

(19) World Intellectual Property
Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
9 December 2004 (09.12.2004)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 2004/106226 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: **C01B 3/38**,
3/46, B01J 19/24

(21) International Application Number:
PCT/US2004/016232

(22) International Filing Date: 21 May 2004 (21.05.2004)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
60/472,864 23 May 2003 (23.05.2003) US
10/848,095 18 May 2004 (18.05.2004) US

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): **EXXON-MOBIL RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING COMPANY** [US/US]; 1545 Route 22 East, P.O. Box 900, Annandale, NJ 08801-0900 (US).

(72) Inventors; and

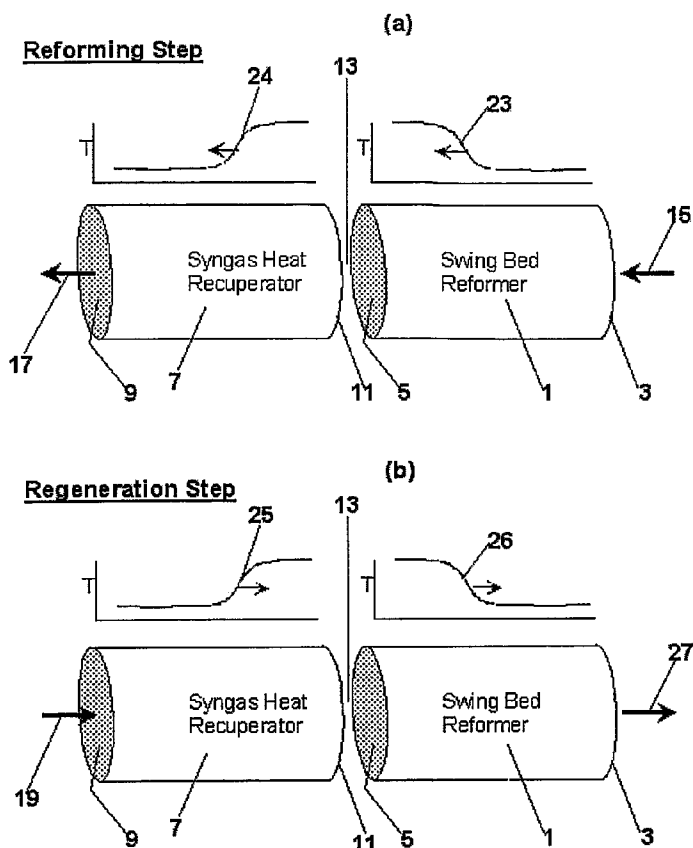
(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): **HERSHKOWITZ, Frank** [US/US]; 509 Lyons Road, P.O. Box 172, Liberty Corner, NJ 07938 (US). **BERLOWITZ, Paul, Joseph** [US/US]; 4 Nicole Terrace, Glen Gardner, NJ 08826 (US).

(74) Agents: **BAKUN, Estelle, C.** et al.; ExxonMobil Research and Engineering Company, 1545 Route 22 East, P.O. Box 900, Annandale, NJ 08801-0900 (US).

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: METHOD FOR PRODUCING ELECTRICITY USING TEMPERATURE SWING REFORMING AND SOLID OXIDE FUEL CELL



(57) Abstract: The present invention provides an improvement in the process of producing energy from fuel cells. A cyclic reforming process, referred to as temperature swing reforming, provides an efficient means for producing a hydrogen containing synthesis gas for use in solid oxide fuel cell applications. In one embodiment, at least some synthesis gas which is first produced in the temperature swing reforming process is combusted with air to provide the heat for the regeneration step of the temperature swing reforming process. The syngas produced in TSR is particularly well suited for use in solid oxide fuel cell applications.



(84) **Designated States** (*unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available*): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

— *before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments*

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

Published:

— *with international search report*