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(71) 申请人: 阿里巴巴集团控股有限公司 (ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED) [—/CN]; 开曼群岛大开曼资本大厦一座四层847号邮箱, Grand Cayman (KY)。

(72) 发明人: 程羽 (CHENG, Yu); 中国浙江省杭州市余杭区文一西路969号3号楼5楼阿里巴巴集团法务部, Zhejiang 311121 (CN)。刘腾飞 (LIU, Tengfei); 中国浙江省杭州市余杭区文一西路969号3号楼5楼阿里巴巴集团法务部, Zhejiang 311121 (CN)。

刘晓韵 (LIU, Xiaoyun); 中国浙江省杭州市余杭区文一西路969号3号楼5楼阿里巴巴集团法务部, Zhejiang 311121 (CN)。陆逊 (LU, Xun); 中国浙江省杭州市余杭区文一西路969号3号楼5楼阿里巴巴集团法务部, Zhejiang 311121 (CN)。陈弢 (CHEN, Tao); 中国浙江省杭州市余杭区文一西路969号3号楼5楼阿里巴巴集团法务部, Zhejiang 311121 (CN)。杨洋 (YANG, Yang); 中国浙江省杭州市余杭区文一西路969号3号楼5楼阿里巴巴集团法务部, Zhejiang 311121 (CN)。徐轶 (XU, Yi); 中国浙江省杭州市余杭区文一西路969号3号楼5楼阿里巴巴集团法务部, Zhejiang 311121 (CN)。

(74) 代理人: 北京博思佳知识产权代理有限公司 (BEIJING BESTIPR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW CORPORATION); 中国北京市海淀区上地三街9号嘉华大厦B座409, Beijing 100085 (CN)。

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(54) Title: RISK IDENTIFICATION MODEL TRAINING METHOD AND APPARATUS, AND SERVER

(54) 发明名称: 风险识别模型训练方法、装置及服务器

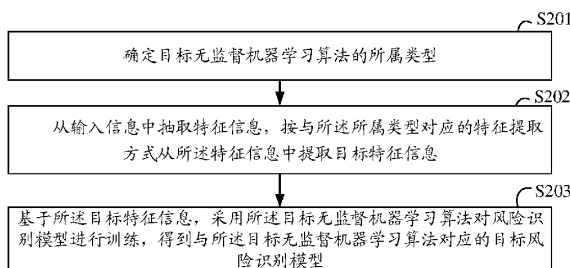


图 2

- S201 Determine the type of a target unsupervised machine learning algorithm
S202 Extract feature information from input information, and from the feature information, extract target feature information according to a feature extraction mode corresponding to the type of the target unsupervised machine learning algorithm
S203 On the basis of the target feature information, use the target unsupervised machine learning algorithm to train a risk identification model, to obtain a target risk identification model corresponding to the target unsupervised machine learning algorithm

(57) Abstract: A risk identification model training method. As different types of unsupervised machine learning algorithms have different requirements on features, the type of a target unsupervised machine learning algorithm can be first determined (S201), then various types of feature information are extracted from input information, and from the feature information, target feature information is extracted according to a feature extraction mode corresponding to the type of the target unsupervised machine learning algorithm (S202). As the target feature information adapted to the target unsupervised machine learning algorithm is extracted, the target feature information is trained on the basis of the target unsupervised machine learning algorithm, and a higher identification accuracy of the target risk identification model corresponding to the target unsupervised machine learning algorithm is obtained, thereby ensuring the accuracy of risk identification.

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本国际公布:

- 包括国际检索报告(条约第21条(3))。

(57) 摘要: 一种风险识别模型训练方法, 由于不同类型的无监督机器学习算法对特征的要求不同, 所以, 可以首先确定目标无监督机器学习算法的所属类型(S201), 再从输入信息中抽取各类的特征信息, 再按与所属类型对应的特征提取方式从特征信息中提取目标特征信息(S202)。由于提取出适配于该目标无监督机器学习算法的目标特征信息, 所以, 基于目标无监督机器学习算法对该目标特征信息进行训练, 获得的与目标无监督机器学习算法对应的目标风险识别模型的识别精度会更高, 确保了风险识别的准确性。