PicPocLsbLt[i][j]
 else
25 PocLsbLt[i][j] = ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[i][RplsIdx[i]] ?
 slice_poc_lsb_lt[i][j] : rpls_poc_lsb_lt[listIdx][RplsIdx[i]][j]

```

**slice\_delta\_poc\_msb\_present\_flag[ i ][ j ]** equal to 1 specifies that `slice_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]` is present. `slice_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]` equal to 0 specifies that `slice_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]` is not present.

Let `prevTid0Pic` be the previous picture in decoding order that has `nuh_layer_id` the same as the current picture, has `TemporalId` equal to 0, and is not a Random Access Skipped Leading (RASL) or Random Access Decodable Leading (RADL) picture. Let `setOfPrevPocVals` be a set consisting of the following:

- the `PicOrderCntVal` of `prevTid0Pic`,

- the PicOrderCntVal of each picture that is referred to by entries in RefPicList[ 0 ] or RefPicList[ 1 ] of prevTid0Pic and has nuh\_layer\_id the same as the current picture,
- the PicOrderCntVal of each picture that follows prevTid0Pic in decoding order, has nuh\_layer\_id the same as the current picture, and precedes the current picture in decoding order.

When pic\_rpl\_present\_flag is equal to 0 and there is more than one value in setOfPrevPocVals for which the value modulo MaxPicOrderCntLsb is equal to PocLsbLt[ i ][ j ], the value of slice\_delta\_poc\_msb\_present\_flag[ i ][ j ] shall be equal to 1.

**slice\_delta\_poc\_msb\_cycle\_lt[ i ][ j ]** specifies the value of the variable FullPocLt[ i ][ j ] as follows:

```

 if(pic_rpl_present_flag)
 FullPocLt[i][j] = PicFullPocLt[i][j]
 else {
 if(j == 0)
 DeltaPocMsbCycleLt[i][j] = delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[i][j]
 else
 DeltaPocMsbCycleLt[i][j] = delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[i][j] +
 DeltaPocMsbCycleLt[i][j - 1]
 FullPocLt[i][j] = PicOrderCntVal - DeltaPocMsbCycleLt[i][j] *
 MaxPicOrderCntLsb - (PicOrderCntVal & (MaxPicOrderCntLsb - 1)) +
 PocLsbLt[i][j]
 }

```

The value of slice\_delta\_poc\_msb\_cycle\_lt[ i ][ j ] shall be in the range of 0 to  $2^{(32 - \log_2 \max\_pic\_order\_cnt\_lsb\_minus4 - 4)}$ , inclusive. When not present, the value of slice\_delta\_poc\_msb\_cycle\_lt[ i ][ j ] is inferred to be equal to 0.

**num\_ref\_idx\_active\_override\_flag** equal to 1 specifies that the syntax element num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1[ 0 ] is present for P and B slices and that the syntax element num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1[ 1 ] is present for B slices. num\_ref\_idx\_active\_override\_flag equal to 0 specifies that the syntax elements num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1[ 0 ] and num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1[ 1 ] are not present. When not present, the value of num\_ref\_idx\_active\_override\_flag is inferred to be equal to 1.

**num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1[ i ]** is used for the derivation of the variable NumRefIdxActive[ i ] as specified by Equation 145. The value of num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1[ i ] shall be in the range of 0 to 14, inclusive.

For  $i$  equal to 0 or 1, when the current slice is a B slice,  $\text{num\_ref\_idx\_active\_override\_flag}$  is equal to 1, and  $\text{num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1}[i]$  is not present,  $\text{num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1}[i]$  is inferred to be equal to 0.

When the current slice is a P slice,  $\text{num\_ref\_idx\_active\_override\_flag}$  is equal to 1, and  
 5  $\text{num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1}[0]$  is not present,  $\text{num\_ref\_idx\_active\_minus1}[0]$  is inferred to be equal to 0.

The variable  $\text{NumRefIdxActive}[i]$  is derived as follows:

```

 for(i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
 if(slice_type == B || (slice_type == P && i == 0)) {
10 if(num_ref_idx_active_override_flag)
 NumRefIdxActive[i] = num_ref_idx_active_minus1[i] + 1 (145)
 else {
 if(num_ref_entries[i][RplIdx[i]] >=
num_ref_idx_default_active_minus1[i] + 1)
15 NumRefIdxActive[i] = num_ref_idx_default_active_minus1[i] + 1
 else
 NumRefIdxActive[i] = num_ref_entries[i][RplIdx[i]]
 }
 } else /* slice_type == I || (slice_type == P && i == 1) */
20 NumRefIdxActive[i] = 0
 }

```

The value of  $\text{NumRefIdxActive}[i] - 1$  specifies the maximum reference index for reference picture list  $i$  that may be used to decode the slice. When the value of  $\text{NumRefIdxActive}[i]$  is equal to 0, no reference index for reference picture list  $i$  may be used to decode the slice.

25 When the current slice is a P slice, the value of  $\text{NumRefIdxActive}[0]$  shall be greater than 0.  
 When the current slice is a B slice, both  $\text{NumRefIdxActive}[0]$  and  $\text{NumRefIdxActive}[1]$  shall be greater than 0.

**Weighted prediction parameters syntax**

| <b>pred_weight_table( ) {</b>                 | <b>Descriptor</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>luma_log2_weight_denom</b>                 | ue(v)             |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                    |                   |
| <b>delta_chroma_log2_weight_denom</b>         | se(v)             |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; i++ )   |                   |
| <b>luma_weight_l0_flag[ i ]</b>               | u(1)              |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                    |                   |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; i++ )   |                   |
| <b>chroma_weight_l0_flag[ i ]</b>             | u(1)              |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; i++ ) { |                   |
| if( luma_weight_l0_flag[ i ] ) {              |                   |
| <b>delta_luma_weight_l0[ i ]</b>              | se(v)             |
| <b>luma_offset_l0[ i ]</b>                    | se(v)             |
| }                                             |                   |
| if( chroma_weight_l0_flag[ i ] )              |                   |
| for( j = 0; j < 2; j++ ) {                    |                   |
| <b>delta_chroma_weight_l0[ i ][ j ]</b>       | se(v)             |
| <b>delta_chroma_offset_l0[ i ][ j ]</b>       | se(v)             |
| }                                             |                   |
| }                                             |                   |
| if( slice_type == B ) {                       |                   |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]; i++ )   |                   |
| <b>luma_weight_l1_flag[ i ]</b>               | u(1)              |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                    |                   |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]; i++ )   |                   |
| <b>chroma_weight_l1_flag[ i ]</b>             | u(1)              |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]; i++ ) { |                   |
| if( luma_weight_l1_flag[ i ] ) {              |                   |
| <b>delta_luma_weight_l1[ i ]</b>              | se(v)             |
| <b>luma_offset_l1[ i ]</b>                    | se(v)             |
| }                                             |                   |
| if( chroma_weight_l1_flag[ i ] )              |                   |
| for( j = 0; j < 2; j++ ) {                    |                   |
| <b>delta_chroma_weight_l1[ i ][ j ]</b>       | se(v)             |
| <b>delta_chroma_offset_l1[ i ][ j ]</b>       | se(v)             |
| }                                             |                   |
| }                                             |                   |
| }                                             |                   |
| }                                             |                   |

**Weighted prediction parameters semantics**

**luma\_log2\_weight\_denom** is the base 2 logarithm of the denominator for all luma weighting factors. The value of **luma\_log2\_weight\_denom** shall be in the range of 0 to 7, inclusive.

**delta\_chroma\_log2\_weight\_denom** is the difference of the base 2 logarithm of the denominator for all chroma weighting factors. When **delta\_chroma\_log2\_weight\_denom** is not present, it is inferred to be equal to 0.

The variable **ChromaLog2WeightDenom** is derived to be equal to **luma\_log2\_weight\_denom** +  
5 **delta\_chroma\_log2\_weight\_denom** and the value shall be in the range of 0 to 7, inclusive.

**luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** equal to 1 specifies that weighting factors for the luma component of list 0 prediction using **RefPicList[ 0 ][ i ]** are present. **luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** equal to 0 specifies that these weighting factors are not present.

**chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** equal to 1 specifies that weighting factors for the chroma  
10 prediction values of list 0 prediction using **RefPicList[ 0 ][ i ]** are present. **chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** equal to 0 specifies that these weighting factors are not present. When **chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** is not present, it is inferred to be equal to 0.

**delta\_luma\_weight\_10[ i ]** is the difference of the weighting factor applied to the luma prediction value for list 0 prediction using **RefPicList[ 0 ][ i ]**.

15 The variable **LumaWeightL0[ i ]** is derived to be equal to  $(1 \ll \text{luma\_log2\_weight\_denom}) + \text{delta\_luma\_weight\_10}[ i ]$ . When **luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** is equal to 1, the value of **delta\_luma\_weight\_10[ i ]** shall be in the range of -128 to 127, inclusive. When **luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** is equal to 0, **LumaWeightL0[ i ]** is inferred to be equal to  $2 \times \text{luma\_log2\_weight\_denom}$ .

20 **luma\_offset\_10[ i ]** is the additive offset applied to the luma prediction value for list 0 prediction using **RefPicList[ 0 ][ i ]**. The value of **luma\_offset\_10[ i ]** shall be in the range of -128 to 127, inclusive. When **luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** is equal to 0, **luma\_offset\_10[ i ]** is inferred to be equal to 0.

**delta\_chroma\_weight\_10[ i ][ j ]** is the difference of the weighting factor applied to the  
25 chroma prediction values for list 0 prediction using **RefPicList[ 0 ][ i ]** with **j** equal to 0 for Cb and **j** equal to 1 for Cr.

The variable **ChromaWeightL0[ i ][ j ]** is derived to be equal to  $(1 \ll \text{ChromaLog2WeightDenom}) + \text{delta\_chroma\_weight\_10}[ i ][ j ]$ . When **chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** is equal to 1, the value of **delta\_chroma\_weight\_10[ i ][ j ]** shall be  
30 in the range of -128 to 127, inclusive. When **chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ]** is equal to 0, **ChromaWeightL0[ i ][ j ]** is inferred to be equal to  $2 \times \text{ChromaLog2WeightDenom}$ .

**delta\_chroma\_offset\_10[ i ][ j ]** is the difference of the additive offset applied to the chroma prediction values for list 0 prediction using **RefPicList[ 0 ][ i ]** with **j** equal to 0 for Cb and **j** equal to 1 for Cr.

The variable ChromaOffsetL0[ i ][ j ] is derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ChromaOffsetL0}[ i ][ j ] = & \text{Clip3}( -128, 127, \\ & ( 128 + \text{delta\_chroma\_offset\_l0}[ i ][ j ] - \\ & ( ( 128 * \text{ChromaWeightL0}[ i ][ j ] ) >> \text{ChromaLog2WeightDenom} ) ) ) \end{aligned}$$

- 5 The value of delta\_chroma\_offset\_l0[ i ][ j ] shall be in the range of  $-4 * 128$  to  $4 * 127$ , inclusive. When chroma\_weight\_l0\_flag[ i ] is equal to 0, ChromaOffsetL0[ i ][ j ] is inferred to be equal to 0.

**luma\_weight\_l1\_flag[ i ], chroma\_weight\_l1\_flag[ i ], delta\_luma\_weight\_l1[ i ], luma\_offset\_l1[ i ], delta\_chroma\_weight\_l1[ i ][ j ], and delta\_chroma\_offset\_l1[ i ][ j ]**

- 10 have the same semantics as luma\_weight\_l0\_flag[ i ], chroma\_weight\_l0\_flag[ i ], delta\_luma\_weight\_l0[ i ], luma\_offset\_l0[ i ], delta\_chroma\_weight\_l0[ i ][ j ] and delta\_chroma\_offset\_l0[ i ][ j ], respectively, with l0, L0, list 0 and List0 replaced by l1, L1, list 1 and List1, respectively.

- The variable sumWeightL0Flags is derived to be equal to the sum of  
15 luma\_weight\_l0\_flag[ i ] + 2 \* chroma\_weight\_l0\_flag[ i ], for  
i = 0..NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ] - 1.

When slice\_type is equal to B, the variable sumWeightL1Flags is derived to be equal to the sum of luma\_weight\_l1\_flag[ i ] + 2 \* chroma\_weight\_l1\_flag[ i ], for i = 0..NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ] - 1.

- 20 It is a requirement of bitstream conformance that, when slice\_type is equal to P, sumWeightL0Flags shall be less than or equal to 24 and when slice\_type is equal to B, the sum of sumWeightL0Flags and sumWeightL1Flags shall be less than or equal to 24.

#### **Reference picture list structure semantics**

- The ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplIdx ) syntax structure may be present in an SPS or in a slice  
25 header. Depending on whether the syntax structure is included in a slice header or an SPS, the following applies:

- If present in a slice header, the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplIdx ) syntax structure specifies reference picture list listIdx of the current picture (the picture containing the slice).
- 30 – Otherwise (present in an SPS), the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplIdx ) syntax structure specifies a candidate for reference picture list listIdx, and the term "the current picture" in the semantics specified in the remainder of this clause refers to each picture that 1) has one or more slices containing ref\_pic\_list\_idx[ listIdx ] equal to an index into the list of the

ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structures included in the SPS, and 2) is in a Coded Video Sequence (CVS) that refers to the SPS.

**num\_ref\_entries**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ] specifies the number of entries in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure. The value of  
5 num\_ref\_entries[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ] shall be in the range of 0 to MaxDecPicBuffMinus1 + 14, inclusive.

**ltrp\_in\_slice\_header\_flag**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ] equal to 0 specifies that the POC LSBs of the LTRP entries in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure are present in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure.  
10 ltrp\_in\_slice\_header\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ] equal to 1 specifies that the POC LSBs of the Long-Term Reference Picture (LTRP) entries in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure are not present in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure.

**inter\_layer\_ref\_pic\_flag**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] equal to 1 specifies that the i-th entry in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure is an Inter-Layer Reference Picture (ILRP) entry. inter\_layer\_ref\_pic\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] equal to 0 specifies that the i-th entry in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure is not an ILRP entry. When not present, the value of inter\_layer\_ref\_pic\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] is inferred to be equal to 0.  
15

**st\_ref\_pic\_flag**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] equal to 1 specifies that the i-th entry in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure is an STRP entry.  
20 st\_ref\_pic\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] equal to 0 specifies that the i-th entry in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure is an LTRP entry. When inter\_layer\_ref\_pic\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] is equal to 0 and st\_ref\_pic\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] is not present, the value of st\_ref\_pic\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] is inferred to be equal to 1.

25 The variable NumLtrpEntries[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ] is derived as follows:

```

 for(i = 0, NumLtrpEntries[listIdx][rplsIdx] = 0; i <
 num_ref_entries[listIdx][rplsIdx]; i++)
 if(
 !inter_layer_ref_pic_flag[listIdx][rplsIdx][i] && !st_ref_pic_flag[listIdx][rplsI
30 dx][i])
 NumLtrpEntries[listIdx][rplsIdx]++

```

**abs\_delta\_poc\_st**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] specifies the value of the variable AbsDeltaPocSt[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] as follows:

if( sps\_weighted\_pred\_flag || sps\_weighted\_bipred\_flag )  
     AbsDeltaPocSt[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] = abs\_delta\_poc\_st[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ]  
 else  
     AbsDeltaPocSt[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] =  
 5      abs\_delta\_poc\_st[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] + 1

The value of abs\_delta\_poc\_st[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] shall be in the range of 0 to  $2^{15} - 1$ , inclusive.

**strp\_entry\_sign\_flag**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] equal to 1 specifies that i-th entry in the syntax structure ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) has a value greater than or equal to 0.  
 10   **strp\_entry\_sign\_flag**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] equal to 0 specifies that the i-th entry in the syntax structure ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) has a value less than 0. When not present, the value of strp\_entry\_sign\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] is inferred to be equal to 1.

The list DeltaPocValSt[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ] is derived as follows:

for( i = 0; i < num\_ref\_entries[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ]; i++ )  
 15      if(  
         !inter\_layer\_ref\_pic\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] && st\_ref\_pic\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] )  
         DeltaPocValSt[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] = ( strp\_entry\_sign\_flag[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] ) ?  
 20          AbsDeltaPocSt[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] : 0 - AbsDeltaPocSt[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ]

**rpls\_poc\_lsb\_lt**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] specifies the value of the picture order count modulo MaxPicOrderCntLsb of the picture referred to by the i-th entry in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure. The length of the rpls\_poc\_lsb\_lt[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] syntax element is  
 25   log2\_max\_pic\_order\_cnt\_lsb\_minus4 + 4 bits.

**ilrp\_idx**[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] specifies the index, to the list of the direct reference layers, of the ILRP of the i-th entry in the ref\_pic\_list\_struct( listIdx, rplsIdx ) syntax structure. The value of ilrp\_idx[ listIdx ][ rplsIdx ][ i ] shall be in the range of 0 to NumDirectRefLayers[ GeneralLayerIdx[ nuh\_layer\_id ] ] - 1, inclusive.

30   Thus, different mechanisms can be used to enable controlling the GEO/TPM merge modes subject to whether WP is applied to the reference pictures where reference blocks P0 and P1 are taken from, namely:

- Moving WP parameters listed in Table 14 from SH to PH;
- Moving GEO/TPM parameters from PH back to SH;

- Changing the semantics of MaxNumTriangleMergeCand, i.e. by setting MaxNumTriangleMergeCand equal to 0 or 1 for such slices when reference pictures with WP can be used (e.g., where at least one of the flags lumaWeightedFlag or is equal to true).

5 For TPM merge mode, exemplary reference blocks P0 and P1 are denoted by 710 and 720 in Fig. 7, respectively. For GEO merge mode, exemplary reference blocks P0 and P1 are denoted by 810 and 820 in Fig. 8, respectively.

Thus, different mechanisms can be used to enable controlling the GEO/TPM merge modes subject to whether WP is applied to the reference pictures where reference blocks P0 and P1

10 are taken from, namely:

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  - Changing the semantics of MaxNumTriangleMergeCand, i.e. by setting MaxNumTriangleMergeCand equal to 0 or 1 for such slices when reference pictures with
- 15 WP can be used (e.g., where at least one of the flags lumaWeightedFlag or is equal to true).

For TPM merge mode, exemplary reference blocks P0 and P1 are denoted by 710 and 720 in Fig. 7, respectively. For GEO merge mode, exemplary reference blocks P0 and P1 are denoted by 810 and 820 in Fig. 8, respectively.

20 In an embodiment, when WP parameters and enabling of non-rectangular modes (e.g. GEO and TPM) are signalled in picture header, the following syntax may be used, as shown in the table below:

**Table Picture header RBSP syntax**

|                                     |                   |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| picture_header_rbsp( ) {            | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| <b>non_reference_picture_flag</b>   | u(1)              |
| <b>gdr_pic_flag</b>                 | u(1)              |
| <b>no_output_of_prior_pics_flag</b> | u(1)              |
| if( gdr_pic_flag )                  |                   |
| <b>recovery_poc_cnt</b>             | ue(v)             |
| <b>ph_pic_parameter_set_id</b>      | ue(v)             |
| if( sps_poc_msb_flag ) {            |                   |
| <b>ph_poc_msb_present_flag</b>      | u(1)              |
| if( ph_poc_msb_present_flag )       |                   |
| <b>poc_msb_val</b>                  | u(v)              |
| }                                   |                   |
| ...                                 |                   |

|                                                                                                                                       |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>pic_rpl_present_flag</b>                                                                                                           | u(1)  |
| if( pic_rpl_present_flag ) {                                                                                                          |       |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                            |       |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )     |       |
| <b>pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                          | u(1)  |
| if( pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                         |       |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                       |       |
| <b>pic_rpl_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                               | u(v)  |
| } else                                                                                                                                |       |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                               |       |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                           |       |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                                   |       |
| <b>pic_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                       | u(v)  |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                       | u(1)  |
| if( pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                        |       |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                           | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                     |       |
| }                                                                                                                                     |       |
| }                                                                                                                                     |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                   |       |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag && slice_type == P )   <br>( pps_weighted_bipred_flag && slice_type == B ) )                             |       |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                  |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                   |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                   |       |
| if( sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 &&<br>!pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1 && WPDisabled ) |       |
| <b>pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand</b>                                                                             | ue(v) |
| ...                                                                                                                                   |       |
| rbsp_trailing_bits( )                                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                                                     |       |

....

The variable WPDisabled is set equal to 1 when all the values of luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ], chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ], luma\_weight\_11\_flag[ j ] and chroma\_weight\_11\_flag[ j ] are set to zero, the value of i = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; and the value of j = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ];

- 5 otherwise, the value of WPDisabled is set equal to 0.

When the variable WPDisabled is set equal to 0, the value of pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_triangle\_cand is set equal to MaxNumMergeCand.

- 10 In an example, signaling of WP parameters and enabling of non-rectangular modes (e.g. GEO and TPM) is performed in the slice header. Exemplary syntax is given in the table below:

| slice_header() {                                                                                                                            | Descriptor |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>slice_pic_parameter_set_id</b>                                                                                                           | ue(v)      |
| if( rect_slice_flag    NumBricksInPic > 1 )                                                                                                 |            |
| <b>slice_address</b>                                                                                                                        | u(v)       |
| if( !rect_slice_flag && !single_brick_per_slice_flag )                                                                                      |            |
| <b>num_bricks_in_slice_minus1</b>                                                                                                           | ue(v)      |
| <b>non_reference_picture_flag</b>                                                                                                           | u(1)       |
| <b>slice_type</b>                                                                                                                           | ue(v)      |
| if( separate_colour_plane_flag == 1 )                                                                                                       |            |
| <b>colour_plane_id</b>                                                                                                                      | u(2)       |
| <b>slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb</b>                                                                                                              | u(v)       |
| if( nal_unit_type == GDR_NUT )                                                                                                              |            |
| <b>recovery_poc_cnt</b>                                                                                                                     | ue(v)      |
| if( nal_unit_type == IDR_W_RADL    nal_unit_type == IDR_N_LP   <br>nal_unit_type == CRA_NUT    NalUnitType == GDR_NUT )                     |            |
| <b>no_output_of_prior_pics_flag</b>                                                                                                         | u(1)       |
| if( output_flag_present_flag )                                                                                                              |            |
| <b>pic_output_flag</b>                                                                                                                      | u(1)       |
| if( ( nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type != IDR_N_LP )   <br>sps_idr_rpl_present_flag ) {                                         |            |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                                  |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )           |            |
| <b>ref_pic_list_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                           | u(1)       |
| if( ref_pic_list_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                          |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                             |            |
| <b>ref_pic_list_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                                | u(v)       |
| } else                                                                                                                                      |            |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                                     |            |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                                 |            |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                                         |            |
| <b>slice_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                           | u(v)       |
| <b>delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                 | u(1)       |
| if( delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                                  |            |
| <b>delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                     | ue(v)      |
| }                                                                                                                                           |            |
| }                                                                                                                                           |            |
| if( ( slice_type != I && num_ref_entries[ 0 ][ RplIdx[ 0 ] ] > 1 )   <br>( slice_type == B && num_ref_entries[ 1 ][ RplIdx[ 1 ] ] > 1 ) ) { |            |
| <b>num_ref_idx_active_override_flag</b>                                                                                                     | u(1)       |
| if( num_ref_idx_active_override_flag )                                                                                                      |            |
| for( i = 0; i < ( slice_type == B ? 2 : 1 ); i++ )                                                                                          |            |
| if( num_ref_entries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] > 1 )                                                                                               |            |
| <b>num_ref_idx_active_minus1[ i ]</b>                                                                                                       | ue(v)      |
| }                                                                                                                                           |            |
| }                                                                                                                                           |            |

|                                                                                                                              |       |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| if( partition_constraints_override_enabled_flag ) {                                                                          |       |
| <b>partition_constraints_override_flag</b>                                                                                   | ue(v) |
| if( partition_constraints_override_flag ) {                                                                                  |       |
| <b>slice_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_luma</b>                                                                                    | ue(v) |
| <b>slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_luma</b>                                                                                    | ue(v) |
| if( slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_luma != 0 )                                                                                |       |
| <b>slice_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_luma</b>                                                                                    | ue(v) |
| <b>slice_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_luma</b>                                                                                    | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                            |       |
| if( slice_type == I && qtbtt_dual_tree_intra_flag ) {                                                                        |       |
| <b>slice_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_chroma</b>                                                                                  | ue(v) |
| <b>slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_chroma</b>                                                                                  | ue(v) |
| if( slice_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_chroma != 0 )                                                                              |       |
| <b>slice_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_chroma</b>                                                                                  | ue(v) |
| <b>slice_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_chroma</b>                                                                                  | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                            |       |
| }                                                                                                                            |       |
| }                                                                                                                            |       |
| }                                                                                                                            |       |
| if ( slice_type != I ) {                                                                                                     |       |
| if( sps_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag && !pps_temporal_mvp_enabled_idc )                                                         |       |
| <b>slice_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                       | u(1)  |
| if( slice_type == B && !pps_mvd_l1_zero_idc )                                                                                |       |
| <b>mvd_l1_zero_flag</b>                                                                                                      | u(1)  |
| if( cabac_init_present_flag )                                                                                                |       |
| <b>cabac_init_flag</b>                                                                                                       | u(1)  |
| if( slice_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag ) {                                                                                      |       |
| if( slice_type == B && !pps_collocated_from_l0_idc )                                                                         |       |
| <b>collocated_from_l0_flag</b>                                                                                               | u(1)  |
| if( ( collocated_from_l0_flag && NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ] > 1 )   <br>( !collocated_from_l0_flag && NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ] > 1 ) ) |       |
| <b>collocated_ref_idx</b>                                                                                                    | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                            |       |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag && slice_type == P )   <br>( pps_weighted_bipred_flag && slice_type == B ) )                    |       |
| <b>slice_weighted_pred_flag</b>                                                                                              | u(1)  |
| if( slice_weighted_pred_flag )                                                                                               |       |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                         |       |
| if( !pps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand_plus1 )                                                                                |       |
| <b>six_minus_max_num_merge_cand</b>                                                                                          | ue(v) |
| if( sps_affine_enabled_flag &&<br>!pps_five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand_plus1 )                                        |       |
| <b>five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand</b>                                                                                | ue(v) |
| if( sps_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag )                                                                                             |       |
| <b>slice_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                          | u(1)  |
| if( sps_bdof_dmvr_slice_present_flag )                                                                                       |       |
| <b>slice_disable_bdof_dmvr_flag</b>                                                                                          | u(1)  |

|                                                                                                                                             |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| if( sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 &&<br>!pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_minus1 &&<br>WPDisabled ) { |       |
| <b>max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand</b>                                                                                       | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if ( sps_ibc_enabled_flag )                                                                                                                 |       |
| <b>slice_six_minus_max_num_ibc_merge_cand</b>                                                                                               | ue(v) |
| if( sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag )                                                                                                            |       |
| <b>slice_joint_cbr_sign_flag</b>                                                                                                            | u(1)  |
| <b>slice_qp_delta</b>                                                                                                                       | se(v) |
| if( pps_slice_chroma_qp_offsets_present_flag ) {                                                                                            |       |
| <b>slice_cb_qp_offset</b>                                                                                                                   | se(v) |
| <b>slice_cr_qp_offset</b>                                                                                                                   | se(v) |
| if( sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag )                                                                                                            |       |
| <b>slice_joint_cbr_qp_offset</b>                                                                                                            | se(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if( sps_sao_enabled_flag ) {                                                                                                                |       |
| <b>slice_sao_luma_flag</b>                                                                                                                  | u(1)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                                                  |       |
| <b>slice_sao_chroma_flag</b>                                                                                                                | u(1)  |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if( sps_alf_enabled_flag ) {                                                                                                                |       |
| <b>slice_alf_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                               | u(1)  |
| if( slice_alf_enabled_flag ) {                                                                                                              |       |
| <b>slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma</b>                                                                                                           | u(3)  |
| for( i = 0; i < slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma; i++ )                                                                                           |       |
| <b>slice_alf_aps_id_luma[ i ]</b>                                                                                                           | u(3)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                                                  |       |
| <b>slice_alf_chroma_idc</b>                                                                                                                 | u(2)  |
| if( slice_alf_chroma_idc )                                                                                                                  |       |
| <b>slice_alf_aps_id_chroma</b>                                                                                                              | u(3)  |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if ( !pps_dep_quant_enabled_flag )                                                                                                          |       |
| <b>dep_quant_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                               | u(1)  |
| if( !dep_quant_enabled_flag )                                                                                                               |       |
| <b>sign_data_hiding_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                        | u(1)  |
| if( deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag )                                                                                               |       |
| <b>deblocking_filter_override_flag</b>                                                                                                      | u(1)  |
| if( deblocking_filter_override_flag ) {                                                                                                     |       |
| <b>slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</b>                                                                                                | u(1)  |
| if( !slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag ) {                                                                                              |       |
| <b>slice_beta_offset_div2</b>                                                                                                               | se(v) |
| <b>slice_tc_offset_div2</b>                                                                                                                 | se(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |

|                                                                |       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| }                                                              |       |
| if( sps_lmcs_enabled_flag ) {                                  |       |
| <b>slice_lmcs_enabled_flag</b>                                 | u(1)  |
| if( slice_lmcs_enabled_flag ) {                                |       |
| <b>slice_lmcs_aps_id</b>                                       | u(2)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                     |       |
| <b>slice_chroma_residual_scale_flag</b>                        | u(1)  |
| }                                                              |       |
| }                                                              |       |
| if( sps_scaling_list_enabled_flag ) {                          |       |
| <b>slice_scaling_list_present_flag</b>                         | u(1)  |
| if( slice_scaling_list_present_flag )                          |       |
| <b>slice_scaling_list_aps_id</b>                               | u(3)  |
| }                                                              |       |
| if( entry_point_offsets_present_flag && NumEntryPoints > 0 ) { |       |
| <b>offset_len_minus1</b>                                       | ue(v) |
| for( i = 0; i < NumEntryPoints; i++ )                          |       |
| <b>entry_point_offset_minus1[ i ]</b>                          | u(v)  |
| }                                                              |       |
| if( slice_header_extension_present_flag ) {                    |       |
| <b>slice_header_extension_length</b>                           | ue(v) |
| for( i = 0; i < slice_header_extension_length; i++ )           |       |
| <b>slice_header_extension_data_byte[ i ]</b>                   | u(8)  |
| }                                                              |       |
| byte_alignment( )                                              |       |
| }                                                              |       |

....

The variable WPDIsabled is set equal to 1 when all the values of luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ], chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ], luma\_weight\_11\_flag[ j ] and chroma\_weight\_11\_flag[ j ] are set to zero, the value of i = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; and the value of j = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ];

- 5 otherwise, the value of WPDIsabled is set equal to 0.

When the variable WPDIsabled is set equal to 0, the value of max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_triangle\_cand is set equal to MaxNumMergeCand. In the embodiment discloses above weighted prediction parameters may be signaled in either picture header or in a slice header.

- 10 In an example, determination of whether a TPM or GEO is enabled is performed with consideration of the reference picture lists that a block may use for non-rectangular weighted prediction. When a merge list for a block contains elements from only one reference picture list k, a value of variable WPDIsabled [k] determines whether this merge mode is enabled or not.

In an example, merge list for non-rectangular inter-prediction mode is constructed in such a way that it contains only elements for which weighted prediction is not enabled.

The following part of specification exemplifies this example:

- 5 Inputs to this process are:
- a luma location (  $x_{Cb}$ ,  $y_{Cb}$  ) of the top-left sample of the current luma coding block relative to the top-left luma sample of the current picture,
  - a variable  $cbWidth$  specifying the width of the current coding block in luma samples,
  - a variable  $cbHeight$  specifying the height of the current coding block in luma samples.
- 10 Outputs of this process are as follows, with  $X$  being 0 or 1:
- the availability flags  $availableFlagA_0$ ,  $availableFlagA_1$ ,  $availableFlagB_0$ ,  $availableFlagB_1$  and  $availableFlagB_2$  of the neighbouring coding units,
  - the reference indices  $refIdxLXA_0$ ,  $refIdxLXA_1$ ,  $refIdxLXB_0$ ,  $refIdxLXB_1$  and  $refIdxLXB_2$  of the neighbouring coding units,
  - 15 – the prediction list utilization flags  $predFlagLXA_0$ ,  $predFlagLXA_1$ ,  $predFlagLXB_0$ ,  $predFlagLXB_1$  and  $predFlagLXB_2$  of the neighbouring coding units,
  - the motion vectors in 1/16 fractional-sample accuracy  $mvLXA_0$ ,  $mvLXA_1$ ,  $mvLXB_0$ ,  $mvLXB_1$  and  $mvLXB_2$  of the neighbouring coding units,
  - the half sample interpolation filter indices  $hpelIdxA_0$ ,  $hpelIdxA_1$ ,  $hpelIdxB_0$ ,  $hpelIdxB_1$ , and  $hpelIdxB_2$ ,
  - 20 – the bi-prediction weight indices  $bcwIdxA_0$ ,  $bcwIdxA_1$ ,  $bcwIdxB_0$ ,  $bcwIdxB_1$ , and  $bcwIdxB_2$ .
- For the derivation of  $availableFlagB_1$ ,  $refIdxLXB_1$ ,  $predFlagLXB_1$ ,  $mvLXB_1$ ,  $hpelIdxB_1$  and  $bcwIdxB_1$  the following applies:
- 25 – The luma location (  $x_{NbB_1}$ ,  $y_{NbB_1}$  ) inside the neighbouring luma coding block is set equal to (  $x_{Cb} + cbWidth - 1$ ,  $y_{Cb} - 1$  ).
  - The derivation process for neighbouring block availability as specified in clause 6.4.4 is invoked with the current luma location (  $x_{Curr}$ ,  $y_{Curr}$  ) set equal to (  $x_{Cb}$ ,  $y_{Cb}$  ), the neighbouring luma location (  $x_{NbB_1}$ ,  $y_{NbB_1}$  ),  $checkPredModeY$  set equal to TRUE, and
  - 30  $cIdx$  set equal to 0 as inputs, and the output is assigned to the block availability flag  $availableB_1$ .
  - The variables  $availableFlagB_1$ ,  $refIdxLXB_1$ ,  $predFlagLXB_1$ ,  $mvLXB_1$ ,  $hpelIdxB_1$  and  $bcwIdxB_1$  are derived as follows:
  - 35 – If  $availableB_1$  is equal to FALSE,  $availableFlagB_1$  is set equal to 0, both components of  $mvLXB_1$  are set equal to 0,  $refIdxLXB_1$  is set equal to -1 and  $predFlagLXB_1$  is set equal to 0, with  $X$  being 0 or 1,  $hpelIdxB_1$  is set equal to 0, and  $bcwIdxB_1$  is set equal to 0.
  - Otherwise,  $availableFlagB_1$  is set equal to 1 and the following assignments are made:
- $$mvLXB_1 = MvLX[ x_{NbB_1} ][ y_{NbB_1} ] \quad (501)$$
- $$40 \quad refIdxLXB_1 = RefIdxLX[ x_{NbB_1} ][ y_{NbB_1} ] \quad (502)$$

$$\text{predFlagLXB}_1 = \text{PredFlagLX}[ \text{xNbB}_1 ][ \text{yNbB}_1 ] \quad (503)$$

$$\text{hpelIdxB}_1 = \text{HpelIdx}[ \text{xNbB}_1 ][ \text{yNbB}_1 ] \quad (504)$$

$$\text{bcwIdxB}_1 = \text{BcwIdx}[ \text{xNbB}_1 ][ \text{yNbB}_1 ] \quad (505)$$

5 For the derivation of availableFlagA<sub>1</sub>, refIdxLXA<sub>1</sub>, predFlagLXA<sub>1</sub>, mvLXA<sub>1</sub>, hpelIdxA<sub>1</sub> and bcwIdxA<sub>1</sub> the following applies:

- The luma location ( xNbA<sub>1</sub>, yNbA<sub>1</sub> ) inside the neighbouring luma coding block is set equal to ( xCb – 1, yCb + cbHeight – 1 ).
- The derivation process for neighbouring block availability as specified in clause 6.4.4 is invoked with the current luma location ( xCurr, yCurr ) set equal to ( xCb, yCb ). the neighbouring luma location ( xNbA<sub>1</sub>, yNbA<sub>1</sub> ), checkPredModeY set equal to TRUE, and cIdx set equal to 0 as inputs, and the output is assigned to the block availability flag availableA<sub>1</sub>.
- The variables availableFlagA<sub>1</sub>, refIdxLXA<sub>1</sub>, predFlagLXA<sub>1</sub>, mvLXA<sub>1</sub>, hpelIdxA<sub>1</sub> and bcwIdxA<sub>1</sub> are derived as follows:
  - 15 – If one or more of the following conditions are true, availableFlagA<sub>1</sub> is set equal to 0, both components of mvLXA<sub>1</sub> are set equal to 0, refIdxLXA<sub>1</sub> is set equal to –1 and predFlagLXA<sub>1</sub> is set equal to 0, with X being 0 or 1, hpelIdxA<sub>1</sub> is set equal to 0, and bcwIdxA<sub>1</sub> is set equal to 0:
    - availableA<sub>1</sub> is equal to FALSE.
    - 20 – availableB<sub>1</sub> is equal to TRUE and the luma locations ( xNbA<sub>1</sub>, yNbA<sub>1</sub> ) and ( xNbB<sub>1</sub>, yNbB<sub>1</sub> ) have the same motion vectors and the same reference indices.
    - WPDisabledX[ RefIdxLX[ xNbA<sub>1</sub> ][ yNbA<sub>1</sub> ] ] is set to 0 and merge mode is non-rectangular (e.g. triangle flag is set equal to 1 for the block in the current luma location ( xCurr, yCurr ) )
    - 25 – WPDisabledX[ RefIdxLX[ xNbB<sub>1</sub> ][ yNbB<sub>1</sub> ] ] is set to 0 and merge mode is non-rectangular (e.g. triangle flag is set equal to 1 for the block in the current luma location ( xCurr, yCurr ) )
  - Otherwise, availableFlagA<sub>1</sub> is set equal to 1 and the following assignments are made:

$$\text{mvLXA}_1 = \text{MvLX}[ \text{xNbA}_1 ][ \text{yNbA}_1 ] \quad (506)$$

$$\text{refIdxLXA}_1 = \text{RefIdxLX}[ \text{xNbA}_1 ][ \text{yNbA}_1 ] \quad (507)$$

$$\text{predFlagLXA}_1 = \text{PredFlagLX}[ \text{xNbA}_1 ][ \text{yNbA}_1 ] \quad (508)$$

$$\text{hpelIdxA}_1 = \text{HpelIdx}[ \text{xNbA}_1 ][ \text{yNbA}_1 ] \quad (509)$$

$$\text{bcwIdxA}_1 = \text{BcwIdx}[ \text{xNbA}_1 ][ \text{yNbA}_1 ] \quad (510)$$

35 For the derivation of availableFlagB<sub>0</sub>, refIdxLXB<sub>0</sub>, predFlagLXB<sub>0</sub>, mvLXB<sub>0</sub>, hpelIdxB<sub>0</sub> and bcwIdxB<sub>0</sub> the following applies:

- The luma location ( xNbB<sub>0</sub>, yNbB<sub>0</sub> ) inside the neighbouring luma coding block is set equal to ( xCb + cbWidth, yCb – 1 ).

- The derivation process for neighbouring block availability as specified in clause 6.4.4 is invoked with the current luma location (  $x_{Curr}$ ,  $y_{Curr}$  ) set equal to (  $x_{Cb}$ ,  $y_{Cb}$  ), the neighbouring luma location (  $x_{NbB_0}$ ,  $y_{NbB_0}$  ),  $checkPredModeY$  set equal to TRUE, and  $cIdx$  set equal to 0 as inputs, and the output is assigned to the block availability flag  $availableB_0$ .  
5
- The variables  $availableFlagB_0$ ,  $refIdxLXB_0$ ,  $predFlagLXB_0$ ,  $mvLXB_0$ ,  $hpelIfIdxB_0$  and  $bcwIdxB_0$  are derived as follows:
  - If one or more of the following conditions are true,  $availableFlagB_0$  is set equal to 0, both components of  $mvLXB_0$  are set equal to 0,  $refIdxLXB_0$  is set equal to  $-1$  and  $predFlagLXB_0$  is set equal to 0, with  $X$  being 0 or 1,  $hpelIfIdxB_0$  is set equal to 0, and  $bcwIdxB_0$  is set equal to 0:  
10
    - $availableB_0$  is equal to FALSE.
    - $availableB_1$  is equal to TRUE and the luma locations (  $x_{NbB_1}$ ,  $y_{NbB_1}$  ) and (  $x_{NbB_0}$ ,  $y_{NbB_0}$  ) have the same motion vectors and the same reference indices.
    - $WPDisabledX[ RefIdxLX[ x_{NbB_0} ][ y_{NbB_0} ] ]$  is set to 0 and merge mode is non-rectangular (e.g. triangle flag is set equal to 1 for the block in the current luma location (  $x_{Curr}$ ,  $y_{Curr}$  ) )  
15
    - $WPDisabledX[ RefIdxLX[ x_{NbB_1} ][ y_{NbB_1} ] ]$  is set to 0 and merge mode is non-rectangular (e.g. triangle flag is set equal to 1 for the block in the current luma location (  $x_{Curr}$ ,  $y_{Curr}$  ) )  
20
  - Otherwise,  $availableFlagB_0$  is set equal to 1 and the following assignments are made:
    - $mvLXB_0 = MvLX[ x_{NbB_0} ][ y_{NbB_0} ]$  (511)
    - $refIdxLXB_0 = RefIdxLX[ x_{NbB_0} ][ y_{NbB_0} ]$  (512)
    - $predFlagLXB_0 = PredFlagLX[ x_{NbB_0} ][ y_{NbB_0} ]$  (513)
    - 25  $hpelIfIdxB_0 = HpelIfIdx[ x_{NbB_0} ][ y_{NbB_0} ]$  (514)
    - $bcwIdxB_0 = BcwIdx[ x_{NbB_0} ][ y_{NbB_0} ]$  (515)

For the derivation of  $availableFlagA_0$ ,  $refIdxLXA_0$ ,  $predFlagLXA_0$ ,  $mvLXA_0$ ,  $hpelIfIdxA_0$  and  $bcwIdxA_0$  the following applies:

- The luma location (  $x_{NbA_0}$ ,  $y_{NbA_0}$  ) inside the neighbouring luma coding block is set equal to (  $x_{Cb} - 1$ ,  $y_{Cb} + cbWidth$  ).  
30
- The derivation process for neighbouring block availability as specified in clause 6.4.4 is invoked with the current luma location (  $x_{Curr}$ ,  $y_{Curr}$  ) set equal to (  $x_{Cb}$ ,  $y_{Cb}$  ), the neighbouring luma location (  $x_{NbA_0}$ ,  $y_{NbA_0}$  ),  $checkPredModeY$  set equal to TRUE, and  $cIdx$  set equal to 0 as inputs, and the output is assigned to the block availability flag  $availableA_0$ .  
35
- The variables  $availableFlagA_0$ ,  $refIdxLXA_0$ ,  $predFlagLXA_0$ ,  $mvLXA_0$ ,  $hpelIfIdxA_0$  and  $bcwIdxA_0$  are derived as follows:
  - If one or more of the following conditions are true,  $availableFlagA_0$  is set equal to 0, both components of  $mvLXA_0$  are set equal to 0,  $refIdxLXA_0$  is set equal to  $-1$  and

predFlagLXA<sub>0</sub> is set equal to 0, with X being 0 or 1, hpelIfIdxA<sub>0</sub> is set equal to 0, and bcwIdxA<sub>0</sub> is set equal to 0:

- availableA<sub>0</sub> is equal to FALSE.
- availableA<sub>1</sub> is equal to TRUE and the luma locations ( xNbA<sub>1</sub>, yNbA<sub>1</sub> ) and ( xNbA<sub>0</sub>, yNbA<sub>0</sub> ) have the same motion vectors and the same reference indices.
- WPDIsabledX[ RefIdxLX[ xNbA<sub>0</sub> ][ yNbA<sub>0</sub> ] ] is set to 0 and merge mode is non-rectangular (e.g. triangle flag is set equal to 1 for the block in the current luma location ( xCurr, yCurr ) )
- WPDIsabledX[ RefIdxLX[ xNbA<sub>1</sub> ][ yNbA<sub>1</sub> ] ] is set to 0 and merge mode is non-rectangular (e.g. triangle flag is set equal to 1 for the block in the current luma location ( xCurr, yCurr ) )
- Otherwise, availableFlagA<sub>0</sub> is set equal to 1 and the following assignments are made:
 
$$mvLXA_0 = MvLX[ xNbA_0 ][ yNbA_0 ] \quad (516)$$

$$refIdxLXA_0 = RefIdxLX[ xNbA_0 ][ yNbA_0 ] \quad (517)$$

$$predFlagLXA_0 = PredFlagLX[ xNbA_0 ][ yNbA_0 ] \quad (518)$$

$$hpelIfIdxA_0 = HpelIfIdx[ xNbA_0 ][ yNbA_0 ] \quad (519)$$

$$bcwIdxA_0 = BcwIdx[ xNbA_0 ][ yNbA_0 ] \quad (520)$$

For the derivation of availableFlagB<sub>2</sub>, refIdxLXB<sub>2</sub>, predFlagLXB<sub>2</sub>, mvLXB<sub>2</sub>, hpelIfIdxB<sub>2</sub> and bcwIdxB<sub>2</sub> the following applies:

- The luma location ( xNbB<sub>2</sub>, yNbB<sub>2</sub> ) inside the neighbouring luma coding block is set equal to ( xCb – 1, yCb – 1 ).
- The derivation process for neighbouring block availability as specified in clause 6.4.4 is invoked with the current luma location ( xCurr, yCurr ) set equal to ( xCb, yCb ), the neighbouring luma location ( xNbB<sub>2</sub>, yNbB<sub>2</sub> ), checkPredModeY set equal to TRUE, and cIdx set equal to 0 as inputs, and the output is assigned to the block availability flag availableB<sub>2</sub>.
- The variables availableFlagB<sub>2</sub>, refIdxLXB<sub>2</sub>, predFlagLXB<sub>2</sub>, mvLXB<sub>2</sub>, hpelIfIdxB<sub>2</sub> and bcwIdxB<sub>2</sub> are derived as follows:
  - If one or more of the following conditions are true, availableFlagB<sub>2</sub> is set equal to 0, both components of mvLXB<sub>2</sub> are set equal to 0, refIdxLXB<sub>2</sub> is set equal to –1 and predFlagLXB<sub>2</sub> is set equal to 0, with X being 0 or 1, hpelIfIdxB<sub>2</sub> is set equal to 0, and bcwIdxB<sub>2</sub> is set equal to 0:
    - availableB<sub>2</sub> is equal to FALSE.
    - availableA<sub>1</sub> is equal to TRUE and the luma locations ( xNbA<sub>1</sub>, yNbA<sub>1</sub> ) and ( xNbB<sub>2</sub>, yNbB<sub>2</sub> ) have the same motion vectors and the same reference indices.
    - availableB<sub>1</sub> is equal to TRUE and the luma locations ( xNbB<sub>1</sub>, yNbB<sub>1</sub> ) and ( xNbB<sub>2</sub>, yNbB<sub>2</sub> ) have the same motion vectors and the same reference indices.
    - availableFlagA<sub>0</sub> + availableFlagA<sub>1</sub> + availableFlagB<sub>0</sub> + availableFlagB<sub>1</sub> is equal to 4.

- WPDIsabledX[ RefIdxLX[ xNbB<sub>1</sub> ][ yNbB<sub>1</sub> ] ] is set to 0 and merge mode is non-rectangular (e.g. triangle flag is set equal to 1 for the block in the current luma location ( xCurr, yCurr ) )
- 5    – WPDIsabledX[ RefIdxLX[ xNbB<sub>2</sub> ][ yNbB<sub>2</sub> ] ] is set to 0 and merge mode is non-rectangular (e.g. triangle flag is set equal to 1 for the block in the current luma location ( xCurr, yCurr ) )
- Otherwise, availableFlagB<sub>2</sub> is set equal to 1 and the following assignments are made:
  - mvLXB<sub>2</sub> = MvLX[ xNbB<sub>2</sub> ][ yNbB<sub>2</sub> ] (521)
  - refIdxLXB<sub>2</sub> = RefIdxLX[ xNbB<sub>2</sub> ][ yNbB<sub>2</sub> ] (522)
  - 10    predFlagLXB<sub>2</sub> = PredFlagLX[ xNbB<sub>2</sub> ][ yNbB<sub>2</sub> ] (523)
  - hpelIfIdxB<sub>2</sub> = HpelIfIdx[ xNbB<sub>2</sub> ][ yNbB<sub>2</sub> ] (524)
  - bcwIdxB<sub>2</sub> = BcwIdx[ xNbB<sub>2</sub> ][ yNbB<sub>2</sub> ] (525)

In the examples disclosed above the following variable definition is used:

The variable WPDIsabled0[i] is set equal to 1 when all the values of luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ] and chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ] are set to zero, the value of i = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ] .  
 15    Otherwise, the value of WPDIsabled0[i] is set equal to 0.

The variable WPDIsabled1[i] is set equal to 1 when all the values of luma\_weight\_11\_flag[ i ] and chroma\_weight\_11\_flag[ i ] are set to zero, the value of i = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ] .  
 Otherwise, the value of WPDIsabled1 [1] is set equal to 0.

20    In another example, variable SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand is defined at slice header in accordance with one of the following:

- SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand = (lumaWeightedFlag || chromaWeightedFlag) ? 0 : MaxNumTriangleMergeCand ;
- SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand = (lumaWeightedFlag || chromaWeightedFlag) ? 1 : MaxNumTriangleMergeCand ;
- 25    - SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand = slice\_weighted\_pred\_flag ? 0 : MaxNumTriangleMergeCand ;

or

- SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand = slice\_weighted\_pred\_flag ? 1 : MaxNumTriangleMergeCand
- 30    MaxNumTriangleMergeCand

The value of SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand is further used in parsing of the merge information at the block level. Exemplary syntax is given in the table below:

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Descriptor |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| merge_data( x0, y0, cbWidth, cbHeight, chType ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |
| if ( CuPredMode[ chType ][ x0 ][ y0 ] == MODE_IBC ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                   |            |
| if( MaxNumIbcMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |            |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ae(v)      |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |            |
| if( MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 0 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8 )                                                                                                                                                                                      |            |
| <b>merge_subblock_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | ae(v)      |
| if( merge_subblock_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                            |            |
| if( MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |
| <b>merge_subblock_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | ae(v)      |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |            |
| if( ( cbWidth * cbHeight ) >= 64 && ( sps_ciip_enabled_flag &&<br>cu_skip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 0 && cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128 )   <br>( sps_triangle_enabled_flag && SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand > 1 &&<br>slice_type == B ) ) {                  |            |
| <b>regular_merge_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | ae(v)      |
| if ( regular_merge_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                            |            |
| if( sps_mmvd_enabled_flag )                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |            |
| <b>mmvd_merge_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ae(v)      |
| if( mmvd_merge_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                                |            |
| if( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |            |
| <b>mmvd_cand_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | ae(v)      |
| <b>mmvd_distance_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | ae(v)      |
| <b>mmvd_direction_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | ae(v)      |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |            |
| if( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |            |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ae(v)      |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |            |
| if( sps_ciip_enabled_flag && sps_triangle_enabled_flag &&<br>SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand > 1 && weightedPredFlag == 0 &&<br>slice_type == B && cu_skip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 0 &&<br>( cbWidth * cbHeight ) >= 64 && cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128 ) { |            |
| <b>ciip_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ae(v)      |
| if( ciip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] && MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                      |            |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ae(v)      |
| if( !ciip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] && SliceMaxNumTriangleMergeCand > 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                      |            |
| <b>merge_triangle_split_dir</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ae(v)      |
| <b>merge_triangle_idx0</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | ae(v)      |
| <b>merge_triangle_idx1</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | ae(v)      |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            |

For the cases non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a GEO mode, the following examples are described further.

Different mechanisms can be used to enable controlling the GEO/TPM merge modes, subject to whether WP is applied to the reference pictures where reference blocks P0 and P1 are

5 taken from, namely:

- Moving WP parameters listed in Table 14 from SH to PH;
- Moving GEO parameters from PH back to SH;
- Changing the semantics of MaxNumGeoMergeCand, e.g. by setting  
MaxNumGeoMergeCand equal to 0 or 1 for such slices when reference pictures with WP  
10 can be used (e.g., where at least one of the flags lumaWeightedFlag or is equal to true).

For GEO merge mode, exemplary reference blocks P0 and P1 are denoted by 810 and 820 in Fig. 8, respectively.

In an example, when WP parameters and enabling of non-rectangular modes (e.g. GEO and TPM) are signalled in picture header, the following syntax may be used, as shown in the table

15 below:

**Table - Picture header RBSP syntax**

| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                                                          | Descriptor |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>non_reference_picture_flag</b>                                                                                                 | u(1)       |
| <b>gdr_pic_flag</b>                                                                                                               | u(1)       |
| <b>no_output_of_prior_pics_flag</b>                                                                                               | u(1)       |
| if( gdr_pic_flag )                                                                                                                |            |
| <b>recovery_poc_cnt</b>                                                                                                           | ue(v)      |
| <b>ph_pic_parameter_set_id</b>                                                                                                    | ue(v)      |
| if( sps_poc_msb_flag ) {                                                                                                          |            |
| <b>ph_poc_msb_present_flag</b>                                                                                                    | u(1)       |
| if( ph_poc_msb_present_flag )                                                                                                     |            |
| <b>poc_msb_val</b>                                                                                                                | u(v)       |
| }                                                                                                                                 |            |
| ...                                                                                                                               |            |
| <b>pic_rpl_present_flag</b>                                                                                                       | u(1)       |
| if( pic_rpl_present_flag ) {                                                                                                      |            |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                        |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) ) |            |
| <b>pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                      | u(1)       |
| if( pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                     |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                   |            |
| <b>pic_rpl_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                           | u(v)       |
| } else                                                                                                                            |            |

|                                                                                                                                      |       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                              |       |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                          |       |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                                  |       |
| <b>pic_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                      | u(v)  |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                      | u(1)  |
| if( pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                       |       |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                          | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                    |       |
| }                                                                                                                                    |       |
| }                                                                                                                                    |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                  |       |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag && slice_type == P )   <br>( pps_weighted_bipred_flag && slice_type == B ) )                            |       |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                 |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                  |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                  |       |
| if( sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 &&<br>!pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1 && WPDisabled) |       |
| <b>pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand</b>                                                                            | ue(v) |
| ...                                                                                                                                  |       |
| rbsp_trailing_bits( )                                                                                                                |       |
| }                                                                                                                                    |       |

....

The variable WPDisabled is set equal to 1 when all the values of luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ], chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ], luma\_weight\_11\_flag[ j ] and chroma\_weight\_11\_flag[ j ] are set to zero, the value of i = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; and the value of j = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ];

- 5 otherwise, the value of WPDisabled is set equal to 0.

When the variable WPDisabled is set equal to 0, the value of pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand is set equal to MaxNumMergeCand. In another example, pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand is set equal to MaxNumMergeCand – 1.

- 10 In an example, signaling of WP parameters and enabling of non-rectangular modes (e.g. GEO and TPM) is performed in the slice header. Exemplary syntax is given in the table below:

|                                             |                   |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| slice_header( ) {                           | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| <b>slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb</b>              | u(v)              |
| if( subpics_present_flag )                  |                   |
| <b>slice_subpic_id</b>                      | u(v)              |
| if( rect_slice_flag    NumTilesInPic > 1 )  |                   |
| <b>slice_address</b>                        | u(v)              |
| if( !rect_slice_flag && NumTilesInPic > 1 ) |                   |
| <b>num_tiles_in_slice_minus1</b>            | ue(v)             |
| <b>slice_type</b>                           | ue(v)             |

|                                                                                                                                             |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| if( !pic_rpl_present_flag &&( ( nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type !=<br>IDR_N_LP )    sps_idr_rpl_present_flag ) ) {             |       |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                                  |       |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )           |       |
| <b>slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                              | u(1)  |
| if( slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                             |       |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                             |       |
| <b>slice_rpl_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                                   | u(v)  |
| } else                                                                                                                                      |       |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                                     |       |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                                 |       |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                                         |       |
| <b>slice_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                           | u(v)  |
| <b>slice_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                           | u(1)  |
| if( slice_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                            |       |
| <b>slice_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                               | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if( pic_rpl_present_flag    ( ( nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type !=<br>IDR_N_LP )    sps_idr_rpl_present_flag ) ) {             |       |
| if( ( slice_type != I && num_ref_entries[ 0 ][ RplIdx[ 0 ] ] > 1 )   <br>( slice_type == B && num_ref_entries[ 1 ][ RplIdx[ 1 ] ] > 1 ) ) { |       |
| <b>num_ref_idx_active_override_flag</b>                                                                                                     | u(1)  |
| if( num_ref_idx_active_override_flag )                                                                                                      |       |
| for( i = 0; i < ( slice_type == B ? 2 : 1 ); i++ )                                                                                          |       |
| if( num_ref_entries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] > 1 )                                                                                               |       |
| <b>num_ref_idx_active_minus1[ i ]</b>                                                                                                       | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if( slice_type != I ) {                                                                                                                     |       |
| if( cabac_init_present_flag )                                                                                                               |       |
| <b>cabac_init_flag</b>                                                                                                                      | u(1)  |
| if( pic_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag ) {                                                                                                       |       |
| if( slice_type == B && !pps_collocated_from_l0_idc )                                                                                        |       |
| <b>collocated_from_l0_flag</b>                                                                                                              | u(1)  |
| if( ( collocated_from_l0_flag && NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ] > 1 )   <br>( !collocated_from_l0_flag && NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ] > 1 ) )                |       |
| <b>collocated_ref_idx</b>                                                                                                                   | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                           |       |
| if( slice_weighted_pred_flag )                                                                                                              |       |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                        |       |
| if( !pps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand_plus1 )                                                                                               |       |
| <b>six_minus_max_num_merge_cand</b>                                                                                                         | ue(v) |

|                                                                                                                                             |              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| if( sps_affine_enabled_flag &&<br>!pps_five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand_plus1 )                                                       |              |
| <b>five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand</b>                                                                                               | <b>ue(v)</b> |
| if( sps_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag )                                                                                                            |              |
| <b>slice_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                         | <b>u(1)</b>  |
| if( sps_bdof_dmvr_slice_present_flag )                                                                                                      |              |
| <b>slice_disable_bdof_dmvr_flag</b>                                                                                                         | <b>u(1)</b>  |
| if( sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 &&<br>!pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_minus1 &&<br>WPDisabled ) { |              |
| <b>max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b>                                                                                            | <b>ue(v)</b> |
| }                                                                                                                                           |              |
| ...                                                                                                                                         |              |
| }                                                                                                                                           |              |
| <b>slice_qp_delta</b>                                                                                                                       | <b>se(v)</b> |
| if( pps_slice_chroma_qp_offsets_present_flag ) {                                                                                            |              |
| <b>slice_cb_qp_offset</b>                                                                                                                   | <b>se(v)</b> |
| <b>slice_cr_qp_offset</b>                                                                                                                   | <b>se(v)</b> |
| if( sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag )                                                                                                            |              |
| <b>slice_joint_cbr_qp_offset</b>                                                                                                            | <b>se(v)</b> |
| }                                                                                                                                           |              |
| if( pps_cu_chroma_qp_offset_list_enabled_flag )                                                                                             |              |
| <b>cu_chroma_qp_offset_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                     | <b>u(1)</b>  |
| if( sps_sao_enabled_flag && !pic_sao_enabled_present_flag ) {                                                                               |              |
| <b>slice_sao_luma_flag</b>                                                                                                                  | <b>u(1)</b>  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                                                  |              |
| <b>slice_sao_chroma_flag</b>                                                                                                                | <b>u(1)</b>  |
| }                                                                                                                                           |              |
| if( sps_alf_enabled_flag && !pic_alf_enabled_present_flag ) {                                                                               |              |
| <b>slice_alf_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                               | <b>u(1)</b>  |
| if( slice_alf_enabled_flag ) {                                                                                                              |              |
| <b>slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma</b>                                                                                                           | <b>u(3)</b>  |
| for( i = 0; i < slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma; i++ )                                                                                           |              |
| <b>slice_alf_aps_id_luma[ i ]</b>                                                                                                           | <b>u(3)</b>  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                                                  |              |
| <b>slice_alf_chroma_idc</b>                                                                                                                 | <b>u(2)</b>  |
| if( slice_alf_chroma_idc )                                                                                                                  |              |
| <b>slice_alf_aps_id_chroma</b>                                                                                                              | <b>u(3)</b>  |
| }                                                                                                                                           |              |
| }                                                                                                                                           |              |
| if( deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag &&<br>!pic_deblocking_filter_override_present_flag )                                            |              |
| <b>slice_deblocking_filter_override_flag</b>                                                                                                | <b>u(1)</b>  |
| if( slice_deblocking_filter_override_flag ) {                                                                                               |              |
| <b>slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</b>                                                                                                | <b>u(1)</b>  |
| if( !slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag ) {                                                                                              |              |
| <b>slice_beta_offset_div2</b>                                                                                                               | <b>se(v)</b> |

|                                                                |       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>slice_tc_offset_div2</b>                                    | se(v) |
| }                                                              |       |
| }                                                              |       |
| if( entry_point_offsets_present_flag && NumEntryPoints > 0 ) { |       |
| <b>offset_len_minus1</b>                                       | ue(v) |
| for( i = 0; i < NumEntryPoints; i++ )                          |       |
| <b>entry_point_offset_minus1[ i ]</b>                          | u(v)  |
| }                                                              |       |
| if( slice_header_extension_present_flag ) {                    |       |
| <b>slice_header_extension_length</b>                           | ue(v) |
| for( i = 0; i < slice_header_extension_length; i++ )           |       |
| <b>slice_header_extension_data_byte[ i ]</b>                   | u(8)  |
| }                                                              |       |
| byte_alignment( )                                              |       |
| }                                                              |       |

The variable WPDDisabled is set equal to 1 when all the values of luma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ], chroma\_weight\_10\_flag[ i ], luma\_weight\_11\_flag[ j ] and chroma\_weight\_11\_flag[ j ] are set to zero, the value of i = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; and the value of j = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]; otherwise, the value of WPDDisabled is set equal to 0.

- 5 When the variable WPDDisabled is set equal to 0, the value of max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand is set equal to MaxNumMergeCand.

In another embodiment, when the variable WPDDisabled is set equal to 0, the value of max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand is set equal to MaxNumMergeCand – 1.

- 10 In the above examples, weighted prediction parameters may be signaled in either picture header or in a slice header.

In another embodiments, variable SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand is defined at slice header in accordance with one of the following:

- 15 - SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand = (lumaWeightedFlag || chromaWeightedFlag) ? 0 : MaxNumGeoMergeCand ;
- SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand = (lumaWeightedFlag || chromaWeightedFlag) ? 1 : MaxNumGeoMergeCand ;
- SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand = slice\_weighted\_pred\_flag ? 0 : MaxNumGeoMergeCand ;

- 20 or SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand = slice\_weighted\_pred\_flag ? 1 : MaxNumGeoMergeCand
- Different embodiments use different cases listed above.

The value of variable SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand is further used in parsing of the merge information at the block level. Exemplary syntax is given in the table below:

## 7.3.9.7 Merge data syntax

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| merge_data( x0, y0, cbWidth, cbHeight, chType ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| if( CuPredMode[ chType ][ x0 ][ y0 ] == MODE_IBC ) {                                                                                                                                                                                              |                   |
| if( MaxNumIbcMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                   |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ae(v)             |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                   |
| if( MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 0 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8 )                                                                                                                                                                                |                   |
| <b>merge_subblock_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ae(v)             |
| if( merge_subblock_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                   |
| if( MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |
| <b>merge_subblock_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ae(v)             |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                   |
| if( (sps_ciip_enabled_flag && cu_skip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 0 && ( cbWidth * cbHeight ) >= 64 && cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128 )    ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand > 1 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8 && slice_type == B ) ) |                   |
| <b>regular_merge_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ae(v)             |
| if( regular_merge_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                   |
| if( sps_mmvd_enabled_flag )                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                   |
| <b>mmvd_merge_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                               | ae(v)             |
| if( mmvd_merge_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                   |
| if( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                   |
| <b>mmvd_cand_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                | ae(v)             |
| <b>mmvd_distance_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                             | ae(v)             |
| <b>mmvd_direction_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ae(v)             |
| } else if( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                   |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ae(v)             |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                   |
| if( sps_ciip_enabled_flag && sps_geo_enabled_flag && SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand > 1 && slice_type == B && cu_skip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 0 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8 && cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128 )                                        |                   |
| <b>ciip_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ae(v)             |
| if( ciip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] && MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                |                   |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | ae(v)             |
| if( !ciip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] && SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand > 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                     |                   |
| <b>merge_geo_partition_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                       | ae(v)             |
| <b>merge_geo_idx0</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                | ae(v)             |
| if( SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand > 2 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |
| <b>merge_geo_idx1</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                | ae(v)             |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                   |

Related picture header semantics is as follows:

**pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** specifies the maximum number of geo merge mode candidates supported in the slices associated with the picture header subtracted from MaxNumMergeCand.

- 5 When **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is not present, and **sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag** is equal to 1 and MaxNumMergeCand greater than or equal to 2, **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is inferred to be equal to **pps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand\_plus1** - 1.  
The maximum number of geo merge mode candidates, MaxNumGeoMergeCand is derived as follows:

MaxNumGeoMergeCand = MaxNumMergeCand -  
**pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand**

When **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is present, the value of MaxNumGeoMergeCand shall be in the range of 2 to MaxNumMergeCand, inclusive.

- 15 When **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is not present, and (**sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag** is equal to 0 or MaxNumMergeCand is less than 2), MaxNumGeoMergeCand is set equal to 0.

When MaxNumGeoMergeCand is equal to 0, geo merge mode is not allowed for the slices associated with the PH.

- 20 In the following examples, several signaling-related aspects are considered. Namely, these aspects are as follows:

- syntax elements related to number of candidates for merge mode () are signaled in the sequence parameter set (SPS), that makes it possible for particular implementations to derive number of non-rectangular mode merge candidates (MaxNumGeoMergeCand) at the SPS level;
- PH could be signaled in SH, when a picture comprises just one slice;
- Define a PH / SH parameter override mechanism with the following as follow:

The PPS flags that specify whether a syntax element of a related coding tool is present in either PH or SH (but not both).

- 30 Particularly, reference picture list and weighted prediction table could use this mechanism

- the prediction weight table a fifth type of data that can be signaled either in the PH or SH (like ALF, deblocking, RPL, and SAO);
- when weighted prediction is enabled for a picture, all slices of the picture would be required to have the same reference picture lists;

- inter- and intra-related syntax elements are conditionally signaled if only certain slice types are used in the picture associated with the PH.

In particular, two flags, `pic_inter_slice_present_flag` and `pic_intra_slice_present_flag` are introduced.

- 5 In an example, syntax elements related to number of candidates for merge mode () are signaled in the sequence parameter set (SPS), that makes it possible for particular implementations to derive number of non-rectangular mode merge candidates (`MaxNumGeoMergeCand`) at the SPS level. This aspect could be implemented by an encoding or decoding process based on the following syntax.

### 10 7.3.2.3 Sequence parameter set RBSP syntax

| seq_parameter_set_rbsp() {                                       | Descriptor |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <code>sps_decoding_parameter_set_id</code>                       | u(4)       |
| <code>sps_video_parameter_set_id</code>                          | u(4)       |
| <code>sps_max_sublayers_minus1</code>                            | u(3)       |
| <code>sps_reserved_zero_4bits</code>                             | u(4)       |
| <code>sps_ptl_dpb_hrd_params_present_flag</code>                 | u(1)       |
| if( <code>sps_ptl_dpb_hrd_params_present_flag</code> )           |            |
| <code>profile_tier_level( 1, sps_max_sublayers_minus1 )</code>   |            |
| <code>gdr_enabled_flag</code>                                    | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_seq_parameter_set_id</code>                            | u(4)       |
| ...                                                              |            |
| <code>sps_sbt_enabled_flag</code>                                | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_affine_enabled_flag</code>                             | u(1)       |
| if( <code>sps_affine_enabled_flag</code> ) {                     |            |
| <code>sps_affine_type_flag</code>                                | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_affine_amvr_enabled_flag</code>                        | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_affine_prof_enabled_flag</code>                        | u(1)       |
| if( <code>sps_affine_prof_enabled_flag</code> )                  |            |
| <code>sps_prof_pic_present_flag</code>                           | u(1)       |
| }                                                                |            |
| if( <code>chroma_format_idc</code> == 3 ) {                      |            |
| <code>sps_palette_enabled_flag</code>                            | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_act_enabled_flag</code>                                | u(1)       |
| }                                                                |            |
| <code>sps_bcw_enabled_flag</code>                                | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_ibc_enabled_flag</code>                                | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_ciip_enabled_flag</code>                               | u(1)       |
| if( <code>sps_mmvd_enabled_flag</code> )                         |            |
| <code>sps_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag</code>                          | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_geo_enabled_flag</code>                                | u(1)       |
| <code>sps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand_plus1</code>              | ue(v)      |
| if( <code>sps_geo_enabled_flag</code> )                          |            |
| <code>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand_plus1</code> | ue(v)      |

|                              |      |
|------------------------------|------|
| <b>sps_lmcs_enabled_flag</b> | u(1) |
| <b>sps_lfst_enabled_flag</b> | u(1) |
| <b>sps_ladf_enabled_flag</b> | u(1) |
| ...                          |      |

Syntax described above have the following semantics.

- sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_plus1** equal to 0 specifies that **pic\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand** is present in PHs referring to the PPS. **sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_plus1** greater than 0 specifies that
- 5 **pic\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand** is not present in PHs referring to the PPS. The value of **sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_plus1** shall be in the range of 0 to 6, inclusive.

- sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand\_plus1** equal to 0 specifies that **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is present in PHs of slices referring to the PPS. **sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand\_plus1** greater than 0
- 10 specifies that **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is not present in PHs referring to the PPS. The value of **sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand\_plus1** shall be in the range of 0 to **MaxNumMergeCand** – 1.

Semantics of the corresponding elements of the PH is as follows:

- 15 **pic\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand** specifies the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction (MVP) candidates supported in the slices associated with the PH subtracted from 6. The maximum number of merging MVP candidates, **MaxNumMergeCand** is derived as follows:

$$\text{MaxNumMergeCand} = 6 - \text{pic\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand}$$

- 20 The value of **MaxNumMergeCand** shall be in the range of 1 to 6, inclusive. When not present, the value of **pic\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand** is inferred to be equal to **sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_plus1** – 1.

- pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** specifies the maximum number of geo merge mode candidates supported in the slices associated with the pictur header
- 25 subtracted from **MaxNumMergeCand**.

- When **sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is not present, and **sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag** is equal to 1 and **MaxNumMergeCand** greater than or equal to 2, **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is inferred to be equal to **sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand\_plus1** – 1.

- 30 The maximum number of geo merge mode candidates, **MaxNumGeoMergeCand** is derived as follows:

$$\text{MaxNumGeoMergeCand} = \text{MaxNumMergeCand} - \text{pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand}$$

- When **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is present, the value of
- 35 **MaxNumGeoMergeCand** shall be in the range of 2 to **MaxNumMergeCand**, inclusive.

When **pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is not present, and (**sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag** is equal to 0 or **MaxNumMergeCand** is less than 2), **MaxNumGeoMergeCand** is set equal to 0.

- When **MaxNumGeoMergeCand** is equal to 0, geo merge mode is not allowed for the slices
- 40 associated with the PH.

Alternatively, **sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** specifies the maximum number of GEO merge mode candidates supported in the SPS subtracted from MaxNumMergeCand.

- When **sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag** is equal to 1 and MaxNumMergeCand is greater than or equal to 3, the maximum number of GEO merge mode candidates, MaxNumGeoMergeCand is derived as follows:

$$\text{MaxNumGeoMergeCand} = \text{MaxNumMergeCand} - \text{sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand}$$

- If the value of **sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag** is equal to 1, the value of MaxNumGeoMergeCand shall be in the range of 2 to MaxNumMergeCand, inclusive.

Otherwise when **sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag** is equal to 1 and MaxNumMergeCand is equal to 2, MaxNumGeoMergeCand is set equal to 2.

Otherwise, MaxNumGeoMergeCand is set equal to 0.

Alternative syntax and semantics for this example are as follows:

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ...                                                  |       |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand</b>              | ue(v) |
| if ( <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b> )                   |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| ...                                                  |       |

- sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand** specifies the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction (MVP) candidates supported in the slices associated with the PH subtracted from 6. The maximum number of merging MVP candidates, MaxNumMergeCand is derived as follows:

$$\text{MaxNumMergeCand} = 6 - \text{sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand}$$

- The value of MaxNumMergeCand shall be in the range of 1 to 6, inclusive.
- sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** specifies the maximum number of geo merge mode candidates supported in the slices associated with the pictur header subtracted from MaxNumMergeCand.
- The maximum number of geo merge mode candidates, MaxNumGeoMergeCand is derived as follows:

$$\text{MaxNumGeoMergeCand} = \text{MaxNumMergeCand} - \text{sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand}$$

When **sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand** is present, the value of MaxNumGeoMergeCand shall be in the range of 2 to MaxNumMergeCand, inclusive.

When `sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand` is not present, and (`sps_geo_enabled_flag` is equal to 0 or `MaxNumMergeCand` is less than 2), `MaxNumGeoMergeCand` is set equal to 0.

When `MaxNumGeoMergeCand` is equal to 0, geo merge mode is not allowed.

- 5 For the examples described above and for both alternative syntax definitions, a check is performed on whether weighted prediction is enabled. This check affects derivation of `MaxNumGeoMergeCand` variable, and the value of `MaxNumGeoMergeCand` is set to zero in one of the following cases:

- when for the value of `i = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]` and the value of `j = 0 .. NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]` all the values of **`luma_weight_l0_flag[ i ]`**, **`chroma_weight_l0_flag[ i ]`**, **`luma_weight_l1_flag[ j ]`** and **`chroma_weight_l1_flag[ j ]`** are either set to zero or not present;
- when a flag in SPS or PPS indicates the presence of bi-directional weighted prediction (**`pps_weighted_bipred_flag`**);
- 15 - when the presence of bi-directional weighted prediction is indicated in either a picture header (PH) or a slice header (SH).

An SPS-level flag indicating the presence of weighted prediction parameters could be signalled as follows:

|                                                                  |                    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <code>sps_bcw_enabled_flag</code>                                | <code>u(1)</code>  |
| <code>sps_ibc_enabled_flag</code>                                | <code>u(1)</code>  |
| <code>sps_ciip_enabled_flag</code>                               | <code>u(1)</code>  |
| <code>if( sps_mmvd_enabled_flag )</code>                         |                    |
| <code>sps_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag</code>                          | <code>u(1)</code>  |
| <code>sps_wp_enabled_flag</code>                                 |                    |
| <code>if (!sps_wp_enabled_flag)</code>                           |                    |
| <code>sps_geo_enabled_flag</code>                                | <code>u(1)</code>  |
| <code>sps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand_plus1</code>              | <code>ue(v)</code> |
| <code>if (sps_geo_enabled_flag)</code>                           |                    |
| <code>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand_plus1</code> | <code>ue(v)</code> |
| <code>sps_lmcs_enabled_flag</code>                               | <code>u(1)</code>  |
| <code>sps_lfnst_enabled_flag</code>                              | <code>u(1)</code>  |
| <code>sps_ladf_enabled_flag</code>                               | <code>u(1)</code>  |
| ...                                                              |                    |

- 20 Syntax element “`sps_wp_enabled_flag`” determines whether weighted prediction could be enabled on a lower level (PPS, PH or SH). Exemplary implementation is given below:

|                                                                            |                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <code>if( pps_cu_chroma_qp_offset_list_enabled_flag ) {</code>             |                    |
| <code>chroma_qp_offset_list_len_minus1</code>                              | <code>ue(v)</code> |
| <code>for( i = 0; i &lt;= chroma_qp_offset_list_len_minus1; i++ ) {</code> |                    |

|                                            |       |
|--------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>cb_qp_offset_list[ i ]</b>              | se(v) |
| <b>cr_qp_offset_list[ i ]</b>              | se(v) |
| if( pps_joint_cbr_qp_offset_present_flag ) |       |
| <b>joint_cbr_qp_offset_list[ i ]</b>       | se(v) |
| }                                          |       |
| }                                          |       |
| <b>if (sps_wp_enabled_flag) {</b>          |       |
| <b>pps_weighted_pred_flag</b>              | u(1)  |
| <b>pps_weighted_bipred_flag</b>            | u(1)  |
| }                                          |       |

In the above table, pps\_weighted\_pred\_flag and pps\_weighted\_bipred\_flag are flags in the bitstream indicating whether weighted prediction is enabled for uni- and bi-predicted blocks.

In an example, where weighted prediction flags are specified in a picture header, e.g. as pic\_weighted\_pred\_flag and pic\_weighted\_bipred\_flag, the following dependency on

- 5 sps\_wp\_enabled\_flag may be specified in bitstream syntax:

|                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| ...                               |
| <b>if (sps_wp_enabled_flag) {</b> |
| <b>pic_weighted_pred_flag</b>     |
| <b>pic_weighted_bipred_flag</b>   |
| }                                 |
| ...                               |

In an example, where weighted prediction flags are specified in a slice header, e.g. as weighted\_pred\_flag and weighted\_bipred\_flag, the following dependency on sps\_wp\_enabled\_flag may be specified in bitstream syntax:

|                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| ...                               |
| <b>if (sps_wp_enabled_flag) {</b> |
| <b>weighted_pred_flag</b>         |
| <b>weighted_bipred_flag</b>       |
| }                                 |
| ...                               |

- 10 In an example, reference picture lists may be indicated either in PPS or in either PH or SH (but not both). In some examples, signaling of a reference picture list is dependent from the syntax elements that indicate presence of weighted prediction (e.g. pps\_weighted\_pred\_flag and pps\_weighted\_bipred\_flag). Hence, depending on whether reference picture list is indicated in PPS, PH or SH, weighted prediction parameters are signaled before reference picture list correspondingly in PPS, PH or SH.

- 15 The following syntax could be specified for this embodiment:

**Picture parameter set syntax**

|                             |                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| pic_parameter_set_rbsp( ) { | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| ...                         |                   |

|                                                                                    |       |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>rpl_present_in_ph_flag</b>                                                      | u(1)  |
| <b>sao_present_in_ph_flag</b>                                                      | u(1)  |
| <b>alf_present_in_ph_flag</b>                                                      | u(1)  |
| ...                                                                                |       |
| <b>pps_weighted_pred_flag</b>                                                      | u(1)  |
| <b>pps_weighted_bipred_flag</b>                                                    | u(1)  |
| if( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag    rpl_present_in_ph_flag ) |       |
| <b>weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag</b>                                      | u(1)  |
| <b>deblocking_filter_control_present_flag</b>                                      | u(1)  |
| if( deblocking_filter_control_present_flag ) {                                     |       |
| <b>deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag</b>                                     | u(1)  |
| if( deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag )                                      |       |
| <b>deblocking_filter_override_present_in_ph_flag</b>                               | u(1)  |
| <b>pps_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</b>                                         | u(1)  |
| if( !pps_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag ) {                                       |       |
| <b>pps_beta_offset_div2</b>                                                        | se(v) |
| <b>pps_tc_offset_div2</b>                                                          | se(v) |
| }                                                                                  |       |
| }                                                                                  |       |
| <b>constant_slice_header_params_enabled_flag</b>                                   | u(1)  |
| ...                                                                                |       |
| }                                                                                  |       |

...

**rpl\_present\_in\_ph\_flag** equal to 1 specifies the reference picture list signalling is not present in the slice headers referring to the PPS but may be present in the PHs referring to the PPS. **rpl\_present\_in\_ph\_flag** equal to 0 specifies the reference picture list signalling is not present in the PHs referring to the PPS but may be present in the slice headers referring to the PPS.

**sao\_present\_in\_ph\_flag** equal to 1 specifies the syntax elements for enabling SAO use is not present in the slice headers referring to the PPS but may be present in the PHs referring to the PPS. **sao\_present\_in\_ph\_flag** equal to 0 specifies the syntax elements for enabling SAO use is not present in the PHs referring to the PPS but may be present in the slice headers referring to the PPS.

**alf\_present\_in\_ph\_flag** equal to 1 specifies the syntax elements for enabling ALF use is not present in the slice headers referring to the PPS but may be present in the PHs referring to the PPS. **alf\_present\_in\_ph\_flag** equal to 0 specifies the syntax elements for enabling ALF use is not present in the PHs referring to the PPS but may be present in the slice headers referring to the PPS.

...

**weighted\_pred\_table\_present\_in\_ph\_flag** equal to 1 specifies that weighted prediction table is not present in the slice headers referring to the PPS but may be present in the PHs referring

to the PPS. `weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag` equal to 0 specifies that weighted prediction table is not present in the PHs referring to the PPS but may be present in the slice headers referring to the PPS. When not present, the value of `weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag` is inferred to be equal to 0.

5 ...

**`deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag`** equal to 1 specifies that deblocking filter override may be present in PHs or in slice headers referring to the PPS. `deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag` equal to 0 specifies that that deblocking filter override is not present in PHs nor in slice headers referring to the PPS. When not present, the value of `deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag` is inferred to be equal to 0.

10

**`deblocking_filter_override_present_in_ph_flag`** equal to 1 specifies that deblocking filter override is not present in the slice headers referring to the PPS but may be present in the PHs referring to the PPS. `deblocking_filter_override_present_in_ph_flag` equal to 0 specifies that deblocking filter override is not present in the PHs referring to the PPS but may be present in slice headers referring to the PPS.

15

...

| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                                                          | Descriptor |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| ...                                                                                                                               |            |
| ...                                                                                                                               |            |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag ) &&<br>weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag )                         |            |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                              |            |
| ...                                                                                                                               |            |
| if( rpl_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                                                                    |            |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                        |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) ) |            |
| <b>pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                      | u(1)       |
| if( pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                     |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                   |            |
| <b>pic_rpl_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                           | u(v)       |
| } else                                                                                                                            |            |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                           |            |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                       |            |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                               |            |
| <b>pic_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                   | u(v)       |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                   | u(1)       |
| if( pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                    |            |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                       | ue(v)      |

|                                                                                                   |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| if( sps_sao_enabled_flag && sao_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                            |       |
| <b>pic_sao_luma_enabled_flag</b>                                                                  | u(1)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                        |       |
| <b>pic_sao_chroma_enabled_flag</b>                                                                | u(1)  |
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| if( sps_alf_enabled_flag && alf_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                            |       |
| <b>pic_alf_enabled_flag</b>                                                                       | u(1)  |
| if( pic_alf_enabled_flag ) {                                                                      |       |
| <b>pic_num_alf_aps_ids_luma</b>                                                                   | u(3)  |
| for( i = 0; i < pic_num_alf_aps_ids_luma; i++ )                                                   |       |
| <b>pic_alf_aps_id_luma[ i ]</b>                                                                   | u(3)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                        |       |
| <b>pic_alf_chroma_idc</b>                                                                         | u(2)  |
| if( pic_alf_chroma_idc )                                                                          |       |
| <b>pic_alf_aps_id_chroma</b>                                                                      | u(3)  |
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| ...                                                                                               |       |
| if( deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag &&<br>deblocking_filter_override_present_in_ph_flag ) |       |
| <b>pic_deblocking_filter_override_flag</b>                                                        | u(1)  |
| if( pic_deblocking_filter_override_flag ) {                                                       |       |
| <b>pic_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</b>                                                        | u(1)  |
| if( !pic_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag ) {                                                      |       |
| <b>pic_beta_offset_div2</b>                                                                       | se(v) |
| <b>pic_tc_offset_div2</b>                                                                         | se(v) |
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                 |       |
| ...                                                                                               |       |
| }                                                                                                 |       |

| slice_header() {                                                                                                                     | Descriptor |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| ...                                                                                                                                  |            |
| if( !rpl_present_in_ph_flag &&( ( nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL &&<br>nal_unit_type !=<br>IDR_N_LP )    sps_idr_rpl_present_flag ) ) { |            |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                           |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )    |            |
| <b>slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                       | u(1)       |
| if( slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                      |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&                                                                                             |            |

|                                                                                                                                                       |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) )                                                                                                     |       |
| <b>slice_rpl_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                                             | u(v)  |
| } else                                                                                                                                                |       |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                                               |       |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                                           |       |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                                                   |       |
| <b>slice_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                                     | u(v)  |
| <b>slice_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                     | u(1)  |
| if( slice_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                                      |       |
| <b>slice_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                         | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                                     |       |
| }                                                                                                                                                     |       |
| }                                                                                                                                                     |       |
| if( rpl_present_in_ph_flag    ( ( nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type != IDR_N_LP )    sps_idr_rpl_present_flag ) ) {                        |       |
| if( ( slice_type != I && num_ref_entries[ 0 ][ RplIdx[ 0 ] ] > 1 )    ( slice_type == B && num_ref_entries[ 1 ][ RplIdx[ 1 ] ] > 1 ) ) {              |       |
| <b>num_ref_idx_active_override_flag</b>                                                                                                               | u(1)  |
| if( num_ref_idx_active_override_flag )                                                                                                                |       |
| for( i = 0; i < ( slice_type == B ? 2 : 1 ); i++ )                                                                                                    |       |
| if( num_ref_entries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] > 1 )                                                                                                         |       |
| <b>num_ref_idx_active_minus1[ i ]</b>                                                                                                                 | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                                     |       |
| }                                                                                                                                                     |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                                   |       |
| if( slice_type != I ) {                                                                                                                               |       |
| ...                                                                                                                                                   |       |
| if( ( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag && slice_type == P )    ( pps_weighted_bipred_flag && slice_type == B ) ) && !weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag ) |       |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                                  |       |
| }                                                                                                                                                     |       |
| if( sps_sao_enabled_flag && !sao_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                                                               |       |
| <b>slice_sao_luma_flag</b>                                                                                                                            | u(1)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                                                            |       |
| <b>slice_sao_chroma_flag</b>                                                                                                                          | u(1)  |
| }                                                                                                                                                     |       |
| if( sps_alf_enabled_flag && !alf_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                                                               |       |
| <b>slice_alf_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                                         | u(1)  |
| if( slice_alf_enabled_flag ) {                                                                                                                        |       |

|                                                                                                    |       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma</b>                                                                  | u(3)  |
| for( i = 0; i < slice_num_alf_aps_ids_luma; i++ )                                                  |       |
| <b>slice_alf_aps_id_luma[ i ]</b>                                                                  | u(3)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                         |       |
| <b>slice_alf_chroma_idc</b>                                                                        | u(2)  |
| if( slice_alf_chroma_idc )                                                                         |       |
| <b>slice_alf_aps_id_chroma</b>                                                                     | u(3)  |
| }                                                                                                  |       |
| }                                                                                                  |       |
| if( deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag &&<br>!deblocking_filter_override_present_in_ph_flag ) |       |
| <b>slice_deblocking_filter_override_flag</b>                                                       | u(1)  |
| if( slice_deblocking_filter_override_flag ) {                                                      |       |
| <b>slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</b>                                                       | u(1)  |
| if( !slice_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag ) {                                                     |       |
| <b>slice_beta_offset_div2</b>                                                                      | se(v) |
| <b>slice_tc_offset_div2</b>                                                                        | se(v) |
| }                                                                                                  |       |
| }                                                                                                  |       |
| ...                                                                                                |       |
| }                                                                                                  |       |

An alternative syntax for picture header is as follows:

| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                                                          | Descriptor |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| ...                                                                                                                               |            |
| if( rpl_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                                                                    |            |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                        |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) ) |            |
| <b>pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                      | u(1)       |
| if( pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                     |            |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                   |            |
| <b>pic_rpl_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                           | u(v)       |
| } else                                                                                                                            |            |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                           |            |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                       |            |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                               |            |
| <b>pic_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                   | u(v)       |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                   | u(1)       |
| if( pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                    |            |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                       | ue(v)      |
| }                                                                                                                                 |            |

|                                                                                                           |       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| }                                                                                                         |       |
| }                                                                                                         |       |
| ...                                                                                                       |       |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag ) &&<br>weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag ) |       |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                      |       |
| ...                                                                                                       |       |
| if( sps_sao_enabled_flag && sao_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                    |       |
| <b>pic_sao_luma_enabled_flag</b>                                                                          | u(1)  |
| if(ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                 |       |
| <b>pic_sao_chroma_enabled_flag</b>                                                                        | u(1)  |
| ——}                                                                                                       |       |
| }                                                                                                         |       |
| if( sps_alf_enabled_flag && alf_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                    |       |
| <b>pic_alf_enabled_flag</b>                                                                               | u(1)  |
| if( pic_alf_enabled_flag ) {                                                                              |       |
| <b>pic_num_alf_aps_ids_luma</b>                                                                           | u(3)  |
| for( i = 0; i < pic_num_alf_aps_ids_luma; i++ )                                                           |       |
| <b>pic_alf_aps_id_luma[ i ]</b>                                                                           | u(3)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                |       |
| <b>pic_alf_chroma_idc</b>                                                                                 | u(2)  |
| if( pic_alf_chroma_idc )                                                                                  |       |
| <b>pic_alf_aps_id_chroma</b>                                                                              | u(3)  |
| }                                                                                                         |       |
| }                                                                                                         |       |
| ...                                                                                                       |       |
| if( deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag &&<br>deblocking_filter_override_present_in_ph_flag )         |       |
| <b>pic_deblocking_filter_override_flag</b>                                                                | u(1)  |
| if( pic_deblocking_filter_override_flag ) {                                                               |       |
| <b>pic_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</b>                                                                | u(1)  |
| if( !pic_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag ) {                                                              |       |
| <b>pic_beta_offset_div2</b>                                                                               | se(v) |
| <b>pic_tc_offset_div2</b>                                                                                 | se(v) |
| }                                                                                                         |       |
| }                                                                                                         |       |
| ...                                                                                                       |       |
| }                                                                                                         |       |

In another example, signaling of picture header and slice header elements could be combined in a single process.

This example introduces a flag (“picture\_header\_in\_slice\_header\_flag”) that indicates whether a picture and slice headers are combined. Syntax for a bitstream according to this example is

5 as follows:

**Picture header RBSP syntax**

|                             |                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| picture_header_rbsp( ) {    | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| picture_header_structure( ) |                   |
| }                           |                   |

**Picture header structure syntax**

5

|                                     |                   |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| picture_header_structure( ) {       | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| <b>non_reference_picture_flag</b>   | u(1)              |
| <b>gdr_pic_flag</b>                 | u(1)              |
| <b>no_output_of_prior_pics_flag</b> | u(1)              |
| if( gdr_pic_flag )                  |                   |
| <b>recovery_poc_cnt</b>             | uc(v)             |
| <b>ph_pic_parameter_set_id</b>      | uc(v)             |
| ...                                 |                   |
| }                                   |                   |

**General slice header syntax**

|                                                                                                                                   |                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| slice_header( ) {                                                                                                                 | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| <b>picture_header_in_slice_header_flag</b>                                                                                        | u(1)              |
| if( picture_header_in_slice_header_flag )                                                                                         |                   |
| picture_header_structure( )                                                                                                       |                   |
| if( subpics_present_flag )                                                                                                        |                   |
| <b>slice_subpic_id</b>                                                                                                            | u(v)              |
| if( rect_slice_flag    NumTilesInPic > 1 )                                                                                        |                   |
| <b>slice_address</b>                                                                                                              | u(v)              |
| if( !rect_slice_flag && NumTilesInPic > 1 )                                                                                       |                   |
| <b>num_tiles_in_slice_minus1</b>                                                                                                  | uc(v)             |
| <b>slice_type</b>                                                                                                                 | uc(v)             |
| if( !pic_rpl_present_flag && ( nal_unit_type != IDR_W_RADL && nal_unit_type !=<br>IDR_N_LP )    sps_idr_rpl_present_flag ) {      |                   |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                        |                   |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) ) |                   |
| <b>slice_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                    | u(1)              |
| ...                                                                                                                               |                   |
| }                                                                                                                                 |                   |

Semantics for the picture\_header\_in\_slice\_header\_flag and related bitstream constraints is as follows:

- 10 picture\_header\_in\_slice\_header\_flag equal to 1 specifies that the picture header syntax structure is present in the slice header. picture\_header\_in\_slice\_header\_flag equal to 0 specifies that the picture header syntax structure is not present in the slice header.

It is a requirement of bitstream conformance that the value of `picture_header_in_slice_header_flag` is the same in all slices of a CLVS.

When `picture_header_in_slice_header_flag` is equal to 1, it is a requirement of bitstream conformance that no NAL unit with NAL unit type equal to PH\_NUT is present in the CLVS.

- 5 When `picture_header_in_slice_header_flag` is equal to 0, it is a requirement of bitstream conformance that a NAL unit with NAL unit type equal to PH\_NUT is present in the PU, preceding the first VCL NAL unit of the PU.

A combination of aspects of these examples is as follows.

- When `picture_header_in_slice_header_flag` is equal to 0, the flags that specify whether a syntax element of a related coding tool is present in either PH or SH (but not both);
- 10 Otherwise (when `picture_header_in_slice_header_flag` is equal to 1), these flags are inferred to 0 indicating tool parameter signaling on slice level.

An alternative combination is as follows:

- When `picture_header_in_slice_header_flag` is equal to 0, the flags that specify whether a syntax element of a related coding tool is present in either PH or SH (but not both);
- 15 Otherwise (when `picture_header_in_slice_header_flag` is equal to 1), these flags are inferred to 0 indicating tool parameter signaling on the picture header level.

This combination has the following syntax:

**Picture parameter set syntax**

| <code>pic_parameter_set_rbsp( ) {</code>                                                               | <b>Descriptor</b>        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b><code>picture_header_in_slice_header_flag</code></b>                                                | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <code>...</code>                                                                                       |                          |
| <b><code>if (picture_header_in_slice_header_flag)</code></b>                                           |                          |
| <b><code>{</code></b>                                                                                  |                          |
| <b><code>rpl_present_in_ph_flag</code></b>                                                             | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <b><code>sao_present_in_ph_flag</code></b>                                                             | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <b><code>alf_present_in_ph_flag</code></b>                                                             | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <b><code>}</code></b>                                                                                  |                          |
| <code>...</code>                                                                                       |                          |
| <b><code>pps_weighted_pred_flag</code></b>                                                             | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <b><code>pps_weighted_bipred_flag</code></b>                                                           | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <b><code>if( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag    rpl_present_in_ph_flag )</code></b> |                          |
| <b><code>weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag</code></b>                                             | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <b><code>deblocking_filter_control_present_flag</code></b>                                             | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <b><code>if( deblocking_filter_control_present_flag ) {</code></b>                                     |                          |
| <b><code>deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag</code></b>                                            | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |
| <b><code>if( deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag )</code></b>                                      |                          |
| <b><code>deblocking_filter_override_present_in_ph_flag</code></b>                                      | <b><code>u(1)</code></b> |

|                                                  |       |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>pps_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</b>       | u(1)  |
| if( !pps_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag ) {     |       |
| <b>pps_beta_offset_div2</b>                      | se(v) |
| <b>pps_tc_offset_div2</b>                        | se(v) |
| }                                                |       |
| }                                                |       |
| <b>constant_slice_header_params_enabled_flag</b> | u(1)  |
| ...                                              |       |
| }                                                |       |

In this example, the check of whether a weighted prediction is enabled is performed by indicating the number of entries in a reference picture list that are referenced with weighted prediction.

Syntax and semantics in this example is defined as follows:

|                                                 |                   |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| pred_weight_table() {                           | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| <b>luma_log2_weight_denom</b>                   | ue(v)             |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                      |                   |
| <b>delta_chroma_log2_weight_denom</b>           | se(v)             |
| <b>num_l0_weighted_ref_pics</b>                 | ue(v)             |
| for( i = 0; i < num_l0_weighted_ref_pics; i++ ) |                   |
| <b>luma_weight_l0_flag[ i ]</b>                 | u(1)              |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                      |                   |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; i++ )     |                   |
| <b>chroma_weight_l0_flag[ i ]</b>               | u(1)              |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 0 ]; i++ ) {   |                   |
| if( luma_weight_l0_flag[ i ] ) {                |                   |
| <b>delta_luma_weight_l0[ i ]</b>                | se(v)             |
| <b>luma_offset_l0[ i ]</b>                      | se(v)             |
| }                                               |                   |
| if( chroma_weight_l0_flag[ i ] )                |                   |
| for( j = 0; j < 2; j++ ) {                      |                   |
| <b>delta_chroma_weight_l0[ i ][ j ]</b>         | se(v)             |
| <b>delta_chroma_offset_l0[ i ][ j ]</b>         | se(v)             |
| }                                               |                   |
| }                                               |                   |
| <b>num_l1_weighted_ref_pics</b>                 | ue(v)             |
| for( i = 0; i < num_l1_weighted_ref_pics; i++ ) |                   |
| <b>luma_weight_l1_flag[ i ]</b>                 | u(1)              |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                      |                   |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]; i++ )     |                   |
| <b>chroma_weight_l1_flag[ i ]</b>               | u(1)              |
| for( i = 0; i < NumRefIdxActive[ 1 ]; i++ ) {   |                   |
| if( luma_weight_l1_flag[ i ] ) {                |                   |
| <b>delta_luma_weight_l1[ i ]</b>                | se(v)             |
| <b>luma_offset_l1[ i ]</b>                      | se(v)             |
| }                                               |                   |
| if( chroma_weight_l1_flag[ i ] )                |                   |
| for( j = 0; j < 2; j++ ) {                      |                   |
| <b>delta_chroma_weight_l1[ i ][ j ]</b>         | se(v)             |
| <b>delta_chroma_offset_l1[ i ][ j ]</b>         | se(v)             |
| }                                               |                   |
| }                                               |                   |
| }                                               |                   |

...

**num\_l0\_weighted\_ref\_pics** specifies the number of reference pictures in reference picture list 0 that are weighted. The value of num\_l0\_weighted\_ref\_pics shall ranges from 0 to MaxDecPicBuffMinus1 + 14, inclusive.

It is a requirement of bitstream conformance that when present, the value of num\_l0\_weighted\_ref\_pics shall not be less than the number of active reference pictures for L0 of any slices in the picture associated with the picture header.

- num\_l1\_weighted\_ref\_pics** specifies the number of reference pictures in reference picture list 1 that are weighted. The value of num\_l1\_weighted\_ref\_pics shall range from 0 to MaxDecPicBuffMinus1 + 14, inclusive.

It is a requirement of bitstream conformance that when present, the value of num\_l1\_weighted\_ref\_pics shall not be less than the number of active reference pictures for L1 of any slices in the picture associated with the picture header.

10 ...

MaxNumGeoMergeCand is set to zero when either num\_l0\_weighted\_ref\_pics or num\_l1\_weighted\_ref\_pics is non-zero. The following syntax is an example of how this dependency could be utilized:

|                                                                                                                                                                                               |       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| if( sps_prof_pic_present_flag )                                                                                                                                                               |       |
| <b>pic_disable_prof_flag</b>                                                                                                                                                                  | u(1)  |
| if( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 &&<br>!pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand_plus1 &&<br><b>num_l0_weighted_ref_pics==0 &amp;&amp; num_l1_weighted_ref_pics==0</b> ) |       |
| <b>pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b>                                                                                                                                          | ue(v) |
| if ( sps_ibc_enabled_flag )                                                                                                                                                                   |       |
| <b>pic_six_minus_max_num_ibc_merge_cand</b>                                                                                                                                                   | ue(v) |
| if( sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag )                                                                                                                                                              |       |

15

Semantics of pic\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand in this embodiment is the same as for the previous embodiments.

In an example, inter- and intra-related syntax elements are conditionally signaled if only certain slice types are used in the picture associated with the PH.

- 20 Syntax for this example is given below:

|                                     |                   |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| picture_header_rbsp( ) {            | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| <b>pic_inter_slice_present_flag</b> | u(1)              |
| if( pic_inter_slice_present_flag )  |                   |
| <b>pic_intra_slice_present_flag</b> | u(1)              |
| <b>non_reference_picture_flag</b>   | u(1)              |
| <b>gdr_pic_flag</b>                 | u(1)              |
| <b>no_output_of_prior_pics_flag</b> | u(1)              |
| if( gdr_pic_flag )                  |                   |
| <b>recovery_poc_cnt</b>             | ue(v)             |
| <b>ph_pic_parameter_set_id</b>      | ue(v)             |
| if( sps_poc_msb_flag ) {            |                   |
| <b>ph_poc_msb_present_flag</b>      | u(1)              |

|                                                                                                                                   |       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| if( ph_poc_msb_present_flag )                                                                                                     |       |
| poc_msb_val                                                                                                                       | u(v)  |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |
| if( sps_subpic_id_present_flag && !sps_subpic_id_signalling_flag ) {                                                              |       |
| ph_subpic_id_signalling_present_flag                                                                                              | u(1)  |
| if( ph_subpics_id_signalling_present_flag ) {                                                                                     |       |
| ph_subpic_id_len_minus1                                                                                                           | ue(v) |
| for( i = 0; i <= sps_num_subpics_minus1; i++ )                                                                                    |       |
| ph_subpic_id[ i ]                                                                                                                 | u(v)  |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |
| if( !sps_virtual_boundaries_present_flag ) {                                                                                      |       |
| ph_virtual_boundaries_present_flag                                                                                                | u(1)  |
| if( ph_virtual_boundaries_present_flag ) {                                                                                        |       |
| ph_num_ver_virtual_boundaries                                                                                                     | u(2)  |
| for( i = 0; i < ph_num_ver_virtual_boundaries; i++ )                                                                              |       |
| ph_virtual_boundaries_pos_x[ i ]                                                                                                  | u(13) |
| ph_num_hor_virtual_boundaries                                                                                                     | u(2)  |
| for( i = 0; i < ph_num_hor_virtual_boundaries; i++ )                                                                              |       |
| ph_virtual_boundaries_pos_y[ i ]                                                                                                  | u(13) |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |
| if( separate_colour_plane_flag == 1 )                                                                                             |       |
| colour_plane_id                                                                                                                   | u(2)  |
| if( output_flag_present_flag )                                                                                                    |       |
| pic_output_flag                                                                                                                   | u(1)  |
| pic_rpl_present_flag                                                                                                              | u(1)  |
| if( pic_rpl_present_flag ) {                                                                                                      |       |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                        |       |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) ) |       |
| pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]                                                                                                             | u(1)  |
| if( pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                     |       |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                   |       |
| pic_rpl_idx[ i ]                                                                                                                  | u(v)  |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |
| } else                                                                                                                            |       |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                           |       |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplsIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                      |       |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplsIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                              |       |
| pic_poc_lsb_lt[ i ][ j ]                                                                                                          | u(v)  |
| pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]                                                                                          | u(1)  |
| if( pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                    |       |
| pic_delta_poc_msb_cycle_lt[ i ][ j ]                                                                                              | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |
| }                                                                                                                                 |       |

|                                                             |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| }                                                           |       |
| if( partition_constraints_override_enabled_flag ) {         |       |
| <b>partition_constraints_override_flag</b>                  | u(1)  |
| if( pic_intra_slice_present_flag ) {                        |       |
| if( partition_constraints_override_flag ) {                 |       |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_intra_slice_luma</b>         | ue(v) |
| <b>pic_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_intra_slice_luma</b>         | ue(v) |
| if( pic_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_intra_slice_luma != 0 ) {   |       |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_intra_slice_luma</b>         | ue(v) |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_intra_slice_luma</b>         | ue(v) |
| }                                                           |       |
| if( qtbtt_dual_tree_intra_flag ) {                          |       |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_intra_slice_chroma</b>       | ue(v) |
| <b>pic_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_intra_slice_chroma</b>       | ue(v) |
| if( pic_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_intra_slice_chroma != 0 ) { |       |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_intra_slice_chroma</b>       | ue(v) |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_intra_slice_chroma</b>       | ue(v) |
| }                                                           |       |
| }                                                           |       |
| }                                                           |       |
| —}                                                          |       |
| if( cu_qp_delta_enabled_flag ) {                            |       |
| <b>pic_cu_qp_delta_subdiv_intra_slice</b>                   | ue(v) |
| if( pps_cu_chroma_qp_offset_list_enabled_flag ) {           |       |
| <b>pic_cu_chroma_qp_offset_subdiv_intra_slice</b>           | ue(v) |
| }                                                           |       |
| if( pic_inter_slice_present_flag ) {                        |       |
| if( partition_constraints_override_flag ) {                 |       |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_inter_slice</b>              | ue(v) |
| <b>pic_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_inter_slice</b>              | ue(v) |
| if( pic_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_inter_slice != 0 ) {        |       |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_inter_slice</b>              | ue(v) |
| <b>pic_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_inter_slice</b>              | ue(v) |
| }                                                           |       |
| }                                                           |       |
| if( cu_qp_delta_enabled_flag ) {                            |       |
| <b>pic_cu_qp_delta_subdiv_inter_slice</b>                   | ue(v) |
| if( pps_cu_chroma_qp_offset_list_enabled_flag ) {           |       |
| <b>pic_cu_chroma_qp_offset_subdiv_inter_slice</b>           | ue(v) |
| if( sps_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag ) {                       |       |
| <b>pic_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag</b>                        | u(1)  |
| if( !pps_mvd_l1_zero_idc ) {                                |       |
| <b>mvd_l1_zero_flag</b>                                     | u(1)  |
| if( !pps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand_plus1 ) {             |       |
| <b>pic_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand</b>                     | ue(v) |
| if( sps_affine_enabled_flag ) {                             |       |

|                                                                                                                         |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>pic_five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand</b>                                                                       | ue(v) |
| if( sps_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag )                                                                                        |       |
| <b>pic_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                       | u(1)  |
| if( sps_bdof_pic_present_flag )                                                                                         |       |
| <b>pic_disable_bdof_flag</b>                                                                                            | u(1)  |
| if( sps_dmvr_pic_present_flag )                                                                                         |       |
| <b>pic_disable_dmvr_flag</b>                                                                                            | u(1)  |
| if( sps_prof_pic_present_flag )                                                                                         |       |
| <b>pic_disable_prof_flag</b>                                                                                            | u(1)  |
| if( sps_triangle_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 &&<br>!pps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand_plus1 ) |       |
| <b>pic_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_triangle_cand</b>                                                               | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                                                       |       |
| if( sps_ibc_enabled_flag )                                                                                              |       |
| <b>pic_six_minus_max_num_ibc_merge_cand</b>                                                                             | ue(v) |
| ...                                                                                                                     |       |

### 7.3.7.1 General slice header syntax

|                                             |                   |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| slice_header() {                            | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| <b>slice_pic_order_cnt_lsb</b>              | u(v)              |
| if( subpics_present_flag )                  |                   |
| <b>slice_subpic_id</b>                      | u(v)              |
| if( rect_slice_flag    NumTilesInPic > 1 )  |                   |
| <b>slice_address</b>                        | u(v)              |
| if( !rect_slice_flag && NumTilesInPic > 1 ) |                   |
| <b>num_tiles_in_slice_minus1</b>            | ue(v)             |
| if( pic_inter_slice_present_flag )          |                   |
| <b>slice_type</b>                           | ue(v)             |
| ...                                         |                   |

### 7.4.3.6 Picture header RBSP semantics

**pic\_inter\_slice\_present\_flag** equal to 1 specifies that one or more slice with slice\_type equal to 0 (B) or 1 (P) may be present in the picture associated with the PH. **pic\_inter\_slice\_present\_flag** equal to 0 specifies that no slice with slice\_type equal to 0 (B) or 1 (P) can be present in the picture associated with the PH.

**pic\_intra\_slice\_present\_flag** equal to 1 specifies that one or more slice with slice\_type equal to 2 (I) may be present in the picture associated with the PH. **pic\_intra\_slice\_present\_flag** is equal to 0 specifies that no slice with slice\_type equal to 2 (I) can be present in the picture associated with the PH. When not present, the value of **pic\_intra\_slice\_only\_flag** is inferred to be equal to 1.

NOTE – : The values of both **pic\_inter\_slice\_present\_flag** and **pic\_intra\_slice\_present\_flag** are set equal to 1 in the picture header associated with picture containing one or more subpicture(s) containing

intra coded slice(s) which may be merged with one or more subpicture(s) containing inter coded slices(s).

#### 7.4.8.1 General slice header semantics

- 5 **slice\_type** specifies the coding type of the slice according to Table 7-5.  
Table 7-5 – Name association to slice\_type

| slice_type | Name of slice_type |
|------------|--------------------|
| 0          | B (B slice)        |
| 1          | P (P slice)        |
| 2          | I (I slice)        |

- When nal\_unit\_type is a value of nal\_unit\_type in the range of IDR\_W\_RADL to CRA\_NUT, inclusive, and the current picture is the first picture in an access unit, slice\_type shall be equal to 2.

When not present, the value of slice\_type is infer to be equal to 2.

When pic\_intra\_slice\_present\_flag is equal to 0, the value of slice\_type shall be in the range from 0 to 1, inclusive.

This example could be combined with signaling of of pred\_weight\_table() in picture header.

- 15 Signaling of pred\_weight\_table() in a picture header is disclosed in the previous examples.

An exemplary syntax is as follows:

| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                                  | Descriptor |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| ...                                                                                                       |            |
| ...                                                                                                       |            |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag ) &&<br>weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag ) |            |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                      |            |
| ...                                                                                                       |            |

When indicating the presence of pred\_weight\_table( ) in the picture header, the following syntax could be used.

| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                        | Descriptor |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| ...                                                                                             |            |
| <b>pic_inter_slice_present_flag</b>                                                             | u(1)       |
| if( pic_inter_slice_present_flag )                                                              |            |
| <b>pic_intra_slice_present_flag</b>                                                             | u(1)       |
| ...                                                                                             |            |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag ) &&<br>pic_inter_slice_present_flag ) |            |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                            |            |
| ...                                                                                             |            |

Alternative examples may use the following syntax:

| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                                                                  | Descriptor |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| ...                                                                                                                                       |            |
| <b>pic_inter_slice_present_flag</b>                                                                                                       | u(1)       |
| if( pic_inter_slice_present_flag )                                                                                                        |            |
| <b>pic_intra_slice_present_flag</b>                                                                                                       | u(1)       |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |            |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag ) &&<br>pic_inter_slice_present_flag && weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag ) |            |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                      |            |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |            |

Alternative examples may use the following syntax:

| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                                                                  | Descriptor |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| ...                                                                                                                                       |            |
| <b>pic_inter_bipred_slice_present_flag</b>                                                                                                | u(1)       |
| if( !pic_inter_bipred_slice_present_flag )                                                                                                |            |
| <b>pic_inter_slice_present_flag</b>                                                                                                       | u(1)       |
| if( pic_inter_slice_present_flag )                                                                                                        |            |
| <b>pic_intra_slice_present_flag</b>                                                                                                       | u(1)       |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |            |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag ) &&<br>pic_inter_slice_present_flag && weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag ) |            |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                      |            |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |            |

- 5 In the syntax above, pic\_inter\_bipred\_slice\_present\_flag indicates the presence of all the slice types, I-, B- and P-slices that refers to the picture header.

When pic\_inter\_bipred\_slice\_present\_flag is 0, the picture comprises only slices of either I- or B- type.

In this case non-rectangular modes are disabled.

- 10 In an example, a combination of above examples is disclosed. An exemplary syntax is described as follows:

| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                                                         | Descriptor      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| ...                                                                                                                              |                 |
| pic_inter_slice_present_flag                                                                                                     | u(1)            |
| if( pic_inter_slice_present_flag )                                                                                               |                 |
| pic_intra_slice_present_flag                                                                                                     | u(1)            |
| <del>pic_rpl_present_flag</del>                                                                                                  | <del>u(1)</del> |
| <del>if( pic_rpl_present_flag ) {</del>                                                                                          |                 |
| if( rpl_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                                                                   |                 |
| for( i = 0; i < 2; i++ ) {                                                                                                       |                 |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 0 && !pps_ref_pic_list_sps_idc[ i ] &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl_idx_present_flag ) ) ) |                 |

|                                                                                                                                           |                 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ]</b>                                                                                                              | u(1)            |
| if( pic_rpl_sps_flag[ i ] ) {                                                                                                             |                 |
| if( num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] > 1 &&<br>( i == 0    ( i == 1 && rpl1_idx_present_flag ) ) )                                           |                 |
| <b>pic_rpl_idx[ i ]</b>                                                                                                                   | u(v)            |
| } else                                                                                                                                    |                 |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ] )                                                                                   |                 |
| for( j = 0; j < NumLtrpEntries[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ]; j++ ) {                                                                               |                 |
| if( ltrp_in_slice_header_flag[ i ][ RplIdx[ i ] ] )                                                                                       |                 |
| <b>pic_poc_lsb_ltrp[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                                         | u(v)            |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                           | u(1)            |
| if( pic_delta_poc_msb_present_flag[ i ][ j ] )                                                                                            |                 |
| <b>pic_delta_poc_msb_cycle_ltrp[ i ][ j ]</b>                                                                                             | uc(v)           |
| }                                                                                                                                         |                 |
| }                                                                                                                                         |                 |
| }                                                                                                                                         |                 |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |                 |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag ) &&<br>weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag && pic_inter_slice_present_flag ) |                 |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                      |                 |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |                 |
| if( sps_sao_enabled_flag && sao_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                                                    |                 |
| <del><b>pic_sao_enabled_present_flag</b></del>                                                                                            | <del>u(1)</del> |
| <del>if( pic_sao_enabled_present_flag ) {</del>                                                                                           |                 |
| <b>pic_sao_luma_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                          | u(1)            |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                                                |                 |
| <b>pic_sao_chroma_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                        | u(1)            |
| <del>}</del>                                                                                                                              |                 |
| }                                                                                                                                         |                 |
| if( sps_alf_enabled_flag && alf_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                                                                    |                 |
| <del><b>pic_alf_enabled_present_flag</b></del>                                                                                            | <del>u(1)</del> |
| <del>if( pic_alf_enabled_present_flag ) {</del>                                                                                           |                 |
| <b>pic_alf_enabled_flag</b>                                                                                                               | u(1)            |
| if( pic_alf_enabled_flag ) {                                                                                                              |                 |
| <b>pic_num_alf_aps_ids_luma</b>                                                                                                           | u(3)            |
| for( i = 0; i < pic_num_alf_aps_ids_luma; i++ )                                                                                           |                 |
| <b>pic_alf_aps_id_luma[ i ]</b>                                                                                                           | u(3)            |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                                                                                |                 |
| <b>pic_alf_chroma_idc</b>                                                                                                                 | u(2)            |
| if( pic_alf_chroma_idc )                                                                                                                  |                 |
| <b>pic_alf_aps_id_chroma</b>                                                                                                              | u(3)            |
| }                                                                                                                                         |                 |
| <del>}</del>                                                                                                                              |                 |
| }                                                                                                                                         |                 |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |                 |
| if( deblocking_filter_override_enabled_flag &&<br>deblocking_filter_override_present_in_ph_flag ) {                                       |                 |

|                                                                             |       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <del>—</del> <b>pic_deblocking_filter_override_present_flag</b>             | u(1)  |
| <del>—</del> if( <del>pic_deblocking_filter_override_present_flag</del> ) { |       |
| <b>pic_deblocking_filter_override_flag</b>                                  | u(1)  |
| if( <del>pic_deblocking_filter_override_flag</del> ) {                      |       |
| <b>pic_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</b>                                  | u(1)  |
| if( ! <del>pic_deblocking_filter_disabled_flag</del> ) {                    |       |
| <b>pic_beta_offset_div2</b>                                                 | se(v) |
| <b>pic_tc_offset_div2</b>                                                   | se(v) |
| }                                                                           |       |
| }                                                                           |       |
| <del>—</del> }                                                              |       |
| <del>—</del> }                                                              |       |
| ...                                                                         |       |
| }                                                                           |       |

In an example, select non-rectangular (e.g. GEO) mode referring to picture without weighted prediction factor is allowed.

In this example, semantics is defined as follows:

#### 7.4.10.7 Merge data semantics

5

...  
The variable MergeGeoFlag[ x0 ][ y0 ], which specifies whether geo shape based motion compensation is used to generate the prediction samples of the current coding unit, when decoding a B slice, is derived as follows:

- If all the following conditions are true, MergeGeoFlag[ x0 ][ y0 ] is set equal to 1:
  - 10     — sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag is equal to 1.
  - slice\_type is equal to B.
  - general\_merge\_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] is equal to 1.
  - MaxNumGeoMergeCand is greater than or equal to 2.
  - cbWidth is greater than or equal to 8
  - 15     — cbHeight is greater than or equal to 8
  - cbWidth is smaller than 8\*cbHeight
  - cbHeight is smaller than 8\*cbWidth
  - regular\_merge\_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] is equal to 0.
  - merge\_subblock\_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] is equal to 0.
  - 20     — ciip\_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] is equal to 0.
- Otherwise, MergeGeoFlag[ x0 ][ y0 ] is set equal to 0.

It is a requirement of bitstream conformance that if one of the luma or chroma explicit weighted flags of the CU is true, MergeGeoFlag[ x0 ][ y0 ] shall be equal to 0.

In an example, a part of the VVC specification is explained as follows:

### 8.5.7 Decoding process for geo inter blocks

#### 8.5.7.1 General

This process is invoked when decoding a coding unit with MergeGeoFlag[ xCb ][ yCb ] equal to 1.

5 Inputs to this process are:

- a luma location ( xCb, yCb ) specifying the top-left sample of the current coding block relative to the top-left luma sample of the current picture,
- a variable cbWidth specifying the width of the current coding block in luma samples,
- a variable cbHeight specifying the height of the current coding block in luma samples,
- 10 – the luma motion vectors in 1/16 fractional-sample accuracy mvA and mvB,
- the chroma motion vectors mvCA and mvCB,
- the reference indices refIdxA and refIdxB,
- the prediction list flags predListFlagA and predListFlagB.

15

...  
Let predSamplesL<sub>L</sub> and predSamplesL<sub>B<sub>L</sub></sub> be (cbWidth)x(cbHeight) arrays of predicted luma sample values and, predSamplesL<sub>A<sub>cb</sub></sub>, predSamplesL<sub>B<sub>cb</sub></sub>, predSamplesL<sub>A<sub>Cr</sub></sub> and predSamplesL<sub>B<sub>Cr</sub></sub> be (cbWidth / SubWidthC)x(cbHeight / SubHeightC) arrays of predicted chroma sample values.

20

The predSamples<sub>L</sub>, predSamples<sub>cb</sub> and predSamples<sub>Cr</sub> are derived by the following ordered steps:

1. For N being each of A and B, the following applies:

...

2. The partition angle and distance of merge geo mode variable angleIdx and distanceIdx  
25 are set according to the value of merge\_geo\_partition\_idx[ xCb ][ yCb ] as specified in Table 36.

3. The variable explictWeightedFlag is derived as follow:

- $$\begin{aligned} \text{lumaWeightedFlagA} &= \text{predListFlagA} ? \text{luma\_weight\_l1\_flag[ refIdxA ]} : \\ &\text{luma\_weight\_l0\_flag[ refIdxA ]} \\ 30 \quad \text{lumaWeightedFlagB} &= \text{predListFlagB} ? \text{luma\_weight\_l1\_flag[ refIdxB ]} : \\ &\text{luma\_weight\_l0\_flag[ refIdxB ]} \\ \text{chromaWeightedFlagA} &= \text{predListFlagA} ? \text{chroma\_weight\_l1\_flag[ refIdxA ]} : \text{chroma} \\ &\text{weight\_l0\_flag[ refIdxA ]} \\ \text{chromaWeightedFlagB} &= \text{predListFlagB} ? \text{chroma\_weight\_l1\_flag[ refIdxB ]} : \text{chroma} \\ 35 \quad &\text{weight\_l0\_flag[ refIdxB ]} \end{aligned}$$

weightedFlag = lumaWeightedFlagA || lumaWeightedFlagB || chromaWeightedFlagA ||  
chromaWeightedFlagB

4. The prediction samples inside the current luma coding block,  $\text{predSamples}_L[x_L][y_L]$  with  $x_L = 0..cbWidth - 1$  and  $y_L = 0..cbHeight - 1$ , are derived by invoking the  
5 weighted sample prediction process for geo merge mode specified in clause 8.5.7.2 if weightedFlag is equal to 0, and the explicit weighted sample prediction process in clause 8.5.6.6.3 if weightedFlag is equal to 1 with the coding block width nCbW set equal to cbWidth, the coding block height nCbH set equal to cbHeight, the sample arrays  $\text{predSamples}_{LA_L}$  and  $\text{predSamples}_{LB_L}$ , and the variables angleIdx and  
10 distanceIdx, and cIdx equal to 0 as inputs.
5. The prediction samples inside the current chroma component Cb coding block,  $\text{predSamples}_{Cb}[x_C][y_C]$  with  $x_C = 0..cbWidth / \text{SubWidthC} - 1$  and  $y_C = 0..cbHeight / \text{SubHeightC} - 1$ , are derived by invoking the weighted sample  
15 prediction process for geo merge mode specified in clause 8.5.7.2 if weightedFlag is equal to 0, and the explicit weighted sample prediction process in clause 8.5.6.6.3 if weightedFlag is equal to 1 with the coding block width nCbW set equal to  $cbWidth / \text{SubWidthC}$ , the coding block height nCbH set equal to  $cbHeight / \text{SubHeightC}$ , the sample arrays  $\text{predSamples}_{LAc_b}$  and  $\text{predSamples}_{LBc_b}$ , and the variables angleIdx and distanceIdx, and cIdx equal to 1 as inputs.
- 20 6. The prediction samples inside the current chroma component Cr coding block,  $\text{predSamples}_{Cr}[x_C][y_C]$  with  $x_C = 0..cbWidth / \text{SubWidthC} - 1$  and  $y_C = 0..cbHeight / \text{SubHeightC} - 1$ , are derived by invoking the weighted sample prediction process for geo merge mode specified in clause 8.5.7.2 if weightedFlag is equal to 0, and the explicit weighted sample prediction process in clause 8.5.6.6.3 if  
25 weightedFlag is equal to 1 with the coding block width nCbW set equal to  $cbWidth / \text{SubWidthC}$ , the coding block height nCbH set equal to  $cbHeight / \text{SubHeightC}$ , the sample arrays  $\text{predSamples}_{LAc_r}$  and  $\text{predSamples}_{LBc_r}$ , and the variables angleIdx and distanceIdx, and cIdx equal to 2 as inputs.
7. The motion vector storing process for merge geo mode specified in clause 8.5.7.3 is  
30 invoked with the luma coding block location (  $x_{Cb}, y_{Cb}$  ), the luma coding block width cbWidth, the luma coding block height cbHeight, the partition direction angleIdx and

distanceIdx, the luma motion vectors mvA and mvB, the reference indices refIdxA and refIdxB, and the prediction list flags predListFlagA and predListFlagB as inputs.

Table 36 – Specification of the angleIdx and distanceIdx values based on the merge\_geo\_partition\_idx value.

|                         |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| merge_geo_partition_idx | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| angleIdx                | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 2  | 2  | 2  | 2  | 3  | 3  | 3  | 3  | 4  | 4  | 4  |
| distanceIdx             | 1  | 3  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 0  | 1  | 2  |
| merge_geo_partition_idx | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 |
| angleIdx                | 4  | 6  | 6  | 8  | 8  | 8  | 8  | 9  | 9  | 9  | 9  | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 |
| distanceIdx             | 3  | 1  | 3  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 0  | 1  |
| merge_geo_partition_idx | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| angleIdx                | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 18 |
| distanceIdx             | 2  | 3  | 1  | 3  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 1  |
| merge_geo_partition_idx | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 |    |    |    |    |
| angleIdx                | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 23 |    |    |    |    |
| distanceIdx             | 3  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 1  | 2  | 2  | 3  | 1  | 2  | 3  |    |    |    |

### 8.5.6.6.3 Explicit weighted sample prediction process

5 Inputs to this process are:

- two variables nCbW and nCbH specifying the width and the height of the current coding block,
- two (nCbW)x(nCbH) arrays predSamplesL0 and predSamplesL1,
- the prediction list utilization flags, predFlagL0 and predFlagL1,
- 10 – the reference indices, refIdxL0 and refIdxL1,
- the variable cIdx specifying the colour component index,
- the sample bit depth, bitDepth.

Output of this process is the (nCbW)x(nCbH) array pbSamples of prediction sample values. The variable shift1 is set equal to Max( 2, 14 – bitDepth ).

15 The variables log2Wd, o0, o1, w0 and w1 are derived as follows:

- If cIdx is equal to 0 for luma samples, the following applies:

$$\text{log2Wd} = \text{luma\_log2\_weight\_denom} + \text{shift1} \quad (1010)$$

$$w0 = \text{LumaWeightL0}[\text{refIdxL0}] \quad (1011)$$

$$w1 = \text{LumaWeightL1}[\text{refIdxL1}] \quad (1012)$$

$$20 \quad o0 = \text{luma\_offset\_l0}[\text{refIdxL0}] \ll (\text{bitDepth} - 8) \quad (1013)$$

$$o1 = \text{luma\_offset\_l1}[\text{refIdxL1}] \ll (\text{bitDepth} - 8) \quad (1014)$$

- Otherwise (cIdx is not equal to 0 for chroma samples), the following applies:

$$\text{log2Wd} = \text{ChromaLog2WeightDenom} + \text{shift1} \quad (1015)$$

$$w0 = \text{ChromaWeightL0}[\text{refIdxL0}][\text{cIdx} - 1] \quad (1016)$$

$$25 \quad w1 = \text{ChromaWeightL1}[\text{refIdxL1}][\text{cIdx} - 1] \quad (1017)$$

$$o0 = \text{ChromaOffsetL0}[\text{refIdxL0}][\text{cIdx} - 1] \ll (\text{bitDepth} - 8) \quad (1018)$$

$$o1 = \text{ChromaOffsetL1}[\text{refIdxL1}][\text{cIdx} - 1] \ll (\text{bitDepth} - 8) \quad (1019)$$

The prediction sample  $\text{pbSamples}[x][y]$  with  $x = 0..nCbW - 1$  and  $y = 0..nCbH - 1$  are derived as follows:

- 5 – If  $\text{predFlagL0}$  is equal to 1 and  $\text{predFlagL1}$  is equal to 0, the prediction sample values are derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{if}(\log_2 Wd \geq 1) \\ & \quad \text{pbSamples}[x][y] = \text{Clip3}(0, (1 \ll \text{bitDepth}) - 1, \\ & \quad \quad ((\text{predSamplesL0}[x][y] * w0 + 2^{\log_2 Wd - 1}) \gg \log_2 Wd) + o0) \quad (1020) \\ 10 & \text{else} \\ & \quad \text{pbSamples}[x][y] = \text{Clip3}(0, (1 \ll \text{bitDepth}) - 1, \text{predSamplesL0}[x][y] * w0 + o0) \end{aligned}$$

- Otherwise, if  $\text{predFlagL0}$  is equal to 0 and  $\text{predFlagL1}$  is equal to 1, the prediction sample values are derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} 15 & \text{if}(\log_2 Wd \geq 1) \\ & \quad \text{pbSamples}[x][y] = \text{Clip3}(0, (1 \ll \text{bitDepth}) - 1, \\ & \quad \quad ((\text{predSamplesL1}[x][y] * w1 + 2^{\log_2 Wd - 1}) \gg \log_2 Wd) + o1) \quad (1021) \\ & \text{else} \\ & \quad \text{pbSamples}[x][y] = \text{Clip3}(0, (1 \ll \text{bitDepth}) - 1, \text{predSamplesL1}[x][y] * w1 + o1) \end{aligned}$$

- 20 – Otherwise ( $\text{predFlagL0}$  is equal to 1 and  $\text{predFlagL1}$  is equal to 1), the prediction sample values are derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{pbSamples}[x][y] = \text{Clip3}(0, (1 \ll \text{bitDepth}) - 1, \\ & \quad (\text{predSamplesL0}[x][y] * w0 + \text{predSamplesL1}[x][y] * w1 + \\ & \quad \quad ((o0 + o1 + 1) \ll \log_2 Wd)) \gg (\log_2 Wd + 1)) \quad (1022) \end{aligned}$$

- 25 In this example, a syntax of merge data parameter that comprises a check of a variable that indicates the presence of a non-rectangular merge mode (e.g. GEO mode) is disclosed. The syntax example is given below:

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Descriptor |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <b>merge_data</b> ( x0, y0, cbWidth, cbHeight, chType ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |            |
| if( CuPredMode[ chType ][ x0 ][ y0 ] == MODE_IBC ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |            |
| if( MaxNumIbcMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |            |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | ae(v)      |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |            |
| if( MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 0 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |            |
| <b>merge_subblock_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | ae(v)      |
| if( merge_subblock_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |            |
| if( MaxNumSubblockMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |            |
| <b>merge_subblock_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ae(v)      |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |            |
| if( cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128 && ( sps_ciip_enabled_flag && cu_skip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 0 && ( cbWidth * cbHeight ) >= 64 )    ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumGeoMergeCand > 1 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8 && cbWidth < 8*cbHeight && cbHeight < 8*cbWidth && slice_type == B ) ) |            |
| <b>regular_merge_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ae(v)      |
| if( regular_merge_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |            |
| if( sps_mmvd_enabled_flag )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |            |
| <b>mmvd_merge_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ae(v)      |
| if( mmvd_merge_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |            |
| if( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |            |
| <b>mmvd_cand_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ae(v)      |
| <b>mmvd_distance_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | ae(v)      |
| <b>mmvd_direction_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ae(v)      |
| } else if( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |            |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | ae(v)      |
| } else {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |            |
| if( sps_ciip_enabled_flag && sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumGeoMergeCand > 1 && slice_type == B && cu_skip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] == 0 && cbWidth >= 8 && cbHeight >= 8 && cbWidth < 8*cbHeight && cbHeight < 8*cbWidth && cbWidth < 128 && cbHeight < 128 )                                         |            |
| <b>ciip_flag</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | ae(v)      |
| if( ciip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] && MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |            |
| <b>merge_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | ae(v)      |
| if( !ciip_flag[ x0 ][ y0 ] && MaxNumGeoMergeCand > 1 ) {                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |            |
| <b>merge_geo_partition_idx</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | ae(v)      |
| <b>merge_geo_idx0</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ae(v)      |
| if( MaxNumGeoMergeCand > 2 )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |            |
| <b>merge_geo_idx1</b> [ x0 ][ y0 ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ae(v)      |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |            |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |            |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |            |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |            |
| }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |            |

Variable MaxNumGeoMergeCand is derived according to any of the previous examples.

An alternative variable SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand which is derived from MaxNumGeoMergeCand variable may be used. The value of MaxNumGeoMergeCand is obtained on the higher signaling levels (e.g. PH, PPS or SPS).

- 5 In an example, SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand is derived based on the value of MaxNumGeoMergeCand and additional checks that are performed for the slice.

For example,  $\text{SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand} = (\text{num\_l0\_weighted\_ref\_pics} > 0 \parallel \text{num\_l1\_weighted\_ref\_pics} > 0) ? 0 : \text{MaxNumGeoMergeCand}$ .

In another example, the following expression is used to determine MaxNumGeoMergeCand

- 10 value:

$\text{SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand} = (!\text{pic\_inter\_slice\_present\_flag}) ? 0 : \text{MaxNumGeoMergeCand}$ .

In an example,

The following syntax table is defined:

|                                                                                                                                           |                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| picture_header_rbsp( ) {                                                                                                                  | <b>Descriptor</b> |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |                   |
| <b>pic_inter_bipred_slice_present_flag</b>                                                                                                |                   |
| if (!pic_inter_bipred_slice_present_flag )                                                                                                |                   |
| <b>pic_inter_slice_present_flag</b>                                                                                                       |                   |
| if( pic_inter_slice_present_flag )                                                                                                        |                   |
| <b>pic_intra_slice_present_flag</b>                                                                                                       | u(1)              |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |                   |
| if( ( pps_weighted_pred_flag    pps_weighted_bipred_flag ) &&<br>pic_inter_slice_present_flag && weighted_pred_table_present_in_ph_flag ) |                   |
| pred_weight_table( )                                                                                                                      |                   |
| ...                                                                                                                                       |                   |

Variable MaxNumGeoMergeCand is derived as follows:

- 15  $\text{SliceMaxNumGeoMergeCand} = (!\text{pic\_inter\_bipred\_slice\_present\_flag}) ? 0 : \text{MaxNumGeoMergeCand}$ .

A method of indication of the number of merge candidates for rectangular and non-rectangular modes is disclosed. The numbers of merge candidates for rectangular and non-rectangular modes are interdependent, and it may not be needed to indicate the number of

- 20 merge candidates for non-rectangular modes in the event when it is indicated that the number of merge candidates for rectangular modes is lower than a threshold.

Particularly for TPM or Geo merge modes, there should be at least two candidates for the merge mode, since a block predicted using any of those non-rectangular merge modes require two inter predictors with different MVs specified for them. In an embodiment, when the

number of merge mode candidates is indicated in the sequence parameter set (SPS), the following syntax could be used:

### 7.3.2.3 Sequence parameter set RBSP syntax

| seq_parameter_set_rbsp( ) {                       | Descriptor |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------|
| sps_decoding_parameter_set_id                     | u(4)       |
| sps_video_parameter_set_id                        | u(4)       |
| sps_max_sublayers_minus1                          | u(3)       |
| sps_reserved_zero_4bits                           | u(4)       |
| sps_ptl_dpb_hrd_params_present_flag               | u(1)       |
| if( sps_ptl_dpb_hrd_params_present_flag )         |            |
| profile_tier_level( 1, sps_max_sublayers_minus1 ) |            |
| gdr_enabled_flag                                  | u(1)       |
| sps_seq_parameter_set_id                          | u(4)       |
| chroma_format_idc                                 | u(2)       |
| if( chroma_format_idc == 3 )                      |            |
| separate_colour_plane_flag                        | u(1)       |
| ref_pic_resampling_enabled_flag                   | u(1)       |
| pic_width_max_in_luma_samples                     | ue(v)      |
| pic_height_max_in_luma_samples                    | ue(v)      |
| sps_log2_ctu_size_minus5                          | u(2)       |
| subpics_present_flag                              | u(1)       |
| if( subpics_present_flag ) {                      |            |
| sps_num_subpics_minus1                            | u(8)       |
| for( i = 0; i <= sps_num_subpics_minus1; i++ ) {  |            |
| subpic_ctu_top_left_x[ i ]                        | u(v)       |
| subpic_ctu_top_left_y[ i ]                        | u(v)       |
| subpic_width_minus1[ i ]                          | u(v)       |
| subpic_height_minus1[ i ]                         | u(v)       |
| subpic_treated_as_pic_flag[ i ]                   | u(1)       |
| loop_filter_across_subpic_enabled_flag[ i ]       | u(1)       |
| }                                                 |            |
| }                                                 |            |
| sps_subpic_id_present_flag                        | u(1)       |
| if( sps_subpic_id_present_flag ) {                |            |
| sps_subpic_id_signalling_present_flag             | u(1)       |
| if( sps_subpic_id_signalling_present_flag ) {     |            |
| sps_subpic_id_len_minus1                          | ue(v)      |
| for( i = 0; i <= sps_num_subpics_minus1; i++ )    |            |
| sps_subpic_id[ i ]                                | u(v)       |
| }                                                 |            |
| }                                                 |            |
| bit_depth_minus8                                  | ue(v)      |
| min_qp_prime_ts_minus4                            | ue(v)      |
| sps_weighted_pred_flag                            | u(1)       |
| sps_weighted_bipred_flag                          | u(1)       |

|                                                                                     |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>log2_max_pic_order_cnt_lsb_minus4</b>                                            | u(4)  |
| <b>sps_poc_msb_flag</b>                                                             | u(1)  |
| if( sps_poc_msb_flag )                                                              |       |
| <b>poc_msb_len_minus1</b>                                                           | ue(v) |
| if( sps_max_sublayers_minus1 > 0 )                                                  |       |
| <b>sps_sublayer_dpb_params_flag</b>                                                 | u(1)  |
| if( sps_ptl_dpb_hrd_params_present_flag )                                           |       |
| dpb_parameters( 0, sps_max_sublayers_minus1, sps_sublayer_dpb_params_flag )         |       |
| <b>long_term_ref_pics_flag</b>                                                      | u(1)  |
| <b>inter_layer_ref_pics_present_flag</b>                                            | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_idr_rpl_present_flag</b>                                                     | u(1)  |
| <b>rpl1_same_as_rpl0_flag</b>                                                       | u(1)  |
| for( i = 0; i < !rpl1_same_as_rpl0_flag ? 2 : 1; i++ ) {                            |       |
| <b>num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ]</b>                                                | ue(v) |
| for( j = 0; j < num_ref_pic_lists_in_sps[ i ]; j++ )                                |       |
| ref_pic_list_struct( i, j )                                                         |       |
| }                                                                                   |       |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                                          |       |
| <b>qtbtt_dual_tree_intra_flag</b>                                                   | u(1)  |
| <b>log2_min_luma_coding_block_size_minus2</b>                                       | ue(v) |
| <b>partition_constraints_override_enabled_flag</b>                                  | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_intra_slice_luma</b>                                 | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_inter_slice</b>                                      | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_inter_slice</b>                                      | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_intra_slice_luma</b>                                 | ue(v) |
| if( sps_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_intra_slice_luma != 0 ) {                           |       |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_intra_slice_luma</b>                                 | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_intra_slice_luma</b>                                 | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                   |       |
| if( sps_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_inter_slice != 0 ) {                                |       |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_inter_slice</b>                                      | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_inter_slice</b>                                      | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                   |       |
| if( qtbtt_dual_tree_intra_flag ) {                                                  |       |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_min_qt_min_cb_intra_slice_chroma</b>                               | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_intra_slice_chroma</b>                               | ue(v) |
| if( sps_max_mtt_hierarchy_depth_intra_slice_chroma != 0 ) {                         |       |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_max_bt_min_qt_intra_slice_chroma</b>                               | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_log2_diff_max_tt_min_qt_intra_slice_chroma</b>                               | ue(v) |
| }                                                                                   |       |
| }                                                                                   |       |
| <b>sps_max_luma_transform_size_64_flag</b>                                          | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag</b>                                                   | u(1)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 ) {                                                        |       |
| <b>same_qp_table_for_chroma</b>                                                     | u(1)  |
| numQpTables = same_qp_table_for_chroma ? 1 : ( sps_joint_cbr_enabled_flag ? 3 : 2 ) |       |

|                                                              |       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| for( i = 0; i < numQpTables; i++ ) {                         |       |
| qp_table_start_minus26[ i ]                                  | se(v) |
| num_points_in_qp_table_minus1[ i ]                           | ue(v) |
| for( j = 0; j <= num_points_in_qp_table_minus1[ i ]; j++ ) { |       |
| delta_qp_in_val_minus1[ i ][ j ]                             | ue(v) |
| delta_qp_diff_val[ i ][ j ]                                  | ue(v) |
| }                                                            |       |
| }                                                            |       |
|                                                              |       |
| sps_sao_enabled_flag                                         | u(1)  |
| sps_alf_enabled_flag                                         | u(1)  |
| sps_transform_skip_enabled_flag                              | u(1)  |
| if( sps_transform_skip_enabled_flag )                        |       |
| sps_bdpcm_enabled_flag                                       | u(1)  |
| if( sps_bdpcm_enabled_flag && chroma_format_idc == 3 )       |       |
| sps_bdpcm_chroma_enabled_flag                                | u(1)  |
| sps_ref_wraparound_enabled_flag                              | u(1)  |
| if( sps_ref_wraparound_enabled_flag )                        |       |
| sps_ref_wraparound_offset_minus1                             | ue(v) |
| sps_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag                                | u(1)  |
| if( sps_temporal_mvp_enabled_flag )                          |       |
| sps_sbtmvp_enabled_flag                                      | u(1)  |
| sps_amvr_enabled_flag                                        | u(1)  |
| sps_bdof_enabled_flag                                        | u(1)  |
| if( sps_bdof_enabled_flag )                                  |       |
| sps_bdof_pic_present_flag                                    | u(1)  |
| sps_smvd_enabled_flag                                        | u(1)  |
| sps_dmvr_enabled_flag                                        | u(1)  |
| if( sps_dmvr_enabled_flag )                                  |       |
| sps_dmvr_pic_present_flag                                    | u(1)  |
| sps_mmvd_enabled_flag                                        | u(1)  |
| sps_isp_enabled_flag                                         | u(1)  |
| sps_mrl_enabled_flag                                         | u(1)  |
| sps_mip_enabled_flag                                         | u(1)  |
| if( ChromaArrayType != 0 )                                   |       |
| sps_cclm_enabled_flag                                        | u(1)  |
| if( chroma_format_idc == 1 ) {                               |       |
| sps_chroma_horizontal_collocated_flag                        | u(1)  |
| sps_chroma_vertical_collocated_flag                          | u(1)  |
| }                                                            |       |
| sps_mts_enabled_flag                                         | u(1)  |
| if( sps_mts_enabled_flag ) {                                 |       |
| sps_explicit_mts_intra_enabled_flag                          | u(1)  |
| sps_explicit_mts_inter_enabled_flag                          | u(1)  |
| }                                                            |       |
| sps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand                             | ue(v) |

|                                                            |       |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>sps_sbt_enabled_flag</b>                                | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_affine_enabled_flag</b>                             | u(1)  |
| if( sps_affine_enabled_flag ) {                            |       |
| <b>sps_five_minus_max_num_subblock_merge_cand</b>          | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_affine_type_flag</b>                                | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_affine_amvr_enabled_flag</b>                        | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_affine_prof_enabled_flag</b>                        | u(1)  |
| if( sps_affine_prof_enabled_flag )                         |       |
| <b>sps_prof_pic_present_flag</b>                           | u(1)  |
| }                                                          |       |
| if( chroma_format_idc == 3 ) {                             |       |
| <b>sps_act_enabled_flag</b>                                | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_palette_enabled_flag</b>                            | u(1)  |
| }                                                          |       |
| <b>sps_bcw_enabled_flag</b>                                | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_ibc_enabled_flag</b>                                | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_ibc_enabled_flag )                                |       |
| <b>sps_six_minus_max_num_ibc_merge_cand</b>                | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_ciip_enabled_flag</b>                               | u(1)  |
| if( sps_mmvd_enabled_flag )                                |       |
| <b>sps_fpel_mmvd_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                                | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 3 )        |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b>       | ue(v) |
| <b>sps_lmcs_enabled_flag</b>                               | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_lfnst_enabled_flag</b>                              | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_ladf_enabled_flag</b>                               | u(1)  |
| if( sps_ladf_enabled_flag ) {                              |       |
| <b>sps_num_ladf_intervals_minus2</b>                       | u(2)  |
| <b>sps_ladf_lowest_interval_qp_offset</b>                  | se(v) |
| for( i = 0; i < sps_num_ladf_intervals_minus2 + 1; i++ ) { |       |
| <b>sps_ladf_qp_offset[ i ]</b>                             | se(v) |
| <b>sps_ladf_delta_threshold_minus1[ i ]</b>                | ue(v) |
| }                                                          |       |
| }                                                          |       |
| <b>sps_scaling_list_enabled_flag</b>                       | u(1)  |
| <b>sps_virtual_boundaries_present_flag</b>                 | u(1)  |
| if( sps_virtual_boundaries_present_flag ) {                |       |
| <b>sps_num_ver_virtual_boundaries</b>                      | u(2)  |
| for( i = 0; i < sps_num_ver_virtual_boundaries; i++ )      |       |
| <b>sps_virtual_boundaries_pos_x[ i ]</b>                   | u(13) |
| <b>sps_num_hor_virtual_boundaries</b>                      | u(2)  |
| for( i = 0; i < sps_num_hor_virtual_boundaries; i++ )      |       |
| <b>sps_virtual_boundaries_pos_y[ i ]</b>                   | u(13) |
| }                                                          |       |
| if( sps_ptl_dpb_hrd_params_present_flag ) {                |       |

|                                                                                        |      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| <b>sps_general_hrd_params_present_flag</b>                                             | u(1) |
| if( sps_general_hrd_params_present_flag ) {                                            |      |
| general_hrd_parameters( )                                                              |      |
| if( sps_max_sublayers_minus1 > 0 )                                                     |      |
| <b>sps_sublayer_cpb_params_present_flag</b>                                            | u(1) |
| firstSubLayer = sps_sublayer_cpb_params_present_flag ? 0 :<br>sps_max_sublayers_minus1 |      |
| ols_hrd_parameters( firstSubLayer, sps_max_sublayers_minus1 )                          |      |
| }                                                                                      |      |
| }                                                                                      |      |
| <b>field_seq_flag</b>                                                                  | u(1) |
| <b>vui_parameters_present_flag</b>                                                     | u(1) |
| if( vui_parameters_present_flag )                                                      |      |
| vui_parameters( ) /* Specified in ITU-T H.SEI   ISO/IEC 23002-7 */                     |      |
| <b>sps_extension_flag</b>                                                              | u(1) |
| if( sps_extension_flag )                                                               |      |
| while( more_rbsp_data( ) )                                                             |      |
| <b>sps_extension_data_flag</b>                                                         | u(1) |
| rbsp_trailing_bits( )                                                                  |      |
| }                                                                                      |      |

According to an embodiment of the invention, the following steps are performed for indication of number of merge mode candidates in the SPS:

- Indication of the number of the merge mode candidates for regular modes (MaxNumMergeCand);
- 5     – Indication of whether non-rectangular modes are enabled by a non-rectangular merge enabling flag (sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag); and
- In the event of the non-rectangular merge enabling flag value is non zero and when the number of merge mode candidates for regular merge modes exceed a first threshold, indication of the number of non-rectangular modes modes
- 10     (sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand).

wherein indication of the non-rectangular merge enabling flag is performed when the number of the merge mode candidates for regular modes exceeds a second threshold value, e.g. 1.

In Embodiment 1, this sequence of steps is shown as the following part of SPS syntax of VVC specification:

|                                                     |      |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------|
| ...                                                 |      |
| if ( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                          |      |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                         | u(1) |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 3 ) |      |

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| ...                                                  |       |

In this embodiment, two sequential checks are performed, and the second check is dependent on the value of a flag which is signaled or not according the result of the first check.

Embodiment 2 performed the second check differently in comparison with the process described for Embodiment 1. Particularly, Embodiment 1 uses “greater” condition instead of “greater or equal”. This sequence of steps is shown as the following part of SPS syntax of VVC specification:

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ...                                                  |       |
| if ( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 )                           |       |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand > 2 )   |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| ...                                                  |       |

Embodiment 3 differs from Embodiment 1 that the second check is not performed when the first check results in a false value, the non-rectangular merge enabling flag value

(**sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag**) is determined after a process of derivation of MaxNumMergeCand

- 10 value from sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand syntax element is finished is a technical benefit, because the value of sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag is not referenced for some values of MaxNumMergeCand and thus could be skipped from handling in the parsing process. This sequence of steps performed in accordance with Embodiment 3 is shown as the following part of SPS syntax of VVC specification:

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ...                                                  |       |
| if ( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 ) {                         |       |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 3 )  |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| }                                                    |       |
| ...                                                  |       |

- 15 Embodiment 4 is a combination of aspects of Embodiment 2 and Embodiment 3. The sequence of steps performed in accordance with Embodiment 4 is shown as the following part of SPS syntax of VVC specification:

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ...                                                  |       |
| if ( MaxNumMergeCand > 1 ) {                         |       |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand > 2 )   |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| }                                                    |       |
| ...                                                  |       |

Embodiments 5-8 disclose different formulations of the first and the second checks. These embodiments may be explained as follows:

Embodiment 5

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ...                                                  |       |
| if ( MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 )                          |       |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 3 )  |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| ...                                                  |       |

5 Embodiment 6

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ...                                                  |       |
| if ( MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 )                          |       |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand > 2 )   |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| ...                                                  |       |

Embodiment 7

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ...                                                  |       |
| if ( MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 ) {                        |       |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 3 )  |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| }                                                    |       |
| ...                                                  |       |

Embodiment 8

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ...                                                  |       |
| if ( MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 ) {                        |       |
| <b>sps_geo_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| if ( sps_geo_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand > 2 )   |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| }                                                    |       |
| ...                                                  |       |

10

In an implementation as shown in Fig. 15, a method of obtaining a maximum number of geometric partitioning merger mode candidates for video decoding is disclosed, the method comprising:

S1501: obtaining a bitstream for a video sequence.

15

The bitstream may be obtained according to wireless network or wired network. The bitstream may be transmitted from a website, server, or other remote source using a coaxial

cable, fiber optic cable, twisted pair, digital subscriber line (DSL), or wireless technologies such as infrared, radio, microwave, WIFI, Bluetooth, LTE or 5G.

In an embodiment, a bitstream are a sequence of bits, in the form of a network abstraction layer (NAL) unit stream or a byte stream, that forms the representation of a sequence of  
5 access units (AUs) forming one or more coded video sequences (CVSs).

In some embodiments, for a decoding process, decoder side reads a bitstream and derives decoded pictures from the bitstream; for an encoding process, encoder side produces a bitstream.

Normally, a bitstream will comprise syntax elements that are formed by a syntax structure.  
10 syntax element: An element of data represented in the bitstream.

syntax structure: Zero or more syntax elements present together in the bitstream in a specified order.

In a specific example, bitstream formats specifies the relationship between the network abstraction layer (NAL) unit stream and byte stream, either of which are referred to as the  
15 bitstream.

The bitstream can be in one of two formats: the NAL unit stream format or the byte stream format. The NAL unit stream format is conceptually the more "basic" type. The NAL unit stream format comprises a sequence of syntax structures called NAL units. This sequence is ordered in decoding order. There are constraints imposed on the decoding order (and  
20 contents) of the NAL units in the NAL unit stream.

The byte stream format can be constructed from the NAL unit stream format by ordering the NAL units in decoding order and prefixing each NAL unit with a start code prefix and zero or more zero-valued bytes to form a stream of bytes. The NAL unit stream format can be extracted from the byte stream format by searching for the location of the unique start code  
25 prefix pattern within this stream of bytes.

This clause specifies the relationship between source and decoded pictures that is given via the bitstream.

The video source that is represented by the bitstream is a sequence of pictures in decoding order.

30 The source and decoded pictures are each comprised of one or more sample arrays:

- Luma (Y) only (monochrome).
- Luma and two chroma (YCbCr or YCgCo).
- Green, blue, and red (GBR, also known as RGB).

- Arrays representing other unspecified monochrome or tri-stimulus colour samplings (for example, YZX, also known as XYZ).

The variables and terms associated with these arrays are referred to as luma (or L or Y) and chroma, where the two chroma arrays are referred to as Cb and Cr; regardless of the actual colour representation method in use. The actual colour representation method in use can be indicated in syntax that is specified in VUI parameters as specified in ITU-T H.266 | ISO/IEC 23002-7.

S1502: obtaining a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream.

10 The first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates.

In an example, the first indicator is represented according to a variable MaxNumMergeCand.

In example, the maximum number of merging MVP candidates, MaxNumMergeCand, is derived as follows:

15  $\text{MaxNumMergeCand} = 6 - \text{sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand}$ .

Wherein `sps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand` specifies the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction (MVP) candidates supported in the SPS subtracted from 6. The value of `sps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand` shall be in the range of 0 to 5, inclusive.

In an example, `sps_six_minus_max_num_merge_cand` is parsed from Sequence parameter set RBSP syntax structure in the bitstream.

S1503: obtaining a value of a second indicator according to the bitstream.

The second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for the video sequence.

25 In an example, the second indicator is represented according to `sps_geo_enabled_flag` (`sps_gpm_enabled_flag`). `sps_geo_enabled_flag` equal to 1 specifies that the geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for the CLVS and `merge_gpm_partition_idx`, `merge_gpm_idx0`, and `merge_gpm_idx1` could be present in the coding unit syntax of the CLVS. `sps_geo_enabled_flag` equal to 0 specifies that the geometric partition based motion compensation is disabled for the CLVS and `merge_gpm_partition_idx`, `merge_gpm_idx0`, and `merge_gpm_idx1` are not present in the coding unit syntax of the CLVS. When not present, the value of `sps_geo_enabled_flag` is inferred to be equal to 0.

In one implementation, the step of obtaining a value of a second indicator is performed after the step of obtaining a value of a first indicator.

In one implementation, the value of the second indicator is obtained from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.

- In one implementation, the value of the second indicator is parsed from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than or equal to the threshold. The threshold is an integer value, in an example, the threshold is 2.

For example, the value of the second indicator `sps_gpm_enabled_flag` is obtained according to, Sequence parameter set RBSP syntax

|                              |      |
|------------------------------|------|
| if( MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 ) { |      |
| <b>sps_gpm_enabled_flag</b>  | u(1) |

S1504: parsing a value of a third indicator from the bitstream.

- In one implementation, parsing a value of a third indicator from the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator.

- The threshold is an integer value, the preset value is an integer value. In an example, the threshold is 2.

In an example, the preset value is 1.

In an example, the value of the third indicator is obtained from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream

- In an example, the third indicator is represented according to `sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_geo_cand` (`sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_gpm_cand`).

For example, the value of the third indicator `sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_gpm_cand` is obtained according to,

Sequence parameter set RBSP syntax

|                                                      |       |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| if( MaxNumMergeCand >= 2 ) {                         |       |
| <b>sps_gpm_enabled_flag</b>                          | u(1)  |
| if( sps_gpm_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 3 )   |       |
| <b>sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_gpm_cand</b> | ue(v) |
| }                                                    |       |

In one implementation, wherein the method further comprise: setting the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 2, when the value of the first

indicator is equal to the threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to the preset value.

In one implementation, wherein the method further comprise: setting the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 0, when the value of the first indicator is less than the threshold or when the value of the second indicator not equal to the preset value.

In an example, `sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_gpm_cand` specifies the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates supported in the SPS subtracted from `MaxNumMergeCand`. The value of `sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_gpm_cand` shall be in the range of 0 to `MaxNumMergeCand - 2`, inclusive.

The maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates, `MaxNumGpmMergeCand` (`MaxNumGeoMergeCand`), is derived as follows:

```

if(sps_gpm_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand >= 3)
15 MaxNumGpmMergeCand = MaxNumMergeCand -
 sps_max_num_merge_cand_minus_max_num_gpm_cand
else if(sps_gpm_enabled_flag && MaxNumMergeCand == 2)
 MaxNumGpmMergeCand = 2
else
20 MaxNumGpmMergeCand = 0.

```

In an implementation as shown in Fig. 16, a video decoding apparatus 1600 is disclosed, the video decoding apparatus comprising: a receiving module 1601, which is configured to obtain a bitstream for a video sequence; an obtaining module 1602, which is configured to obtain a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates; the obtaining module 1602 being configured to obtain a value of a second indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for the video sequence; a parsing module 1603, which is configured to parse a value of a third indicator from the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator.

In an implementation, the obtaining module 1602 is configured to set the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 2, when the value of the first

indicator is equal to the threshold and when the value of the second indicator equal to the preset value.

In an implementation, the obtaining module 1602 is configured to set the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 0, when the value of the first  
5 indicator is less than the threshold or when the value of the second indicator not equal to the preset value.

In an implementation, the threshold is 2.

In an implementation, the preset value is 1.

In an implementation, the step of obtaining a value of a second indicator is performed after the  
10 step of obtaining a value of a first indicator.

In an implementation, the value of the second indicator is parsed from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than or equal to the threshold.

In an implementation, the value of the second indicator is obtained from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.  
15

In an implementation, the value of the third indicator is obtained from sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.

The further details for receiving module 1601, obtaining module 1602 and parsing module 1603 could refer to the above method examples and implementations.

20 Example 1. The method of video coding comprising signaling of merge mode candidates number, the method comprising:

- Indication of the number of the merge mode candidates for regular modes (MaxNumMergeCand);
- Indication of whether non-rectangular modes are enabled by a non-rectangular  
25 merge enabling flag (sps\_geo\_enabled\_flag); and
- In the event of the non-rectangular merge enabling flag value is non zero and when the number of merge mode candidates for regular merge modes exceed a first threshold, indication of the number of non-rectangular modes modes (sps\_max\_num\_merge\_cand\_minus\_max\_num\_geo\_cand),

30 wherein indication of the non-rectangular merge enabling flag is performed when the number of the merge mode candidates for regular modes exceeds a second threshold value (1).

Example 2. The method of example 1, wherein the non-rectangular merge enabling flag value is determined after a process of derivation of MaxNumMergeCand value from sps\_six\_minus\_max\_num\_merge\_cand syntax element is finished.

35 Example 3. The method of any of the previous examples wherein the threshold checking is a comparison of whether the number of merge mode candidates for regular merge modes is greater than 2.

Example 4. The method of example 1 or example 2, wherein the first threshold checking is a comparison of whether the number of merge mode candidates for regular merge modes is greater or equal than 3.

5 In an example, an inter prediction method is disclosed, comprising: determining whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed for a group of blocks; obtaining one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters for the group of blocks; and obtaining prediction value of a current block based on the one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters, wherein one of the inter prediction mode parameters indicates reference picture information for the current block, and wherein the group  
10 of blocks comprises the current block.

In an example, the reference picture information comprises whether weighted prediction is enabled for a reference picture index, and wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is disabled in the event that weighted prediction is enabled.

15 In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled in the event that weighted prediction is disabled.

In an example, determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed, comprising: indicating the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand) is greater than 1.

20 In an example, the group of blocks consists of a picture, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a picture header of the picture.

In an example, the group of blocks consists of a slice, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a slice header of the slice.

25 In an example, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a triangular partitioning mode.

In an example, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a geometric (GEO) partitioning mode.

In an example, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a slice-level luminance compensation.

30 In an example, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a block-level luminance compensation.

In an example, the weighted prediction parameters comprises: flags indicating whether the weighted prediction is applied to luma and/or chroma components of a prediction block; and linear model parameters specifying a linear transformation of a value of the prediction block.

In an example, an apparatus for inter prediction is disclosed, comprising: a non-transitory memory having processor-executable instructions stored thereon; and a processor, coupled to the memory, configured to execute the processor-executable instructions to facilitate any one of method examples.

- 5 In an example, a bitstream for inter prediction is disclosed, comprising: indicating information for determining whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed for a group of blocks; and one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters for the group of blocks, wherein prediction value of a current block is obtained based on the one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters, wherein  
10 one of the inter prediction mode parameters indicates reference picture information for the current block, and wherein the group of blocks comprises the current block.

In an example, the reference picture information comprises whether weighted prediction is enabled for a reference picture index, and wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is disabled in the event that weighted prediction is enabled.

- 15 In an example, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled in the event that weighted prediction is disabled.

In an example, the indicating information comprises the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand) is greater than 1.

- In an example, the group of blocks consists of a picture, and wherein the weighted prediction  
20 parameters and the indicating information are in a picture header of the picture.

In an example, the group of blocks consists of a slice, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and the indicating information are in a slice header of the slice.

In an example, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a triangular partitioning mode.

- In an example, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a geometric (GEO) partitioning  
25 mode.

In an example, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a slice-level luminance compensation.

In an example, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a block-level luminance compensation.

- 30 In an example, the weighted prediction parameters comprises: flags indicating whether the weighted prediction is applied to luma and/or chroma components of a prediction block; and linear model parameters specifying a linear transformation of a value of the prediction block.

In an example, an inter prediction apparatus is disclosed, comprising: a determining module, configured to determine whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed for a group

of blocks; an obtaining module, configured to obtain one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters for the group of blocks; and a predicting module, configured to obtain prediction value of a current block based on the one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters, wherein one of the inter prediction mode parameters indicates reference picture information for the current block, and wherein the group of blocks comprises the current block.

In an example, the reference picture information comprises whether weighted prediction is enabled for a reference picture index, and wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is disabled in the event that weighted prediction is enabled.

10 In an example, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled in the event that weighted prediction is disabled.

In an example, the determining module is specifically configured to: indicate the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand) is greater than 1.

15 In an example, the group of blocks consists of a picture, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a picture header of the picture.

In an example, the group of blocks consists of a slice, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a slice header of the slice.

20 In an example, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a triangular partitioning mode.

In an example, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a geometric (GEO) partitioning mode.

In an example, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a slice-level luminance compensation.

25 In an example, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a block-level luminance compensation.

In an example, the weighted prediction parameters comprises: flags indicating whether the weighted prediction is applied to luma and/or chroma components of a prediction block; and linear model parameters specifying a linear transformation of a value of the prediction block.

30 Embodiments provide for an efficient encoding and/or decoding using signal-related information in slice headers only for slices which allow or enable bidirectional inter-prediction, e.g. in bidirectional (B) prediction slices, also called B-slices.

Following is an explanation of the applications of the encoding method as well as the decoding method as shown in the above-mentioned embodiments, and a system using them.

FIG. 10 is a block diagram showing a content supply system 3100 for realizing content distribution service. This content supply system 3100 includes capture device 3102, terminal device 3106, and optionally includes display 3126. The capture device 3102 communicates with the terminal device 3106 over communication link 3104. The communication link may include the communication channel 13 described above. The communication link 3104 includes but not limited to WIFI, Ethernet, Cable, wireless (3G/4G/5G), USB, or any kind of combination thereof, or the like.

The capture device 3102 generates data, and may encode the data by the encoding method as shown in the above embodiments. Alternatively, the capture device 3102 may distribute the data to a streaming server (not shown in the Figures), and the server encodes the data and transmits the encoded data to the terminal device 3106. The capture device 3102 includes but not limited to camera, smart phone or Pad, computer or laptop, video conference system, PDA, vehicle mounted device, or a combination of any of them, or the like. For example, the capture device 3102 may include the source device 12 as described above. When the data includes video, the video encoder 20 included in the capture device 3102 may actually perform video encoding processing. When the data includes audio (i.e., voice), an audio encoder included in the capture device 3102 may actually perform audio encoding processing. For some practical scenarios, the capture device 3102 distributes the encoded video and audio data by multiplexing them together. For other practical scenarios, for example in the video conference system, the encoded audio data and the encoded video data are not multiplexed. Capture device 3102 distributes the encoded audio data and the encoded video data to the terminal device 3106 separately.

In the content supply system 3100, the terminal device 310 receives and reproduces the encoded data. The terminal device 3106 could be a device with data receiving and recovering capability, such as smart phone or Pad 3108, computer or laptop 3110, network video recorder (NVR)/ digital video recorder (DVR) 3112, TV 3114, set top box (STB) 3116, video conference system 3118, video surveillance system 3120, personal digital assistant (PDA) 3122, vehicle mounted device 3124, or a combination of any of them, or the like capable of decoding the above-mentioned encoded data. For example, the terminal device 3106 may include the destination device 14 as described above. When the encoded data includes video, the video decoder 30 included in the terminal device is prioritized to perform video decoding. When the encoded data includes audio, an audio decoder included in the terminal device is prioritized to perform audio decoding processing.

For a terminal device with its display, for example, smart phone or Pad 3108, computer or laptop 3110, network video recorder (NVR)/ digital video recorder (DVR) 3112, TV 3114, personal digital assistant (PDA) 3122, or vehicle mounted device 3124, the terminal device can feed the decoded data to its display. For a terminal device equipped with no display, for example, STB 3116, video conference system 3118, or video surveillance system 3120, an external display 3126 is contacted therein to receive and show the decoded data.

When each device in this system performs encoding or decoding, the picture encoding device or the picture decoding device, as shown in the above-mentioned embodiments, can be used.

FIG. 11 is a diagram showing a structure of an example of the terminal device 3106. After the terminal device 3106 receives stream from the capture device 3102, the protocol proceeding unit 3202 analyzes the transmission protocol of the stream. The protocol includes but not limited to Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP), Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP), HTTP Live streaming protocol (HLS), MPEG-DASH, Real-time Transport protocol (RTP), Real Time Messaging Protocol (RTMP), or any kind of combination thereof, or the like.

After the protocol proceeding unit 3202 processes the stream, stream file is generated. The file is outputted to a demultiplexing unit 3204. The demultiplexing unit 3204 can separate the multiplexed data into the encoded audio data and the encoded video data. As described above, for some practical scenarios, for example in the video conference system, the encoded audio data and the encoded video data are not multiplexed. In this situation, the encoded data is transmitted to video decoder 3206 and audio decoder 3208 without through the demultiplexing unit 3204.

Via the demultiplexing processing, video elementary stream (ES), audio ES, and optionally subtitle are generated. The video decoder 3206, which includes the video decoder 30 as explained in the above mentioned embodiments, decodes the video ES by the decoding method as shown in the above-mentioned embodiments to generate video frame, and feeds this data to the synchronous unit 3212. The audio decoder 3208, decodes the audio ES to generate audio frame, and feeds this data to the synchronous unit 3212. Alternatively, the video frame may store in a buffer (not shown in FIG. 11) before feeding it to the synchronous unit 3212. Similarly, the audio frame may store in a buffer (not shown in FIG. 11) before feeding it to the synchronous unit 3212.

The synchronous unit 3212 synchronizes the video frame and the audio frame, and supplies the video/audio to a video/audio display 3214. For example, the synchronous unit 3212 synchronizes the presentation of the video and audio information. Information may code in

the syntax using time stamps concerning the presentation of coded audio and visual data and time stamps concerning the delivery of the data stream itself.

If subtitle is included in the stream, the subtitle decoder 3210 decodes the subtitle, and synchronizes it with the video frame and the audio frame, and supplies the

5 video/audio/subtitle to a video/audio/subtitle display 3216.

The present invention is not limited to the above-mentioned system, and either the picture encoding device or the picture decoding device in the above-mentioned embodiments can be incorporated into other system, for example, a car system.

#### Mathematical Operators

10 The mathematical operators used in this application are similar to those used in the C programming language. However, the results of integer division and arithmetic shift operations are defined more precisely, and additional operations are defined, such as exponentiation and real-valued division. Numbering and counting conventions generally begin from 0, e.g., "the first" is equivalent to the 0-th, "the second" is equivalent to the 1-th,  
15 etc.

#### Arithmetic operators

The following arithmetic operators are defined as follows:

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| +                   | Addition                                                                                                                                                            |
| −                   | Subtraction (as a two-argument operator) or negation (as a unary prefix operator)                                                                                   |
| *                   | Multiplication, including matrix multiplication                                                                                                                     |
| $x^y$               | Exponentiation. Specifies x to the power of y. In other contexts, such notation is used for superscripting not intended for interpretation as exponentiation.       |
| /                   | Integer division with truncation of the result toward zero. For example, $7 / 4$ and $-7 / -4$ are truncated to 1 and $-7 / 4$ and $7 / -4$ are truncated to $-1$ . |
| ÷                   | Used to denote division in mathematical equations where no truncation or rounding is intended.                                                                      |
| $\frac{x}{y}$       | Used to denote division in mathematical equations where no truncation or rounding is intended.                                                                      |
| $\sum_{i=x}^y f(i)$ | The summation of $f(i)$ with i taking all integer values from x up to and including y.                                                                              |
| $x \% y$            | Modulus. Remainder of x divided by y, defined only for integers x and y with $x \geq 0$ and $y > 0$ .                                                               |

#### Logical operators

The following logical operators are defined as follows:

20  $x \&\& y$  Boolean logical "and" of x and y  
 $x || y$  Boolean logical "or" of x and y  
 $!$  Boolean logical "not"

$x ? y : z$  If  $x$  is TRUE or not equal to 0, evaluates to the value of  $y$ ; otherwise, evaluates to the value of  $z$ .

#### Relational operators

The following relational operators are defined as follows:

|    |     |                          |
|----|-----|--------------------------|
| 5  | >   | Greater than             |
|    | >=  | Greater than or equal to |
|    | <   | Less than                |
|    | <=  | Less than or equal to    |
|    | = = | Equal to                 |
| 10 | !=  | Not equal to             |

When a relational operator is applied to a syntax element or variable that has been assigned the value "na" (not applicable), the value "na" is treated as a distinct value for the syntax element or variable. The value "na" is considered not to be equal to any other value.

#### 15 Bit-wise operators

The following bit-wise operators are defined as follows:

|    |           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | &         | Bit-wise "and". When operating on integer arguments, operates on a two's complement representation of the integer value. When operating on a binary argument that contains fewer bits than another argument, the shorter argument is extended by adding more significant bits equal to 0.                                    |
| 20 |           | Bit-wise "or". When operating on integer arguments, operates on a two's complement representation of the integer value. When operating on a binary argument that contains fewer bits than another argument, the shorter argument is extended by adding more significant bits equal to 0.                                     |
| 25 | ^         | Bit-wise "exclusive or". When operating on integer arguments, operates on a two's complement representation of the integer value. When operating on a binary argument that contains fewer bits than another argument, the shorter argument is extended by adding more significant bits equal to 0.                           |
| 30 | $x \gg y$ | Arithmetic right shift of a two's complement integer representation of $x$ by $y$ binary digits. This function is defined only for non-negative integer values of $y$ . Bits shifted into the most significant bits (MSBs) as a result of the right shift have a value equal to the MSB of $x$ prior to the shift operation. |
| 35 | $x \ll y$ | Arithmetic left shift of a two's complement integer representation of $x$ by $y$ binary digits. This function is defined only for non-negative integer values of $y$ . Bits shifted into the least significant bits (LSBs) as a result of the left shift have a value equal to 0.                                            |

#### Assignment operators

The following arithmetic operators are defined as follows:

|    |    |                                                                                                                                                             |
|----|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | =  | Assignment operator                                                                                                                                         |
| 40 | ++ | Increment, i.e., $x++$ is equivalent to $x = x + 1$ ; when used in an array index, evaluates to the value of the variable prior to the increment operation. |
|    | -- | Decrement, i.e., $x--$ is equivalent to $x = x - 1$ ; when used in an array index, evaluates to the value of the variable prior to the decrement operation. |
| 45 | += | Increment by amount specified, i.e., $x += 3$ is equivalent to $x = x + 3$ , and $x += (-3)$ is equivalent to $x = x + (-3)$ .                              |

-- Decrement by amount specified, i.e.,  $x \text{ -- } 3$  is equivalent to  $x = x - 3$ , and  $x \text{ -- } (-3)$  is equivalent to  $x = x - (-3)$ .

#### Range notation

The following notation is used to specify a range of values:

- 5  $x = y..z$   $x$  takes on integer values starting from  $y$  to  $z$ , inclusive, with  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$  being integer numbers and  $z$  being greater than  $y$ .

#### Mathematical functions

The following mathematical functions are defined:

$$\text{Abs}(x) = \begin{cases} x & ; \quad x \geq 0 \\ -x & ; \quad x < 0 \end{cases}$$

- 10  $\text{Asin}(x)$  the trigonometric inverse sine function, operating on an argument  $x$  that is in the range of  $-1.0$  to  $1.0$ , inclusive, with an output value in the range of  $-\pi/2$  to  $\pi/2$ , inclusive, in units of radians

$\text{Atan}(x)$  the trigonometric inverse tangent function, operating on an argument  $x$ , with an output value in the range of  $-\pi/2$  to  $\pi/2$ , inclusive, in units of radians

$$15 \quad \text{Atan2}(y, x) = \begin{cases} \text{Atan}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) & ; \quad x > 0 \\ \text{Atan}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + \pi & ; \quad x < 0 \ \&\& \ y \geq 0 \\ \text{Atan}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - \pi & ; \quad x < 0 \ \&\& \ y < 0 \\ +\frac{\pi}{2} & ; \quad x = 0 \ \&\& \ y \geq 0 \\ -\frac{\pi}{2} & ; \quad \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$\text{Ceil}(x)$  the smallest integer greater than or equal to  $x$ .

$$\text{Clip1}_Y(x) = \text{Clip3}(0, (1 \ll \text{BitDepth}_Y) - 1, x)$$

$$\text{Clip1}_C(x) = \text{Clip3}(0, (1 \ll \text{BitDepth}_C) - 1, x)$$

$$\text{Clip3}(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} x & ; \quad z < x \\ y & ; \quad z > y \\ z & ; \quad \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- 20  $\text{Cos}(x)$  the trigonometric cosine function operating on an argument  $x$  in units of radians.

$\text{Floor}(x)$  the largest integer less than or equal to  $x$ .

$$\text{GetCurrMsb}(a, b, c, d) = \begin{cases} c + d & ; \quad b - a \geq d/2 \\ c - d & ; \quad a - b > d/2 \\ c & ; \quad \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$\text{Ln}(x)$  the natural logarithm of  $x$  (the base- $e$  logarithm, where  $e$  is the natural logarithm base constant 2.718 281 828...).

- 25  $\text{Log2}(x)$  the base-2 logarithm of  $x$ .

$\text{Log10}(x)$  the base-10 logarithm of  $x$ .

$$\text{Min}(x, y) = \begin{cases} x & ; \quad x \leq y \\ y & ; \quad x > y \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Max}(x, y) = \begin{cases} x & ; \quad x \geq y \\ y & ; \quad x < y \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Round}(x) = \text{Sign}(x) * \text{Floor}(\text{Abs}(x) + 0.5)$$

$$\text{Sign}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & ; \quad x > 0 \\ 0 & ; \quad x == 0 \\ -1 & ; \quad x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$\text{Sin}(x)$  the trigonometric sine function operating on an argument  $x$  in units of radians

5  $\text{Sqrt}(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$$\text{Swap}(x, y) = (y, x)$$

$\text{Tan}(x)$  the trigonometric tangent function operating on an argument  $x$  in units of radians

Order of operation precedence

10 When an order of precedence in an expression is not indicated explicitly by use of parentheses, the following rules apply:

- Operations of a higher precedence are evaluated before any operation of a lower precedence.
- Operations of the same precedence are evaluated sequentially from left to right.

15 The table below specifies the precedence of operations from highest to lowest; a higher position in the table indicates a higher precedence.

For those operators that are also used in the C programming language, the order of precedence used in this Specification is the same as used in the C programming language.

Table: Operation precedence from highest (at top of table) to lowest (at bottom of table)

| operations (with operands x, y, and z)                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| "x++", "x--"                                                           |
| "!x", "-x" (as a unary prefix operator)                                |
| $x^y$                                                                  |
| "x * y", "x / y", "x ÷ y", " $\frac{x}{y}$ ", "x % y"                  |
| "x + y", "x - y" (as a two-argument operator), " $\sum_{i=x}^y f(i)$ " |
| "x << y", "x >> y"                                                     |
| "x < y", "x <= y", "x > y", "x >= y"                                   |
| "x == y", "x != y"                                                     |
| "x & y"                                                                |
| "x   y"                                                                |
| "x && y"                                                               |
| "x    y"                                                               |
| "x ? y : z"                                                            |
| "x..y"                                                                 |
| "x = y", "x += y", "x -= y"                                            |

Text description of logical operations

In the text, a statement of logical operations as would be described mathematically in the following form:

```

5 if(condition 0)
 statement 0
 else if(condition 1)
 statement 1
10 ...
 else /* informative remark on remaining condition */
 statement n

```

may be described in the following manner:

```

... as follows / ... the following applies:
15 - If condition 0, statement 0
 - Otherwise, if condition 1, statement 1
 - ...
 - Otherwise (informative remark on remaining condition), statement n.

```

Each "If ... Otherwise, if ... Otherwise, ..." statement in the text is introduced with "... as follows" or "... the following applies" immediately followed by "If ...". The last condition of the "If ... Otherwise, if ... Otherwise, ..." is always an "Otherwise, ...". Interleaved "If ...

Otherwise, if ... Otherwise, ..." statements can be identified by matching "... as follows" or "... the following applies" with the ending "Otherwise, ...".

In the text, a statement of logical operations as would be described mathematically in the following form:

```

5 if(condition 0a && condition 0b)
 statement 0
 else if(condition 1a || condition 1b)
 statement 1
 ...
10 else
 statement n

```

may be described in the following manner:

... as follows / ... the following applies:

- If all of the following conditions are true, statement 0:
- 15       – condition 0a
- condition 0b
- Otherwise, if one or more of the following conditions are true, statement 1:
- condition 1a
- condition 1b
- 20       – ...
- Otherwise, statement n

In the text, a statement of logical operations as would be described mathematically in the following form:

```

25 if(condition 0)
 statement 0
 if(condition 1)
 statement 1

```

may be described in the following manner:

- When condition 0, statement 0
- 30       When condition 1, statement 1.

Embodiments, e.g. of the encoder 20 and the decoder 30, and functions described herein, e.g. with reference to the encoder 20 and the decoder 30, may be implemented in hardware, software, firmware, or any combination thereof. If implemented in software, the functions may be stored on a computer-readable medium or transmitted over communication media as

35 one or more instructions or code and executed by a hardware-based processing unit.

Computer-readable media may include computer-readable storage media, which corresponds to a tangible medium such as data storage media, or communication media including any medium that facilitates transfer of a computer program from one place to another, e.g., according to a communication protocol. In this manner, computer-readable media generally

may correspond to (1) tangible computer-readable storage media which is non-transitory or (2) a communication medium such as a signal or carrier wave. Data storage media may be any available media that can be accessed by one or more computers or one or more processors to retrieve instructions, code and/or data structures for implementation of the techniques described in this disclosure. A computer program product may include a computer-readable medium.

By way of example, and not limiting, such computer-readable storage media can comprise RAM, ROM, EEPROM, CD-ROM or other optical disk storage, magnetic disk storage, or other magnetic storage devices, flash memory, or any other medium that can be used to store desired program code in the form of instructions or data structures and that can be accessed by a computer. Also, any connection is properly termed a computer-readable medium. For example, if instructions are transmitted from a website, server, or other remote source using a coaxial cable, fiber optic cable, twisted pair, digital subscriber line (DSL), or wireless technologies such as infrared, radio, and microwave, then the coaxial cable, fiber optic cable, twisted pair, DSL, or wireless technologies such as infrared, radio, and microwave are included in the definition of medium. It should be understood, however, that computer-readable storage media and data storage media do not include connections, carrier waves, signals, or other transitory media, but are instead directed to non-transitory, tangible storage media. Disk and disc, as used herein, includes compact disc (CD), laser disc, optical disc, digital versatile disc (DVD), floppy disk and Blu-ray disc, where disks usually reproduce data magnetically, while discs reproduce data optically with lasers. Combinations of the above should also be included within the scope of computer-readable media.

Instructions may be executed by one or more processors, such as one or more digital signal processors (DSPs), general purpose microprocessors, application specific integrated circuits (ASICs), field programmable logic arrays (FPGAs), or other equivalent integrated or discrete logic circuitry. Accordingly, the term “processor,” as used herein may refer to any of the foregoing structure or any other structure suitable for implementation of the techniques described herein. In addition, in some aspects, the functionality described herein may be provided within dedicated hardware and/or software modules configured for encoding and decoding, or incorporated in a combined codec. Also, the techniques could be fully implemented in one or more circuits or logic elements.

The techniques of this disclosure may be implemented in a wide variety of devices or apparatuses, including a wireless handset, an integrated circuit (IC) or a set of ICs (e.g., a chip set). Various components, modules, or units are described in this disclosure to

emphasize functional aspects of devices configured to perform the disclosed techniques, but do not necessarily require realization by different hardware units. Rather, as described above, various units may be combined in a codec hardware unit or provided by a collection of interoperative hardware units, including one or more processors as described above, in  
5 conjunction with suitable software and/or firmware.

Further embodiments of the present invention are provided in the following. It should be noted that the numbering used in the following section does not necessarily need to comply with the numbering used in the previous sections.

Embodiment 1: A method of inter prediction of a block of a picture, wherein signaling of  
10 weighted prediction parameters and enabling of non-rectangular inter prediction is performed for a group of predicted blocks, the method comprising: obtaining an inter prediction mode parameters for a block, wherein the obtaining comprises the check of whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled for the group of blocks that comprises the predicted block; and obtaining weighted prediction parameters associated with the block and an inter prediction  
15 mode parameters for a block with respect to the reference picture being indicated for the block and weighted prediction parameters specified for the group of blocks.

Embodiment 2: A method of embodiment 1, wherein enabling of non-rectangular inter prediction is performed by indicating the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand) that is greater than 1.

20 Embodiment 3: A method of embodiment 1 or 2, wherein non-rectangular inter prediction is inferred to be disabled when weighted prediction parameters specifies enabled weighted prediction for at least one reference index.

Embodiment 4: A method of any embodiments 1 to 3, wherein a group of blocks is a picture and both weighted prediction parameters and enabling of inter prediction non-rectangular mode  
25 parameters are indicated in picture header.

Embodiment 5: A method of any embodiments 1 to 4, wherein a group of blocks is a slice and both weighted prediction parameters and enabling of inter prediction non-rectangular mode parameters are indicated at the slice header.

Embodiment 6: A method of any embodiments 1 to 5, wherein inter prediction mode  
30 parameters comprise reference index used to determine the reference picture and motion vector information used to determine position of the reference block in the reference picture.

Embodiment 7: A method of any embodiments 1 to 6, where non-rectangular merge mode is a triangular partitioning mode.

Embodiment 8: A method of any embodiments 1 to 7, where non-rectangular merge mode is a GEO mode.

Embodiment 9: A method of any embodiments 1 to 8, wherein weighted prediction is a slice-level luminance compensation mechanism (such as global weighted prediction).

- 5 Embodiment 10: A method of any embodiments 1 to 9, wherein weighted prediction is a block-level luminance compensation mechanism, such as local illumination compensation (LIC).

Embodiment 11: A method of any embodiments 1 to 10, wherein weighted prediction parameters comprise: a set of flags indicating whether weighted prediction is applied to luma and chroma components of the predicted block; Linear model parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  specifying the linear transformation of the values of the predicted block.

In a first aspect of the present application, as shown in Fig. 12, an inter prediction method 1200 is disclosed, which comprises: S1201: determining whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed for a group of blocks; S1202: obtaining one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters for the group of blocks; and S1203: obtaining prediction value of a current block based on the one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters, wherein one of the inter prediction mode parameters indicates reference picture information for the current block, and wherein the group of blocks comprises the current block.

In a feasible implementation, the reference picture information comprises whether weighted prediction is enabled for a reference picture index, and wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is disabled in the event that weighted prediction is enabled.

In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled in the event that weighted prediction is disabled.

In a feasible implementation, determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed, comprising: indicating the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand) is greater than 1.

In a feasible implementation, the group of blocks consists of a picture, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a picture header of the picture.

30 In a feasible implementation, the group of blocks consists of a slice, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a slice header of the slice.

In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a triangular partitioning mode.

In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a geometric (GEO) partitioning mode.

In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a slice-level luminance compensation.

- 5 In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a block-level luminance compensation.

In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters comprises: flags indicating whether the weighted prediction is applied to luma and/or chroma components of a prediction block; and linear model parameters specifying a linear transformation of a value of the  
10 prediction block.

In a second aspect of the present application, an apparatus 1300 for inter prediction, as shown in Fig. 13, which comprises: a non-transitory memory 1301 having processor-executable instructions stored thereon; and a processor 1302, coupled to the memory 1301 configured to execute the processor-executable instructions to facilitate any one of feasible implementations  
15 in the first aspect of the present application.

In a third aspect of the present application, a bitstream for inter prediction, comprising: indicating information for determining whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed for a group of blocks; and one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters for the group of blocks, wherein prediction value of a current block is  
20 obtained based on the one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters, wherein one of the inter prediction mode parameters indicates reference picture information for the current block, and wherein the group of blocks comprises the current block.

In a feasible implementation, the reference picture information comprises whether weighted prediction is enabled for a reference picture index, and wherein the non-rectangular inter  
25 prediction mode is disabled in the event that weighted prediction is enabled.

In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled in the event that weighted prediction is disabled.

In a feasible implementation, the indicating information comprises the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand) is greater than 1.

- 30 In a feasible implementation, the group of blocks consists of a picture, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and the indicating information are in a picture header of the picture.

In a feasible implementation, the group of blocks consists of a slice, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and the indicating information are in a slice header of the slice.

In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a triangular partitioning mode.

In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a geometric (GEO) partitioning mode.

- 5 In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a slice-level luminance compensation.

In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a block-level luminance compensation.

- 10 In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters comprises: flags indicating whether the weighted prediction is applied to luma and/or chroma components of a prediction block; and linear model parameters specifying a linear transformation of a value of the prediction block.

- 15 In a fourth aspect of the present application, as shown in Fig. 14, an inter prediction apparatus 1400 is disclosed, which comprises: a determining module 1401, configured to determine whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed for a group of blocks; an obtaining module 1402, configured to obtain one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters for the group of blocks; and a predicting module 1403, configured to obtain prediction value of a current block based on the one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters, wherein one of the inter prediction mode parameters indicates reference picture information for the current block, and wherein the group of blocks comprises the current block.

In a feasible implementation, the reference picture information comprises whether weighted prediction is enabled for a reference picture index, and wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is disabled in the event that weighted prediction is enabled.

- 25 In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled in the event that weighted prediction is disabled.

In a feasible implementation, the determining module 1401 is specifically configured to: indicate the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand) is greater than 1.

- 30 In a feasible implementation, the group of blocks consists of a picture, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a picture header of the picture.

In a feasible implementation, the group of blocks consists of a slice, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a slice header of the slice.

5 In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a triangular partitioning mode.

In a feasible implementation, the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a geometric (GEO) partitioning mode.

In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a slice-level luminance compensation.

10 In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters are used for a block-level luminance compensation.

In a feasible implementation, the weighted prediction parameters comprises: flags indicating whether the weighted prediction is applied to luma and/or chroma components of a prediction block; and linear model parameters specifying a linear transformation of a value of the  
15 prediction block.

Methods of the prior art could be summarized in the following list of aspects:

Aspect 1. An inter prediction method, comprising:

determining whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed for a group of blocks; obtaining one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters  
20 for the group of blocks; and obtaining prediction value of a current block based on the one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters, wherein one of the inter prediction mode parameters indicates reference picture information for the current block, and wherein the group of blocks comprises the current block.

25 Aspect 2. The method of aspect 1, wherein the reference picture information comprises whether weighted prediction is enabled for a reference picture index, and wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is disabled in the event that weighted prediction is enabled.

Aspect 3. The method of aspect 1 or 2, wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled in the event that weighted prediction is disabled.

30 Aspect 4. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 3, wherein determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed, comprising:

Indicating the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand) is greater than 1.

Aspect 5. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 4, wherein the group of blocks consists of a picture, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a picture header of the picture.

- 5 Aspect 6. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 4, wherein the group of blocks consists of a slice, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed are in a slice header of the slice.

- Aspect 7. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 6, wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a triangular partitioning mode.
- 10

Aspect 8. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 6, wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a geometric (GEO) partitioning mode.

- Aspect 8a. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 8, wherein syntax elements related to number of candidates for merge mode (indicating information for determining the non-rectangular inter prediction) are signaled in the sequence parameter set (SPS)
- 15

Aspect 8b. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 8a, wherein picture header is signaled in slice header when a picture comprises just one slice.

Aspect 8c. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 8b, wherein picture header is signaled in slice header when a picture comprises just one slice.

- 20 Aspect 8d. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 8c, wherein picture parameter set comprises a flag, the value of which defines whether weighted prediction parameters are present in picture header or in a slice header.

- Aspect 8e. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 8d, wherein a flag in a picture header indicates whether a slice of non-intra type is present and whether inter prediction mode parameters are signaled for this slice.
- 25

Aspect 9. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 8, wherein the weighted prediction parameters are used for a slice-level luminance compensation.

Aspect 10. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 8, wherein the weighted prediction parameters are used for a block-level luminance compensation.

- 30 Aspect 11. The method of any one of aspects 1 to 10, wherein the weighted prediction parameters comprises:

flags indicating whether the weighted prediction is applied to luma and/or chroma components of a prediction block; and

linear model parameters specifying a linear transformation of a value of the prediction block.

Aspect 12. An apparatus for inter prediction, comprising:

a non-transitory memory having processor-executable instructions stored thereon; and  
a processor, coupled to the memory, configured to execute the processor-executable instructions to facilitate any one of aspects 1-11.

5 Aspect 13. A bitstream for inter prediction, comprising:

indicating information for determining whether a non-rectangular inter prediction mode is allowed for a group of blocks; and

one or more inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters for the group of blocks, wherein prediction value of a current block is obtained based on the one or more  
10 inter prediction mode parameters and weighted prediction parameters, wherein one of the inter prediction mode parameters indicates reference picture information for the current block, and wherein the group of blocks comprises the current block.

Aspect 14. The bitstream of aspect 13, wherein the reference picture information comprises whether weighted prediction is enabled for a reference picture index, and wherein the non-  
15 rectangular inter prediction mode is disabled in the event that weighted prediction is enabled.

Aspect 15. The bitstream of aspect 13 or 14, wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is enabled in the event that weighted prediction is disabled.

Aspect 16. The bitstream of any one of aspects 13 to 15, wherein the indicating information comprises the maximum number of triangular merge candidates (MaxNumTriangleMergeCand)  
20 is greater than 1.

Aspect 17. The bitstream of any one of aspects 13 to 16, wherein the group of blocks consists of a picture, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and the indicating information are in a picture header of the picture.

Aspect 18. The bitstream of any one of aspects 13 to 17, wherein the group of blocks consists  
25 of a slice, and wherein the weighted prediction parameters and the indicating information are in a slice header of the slice.

Aspect 19. The bitstream of any one of aspects 13 to 18, wherein the non-rectangular inter prediction mode is a triangular partitioning mode.

Aspect 20. The bitstream of any one of aspects 13 to 19, wherein the non-rectangular inter  
30 prediction mode is a geometric (GEO) partitioning mode.

Aspect 21. The bitstream of any one of aspects 13 to 20, wherein the weighted prediction parameters are used for a slice-level luminance compensation.

Aspect 22. The bitstream of any one of aspects 13 to 20, wherein the weighted prediction parameters are used for a block-level luminance compensation.

Aspect 23. The bitstream of any one of aspects 13 to 22, wherein the weighted prediction parameters comprises:

flags indicating whether the weighted prediction is applied to luma and/or chroma components of a prediction block; and

- 5 linear model parameters specifying a linear transformation of a value of the prediction block.

## CLAIMS

1. A method of obtaining a maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates for video decoding, wherein the method comprises:

- 5        obtaining a bitstream for a video sequence;  
         obtaining a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion vector prediction, MVP, candidates;  
         obtaining a value of a second indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for  
10       the video sequence; and  
         parsing a value of a third indicator from the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator is equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator.

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2. The method of claim 1, wherein the threshold is 2.

3. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein the method further comprises:

- setting the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates  
20       to 2, when the value of the first indicator is equal to the threshold and when the value of the second indicator is equal to the preset value.

4. The method of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the method further comprises:

- setting the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates  
25       to 0, when the value of the first indicator is less than the threshold or when the value of the second indicator is not equal to the preset value.

5. The method of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the preset value is 1.

- 30       6. The method of any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the step of obtaining the value of the second indicator is performed after the step of obtaining the value of the first indicator.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein the value of the second indicator is parsed from a sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than or equal to the threshold.
- 5 8. The method of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the value of the second indicator is obtained from a sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.
9. The method of any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein the value of the third indicator is obtained from a sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.
- 10 10. A video decoding apparatus, wherein the video decoding apparatus comprises:  
a receiving module, which is configured to obtain a bitstream for a video sequence;  
an obtaining module, which is configured to obtain a value of a first indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the first indicator represents the maximum number of merging motion  
15 vector prediction, MVP, candidates; and wherein  
the obtaining module is configured to obtain a value of a second indicator according to the bitstream, wherein the second indicator represents whether a geometric partition based motion compensation is enabled for the video sequence;  
a parsing module, which is configured to parse a value of a third indicator from the  
20 bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than a threshold and when the value of the second indicator is equal to a preset value, wherein the third indicator represents the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates subtracted from the value of the first indicator.
- 25 11. The video decoding apparatus of claim 10, wherein the obtaining module is configured to set the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 2, when the value of the first indicator is equal to the threshold and when the value of the second indicator is equal to the preset value.
- 30 12. The video decoding apparatus of claim 10 or 11, wherein the obtaining module is configured to set the value of the maximum number of geometric partitioning merge mode candidates to 0, when the value of the first indicator is less than the threshold or when the value of the second indicator is not equal to the preset value.

13. The video decoding apparatus of any one of claims 10 to 12, wherein the threshold is 2.
14. The video decoding apparatus of any one of claims 10 to 13, wherein the preset value is 1.
- 5 15. The video decoding apparatus of any one of claims 10 to 14, wherein the step of obtaining the value of the second indicator is performed after the step of obtaining the value of the first indicator.
- 10 16. The video decoding apparatus of claim 15, wherein the value of the second indicator is parsed from a sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream, when the value of the first indicator is greater than or equal to the threshold.
17. The video decoding apparatus of any one of claims 10 to 16, wherein the value of the second indicator is obtained from a sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.
- 15 18. The video decoding apparatus of any one of claims 10 to 17, wherein the value of the third indicator is obtained from a sequence parameter set, SPS, of the bitstream.
19. A computer program product comprising a program code for performing the method  
20 according to any one of the claims 1 to 9 when executed on a computer or a processor.
20. A decoder, comprising:  
one or more processors; and  
a non-transitory computer-readable storage medium coupled to the processors and storing  
25 programming for execution by the processors, wherein the programming, when executed by the processors, configures the decoder to carry out the method according to any one of the claims 1 to 9.
21. A non-transitory computer-readable medium carrying a program code which, when  
30 executed by a computer device, causes the computer device to perform the method of any one of the claims 1 to 9.