CLAIMS

[Claim 1]

A building wall provided with at least an underlay face member and an overlay face member, the underlay face member directly or indirectly connected to a stud, the overlay face member being an indoor-facing member and connected to the underlay face member,

wherein the overlay face member is connected to the underlay face member via at least an adhesive, and

wherein a coating amount of the adhesive is less than 100 g/m^2.

[Claim 2]

The building wall according to claim 1, wherein, the building wall is configured such that, during a fire, the underlay face member located on a side of the fire deforms relatively greatly as compared to overlay face member, and an air layer is formed between the underlay face member and the overlay face member in a partial region thereof, in a state where the overlay face member does not fall off from the underlay face member.

[Claim 3]

A method of constructing a building wall provided with at least an underlay face member and an overlay face member, the underlay face member directly or indirectly connected to a stud, the overlay face member being an indoor-facing member and connected to the underlay face member, the method comprising:

an underlay face member-connecting step of connecting the underlay face member to the stud directly or indirectly; and

an overlay face member-connecting step of connecting the overlay face member to the underlay face member via at least an adhesive,

wherein a coating amount of the adhesive is set to be less than 100 g/m^2.