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(71) Applicant: USTAV ORGANICKE CHEMIE A BIO-
CHEMIE AKADEMIE VED CR, V.V.I [CZ/CZ]; Flem-
ingovo namesti 542/2, 166 10 Praha 6 (CZ).

(72) Inventors: NAVRATIL, Vaclav; Na Vysoke I 16, 150 00
Praha 5 (CZ). SACHA, Pavel; K mostku 5, 163 00 Praha 6
(CZ). SCHIMER, Jiri; Wichterlova 10, 182 00 Praha 8
(CZ). KONVALINKA, Jan; Nova Sarka 39, 161 00
Prague 6 (CZ). MAJER, Pavel; Sturova 30, 142 00 Praha
4 (CZ).

(74) Agent: HARTVICOVA, Katerina; INVENTIA s.r.o.,
Na Belidle 3, 150 00 Praha 5 (CZ).

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(54) Title: METHOD OF DETECTION OF ANALYTE ACTIVE FORMS AND DETERMINATION OF THE ABILITY OF SUB-
STANCES TO BIND INTO ANALYTE ACTIVE SITES

(57) Abstract: The invention provides a method for detection of active form of analytes in a sample and/or for determination of abil-
ity of tested substances to bind to the active site of these analytes, comprising the following steps: a) analyte or group of analytes
from the sample is immobilized on the surface of a solid carrier either by non-specific non-covalent adsorption or by covalent bind-
ing of surface functional groups of the analyte and corresponding functional groups of the solid carrier, or preferably via a binding
molecule which is bound to the surface of the solid carrier before immobilization of the analyte or group of analytes and is capable
of selectively binding the analyte or group of analytes contained in the sample during incubation of the solid carrier with the sample;
b) analyte or group of analytes is incubated with a detection probe which binds selectively to the analyte or group of analytes via a
compound for selective binding to the analyte active site; whereas the probe consists of a low molecular compound for selective
binding to the analyte active site; an oligonucleotide tag, optionally with a covalently attached fluorophore, biotin or a chemical
group, and a chemical linker covalently linking the compound for selective binding to the analyte active site and the oligonucleotide
tag; c) then the solid carrier is washed to remove unbound detection probe; and subsequently, the amount of bound detection probe
is determined, whereas this amount is directly proportional to the amount of the analyte or group of analytes in the sample. The de-
scribed method has broad application in medicine. Given the exceptional sensitivity of only a few dozen molecules, it provides the
ability to determine the protein markers in blood in a concentration yet undetectable.

