

3-ALKYL-4-AMIDO-BICYCLIC [4,5,0] HYDROXAMIC ACIDS AS HDAC INHIBITORS

Cross-Reference to Related Applications

[0001] This application claims the benefit of priority of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/110,716, filed February 2, 2015 and U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/205,438, filed August 14, 2015, both of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Field of the Disclosure

[0002] The present disclosure relates to inhibitors of zinc-dependent histone deacetylases (HDACs) useful in the treatment of diseases or disorders associated with HDACs including cell proliferation diseases (*e.g.*, cancer), neurological and inflammatory diseases. Specifically, this disclosure is concerned with compounds and compositions inhibiting HDACs, methods of treating diseases associated with HDACs, and methods of synthesizing these compounds.

Background of the Disclosure

[0003] Many members of the HDAC family require zinc (Zn) to function properly. For instance, the isozyme histone deacetylase 6 (HDAC6) is a zinc-dependent histone deacetylase that possesses histone deacetylase activity. Other family members include HDACs 1-5 and 7-11. (De Ruijter et al, *Biochem. J.* 2003. 370; 737-749).

[0004] HDAC6 is known to deacetylate and associate with α -tubulin, cortactin, heat shock protein 90, β -catenin, glucose-regulated protein 78kDa, myosin heavy chain 9, heat shock cognate protein 70, and dnaJ homolog subfamily A member 1 (reviewed in Li et al, *FEBS J.* 2013, 280: 775-93; Zhang et al, *Protein Cell.* 2015, 6(1): 42-54). Diseases in which HDAC6 inhibition could have a potential benefit include cancer (reviewed in Aldana-Masangkay et al, *J. Biomed. Biotechnol.* 2011, 875824), specifically: multiple myeloma (Hideshima et al, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 2005, 102(24):8567-8572); lung cancer (Kamemura et al, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 2008, 374(1):84-89); ovarian cancer (Bazzaro et al, *Clin. Cancer Res.* 2008, 14(22):7340- 7347); breast cancer (Lee et al, *Cancer Res.* 2008, 68(18):7561-7569; Park et al, *Oncol. Rep.* 2011, 25: 1677-81; Rey et al, *Eur. J. Cell Biol.* 2011, 90: 128-35); prostate cancer (Seidel et al, *Biochem. Pharmacol.* 2015 (15)00714-5); pancreatic cancer (Nawrocki et al,

Cancer Res. 2006, 66(7):3773- 3781); renal cancer (Cha et al, *Clin. Cancer Res.* 2009, 15(3): 840-850); hepatocellular cancer (Ding et al, *FEBS Lett.* 2013, 587:880-6; Kanno et al, *Oncol. Rep.* 2012, 28: 867-73); lymphomas (Ding et al, *Cancer Cell Int.* 2014, 14:139; Amengual et al, *Clin Cancer Res.* 2015, 21(20):4663-75); and leukemias such as acute myeloid leukemia (AML) (Fiskus et al, *Blood* 2008, 112(7):2896-2905) and acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) (Rodriguez-Gonzalez et al, *Blood* 2008, 112(11): Abstract 1923)).

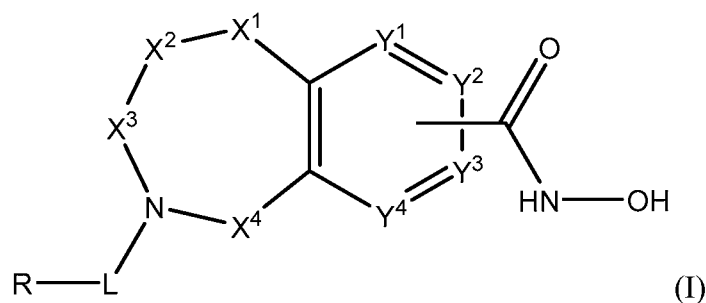
[0005] Inhibition of HDAC6 may also have a role in cardiovascular disease, including pressure overload, chronic ischemia, and infarction-reperfusion injury (Tannous et al, *Circulation* 2008, 117(24):3070-3078); bacterial infection, including those caused by uropathogenic *Escherichia coli* (Dhakal and Mulve, *J. Biol. Chem.* 2008, 284(1):446-454); neurological diseases caused by accumulation of intracellular protein aggregates such as Alzheimer's, Parkinson's and Huntington's disease (reviewed in Simoes-Pires et al, *Mol. Neurodegener.* 2013, 8: 7) or central nervous system trauma caused by tissue injury, oxidative-stress induced neuronal or axonal degeneration (Rivieccio et al, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 2009, 106(46):19599-195604); and inflammation and autoimmune diseases through enhanced T cell-mediated immune tolerance at least in part through effects on regulatory T cells, including rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, spondylitis arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, multiple sclerosis, lupus, colitis and graft versus host disease (reviewed in Wang et al, *Nat. Rev. Drug Disc.* 2009 8(12):969-981; Vishwakarma et al, *Int. Immunopharmacol.* 2013, 16:72-8; Kalin et al, *J. Med. Chem.* 2012, 55:639-51); and fibrotic disease, including kidney fibrosis (Choi et al, *Vascul. Pharmacol.* 2015 72:130-140).

[0006] Four HDAC inhibitors are currently approved for the treatment of some cancers. These are suberanilohydroxamic acid (Vorinostat; Zolinza ®) for the treatment of cutaneous T cell lymphoma and multiple myeloma; Romidepsin (FK228; FR901228; Istodax ®) for the treatment of peripheral T cell lymphoma; Panobinostat (LBH-589; Farydak ®) for the treatment of multiple myeloma; and belinostat (PXD101; Beleodaq ®) for the treatment of peripheral T cell lymphoma. However, these drugs are of limited effectiveness and can give rise to unwanted side effects. Thus there is a need for drugs with an improved safety-efficacy profile.

[0007] Given the complex function of HDAC6 and their potential utility in the treatment of proliferative diseases, neurological diseases, and inflammatory diseases, there is a need for HDAC inhibitors (*e.g.*, HDAC6 inhibitors) with good therapeutic properties.

Summary of the Disclosure

[0008] One aspect of the disclosure relates to compounds of Formula I:



and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, solvates, hydrates, tautomers and isomers thereof, wherein:

X^1 is independently CR^1R^2 , NR^3 , O, or $C=O$;

X^2 and X^4 are each independently CR^1R^2 , $C=O$, $S(O)$ or SO_2 ;

X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$;

wherein X^4 , X^2 , and X^1 are not all simultaneously CR^1R^2 ;

Y^1 and Y^4 are not bound to $-C(O)NHOH$ and are each independently N or CR^1 ;

Y^2 and Y^3 are each independently N or CR^1 when not bonded to $-C(O)NHOH$ and Y^2 and Y^3 are C when bonded to $-C(O)NHOH$;

L is $-C(O)-$, $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, or $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, wherein L is bound to the ring nitrogen through the carbonyl group;

R is independently $-H$, $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkenyl, $-C_4-C_8$ cycloalkenyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkynyl, $-C_3-C_8$ cycloalkyl, $-C_5-C_{12}$ spirocycle, heterocyclyl, spiroheterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, spirocycle, heterocyclyl,

spiroheterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more $-\text{OH}$, halogen, oxo, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{R}^1$, $-\text{R}^2$, $-\text{OR}^3$, $-\text{NHR}^3$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^1$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^1$, or $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^1$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^1$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^1$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^1$, heterocycle, aryl, or heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, with the proviso that R is not bound to L via a nitrogen atom;

R^1 and R^2 are independently, at each occurrence, $-\text{H}$, $-\text{R}^3$, $-\text{R}^4$, $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6$ alkenyl, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8$ cycloalkenyl, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6$ alkynyl, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8$ cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NHC}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, or $(\text{CHR}^5)_n\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$, oxo, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{R}^5$, $-\text{OR}^3$, $-\text{NHR}^3$, NR^3R^4 , $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{R}^3)_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, heterocycle, aryl, or heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O;

or R^1 and R^2 can combine with the carbon atom to which they are both attached to form a spirocycle, spiroheterocycle, or a spirocycloalkenyl;

or R^1 and R^2 , when on adjacent atoms, can combine to form a heterocycle, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, or cycloalkenyl;

or R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, can combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

$\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ are independently, at each occurrence, $-\text{H}$, $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6$ alkenyl, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8$ cycloalkenyl, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6$ alkynyl, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8$ cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NHC}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$,

$-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, or $(\text{CHR}^5)_n\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, or heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$, oxo, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{R}^5$, $-\text{OR}^3$, $-\text{NHR}^3$, NR^3R^4 , $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{R}^3)_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, heterocycle, aryl, or heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O;

or $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ can combine with the carbon atom to which they are both attached to form a spirocycle, spiroheterocycle, or a spirocycloalkenyl;

or $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ can combine with R^1 or R^2 on adjacent atoms to form a heterocycle, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, or cycloalkenyl;

or $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ can combine with R^1 or R^2 on non-adjacent atoms, to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

R^3 and R^4 are independently, at each occurrence, $-\text{H}$, $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkenyl}$, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8 \text{ cycloalkenyl}$, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkynyl}$, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8 \text{ cycloalkyl}$, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, or $-(\text{CHR}^5)_n\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, and heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$, oxo, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{R}^5$, $-\text{O}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NHC}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^5$, heterocycle, aryl, or heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O;

R^5 is independently, at each occurrence, $-\text{H}$, $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkenyl}$, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8 \text{ cycloalkenyl}$, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkynyl}$, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8 \text{ cycloalkyl}$, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$,

$-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$,
 $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{SO}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl}$,
 $-\text{S}(\text{O})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})\text{S}(\text{O})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$ or
 $-(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$;

each n is independently and at each occurrence an integer from 0 to 6; and

each m is independently and at each occurrence an integer from 1 to 6; and

provided that when X^2 and X^4 are both $\text{C}=\text{O}$, X^1 is not NR^3 .

[0009] Another aspect of the disclosure relates to a method of treating a disease or disorder associated with HDAC, *e.g.*, HDAC6 modulation in a subject in need thereof, comprising administering to the subject an effective amount of a compound of Formula I.

[0010] Another aspect of the disclosure is directed to a method of inhibiting an HDAC, *e.g.*, HDAC6. The method involves administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a compound of Formula I.

[0011] Another aspect of the disclosure relates to a compound of Formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate, hydrate, tautomer, or isomer thereof, for use in treating or preventing a disease associated with HDAC6 modulation.

[0012] Another aspect of the disclosure relates to the use of a compound of Formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate, hydrate, tautomer, or isomer thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing a disease associated with HDAC6 modulation.

[0013] Another aspect of the disclosure is directed to pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of Formula I and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The pharmaceutically acceptable carrier can further include an excipient, diluent, or surfactant. The pharmaceutical composition can be effective for treating a disease or disorder associated with HDAC, *e.g.*, HDAC6 modulation in a subject in need thereof. The pharmaceutical compositions can comprise the compounds of the present disclosure for use in treating diseases described herein. The compositions can contain at least one compound of the disclosure and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The disclosure also provides the use of the compounds

described herein in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a disease associated with HDACs.

[0014] The present disclosure also provides methods for the treatment of human diseases or disorders including, without limitation, oncological, neurological, inflammatory, autoimmune, infectious, metabolic, hematologic, or cardiovascular diseases or disorders.

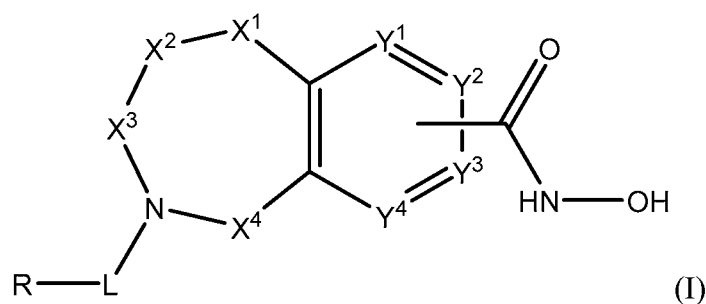
[0015] The present disclosure also provides compounds that are useful in inhibiting of zinc-dependent HDAC enzymes, for instance HDAC6. These compounds can also be useful in the treatment of diseases including cancer.

[0016] The present disclosure further provides compounds that can inhibit an HDAC, *e.g.*, HDAC6. In some embodiments, the efficacy-safety profile of the compounds of the current disclosure can be improved relative to other known HDAC (*e.g.* HDAC6) inhibitors. Additionally, the present technology also has the advantage of being able to be used for a number of different types of diseases, including cancer and non-cancer indications. Additional features and advantages of the present technology will be apparent to one of skill in the art upon reading the Detailed Description of the Disclosure, below.

Detailed Description of the Disclosure

[0017] HDAC6 is a zinc-dependent histone deacetylase that has two catalytic domains. HDAC6 can interact with and deacetylate non-histone proteins, including HSP90 and α -tubulin. Acetylation of HSP90 is associated with loss of function of HSP90. HDAC6 is also implicated in the degradation of misfolded proteins as part of the aggresome. Accordingly, inhibition of HDAC6 can have downstream effects that can play a role in the development of certain diseases such as cancer. The present disclosure provides inhibitors of an HDAC, *e.g.*, HDAC6 and methods for using the same to treat disease.

[0018] In a first aspect of the disclosure, compounds of the Formula I are described:



and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, solvates, hydrates, tautomers, and isomers thereof, wherein R, L, X¹, X², X³, X⁴, Y¹, Y², Y³, and Y⁴ are described as above.

[0019] The details of the disclosure are set forth in the accompanying description below. Although methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of the present disclosure, illustrative methods and materials are now described. Other features, objects, and advantages of the disclosure will be apparent from the description and from the claims. In the specification and the appended claims, the singular forms also include the plural unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this disclosure belongs. All patents and publications cited in this specification are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

Definitions

[0020] The articles “a” and “an” are used in this disclosure to refer to one or more than one (*e.g.*, to at least one) of the grammatical object of the article. By way of example, “an element” means one element or more than one element.

[0021] The term “and/or” is used in this disclosure to mean either “and” or “or” unless indicated otherwise.

[0022] The term “optionally substituted” is understood to mean that a given chemical moiety (*e.g.* an alkyl group) can (but is not required to) be bonded other substituents (*e.g.* heteroatoms). For instance, an alkyl group that is optionally substituted can be a fully saturated alkyl chain (*e.g.* a pure hydrocarbon). Alternatively, the same optionally substituted alkyl group can have substituents different from hydrogen. For instance, it can, at any point along the chain be bounded to a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, or any other substituent described herein. Thus

the term "optionally substituted" means that a given chemical moiety has the potential to contain other functional groups, but does not necessarily have any further functional groups.

[0023] The term "aryl" refers to cyclic, aromatic hydrocarbon groups that have 1 to 2 aromatic rings, including monocyclic or bicyclic groups such as phenyl, biphenyl or naphthyl. Where containing two aromatic rings (bicyclic, etc.), the aromatic rings of the aryl group may be joined at a single point (*e.g.*, biphenyl), or fused (*e.g.*, naphthyl). The aryl group may be optionally substituted by one or more substituents, *e.g.*, 1 to 5 substituents, at any point of attachment. Exemplary substituents include, but are not limited to, $-H$, $-halogen$, $-O-C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-OC_2-C_6$ alkenyl, $-OC_2-C_6$ alkynyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkenyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkynyl, $-OH$, $-OP(O)(OH)_2$, $-OC(O)C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-C(O)C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-OC(O)OC_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1-C_6$ alkyl), $-N(C_1-C_6$ alkyl) $_2$, $-S(O)_2-C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-S(O)NHC_1-C_6$ alkyl, and $-S(O)N(C_1-C_6$ alkyl) $_2$. The substituents can themselves be optionally substituted. Furthermore when containing two fused rings the aryl groups herein defined may have an unsaturated or partially saturated ring fused with a fully saturated ring. Exemplary ring systems of these aryl groups include indanyl, indenyl, tetrahydronaphthalenyl, and tetrahydrobenzoannulenyl.

[0024] Unless otherwise specifically defined, "heteroaryl" means a monovalent monocyclic aromatic radical of 5 to 24 ring atoms or a polycyclic aromatic radical, containing one or more ring heteroatoms selected from N, S, P, and O, the remaining ring atoms being C. Heteroaryl as herein defined also means a bicyclic heteroaromatic group wherein the heteroatom is selected from N, S, P, and O. The aromatic radical is optionally substituted independently with one or more substituents described herein. Examples include, but are not limited to, furyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, pyridyl, pyrazolyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, pyrazinyl, indolyl, thiophen-2-yl, quinolyl, benzopyranyl, isothiazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazole, indazole, benzimidazolyl, thieno[3,2-b]thiophene, triazolyl, triazinyl, imidazo[1,2-b]pyrazolyl, furo[2,3-c]pyridinyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinyl, indazolyl, pyrrolo[2,3-c]pyridinyl, pyrrolo[3,2-c]pyridinyl, pyrazolo[3,4-c]pyridinyl, thieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl, thieno[2,3-c]pyridinyl, thieno[2,3-b]pyridinyl, benzothiazolyl, indolyl, indolinyl, indolinonyl, dihydrobenzothiophenyl, dihydrobenzofuranyl, benzofuran, chromanyl, thiochromanyl, tetrahydroquinoliny, dihydrobenzothiazine, dihydrobenzoxanyl, quinoliny, isoquinoliny, 1,6-naphthyridiny, benzo[de]isoquinoliny, pyrido[4,3-b][1,6]naphthyridiny, thieno[2,3-b]pyrazinyl, quinazolinyl,

tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyridinyl, [1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyridinyl, isoindolyl, pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridinyl, pyrrolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, pyrrolo[3,2-b]pyridinyl, imidazo[5,4-b]pyridinyl, pyrrolo[1,2-a]pyrimidinyl, tetrahydro pyrrolo[1,2-a]pyrimidinyl, 3,4-dihydro-2H-1 λ ²-pyrrolo[2,1-b]pyrimidine, dibenzo[b,d] thiophene, pyridin-2-one, furo[3,2-c]pyridinyl, furo[2,3-c]pyridinyl, 1H-pyrido[3,4-b][1,4] thiazinyl, benzooxazolyl, benzoisoxazolyl, furo[2,3-b]pyridinyl, benzothiophenyl, 1,5-naphthyridinyl, furo[3,2-b]pyridine, [1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyridinyl, benzo [1,2,3]triazolyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyrimidinyl, [1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-b]pyridazinyl, benzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazolyl, benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazole, 1,3-dihydro-2H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-one, 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrazolo [1,5-b][1,2]oxazinyl, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydropyrazolo[1,5-a]pyridinyl, thiazolo[5,4-d]thiazolyl, imidazo[2,1-b][1,3,4]thiadiazolyl, thieno[2,3-b]pyrrollyl, 3H-indolyl, and derivatives thereof. Furthermore when containing two fused rings the heteroaryl groups herein defined may have an unsaturated or partially saturated ring fused with a fully saturated ring. Exemplary ring systems of these heteroaryl groups include indolynyl, indolinonyl, dihydrobenzothiophenyl, dihydrobenzofuran, chromanyl, thiochromanyl, tetrahydroquinolynyl, dihydrobenzothiazine, 3,4-dihydro-1H--isoquinolynyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, indolynyl, indolyl, and dihydrobenzoxanyl.

[0025] "Alkyl" refers to a straight or branched chain saturated hydrocarbon. C₁-C₆ alkyl groups contain 1 to 6 carbon atoms. Examples of a C₁-C₆ alkyl group include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, pentyl, isopropyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl and tert-butyl, isopentyl and neopentyl.

[0026] The term "alkenyl" means an aliphatic hydrocarbon group containing a carbon—carbon double bond and which may be straight or branched having about 2 to about 6 carbon atoms in the chain. Alkenyl groups can have 2 to about 4 carbon atoms in the chain. Branched means that one or more lower alkyl groups such as methyl, ethyl, or propyl are attached to a linear alkenyl chain. Exemplary alkenyl groups include ethenyl, propenyl, n-butenyl, and i-butenyl. A C₂-C₆ alkenyl group is an alkenyl group containing between 2 and 6 carbon atoms.

[0027] The term "alkynyl" means an aliphatic hydrocarbon group containing a carbon—carbon triple bond and which may be straight or branched having about 2 to about 6 carbon atoms in the chain. Alkynyl groups can have 2 to about 4 carbon atoms in the chain. Branched means that one or more lower alkyl groups such as methyl, ethyl, or propyl are attached to a

linear alkynyl chain. Exemplary alkynyl groups include ethynyl, propynyl, n-butynyl, 2-butynyl, 3-methylbutynyl, and n-pentynyl. A C₂-C₆ alkynyl group is an alkynyl group containing between 2 and 6 carbon atoms.

[0028] The term “cycloalkyl” means monocyclic or polycyclic saturated carbon rings containing 3-18 carbon atoms. Examples of cycloalkyl groups include, without limitations, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptanyl, cyclooctanyl, norboranyl, norborenyl, bicyclo[2.2.2]octanyl, or bicyclo[2.2.2]octenyl. A C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl is a cycloalkyl group containing between 3 and 8 carbon atoms. A cycloalkyl group can be fused (*e.g.*, decalin) or bridged (*e.g.*, norbornane).

[0029] The term “cycloalkenyl” means monocyclic, non-aromatic unsaturated carbon rings containing 3-18 carbon atoms. Examples of cycloalkenyl groups include, without limitation, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexenyl, cycloheptenyl, cyclooctenyl, and norborenyl. A C₃-C₈ cycloalkenyl is a cycloalkenyl group containing between 3 and 8 carbon atoms.

[0030] The terms “heterocyclyl” or “heterocycloalkyl” or “heterocycle” refer to monocyclic or polycyclic 3 to 24-membered rings containing carbon and heteroatoms taken from oxygen, nitrogen, or sulfur and wherein there is not delocalized π electrons (aromaticity) shared among the ring carbon or heteroatoms. Heterocyclyl rings include, but are not limited to, oxetanyl, azetadiny, tetrahydrofuranyl, pyrrolidinyl, oxazolinyl, oxazolidinyl, thiazolinyl, thiazolidinyl, pyranyl, thiopyranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, dioxalanyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl S-oxide, thiomorpholinyl S-dioxide, piperazinyl, azepinyl, oxepinyl, diazepinyl, tropanyl, and homotropanyl. A heterocyclyl or heterocycloalkyl ring can also be fused or bridged, *e.g.*, can be a bicyclic ring.

[0031] As used herein, the term “halo” or “halogen” means fluoro, chloro, bromo, or iodo.

[0032] The term “carbonyl” refers to a functional group composing a carbon atom double-bonded to an oxygen atom. It can be abbreviated herein as “oxo”, as C(O), or as C=O.

[0033] “Spirocycle” or “spirocyclic” means carbogenic bicyclic ring systems with both rings connected through a single atom. The ring can be different in size and nature, or identical in size and nature. Examples include spiropentane, spirohexane, spiroheptane, spirooctane, spirononane, or spirodecane. One or both of the rings in a spirocycle can be fused to another

ring carbocyclic, heterocyclic, aromatic, or heteroaromatic ring. One or more of the carbon atoms in the spirocycle can be substituted with a heteroatom (*e.g.*, O, N, S, or P). A C₃-C₁₂ spirocycle is a spirocycle containing between 3 and 12 carbon atoms. One or more of the carbon atoms can be substituted with a heteroatom.

[0034] The term “spirocyclic heterocycle” or “spiroheterocycle” is understood to mean a spirocycle wherein at least one of the rings is a heterocycle (*e.g.*, at least one of the rings is furanyl, morpholinyl, or piperadiny).

[0035] The disclosure also includes pharmaceutical compositions comprising an effective amount of a disclosed compound and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Representative “pharmaceutically acceptable salts” include, *e.g.*, water-soluble and water-insoluble salts, such as the acetate, amsonate (4,4-diaminostilbene-2,2-disulfonate), benzenesulfonate, benzonate, bicarbonate, bisulfate, bitartrate, borate, bromide, butyrate, calcium, calcium edetate, camsylate, carbonate, chloride, citrate, clavuliate, dihydrochloride, edetate, edisylate, estolate, esylate, fumarate, gluceptate, gluconate, glutamate, glycolylarsanilate, hexafluorophosphate, hexylresorcinate, hydrabamine, hydrobromide, hydrochloride, hydroxynaphthoate, iodide, seshionate, lactate, lactobionate, laurate, magnesium, malate, maleate, mandelate, mesylate, methylbromide, methylnitrate, methylsulfate, mucate, napsylate, nitrate, N-methylglucamine ammonium salt, 3-hydroxy-2-naphthoate, oleate, oxalate, palmitate, pamoate (1,1-methene-bis-2-hydroxy-3-naphthoate, einbonate), pantothenate, phosphate/diphosphate, picrate, polygalacturonate, propionate, p-toluenesulfonate, salicylate, stearate, subacetate, succinate, sulfate, sulfosalicylate, suramate, tannate, tartrate, teoclate, tosylate, triethiodide, and valerate salts.

[0036] The term “stereoisomers” refers to the set of compounds which have the same number and type of atoms and share the same bond connectivity between those atoms, but differ in three dimensional structure. The term “stereoisomer” refers to any member of this set of compounds.

[0037] The term “diastereomers” refers to the set of stereoisomers which cannot be made superimposable by rotation around single bonds. For example, *cis*- and *trans*- double bonds, *endo*- and *exo*- substitution on bicyclic ring systems, and compounds containing multiple stereogenic centers with different relative configurations are considered to be diastereomers. The term “diastereomer” refers to any member of this set of compounds. In some examples

presented, the synthetic route may produce a single diastereomer or a mixture of diastereomers. In some cases these diastereomers were separated and in other cases a wavy bond is used to indicate the structural element where configuration is variable.

[0038] The term "enantiomers" refers to a pair of stereoisomers which are non-superimposable mirror images of one another. The term "enantiomer" refers to a single member of this pair of stereoisomers. The term "racemic" refers to a 1:1 mixture of a pair of enantiomers.

[0039] The term "tautomers" refers to a set of compounds that have the same number and type of atoms, but differ in bond connectivity and are in equilibrium with one another. A "tautomer" is a single member of this set of compounds. Typically a single tautomer is drawn but it is understood that this single structure is meant to represent all possible tautomers that might exist. Examples include enol-ketone tautomerism. When a ketone is drawn it is understood that both the enol and ketone forms are part of the disclosure.

[0040] An "effective amount" when used in connection with a compound is an amount effective for treating or preventing a disease in a subject as described herein.

[0041] The term "carrier", as used in this disclosure, encompasses carriers, excipients, and diluents and means a material, composition or vehicle, such as a liquid or solid filler, diluent, excipient, solvent or encapsulating material, involved in carrying or transporting a pharmaceutical agent from one organ, or portion of the body, to another organ, or portion of the body of a subject.

[0042] The term "treating" with regard to a subject, refers to improving at least one symptom of the subject's disorder. Treating includes curing, improving, or at least partially ameliorating the disorder.

[0043] The term "disorder" is used in this disclosure to mean, and is used interchangeably with, the terms disease, condition, or illness, unless otherwise indicated.

[0044] The term "administer", "administering", or "administration" as used in this disclosure refers to either directly administering a disclosed compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the disclosed compound or a composition to a subject, or administering a prodrug derivative or analog of the compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the compound or composition

to the subject, which can form an equivalent amount of active compound within the subject's body.

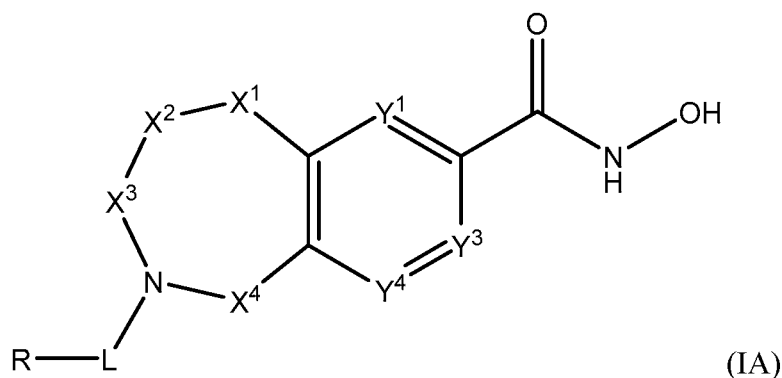
[0045] The term "prodrug," as used in this disclosure, means a compound which is convertible in vivo by metabolic means (*e.g.*, by hydrolysis) to a disclosed compound. Furthermore, as used herein a prodrug is a drug which is inactive in the body, but is transformed in the body typically either during absorption or after absorption from the gastrointestinal tract into the active compound. The conversion of the prodrug into the active compound in the body may be done chemically or biologically (*e.g.*, using an enzyme).

[0046] The term "solvate" refers to a complex of variable stoichiometry formed by a solute and solvent. Such solvents for the purpose of the disclosure may not interfere with the biological activity of the solute. Examples of suitable solvents include, but are not limited to, water, MeOH, EtOH, and AcOH. Solvates wherein water is the solvent molecule are typically referred to as hydrates. Hydrates include compositions containing stoichiometric amounts of water, as well as compositions containing variable amounts of water.

[0047] The term "isomer" refers to compounds that have the same composition and molecular weight but differ in physical and/or chemical properties. The structural difference may be in constitution (geometric isomers) or in the ability to rotate the plane of polarized light (stereoisomers). With regard to stereoisomers, the compounds of Formula I may have one or more asymmetric carbon atom and may occur as racemates, racemic mixtures and as individual enantiomers or diastereomers.

[0048] A "patient" or "subject" is a mammal, *e.g.*, a human, mouse, rat, guinea pig, dog, cat, horse, cow, pig, or non-human primate, such as a monkey, chimpanzee, baboon or rhesus.

[0049] In another embodiment of the disclosure are described compounds of the Formula IA:



and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, solvates, hydrates, tautomers or isomer thereof; where R, L, X¹, X², X³, X⁴, Y¹, Y³, and Y⁴ are defined as above in Formula I.

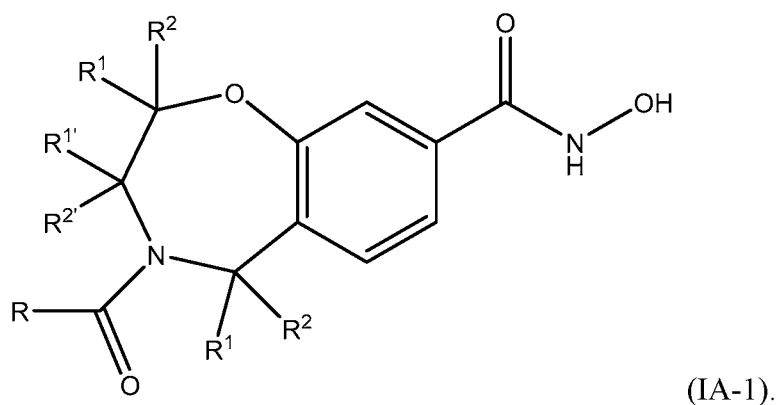
[0050] In one embodiment of the compounds of Formula IA, X⁴ is CR¹R².

[0051] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IA, X¹ is NR³, O, or C=O,.

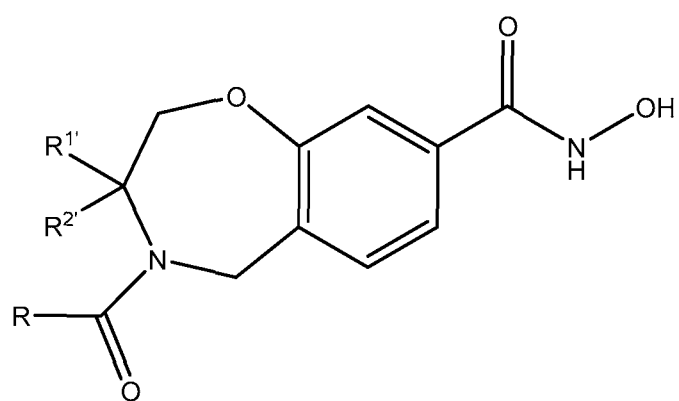
[0052] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IA, X¹ is O.

[0053] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IA, X¹ is O and X⁴ is CR¹R².

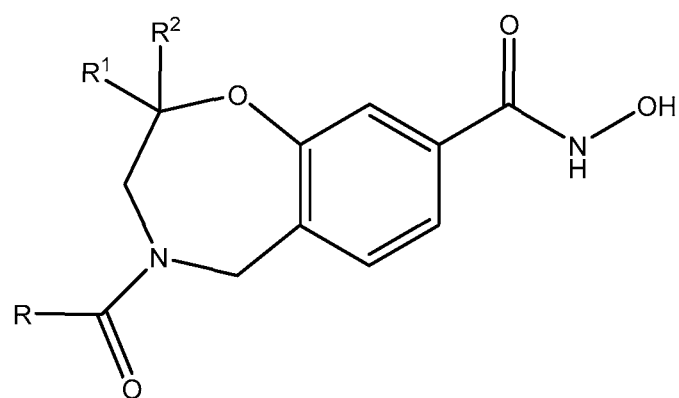
[0054] In some embodiments of the disclosure, the compounds of Formula IA may be of the Formula IA-1:



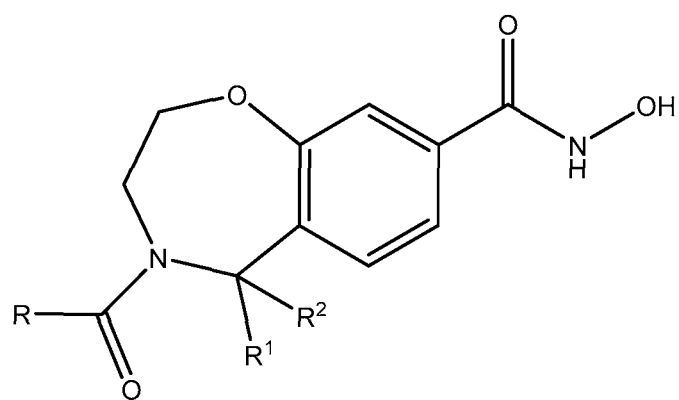
For instance, in some embodiments of Formula IA-1, the compounds can be of the Formula IA-1a, Formula IA-1b, Formula IA-1c, Formula IA-1d, Formula IA-1e, or Formula IA-1f:



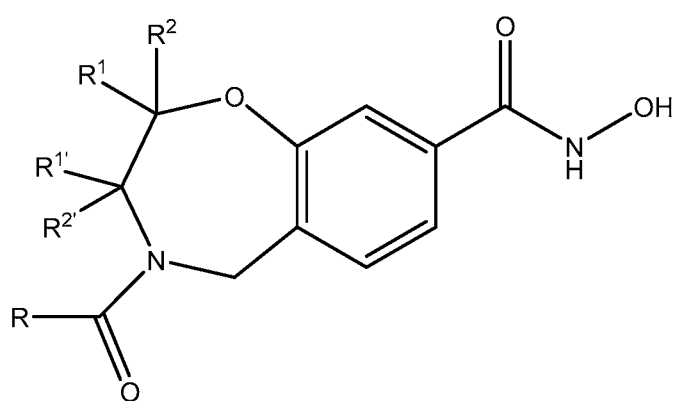
(IA-1a);



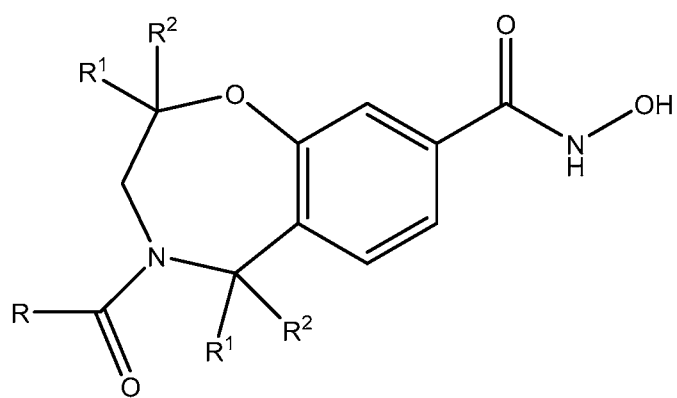
(IA-1b);



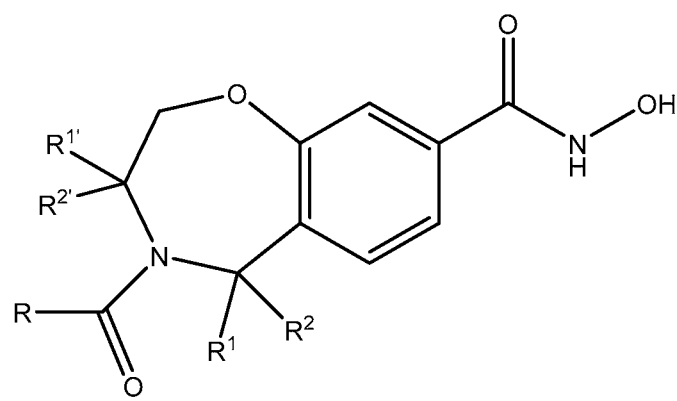
(IA-1c);



(IA-1d);

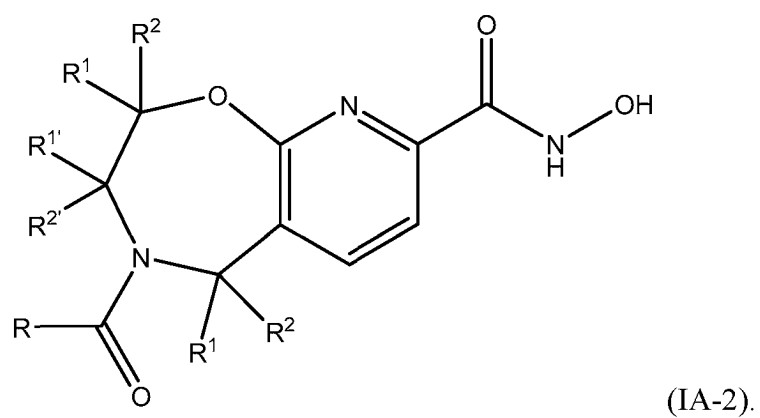


(IA-1e);

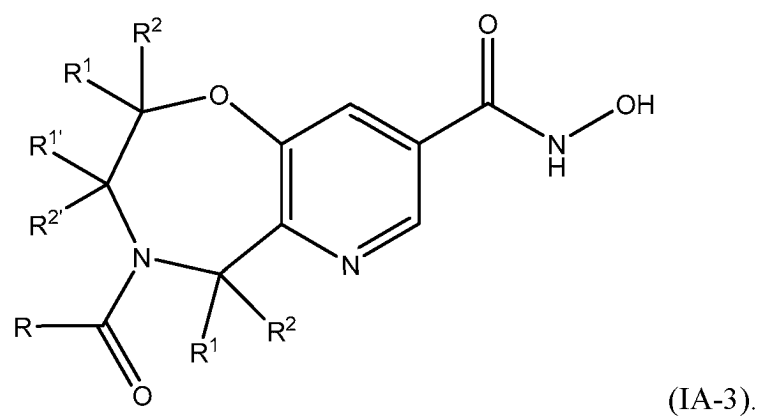


(IA-1f).

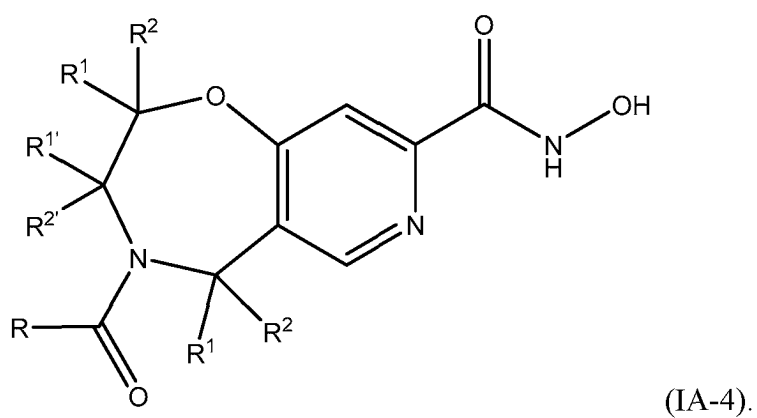
[0055] In other embodiments of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-2:



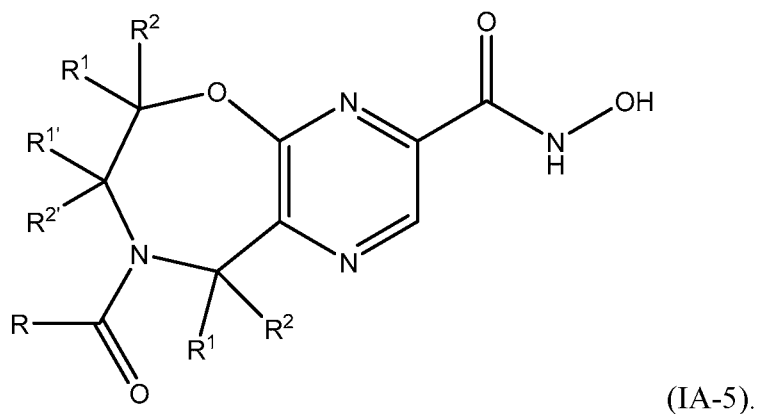
[0056] In yet other another embodiments of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-3:



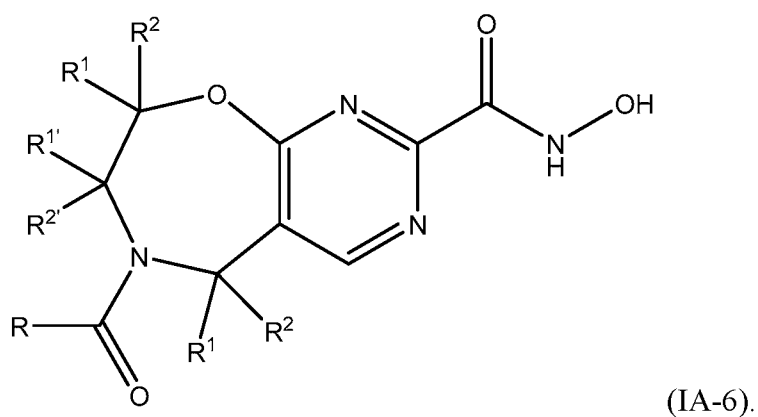
[0057] In yet other embodiments of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-4:



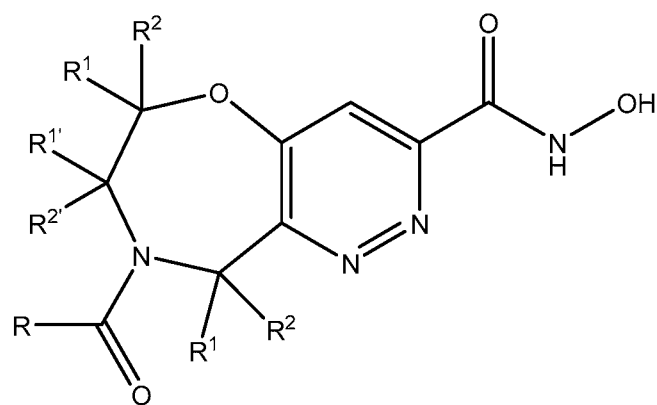
[0058] In yet other another embodiments of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-5:



[0059] In yet other another embodiments of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-6:

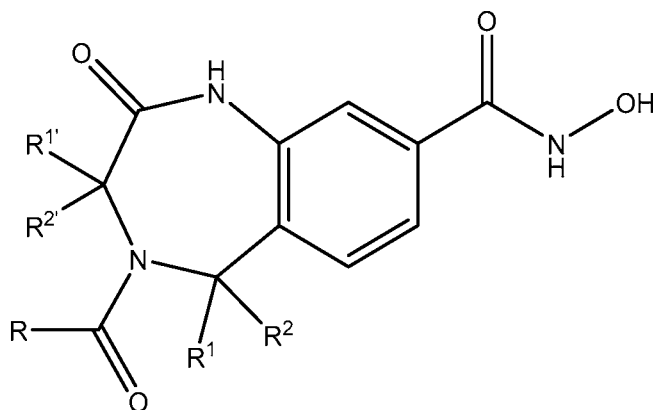


[0060] In yet other another embodiments of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-7:



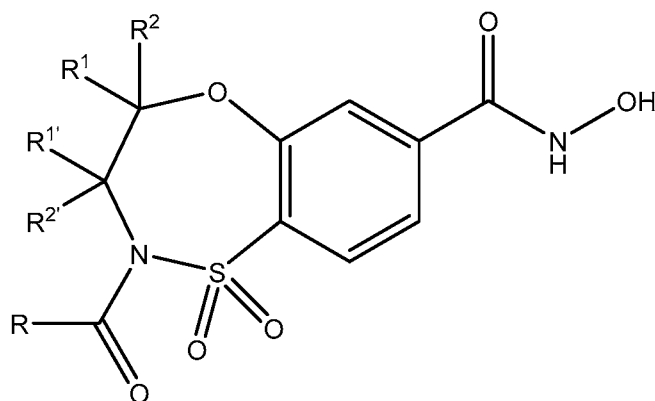
(IA-7).

[0061] In other embodiments of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-8:



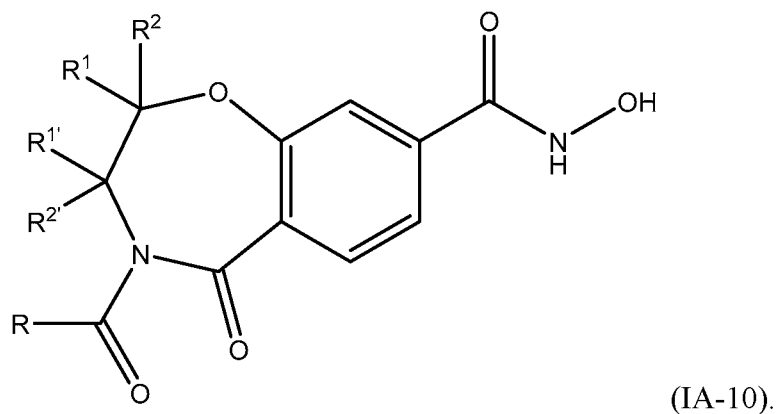
(IA-8).

[0062] In a further embodiment of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is also of the Formula IA-9:

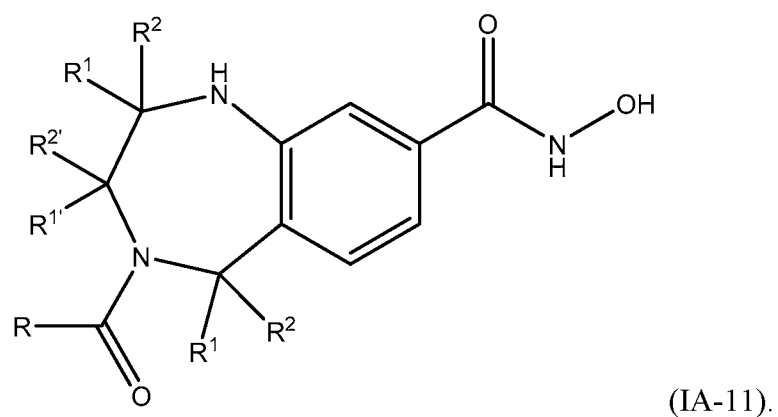


(IA-9).

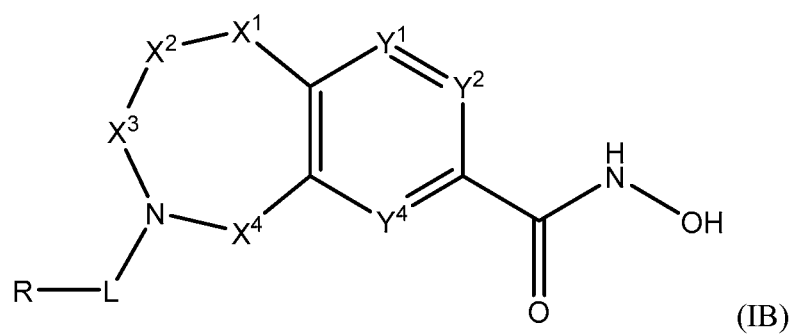
[0063] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-10:



[0064] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IA, the compound is of the Formula IA-11:



[0065] In one embodiment of the disclosure are also disclosed compounds of the Formula IB:



and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, solvates, hydrates, enantiomers and isomers thereof where R, L, X^1 , X^2 , X^3 , X^4 , Y^1 , Y^2 , and Y^4 are defined as above in Formula I.

[0066] In one embodiment of the compounds of Formula IB, X^4 is CR^1R^2 .

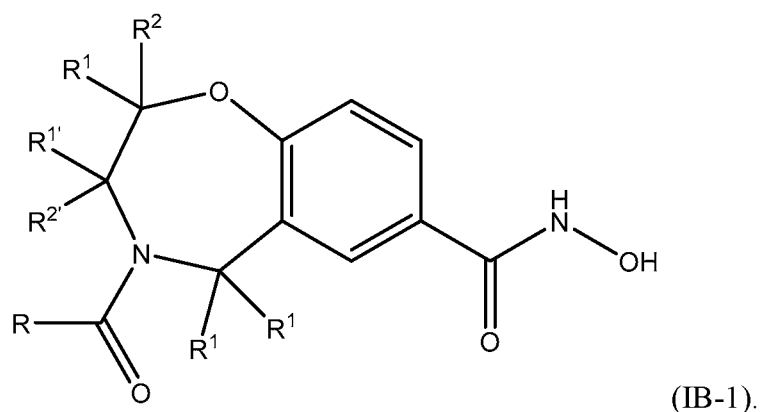
[0067] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IB, X^1 is NR^3 , O, or $C=O$.

[0068] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IB, X^1 is O.

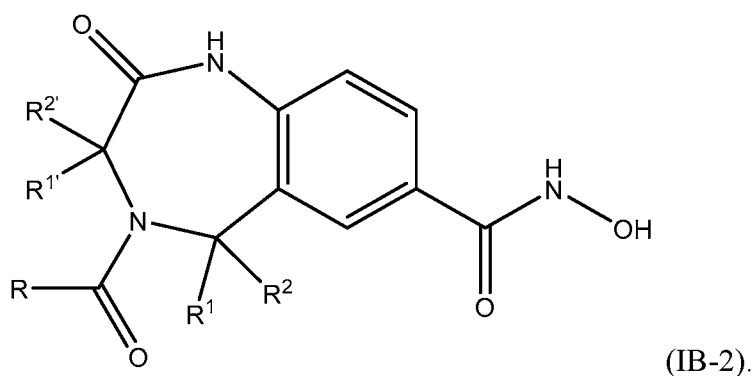
[0069] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IB, X^1 is O and X^4 is CR^1R^2 .

[0070] In another embodiment of the compounds of Formula IB, X^1 is N, X^2 is $C=O$, and X^4 is CR^1R^2 .

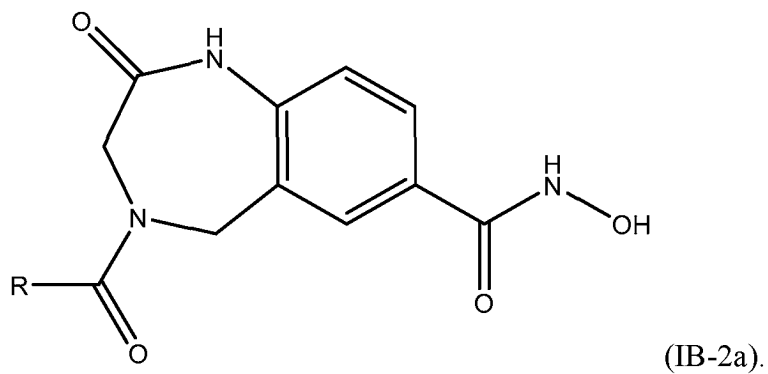
[0071] In some embodiments of the disclosure, the compounds of Formula IB, may be of the Formula IB-1:



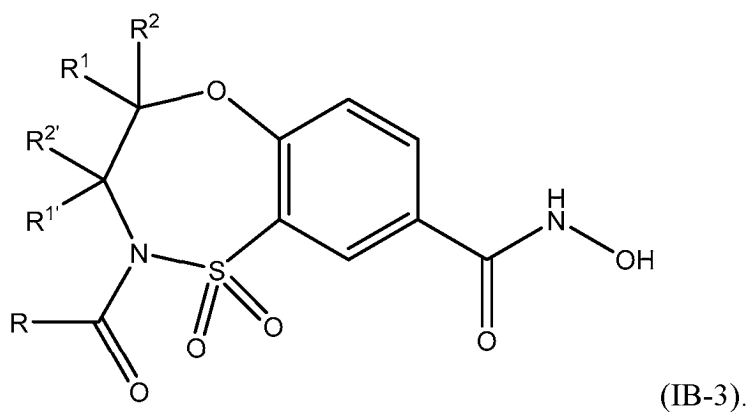
[0072] In yet other embodiments of the compounds of Formula IB, the compound is of the Formula (IB-2):



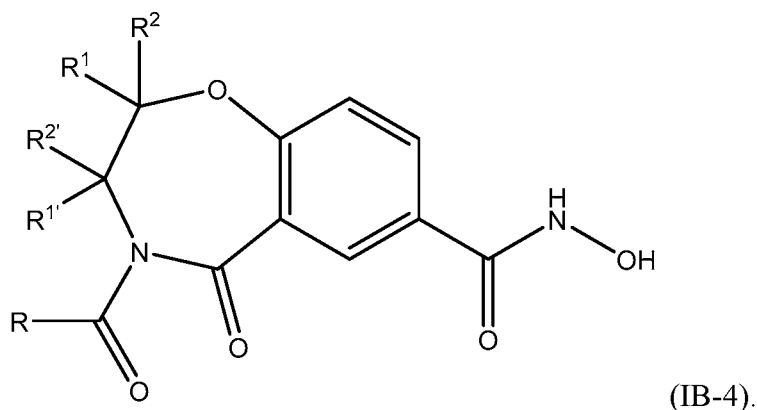
For instance, in some embodiments, the compounds of the disclosure can be of the Formula IB-2a:



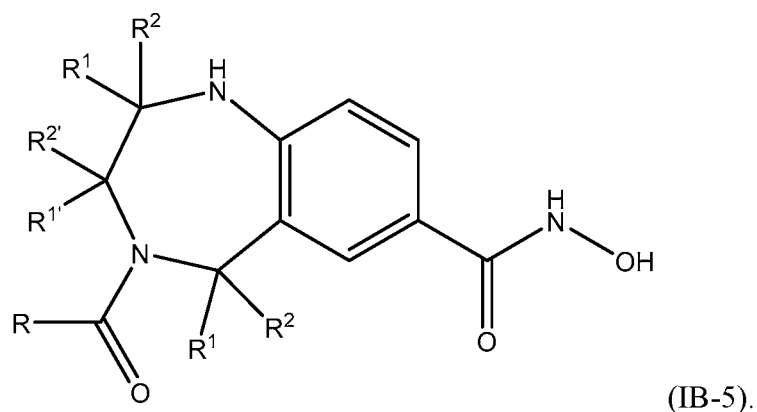
[0073] In other embodiments of the compounds of Formula IB, the compound may also be of the Formula IB-3:



[0074] In other embodiments of the compounds of Formula IB, the compound is of the Formula (IB-4):



[0075] In a further embodiment of the compounds of Formula IB, the compound is also of the Formula IB-5:



[0076] In some embodiments of Formula (I), X^1 is O. In another embodiment, X^1 is O and X^2 is CR^1R^2 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , and X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, and X^4 is CR^1R^2 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , and Y^1 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , and Y^3 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , and Y^4 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , and Y^2 is C. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is

$-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0077] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0078] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0079] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , and Y^3 is C. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, and Y^4 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , and Y^2 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0080] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3

is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}^1\text{R}^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0081] In yet another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, and L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-, and R¹ is H or -C₁-C₆ alkyl. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-, and R¹ and R², when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0082] In some embodiments of Formula (I), X^1 is NR^3 . In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 and X^2 is $C=O$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, and X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, and X^4 is CR^1R^2 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , and Y^1 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , and Y^3 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , and Y^4 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , and Y^2 is C . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0083] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0084] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-$

$C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0085] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , and Y^3 is C. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, and Y^4 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , and Y^2 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0086] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0087] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0088] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , and Y^1 is N. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, and Y^3 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , and Y^4 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , and Y^2 is C. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is

CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is C, and L is -C(O)-. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is C, L is -C(O)-, and R¹ is H or -C₁-C₆ alkyl. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is C, L is -C(O)-, and R¹ and R², when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0089] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0090] In yet another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is C, and L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is C, L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-, and R¹ is H or -C₁-C₆ alkyl. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is C, L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-, and R¹ and R², when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0091] In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, and Y³ is C. In yet another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is C, and Y⁴ is CR¹. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, and Y² is CR¹. In yet another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, and L is –C(O)–. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, L is –C(O)–, and R¹ is H or –C₁–C₆ alkyl. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, L is –C(O)–, and R¹ and R², when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0092] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is

CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N^1 , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}^1\text{R}^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0093] In yet another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR^{1'}R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, and L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR^{1'}R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-, and R¹ is H or -C₁-C₆ alkyl. In another embodiment, X¹ is O, X² is CR¹R², X³ is CR^{1'}R^{2'}, X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is CR¹, Y² is CR¹, L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-, and R¹ and R², when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0094] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , and Y^1 is N. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, and Y^3 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , and Y^4 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , and Y^2 is C. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0095] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0096] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0097] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , and Y^3 is C . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , and Y^4 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , and Y^2 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0098] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[0099] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is CR^1 , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00100] In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , and Y^4 is N . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , and Y^2 is C . In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00101] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N, Y^2 is C, and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N, Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N, Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00102] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N, Y^2 is C, and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N, Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N, Y^2 is C, L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00103] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, and Y^4 is N. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, and Y^2 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00104] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00105] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3

is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}^1\text{R}^2)_m\text{O}-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00106] In another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is CR¹, and Y⁴ is N. In yet another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is N, and Y² is C. In another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is N, Y² is C, and L is -C(O)-. In yet another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is N, Y² is C, L is -C(O)-, and R¹ is H or -C₁-C₆ alkyl. In another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is N, Y² is C, L is -C(O)-, and R¹ and R², when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00107] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00108] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00109] In another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is C, and Y⁴ is N. In yet another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is N, and Y² is CR¹. In another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is N, Y² is CR¹, and L is -C(O)-. In yet another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is N, Y² is CR¹, L is -C(O)-, and R¹ is H or -C₁-C₆ alkyl. In another embodiment, X¹ is NR³, X² is C=O, X³ is CR¹R², X⁴ is CR¹R², Y¹ is CR¹, Y³ is C, Y⁴ is N, Y² is CR¹, L is -C(O)-, and R¹ and R², when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00110] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00111] In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is CR^1 , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00112] In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , and Y^4 is N . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , and Y^2 is C . In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00113] In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00114] In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O , X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is

CR¹R², Y¹ is N, Y³ is CR¹, Y⁴ is N, Y² is C, L is -C(O)(CR¹R²)_mO-, and R¹ and R², when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00115] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, and Y^4 is N. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, and Y^2 is CR^1 . In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)-$. In yet another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00116] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is $CR^{1'}R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N^1 , Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00117] In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , X^3 is CR^1R^2 , X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00118] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , and Y^4 is N . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , and Y^2 is C . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and $R^{2'}$, when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00119] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00120] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is CR^1 , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is C , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00121] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , and Y^4 is N . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , and Y^2 is CR^1 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00122] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00123] In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , and L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N , Y^3 is C , Y^4 is N , Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, and R^1 is H or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl. In another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is $C=O$, X^3 is $CR^1R^{2'}$, X^4 is

CR^1R^2 , Y^1 is N, Y^3 is C, Y^4 is N, Y^2 is CR^1 , L is $-\text{C}(\text{O})(\text{CR}^1\text{R}^2)_m\text{O}-$, and R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

[00124] In some embodiments of Formula (I), X^2 is CR^1R^2 ; R^1 is $-\text{H}$, or $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl; and R^2 is $-\text{H}$, $-\text{R}^3$, aryl, or $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from oxo, $-\text{OR}^3$, and $-\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$.

[00125] In some embodiments of Formula (I), X^3 is $\text{CR}^{1'}\text{R}^{2'}$; $\text{R}^{1'}$ is $-\text{H}$, or $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl; and $\text{R}^{2'}$ is $-\text{H}$, heterocyclyl, or $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halogen, aryl, and $-\text{OR}^3$.

[00126] In some embodiments of Formula (I), R^1 and R^2 combine with the atom to which they are both attached to form a spirocycle. In another embodiment, R^1 and R^2 combine with the atom to which they are both attached to form a spiroheterocycle. In another embodiment, R^1 and R^2 combine with the atom to which they are both attached to form a spirocycloalkenyl.

[00127] In some embodiments of Formula (I), R^1 and R^2 , when on adjacent atoms, combine to form a heterocycle. In another embodiment, R^1 and R^2 , when on adjacent atoms, combine to form a cycloalkyl. In yet another embodiment, R^1 and R^2 , when on adjacent atoms, combine to form a cycloalkenyl. In another embodiment, R^1 and R^2 , when on adjacent atoms, combine to form an aryl. In yet another embodiment, R^1 and R^2 , when on adjacent atoms, combine to form a heteroaryl containing 1 to 5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O.

[00128] In some embodiments of Formula (I), R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl. In another embodiment, R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a bridging cycloalkenyl. In yet another embodiment, R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, combine to form a heterocycloalkyl.

[00129] In some embodiments of Formula (I), $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ combine with the carbon atom to which they are both attached to form a spirocycle. In another embodiment, $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ combine with the carbon atom to which they are both attached to form a spiroheterocycle. In yet another embodiment, $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ combine with the carbon atom to which they are both attached to form a spirocycloalkenyl.

[00130] In some embodiments of Formula (I), $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ combine with R^1 or R^2 on adjacent atoms to form a heterocycle. In another embodiment, $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ combine with R^1 or R^2 on

adjacent atoms to form a cycloalkyl. In yet another embodiment, $R^{1'}$ and $R^{2'}$ combine with R^1 or R^2 on adjacent atoms to form an aryl. In another embodiment, $R^{1'}$ and $R^{2'}$ combine with R^1 or R^2 on adjacent atoms to form a heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, or O. In another embodiment, $R^{1'}$ and $R^{2'}$ combine with R^1 or R^2 on adjacent atoms to form a cycloalkenyl.

[00131] In some embodiments of Formula (I), $R^{1'}$ and $R^{2'}$ combine with R^1 or R^2 on non-adjacent atoms, to form a bridging cycloalkyl. In another embodiment, $R^{1'}$ and $R^{2'}$ combine with R^1 or R^2 on non-adjacent atoms, to form a bridging heterocycloalkyl.

[00132] In some embodiments of Formula (I), n is 1 to 6. In another embodiment, n is 0 to 5. In yet another embodiment, n is 0 to 4. In yet another embodiment, n is 1 to 4. In another embodiment, n is 0 to 3. In yet another embodiment, n is 0 to 2. In yet another embodiment, n is 0 or 1. In another embodiment, n is 1 or 2.

[00133] In some embodiments of Formula (I), m is 1 to 6. In another embodiment, m is 1 to 5. In yet another embodiment, m is 1 to 4. In yet another embodiment, m is 1 to 3. In another embodiment, m is 1 or 2. In yet another embodiment, m is 2 or 3. In yet another embodiment, m is 2 to 4.

[00134] In some embodiments of Formula (I), X^4 , X^2 , and X^1 are not all simultaneously CR^1R^2 .

[00135] In some embodiments of Formula (I), X^1 is O, X^2 is CR^1R^2 , and X^4 is CR^1R^2 . In another embodiment, X^2 is C=O, X^4 is C=O, and X^1 is CR^1R^2 . In yet another embodiment, X^1 is NR^3 , X^2 is C=O, and X^4 is CR^1R^2 .

[00136] In an illustrative embodiment, the compound of Formula I is:

4-(2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2,6-dimethylbenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxy-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-(propylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3-(dimethylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 7-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-5-oxa-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate;

tert-butyl 7-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate 5,5-dioxide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-benzoyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-pivaloyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 3-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(8-azaspiro[4.5]decane-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 8-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2-azaspiro[4.5]decane-2-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-azaspiro[4.5]decane-8-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 6-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2-azaspiro[4.4]nonane-2-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-azaspiro[4.4]nonane-6-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 2-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2H-spiro[benzofuran-3,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(2H-spiro[benzofuran-3,4'-piperidine]-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 3-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2,3-dihydrospiro[indene-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate;

4-(2,3-dihydrospiro[indene-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 9-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3-azaspiro[5.5]undecane-3-carboxylate;

tert-butyl 2-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane-8-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-azaspiro[5.5]undecane-9-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(5-azaspiro[2.4]heptane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 1-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-6-carboxylate;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydro-2H-thiopyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydrothiophene-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1,1-dioxidothietane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-methylpropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1-acetylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(1-acetylpyrrolidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide;

4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide;

4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1H-indole-5-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenoxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(4-(difluoromethoxy)benzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-phenoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2,4-dimethoxybenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(benzofuran-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclobutanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(bicyclo[4.2.0]octa-1(6),2,4-triene-7-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(1,1-dioxidothiomorpholino)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-phenoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(3-chlorophenoxy)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4,4,4-trifluorobutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclopentanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-isobutyryl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methylthiazol-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(1,1-dioxidothiomorpholino)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-morpholinoacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxypropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-acetylpiperidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxybutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-oxo-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-1(2H)-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-isobutoxyacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(4,4-difluorocyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)glycyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(2,2-dimethylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-cyclopropylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxypropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(4-chloro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-cyclohexyl-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(thiophen-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-methyl-1H-tetrazol-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(1H-tetrazol-1-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(tert-butoxy)-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxy-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-isobutoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydro-2H-thiopyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-phenyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxy-2-(pyridin-2-yl)butanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3,3-difluorocyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-((1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-3-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-acetylpyrrolidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-benzylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(phenylsulfonyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-(3-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-(2-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyridin-4-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyrazin-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-((1H-pyrazol-1-yl)methyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-8-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxamide;

8-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxamide;

- (S)-3-ethyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1s,4R)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1r,4S)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(1-formylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

- (S)-4-(3-ethyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(3-(4-fluorophenoxy)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1s,4R)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1r,4S)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1s,3R)-3-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1r,3S)-3-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(3-(benzyloxy)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxypropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(4-fluorobenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-propionyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(cyclobutanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(cyclopentanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-isobutyryl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxy-3-methylbutanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(4-fluorotetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(oxepane-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-isopropyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(5,5-dimethyltetrahydrofuran-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-((2R)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-((2S)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1*r*,3*S*)-3-phenoxy-cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1*s*,3*R*)-3-phenoxy-cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((2*R*,3*S*)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-N-hydroxy-4-((2*S*,4*S*)-2-isopropyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-benzoyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-(3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-((*S*)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (S)-4-((*R*)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
- (*R*)-N-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3-ethyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-indole-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-mesitylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N8-hydroxy-N2,N2-dimethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-2,8-dicarboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1s,4R)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1r,4S)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(2R,5R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(2S,5S)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyl-2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide;

(S)-3-benzyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; or

N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide.

[00137] In an illustrative embodiment, the compound of Formula I is:

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-((trifluoromethoxy)methyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-((trifluoromethoxy)methyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-6-fluoro-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; or

(S)-6-fluoro-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide.

[00138] In another embodiment of the disclosure, the compounds of Formula I are enantiomers. In some embodiments the compounds are the (S)-enantiomer. In other

embodiments the compounds are the (*R*)-enantiomer. In some embodiment, the (*R*)- or (*S*)-enantiomeric configuration may be assigned to each molecule. In other embodiments, the (*R*)- or (*S*)-enantiomeric configuration may not be assigned to the molecules despite the enantiomeric purification or separation of the molecules. In yet other embodiments, the compounds of Formula I may be (+) or (-) enantiomers.

[00139] It should be understood that all isomeric forms are included within the present disclosure, including mixtures thereof. If the compound contains a double bond, the substituent may be in the E or Z configuration or cis or trans configuration. If the compound contains a disubstituted cycloalkyl, the cycloalkyl substituent may have a cis- or trans configuration. All tautomeric forms are also intended to be included. In some embodiment, the cis or trans configuration may be assigned to each molecule. In other embodiments, the cis or trans configuration may not be assigned to the molecules despite the chemical purification or separation of the diastereomers.

Methods of Synthesizing the Disclosed Compounds

[00140] The compounds of the present disclosure may be made by a variety of methods, including standard chemistry. Suitable synthetic routes are depicted in the schemes given below.

[00141] The compounds of Formula I may be prepared by methods known in the art of organic synthesis as set forth in part by the following synthetic schemes and examples. In the schemes described below, it is well understood that protecting groups for sensitive or reactive groups are employed where necessary in accordance with general principles of chemistry. Protecting groups are manipulated according to standard methods of organic synthesis (T. W. Greene and P. G. M. Wuts, "Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis", Third edition, Wiley, New York 1999). These groups are removed at a convenient stage of the compound synthesis using methods that are readily apparent to those skilled in the art. The selection processes, as well as the reaction conditions and order of their execution, shall be consistent with the preparation of compounds of Formula I.

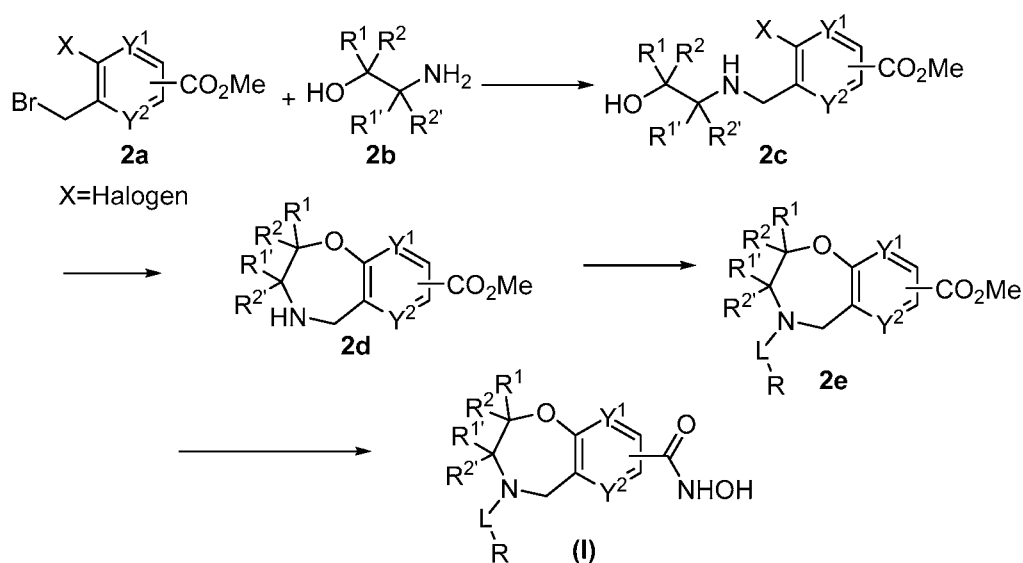
[00142] Those skilled in the art will recognize if a stereocenter exists in the compounds of Formula I. Accordingly, the present disclosure includes both possible stereoisomers (unless specified in the synthesis) and includes not only racemic compounds but the individual

enantiomers and/or diastereomers as well. When a compound is desired as a single enantiomer or diastereomer, it may be obtained by stereospecific synthesis or by resolution of the final product or any convenient intermediate. Resolution of the final product, an intermediate, or a starting material may be affected by any suitable method known in the art. See, for example, "Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds" by E. L. Eliel, S. H. Wilen, and L. N. Mander (Wiley-Interscience, 1994).

[00143] The compounds described herein may be made from commercially available starting materials or synthesized using known organic, inorganic, and/or enzymatic processes.

Preparation of Compounds

[00144] The compounds of the present disclosure can be prepared in a number of ways well known to those skilled in the art of organic synthesis. By way of example, compounds of the present disclosure can be synthesized using the methods described below, together with synthetic methods known in the art of synthetic organic chemistry, or variations thereon as appreciated by those skilled in the art. These methods include, but are not limited, to those methods described below. Compounds of the present disclosure can be synthesized by following the steps outlined in General Schemes 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 which comprise different sequences of assembling intermediates **2a**, **2b**, **2c**, **2d**, **2e**, **2f**, **2g**, **2h**, **2i**, **2j**, **2k**, **2m**, **2n**, **2o**, **2p**, **2q**, **2r**, **2s**, **2t**, **2u**, **2v**, **2w**, **2x**, **2y**, **2z**, **2aa**, **2bb**, and **2cc**. Starting materials are either commercially available or made by known procedures in the reported literature or as illustrated.

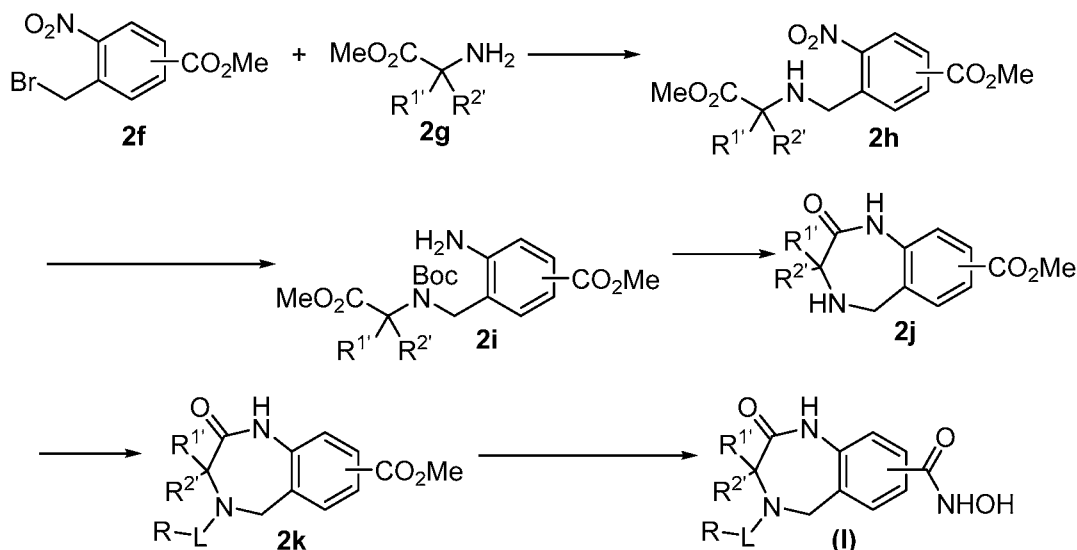
Scheme 1. General synthesis of ethers, thioethers, or sulfones described in the disclosure.

wherein L, R, R¹, R², R^{1'}, R^{2'}, Y¹ and Y² are defined as in Formula (I).

[00145] The general way of preparing target molecules of Formula (I) by using intermediates **2a**, **2b**, **2c**, **2d**, and **2e** is outlined in General Scheme 1. Nucleophilic addition of alcohol **2b** to Intermediate **2a** using a base, *e.g.*, potassium carbonate (K₂CO₃), in a solvent, *e.g.*, acetonitrile (MeCN), provides Intermediate **2c**. Cyclization of Intermediate **2c** in the presence of a catalytic amount of a metal catalyst, *e.g.*, copper iodide (CuI), palladium acetate (Pd(OAc)₂), etc., and a base, *e.g.*, potassium carbonate (K₂CO₃), in a solvent, *e.g.*, isopropanol (*i*-PrOH), optionally at elevated temperature provides Intermediate **2d**. Acylation of Intermediate **2d** with an acyl halide in the presence of a base, *e.g.*, sodium hydride (NaH), and optionally at elevated temperatures provides Intermediate **2e**. Alternatively, coupling of a carboxylic acid with Intermediate **2d** under standard coupling conditions using a coupling reagent, *e.g.*, 1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium3-oxide hexafluorophosphate (HATU), or O-benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluoro-phosphate (HBTU), and a base, *e.g.*, triethylamine or N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dichloromethane or DMF provides Intermediate **2e**. Intermediate **2e** can also be obtained by reacting **2d** with a carboxylic acid and an activating agent, *e.g.*, 4-(4,6-dimethoxy-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-methylmorpholinium chloride (DMTMM), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dimethylformamide (DMF). Treatment of Intermediate **2e** with hydroxylamine and a base, *e.g.*, aqueous sodium hydroxide

(aq. NaOH) in a solvent, *e.g.*, tetrahydrofuran (THF) and/or methanol (MeOH), provides compounds of Formula (I).

Scheme 2. General synthesis of amides described in the disclosure.

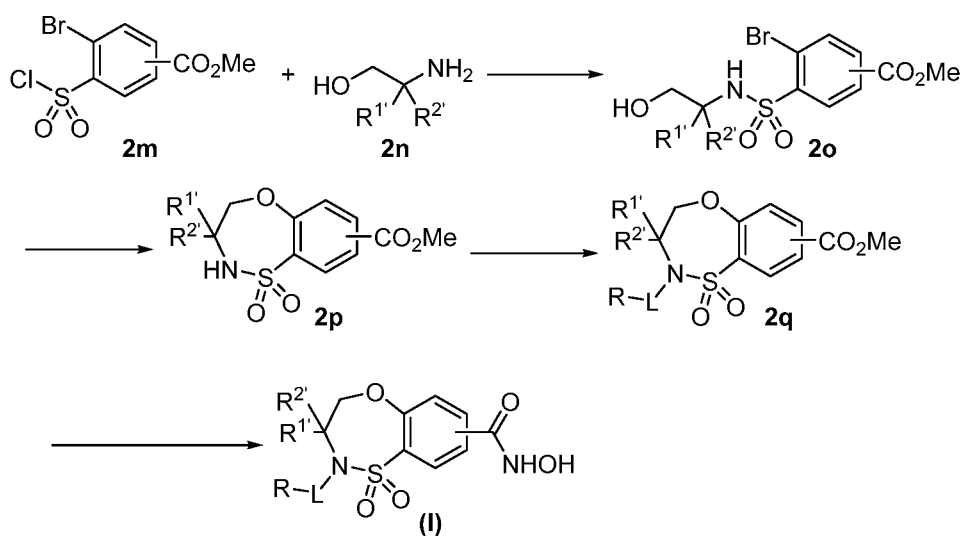


wherein L, R, R^{1'}, and R^{2'} are defined as in Formula (I).

[00146] The general way of preparing target molecules of Formula (I) by using intermediates **2f**, **2g**, **2h**, **2i**, **2j**, and **2k** is outlined in General Scheme 2. Nucleophilic addition of amine **2g** to Intermediate **2f** using a base, *e.g.*, N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIEA), and in a solvent, *e.g.*, MeCN, dichloromethane (DCM), or DMF, provides Intermediate **2h**. Protection of the amine group in intermediate **2h** with a typical acid labile protecting group (*e.g.*, t-butoxycarbonyl (Boc)) using an alkyl chloride and 4-Dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP), in a solvent *e.g.*, DCM or tetrahydrofuran (THF), followed by hydrogenation in the presence of a metal catalyst, *e.g.*, palladium on carbon, and hydrogen (H₂) gas in a solvent, *e.g.*, DCM, provides Intermediate **2i**. Cyclization of Intermediate **2i** in the presence of a base, *e.g.*, potassium carbonate (K₂CO₃), and in a solvent, *e.g.*, isopropanol (*i*-PrOH), optionally at elevated temperatures provides Intermediate **2j**. Acylation of Intermediate **2j** with an acyl halide in the presence of a base, *e.g.*, sodium hydride (NaH), and optionally at elevated temperatures provides Intermediate **2k**. Alternatively, coupling of a carboxylic acid with Intermediate **2j** under standard coupling conditions using a coupling reagent, *e.g.*, 1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium 3-oxide hexafluoro-phosphate (HATU), or O-benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-

tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluoro-phosphate (HBTU), and a base, *e.g.*, triethylamine or N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dichloromethane or DMF provides Intermediate **2k**. Intermediate **2k** can also be obtained by reacting **2j** with a carboxylic acid and an activating agent, *e.g.*, 4-(4,6-dimethoxy-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-methylmorpholinium chloride (DMTMM), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dimethylformamide (DMF). Treatment of Intermediate **2k** with hydroxylamine and a base, *e.g.*, aqueous sodium hydroxide (aq. NaOH) in a solvent, *e.g.*, tetrahydrofuran (THF) and/or methanol (MeOH), provides compounds of Formula (I).

Scheme 3. General synthesis of sulfonamides described in the disclosure.

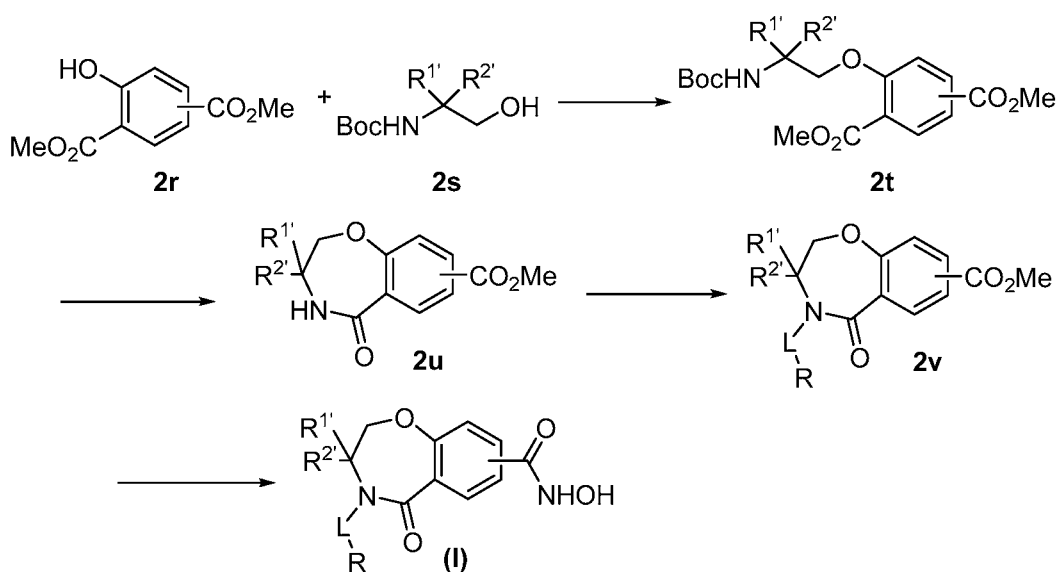


wherein L, R, R^{1'}, and R^{2'} are defined as in Formula (I).

[00147] The general way of preparing target molecules of Formula (I) by using intermediates **2m**, **2n**, **2o**, **2p**, and **2q**, is outlined in General Scheme 3. Sulfonylation of alcohol **2n** with Intermediate **2m** in the presence of a metal oxide, *e.g.*, MgO, and in a solvent, *e.g.*, THF and or water (H₂O), provides Intermediate **2o**. Cyclization of Intermediate **2o** in the presence of a base, *e.g.*, sodium methoxide (NaOMe), and in a solvent, *e.g.*, methanol (MeOH), *i*-PrOH, etc., provides Intermediate **2p**. Acylation of Intermediate **2p** with an acyl halide in the presence of a base, *e.g.*, sodium hydride (NaH), and optionally at elevated temperatures provides Intermediate **2q**. Alternatively, coupling of a carboxylic acid with Intermediate **2p** under standard coupling conditions using a coupling reagent, *e.g.*, 1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium3-oxide hexafluoro-phosphate (HATU), or O-benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluoro-phosphate (HBTU), and a base, *e.g.*, triethylamine or N,N-

diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dichloromethane or DMF provides Intermediate **2q**. Intermediate **2q** can also be obtained by reacting **2p** with a carboxylic acid and an activating agent, *e.g.*, 4-(4,6-dimethoxy-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-methylmorpholinium chloride (DMTMM), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dimethylformamide (DMF). Treatment of Intermediate **2q** with hydroxylamine and a base, *e.g.*, aqueous sodium hydroxide (aq. NaOH), in a solvent, *e.g.*, tetrahydrofuran (THF) and/or methanol (MeOH), provides compounds of Formula (I).

Scheme 4. General synthesis of amides described in the disclosure.

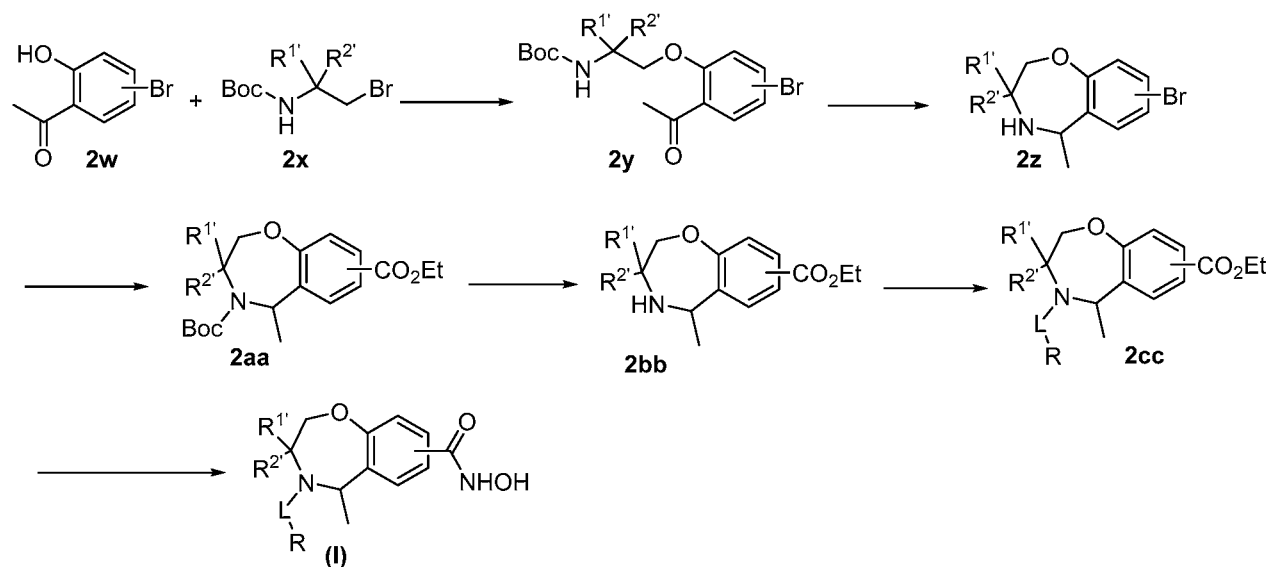


wherein L, R, $\text{R}^{1'}$, and $\text{R}^{2'}$ are defined as in Formula (I).

[00148] The general way of preparing target molecules of Formula (I) by using intermediates **2r**, **2s**, **2t**, **2u**, and **2v**, is outlined in General Scheme 4. Intermediate **2t** can be obtained by alkylation of **2s** with phenol **2r** using a Mitsunobu reagent (*e.g.*, diethyl azodicarboxylate (DEAD) or diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (DIAD)), and triphenyl phosphine in a solvent, *e.g.*, tetrahydrofuran (THF), dichloromethane (DCM). Deprotection of intermediate **2t** using a strong acid such as trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in a solvent, *e.g.*, dichloromethane (DCM), followed by cyclization in the presence of a base, *e.g.*, triethylamine (Et_3N), and optionally in a solvent, *e.g.*, THF, MeOH, etc., at elevated temperature provides Intermediate **2u**. Acylation of Intermediate **2u** with an acyl halide in the presence of a base, *e.g.*, sodium hydride (NaH), and optionally at elevated temperatures provides Intermediate **2v**. Alternatively, coupling of a carboxylic acid with Intermediate **2u** under standard coupling conditions using a coupling reagent, *e.g.*, 1-

[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium 3-oxide hexafluorophosphate (HATU), or O-benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluoro-phosphate (HBTU), and a base, *e.g.*, triethylamine or N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dichloromethane or DMF provides Intermediate **2v**. Intermediate **2v** can also be obtained by reacting **2u** with a carboxylic acid and an activating agent, *e.g.*, 4-(4,6-dimethoxy-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-methylmorpholinium chloride (DMTMM), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dimethylformamide (DMF). Treatment of Intermediate **2v** with hydroxylamine and a base, *e.g.*, aqueous sodium hydroxide (aq. NaOH) in a solvent, *e.g.*, tetrahydrofuran (THF) and/or methanol (MeOH), provides compounds of Formula (I).

Scheme 5. General synthesis of chiral compounds described in the disclosure.



wherein L, R, R^{1'}, and R^{2'} are defined as in Formula (I).

[00149] The general way of preparing target molecules of Formula (I) by using intermediates **2w**, **2x**, **2y**, **2z**, **2aa**, **2bb**, and **2cc**, is outlined in General Scheme 5. Alkylation of phenol **2w** with Intermediate **2x** using potassium iodide (KI) and a base, *e.g.*, potassium carbonate (K₂CO₃), in a solvent, *e.g.*, MeCN, THF, etc., provides Intermediate **2y**. Deprotection of Intermediate **2y** using a strong acid such as trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in a solvent, *e.g.*, dichloromethane (DCM) followed by cyclization via intramolecular reductive amination in the presence of sodium borohydride or sodium cyanoborohydride in a solvent, *e.g.*, THF, MeOH, etc., provides Intermediate **2z**. Protection of the amine group in intermediate **2z** with a typical acid labile protecting group (*e.g.*, t-butoxycarbonyl (Boc)) using an alkyl chloride and optionally 4- DMAP

in a solvent *e.g.*, DCM or tetrahydrofuran (THF), followed by carbonylation in the presence of a metal catalyst, *e.g.*, [1,1'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]palladium(II) dichloride, and carbon monoxide (CO) gas in a solvent, *e.g.*, DCM, provides Intermediate **2aa**. Deprotection of intermediate **2aa** using a strong acid such as trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in a solvent, *e.g.*, dichloromethane (DCM) provides Intermediate **2bb**. Acylation of Intermediate **2bb** with an acyl halide in the presence of a base, *e.g.*, sodium hydride (NaH), and optionally at elevated temperatures provides Intermediate **2cc**. Alternatively, coupling of a carboxylic acid with Intermediate **2bb** under standard coupling conditions using a coupling reagent, *e.g.*, 1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium3-oxide hexafluorophosphate (HATU), or O-benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-uronium-hexafluoro-phosphate (HBTU), and a base, *e.g.*, triethylamine or N,N-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dichloromethane or DMF provides Intermediate **2cc**. Intermediate **2cc** can also be obtained by reacting **2bb** with a carboxylic acid and an activating agent, *e.g.*, 4-(4,6-dimethoxy-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-methylmorpholinium chloride (DMTMM), in a solvent, *e.g.*, dimethylformamide (DMF). Treatment of Intermediate **2cc** with hydroxylamine and a base, *e.g.*, aqueous sodium hydroxide (aq. NaOH), in a solvent, *e.g.*, tetrahydrofuran (THF) and/or methanol (MeOH), provides compounds of Formula (I).

Methods of Using the Disclosed Compounds

[00150] Another aspect of the disclosure relates to a method of treating a disease associated with HDAC, *e.g.*, HDAC6, modulation in a subject in need thereof. The method involves administering to a patient in need of treatment for diseases or disorders associated with HDAC, *e.g.*, HDAC6, modulation an effective amount of a compound of Formula I. In an embodiment, the disease can be, but is not limited to, cancer, neurodegenerative disease, neurodevelopmental disease, inflammatory or autoimmune disease, infection, metabolic disease, hematologic disease, or cardiovascular disease.

[00151] Another aspect of the disclosure is directed to a method of inhibiting an HDAC, *e.g.*, HDAC6. The method involves administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of Formula I.

[00152] The present disclosure relates to compositions capable of modulating the activity of (*e.g.*, inhibiting) HDACs, for instance HDAC6. The present disclosure also relates to the therapeutic use of such compounds.

[00153] One therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is to treat proliferative diseases or disorders such as cancer. Cancer can be understood as abnormal or unregulated cell growth within a patient and can include but is not limited to lung cancer, ovarian cancer, breast cancer, prostate cancer, pancreatic cancer, hepatocellular cancer, renal cancer and leukemias such as acute myeloid leukemia and acute lymphoblastic leukemia. Additional cancer types include T-cell lymphoma (*e.g.*, cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, peripheral T-cell lymphoma), and multiple myeloma.

[00154] One therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is to treat neurological diseases or disorders or neurodegeneration. Neurological disorders are understood as disorders of the nervous system (*e.g.*, the brain and spinal cord). Neurological disorders or neurodegenerative diseases can include but are not limited to epilepsy, attention deficit disorder (ADD), Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's Disease, Huntington's Disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, spinal muscular atrophy, essential tremor, central nervous system trauma caused by tissue injury, oxidative stress-induced neuronal or axonal degeneration, and multiple sclerosis.

[00155] Another therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is to treat neurodevelopmental disorders. Neurodevelopmental disorders can include, but are not limited to, Rett syndrome.

[00156] Another therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is also to treat inflammatory diseases or disorders. Inflammation can be understood as a host's response to an initial injury or infection. Symptoms of inflammation can include but are not limited to redness, swelling, pain, heat and loss of function. Inflammation may be caused by the upregulation of pro-inflammatory cytokines such as IL-1 β , and increased expression of the FOXP3 transcription factor.

[00157] Another therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is also to treat autoimmune diseases or disorders. Autoimmune disorders are understood as disorders wherein a host's own immune system responds to tissues and substances occurring naturally in the host's body. Autoimmune diseases can include but are not limited to Rheumatoid arthritis, spondylitis

arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, inflammatory bowel disease, graft versus host disease, transplant rejection, fibrotic disease, Crohn's Disease, type-1 diabetes, Eczema, and psoriasis.

[00158] Another therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is also to treat infectious diseases or disorders. Infections or infectious diseases are caused by the invasion of a foreign pathogen. The infection may be caused by, for instance, a bacteria, a fungus, or virus. For example, a bacterial infection may be caused by a *E. coli*.

[00159] Yet another therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is also to treat metabolic diseases or disorders. Metabolic diseases can be characterized as abnormalities in the way that a subject stores energy. Metabolic disorders can include but are not limited to metabolic syndrome, diabetes, obesity, high blood pressure, and heart failure.

[00160] Yet another therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is also to treat hematologic disorders. Hematologic diseases primarily affect the blood. Hematologic disorders can include but are not limited to anemia, lymphoma, and leukemia.

[00161] Yet another therapeutic use of the compounds of the present disclosure is also to treat cardiovascular diseases or disorders. Cardiovascular diseases affect the heart and blood vessels of a patient. Exemplary conditions include but are not limited to cardiovascular stress, pressure overload, chronic ischemia, infarction-reperfusion injury, hypertension, atherosclerosis, peripheral artery disease, and heart failure.

[00162] Another aspect of the present disclosure relates to a compound of Formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, prodrug, stereoisomer, or tautomer thereof, for use in treating or preventing a disease associated with HDAC6 modulation. In some embodiments, the disease is cancer, neurodegenerative disease, neurodevelopmental disorder, inflammatory or autoimmune disease, infection, metabolic disease, hematologic disease, or cardiovascular disease. In some embodiments, the compound inhibits a histone deacetylase. In another embodiment, the compound inhibits a zinc-dependent histone deacetylase. In another embodiment, the compound inhibits the HDAC6 isozyme zinc-dependent histone deacetylase.

[00163] In another aspect, the present disclosure relates to the use of a compound of Formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, solvate, prodrug, stereoisomer, or tautomer

thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for treating or preventing a disease associated with HDAC6 modulation. In some embodiments, the disease is cancer, neurodegenerative disease, neurodevelopmental disorder, inflammatory or autoimmune disease, infection, metabolic disease, hematologic disease, or cardiovascular disease. In some embodiments, the compound inhibits a histone deacetylase. In another embodiment, the compound inhibits a zinc-dependent histone deacetylase. In another embodiment, the compound inhibits the HDAC6 isozyme zinc-dependent histone deacetylase.

[00164] In some embodiments, the cancer is cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, peripheral T-cell lymphoma, multiple myeloma, leukemia, lung, ovarian, breast, prostate, pancreatic, hepatocellular or renal cancer. In other embodiments, the neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's, Huntington's, Parkinson's, Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis, or spinal muscular atrophy. In other embodiments, the neurodevelopmental disorder is Rett syndrome. In yet other embodiments, the inflammatory or autoimmune disease is rheumatoid arthritis, spondylitis arthritis, psoriatic arthritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, inflammatory bowel diseases, graft versus host disease, transplant rejection or fibrotic disease.

[00165] The disclosed compound can be administered in effective amounts to treat or prevent a disorder and/or prevent the development thereof in subjects.

[00166] Administration of the disclosed compounds can be accomplished via any mode of administration for therapeutic agents. These modes include systemic or local administration such as oral, nasal, parenteral, transdermal, subcutaneous, vaginal, buccal, rectal or topical administration modes.

[00167] Depending on the intended mode of administration, the disclosed compositions can be in solid, semi-solid or liquid dosage form, such as, for example, injectables, tablets, suppositories, pills, time-release capsules, elixirs, tinctures, emulsions, syrups, powders, liquids, suspensions, or the like, sometimes in unit dosages and consistent with conventional pharmaceutical practices. Likewise, they can also be administered in intravenous (both bolus and infusion), intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular form, all using forms well known to those skilled in the pharmaceutical arts.

[00168] Illustrative pharmaceutical compositions are tablets and gelatin capsules comprising a Compound of the Disclosure and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, such as a) a diluent, *e.g.*, purified water, triglyceride oils, such as hydrogenated or partially hydrogenated vegetable oil, or mixtures thereof, corn oil, olive oil, sunflower oil, safflower oil, fish oils, such as EPA or DHA, or their esters or triglycerides or mixtures thereof, omega-3 fatty acids or derivatives thereof, lactose, dextrose, sucrose, mannitol, sorbitol, cellulose, sodium, saccharin, glucose and/or glycine; b) a lubricant, *e.g.*, silica, talcum, stearic acid, its magnesium or calcium salt, sodium oleate, sodium stearate, magnesium stearate, sodium benzoate, sodium acetate, sodium chloride and/or polyethylene glycol; for tablets also; c) a binder, *e.g.*, magnesium aluminum silicate, starch paste, gelatin, tragacanth, methylcellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, magnesium carbonate, natural sugars such as glucose or beta-lactose, corn sweeteners, natural and synthetic gums such as acacia, tragacanth or sodium alginate, waxes and/or polyvinylpyrrolidone, if desired; d) a disintegrant, *e.g.*, starches, agar, methyl cellulose, bentonite, xanthan gum, alginic acid or its sodium salt, or effervescent mixtures; e) absorbent, colorant, flavorant and sweetener; f) an emulsifier or dispersing agent, such as Tween 80, Labrasol, HPMC, DOSS, caproyl 909, labrafac, labrafil, peceol, transcutol, capmul MCM, capmul PG-12, captex 355, gelucire, vitamin E TGPS or other acceptable emulsifier; and/or g) an agent that enhances absorption of the compound such as cyclodextrin, hydroxypropyl-cyclodextrin, PEG400, PEG200.

[00169] Liquid, particularly injectable, compositions can, for example, be prepared by dissolution, dispersion, etc. For example, the disclosed compound is dissolved in or mixed with a pharmaceutically acceptable solvent such as, for example, water, saline, aqueous dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, and the like, to thereby form an injectable isotonic solution or suspension. Proteins such as albumin, chylomicron particles, or serum proteins can be used to solubilize the disclosed compounds.

[00170] The disclosed compounds can be also formulated as a suppository that can be prepared from fatty emulsions or suspensions; using polyalkylene glycols such as propylene glycol, as the carrier.

[00171] The disclosed compounds can also be administered in the form of liposome delivery systems, such as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar vesicles and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, containing cholesterol, stearylamine

or phosphatidylcholines. In some embodiments, a film of lipid components is hydrated with an aqueous solution of drug to a form lipid layer encapsulating the drug, as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,262,564.

[00172] Disclosed compounds can also be delivered by the use of monoclonal antibodies as individual carriers to which the disclosed compounds are coupled. The disclosed compounds can also be coupled with soluble polymers as targetable drug carriers. Such polymers can include polyvinylpyrrolidone, pyran copolymer, polyhydroxypropylmethacrylamide-phenol, polyhydroxyethylaspanamidephenol, or polyethyleneoxidepolylysine substituted with palmitoyl residues. Furthermore, the disclosed compounds can be coupled to a class of biodegradable polymers useful in achieving controlled release of a drug, for example, polylactic acid, polyepsilon caprolactone, polyhydroxy butyric acid, polyorthoesters, polyacetals, polydihydropyrans, polycyanoacrylates and cross-linked or amphipathic block copolymers of hydrogels. In one embodiment, disclosed compounds are not covalently bound to a polymer, *e.g.*, a polycarboxylic acid polymer, or a polyacrylate.

[00173] Parental injectable administration is generally used for subcutaneous, intramuscular or intravenous injections and infusions. Injectables can be prepared in conventional forms, either as liquid solutions or suspensions or solid forms suitable for dissolving in liquid prior to injection.

[00174] Another aspect of the disclosure relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula I and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The pharmaceutically acceptable carrier can further include an excipient, diluent, or surfactant.

[00175] Compositions can be prepared according to conventional mixing, granulating or coating methods, respectively, and the present pharmaceutical compositions can contain from about 0.1% to about 99%, from about 5% to about 90%, or from about 1% to about 20% of the disclosed compound by weight or volume.

[00176] The dosage regimen utilizing the disclosed compound is selected in accordance with a variety of factors including type, species, age, weight, sex and medical condition of the patient; the severity of the condition to be treated; the route of administration; the renal or hepatic function of the patient; and the particular disclosed compound employed. A physician or

veterinarian of ordinary skill in the art can readily determine and prescribe the effective amount of the drug required to prevent, counter or arrest the progress of the condition.

[00177] Effective dosage amounts of the disclosed compounds, when used for the indicated effects, range from about 0.5 mg to about 5000 mg of the disclosed compound as needed to treat the condition. Compositions for in vivo or in vitro use can contain about 0.5, 5, 20, 50, 75, 100, 150, 250, 500, 750, 1000, 1250, 2500, 3500, or 5000 mg of the disclosed compound, or, in a range of from one amount to another amount in the list of doses. In one embodiment, the compositions are in the form of a tablet that can be scored.

[00178] Without wishing to be bound by any particular theory, the compounds of the present disclosure can inhibit HDACs such as HDAC6 by interacting with the zinc (Zn^{2+}) ion in the protein's active site via the hydroxamic acid group bound to the aromatic ring of the compound. The binding can prevent the zinc ion from interacting with its natural substrates, thus inhibiting the enzyme.

Examples

[00179] The disclosure is further illustrated by the following examples and synthesis examples, which are not to be construed as limiting this disclosure in scope or spirit to the specific procedures herein described. It is to be understood that the examples are provided to illustrate certain embodiments and that no limitation to the scope of the disclosure is intended thereby. It is to be further understood that resort may be had to various other embodiments, modifications, and equivalents thereof which may suggest themselves to those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit of the present disclosure and/or scope of the appended claims.

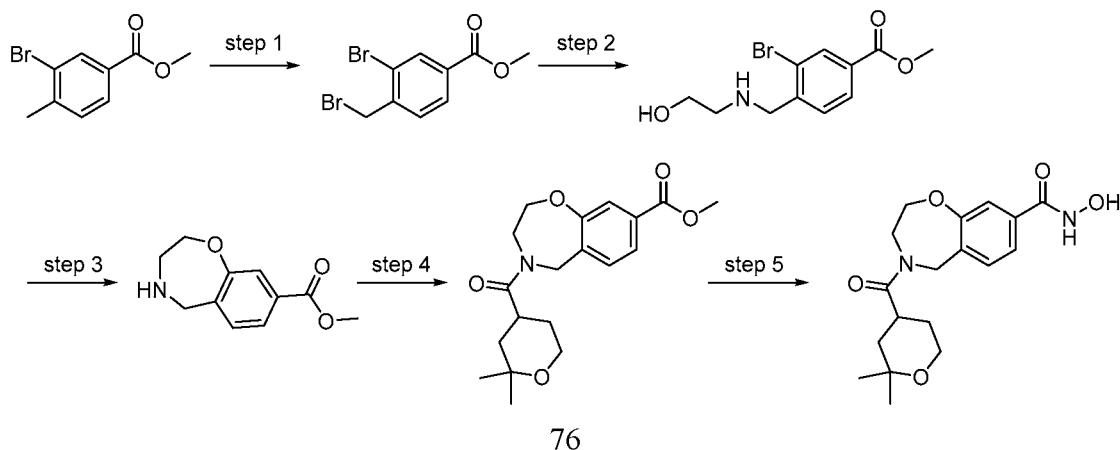
[00180] The present disclosure includes a number of unique features and advantages compared with other inhibitors of HDAC enzymes, for instance HDAC6. For instance, the present disclosure features a unique class of small molecule therapeutic agents of Formula I. The compounds were designed by using crystal structure information of HDAC ligand-protein complexes as well as advanced computational chemistry tools. These techniques led to the development of new chemical scaffolds that were iteratively refined to optimize key recognition features between the ligand and receptor known to be necessary for potency.

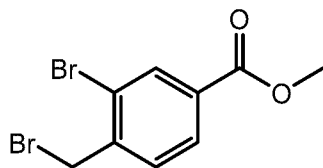
[00181] Definitions used in the following examples and elsewhere herein are:

Boc:	t-butoxycarbonyl
BOP:	(benzotriazol-1-yloxy)tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate
CCl ₄ :	carbon tetrachloride
CDCl ₃ :	deuterated chloroform
CH ₂ Cl ₂ :	methylene chloride, dichloromethane
CO (g):	carbon monoxide gas
Cs ₂ CO ₃ :	cesium carbonate
CuI:	copper (I) iodide
DIEA:	diisopropylethylamine
DMA:	dimethylacetamide
DMC:	2-chloro-1,3-dimethylimidazolinium chloride
DMF:	N,N-dimethylformamide
DMSO:	dimethylsulfoxide
DMTMM:	4-(4,6-Dimethoxy-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-4-methylmorpholinium chloride
Et ₃ N:	triethylamine
Et ₂ O:	diethyl ether
EtOAc:	ethyl acetate
h:	hours
H ₂ O:	water
HATU:	1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium 3-oxid hexafluorophosphate
HBTU:	N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-O-(1H-benzotriazol-1-yl)uronium hexafluorophosphate
HCl:	hydrochloric acid
H ₄ NHCO ₃ :	ammonium bicarbonate
Johnphos:	(2-biphenyl)di-tert-butylphosphine
K ₂ CO ₃ :	potassium carbonate
m-CPBA:	3-chloroperbenzoic acid
MeCN:	acetonitrile
MeOH:	methanol
MgSO ₄ :	magnesium sulfate
min:	minutes

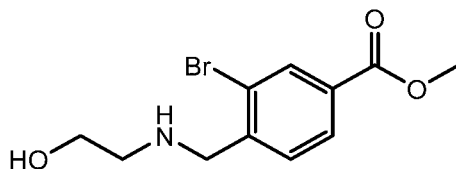
$\text{Na}(\text{CN})\text{BH}_3$: sodium cyanoborohydride
 Na_2SO_4 : sodium sulfate
 NaHCO_3 : sodium bicarbonate
 NaHSO_4 : Sodium hydrogen sulfate
 NaOH : sodium hydroxide
 NBS : N-bromosuccinimide
 NH_2OH : hydroxylamine
 NH_4Cl : ammonium chloride
 NH_4HCO_3 : ammonium bicarbonate
 $\text{Pd}(\text{dppf})\text{Cl}_2$: [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)
 $\text{Pd}(\text{dppf})\text{Cl}_2 \cdot \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$: [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct
 $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$: palladium(II) acetate
 pet. ether: petroleum ether
 $t\text{-BuOK}$: potassium tert-butoxide
 prep-HPLC: preparatory high pressure liquid chromatography
 prep-SFC: preparatory supercritical fluid chromatography
 prep-TLC: preparatory thin layer chromatography
 TFA: trifluoroacetic acid
 THF: tetrahydrofuran

Example 1 – Preparation of 4-[(2,2-Dimethyloxan-4-yl)carbonyl]-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxamide

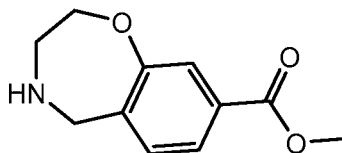


Step-1: Methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate

[00182] Methyl 3-bromo-4-methylbenzoate (25 g, 109.14 mmol, 1 equiv), NBS (21.5 g, 120.80 mmol, 1.11 equiv), benzoyl peroxide (146 mg, 0.57 mmol, 0.01 equiv), and CCl₄ (120 mL) were placed in a 250-mL round-bottom flask. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 85 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was cooled and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:10) to afford the title compound as a white solid (20 g) and used without further purification.

Step-2: Methyl 3-bromo-4-((2-hydroxyethylamino)methyl)benzoate

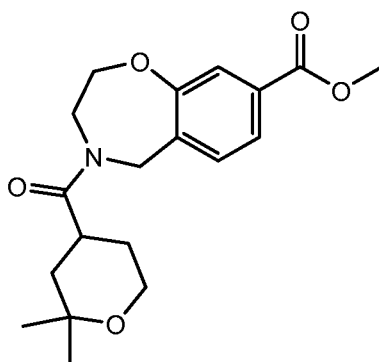
[00183] Methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (20 g, 64.94 mmol, 1 equiv), potassium carbonate (26.9 g, 194.63 mmol, 3 equiv), MeCN (100 mL), and 2-aminoethan-1-ol (4.76 g, 77.93 mmol, 1.20 equiv) were placed in a 250-mL round-bottom flask. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at -5 °C. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum, washed with water (50 mL) and EtOAc (50 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and were placed in a 250-mL round-bottom flask. (MeOH/CH₂Cl₂, 1:20) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (16 g, 56% yield over 2 steps). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 288 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

[00184] Methyl 3-bromo-4-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]methyl]benzoate (7 g, 24.29 mmol, 1 equiv), potassium carbonate (6.6 g, 47.75 mmol, 1.97 equiv), CuI (912 mg, 4.79 mmol, 0.20

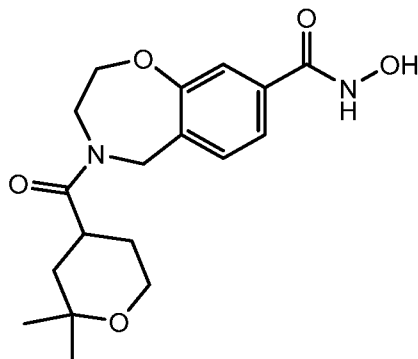
equiv), and isopropanol (100 mL) were placed in a 250-mL round-bottom flask. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 110 °C in an oil bath. The solution was cooled and the solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (3 g, 60% yield). ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ(ppm): 7.70-7.68 (t, 2H), 7.26-7.22 (t, 1H), 4.13-4.09 (t, 2H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.50 (s, 1H), 3.30-3.28 (t, 2H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 208 [M+H]⁺.

Step-4: Methyl 4-[(2,2-dimethyloxan-4-yl)carbonyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate



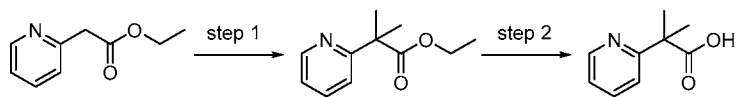
[00185] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 2,2-dimethyloxane-4-carboxylic acid (31 mg, 0.19596 mmol, 1 equiv), methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (40 mg, 0.19303 mmol, 1 equiv), BOP (130 mg, 0.29647 mmol, 1.50 equiv), Et₃N (30 mg, 0.29647 mmol, 1.50 equiv) and DMF (5 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred for 4 h at 45 °C in an oil bath. The reaction mixture was cooled to 10 °C with a water/ice bath. The reaction was quenched by the addition of sat. NH₄Cl/H₂O. The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solids were filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:5) to afford the title compound as yellow oil (60 mg). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 348 [M+H]⁺.

Step-5: 4-[(2,2-Dimethyloxan-4-yl)carbonyl]-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxamide

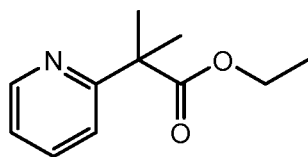


[00186] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 4-[(2,2-dimethyloxan-4-yl)carbonyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (60 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1 equiv), NH_2OH (50% in water, 343 mg, 30 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (0.346 mL, 2 equiv), and MeOH/THF (1:4, 2 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at 25 °C. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with HCl (3N). The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/10 mmol HN_4HCO_3 ; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 47% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (32 mg, 53% yield). ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.18 (s, 1H), 7.37-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.30-7.32 (t, 2H), 4.68-4.89 (m, 1H), 4.59-4.61 (d, 1H), 4.20-4.24 (t, 1H), 4-4.05 (m, 1H), 3.92-3.94 (d, 1H), 3.62-3.68 (m, 1H), 3.57-3.59 (t, 2H), 3-3.13 (t, 1H), 1.26-1.44 (m, 4H), 1.18-1.19 (d, 3H), 1.04-1.12 (t, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 349 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 2 -- Preparation of 2-methyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)propanoic acid

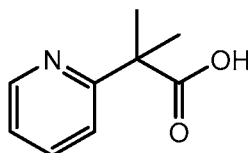


Step-1: Ethyl 2-methyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)propanoate



[00118] Into a 40-mL vial purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed ethyl 2-(pyridin-2-yl)acetate (500 mg, 3.03 mmol, 1 equiv), THF (10 mL) and t-BuOK (7.5 mL, 2.50 equiv, 1M). The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at 20 °C. This was followed by the addition of iodomethane (3.4 g, 23.95 mmol, 8 equiv) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C over 10 min. The mixture was allowed to react for an additional 3 h at 20 °C. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (20 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL), washed with brine (2 x 20 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as yellow oil (500 mg, 85% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 194 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: Methyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)propanoic acid

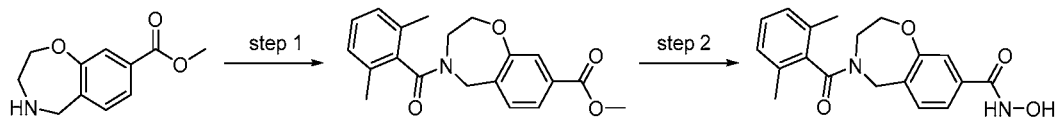


[00119] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 2-methyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)propanoate (4 g, 22.32 mmol, 1 equiv), MeOH (50 mL), water (15 mL) and NaOH (4.1 g, 102.50 mmol, 5 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 6 h at 20 °C. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 2 with 2N HCl. The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL), washed with brine (2 x 50 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a light brown solid which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 166 [M+H]⁺.

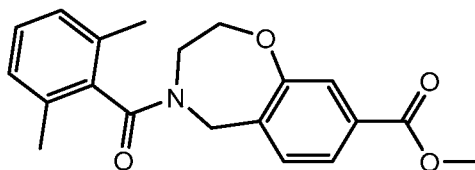
Table-1: The following compound was prepared according to the methods of Examples 1 and 2.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 356 [M+H] ⁺	11.13-11.20 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.27 (m, 5H), 4.24 (s, 2H), 3.27-3.34 (s, 2H), 2.82 (s, 2H), 1.66 (s, 6H)

Example 3 -- Preparation of 4-[(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)carbonyl]-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxamide

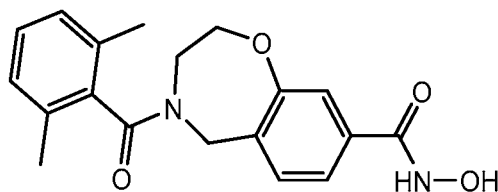


Step-1: 4-[(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)carbonyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00120] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (72.45 mg, 0.35 mmol, 1 equiv) and CH_2Cl_2 (8 mL). This was followed by the addition of DIEA (124.24 mg, 0.96 mmol, 2 equiv) and DMC (97.98 mg, 1.20 equiv) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 5 min at room temperature. To the mixture was added 2,6-dimethylbenzoic acid (100 mg, 0.67 mmol, 1 equiv) dropwise with stirring. The resulting solution was stirred for 8 h at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (2 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (86 mg, 72% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 340 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

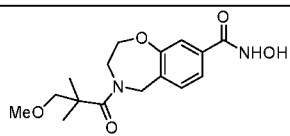
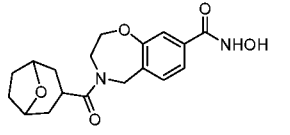
Step-2: 4-[(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)carbonyl]-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxamide



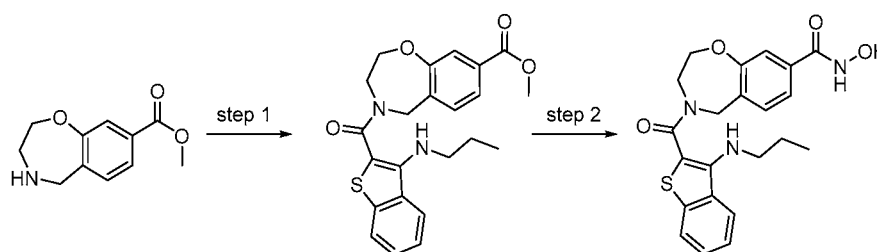
[00121] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 4-[(2,6-dimethylphenyl)carbonyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (86 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv), MeOH/THF (1:4, 1.5 mL), NH_2OH (50% in water, 418 mg, 12.68 mmol, 50 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (0.51 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at room

temperature. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C with a water/ice bath. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with HCl (6N). The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: HSS C18 OBD, 1.8 μ m, 2.1 x50 mm; Mobile Phase A:Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05% TFA; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 95% B in 2 min, hold 0.6 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (36 mg, 31% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.21 (s, 1H), 7.05-7.42 (m, 5H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 3.95-4.31 (m, 4H), 3.47-3.49 (m, 1H), 2.04 (s, 4H), 1.86 (s, 2H). MS: (ES, m/z): 341 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

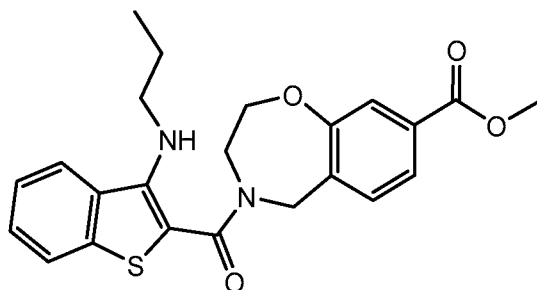
Table-2: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 3.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, m/z): 323 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.17 (s, 1H), 7.28-7.39 (m, 3H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 4.17-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.96-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.33 (s, 2H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 1.14 (s, 6H)
	(ES, m/z): 347 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.17 (m, 1H), 9.04 (s, 1H), 7.21-7.48 (m, 3H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.11-4.26 (m, 4H), 3.84-3.91 (m, 2H), 2.99-3.16 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.82 (m, 4H), 1.61-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.36 (m, 1H), 1.12-1.15 (m, 1H)

Example 4 – Preparation of N-Hydroxy-4-[[3-(propylamino)-1-benzothiophen-2-yl]carbonyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxamide

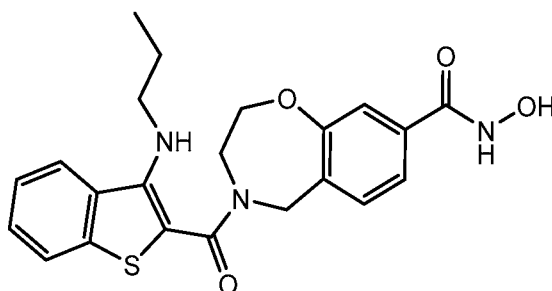


Step-1: Methyl 4-[[3-(propylamino)-1-benzothiophen-2-yl]carbonyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00122] A mixture of methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (30 mg, 0.14 mmol, 1 equiv), lithium 3-(propylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylate (36 mg, 0.15 mmol, 1 equiv), HATU (66 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1.20 equiv), DIEA (57 mg, 0.44 mmol, 3 equiv) and DMF (2 mL) was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (2 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (5x5 mL) and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ filtered and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as yellow oil (15 mg, 24% yield) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 425 [M+H]⁺.

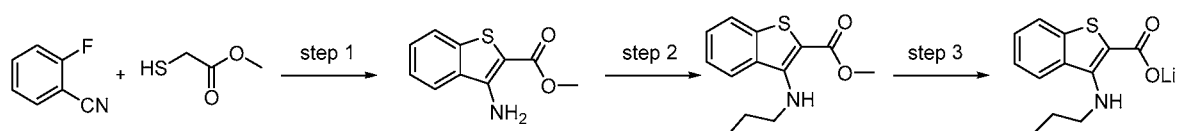
Step-2: N-Hydroxy-4-[[3-(propylamino)-1-benzothiophen-2-yl]carbonyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxamide



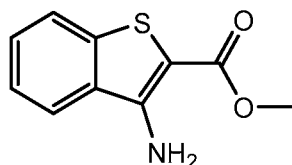
[00123] Into a 8-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 4-[[3-(propylamino)-1-benzothiophen-2-yl]carbonyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (13 mg, 0.03 mmol, 1 equiv), MeOH/THF (1:4, 0.5 mL), aq. 1N NaOH (0.062 mL, 2 equiv), NH₂OH (50% in water, 243 mg, 120 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 5 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: HSS C18 OBD, 1.8 μm, 2.1 x 50 mm ; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05% TFA; Flow rate: 0.7

mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 95% B in 2 min, hold 0.6 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (8 mg, 48% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.20 (s, 1H), 8.05-8.07 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.80-7.82 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.47 (m, 4H), 7.12-7.15 (m, 1H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.93 (s, 1H), 2.85-2.88 (t, $J_1 = 7.2$ Hz, $J_2 = 14.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.35-1.44 (m, 2H), 0.64-0.67 (t, $J_1 = 7.2$ Hz, $J_2 = 14.4$ Hz, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 426 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 5 – Preparation of lithium 3-(propylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylate

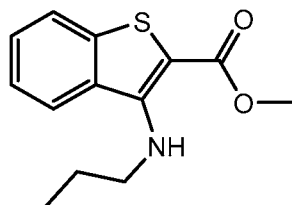


Step-1: Methyl 3-amino-1-benzothiophene-2-carboxylate



[00124] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of 2-fluorobenzonitrile (10 g, 82.57 mmol, 1 equiv), methyl 2-sulfanylacrylate (17.5 g, 164.87 mmol, 2 equiv) in DMF (30 mL). This was followed by the addition of a solution of t-BuOK (18.51 g, 164.96 mmol, 2 equiv) in DMF (50 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and poured into water/ice. The solid was collected by filtration and dried to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (13.5 g) which was used without any purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 208 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

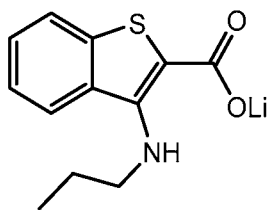
Step-2: Methyl 3-(propylamino)-1-benzothiophene-2-carboxylate



[00125] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 3-amino-1-benzothiophene-2-carboxylate (1 g, 4.83 mmol, 1 equiv), DMF (10 mL), sodium hydride (193 mg, 8.04 mmol, 1 equiv), after stirring for 0.5 h, 1-iodopropane (740 mg, 4.35 mmol, 0.90 equiv) was added. The

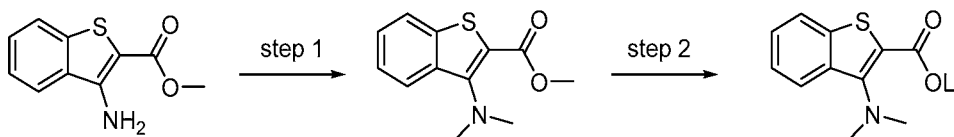
resulting mixture was stirred for 2 days at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (10 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (5x20 mL), washed with brine (3 x 20 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-20% EtOAc/pet. ether) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (0.8 g, 66% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 250 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-3: Lithium 3-(propylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylate

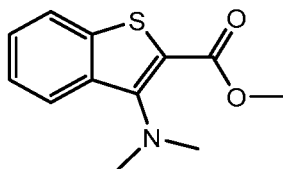


[00126] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 3-(propylamino)-1-benzothiophene-2-carboxylate (200 mg, 0.80 mmol, 1 equiv), MeOH/ H_2O (10 mL, 1:1) and lithium hydroxide (193 mg, 8.06 mmol, 10 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at 70 °C in an oil bath. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (0.39 g) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 236 $[\text{M}-\text{Li}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 6 -- Preparation of lithium 3-(dimethylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylate



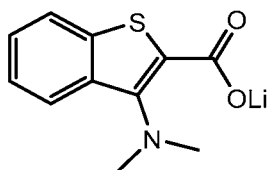
Step-1: Methyl 3-(dimethylamino)-1-benzothiophene-2-carboxylate



[00127] Into a 20-mL sealed tube, was placed methyl 3-amino-1-benzothiophene-2-carboxylate (400 mg, 1.93 mmol, 1 equiv), DMF (5 mL), sodium hydride (77 mg, 1.93 mmol, 2 equiv, 60%) and iodomethane (0.8 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 15 min at 150 °C

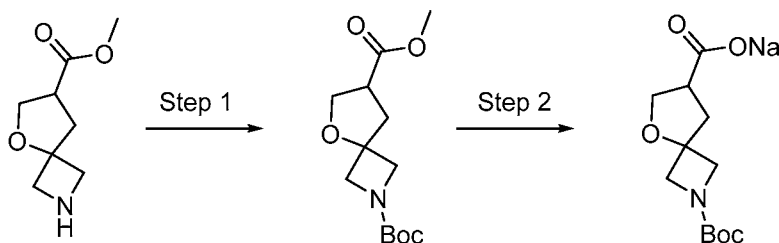
in a microwave reactor. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (10 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 5 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (0.13 g, 29% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 236 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-2: Lithium 3-(dimethylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylate

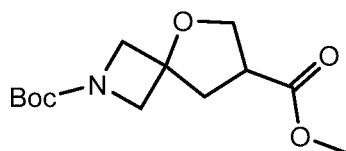


[00128] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 3-(dimethylamino)-1-benzothiophene-2-carboxylate (130 mg, 0.55 mmol, 1 equiv), LiOH (130 mg, 5.43 mmol, 10 equiv) and MeOH/ H_2O (5 mL/2 mL). The mixture was stirred for 5 h at 70 °C in an oil bath. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (0.1g) which was used without purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 222 $[\text{M}-\text{Li}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 7 – Preparation of sodium 2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonyl]-5-oxa-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylic acid



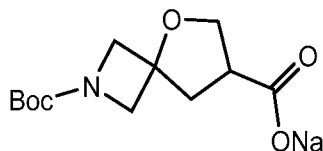
Step-1: 2-tert-Butyl 7-methyl 5-oxa-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2,7-dicarboxylate



[00129] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 5-oxa-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylate (248 mg, 1.45 mmol, 1 equiv), Et_3N (439.44 mg, 4.34 mmol, 3 equiv), di-tert-butyl-dicarboxylate (316.2 mg, 3.17 mmol, 1 equiv) and CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL). The resulting solution was

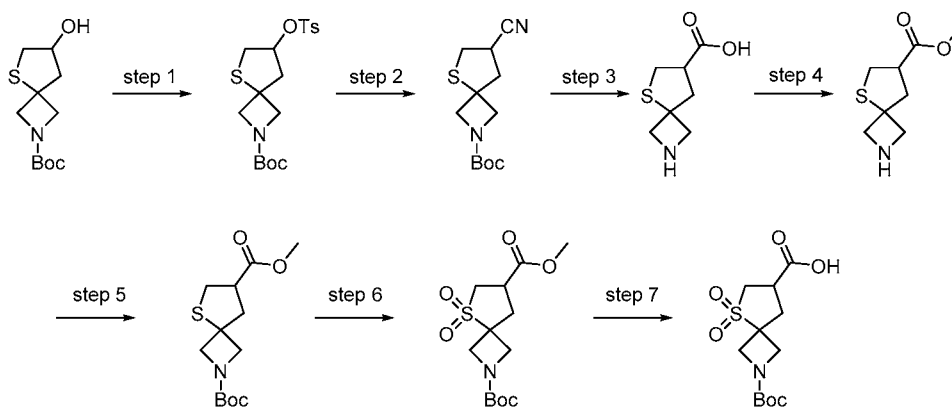
stirred overnight at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (MeOH/CH₂Cl₂, 1:20) to afford the title compound as a light yellow solid (205 mg, 52% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 216 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: Sodium 2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonyl]-5-oxa-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylic acid

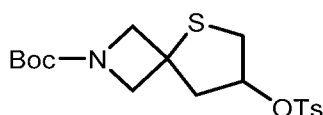


[00130] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 2-tert-butyl 7-methyl 5-oxa-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2,7-dicarboxylate (100 mg, 0.37 mmol, 1 equiv), THF/H₂O (2 mL/2 mL), and NaOH (0.74 mL, 2 equiv, 1N). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (110 mg) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 258 [M+H-Na⁺]⁺.

Example 8 – Preparation of 2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylic acid 5,5-dioxide

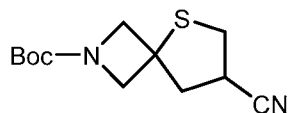


Step-1: tert-Butyl 7-[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]oxy]-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate



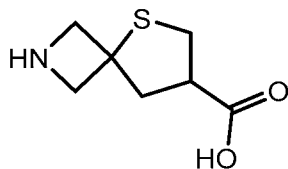
[00131] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed tert-butyl 7-hydroxy-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate (8 g, 32.61 mmol, 1 equiv), m-toluenesulfonyl chloride (6.8 g, 35.67 mmol, 1.10 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (7.9 g, 64.66 mmol, 2 equiv). The solution was stirred for 4 h at 20 °C. The solution was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and washed with 0.5M HCl (2 x 50 mL) and brine (3 x 50 mL). The mixture was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (8.5 g, 65% yield) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 400 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: tert-Butyl 7-cyano-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate



[00132] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed tert-butyl 7-[[[(4-methylbenzene)sulfonyl]oxy]-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate (8.5 g, 21.28 mmol, 1 equiv), DMSO (100 mL) and potassium cyanide (2 g, 30.71 mmol, 1.50 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 15 h at 90 °C in an oil bath. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of 200 mL of water/ice. The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (4x100 mL), washed with brine (2 x 100 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:5) to afford the title compound as colorless oil (3 g, 55% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 255 [M+H]⁺.

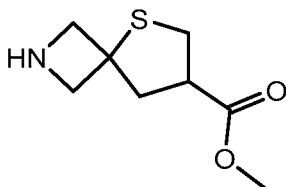
Step-3: 5-Thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylic acid hydrochloride



[00133] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed tert-butyl 7-cyano-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate (3 g, 11.79 mmol, 1 equiv) and conc. HCl (30 mL). The above solution was stirred for 12 h at 60 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated

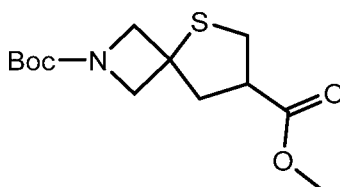
under vacuum to afford the title compound as light yellow oil (2.8 g) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 174 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-4: Methyl 5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylate hydrochloride

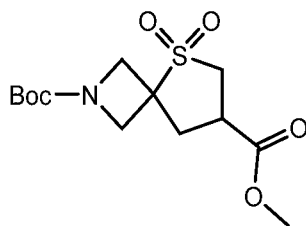


[00134] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed MeOH (50 mL). This was followed by the addition of thionyl chloride (2.37 g, 20.08 mmol, 1.50 equiv) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C over 10 min. After the addition was finished the solution was stirred for an additional 30 min at 20 °C. To this was added a solution of 5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylic acid hydrochloride (2.8 g, 13.35 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH (5 mL) dropwise at 0 °C over 10 min. The resulting solution was stirred for an additional 2 h at 70 °C in an oil bath. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as yellow oil (2.5 g, 84% yield) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 188 $[M+H]^+$.

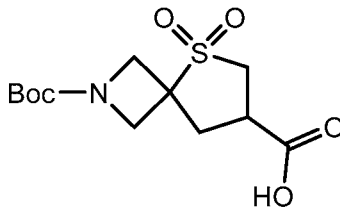
Step-5: 2-tert-Butyl 7-methyl 5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2,7-dicarboxylate



[00135] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylate (2.5 g, 13.35 mmol, 1 equiv), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (2.9 g, 13.29 mmol, 1.20 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL), and Et₃N (3.4 g, 33.60 mmol, 3 equiv). The above mixture was stirred for 3 h at 20 °C and then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The mixture was washed with brine (3 x 50 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solids were filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 8:1) to afford the title compound as a white solid (2.6 g, 68% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 288 $[M+H]^+$.

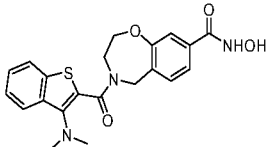
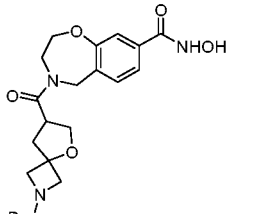
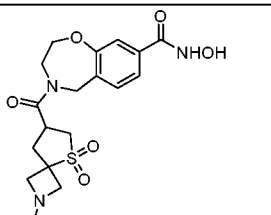
Step-6: 2-(tert-Butyl) 7-methyl 5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2,7-dicarboxylate 5,5-dioxide

[00136] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed 2-tert-butyl 7-methyl 5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2,7-dicarboxylate (2.6 g, 9.05 mmol, 1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) and m-CPBA (4.6 g, 26.66 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at 20 °C. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL), washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ solution (50 mL), sat. aq. NaHSO₄ solution (50 mL) and brine (2 x 50 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:2) to afford the title compound as a white solid (2.2 g, 76% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 320 [M+H]⁺.

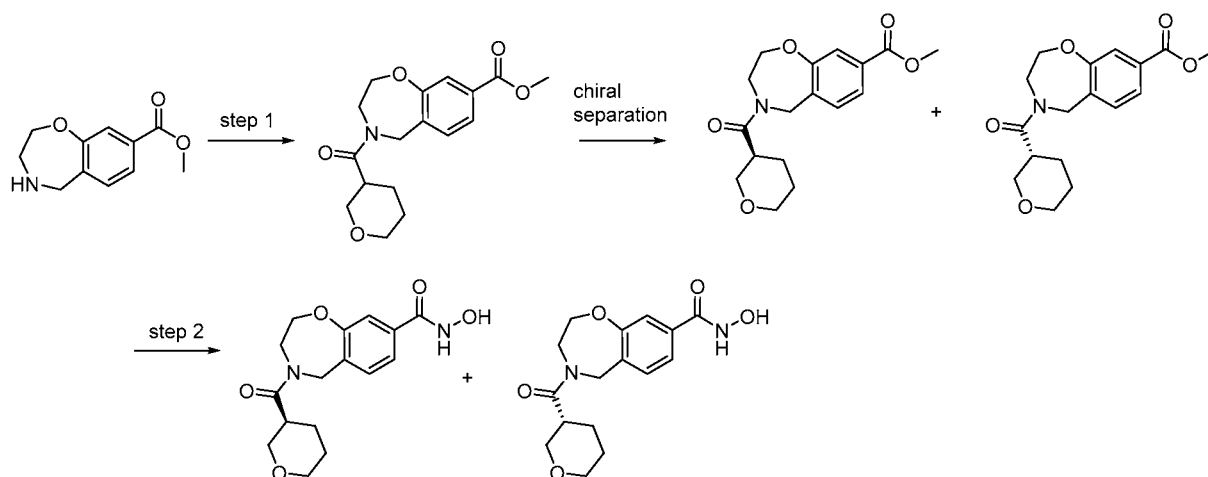
Step-7: 2-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-7-carboxylic acid 5,5-dioxide

[00137] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 2-(tert-Butyl) 7-methyl 5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2,7-dicarboxylate 5,5-dioxide (500 mg, 1.57 mmol, 1 equiv), THF/H₂O (10 mL, 1:1) and NaOH (125.4 mg, 3.14 mmol, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at room temperature. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with 1N HCl then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL), and the organic layer was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a light yellow solid (560 mg) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 206 [M+H-Boc]⁺.

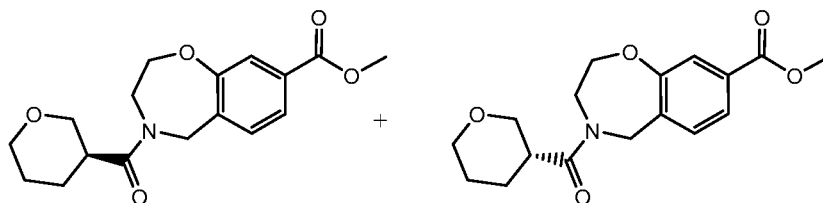
Table-3: The following compounds were prepared according to the methods of Examples 4 through 8.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 412 [M+H] ⁺	11.18 (s, 1H), 7.90-7.91 (d, <i>J</i> = 2.4 Hz, 1H) 7.88-7.89 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.44 (m, 5H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 3.91-4.23 (m, 4H), 2.67-2.77 (m, 6H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 447 [M+H] ⁺	11.17-11.19 (m, 1H), 8.40-9.35 (br, 1H), 7.30-7.54 (m, 3H), 4.60-4.73 (m, 2H), 3.44-4.17 (m, 11H), 2.09-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.34 (s, 9H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 496 [M+H] ⁺	11.18-11.21 (m, 1H), 9.06 (br, 1H), 7.33-7.56 (m, 3H), 4.61-4.78 (m, 2H), 3.84-4.16 (m, 8H), 3.26-3.38 (m, 3H), 2.40-2.57 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.28 (m, 1H), 1.37 (s, 9H)

Example 9 – Preparation of (S)-N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide and (R)-N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

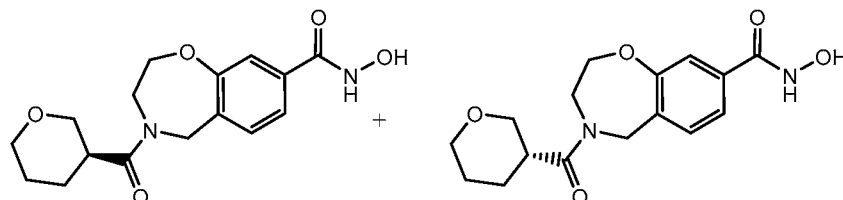


Step-1: methyl (S)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate and methyl (R)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00138] A mixture of methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (250 mg, 1.21 mmol, 1 equiv), tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carboxylic acid (157 mg, 1.21 mmol, 1 equiv), DIEA (469 mg, 3.63 mmol, 3 equiv), and HATU (552 mg, 1.45 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and in DMF (4 mL) was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (2 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL) and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The crude racemic mixture was purified by chiral Prep-HPLC (Column: Chiralpak IA 2 x 25cm, 5 μm; Mobile Phase A: hexanes; Mobile Phase B: EtOH; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 30% B for 26 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford single isomers of the title compound. The first eluting isomer was isolated as a white solid (55 mg, 14% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 320 [M+H]⁺. The second eluting isomer was isolated as a white solid (55 mg, 14% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 320 [M+H]⁺.

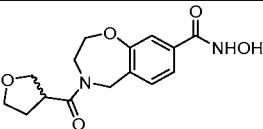
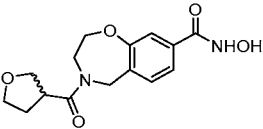
Step-2: (S)-N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide and (R)-N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



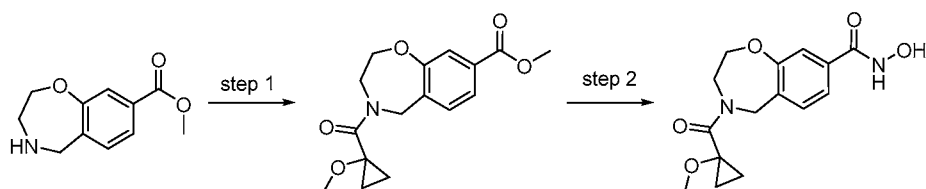
[00139] A solution of methyl 4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (55 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH/THF (1:4, 2 mL), aq. 1N NaOH (0.35 mL, 2 equiv), NH₂OH (50% in water, 569 mg, 50 equiv) was

stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C with an ice-water bath. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with aq. 6N HCl. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: HSS C18 OBD, 1.8 μ m, 2.1 x 50 mm ; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05% TFA; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 95% B in 2 min, hold 0.6 min; Detector, UV 254 nm). Reaction with the first eluting isomer from Step 1 afforded the title compound as a pink solid (15.2 mg, 28% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.17 (s, 1H), 9.00 (br, 1H), 7.26-7.52 (m, 3H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.11-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.31-3.91 (m, 4H), 3.20-3.29 (m, 2H), 2.80-2.98 (m, 1H), 1.44-1.79 (m, 4H). MS: (ES, m/z): 321 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$. Reaction with the second eluting isomer from Step 1 afforded the title compound as a pink solid (15.8 mg, 29% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.17 (s, 1H), 9.00 (br, 1H), 7.26-7.52 (m, 3H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.06-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.56-3.91 (m, 4H), 3.20-3.31 (m, 2H), 2.82-2.98 (m, 1H), 1.43-1.79 (m, 4H). MS: (ES, m/z): 321 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

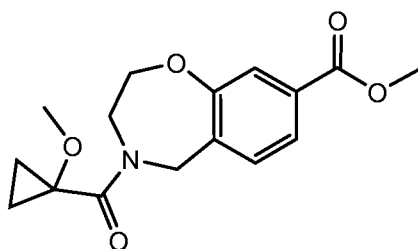
Table-4: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 9.

Structure	Found $\text{M}+\text{H}$	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, m/z): 307 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.18-11.16 (m, 1H), 9.01 (br, 1H), 7.53-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 1H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.18-4.12 (m, 2H), 3.92-3.78 (m, 3H), 3.68-3.60 (m, 3H), 3.53-3.50 (m, 1H), 3.36-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.84 (m, 2H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, m/z): 307 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.18-11.16 (m, 1H), 9.01 (br, 1H), 7.53-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 1H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.18-4.12 (m, 2H), 3.92-3.78 (m, 3H), 3.68-3.60 (m, 3H), 3.53-3.50 (m, 1H), 3.36-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.84 (m, 2H)
The compounds of Table-4 were separated at the methyl ester intermediate by Prep-HPLC (Column: Chiralpak IA-3 0.46x5cm, 3 μ m; Mobile Phase A: hexanes; Mobile Phase B: EtOH; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 50% B for 25 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm)		

Example 10 – Preparation of N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

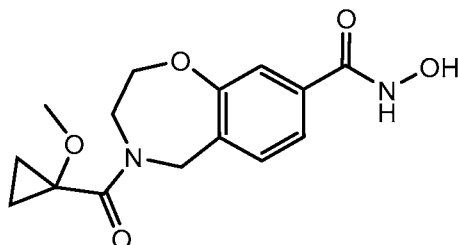


Step-1: Methyl 4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00140] To a solution of 1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid (50 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2 mL) was added HATU (197 mg, 0.52 mmol, 1.2 equiv), in portions at 0 °C, followed by methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (138 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv) and DIEA (167 mg, 1.29 mmol, 3equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (5 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was washed with water (10 mL) and with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (20 mg, 15% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 306 [M+H]⁺.

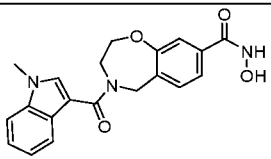
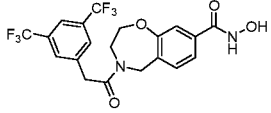
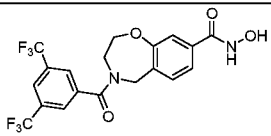
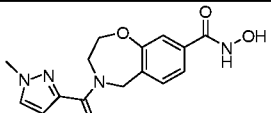
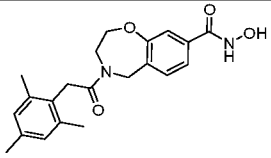
Step-2: N-Hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



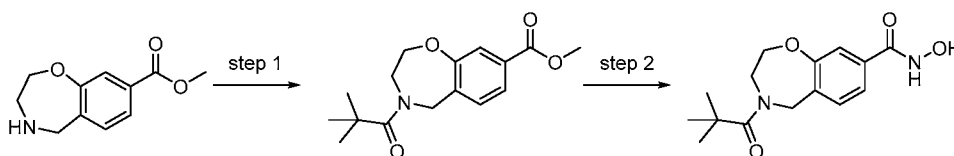
[00141] To a solution of methyl 4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (20 mg, 0.07 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH/THF (1:4, 1 mL) was added simultaneously aq. 6N NaOH (0.13 mL, 2 equiv), NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.12 mL, 50 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column Sunfire C18 5 μm , 19 x 100 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 6% B to 48% B in 8 min, hold 0.6 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an orange solid (7.9 mg, 39% yield). ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.17 (br, 1H), 9.01 (br, 1H), 7.47-7.25 (m, 3H), 5.03-4.53 (m, 2H), 4.66-4.29 (m, 3H), 3.95-3.78 (m, 1H), 3.20-2.80 (m, 3H), 0.98-0.75 (m, 4H). MS: (ES, m/z): 307 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Table-5: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 10.

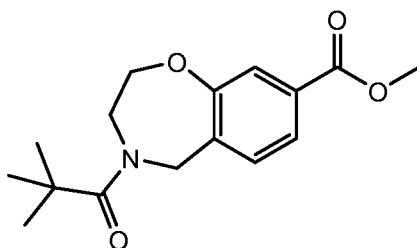
<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>^1H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, m/z): 335 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.15 (br, 1H), 9.03 (br, 1H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 4.20-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.98-3.95 (m, 2H), 3.59-3.54 (m, 2H), 3.41-3.32 (m, 2H), 1.97-1.93 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.21 (s, 3H)
	(ES, m/z): 321 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.18 (br, 1H), 9.03 (br, 1H), 7.46-7.27 (m, 3H), 4.78-4.60 (m, 3.5H), 4.45-4.35 (m, 0.5H), 4.36-4.21 (m, 3H), 4.22-4.13 (m, 1.5H), 3.92-3.83 (m, 0.5H), 3.46-3.37 (m, 1H), 2.02-1.87 (m, 2H), 0.81-0.66 (m, 3H)
	(ES, m/z): 316 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.20 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.23 (br, 1H), 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 6.04-6.02 (m, 1H), 4.78 (s, 2H), 4.26-4.25 (m, 2H), 4.00-3.99 (m, 2H), 3.58 (s, 3H)

Structure	Found <u>M+H</u>	¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 366 [M+H] ⁺	11.28 (br, 1H), 8.79-8.46 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.09 (m, 1H), 6.92-6.46 (m, 1H), 5.04-5.00 (m, 2H), 4.65-4.62 (m, 2H), 4.05-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 463 [M+H] ⁺	11.19 (br, 1H), 9.06-9.04 (br, 1H), 7.95-7.87 (m, 3H), 7.48-7.28 (m, 3H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.24-4.23 (m, 1H), 4.16-4.14 (m, 1H), 4.05 (s, 1H), 4.01-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.91-3.90 (m, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 449 [M+H] ⁺	11.20 (br, 1H), 9.07 (br, 1H), 8.27-8.22 (m, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.44-7.32 (m, 3H), 6.82-6.80 (m, 3H), 4.82 (s, 1H), 4.49 (s, 1H), 4.35 (m, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.73 (m, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 317 [M+H] ⁺	11.17 (br, 1H), 9.04 (br, 1H), 7.76-7.74 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.22 (m, 3H), 6.52-6.51 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 1H), 4.74 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.32 (m, 1H), 4.20-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.96 (m, 2H), 3.89-3.86 (m, 2H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 369 [M+H] ⁺	11.21 (br, 1H), 9.05 (br, 1H), 7.56-7.24 (m, 3H), 6.74-6.72 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.84 (s, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 4.23-4.22 (m, 1H), 4.15-4.13 (m, 1H), 4.05-4.04 (m, 1H), 3.88-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.63 (m, 2H), 2.17-2.16 (m, 3H), 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.85 (m, 4H)

Example 11 – Preparation of N-hydroxy-4-pivaloyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



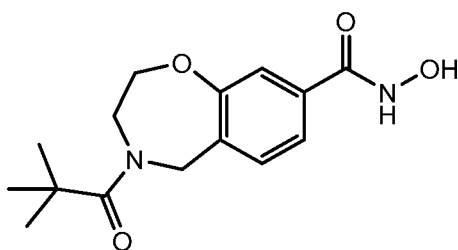
Step-1: Methyl 4-pivaloyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00142] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.39 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL), and Et₃N (118

mg, 1.17 mmol, 3 equiv). This was followed by the addition of 2,2-dimethylpropanoyl chloride (46.6 mg, 0.39 mmol, 1 equiv) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (2 mL). The mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a light yellow solid (90 mg, 80% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 292 [M+H]⁺.

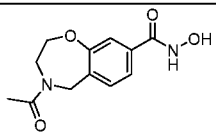
Step-2: N-hydroxy-4-pivaloyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4] oxazepine-8-carboxamide



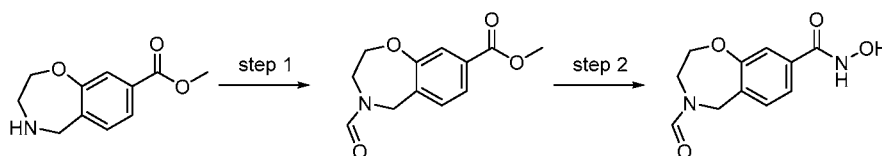
[00143] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of methyl 4-pivaloyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (90 mg, 0.31 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), aq. 1N NaOH (0.62 mL, 2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in water, 510 mg, 15.46 mmol, 50 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with aq. 6N HCl at 0 °. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: HSS C18 OBD, 1.8 μm, 2.1 x 50 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05% TFA; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 95% B in 2 min, hold 0.6 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (34.2 mg, 27% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.17 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.39 (m, 3H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 4.18-4.20 (t, *J*₁ = 4.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 3.97-3.99 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 1.16 (s, 9H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 293 [M+H]⁺.

Table-6: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 11.

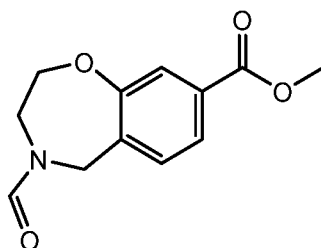
Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 313 [M+H] ⁺	11.20 (s, 1H), 7.13-7.45 (m, 8H), 4.79 (s, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 4.15-4.29 (m, 3H), 3.99 (s, 1H)

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 251 [M+H] ⁺	11.16-11.18 (d, 1H), 10.10 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.29-7.44 (m, 3H), 4.57-4.64 (d, 2H), 4.15-4.17 (t, 1H), 4.07-4.09 (t, 1H), 3.43 (m, 2H), 1.98-2.03 (m, 3H)

Example 12 – Preparation of 4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide 2,2,2-trifluoroacetate

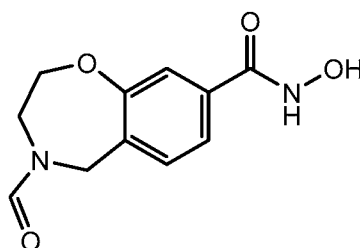


Step-1: Methyl 4-formyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate



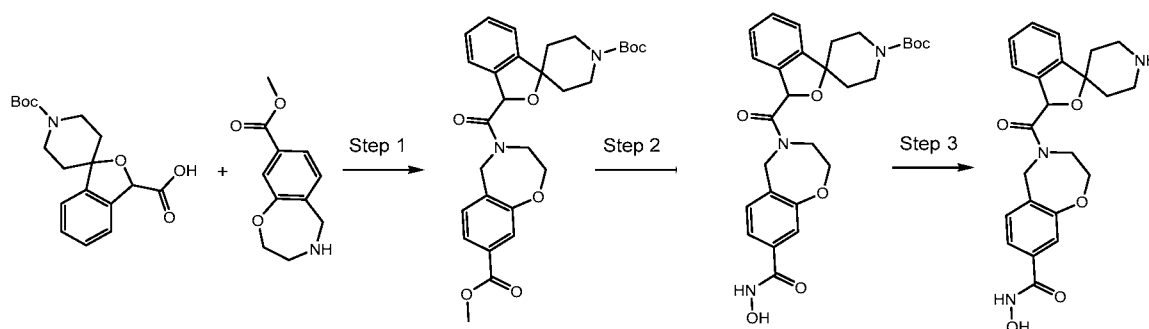
[00144] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (150 mg, 0.47 mmol, 1 equiv) and ethyl formate (2 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at 60 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as yellow oil which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 236 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: 4-Formyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

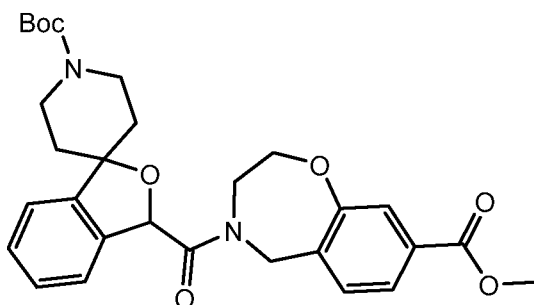


[00145] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl 4-formyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), aq. 1N NaOH (0.85 mL, 0.85 mmol, 2 equiv), and NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.85 mL, 12.72 mmol, 30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 4% B to 58% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a pink solid (15 mg, 10% yield). ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.19 (s, 1H), 10-10.11 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 0.4H), 8.04 (s, 0.6H), 7.33-7.43 (m, 3H), 4.61-4.64 (d, 0.9H), 4.52-4.55 (d, 1.2H), 4.10-4.14 (m, 2H), 3.76-3.78 (m, 2H). MS: (ES, m/z): 237 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 13 – Preparation of tert-Butyl 3-[8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-4-carbonyl]-3H-spiro[2-benzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate and N-hydroxy-4-(3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

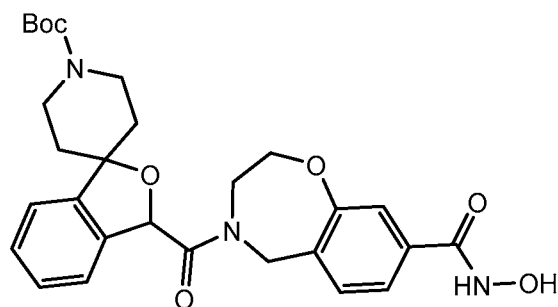


Step-1: tert-Butyl 3-(8-(methoxycarbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate



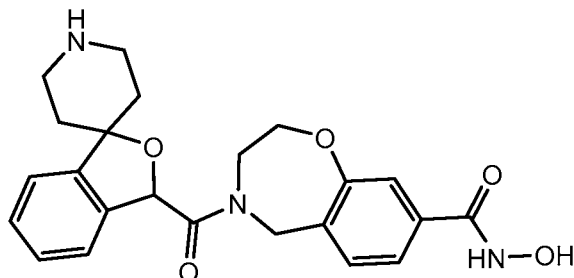
[00146] Into a 20 ml scintillation vial, was placed methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (21 mg, 0.1 mmol), 1'-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carboxylic acid (33 mg, 0.1 mmol,) and chloroform (3 mL). This was followed by the addition of DIEA (0.052 ml, 0.3 mmol) and DMC (20 mg, 0.12 mmol) at ambient temperature. The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction was then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) and washed with 75% aqueous brine (20 mL). The resulting solution was passed through an Isolute[®] phase separator, then concentrated to dryness. The residue gave a quantitative yield of the title compound as an yellow semi-solid which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 523 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: tert-Butyl 3-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate



[00147] In a 20-ml scintillation vial, tert-butyl 3-(8-(methoxycarbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (52 mg, 0.1 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH/THF (1:1, 1 mL), NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.5 ml, 7.57 mmol), and aq. 1N NaOH (0.5 mL, 0.5 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 hours at ambient temperature, then concentrated to dryness. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05 % formic acid; Flow rate: 23 mL/min; Gradient: 0% B to 35% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 524 [M+H]⁺.

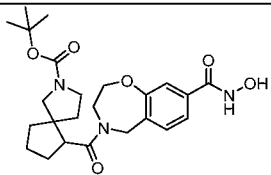
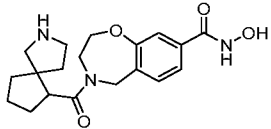
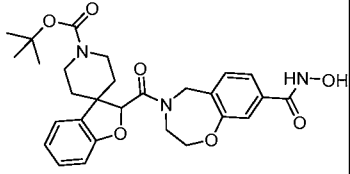
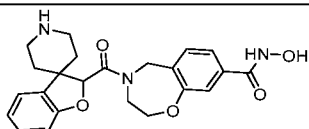
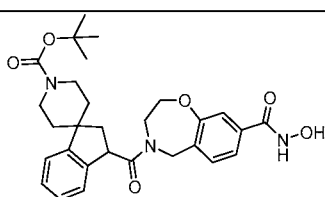
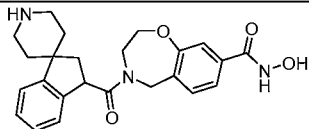
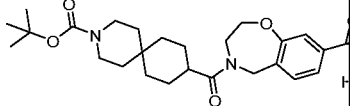
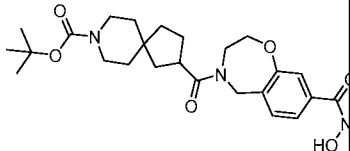
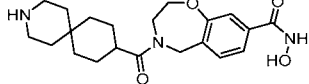
Step-3: N-hydroxy-4-(3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



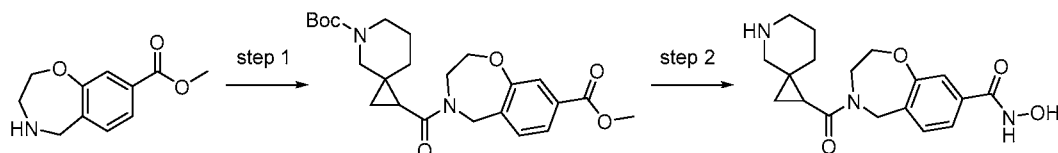
[00148] In a 20-ml scintillation vial, tert-butyl 3-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (40 mg, 0.19 mmol) was taken up in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) then TFA (1 mL) was added. The resulting solution was stirred at ambient temperature for 1 h, then concentrated to dryness. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.1 % formic acid; Flow rate: 23 mL/min; Gradient: 0% B to 35% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as the formic acid salt as a white solid (9 mg, 28 % yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 6.93 - 7.63 (m, 7 H) 5.97 - 6.30 (m, 1 H) 4.46 - 4.81 (m, 1 H) 3.92 - 4.45 (m, 4 H) 2.57 - 3.18 (m, 6 H) 1.49 - 2.05 (m, 4 H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 424 [M+H]⁺.

Table-7: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 13.

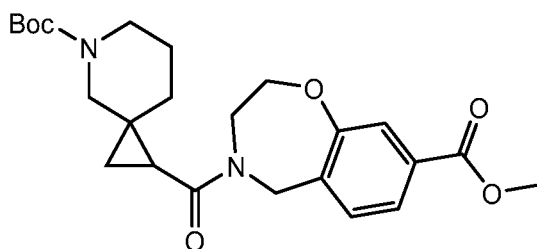
Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 374 [M+H] ⁺	
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 474 [M+H] ⁺	10.88 - 11.41 (m, 1 H) 8.88 - 9.27 (m, 1 H) 7.24 - 7.55 (m, 3 H) 4.53 - 4.79 (m, 2 H) 3.99 - 4.27 (m, 2 H) 3.87 (br d, <i>J</i> = 15.54 Hz, 1 H) 3.24 (br s, 3 H) 2.96 (br d, <i>J</i> = 8.79 Hz, 2 H) 1.66 (q, <i>J</i> = 6.94 Hz, 2 H) 1.34 - 1.49 (m, 18 H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 374 [M+H] ⁺	

Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 460 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (br s, 1 H) 9.02 (br s, 1 H) 7.19 - 7.58 (m, 3 H) 4.73 (br s, 1 H) 4.03 (br s, 3 H) 3.65 (s, 1 H) 2.98 - 3.28 (m, 6 H) 1.67 (br d, <i>J</i> = 9.97 Hz, 5 H) 1.47 - 1.60 (m, 3 H) 1.28 - 1.46 (m, 9 H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 360 [M+H] ⁺	
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 524 [M+H] ⁺	
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 424 [M+H] ⁺	8.31 (s, 1 H) 7.21 - 7.60 (m, 4 H) 7.15 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.33, 3.52 Hz, 1 H) 6.89 (td, <i>J</i> = 7.33, 3.52 Hz, 1 H) 6.72 - 6.83 (m, 1 H) 5.53 - 5.60 (m, 1 H) 4.65 - 5.01 (m, 2 H) 4.19 - 4.58 (m, 4 H) 3.87 - 4.19 (m, 4 H) 2.80 - 3.26 (m, 4 H) 1.74 - 2.05 (m, 4 H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 522 [M+H] ⁺	
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 422 [M+H] ⁺	8.40 (br s, 1 H) 6.69 - 7.62 (m, 7 H) 4.54 - 5.03 (m, 2 H) 3.98 - 4.31 (m, 3 H) 3.03 - 3.23 (m, 3 H) 2.62 - 3 (m, 3 H) 2.20 - 2.44 (m, 1 H) 1.83 - 2.18 (m, 2 H) 1.49 - 1.78 (m, 3 H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 488 [M+H] ⁺	11.17 (br s, 1 H) 9.05 (br s, 1 H) 7.19 - 7.51 (m, 3 H) 4.72 (s, 1 H) 4.58 (s, 1 H) 4.03 - 4.25 (m, 2 H) 3.86 (br d, <i>J</i> = 14.07 Hz, 2 H) 3.18 - 3.31 (m, 4 H) 2.71 (br d, <i>J</i> = 12.31 Hz, 1 H) 1.61 (br d, <i>J</i> = 10.55 Hz, 2 H) 1.32 - 1.51 (m, 14 H) 1.06 - 1.27 (m, 5 H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 474 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br s, 1 H) 9.06 (br s, 1 H) 7.28 - 7.51 (m, 3 H) 4.73 (s, 1 H) 4.59 (s, 1 H) 4.06 - 4.19 (m, 2 H) 3.88 (br d, <i>J</i> = 14.95 Hz, 2 H) 3.12 - 3.29 (m, 4 H) 1.56 - 1.83 (m, 3 H) 1.28 - 1.49 (m, 17 H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 388 [M+H] ⁺	

Example 14 – Preparation of N-hydroxy-4-(5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

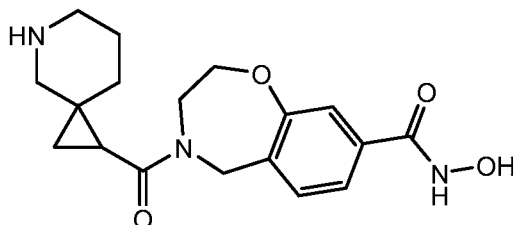


Step-1: Methyl 4-(5-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate.



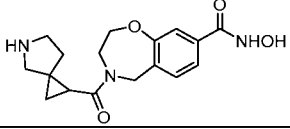
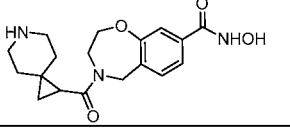
[00149] Into a 1-dram vial, was placed methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (15 mg, 0.072 mmol, 1 equiv), 5-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carboxylic acid (27.7 mg, 0.109 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and dichloroethane (1 mL). This was followed by the addition of Et₃N (18.3 mg, 0.181 mmol, 2.50 equiv) and DMC (18.36 mg, 0.109 mmol, 1.5 equiv) at room temperature. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (1 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 1 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (16 mg, 50% yield) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 445 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: N-Hydroxy-4-(5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

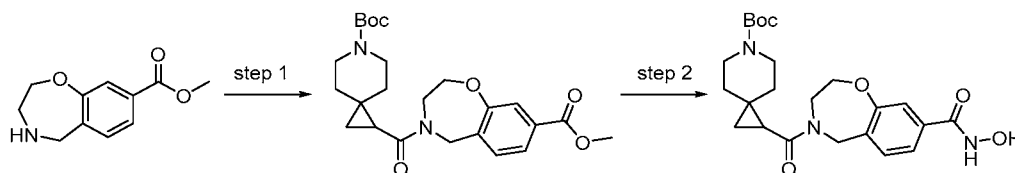


[00150] Methyl 4-(5-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (16 mg, 0.036 mmol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in EtOAc (0.5 mL). This was followed by the addition of HCl (4M in Dioxane, 90 μ L, 0.36 mmol, 10 equiv) at room temperature. The resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at room temperature. The solution was concentrated under vacuum. The resulting off-white solid was dissolved in MeOH/THF (1:4, 0.5 mL), NH_2OH (50% in water, 24 mg, 0.36 mmol, 10 equiv), and aq. 1N NaOH (0.072 mL, 2 equiv). The pH of the reaction was measured to be ~ 11 . The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05 % formic acid; Flow rate: 23 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 35% B in 6.6 min, hold 0.9 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (1.8 mg, 15 % yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 346 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

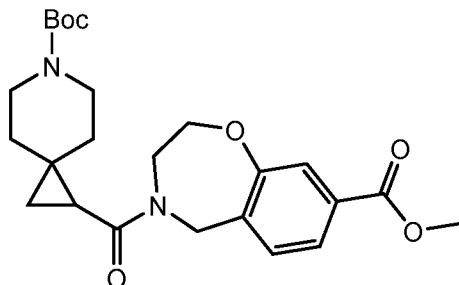
Table-8: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 14.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>
	(ES, m/z): 332 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$
	(ES, m/z): 346 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$

Example 15 – Preparation of tert-butyl 1-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-6-carboxylate

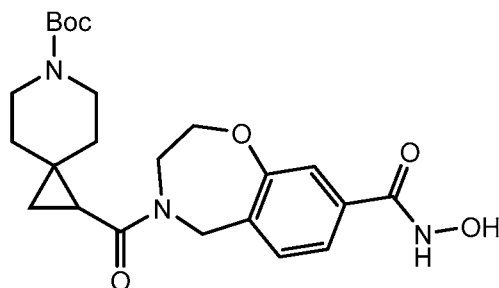


Step-1: Methyl 4-(6-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00151] Into a 1-dram vial, was placed methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (32 mg, 0.072 mmol, 1 equiv), 5-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carboxylic acid (22.1 mg, 0.086 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and dichloroethane (1 mL). This was followed by the addition of Et₃N (18.2 mg, 0.18 mmol, 2.50 equiv) and DMC (14.6 mg, 0.086 mmol, 1.2 equiv) at room temperature. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (1 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 2 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (24 mg, 34% yield) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 445 [M+H]⁺.

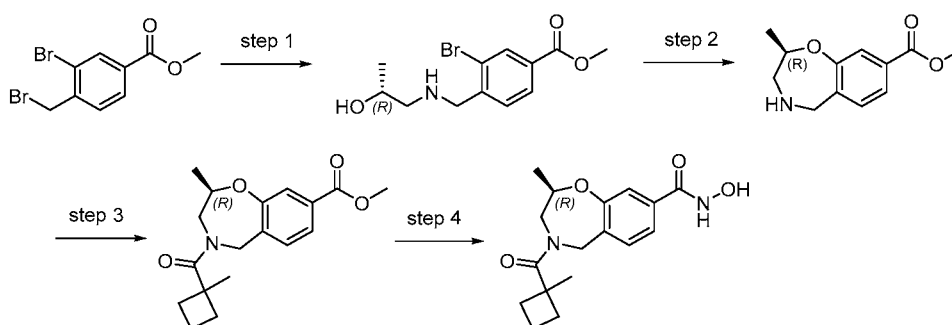
Step-2: tert-Butyl 1-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-6-carboxylate



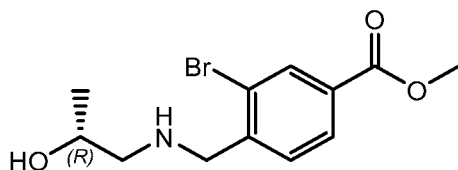
[00152] 4-(6-(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)-6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (24 mg, 0.053 mmol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in MeOH/THF (1:4, 0.5 mL), NH₂OH (50% in water, 35 mg, 0.53 mmol, 10 equiv), and aq. 1N NaOH (0.106 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150

mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05 % formic acid; Flow rate: 23 mL/min; Gradient: 25% B to 65% B in 6.6 min, hold 0.9 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off- white solid (2.4 mg, 10% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 446 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 16 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

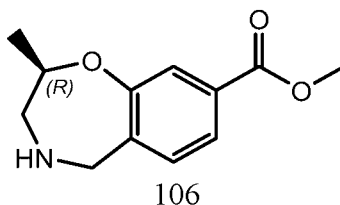


Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxypropyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



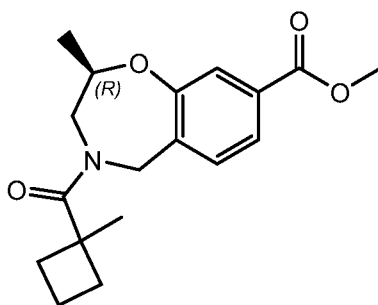
[00153] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (7 g, 22.73 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (80 mL), potassium carbonate (4.69 g, 33.93 mmol, 1.50 equiv) and (2R)-1-aminopropan-2-ol (1.7 g, 22.63 mmol, 1 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 3 h at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (80 mL) and the resulting solution was washed with water (3 x 30 mL). The organic phase was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (3 g) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 302 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (R)-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



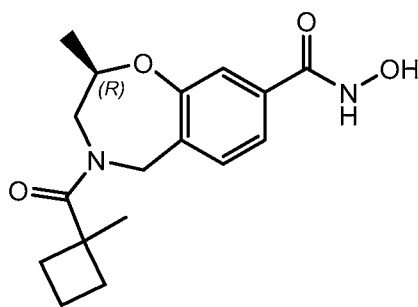
[00154] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxypropyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (2.75 g, 9.10 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (32 mL), potassium carbonate (2.53 g, 18.31 mmol, 2 equiv) and CuI (520 mg, 2.73 mmol, 0.30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 21 h at 110 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and the residue was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL). The resulting mixture was washed with water (3 x 150 mL) and the organic phase was concentrated, then the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH, 99:1) to afford the title compound as a brown oil (1.1 g, 55% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 222 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl (R)-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00155] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed 1-methylcyclobutane-1-carboxylic acid (52 mg, 0.46 mmol, 1 equiv), DMF (4 mL), HATU (205 mg, 0.54 mmol, 1.20 equiv), methyl (R)-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1 equiv) and DIEA (174 mg, 1.35 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature and then diluted with water (20 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The organic layers combined and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (88 mg, 61% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 318 [M+H]⁺.

Step-4: (R)-N-Hydroxy-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

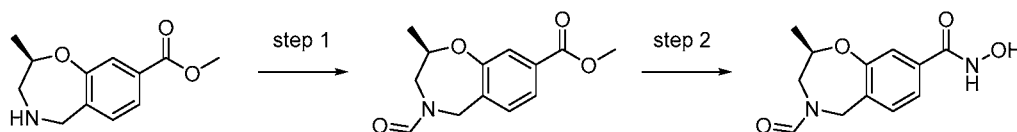


[00156] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed methyl (R)-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (88 mg, 0.28 mmol, 1 equiv) and THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL). This was followed by addition of NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.55 mL, 30 equiv.) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.55 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column XBridge XP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05% TFA; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 40% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (53 mg, 60% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.17 (br, 1H), 7.39-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.31 (m, 2H), 4.82-4.60 (m, 1H), 4.49-4.21 (m, 2H), 4.11-4.00 (s, 1H), 3.51-3.36 (m, 2H), 2.21 (m, 2H), 1.95-1.75 (m, 3H), 1.57-1.54 (m, 1H), 1.33 (m, 6H). MS: (ES, m/z): 319 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

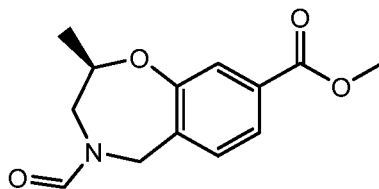
Table-9: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 16, using (2S)-1-aminopropan-2-ol.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, m/z): 319 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.16 (br, 1H), 7.39-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.29 (m, 2H), 4.82-4.62 (m, 1H), 4.43-4.27 (m, 1H), 4.19-4.08 (m, 1H), 3.80-3.60 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.35 (m, 1H), 2.43-2.33 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.80 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.54 (m, 1H), 1.53-1.44 (m, 1H), 1.23 (m, 3H)

Example 17 – Preparation of (R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

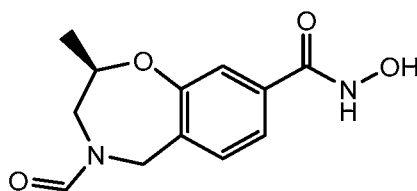


Step-1: Methyl (R)-4-formyl-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



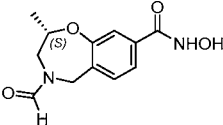
[00157] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (R)-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.36 mmol, 1 equiv) and ethyl formate (2 mL, 1 equiv). The resulting solution was refluxed for 16 h in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a yellow oil which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 250 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: (R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

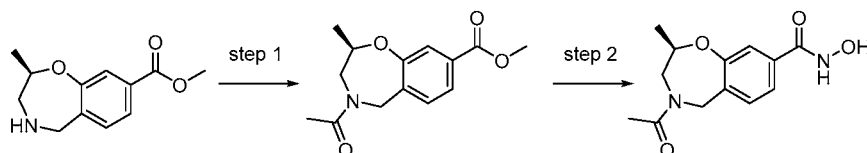


[00158] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (R)-4-formyl-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL). To the above solution was added aq. 1N NaOH (0.8 mL, 0.80 mmol, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.8 mL, 0.80 mmol, 30equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Waters XBridge XP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 53% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a brown solid (7.5 mg, 7% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.18 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.32 (m, 3H), 4.73-4.67 (m, 1H), 4.32-4.28 (d, $J = 14.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.06-3.81 (m, 2H), 3.49-3.40 (m, 1H), 1.28-1.26 (m, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 251 $[M+H]^+$.

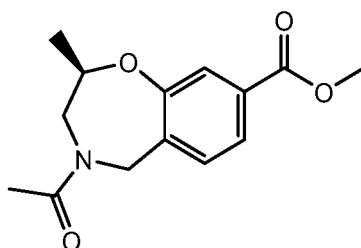
Table-10: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 17, using methyl (S)-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i> : 251 [M+H] ⁺	11.17 (s, 1H), 9.01 (br, 1H), 7.43-7.32 (m, 3H), 4.73-4.71 (m, 1H), 4.32-4.28 (m, 1H), 4.11-3.80 (m, 3H), 3.68 (m, 1H), 1.26-1.29 (m, 3H)

Example 18 – Preparation of (R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

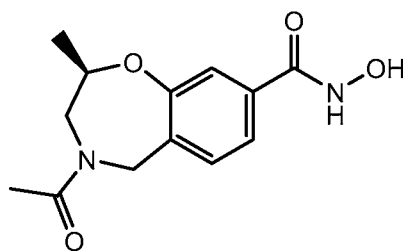


Step-1: Methyl (R)-4-acetyl-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00159] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.36 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) and triethylamine (110 mg, 1.09 mmol, 3 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of acetyl chloride (31 mg, 0.39 mmol, 1.10 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a green oil which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 264 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: (R)-4-Acetyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

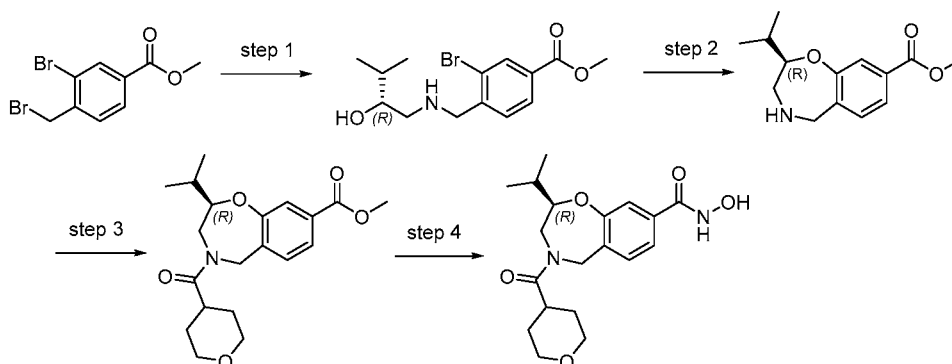


[00160] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-4-acetyl-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (90 mg, 0.34 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL). aq. 1N NaOH (0.68 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.67 mL, 30 equiv) were added. The resulting solution was stirred for 14 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 4% B to 18% B in 6 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a green oil (12.5 mg, 10% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) $\delta(\text{ppm})$: 11.18-11.16 (br, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.25 (m, 3H), 4.76-4.68 (m, 1H), 4.53-4.49 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.12-3.86 (m, 2H), 3.42-3.41 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.98 (d, $J = 12.8$ Hz, 3H), 1.31-1.25 (m, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 265 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

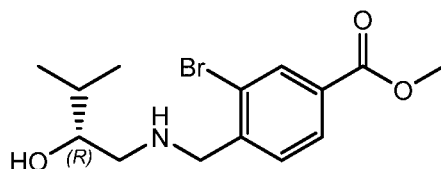
Table-11: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 18, using methyl (S)-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-8-carboxylate.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) $\delta(\text{ppm})$</u>
	(ES, m/z : 265 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$)	11.17-11.15 (br, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.44-7.28 (m, 3H), 4.77-4.72 (m, 1H), 4.68-4.34 (m, 1H), 4.15-3.98 (m, 2H), 3.67-3.39 (m, 1H), 2.07-1.98 (d, $J = 12.8$ Hz, 3H), 1.31-1.26 (m, 3H)

Example 19 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

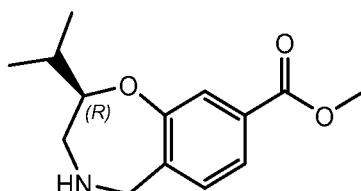


Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



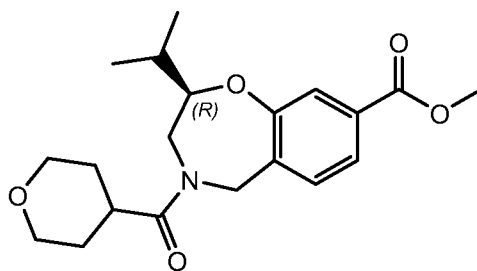
[00161] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed (R)-1-amino-3-methylbutan-2-ol (6.41 g, 62.13 mmol, 2 equiv), MeCN (100 mL) and K_2CO_3 (6.44 g, 46.60 mmol, 1.5 equiv). This was followed by the addition of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (9.52 g, 30.91 mmol, 1 equiv) in several batches. The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (200 mL) and washed with H_2O (2 x 100 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 3:2) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (6.48 g, 63% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 330 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (R)-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



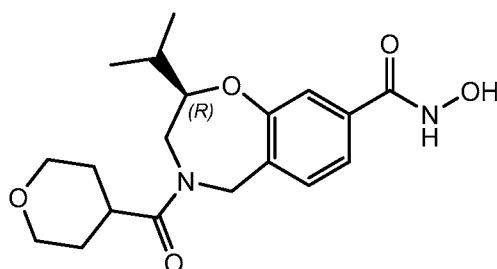
[00162] Into a 100-mL pressure tank reactor purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (4.91 g, 14.87 mmol, 1 equiv), isopropanol (50 mL), K₂CO₃ (3.09 g, 22.36 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and CuI (1.42 g, 7.46 mmol, 0.5 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at 110 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL) and washed with H₂O (3 x 100 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by C18 chromatography (MeCN/H₂O+0.05% TFA, 1:3) to afford the TFA salt of the title compound as a green solid (1.5 g, 40% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 250 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl (R)-2-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00163] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed methyl (R)-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate•TFA (100 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1 equiv) and DMF (10 mL). This was followed by the addition of tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carboxylic acid (62.4 mg, 0.48 mmol, 1.2 equiv), HATU (183 mg, 0.76 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DIEA (155 mg, 1.20 mmol, 3 equiv) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature and then diluted with EtOAc (50 mL). The resulting mixture was washed with H₂O (5x50 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated to afford the title compound as yellow oil (150 mg) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 362 [M+H]⁺.

Step-4: (R)-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

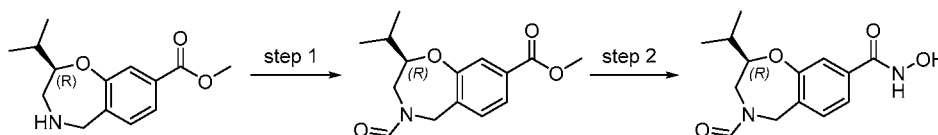


[00164] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (R)-2-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (150 mg, 0.42 mmol, 1 equiv) and THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL). Then NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.84 mL, 12.73 mmol, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.84mL, 0.82 mmol, 2 equiv) were added at the same time. The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 10% B to 30% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (21.6 mg, 13% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) $\delta(\text{ppm})$: 11.20 (br, 1H), 7.52-7.50 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.42 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 4.92-4.88 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 0.5H), 4.80-4.76 (d, $J = 14.8$ Hz, 0.4H), 4.61-4.57 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 0.5H), 4.40-4.36 (d, $J = 15.2$ Hz, 0.4H), 4.15-4.12 (d, $J = 11.6$ Hz, 0.5H), 3.99-3.96 (d, $J = 11.6$ Hz, 0.5H), 3.80-3.78 (m, 2H), 3.70-3.68 (m, 1H), 3.54-3.48 (m, 1H), 3.41-3.32 (m, 2H), 2.98 (m, 0.5H), 2.88-2.86 (m, 0.4H), 1.98-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.57-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.33 (m, 1H), 1.22-1.19 (d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.08-1.02 (m, 6H). MS: (ES, m/z): 363 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

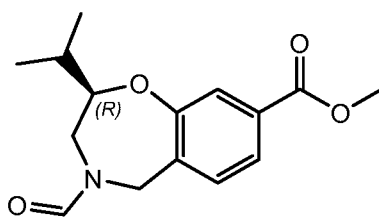
Table-12: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 19.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) $\delta(\text{ppm})$</u>
	(ES, m/z): 347 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.19 (br, 1H), 7.39-7.28 (m, 3H), 4.78-4.64 (m, 1H), 4.44-4.36 (t, 1H), 3.90-3.64 (m, 2H), 3.53-3.47 (m, 1H), 2.39-2.32 (m, 2H), 1.94-1.89 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.59-1.56 (m, 1H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.08-1.03 (m, 6H)

Example 20 – Preparation of (R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

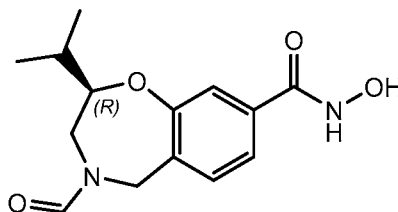


Step-1: Methyl (R)-4-formyl-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00165] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (R)-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate•TFA (80 mg, 0.32 mmol, 1 equiv) and ethyl formate (1.5 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at 60 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as yellow oil (90 mg) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 278 $[M+H]^+$.

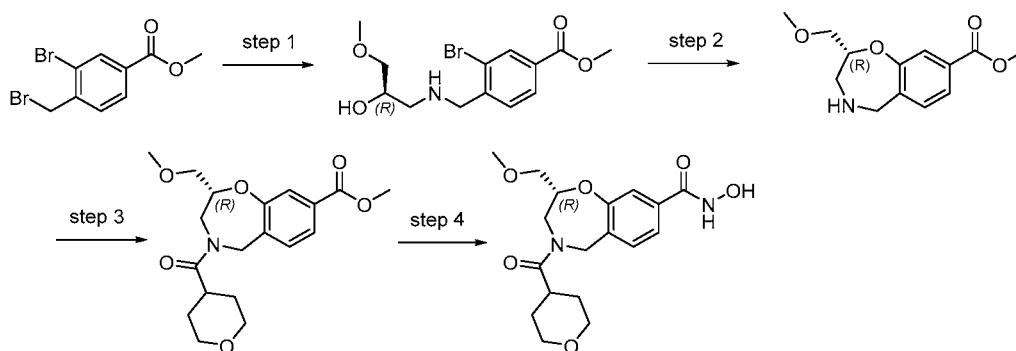
Step-2: (R)-4-Formyl-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



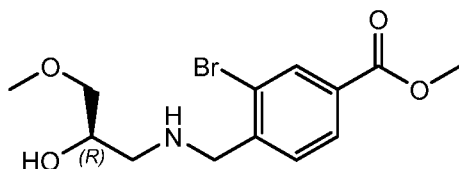
[00166] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (R)-4-formyl-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (89 mg, 0.32 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL). Then NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.64 mL, 9.70 mmol, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.64 mL, 0.65 mmol, 2 equiv) were added at the same time. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire

Prep C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 36% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (11.3 mg, 11% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.20 (br, 1H), 8.20 (s, 4H), 8.06 (s, 0.6H), 7.45-7.32 (m, 3H), 4.81-4.72 (m, 1H), 4.54-4.50 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 0.4H), 4.30-4.27 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 0.6H), 4.09-4.05 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 0.4H), 3.90-3.83 (m, 0.6H), 3.61-3.49 (m, 1.5H), 3.43-3.37 (m, 0.5H), 1.95-1.88 (m, 1H), 1.09-1.03 (m, 6H). MS: (ES, m/z): 279 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 21 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



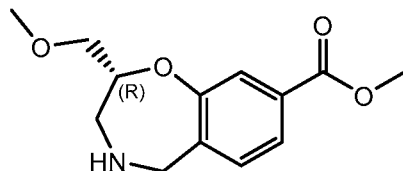
Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-3-methoxypropyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



[00167] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of (R)-1-amino-3-methoxypropan-2-ol (5.7 g, 54.22 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in MeCN (150 mL) and K_2CO_3 (10 g, 72.46 mmol, 1.5 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (15.2 g, 49.36 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (100 mL) dropwise with stirring at room temperature. The resulting mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H_2O (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL). The organic layer was washed with H_2O (2 x 100 mL) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography

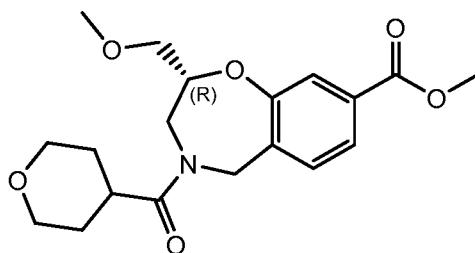
(EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:4) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (6.4 g, 39% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 332 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (R)-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00168] Into a 150-mL pressure tank reactor purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-3-methoxypropyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (6.4 g, 19.27 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (130 mL), K_2CO_3 (4.01 g, 29.06 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and CuI (1.47 g, 7.74 mmol, 0.4 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at 110 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H_2O (100 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 100 mL). The organic layer was washed with H_2O (2 x 100 mL) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by C18 chromatography (MeCN/ H_2O +0.05% TFA, 88:12) to afford the TFA salt of the title compound as a yellow solid (3.5 g, 50% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 252 $[M+H]^+$.

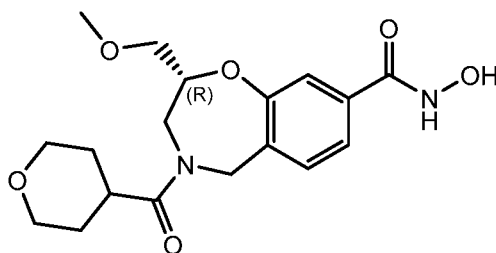
Step-3: Methyl (R)-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00169] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate•TFA (100 mg, 0.27 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2 mL) and HATU (125 mg, 0.33 mmol, 1.20 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carboxylic acid (43 mg, 0.33 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in DMF (0.5 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. To this was added DIEA (106 mg, 0.82 mmol, 3 equiv) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred for 18 h at room temperature and then diluted with H_2O (10

mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (2 x 20 mL) and brine (20 mL), then dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 2:1) to afford the title compound as a colorless oil (94 mg, 94% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 364 [M+H]⁺.

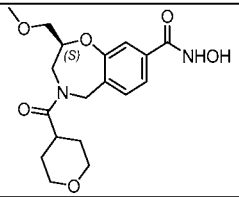
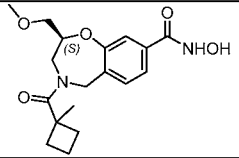
Step-4: (R)-N-Hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



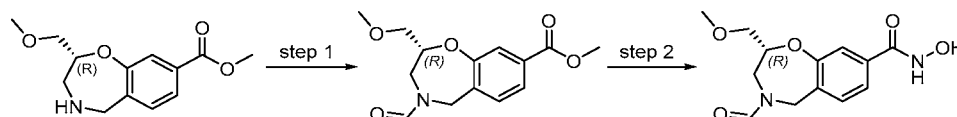
[00170] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (94 mg, 0.26 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 3 mL). Then aq. 1N NaOH (0.52 mL, 2.00 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 0.51 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 23 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 30% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (27.7 mg, 29% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.15 (br, 1H), 9.08 (br, 1H), 7.53-7.29 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.43 (m, 2H), 4.18-4.01 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.93 (m, 1H), 3.80-3.49 (m, 5H), 3.40-3.32 (m, 5H), 2.98-2.85 (m, 1H), 1.57-1.41 (m, 3H), 1.30-1.27 (m, 1H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 365 [M+H]⁺.

Table-13: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 21, using (S)-1-amino-3-methoxypropan-2-ol where appropriate.

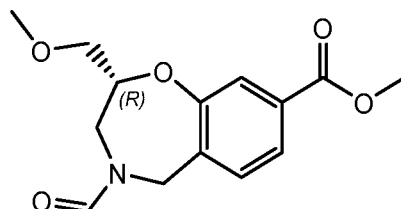
Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.18 (br, 1H), 9.02 (br, 1H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 3H), 4.81-4.68 (m, 1H), 4.38-4.13 (m, 2H), 3.76-3.47 (m, 4H), 3.35-3.32 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.0 Hz, 3H), 2.35-2.33 (m, 2H), 1.94-1.75 (m, 3H), 1.58-1.55 (m, 1H), 1.33 (s, 3H)

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 365 [M+H] ⁺	11.18 (br, 1H), 9.03 (br, 1H), 7.53-7.29 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.43 (m, 2H), 4.19-4.09 (m, 1H), 4.01-3.96 (m, 1H), 3.93-3.51 (m, 5H), 3.41-3.32 (m, 5H), 2.99-2.87 (m, 1H), 1.54-1.45 (m, 3H), 1.30-1.27 (d, <i>J</i> = 12.8 Hz, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.18 (br, 1H), 9.03 (br, 1H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 3H), 4.81-4.68 (m, 1H), 4.44-4.13 (m, 2H), 3.76-3.48 (m, 4H), 3.35-3.33 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 2.35-2.33 (m, 2H), 1.94-1.75 (m, 3H), 1.58-1.55 (m, 1H), 1.33 (s, 3H)

Example 22 – Preparation of (R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

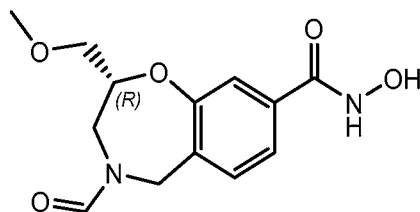


Step-1: Methyl (R)-4-formyl-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00171] Methyl (R)-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate•TFA (100 mg, 0.27 mmol, 1 equiv) was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) and Et₃N (28 mg, 0.27mmol, 1 equiv) was added. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue and ethyl formate (2.5 mL) were added to a 10 mL sealed tube. The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at 60 °C in an oil bath. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as light yellow oil (70 mg), which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 280 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: (R)-4-Formyl-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

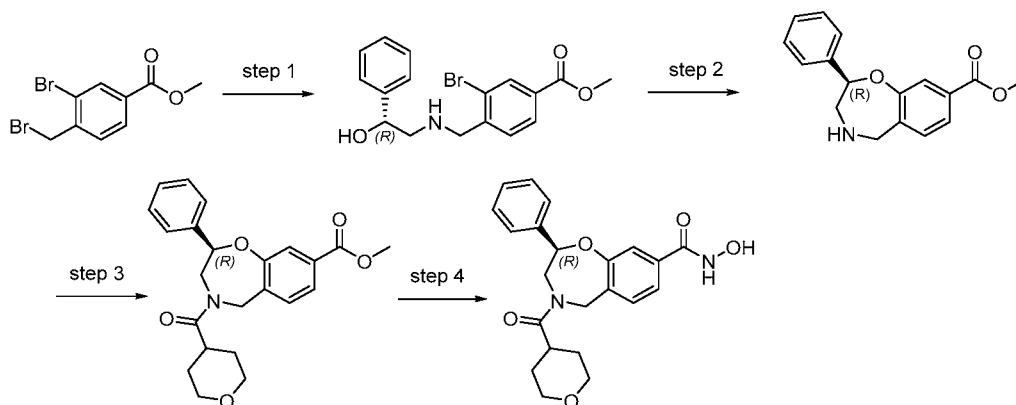


[00172] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-4-formyl-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (70 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL). Then aq. 1N NaOH (0.50 mL, 2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 0.50 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 15% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a brown solid (7.5 mg, 11% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 11.13 (br, 1H), 9.05-9.04 (br, 1H), 8.20-8.04 (d, 1H), 7.45-7.33 (m, 3H), 4.78-4.73 (m, 1H), 4.55-4.31 (m, 1H), 4.09-3.83 (m, 2H), 3.61-3.43 (m, 3H), 3.34-3.33 (d, 3H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 281 [M+H]⁺.

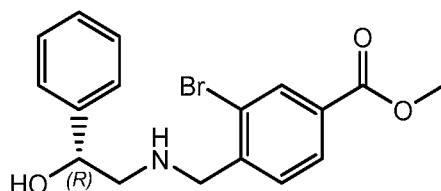
Table-14: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 22, using methyl (S)-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate •TFA.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 281 [M+H] ⁺	11.18 (br, 1H), 9.08 (br, 1H), 8.21-8.04 (d, 1H), 7.45-7.34 (m, 3H), 4.78-4.73 (m, 1H), 4.56-4.32 (m, 1H), 4.09-3.84 (m, 2H), 3.62-3.44 (m, 3H), 3.34-3.33 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.60 Hz, 3H)

Example 23 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

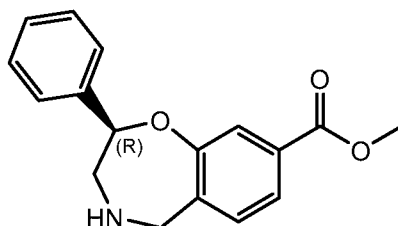


Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



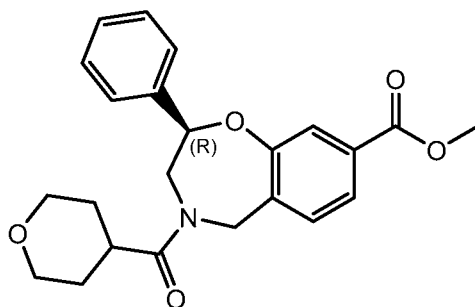
[00173] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of (R)-2-amino-1-phenylethanol (10 g, 72.90 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in MeCN (100 mL), then K_2CO_3 (8.7 g, 62.49 mmol, 1.3 equiv) was added. This was followed by the slow addition of a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (15 g, 48.71 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (120 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (350 mL) and washed with H_2O (3 x 100 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (9.7 g, 57% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 364 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (R)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



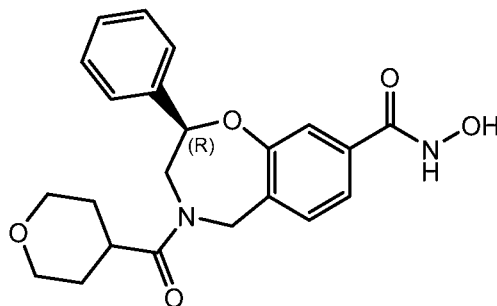
[00174] Into a 100-mL sealed tube, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (4.0 g, 10.98 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (80 mL), then K₂CO₃ (3.1 g, 22.43 mmol, 2 equiv) was added. This was followed by the addition of CuI (630 mg, 3.31 mmol, 0.3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 110 °C in an oil bath. The solids were filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (300 mL) and washed with H₂O (3 x 150 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in DMF and purified by C18 chromatography (MeCN/H₂O+0.05% TFA, 5% to 20% in 15 min) to afford the TFA salt of the title compound as a white solid (1.9 g, 61% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 284 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl (R)-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00175] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate•TFA (100 mg, 0.77 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2.0 mL), then HATU (114.8 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carboxylic acid (39.3 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1.2 equiv) were added. To this was added DIEA (97.2 mg, 0.75 mmol, 3 equiv) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (20 mL) and washed with H₂O (3 x 15 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 3:2) to afford the title compound as a colorless oil (90 mg, 30% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 396 [M+H]⁺.

Step-4: (R)-N-Hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

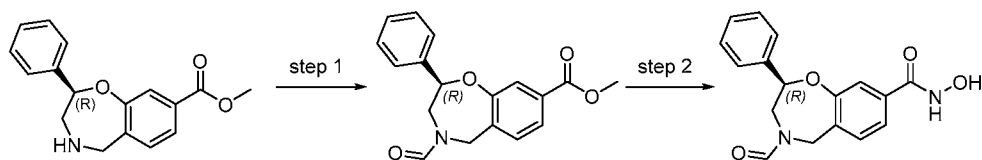


[00176] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (90 mg, 0.23 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), then aq. 1N NaOH (0.48 mL, 2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 0.48 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 30% B to 70% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (60.9 mg, 67% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.16 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.61-7.35 (m, 8H), 5.15-5.03 (m, 1H), 4.95-4.90 (m, 1H), 4.74-4.48 (m, 1H), 4.29-4.08 (m, 1H), 3.94-3.66 (m, 3H), 3.45-3.32 (m, 2H), 3.27-2.87 (m, 1H), 1.54-1.49 (m, 4H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 397 [M+H]⁺.

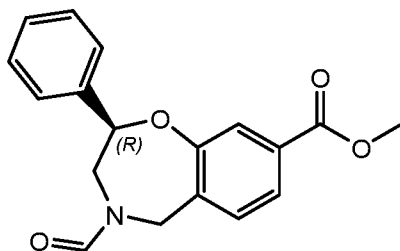
Table-15: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 23.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 381 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.35 (m, 8H), 5.11 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.94 (m, 1H), 4.45-3.72 (m, 2H), 2.50 (s, 2H), 1.91-1.57 (m, 4H), 1.35 (m, 3H)

Example 24 – Preparation of (R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

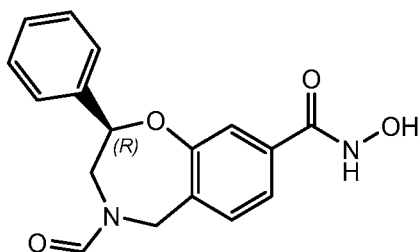


Step-1: Methyl (R)-4-formyl-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00177] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate•TFA (110 mg, 1.48 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (2.0 mL). This was followed by the addition of Et_3N (27.6 mg, 1 equiv). The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. Then ethyl formate (3.0 mL) was added. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 3:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (140 mg, 30% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 312 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

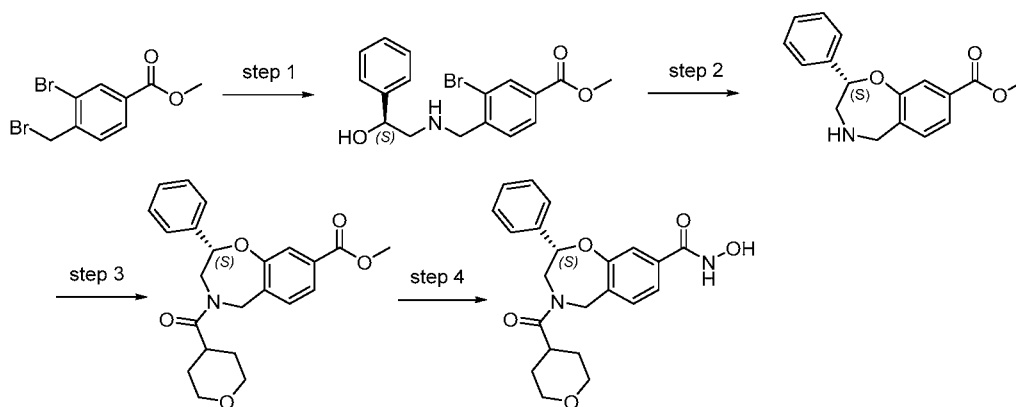
Step-2: (R)-4-Formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



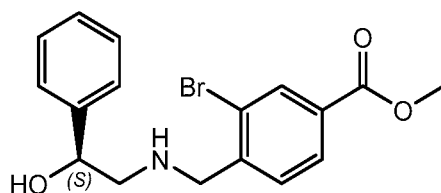
[00178] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-4-formyl-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (140 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2.5 mL), then aq. 1N NaOH (0.88 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 0.88 mL, 30

equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 30% B to 70% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (60.9 mg, 67% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.14 (br, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.27-8.15 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.38 (m, 8H), 4.99-4.86 (m, 2H), 4.66-4.37 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.02 (m, 1H), 3.81-3.57 (m, 1H). MS: (ES, m/z): 313 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 25 – Preparation of (S)-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



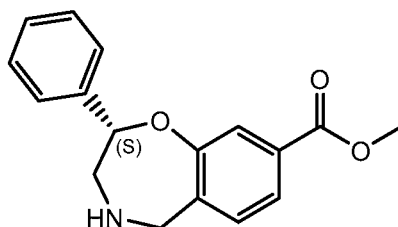
Step-1: Methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



[00179] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of (S)-2-amino-1-phenylethanol (10 g, 72.90 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in MeCN (150 mL), then K_2CO_3 (8.7 g, 62.49 mmol, 1.3 equiv) was added. This was followed by the slow addition of a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (15 g, 48.71 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (100 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The solution was diluted with H_2O (200 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL). The organic layer was washed with H_2O (2 x 200 mL) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was

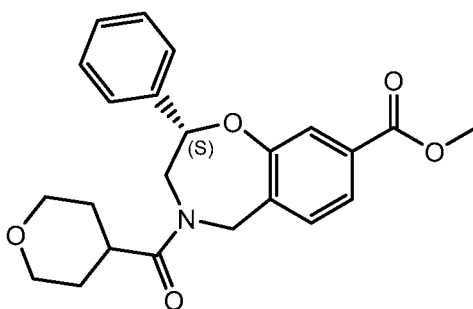
purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:2) to afford the title compound as a white solid (7.9 g, 45% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 364 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (S)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00180] Into a 100-mL sealed tube, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (7.9 g, 21.69 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (180 mL), then K_2CO_3 (4.49 g, 32.54 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added. This was followed by the addition of CuI (1.24 g, 6.53 mmol, 0.3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 110 °C in an oil bath. The reaction was concentrated under vacuum and diluted with H_2O (150 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 100 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a brown oil (2.9 g, 47% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 284 $[M+H]^+$.

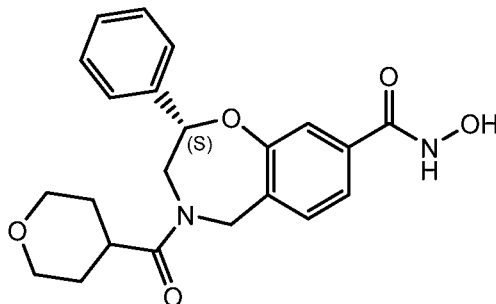
Step-3: Methyl (S)-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00181] Into a 8-mL vial, a solution of methyl (S)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.35 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2.0 mL), HATU (161 mg, 0.42 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carboxylic acid (46 mg, 0.35 mmol, 1 equiv), and DIEA (136 mg, 1.05 mmol, 3 equiv) was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was diluted with H_2O (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was washed with H_2O (3 x 10 mL) and concentrated under vacuum. The

residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (100 mg, 72% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 396 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-4: (S)-N-Hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

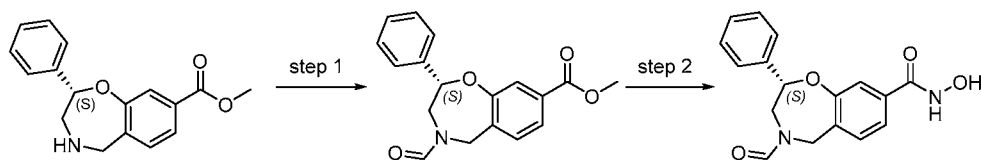


[00182] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), then aq. 1N NaOH (0.42 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 0.42 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 30% B to 70% B in 10 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (54.3 mg, 54% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.16 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.61-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.51-7.32 (m, 6H), 5.15-5.03 (m, 1H), 4.95-4.86 (m, 1H), 4.81-4.46 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.06 (m, 1H), 3.98-3.89 (m, 0.5H), 3.88-3.77 (m, 2H), 3.76-3.66 (m, 0.5H), 3.48-3.35 (m, 2H), 3.13-2.98 (m, 0.5H), 2.97-2.84 (m, 0.5H), 1.65-1.37 (m, 3H), 1.31-1.20 (m, 1H). MS: (ES, m/z): 397 $[M+H]^+$.

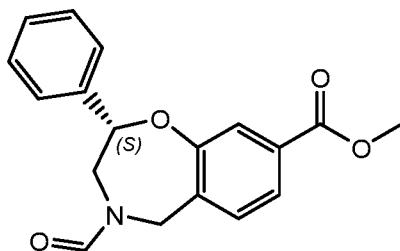
Table-16: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 25.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>1H-NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, m/z): 381 $[M+H]^+$	11.16 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.35 (m, 8H), 5.26-5.08 (m, 1H), 5.03-4.79 (m, 1H), 4.56-4.41 (m, 1H), 4.11-3.62 (m, 2H), 2.49-2.18 (m, 2H), 1.98-1.53 (m, 4H), 1.41-1.28 (s, 3H)

Example 26 – Preparation of (S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

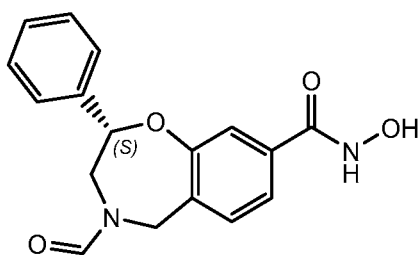


Step-1: Methyl (S)-4-formyl-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00183] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (S)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.35 mmol, 1 equiv) and ethyl formate (3 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 61 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (50 mg, 46% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 312 $[M+H]^+$.

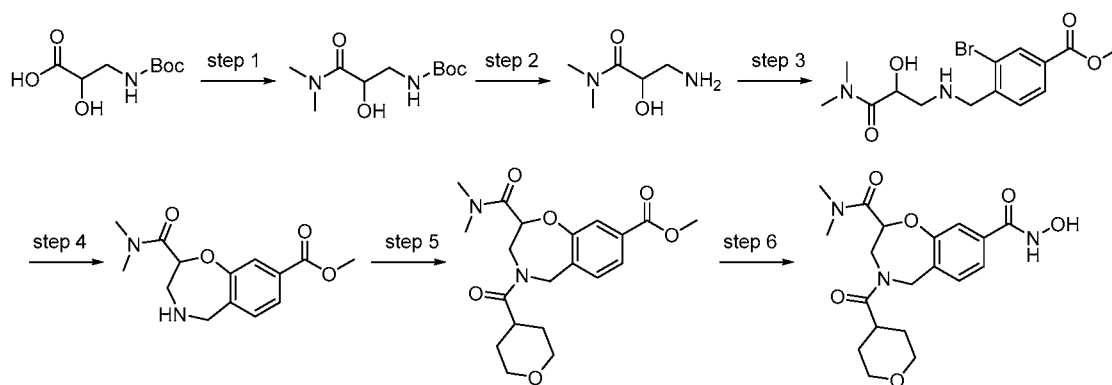
Step-2: (S)-4-Formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



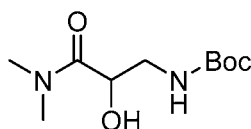
[00184] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-4-formyl-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (50 mg, 0.16 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL), then aq. 1N NaOH (0.32 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 0.31 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room

temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 30% B to 70% B in 10 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (3.8 mg, 8% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.38-10.89 (br, 1H), 9.23-8.89 (br, 1H), 8.27-8.13 (m, 1H), 7.57-7.49 (m, 3H), 7.48-7.38 (m, 5H), 5.01-4.86 (m, 2H), 4.66-4.33 (m, 1H), 4.23-4.03 (m, 1H), 3.81-3.58 (m, 1H). MS: (ES, m/z): 313 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 27 – Preparation of N⁸-hydroxy-N²,N²-dimethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-2,8-dicarboxamide



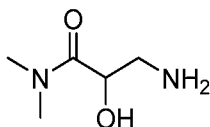
Step-1: tert-Butyl (3-(dimethylamino)-2-hydroxy-3-oxopropyl)carbamate



[00185] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, were placed a solution of 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2-hydroxypropanoic acid (1 g, 4.87 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (24 mL), dimethylamine hydrochloride (800 mg, 9.81 mmol, 2 equiv), and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (1.49 g, 12.21 mmol, 2.5 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (1.51 g, 7.33 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) dropwise at room temperature and the resulting solution was stirred at this temperature for 3 days. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and the residue was re-dissolved with Et_2O (20 mL). The precipitated solid was filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was re-dissolved with EtOAc (20 mL) and the resulting mixture was washed with aq.

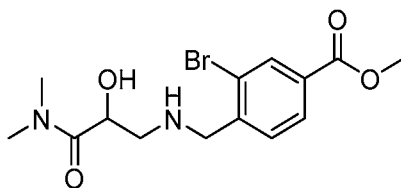
NH₄Cl (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and the solvent was removed *in vacuo* to afford the title compound as brown oil (800 mg crude), which was used without further purification.

Step-2: 3-Amino-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylpropanamide



[00186] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of tert-butyl (3-(dimethylamino)-2-hydroxy-3-oxopropyl)carbamate (800 mg, 3.44 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (8 mL). This was followed by the addition of TFA (3 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 6 h. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was re-dissolved with H₂O (2 mL). Aqueous 2N NaOH was added to adjust the pH value to 7 and the resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved with EtOAc (20 mL) and the solid was filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as light yellow oil (500 mg crude), which was used without further purification.

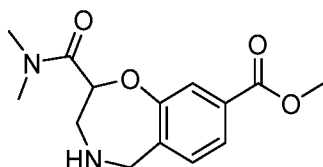
Step-3: Methyl 3-bromo-4-(((3-(dimethylamino)-2-hydroxy-3-oxopropyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



[00187] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, were placed a solution of 3-amino-2-hydroxy-N,N-dimethylpropanamide (500 mg, 3.78 mmol, 2 equiv) in MeCN (8 mL) and K₂CO₃ (389 mg, 2.82 mmol, 1.5 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (618 mg, 2.01 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (5 mL) dropwise at room temperature and the resulting solution was stirred at this temperature for 24 h. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was re-dissolved with H₂O (10 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL) and the organic layer was washed with H₂O (2 x 10 mL).

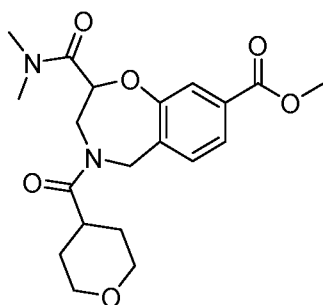
The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (MeOH/CH₂Cl₂, 1:13) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (80 mg, 11% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 359 [M+H]⁺.

Step-4: Methyl 2-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00188] Into a 8-mL sealed tube purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, were placed a mixture of methyl 3-bromo-4-(((3-(dimethylamino)-2-hydroxy-3-oxopropyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (80 mg, 0.22 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (4 mL), K₂CO₃ (46 mg, 0.33 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and CuI (13 mg, 0.07 mmol, 0.3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred at 120 °C for 17 h. After cooling to room temperature, the resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. Water was added and the resulting solution was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (2 x 10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and filtered. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (MeOH/CH₂Cl₂, 1:13) to afford the title compound as a colorless oil (30 mg, 48% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 279 [M+H]⁺.

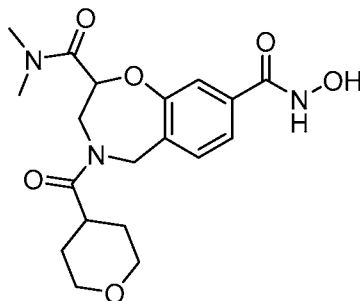
Step-5: Methyl 2-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00189] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of oxane-4-carboxylic acid (13 mg, 0.10 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (1.5 mL), and HATU (45 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.2 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 2-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-

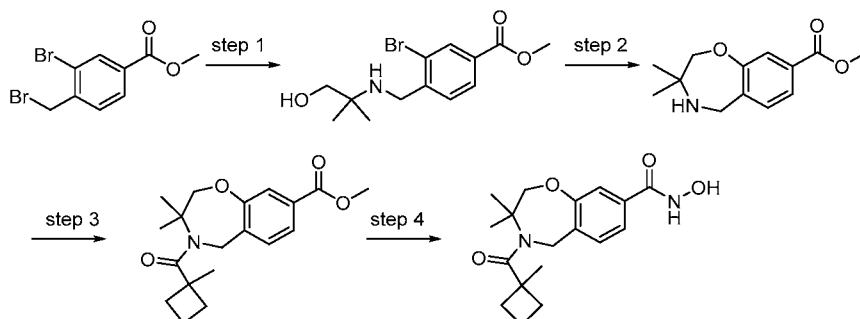
tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (30 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in DMF (0.5 mL) and DIEA (38 mg, 0.29 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 17 h. Water was added and the resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (2 x 10 mL) and brine (2 x 10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and filtered. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (15 mg, 36% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 391 [M+H]⁺.

Step-6: N⁸-Hydroxy-N²,N²-dimethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-2,8-dicarboxamide

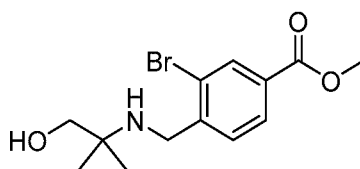


[00190] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl 2-(dimethylcarbamoyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (15 mg, 0.04 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL), then NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.1 mL, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.1 mL, 2 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature and the crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 30% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a brown oil (3.7 mg, 25% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.41-11.11 (br, 1H), 7.61-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.32 (m, 2H), 5.01-4.91 (m, 1H), 4.89-4.72 (m, 1H), 4.69-4.42 (m, 1H), 4.19-4.16 (m, 1H), 4.02-3.99 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.75 (m, 3H), 3.41-3.30 (m, 2H), 3.12-3.05 (m, 3H), 2.92-2.86 (m, 3H), 1.61-1.24 (m, 4H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 392[M+H]⁺.

Example 28 – Preparation of N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

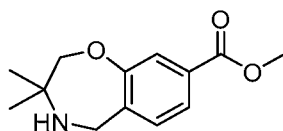


Step-1: Methyl 3-bromo-4-[[[(1-hydroxy-2-methylpropan-2-yl)amino]methyl]benzoate



[00191] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, were placed a solution of 2-amino-2-methylpropan-1-ol (11.52 g, 129.24 mmol, 2 equiv) in MeCN (150 mL), K_2CO_3 (13.40 g, 97.10 mmol, 1.5 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (20 g, 64.94 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (50 mL) dropwise with stirring at room temperature. The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H_2O (200 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL) and the organic layers combined, washed with H_2O (3 x 200 mL), and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:4) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (8.7 g, 42% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 316 $[M+H]^+$.

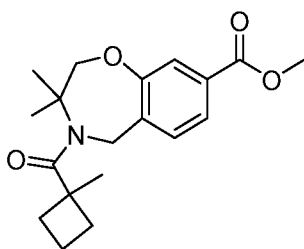
Step 2: Methyl 3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00192] Into a 250-mL pressure tank reactor purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, were placed a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-[[[(1-hydroxy-2-methylpropan-2-

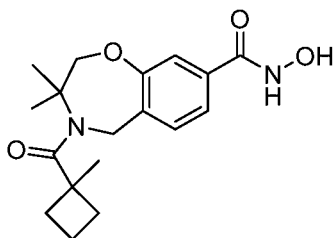
yl)amino]methyl]benzoate (8.7 g, 27.52 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (150 mL), K_2CO_3 (5.7 g, 41.30 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and CuI (1.57 g, 8.26 mmol, 0.3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 110 °C in an oil bath, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H_2O (200 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL) and the combined organic layers was washed with H_2O (3 x 200 mL) and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:2) to afford the title compound as a green oil (3.9 g, 60% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 7.63-7.60 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.52 (s, 1H), 7.25-7.23 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 3.94-3.89 (m, 5H), 1.23 (s, 6H). MS: (ES, m/z): 236 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-3: Methyl 3,3-dimethyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



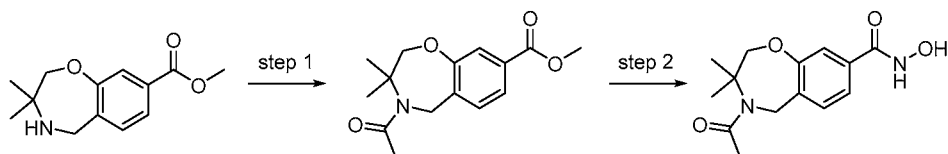
[00193] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl 3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (200 mg, 0.85 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF (3 mL), and pyridine (336 mg, 4.25 mmol, 5 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of 1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl chloride (120 mg, 0.91 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF (1 mL) dropwise with stirring. The resulting solution was stirred for 17 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H_2O (10 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL) and the combined organic layers was washed with H_2O (3 x 10 mL) and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (54 mg, 19% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 332 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-4: N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

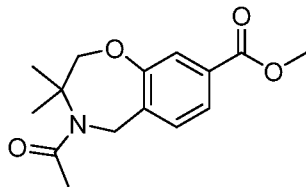


[00194] Into a 8-mL sealed tube, was placed a solution of methyl 3,3-dimethyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (54 mg, 0.16 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL). This was followed by the addition of NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.33 mL, 30 equiv). To this was added aq. 1N NaOH (0.33 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 15% B to 41% B in 10 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a light pink solid (13 mg, 24% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.13 (s, 1H), 7.26-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.51-4.22 (m, 4H), 2.13-2.10 (s, 2H), 1.88-1.83 (s, 3H), 1.51-1.45 (m, 7H), 1.34 (s, 1H). MS: (ES, m/z): 333 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 29 – Preparation of 4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

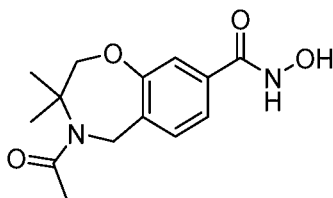


Step-1: Methyl 4-acetyl-3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00195] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl 3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL) and Et_3N (172 mg, 1.70 mmol, 4 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of acetyl chloride (37 mg, 0.47 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.5 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at room temperature and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL) and washed with H_2O (3 x 20 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated to afford the title compound as a green oil (80 mg) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 278 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

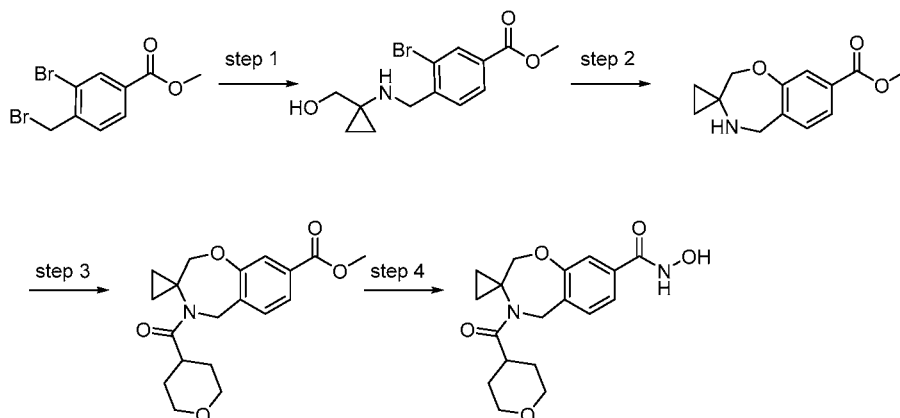
Step-2: 4-Acetyl-N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



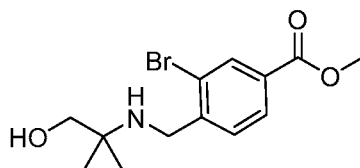
[00196] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl 4-acetyl-3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (171 mg, 0.62 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2.5 mL), followed by aq. 1N NaOH (1.23 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 1.22 mL, 30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 4% B to 23% B in 6 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a brown solid (41 mg,

24% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.13 (br, 1H), 9.01 (br, 1H), 7.26 (s, 2H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 4.28 (s, 2H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.44 (s, 6H). MS: (ES, m/z): 279 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 30 – Preparation of N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxamide

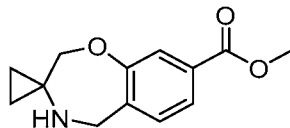


Step-1: Methyl 3-bromo-4-(((1-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopropyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



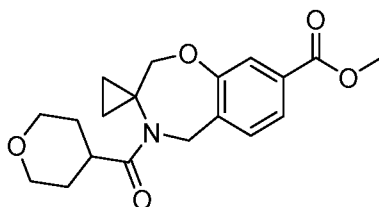
[00197] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed (1-aminocyclopropyl)methanol hydrochloride (6 g, 48.55 mmol, 2 equiv), K_2CO_3 (11 g, 79.59 mmol, 3.5 equiv) in MeCN (120 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (15 g, 48.71 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (150 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C over 2h. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (7 g, 46% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 314, 316 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl 4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxylate



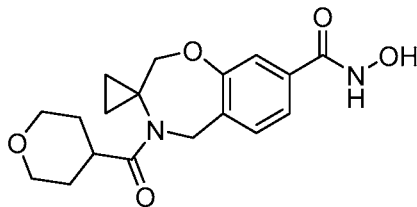
[00198] Into a 40-mL sealed tube purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(((1-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopropyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (1.5 g, 4.77 mmol, 1 equiv), CuI (273 mg, 1.43 mmol, 0.3 equiv), K₂CO₃ (992 mg, 7.18 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in isopropanol (28 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 110 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and the residue was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (150 mL). The solids were filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by C18 chromatography (MeCN/H₂O+0.05% TFA, 1:4) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (0.8 g, 72% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 234 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl 4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxylate



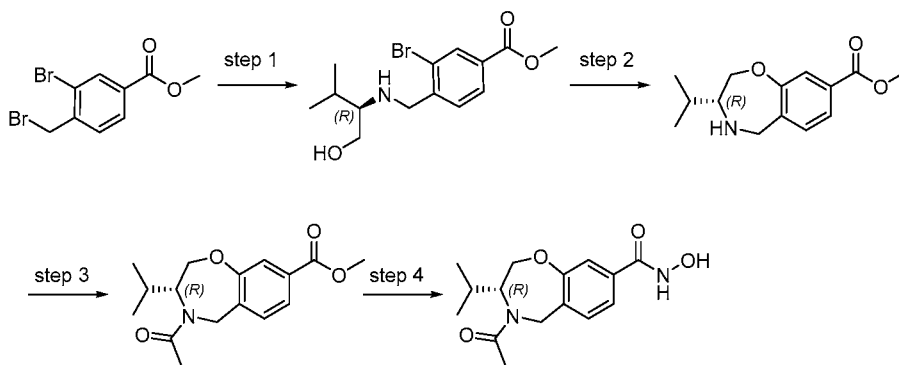
[00199] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of methyl 4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxylate (130 mg, 0.56 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), and pyridine (1 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h followed by addition of oxane-4-carbonyl chloride (400 mg, 2.69 mmol, 4.83 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (60 mg, 31% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 346 [M+H]⁺.

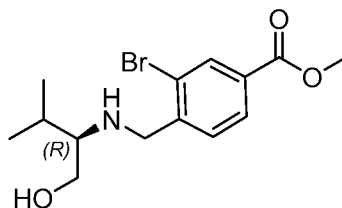
Step-4: N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxamide



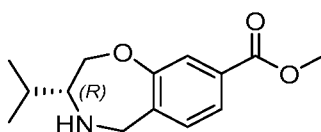
[00200] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxylate (60 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1 equiv), NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.50 mL, 44.56 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (1.5 mL, 8.82 equiv), and THF/MeOH (4:1, 3 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05 % formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 12% B to 34% B in 9 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (21.5 mg, 32% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.18 (br, 1H), 7.57-7.29 (m, 3H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 3.82-3.76 (m, 4H), 3.57-3.24 (m, 2H), 3.23-2.75 (m, 1H), 1.48-0.85 (m, 8H). MS: (ES, m/z): 347 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 31 – Preparation of (R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



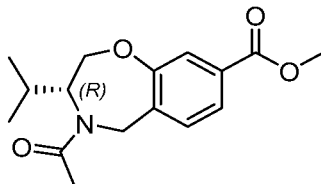
Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate

[00201] Into a 1-L round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of (R)-2-amino-3-methylbutan-1-ol (23.33 g, 226.15 mmol, 2 equiv) in MeCN (300 mL). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (35 g, 113.65 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (200 mL) dropwise with stirring. The resulting solution was stirred for 15 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H₂O (300 mL), extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL) and the combined organic layers were concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:4) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (22 g, 59% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 330 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: Methyl (R)-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

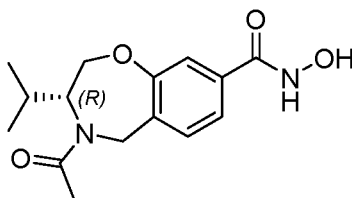
[00202] Into a 500-mL pressure tank reactor purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, were placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxy-3-methylbutan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate (13 g, 39.37 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (260 mL), K₂CO₃ (8.16 g, 59.13 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and CuI (2.25 g, 11.84 mmol, 0.3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 24 h at 110 °C in an oil bath and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H₂O (300 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 300 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (3 x 300 mL) and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (4.9 g, 50% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 7.66-7.64 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.30-7.28 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.52-4.22 (m, 1H), 4.07-3.94 (m, 2H), 3.94-3.84 (m, 3H), 3.81-3.62 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.72 (m, 1H) 1.09-0.91 (m, 6H). MS: (ES, m/z): 250 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl (R)-4-acetyl-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00203] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (150 mg, 0.60 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) and Et₃N (243 mg, 2.40 mmol, 4 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of acetyl chloride (52 mg, 0.66 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL), washed with H₂O (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (120 mg, 68% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 292 [M+H]⁺.

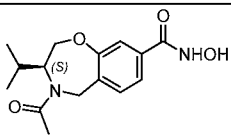
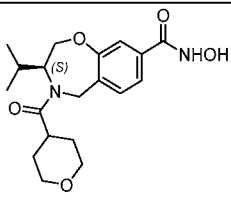
Step-4: (R)-4-Acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



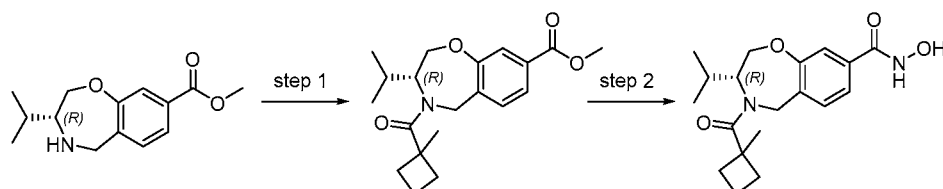
[00204] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-4-acetyl-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (120 mg, 0.41 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), followed by the addition of aq. 1N NaOH (0.82 mL, 2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 0.82 mL, 30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 40% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (81 mg, 67% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.14 (br, 1H),

7.37-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.95-4.90 (d, $J = 15.0$ Hz, 0.3H), 4.80-4.75 (d, $J = 15.0$ Hz, 0.6H), 4.58- 4.47 (m, 1.4H), 4.36-4.22 (m, 2H), 3.88-3.81 (m, 0.7H), 2.08-2.01 (m, 1H), 1.95-1.83 (m, 3H), 1-0.98 (m, 6H). MS: (ES, m/z): 293 $[M+H]^+$.

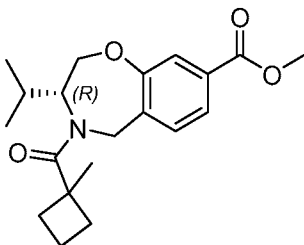
Table-17: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 31, using (S)-2-amino-3-methylbutan-1-ol.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, m/z): 293 $[M+H]^+$	11.13 (s, 1H), 7.41-7.11 (m, 3H), 4.98-4.72 (m, 1H), 4.62-4.41 (m, 2H), 4.39-4.17 (m, 2H), 2.11-1.88 (m, 4H), 1.08-0.81 (m, 6H)
	(ES, m/z): 363 $[M+H]^+$	11.17 (br, 1H), 9.01 (br, 1H), 7.43-7.17 (m, 3H), 4.92-4.77 (m, 2H), 4.57-4.55 (m, 0.6H), 4.38-4.28 (m, 2.4H), 4.08-4.01 (m, 0.4H), 3.85-3.83 (m, 1H), 3.81-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.43-3.33 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.11 (m, 0.6H), 2.95-2.92 (m, 0.4H), 2.76 (m, 0.6H), 2.01-1.72 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.23 (m, 3H), 1.02-0.81 (m, 6H), 0.71-0.68 (m, 1H)

Example 32 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



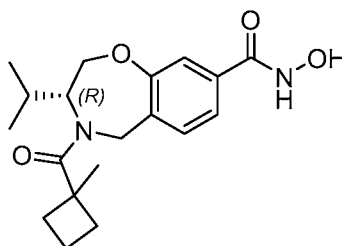
Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00205] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2 mL), HATU (184 mg, 0.48 mmol, 1.20 equiv), 1-methylcyclobutane-1-carboxylic acid (46 mg, 0.40

mmol, 1 equiv) and DIEA (156 mg, 1.21 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 19 h at room temperature. The reaction was diluted with H₂O (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (3 x 10 mL) and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:4) to afford the title compound as a brown oil (75 mg, 54% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 346 [M+H]⁺.

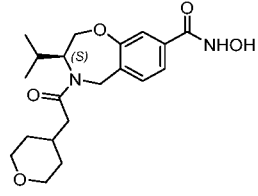
Step-2: (R)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



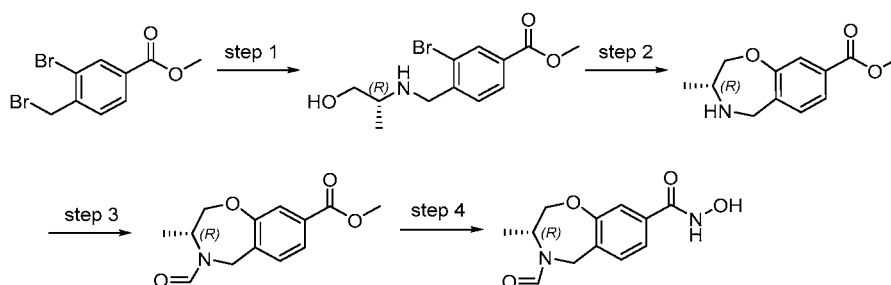
[00206] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (75 mg, 0.22 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), followed by the addition of NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.43 mL, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.44 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 70% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a pink solid (45 mg, 60% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.39-10.80 (br, 1H), 7.40-7.09 (m, 3H), 4.80-4.63 (m, 1H), 4.41-4.29 (m, 2H), 4.25-4.15 (m, 1H), 2.35-2.22 (m, 1H), 1.98-1.60 (m, 5H), 1.57-1.43 (m, 1H), 1.39-1.21 (m, 3H), 1.08-0.72 (m, 6H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 347 [M+H]⁺.

Table-18: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 32, using methyl (S)-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate.

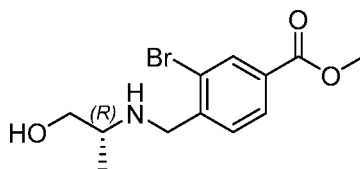
<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 347 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br, 1H), 7.39-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.75-4.71 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.66-4.53 (m, 1H), 4.41-4.29 (m, 2H), 4.23-4.17 (m, 1H), 2.37-2.27 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.59 (m, 5H), 1.59-1.42 (m, 1H), 1.39-1.22 (m, 3H), 0.99-0.89 (m, 3H), 0.87-0.72

Structure	Found M+H	¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 378 [M+H] ⁺	(m, 3H) 11.13 (br, 1H), 7.71 (br, 1H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.89 (m, 0.3H), 4.81-4.55 (m, 2H), 4.34-4.28 (m, 2H), 3.98-3.87 (m, 0.3H), 3.76-3.72 (m, 1.3H), 3.66-3.63 (m, 0.7H), 3.20-3.12 (m, 2H), 2.49-2.30 (m, 1H), 2.27-2.09 (m, 0.3H), 1.89-1.79 (m, 2.7H), 1.54-1.38 (m, 1H), 1.32-1.28 (m, 1H), 1.14-1.09 (m, 1H), 0.99-0.90 (m, 4H), 0.86-0.80 (m, 3H)

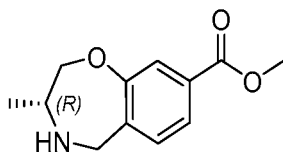
Example 33 – Preparation of (R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



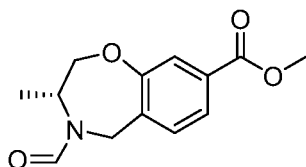
Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxypropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate



[00207] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask, was placed (R)-2-aminopropan-1-ol (3.64 g, 48.46 mmol, 1 equiv), MeCN (120 mL), K₂CO₃ (10.05 g, 72.72 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (15 g, 48.71 mmol, 1 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and diluted with water (200 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 300 mL), dried and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:5) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (6.5 g, 44% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 302 [M+H]⁺.

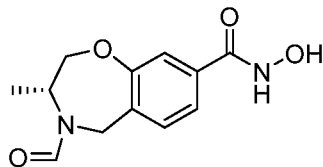
Step-2: Methyl (R)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

[00208] Into a 100-mL pressure tank reactor purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxypropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate (4 g, 13.24 mmol, 1 equiv), isopropanol (80 mL), K_2CO_3 (2.67 g, 19.32 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and CuI (760 mg, 3.99 mmol, 0.3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at 110 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and diluted with water (200 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 200 mL), dried and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:2) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (2.1 g, 72% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 9.30-9.15 (br, 1H), 7.74-7.72 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 2H), 4.47-4.36 (m, 3H), 3.85-3.79 (s, 3H), 3.77-3.75 (m, 2H), 1.23-1.22 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H). MS: (ES, m/z): 222 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-3: Methyl (R)-4-formyl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

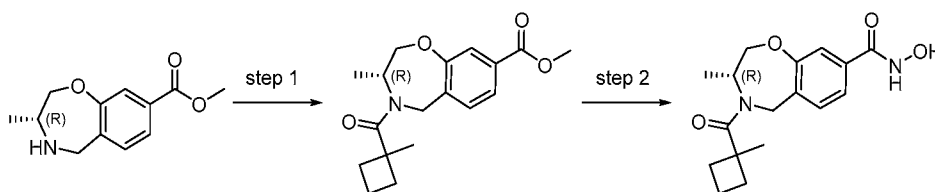
[00209] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (R)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (94 mg, 0.42 mmol, 1 equiv) and ethyl formate (2 mL, 1 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 20 h at 57 °C in an oil bath. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as yellow oil (100 mg) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 250 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-4: (R)-4-Formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

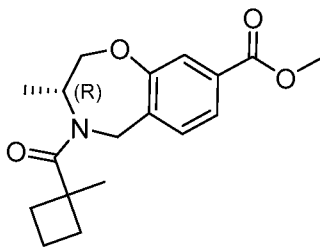


[00210] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (R)-4-formyl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1 equiv) and THF/MeOH (4:1, 2.5 mL). To this was added aq. 1N NaOH (0.8 mL, 2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 0.8 mL, 30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 24% B in 6 min; Detector: UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (66 mg, 45% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.14 (br, 1H), 8.15-8.13 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.21 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.79 (q, 1H), 4.68-4.43 (m, 2H), 4.39-4.11 (m, 3H), 1.23-1.09 (m, 3H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 251 [M+H]⁺.

Example 34 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

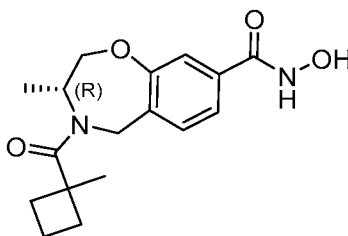


Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



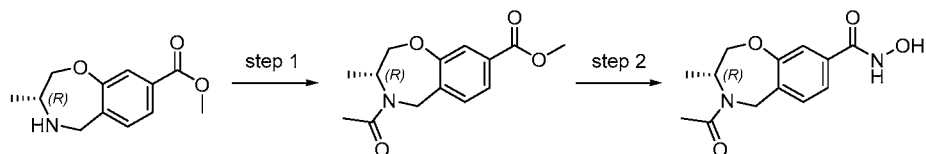
[00211] Into a 20-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (13 mL), 1-methylcyclobutane-1-carboxylic acid (80 mg, 0.70 mmol, 1.2 equiv), HATU (150 mg, 0.39 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DIEA (150 mg, 1.16 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 10 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:5) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (80 mg, 56% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 318 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: (R)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

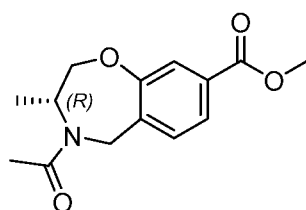


[00212] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2.5 mL). This was followed by the addition of aq. 1N NaOH (0.50 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.50 mL, 30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge XP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 12% B to 47% B in 12 min; Detector: UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a light yellow solid (41 mg, 51% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.13 (br, 1H), 9.01 (br, 1H), 7.32-7.18 (m, 3H), 4.85-4.68 (m, 1.5 H), 4.41-4.37 (m, 0.5H), 4.28-4.06 (m, 3H), 2.50-2.43 (m, 0.6 H), 2.32-2.25 (m, 1 H), 1.96-1.73 (m, 3H), 1.59-1.47 (m, 1H), 1.34 (s, 1.4 H), 1.27 (s, 1.5 H), 1.21-1.20 (m, 1.4 H), 1-0.99 (m, 1.5 H). MS: (ES, m/z): 319 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 35 – Preparation of (R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

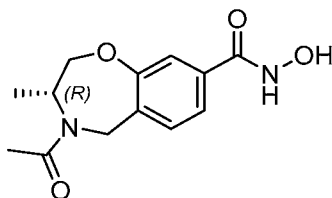


Step-1: Methyl (R)-4-acetyl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00213] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.24 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL) and Et_3N (96 mg, 0.95 mmol, 4 equiv), followed by the addition of a solution of acetyl chloride (20 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) dropwise at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a brown oil (60 mg) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 264 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

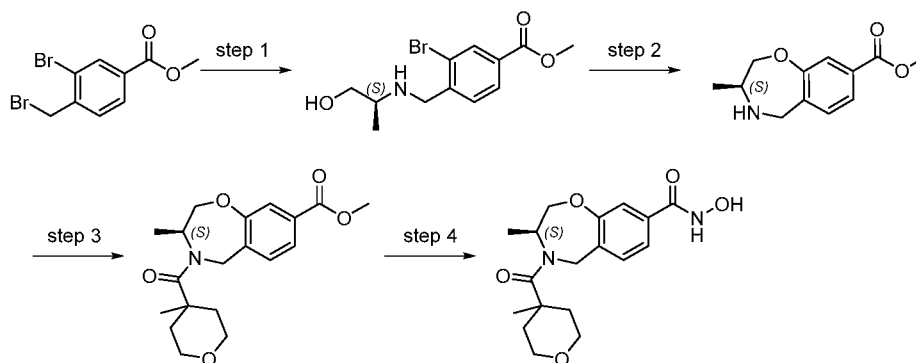
Step-2: (R)-4-Acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



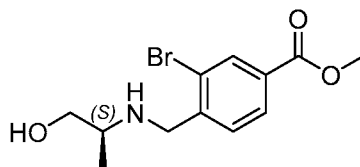
[00214] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl (R)-4-acetyl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (60 mg, 0.23 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL), followed by the addition of aq. 1N NaOH (0.45 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in

water, 0.44 mL, 30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 14 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 4% B to 18% B in 6 min; Detector: UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a brown oil (12 mg, 20% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.17 (br, 1H), 9 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.16 (m, 4H), 4.96-4.79 (m, 2H), 4.53-4.42 (m, 1H), 4.36-4.12 (m, 3H), 2.03 (s, 1H), 1.20 (s, 2H), 1.21-1.19 (m, 1H), 1.18-1.08 (m, 2H). MS: (ES, m/z): 265 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

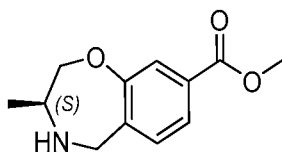
Example 36 – Preparation of (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



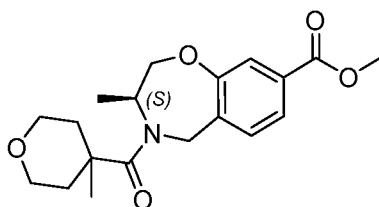
Step-1: Methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxypropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate



[00215] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (10 g, 32.47 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF (150 mL), (S)-2-aminopropan-1-ol (2.4 g, 31.95 mmol, 1 equiv) and K_2CO_3 (6.7 g, 1.5 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was washed with EtOAc/pet. ether (1:10, 20 mL) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (5 g, 51% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 302 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (S)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

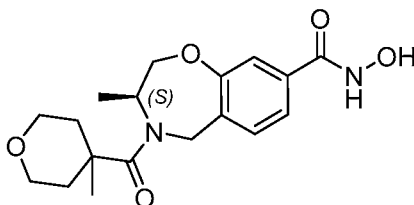
[00216] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxypropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate (3.2 g, 10.59 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (35 mL), K_2CO_3 (2.20 g, 15.92 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and CuI (610 mg, 3.20 mmol, 0.3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 19 h at 110 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum, diluted with EtOAc (300 mL), and washed with H_2O (3 x 100 mL). The organic phase was concentrated and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:4) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (1 g, 43% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 7.57-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 1H), 4.27-4.19 (m, 1H), 3.99-3.81 (m, 5H), 3.37-3.21 (m, 2H), 3.17-3.10 (s, 1H), 1.05-0.94 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 222 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-3: Methyl (S)-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

[00217] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (S)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2.0 mL), HATU (205 mg, 0.54 mmol, 1.2 equiv), 4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carboxylic acid (77.8 mg, 0.54 mmol, 1.2 equiv), and DIEA (174 mg, 1.35 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The mixture was diluted with H_2O (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The organic layer was washed with H_2O (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel

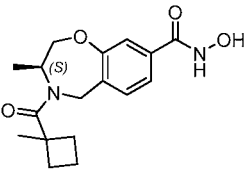
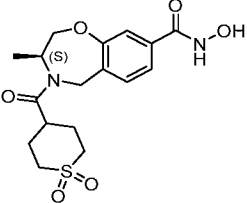
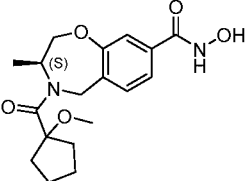
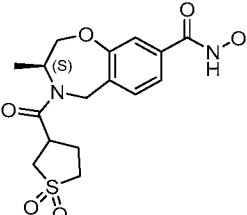
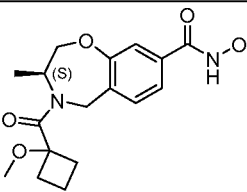
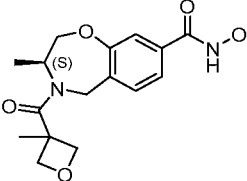
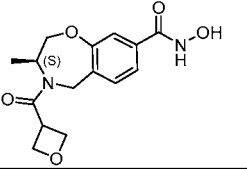
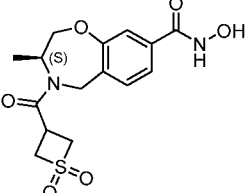
chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 2:3) to afford the title compound as an orange oil (52 mg, 33% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 348 $[M+H]^+$.

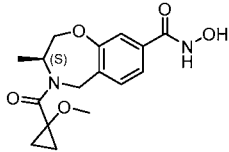
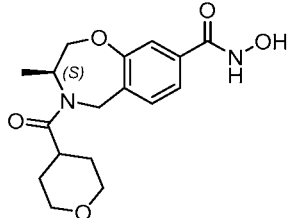
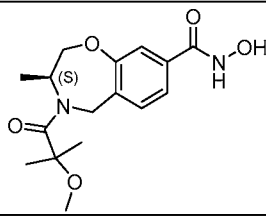
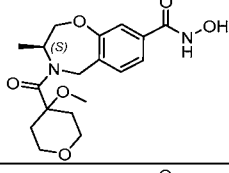
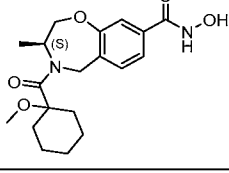
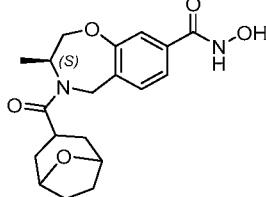
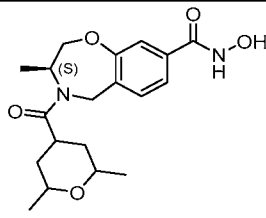
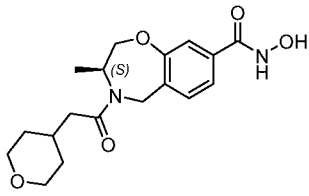
Step-4: (S)-N-Hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

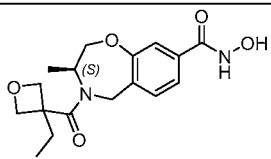
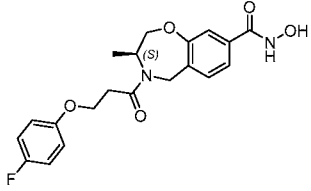
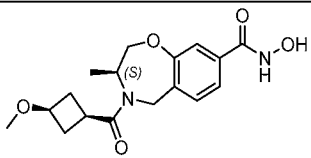
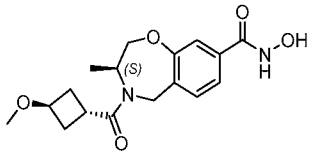
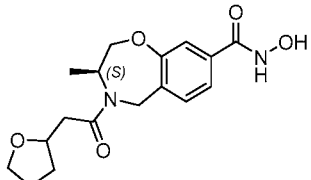
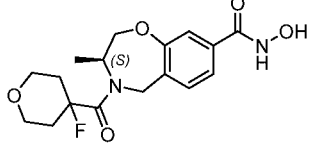
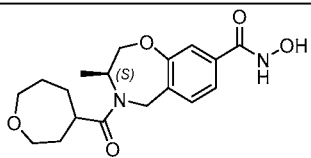
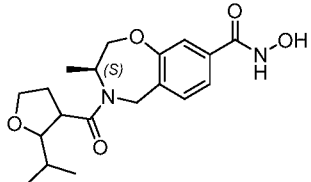


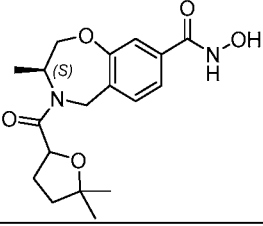
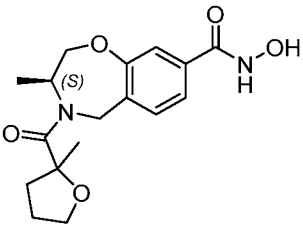
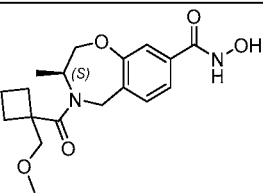
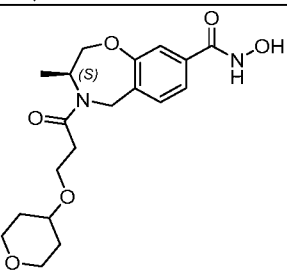
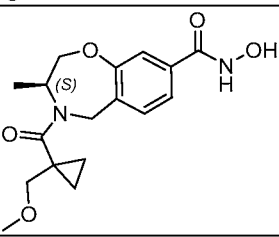
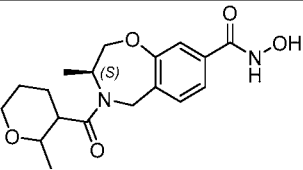
[00218] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (S)-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (52 mg, 0.15 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2.0 mL). Then aq. 1N NaOH (0.3 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 0.3 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire C18, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 35% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an orange solid (20.7 mg, 30% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.13 (s, 1H), 9.02-8.93 (br, 1H), 7.31-7.25 (s, 2H), 7.21-7.17 (s, 1H), 4.80-4.87 (m, 3H), 4.25-4.10 (m, 2H), 3.59-3.55 (m, 2H), 3.41-3.36 (m, 2H), 1.96-1.93 (d, 2H), 1.47-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.210 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 349 $[M+H]^+$.

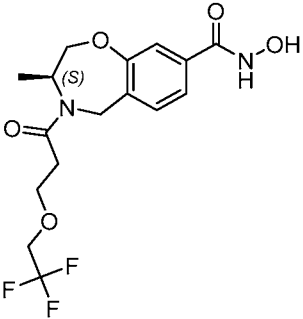
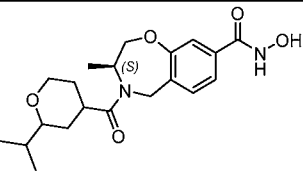
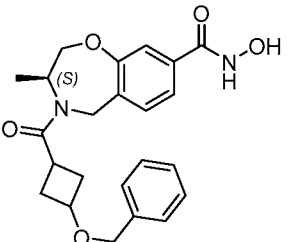
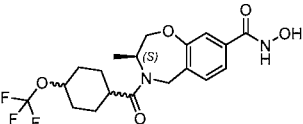
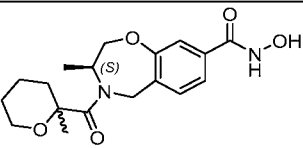
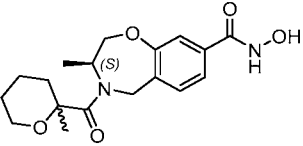
Table-19: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 36, with these modifications: (1) In Step 3, the solvent can be DMF, DMA, or CH_2Cl_2 ; (2) In Step 3, the base can be DIEA or Et_3N ; (3) In Step 4, the Prep-HPLC column can be Sunfire C18, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm using TFA, formic acid, or NH_4HCO_3 as the additive to the water Mobile Phase A; or the column XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm using TFA, formic acid, or NH_4HCO_3 as the additive to the water Mobile Phase A.

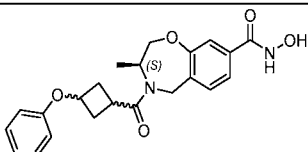
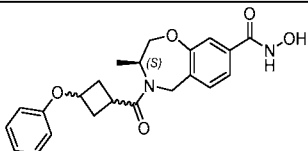
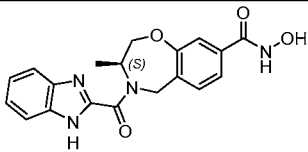
Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (300 or 400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 319 [M+H] ⁺	11.14 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.85-4.77 (m, 2H), 4.42-4.37 (m, 1H), 4.29-4.07 (m, 3H), 2.29-2.26 (d, <i>J</i> = 9 Hz 1H), 1.96-1.90 (m, 4H), 1.87-1.81 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.46 (m, 3H), 1.34-1.27 (m, 2H), 1.01-0.98 (m, 2H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 383 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br, 1H), 9.50-8.47 (br, 1H), 7.44-7.16 (m, 3H), 4.94-4.87 (m, 1H), 4.67-4.63 (m, 1H), 4.52-4.48 (m, 1H), 4.30-4.16 (m, 2H), 3.28-2.92 (m, 5H), 2.11-1.97 (m, 2.5H), 1.87-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.27 (m, 0.5H), 1.21-1.05 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.14 (br, 1H), 9.01 (br, 1H), 7.37-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 5.14-4.93 (m, 1H), 4.85-4.49 (m, 2H), 4.27-4.10 (m, 2H), 3.02 (s, 1.4H), 2.61 (s, 1.6H), 2.11-1.78 (m, 3H), 1.69-1.39 (m, 5H), 1.21 (m, 1.4H), 1.05 (m, 1.6H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 369 [M+H] ⁺	11.23-11.03 (m, 1H), 9.21-8.76 (br, 1H), 7.49-7.12 (m, 3H), 5.01-4.79 (m, 2H), 4.77-4.43 (m, 1H), 4.38-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.79-3.61 (m, 1H), 3.41-3.29 (m, 1H), 3.27-3.05 (m, 2H), 2.97-2.81 (m, 1H), 2.39-2.01 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.52 (m, 1H), 1.29-1.01 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br, 1H), 7.34-7.16 (m, 3H), 4.85-4.67 (m, 2H), 4.53-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.12 (m, 2H), 2.97 (s, 1H), 2.68-2.54 (m, 2H), 2.50-2.33 (m, 1H), 2.22-2.15 (m, 2H), 2.02-1.89 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.44 (m, 1H), 1.19-1.06 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 321 [M+H] ⁺	11.16-11.14 (br, 1H), 9.29-8.71 (br, 1H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.21-7.20 (m, 1H), 4.94-4.71 (m, 3H), 4.48-4.44 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.35-4.06 (m, 4H), 3.79-3.75 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 1.54-1.50 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.0 Hz, 3H), 1.20-1.05 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 307 [M+H] ⁺	11.21-10.95 (s, 1H), 9.31-8.65 (br, 1H), 7.39-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.12 (s, 1H), 4.98-4.81 (m, 2H), 4.78-4.61 (m, 2H), 4.58-4.34 (m, 1H), 4.31-4.13 (m, 3H), 4.11-3.85 (m, 2H), 1.19-1.01 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 355 [M+H] ⁺	11.23-10.98 (s, 1H), 9.39-8.63 (br, 1H), 7.52-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.13 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.73 (m, 1H), 4.62-4.29 (m, 4H), 4.25-4.17 (m, 1H), 4.09-3.87 (m, 2H), 3.77-3.63 (m, 1H), 3.59-3.45 (m, 1H), 1.31-1.02 (m, 3H)

Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (300 or 400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 321 [M+H] ⁺	11.13 (br, 1H), 8.97 (br, 1H), 7.39-7.10 (m, 3H), 5.03-4.51 (m, 3H), 4.32-4.10 (m, 2H), 3.18 (s, 1.8H), 2.69 (s, 1.2H), 1.34-0.96 (m, 5H), 0.85-0.60 (m, 2H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.02 (br, 1H), 9.37-8.41 (br, 1H), 7.42-7.15 (m, 3H), 4.92-4.70 (m, 2H), 4.48-4.44 (m, 1H), 4.28-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.86-3.83 (m, 2H), 3.67-3.64 (m, 1H), 3.41-3.35 (m, 1.5H), 3.15-3.09 (m, 0.5H), 2.87-2.77 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.56-1.49 (m, 1H), 1.42-1.35 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.19 (m, 1H), 1.04-1.03 (m, 2H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 323 [M+H] ⁺	11.31-10.88 (s, 1H), 7.38-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.12 (m, 2H), 5.35-5.09 (m, 1H), 4.92-4.45 (m, 2H), 4.28-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.21-2.98 (m, 1H), 2.87-2.67 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.27 (m, 4H), 1.25-1.19 (m, 1H), 1.17-1.11 (m, 2H), 1.09-0.99 (m, 2H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 365 [M+H] ⁺	11.15-11.21 (d, 2H), 9.05 (br, 1H), 7.34-7.17 (m, 3H), 5.36-5.22 (m, 1H), 4.87-4.49 (m, 2H), 4.22-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.61-3.46 (m, 4H), 2.68-2.50 (m, 3H), 1.93-1.56 (m, 4H), 1.23-1.06 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (m, 1H), 8.96 (br, 1H), 7.37-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.42-5.21 (m, 1H), 4.84-4.45 (m, 2H), 4.23-4.10 (m, 2H), 3.06 (s, 1.4H), 2.67 (s, 1.6H), 1.99-1.58 (m, 3H), 1.57-1.29 (m, 6H), 1.23 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 1.4H), 1.22-1.11 (m, 1H), 1.03 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 1.6H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 361 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (br, 1H), 7.43-7.15 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.71 (m, 2H), 4.47-4.43 (m, 1H), 4.31-4.14 (m, 4H), 4.07-4.06 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.72 (m, 4H), 1.49-1.34 (m, 3H), 1.21-1.19 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.03-1.02 (d, <i>J</i> = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 0.56-0.55 (m, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br, 1H), 7.39-7.16 (m, 3H), 4.92-4.86 (m, 1.5H), 4.72-4.67 (m, 0.6H), 4.48-4.44 (m, 1H), 4.29-4.14 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.64 (m, 1H), 3.51-3.48 (m, 1H), 2.98-2.79 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.39 (m, 2H), 1.20-1.18 (m, 2H), 1.17-1.01 (m, 6H), 0.98-0.95 (m, 1H), 0.88-0.83 (m, 2H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.12 (br, 1H), 7.35-7.15 (m, 3H), 4.95-4.83 (m, 2H), 4.61-4.56 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.70 Hz, 1H), 4.47-4.42 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.14 (m, 2H), 3.78-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.34-2.19 (m, 1H), 1.99-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.46 (m, 1H), 1.39-1.26 (m, 1H), 1.17-1.09 (m, 2H), 1.04-1.1.02 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.30 Hz, 2H), 0.85-0.80 (m, 1H)

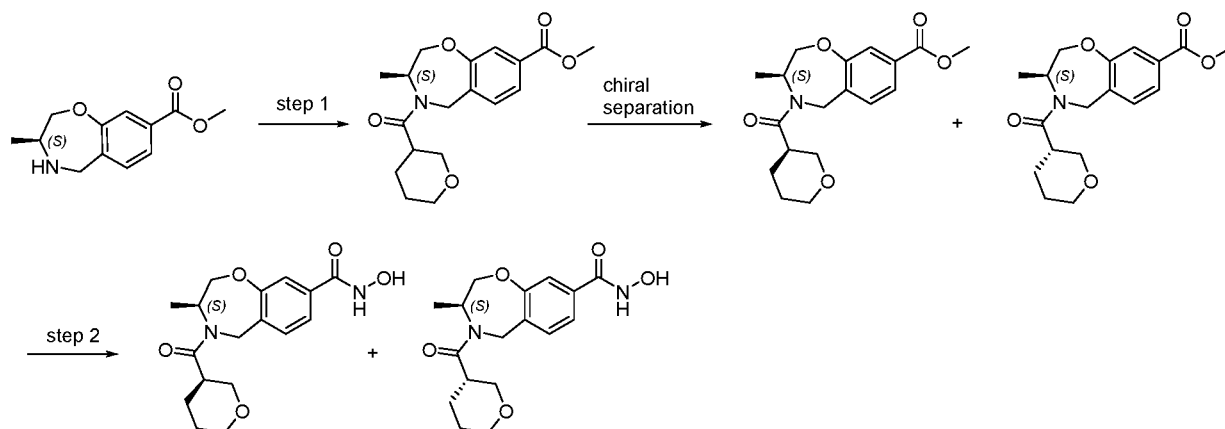
Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (300 or 400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.20-10.00 (br, 1H), 9.50-8.45 (br, 1H), 7.34-7.19 (m, 3H), 4.93-4.77 (m, 2H), 4.69-4.67 (m, 1H), 4.48-4.08 (m, 5H), 3.81-3.31 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.20-1.02 (m, 3H), 0.77-0.66 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 389 [M+H] ⁺	11.25 (s, 1H), 9.08 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.18-7.02 (m, 2H), 6.92-6.79 (m, 2H), 4.99-4.85 (m, 2H), 4.67-4.61 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.7 Hz, 1H), 4.54-4.48 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.31-4.05 (m, 4H), 3.08-2.99 (m, 1H), 2.85-2.71 (m, 1H), 2.38-2.22 (m, 1H), 1.22-1.05 (m, 3H)
 cis isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.10 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 1.5H), 7.24-7.22 (d, <i>J</i> = 8 Hz, 0.5H), 7.16-7.14 (m, 1H), 4.89-4.78 (m, 1.5H), 4.46-4.42 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 4.26-4.13 (m, 2.4H), 3.75-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.07-3.03 (d, <i>J</i> = 15.2 Hz, 3H), 2.91-2.82 (m, 0.5H), 2.73-2.65 (m, 0.6H), 2.40-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.00-1.88 (m, 1.5H), 1.80-1.72 (m, 0.5H), 1.68-1.61 (m, 0.6H), 1.15-1.01 (m, 3H)
 trans isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.13 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 4.93-4.81 (m, 2H), 4.49-4.13 (m, 3H), 3.80-3.74 (m, 1H), 3.27 (s, 0.5H), 3.13-3.04 (m, 3.5H), 2.49-1.76 (m, 4H), 1.15-1.02 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.12 (s, 1H), 9.04 (s, 1H), 7.33-7.17 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.35 (m, 3H), 4.33-3.95 (m, 3H), 3.75-3.42 (m, 2H), 2.74-2.56 (m, 1H), 2.49-2.18 (m, 1H), 2.07-1.64 (m, 3H), 1.47-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.18-1.17 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 1.05-1.03 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.6 Hz, 2H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 353 [M+H] ⁺	11.12 (br, 1H), 9.00 (br, 1H), 7.30-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 4.90-4.83 (m, 1H), 4.74-4.59 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.75-3.42 (m, 4H), 2.18-1.82 (m, 3H), 1.73-1.42 (m, 1H), 1.21-1.05 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (s, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.15 (t, <i>J</i> = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 4.92-4.50 (m, 2H), 4.44-4.16 (m, 3H), 3.71-3.43 (m, 4H), 2.80-2.75 (d, <i>J</i> = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.80-1.61 (m, 4H), 1.46-1.22 (m, 2H), 1.20-1.02 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (s, 1H), 9.04 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.15 (m, 3H), 4.98-4.81 (m, 2H), 4.64-4.52 (m, 1H), 4.30-4.19 (m, 2H), 3.87-3.50 (m, 3H), 3.14-3.03 (m, 0.5H), 2.92-2.86 (m, 0.1H), 2.67-2.61 (m, 0.4H), 2.42-2.32 (m, 0.4H), 2.23-2.12 (m, 0.3H), 1.90-1.83 (m, 0.2H), 1.79-1.52 (m,

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (300 or 400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
		1.2H), 1.47-1.38 (m, 0.3H), 1.25-1.18 (m, 1.8H), 1.05-1.02 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 0.91-0.88 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.6 Hz, 1.6H), 0.82-0.78 (m, 2H), 0.65-0.63 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.8 Hz, 0.6H), 0.51-0.49 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 0.25-0.23 (d, <i>J</i> = 8 Hz, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	7.33-7.24 (m, 3H), 5.00-4.92 (m, 2H), 4.86-4.68 (m, 2H), 4.62-4.48 (m, 1H), 4.29-4.22 (m, 2H), 2.29-1.71 (m, 4H), 1.37-1.26 (m, 4.7H), 1.23 (s, 0.5H), 1.19-1.12 (m, 3H), 0.89 (s, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.14 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.23 (m, 3H), 5.59-5.54 (d, <i>J</i> = 20.0 Hz, 0.3H), 5.09-4.85 (m, 0.7H), 4.84-4.74 (m, 0.8H), 4.72-4.68 (m, 0.7H), 4.53-4.43 (m, 0.5H), 4.30-4.10 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.74-3.56 (m, 0.8H), 3.45-3.35 (m, 0.2H), 2.60-2.50 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.60 (m, 0.5H), 1.57-1.46 (m, 0.5H), 1.44-1.30 (m, 2.5H), 1.29-1.18 (m, 1.5H), 1.15-0.97 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (s, 1H), 9.05 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.22 (m, 3H), 4.84-4.09 (m, 5H), 3.63-3.34 (m, 2H), 3.21-3.14 (m, 3H), 2.42-1.78 (m, 5H), 1.53-1.50 (m, 1H), 1.25-0.99 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 379 [M+H] ⁺	11.10 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.28-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 1H), 4.89-4.44 (m, 3H), 4.28-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.74-3.60 (m, 4H), 3.58-3.52 (m, 1H), 3.28-3.24 (m, 2H), 2.80-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.26 (m, 2H), 1.23-1.02 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.13 (s, 1H), 9.01 (s, 1H), 7.33-7.19 (d, <i>J</i> = 52.8 Hz, 3H), 5.02-4.39 (m, 3H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.60-3.49 (d, <i>J</i> = 44 Hz, 1H), 3.18-3.01 (d, <i>J</i> = 68 Hz, 4H), 1.27-1.02 (m, 3H), 0.93-0.61 (m, 4H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (s, 1H), 7.37-7.16 (m, 3H), 5.83 (br, 1H), 4.95-4.78 (m, 2H), 4.71-4.39 (m, 1H), 4.28-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.97-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.62-3.56 (m, 1H), 3.34-3.31 (m, 1H), 2.75-2.51 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.55 (m, 3H), 1.21-1.01 (m, 5H), 0.79-0.77 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 0.56-0.54 (d, <i>J</i>

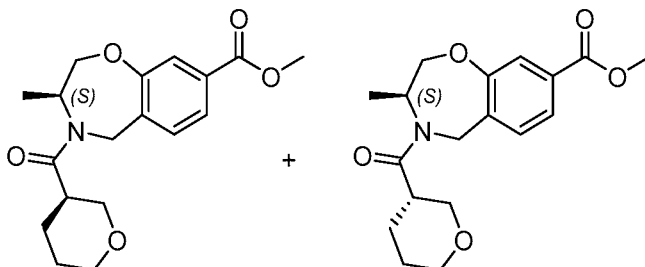
<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (300 or 400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
		= 6.6 Hz, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 377 [M+H] ⁺	10.70 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.16 (m 3H), 4.96-4.32 (m, 3H), 4.28-4.14 (m 2H), 4.06-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.82-3.68 (m, 2H), 2.90-2.12 (m, 2H), 1.19-1.03 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 377 [M+H] ⁺	10.97 (s, 0.3H), 9.02 (s, 0.4H), 7.34-7.16 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.69 (m, 2H), 4.68-4.35 (m, 1H), 4.27-4.20 (m, 2H), 4.00-3.40 (m, 2H), 3.28-2.96 (m, 1H), 2.94-2.69 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.42 (m, 3H), 1.40-1.18 (m, 2H), 1.17-1.02 (m, 2H), 0.87-0.78 (m, 4H), 0.77-0.64 (m, 2H), 0.55-0.35 (m, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 411 [M+H] ⁺	10.88 (s, 1H), 9.01 (s, 1H), 7.37-7.23 (m, 7H), 7.17 (m, 1H), 4.91-4.78 (m, 1H), 4.48-4.39 (m, 1H), 4.34-4.30 (m, 2H), 4.25-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.86 (m, 1H), 3.15-2.79 (m, 1H), 2.38-2.31 (m, 1H), 2.27-2.09 (m, 2H), 1.98-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.16-1.14 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.04-1.02 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.3 Hz, 2H)
cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 417 [M+H] ⁺	7.39-7.26 (m, 3H), 5.06-4.92 (m, 2H), 4.76-4.59 (m, 1H), 4.56-4.50 (m, 2H), 2.78-2.22 (m, 2H), 2.18-1.43 (m, 5H), 1.37-1.32 (m, 2H), 1.19-0.99 (m, 2H)
 cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 417 [M+H] ⁺	7.38-7.26 (m, 3H), 5.03-4.92 (m, 2H), 4.75-4.69 (m, 1H), 4.56-4.50 (m, 1H), 4.29-4.19 (m, 3H), 2.78-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.05 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.82 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.31 (m, 2H), 1.18-1.16 (m, 2H)
 cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.09 (br s, 1H), 9.02 (br s, 1H), 7.32-7.16 (m, 3H), 5.18-5.12 (d, <i>J</i> = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 4.78-4.50 (m, 2H), 4.25-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.45-3.43 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.15 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.33 (m, 4H), 1.27-1.22 (m, 2H), 1.20-1.12 (m, 2H), 1.12-1.09 (m, 2H)
 cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.14-11.10 (br s, 1H), 9.03-9.01 (br s, 1H), 7.32-7.14 (m, 3H), 5.75-5.69 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 4.98-4.88 (m, 2H), 4.32-4.15 (m, 2H), 3.87-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.17 (m, 1H), 2.27-2.07 (m, 1H), 1.58-1.48 (m, 3H), 1.35 (s, 2H), 1.25-1.23 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.19-1.17 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.17-1.09 (m, 2H), 0.95 (s, 2H)

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (300 or 400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
 cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 397 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (s, 1H), 9.02 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.16 (m, 5H), 6.93-6.77 (m, 3H), 4.92-4.86 (d, 1H), 4.86-4.19 (m, 5H), 3.11-1.9 (m, 5H), 1.19-1.03 (m, 3H)
 cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 397 [M+H] ⁺	11.12 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 6.91-6.87 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76-6.72 (t, <i>J</i> = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.94-4.85 (m, 1.5H), 4.64-4.61 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.36 (m, 1H), 4.26-4.17 (m, 2H), 3.28-2.00 (m, 5H), 1.15-1.04 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 367 [M+H] ⁺	13.13 (br s, 3H), 8.37 (br s, 2H), 7.24-7.45 (m, 7H), 7.16-7.24 (m, 2H), 6.51 (br d, <i>J</i> = 16.7 Hz, 2H), 5.69 (br dd, <i>J</i> = 10.0, 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.92-5.29 (m, 4H), 4.66-4.92 (m, 2H), 4.18-4.53 (m, 4H), 4.08 (q, <i>J</i> = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.41 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.10-1.35 (m, 4H)

Example 37 – Preparation of (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide and (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

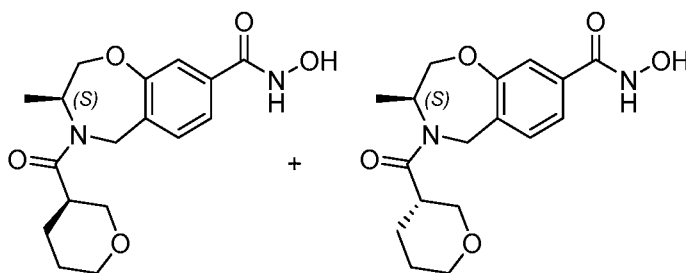


Step-1: Methyl (S)-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate and Methyl (S)-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



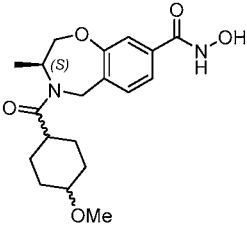
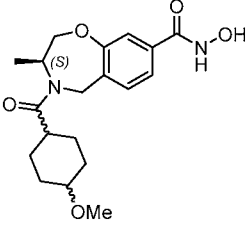
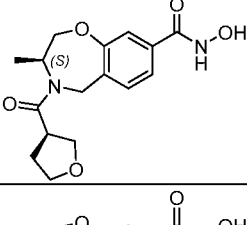
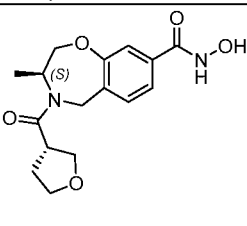
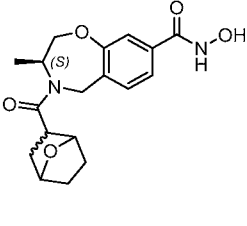
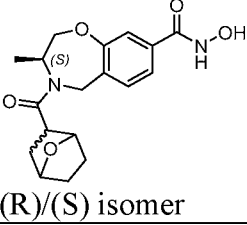
[00219] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carboxylic acid (106 mg, 0.81 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (3 mL), HATU (371 mg, 0.98 mmol, 1.2 equiv), methyl (S)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (180 mg, 0.81 mmol, 1 equiv), and DIEA (315 mg, 2.44 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of H₂O (5 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers was washed with H₂O (2 x 10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1). The product mixture was separated by Chiral-Prep-HPLC (Column Chiralpak IB, 5 μ m, 2 x 25cm; Mobile Phase A:hexanes; Mobile Phase B: EtOH; Gradient: 40% B for 22 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compounds as off-white solids (first eluting isomer: 60 mg, 22% yield; second eluting isomer: 86 mg, 32% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 334 [M+H]⁺.

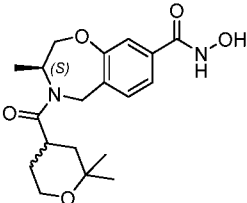
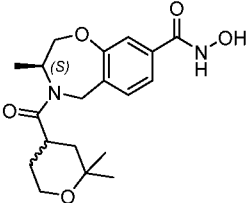
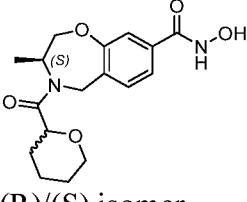
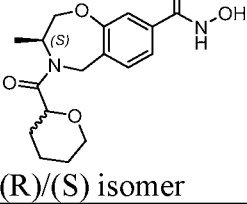
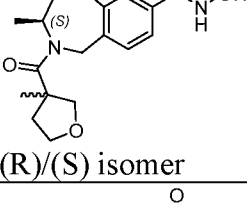
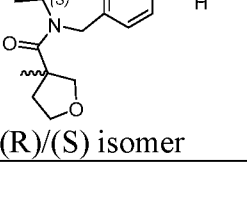
Step-2: (S)-N-Hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide and (S)-N-Hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



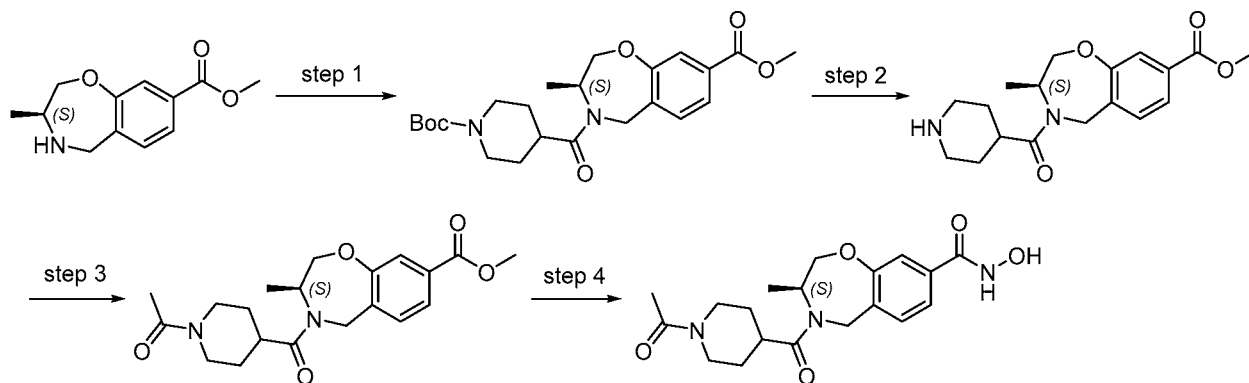
[00220] Into 8-mL vials, was placed each of the separated isomers from Step 1 (60 mg, 0.18 mmol; and 86 mg, 0.26 mmol; 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL). Then aq. 1N NaOH (2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude products were purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 40% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compounds as off-white solids. The product from the reaction with the first eluting isomer from Step 1: (30.3 mg, 50% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 11.16 (br s, 1H), 7.50-7.10 (m, 3H), 4.96-4.72 (m, 2H), 4.56-4.41 (m, 1H), 4.32-4.15 (m, 2H), 3.92-3.75 (m, 2H), 3.37-3.31 (m, 1H), 3.27-3.16 (m, 1H), 2.95-2.75 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.32 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.18 (m, 1H), 1.13-0.95 (m, 2H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 335 [M+H]⁺. The product from the reaction with the second eluting isomer from Step 1: (31.3 mg, 36% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 11.17 (br s, 1H), 7.46-7.13 (m, 3H), 4.96-4.84 (m, 1H), 4.85-4.76 (m, 0.5H), 4.71-4.65 (m, 0.5H), 4.51-4.44 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.15 (m, 2H), 3.85-3.71 (m, 1.5H), 3.42-3.35 (m, 0.5H), 3.30-3.07 (m, 2H), 2.87-2.65 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.76 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.34 (m, 3H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1.4H), 1.03 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1.6H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 335 [M+H]⁺.

Table-20: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 37, with these modifications: (1) In Step 1, the reaction solvent can be DMF or CH₂Cl₂; (2) In Step 1, the chiral separation can be performed by Prep-HPLC using the Chiralpak IB, 5 μ m, 2 x 25cm column or the Chiralpak IC, 5 μ m, 2 x 25cm column; by Prep-SFC using the Chiralpak AS-H, 5 μ m, 5x25cm column; Mobile Phase: 50% CO₂, 50% MeOH; Detector, UV 220 nm; or by silica gel prep-TLC (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1); (3) In Step 2, the Prep-HPLC column can be XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm using formic acid as the additive to the water Mobile Phase A; or the column Sunfire C18, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm using NH₄HCO₃ as the additive to the water Mobile Phase A.

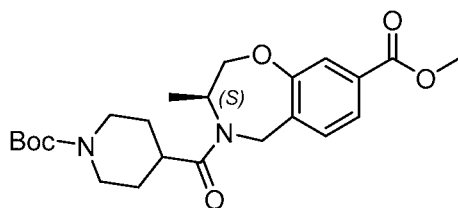
Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
 cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.14 (br s, 1H), 9.02 (br s, 1H), 7.47-7.11 (m, 3H), 4.94-4.62 (m, 2H), 4.50-4.37 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.10 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.19 (d, 3H), 3.09-2.94 (m, 1H), 2.42-2.39 (m, 1H), 2.06-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.84-1.60 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.30 (m, 1H), 1.30-1.07 (m, 4H), 1.06-0.81 (m, 3H)
 cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.13 (br, 1H), 9.02 (br s, 1H), 7.45-7.12 (m, 3H), 4.95-4.61 (m, 2H), 4.51-4.38 (m, 1H), 4.35-4.11 (m, 2H), 3.45-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.16-3.15 (d, 3H), 2.65-2.55 (m, 1H), 1.92-1.55 (m, 3H), 1.53-1.25 (m, 4H), 1.19 (m, 1.5H), 1.18-1.10 (m, 0.5H), 1.03 (m, 1.5H), 0.75-0.62 (m, 0.5H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 321 [M+H] ⁺	11.18 (br s, 1H), 7.49-7.14 (m, 3H), 4.95-4.82 (m, 1.5H), 4.74-4.41 (m, 1.5H), 4.35-4.13 (m, 2H), 4.06-3.89 (m, 1H), 3.78-3.18 (m, 4H), 2.12-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.20-1.04 (m, 3H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 321 [M+H] ⁺	11.12 (br s, 1H), 9.01 (br s, 1H), 7.38-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.15 (m, 1H), 4.92-4.71 (m, 1.5H), 4.66-4.50 (m, 0.5H), 4.50-4.46 (m, 1H), 4.26-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.84-3.82 (m, 0.5H), 3.74-3.73 (m, 0.5H), 3.65-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.34-3.31 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.19 (m, 1H), 2.17-2.06 (m, 1H), 2.00-1.95 (m, 0.5H), 1.75-1.70 (m, 0.5H), 1.17-1.02 (m, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 347 [M+H] ⁺	10.90 (br s, 1H), 9.10 (br s, 1H), 7.36-7.16 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.17 (m, 7H), 2.85-2.82 (m, 1H), 1.70-1.39 (m, 6H), 1.22-1.04 (m, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 347 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.00 (br s, 1H), 7.48-7.17 (m, 3H), 4.96-4.90 (m, 2H), 4.72-4.66 (m, 2H), 4.51-4.16 (m, 2H), 3.84-2.70 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.52-1.03 (m, 8H)

Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.11 (br s, 1H), 9.05 (br s, 1H), 7.40-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 1H), 4.92-4.49 (m, 3H), 4.32-4.15 (m, 2H), 3.64-3.56 (m, 2H), 3.02-2.99 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.78 (m, 3.5H), 1.12-1.03 (m, 4H), 0.96 (s, 2H), 0.88 (s, 0.5H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.09 (br s, 1H), 9.06 (br s, 1H), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.16-1.15 (d, <i>J</i> = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.94-4.58 (m, 2H), 4.50-4.16 (m, 3H), 3.63-3.62 (m, 1H), 3.42-3.41 (m, 1H), 3.13-2.73 (m, 1H), 1.59-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.29-1.23 (m, 1.5H), 1.21-1.17 (m, 5H), 1.13 (s, 2H), 1.04-0.82 (m, 3H), 0.86-0.82 (m, 0.5H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.02 (br s, 1H), 7.18-7.33 (m, 3H), 4.93-3.78 (m, 7H), 3.52-3.45 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.38 (m, 5.5H), 1.38-1.02 (m, 3.5H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.02 (br s, 1H), 7.18-7.33 (m, 3H), 4.93-4.12 (m, 6H), 3.82-3.78 (m, 0.5H), 3.52-3.24 (m, 1.5H), 1.74-1.20 (m, 6H), 1.20-1.02 (m, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.07-11.12 (br s, 1H), 9.02 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.18 (m, 3H), 4.94-4.43 (m, 3H), 4.24-4.15 (m, 2H), 4.12-3.67 (m, 4H), 2.28-2.21 (m, 1H), 1.95-1.80 (m, 1H), 1.28-1.17 (m, 6H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.09 (br s, 1H), 9.00 (br s, 1H), 7.16-7.40 (m, 3H), 4.90-4.43 (m, 3H), 4.21-4.12 (m, 2H), 3.79-3.72 (m, 2H), 3.57-3.48 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.26 (m, 0.5H), 1.86-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.60 (m, 0.5H), 0.89-1.32 (m, 6H)

Example 38 – Preparation of (S)-4-(1-acetylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

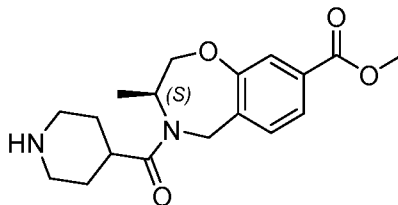


Step-1: Methyl (S)-4-(1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperidine-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



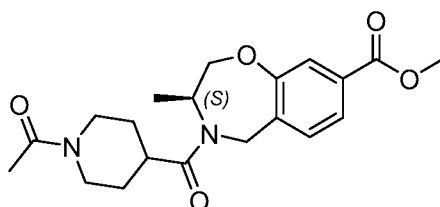
[00221] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperidine-4-carboxylic acid (311 mg, 1.36 mmol, 1.2 equiv). Then HATU (516 mg, 1.36 mmol, 1.2 equiv), methyl (S)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (250 mg, 1.13 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (0.5 mL) and DIEA (438 mg, 3.39 mmol, 3 equiv) were added with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at room temperature. The reaction was diluted with H₂O (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed sequentially with H₂O (3 x 20 mL) and brine (2 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a brown solid (400 mg, 82% yield). MS : (ES, *m/z*): 433 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: Methyl (S)-3-methyl-4-(piperidine-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



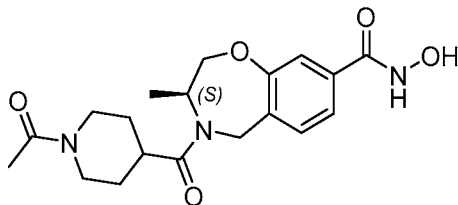
[00222] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (S)-4-(1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperidine-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (400 mg, 0.92 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (1.5 mL). This was followed by the addition of TFA (1.5 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 5 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in H_2O (30 mL) and the pH was adjusted to 9 with aq. 1N NaOH. The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed sequentially with H_2O (2 x 20 mL) and brine (2 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a brown oil (290 mg, 94% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 333 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-3: Methyl (S)-4-(1-acetylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00223] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-3-methyl-4-(piperidine-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL). To this was added Et_3N (121 mg, 1.20 mmol, 4 equiv) and a solution of acetyl chloride (26 mg, 0.33 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (0.5 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL) and washed with H_2O (3 x 30 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a brown solid (100 mg, 89% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 375 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-4: (S)-4-(1-Acetylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

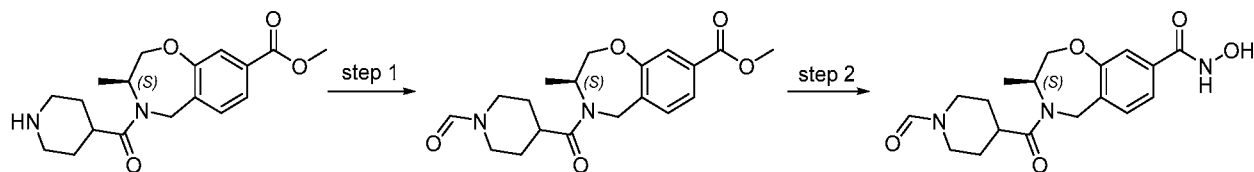


[00224] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-4-(1-acetylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.27 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), then aq. 1N NaOH (0.53 mL, 2 equiv) and aq. NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 0.53 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire C18, 5 µm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 40% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (36.7 mg, 28% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.18-8.62 (m, 1H), 7.44-7.16 (m, 3H), 4.92-4.76 (m, 2H), 4.49-4.45 (m, 1H), 4.34-4.14 (m, 3H), 3.82-3.61 (m, 1H), 3.11-3.09 (m, 1H), 2.88-2.79 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.57 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.91 (m, 3H), 1.64-1.56 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.29 (m, 1H), 1.24-1.03 (m, 3H), 0.92 (m, 1H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 376 [M+H]⁺.

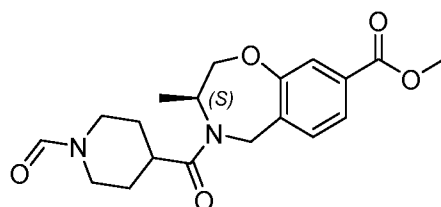
Table-21: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 38.

Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 362 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (br s, 1H), 9.32-8.55 (br s, 1H), 7.41-7.17 (m, 3H), 4.92-4.73 (m, 2H), 4.53-4.49 (m, 1H), 4.24-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.53 (m, 1H), 3.52-3.36 (m, 3H), 3.29-3.25 (m, 1H), 2.17-1.98 (m, 1H), 1.94-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.47 (m, 1H), 1.23-1.04 (m, 3H)

Example 39 – Preparation of (S)-4-(1-formylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

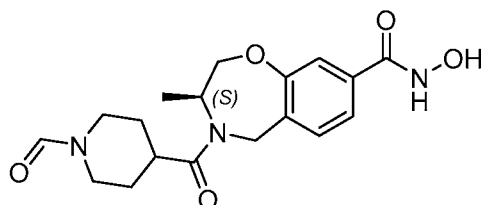


Step-1: Methyl (S)-4-(1-formylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00225] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl (S)-3-methyl-4-(piperidine-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (170 mg, 0.51 mmol, 1 equiv) in ethyl formate (10 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 20 h at 60 °C in an oil bath, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (20 mL) and washed with H₂O (2 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (MeOH/CH₂Cl₂, 1:20) to afford the title compound as a colorless oil (79 mg, 43% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 361 [M+H]⁺.

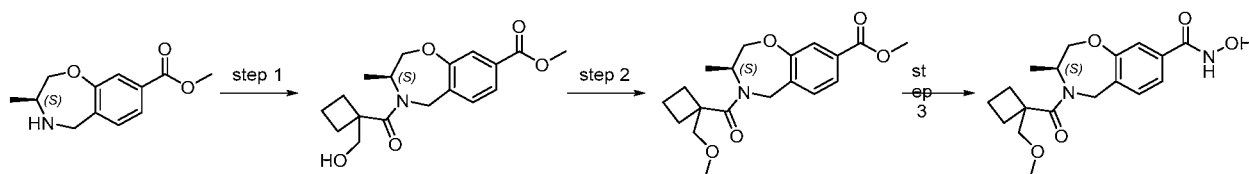
Step-2: (S)-4-(1-Formylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



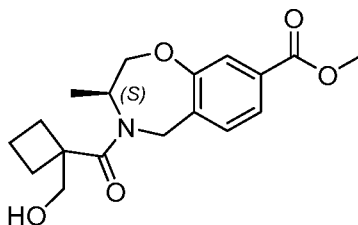
Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-4-(1-formylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (79 mg, 0.22 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), then aq. NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 0.43 mL, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH

(0.44 mL, 2 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire C18, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 23% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a light pink solid (11.2 mg, 14% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.09 (br s, 1H), 7.94-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.44-7.16 (m, 3H), 4.93-4.71 (m, 2H), 4.50-4.46 (m, 1H), 4.30-4.14 (m, 3H), 3.75-3.54 (m, 1H), 3.13-3.10 (m, 1H), 2.92-2.70 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.61 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.30 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.20 (m, 4H). MS: (ES, m/z): 362 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 40 – Preparation of (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



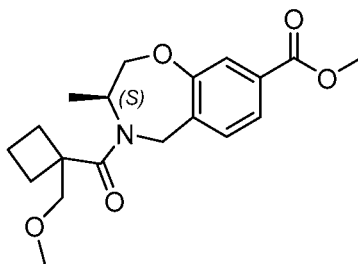
Step-1: Methyl (S)-4-(1-(hydroxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00226] Into a 10-mL vial, were placed a solution of 3-(hydroxymethyl)oxetane-3-carboxylic acid (36 mg, 0.27 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2 mL), HATU (155 mg, 0.41 mmol, 1.50 equiv), methyl (S)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (60 mg, 0.27 mmol, 1 equiv), and DIEA (175 mg, 1.35 mmol, 5 equiv) at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of H₂O (5 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed sequentially with H₂O (10 mL) and brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography

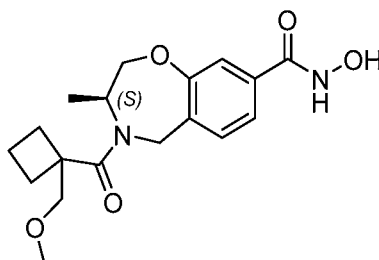
(EtOAc/pet. ether, 2:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (50 mg, 55% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 336 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (S)-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00227] Into a 10-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl (S)-4-(1-(hydroxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (40 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF (1 mL). This was followed by the addition of sodium hydride (60% dispersion in oil, 7 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in portions at 0 °C. To this was added iodomethane (27 mg, 0.19 mmol, 1.6 equiv) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of NH_4Cl aq. (2 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed sequentially with H_2O (10 mL) and brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (25 mg, 60% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 350 $[M+H]^+$.

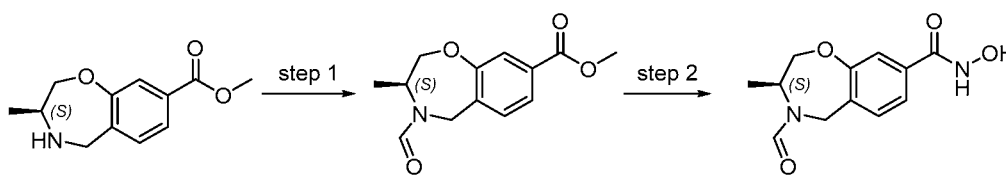
Step-3: (S)-N-Hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



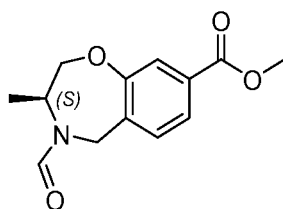
[00228] Into a 10-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl (S)-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-

carboxylate (25 mg, 0.07 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL), aq. 1N NaOH (0.14 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 0.14 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire C18, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 8% B to 60% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (7.8 mg, 31% yield). ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.03 (br s, 1H), 7.36-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 4.86 (d, $J = 18.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.80-4.70 (m, 1H), 4.70-4.59 (m, 1H), 4.49-4.32 (m, 3H), 4.29-4.19 (m, 1H), 4.10 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.95-3.71 (m, 2H), 3.66-3.48 (m, 1H), 3.26 (s, 1.5H), 3.16 (s, 1H), 1.24 (d, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1.5H), 1.04 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 1.5H). MS: (ES, m/z): 351 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 41– Preparation of (S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

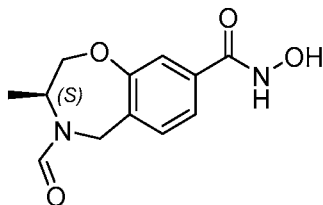


Step-1: Methyl (S)-4-formyl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



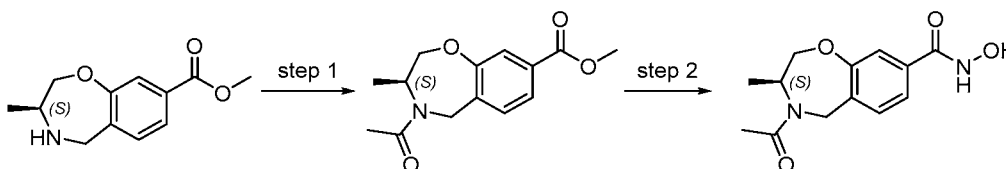
[00229] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (S)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1 equiv) and ethyl formate (2.5 mL, 1 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at 57 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil, which was used without purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 250 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-2: (S)-4-Formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

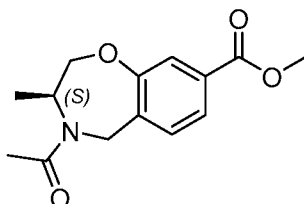


[00230] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl (S)-4-formyl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2.5 mL). To this was added aq. 1N NaOH (0.8 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 0.8 mL, 30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge XP C18, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 46% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (50.6 mg, 35% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.00 (br s, 1H), 8.15-8.13 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.22 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.79 (q, 1H), 4.69-4.10 (m, 4H), 1.23-1.09 (m, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 251 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 42 – Preparation of (S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

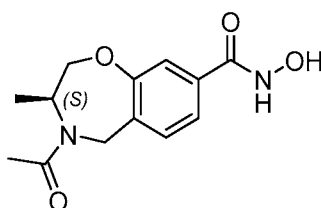


Step-1: Methyl (S)-4-acetyl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00231] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.36 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) and Et₃N (110 mg, 1.09 mmol, 3 equiv). This was followed by the addition of acetyl chloride (31 mg, 0.39 mmol, 1.1 equiv) at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at room temperature and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as brown oil (90 mg), which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 264 [M+H]⁺.

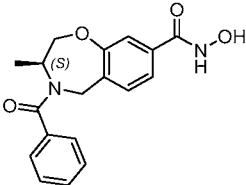
Step-2: (S)-4-Acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



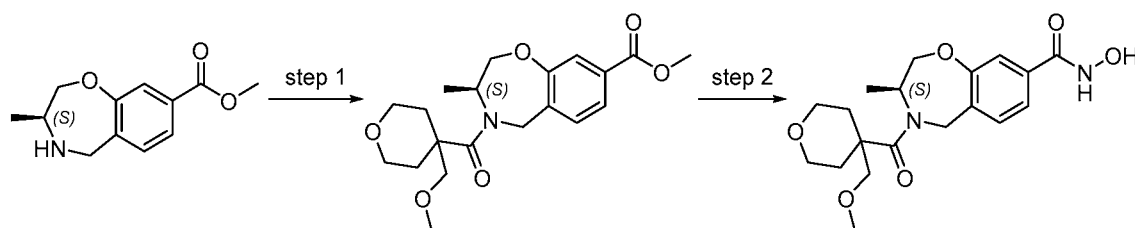
[00232] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-4-acetyl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (90 mg, 0.34 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL). Then aq. 1N NaOH (0.68 mL, 2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.67 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 14 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire C18, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 4% B to 18% B in 6 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (12.3 mg, 10% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.00 (br s, 1H), 8.15-8.13 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.22 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.79 (q, 1H), 4.69-4.10 (m, 4H), 1.23-1.09 (m, 3H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 265 [M+H]⁺.

Table-22: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 42.

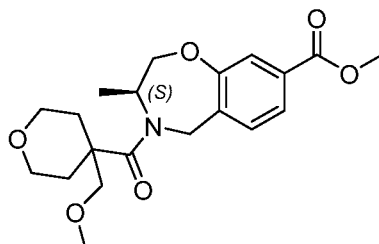
<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 305 [M+H] ⁺	11.11 (br s, 1H), 9.00 (br s, 1H), 7.34-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 4.86-4.79 (m, 2H), 4.46-4.17 (m, 3H), 3.36-3.32 (m, 2H), 2.18-1.70 (m, 6H), 1.15-1.01 (m, 3H)

Structure	Found M+H	¹ H-NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 327 [M+H] ⁺	11.17-11.16 (br s, 1H), 9.03 (br s, 1H), 7.45-7.22 (m, 7H), 7.05-7.04 (d, <i>J</i> = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.02-4.63 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.29 (t, <i>J</i> = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.24-4.04 (m, 2H), 1.20-1.18 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.3 Hz, 3H)

Example 43 – Preparation of (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



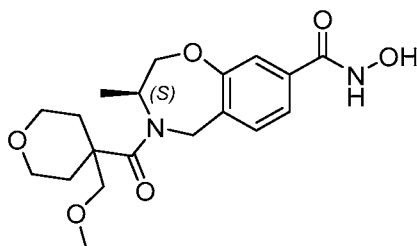
Step-1: Methyl (S)-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00233] Into a 25-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed a solution of 4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carboxylic acid (100 mg, 0.57 mmol, 1.3 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) and cat. DMF (1 drop). This was followed by the addition of oxalyl chloride (110 mg, 0.87 mmol, 1.9 equiv) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) to form Solution A. Into another 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of methyl (S)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) and Et₃N (136 mg, 1.34 mmol, 3 equiv). This was followed by the dropwise addition of Solution A with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 14 h at room temperature. The

resulting mixture was then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) and washed with H₂O (2 x 15 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as light brown oil (160 mg, 94% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 378 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: (S)-N-Hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

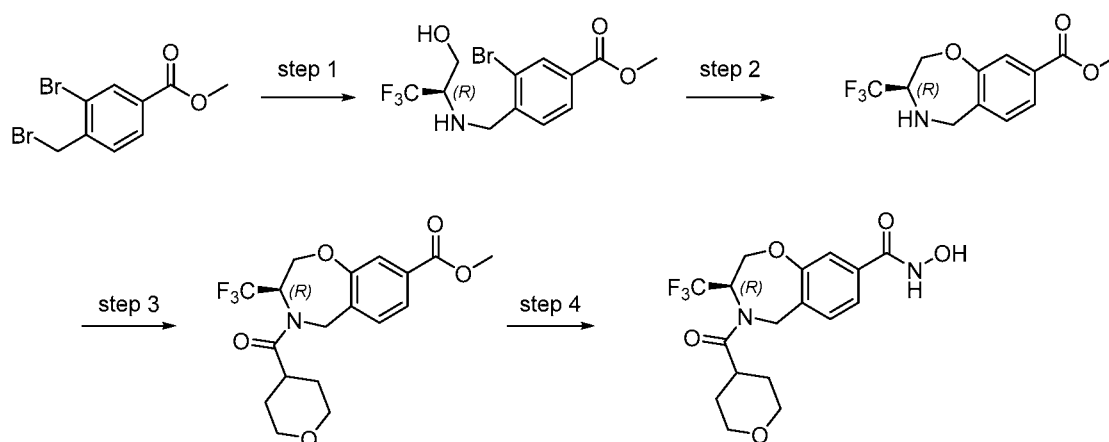


[00234] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.26 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 2.5 mL). Then NH₂OH (50% in H₂O, 0.5 mL, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.53 mL, 2 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Gemini-NX C18 110Å, AXIA Packed, 5 μm, 21.2 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 52% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (8.8 mg, 9% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.13 (br s, 1H), 8.98 (br s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 2H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 4.89-4.76 (m, 2H), 4.63-4.57 (m, 1H), 4.21-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.59-3.44 (m, 4H), 3.42-3.23 (m, 2H), 3.19-3.02 (m, 3H), 2.00-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.08-1.07 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 3H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 379 [M+H]⁺.

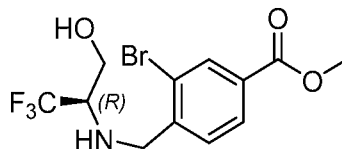
Table-23: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 43, with these modifications: In Step 2, the Prep-HPLC column can be XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm or the column Sunfire C18, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm, using formic as the additive to the water Mobile Phase A.

Structure	Found <u>M+H</u>	¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ(ppm)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 387 [M+H] ⁺	11.10 (br, 1H), 8.99 (br, 1H), 7.31-6.98 (m, 6.5H), 6.41-6.39 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz, 0.5H), 4.84-4.81 (d, <i>J</i> = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 4.46-4.32 (m, 1H), 4.21-3.82 (m, 3H), 1.41-1.37 (d, <i>J</i> = 17.5 Hz, 4H), 1.22 (s, 2H), 1.01-0.99 (d, <i>J</i> = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 0.57 (s, 1H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 401 [M+H] ⁺	11.09 (br s, 1H), 9.01 (br s, 1H), 7.32-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.20 (s, 1H), 7.11-7.07 (m, 2H), 6.98-6.95 (d, <i>J</i> = 9.7 Hz, 2H), 4.86-4.81 (m, 3H), 4.28-4.16 (m, 2H), 2.99-2.96 (d, <i>J</i> = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 2.76-2.73 (d, <i>J</i> = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 1.20-1.07 (m, 9H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 377 [M+H] ⁺	11.12 (br s, 1H), 8.98 (br s, 1H), 7.33-7.15 (m, 3H), 4.80-4.76 (m, 3H), 4.23-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.74-3.72 (m, 2H), 3.08-3.02 (m, 1H), 2.21-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.50-0.62 (m, 14H)
	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 370 [M+H] ⁺	11.03 (br s, 1H), 8.98 (br s, 1H), 8.46-8.29 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.04 (m, 4.5H), 6.31-6.30 (d, <i>J</i> = 5.2 Hz, 0.5H), 4.85-4.81 (m, 1H), 4.51-4.33 (m, 1H), 4.21-4.18 (m, 0.5H), 4.05-3.82 (m, 2.5H), 1.49-1.22 (m, 6H), 1.08-1.01 (m, 2H), 0.52 (s, 1H)

Example 44 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

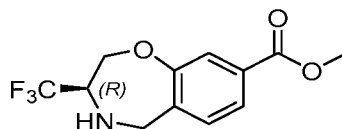


Step-1: Methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((1,1,1-trifluoro-3-hydroxypropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate



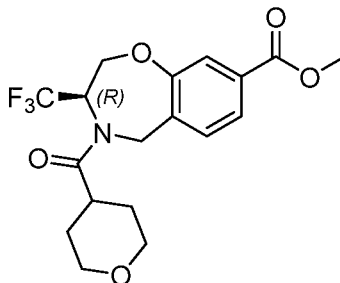
[00235] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, were placed a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (1.13 g, 3.67 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN/H₂O (1:1, 10 mL) and (2R)-2-amino-3,3,3-trifluoropropan-1-ol hydrochloride (600 mg, 3.62 mmol, 1 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of K₂CO₃ (1.5 g, 10.87 mmol, 3 equiv) in H₂O (4 mL) dropwise with stirring at room temperature. The resulting solution was stirred for 72 h at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by prep-TLC (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (200 mg). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 356 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: Methyl (R)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



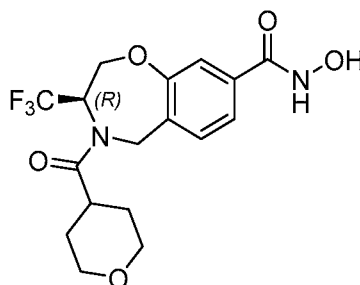
[00236] Into a 25-mL sealed tube purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, were placed a solution of methyl (R)-3-bromo-4-(((1,1,1-trifluoro-3-hydroxypropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate (200 mg, 0.56 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (10 mL), K₂CO₃ (117 mg, 0.85 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and CuI (43 mg, 0.23 mmol, 0.4 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 19 h at 110 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H₂O (20 mL) and was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL). The organic phase was washed with H₂O (2 x 20 mL) and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 3:10) to afford the title compound as a green oil (170 mg). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 276 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl (R)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00237] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed methyl (R)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (25 mg, 0.09 mmol, 1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (1.5 mL), Et₃N (28 mg, 0.28 mmol, 3 equiv) and tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl chloride (16 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-TLC (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as yellow oil (35 mg, 99% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 388 [M+H]⁺.

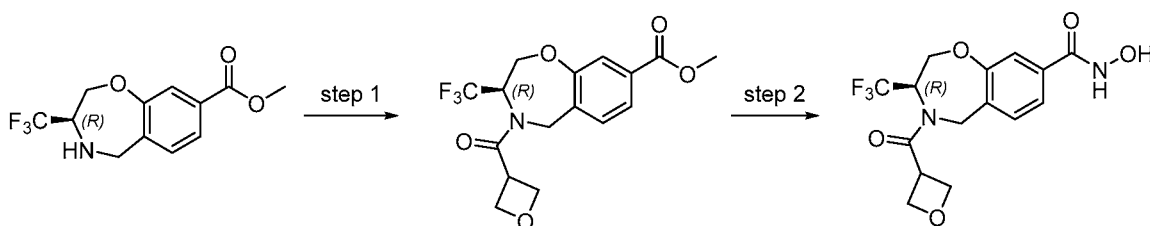
Step-4: (R)-N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



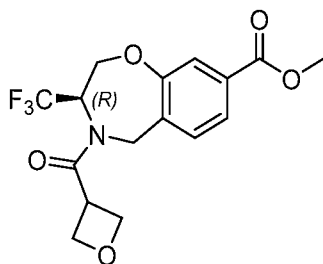
[00238] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed methyl (R)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (35 mg, 0.09 mmol, 1 equiv) and THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL). Then NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.18 mL, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.18 mL, 2 equiv) were added at the same time. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge C18, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 45% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (15.4 mg, 44% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆)

δ (ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.06 (br s, 1H), 7.49-7.23 (m, 3H), 5.70-5.50 (m, 1H), 5.11-5.04 (m, 1.7H), 4.88-4.76 (m, 1H), 4.60-4.53 (m, 1.3H), 3.90-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.48-3.39 (m, 1.3H), 3.16-3.05 (m, 0.7H), 2.99-2.90 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.20 (m, 2H). MS: (ES, m/z): 389 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 45 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

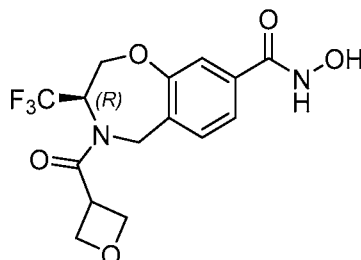


Step-1: Methyl (R)-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



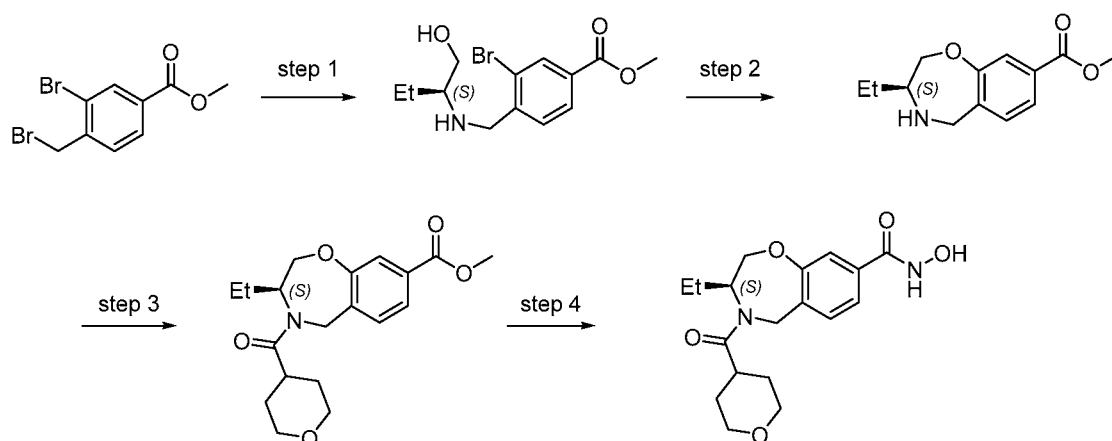
[00239] Into a 10-mL vial (vial A) purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, were placed a solution of cyclobutanecarboxylic acid (25 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL), then oxalyl chloride (13.1 mg, 0.5 equiv) was added at 0 °C and stirred at room temperature for 2 h. In vial B was added methyl (R)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (30 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1 equiv) and Et_3N (50 mg, 0.49 mmol, 6 equiv), then the solution of vial A was transferred to vial B dropwise. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (25 mg, 28% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 360 $[M+H]^+$.

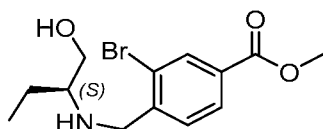
Step-2: (R)-N-Hydroxy-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



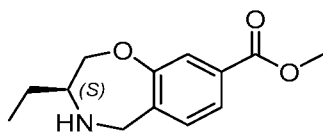
[00240] Into a 10-mL vial, were placed methyl (R)-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (35 mg, 0.09 mmol, 1 equiv) and THF/MeOH (4:1, 3 mL). Then NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.14 mL, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.14 mL, 2 equiv) were added at the same time. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 68% B in 10 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a brown oil (12.3 mg, 49% yield). ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.21 (br s, 1H), 9.06 (br s, 1H), 7.37-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.16 (m, 1H), 6.08 (s, 1H), 5.68 (s, 1H), 4.71-4.68 (m, 1H), 4.60-4.56 (m, 1H), 4.46-4.44 (m, 1H), 4.02-3.96 (m, 1H), 3.78-3.74 (m, 1H), 3.46 (s, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 361 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 46 – Preparation of (S)-3-ethyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



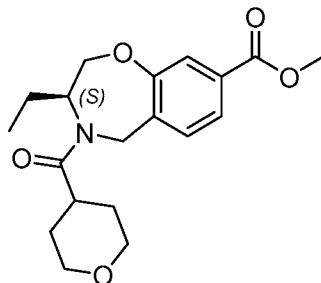
Step-1: Methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxybutan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate

[00241] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of (2S)-2-aminobutan-1-ol (7 g, 78.53 mmol, 1.8 equiv) in MeCN (150 mL), K₂CO₃ (9 g, 65.22 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (13.5 g, 43.84 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (100 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred for 14 h at room temperature and then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H₂O (200 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (2 x 200 mL) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:9) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (6.9 g, 50% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 316 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: Methyl (S)-3-ethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

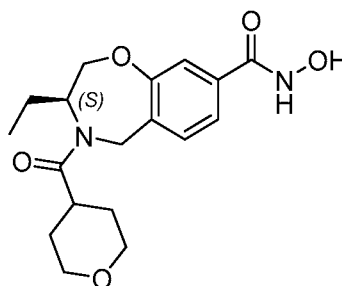
[00242] Into a 150-mL pressure tank reactor purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxybutan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate (6.9 g, 21.82 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (130 mL), K₂CO₃ (5.14 g, 37.25 mmol, 1.7 equiv) and CuI (2.08 g, 10.95 mmol, 0.5 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 20 h at 110 °C in an oil bath, then was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with H₂O (1 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (3 x 100 mL) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a green oil (2.1 g), which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 236 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl (S)-3-ethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00243] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of oxane-4-carboxylic acid (56 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2.5 mL), HATU (120 mg, 0.32 mmol, 1.2 equiv), methyl (S)-3-ethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv), and DIEA (164 mg, 1.27 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 20 h at room temperature. The resulting solution was diluted with H₂O (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (2 x 10 mL) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:2) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (100 mg, 68% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 348 [M+H]⁺.

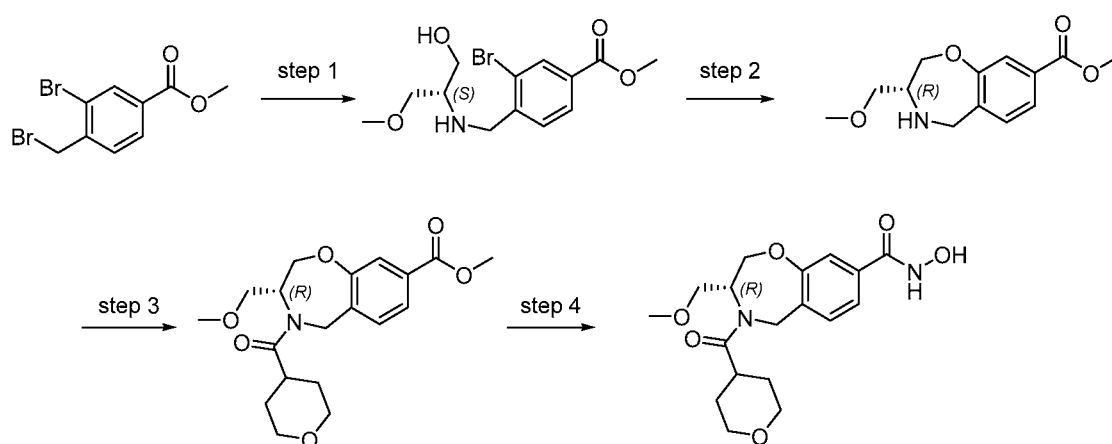
Step-4: (S)-3-Ethyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



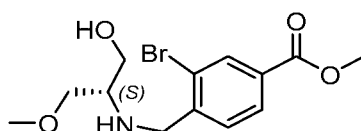
[00244] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed methyl (S)-3-ethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.29 mmol, 1 equiv) and THF/MeOH (4:1, 2 mL). Then NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.57 mL, 30 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (0.58 mL, 2 equiv) were added at the same time. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN;

Flow rate: 30 mL/min; Gradient: 15% B to 60% B in 12 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (25.5 mg, 25% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.19 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.17 (m, 3H), 4.91-4.87 (m, 0.3H), 4.78-4.75 (m, 1.7H), 4.39-4.18 (m, 3H), 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.41-3.36 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.13 (m, 1H), 2.93-2.89 (m, 0.3H), 2.87-2.75 (m, 0.7H), 1.67-1.82 (m, 0.2H), 1.63-1.62 (m, 1.8H), 1.60-1.25 (m, 3H), 0.96 (m, 1H), 0.85-0.83 (m, 2H), 0.77-0.71 (m, 1H). MS: (ES, m/z): 349 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 47 – Preparation of (S)-3-ethyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

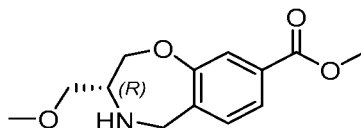


Step-1: Methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxy-3-methoxypropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate



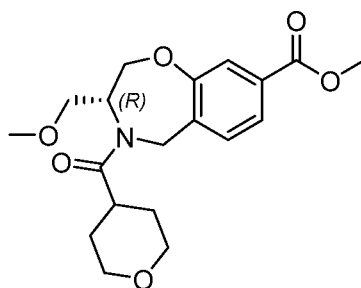
[00245] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed (2S)-2-amino-3-methoxypropan-1-ol hydrochloride (8.5 g, 27.60 mmol, 1 equiv), a solution of K_2CO_3 (20.0 g, 144.71 mmol, 5 equiv) in MeCN (150 mL). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (15.0 g, 105.93 mmol, 2 equiv) in MeCN (100 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (6.5 g, 71% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 332, 334 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (R)-3-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



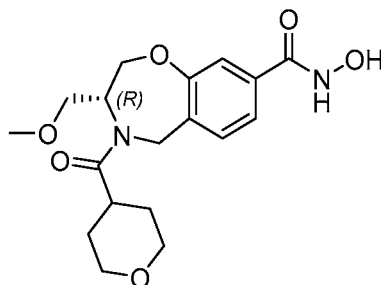
[00246] Into a 120-mL sealed tube, was placed a solution of methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxy-3-methoxypropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate (5.0 g, 15.05 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (120 mL), K_2CO_3 (3.13 g, 22.48 mmol, 1.5 equiv), and CuI (0.86 g, 4.52 mmol, 0.3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 110 °C in an oil bath, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow-green oil (1 g, 26% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 252 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-3: Methyl (R)-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00247] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of oxane-4-carboxylic acid (120 mg, 0.92 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in DMF (3 mL), DMTMM (332 mg, 1.20 mmol, 2 equiv) and Methyl (R)-3-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (150 mg, 0.60 mmol, 1 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Flash-Prep-HPLC (Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA, Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 45 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 50% B in 25 min; Detector: 220, 254 nm) to afford the title compound as colorless oil (60 mg, 28% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 364 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-4: (R)-N-Hydroxy-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

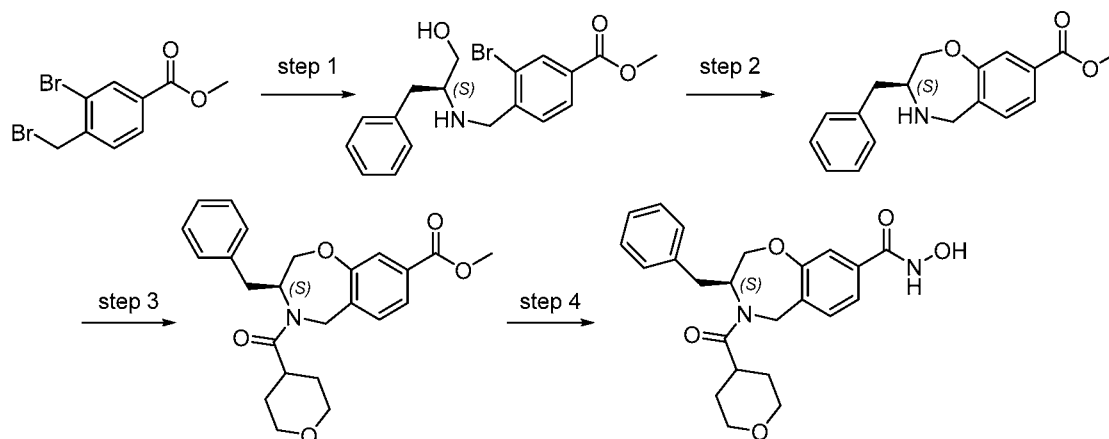


[00248] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed methyl (R)-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (60 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1 equiv) and THF/MeOH (3:1, 4 mL). Then NH_2OH (50% in water, 1.0 mL, 100 equiv) and aq. 1N NaOH (1.0 mL, 6 equiv) were added at the same time. The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 12% B to 34% B in 9 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (22.7 mg, 34% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 7.40- 7.20 (m, 3H), 4.98-4.83 (m, 2H), 4.51-4.27 (m, 3H), 3.85-3.29 (m, 7H), 3.28-3.12 (m, 2H), 3.01-2.80 (m, 1H), 1.72-0.80 (m, 4H). MS: (ES, m/z): 365 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

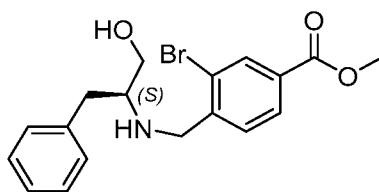
Table-24: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 47, using (2R)-2-amino-3-methoxypropan-1-ol hydrochloride in Step 1.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>$\text{M}+\text{H}$</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, m/z): 365 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.15 (br s, 1H), 7.94 (br, 1H), 7.42-7.18 (m, 3H), 4.99-4.79 (m, 2H), 4.61-4.20 (m, 3H), 3.86-3.68 (m, 2H), 3.67-3.16 (m, 7H), 2.93-2.78 (m, 1H), 1.77-0.78 (m, 4H)

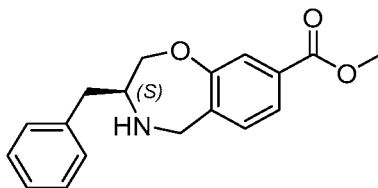
Example 48 – Preparation of (S)-3-benzyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



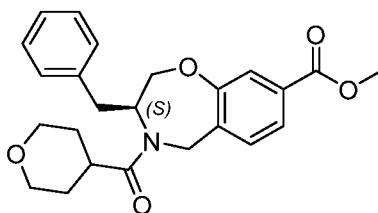
Step-1: Methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate



[00249] Into a 40-mL scintillation vial was placed (S)-2-amino-3-phenylpropan-1-ol (271 mg, 1.79 mmol, 1.30 equiv), K_2CO_3 (572 mg, 4.14 mmol, 3.00 equiv) and MeCN (15 mL). The resulting slurry was cooled to 0 °C in an ice-water bath. Next, a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (425 mg, 1.380 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in MeCN (3 mL) was added dropwise over 10 min while maintaining the internal temperature at 0 °C. The ice bath was removed and the resulting slurry was allowed to slowly warm to room temperature. Stirring continued at room temperature for 16 h. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove most of the MeCN. The concentrated mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (10 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was washed with brine (5 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (628 mg), which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 379 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl (S)-3-benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

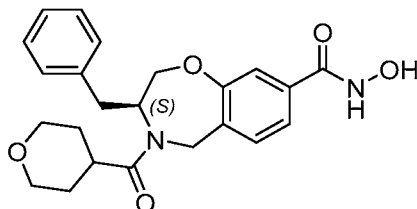
[00250] Into a 40-mL scintillation vial was placed methyl (S)-3-bromo-4-(((1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropan-2-yl)amino)methyl)benzoate hydrochloride (522 mg, 1.39 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (5 mL). K_2CO_3 (381 mg, 2.76 mmol, 2 equiv) was added followed by CuI (52.6 mg, 0.276 mmol, 0.2 equiv). The resulting solution was heated to reflux for 18 h. The resulting mixture was filtered through a celite pad and washed with isopropanol (10 mL). The filtrate was reduced in volume to ~5mL and 10N HCl (1.1 equiv) was added dropwise, with stirring, to the filtrate. The resulting slurry was cooled in an ice bath for 30 min before being filtered to afford the title compound as the HCl salt as a yellow solid (252 mg, 49.3% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 7.68-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.45 (m, 4H), 4.36-4.58 (m, 2H), 4.26 (br d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 3.74-4.05 (m, 4H), 3.42 (s, 1H), 3.07-3.27 (m, 2H), 2.90 (br dd, J = 13.6, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 1.03 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H). MS: (ES, m/z): 298 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-3: Methyl (S)-3-benzyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

[00251] Into a 4-mL vial was placed methyl (S)-3-benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate hydrochloride (50 mg, 0.150 mmol, 1 equiv), Et_3N (0.063 mL, 0.449 mmol, 3 equiv), tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carboxylic acid (23.4 mg, 0.180 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and dichloroethane (3 mL). Next, DMC (30.4 mg, 0.180 mmol, 1.2 equiv) was added and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was washed with aq. 1N NaOH (1 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered

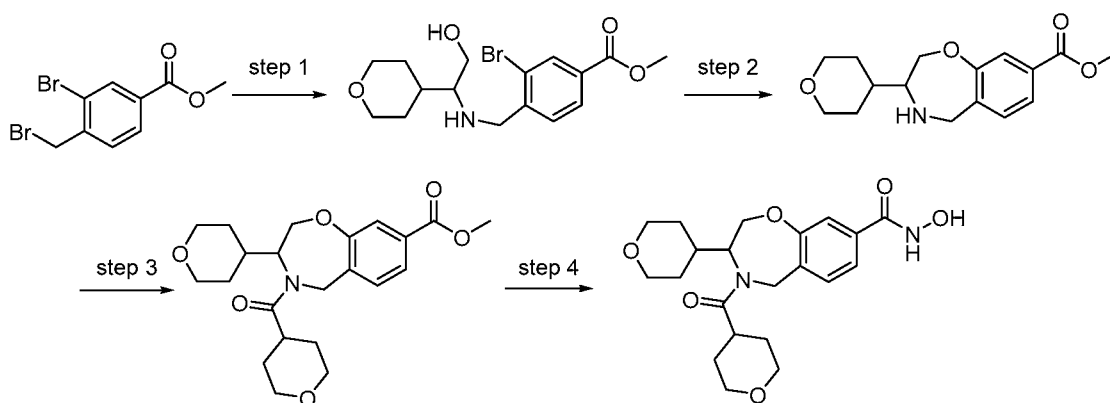
and concentrated to dryness to afford the title compound (61.4 mg, 99 % yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 410 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-4: (S)-3-Benzyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

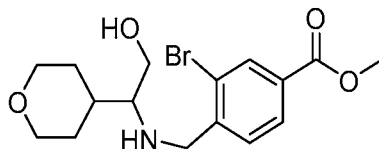


[00252] Into a 4-ml vial was placed methyl (S)-3-benzyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (61.4 mg, 0.150 mmol, 1 equiv), NH_2OH (50% in water, 0.198 ml, 3 mmol, 20 equiv), and aq. 1N NaOH (0.3 ml, 0.3 mmol, 2 equiv) in a solution of THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction was concentrated and the residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 50 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.1% formic acid; Flow rate: 23 mL/min; Gradient: 0% B to 35% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound (16 mg, 26% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 411 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 49 – Preparation of N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

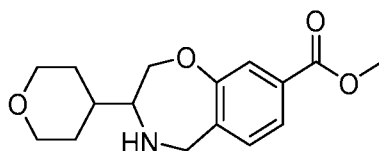


Step-1: Methyl 3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)ethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



[00253] Into a 40-mL scintillation vial was placed 2-amino-2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)ethanol (102 mg, 0.705 mmol, 1.3 equiv), K_2CO_3 (225 mg, 1.63 mmol, 3 equiv) and MeCN (10 mL). The resulting slurry was cooled to 0 °C in an ice-water bath. Next, a solution of methyl 3-bromo-4-(bromomethyl)benzoate (167 mg, 0.542 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (3 mL) was added dropwise over 10 minutes while maintaining the internal temperature at 0 °C. The ice bath was removed and the resulting slurry was allowed to slowly warm to room temperature. Stirring continued at room temperature for 16 hours. The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure to remove most of the MeCN. The concentrated mixture was partitioned between EtOAc (10 mL) and H_2O (5 mL). The organic phase was washed with brine (5 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated to afford the title compound as a pale yellow oil (265 mg), which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 373 $[M+H]^+$.

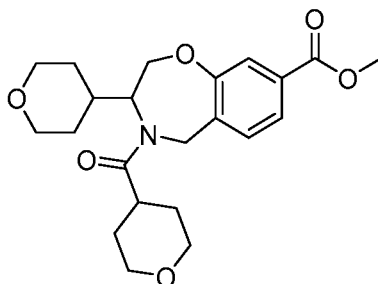
Step-2: Methyl 3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00254] Into a 40-mL scintillation vial was placed methyl 3-bromo-4-(((2-hydroxy-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)ethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (202 mg, 0.542 mmol, 1 equiv) in isopropanol (5 mL). K_2CO_3 (150 mg, 1.08 mmol, 2 equiv) was added followed by CuI (20.6 mg, 0.108 mmol, 0.2 equiv). The resulting solution was heated to reflux for 18 h. The resulting mixture was filtered through a celite pad and washed with isopropanol (10 mL). The filtrate was reduced in volume to ~5 mL and 10N HCl (1.1 equiv) was added dropwise, with stirring, to the filtrate. The resulting slurry was cooled in an ice bath for 30 minutes before being filtered to

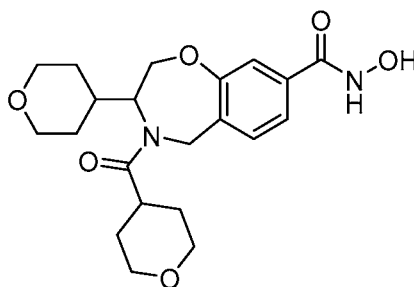
afford the title compound as the HCl salt as a yellow solid (63.3 mg, 36% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 292 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-3: Methyl 4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00255] Into a 4-mL vial was placed methyl 3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate hydrochloride (20 mg, 0.061 mmol, 1 equiv), Et₃N (0.024 mL, 0.183 mmol, 3 equiv), tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carboxylic acid (9.5 mg, 0.073 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and dichloroethane (3 mL). Next, DMC (12.3 mg, 0.073 mmol, 1.2 equiv) was added and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was washed with aq. 1N NaOH (1 mL). The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated to dryness to afford the title compound (24.6 mg, 99% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 404 $[M+H]^+$.

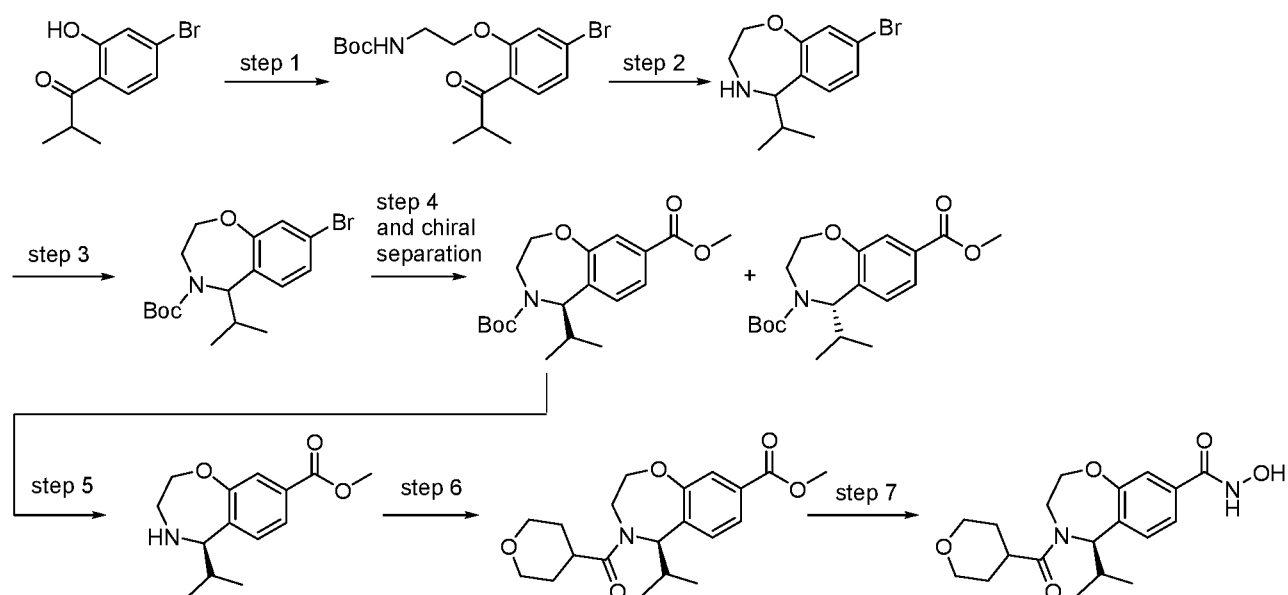
Step-4: N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



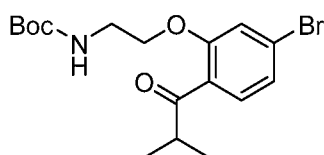
[00256] Into a 4-mL vial was placed methyl 4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (24.6 mg, 0.061 mmol, 1 equiv), NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.198 mL, 3 mmol, 49 equiv), and aq. 1N NaOH (0.3 mL, 0.3 mmol, 4.92 equiv) in a solution of THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL). The resulting solution

was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction was concentrated and the residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge Prep C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 50 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.1% formic acid; Flow rate: 23 mL/min; Gradient: 0% B to 35% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound (16 mg, 26% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 405 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 50 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



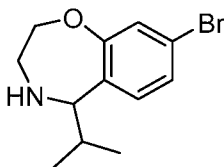
Step-1: tert-Butyl (2-(5-bromo-2-isobutyrylphenoxy)ethyl)carbamate



[00257] Into a 100-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed 1-(4-bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-methylpropan-1-one (5 g, 20.57 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (30 mL), K_2CO_3 (9.2 g, 66.57 mmol, 3 equiv), potassium iodide (3.7 g, 1 equiv), and tert-butyl N-(2-bromoethyl)carbamate (6 g, 26.77 mmol, 1.2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 50 °C in an oil bath. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of H_2O (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic

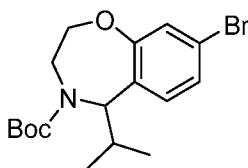
layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:5) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (3.5 g, 44% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 286 $[\text{M-Boc}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-2: 8-Bromo-5-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine



[00258] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, was placed tert-butyl (2-(5-bromo-2-isobutyrylphenoxy)ethyl)carbamate (3 g, 7.77 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) and TFA (2 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in MeOH (20 mL). The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 7 with saturated sodium acetate solution, then concentrated under vacuum. To the residue was added MeOH (50 mL) and $\text{Na}(\text{CN})\text{BH}_3$ (2.6 g, 41.37 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. H_2O (50 mL) was added, and the solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as yellow oil (3.5 g, 87% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 270 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

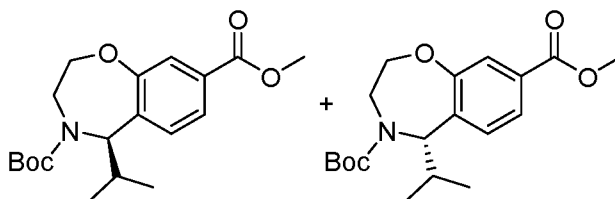
Step-3: tert-Butyl 8-bromo-5-isopropyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4(5H)-carboxylate



[00259] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 8-bromo-5-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine (3.5 g, 12.95 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL), Et_3N (4 g, 39.53 mmol, 3 equiv) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (5.5 g, 25.20 mmol, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of H_2O (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under

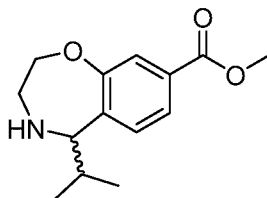
vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:5) to afford the title compound as a white-solid (2 g, 42% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 370 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-4: 4-(tert-Butyl) 8-Methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4,8(5H)-dicarboxylate and 4-(tert-butyl) 8-Methyl (S)-5-isopropyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4,8(5H)-dicarboxylate



[00260] Into a 100-mL pressure tank reactor, was placed tert-butyl 8-bromo-5-(propan-2-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-4-carboxylate (1 g, 2.70 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH (60 mL), Et₃N (820 mg, 8.10 mmol, 3 equiv) and Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (330 mg, 0.15 equiv). To the above reaction mixture CO (g) (60 atm) was introduced. The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 130 °C, then concentrated under vacuum. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of H₂O (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:5) to afford the title compounds as a racemic mixture. The racemate was then purified by Prep-SFC (Column: Phenomenex Lux Cellulose-4, 5 μm, 50 x 250 mm ; Mobile Phase A: 85% CO₂, 15% MeOH; Flow rate: 150 mL/min; Detector, UV 220 nm) to afford the single isomers as white solids (first eluting isomer: 200 mg, 21% yield; second eluting isomer: 300 mg, 32% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 350 $[M+H]^+$.

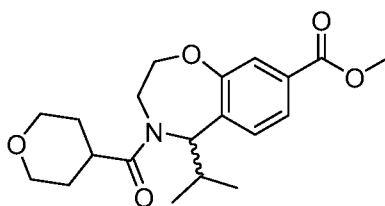
Step-5: Methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00261] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed the first eluting isomer from Step 4 (4-(tert-butyl) 8-Methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4,8(5H)-dicarboxylate)

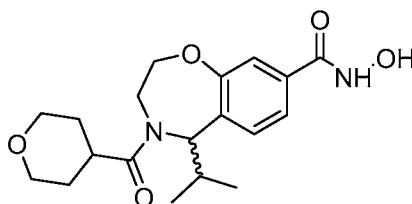
(200 mg, 0.57 mmol, 1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (8 mL), and TFA (2 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as the TFA salt as yellow oil (200 mg), which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 250 [M+H]⁺.

Step-6: Methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00262] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate•TFA (100 mg, 0.40 mmol, 1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL), Et₃N (100 mg, 0.99 mmol, 4 equiv) and oxane-4-carbonyl chloride (83 mg, 0.56 mmol, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with H₂O (30 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (100 mg, 69% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 362 [M+H]⁺.

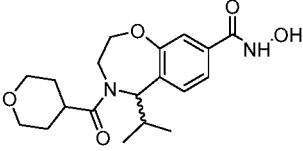
Step-7: (R)-N-Hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



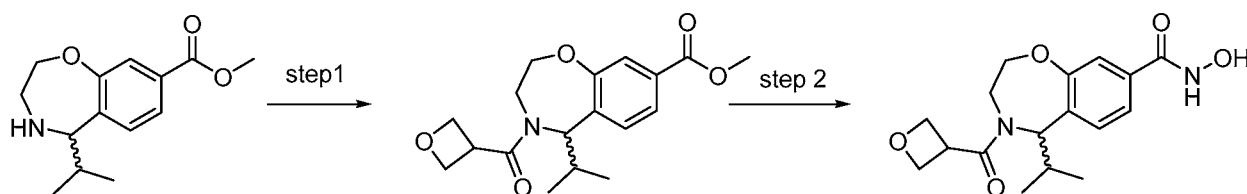
[00263] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.28 mmol, 1 equiv), MeOH/THF (1:4, 2 mL), NH₂OH (50% in water, 1.4 g, 60 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (0.6 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The solids were filtered out. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire C18 OBD, 5

μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 15% B to 39% B in 6 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (21.2 mg, 19% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO, 300 MHz) δ (ppm): 11.20 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.22 (m, 3H), 5.14-5.11 (d, $J = 11.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.62-4.58 (d, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.43-4.39 (d, $J = 13.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.12-3.66 (m, 3H), 3.63-3.27 (m, 3H), 3.21-2.91 (m, 1H), 2.50-2.49 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.18 (m, 4H), 0.93-0.82 (m, 3H), 0.67-0.60 (m, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 363 $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$.

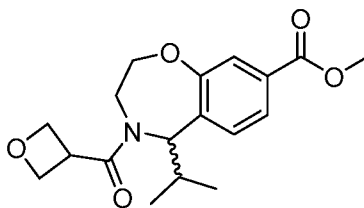
Table-25: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 50, using the second eluting isomer of the Step 4 product in Step 5.

Structure	Found $\text{M} + \text{H}$	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, m/z): 363 $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$	11.13 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.23 (m, 3H), 5.14-5.11 (d, $J = 11.1$ Hz, 1H), 4.62-4.58 (d, $J = 10.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.43-4.39 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.13-3.71 (m, 3H), 3.66-3.32 (m, 3H), 3.29-2.91 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.50 (m, 1H), 1.65-1.17 (m, 4H), 0.93-0.91 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 1H), 0.84-0.82 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 2H), 0.67-0.60 (m, 3H)

Example 51 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

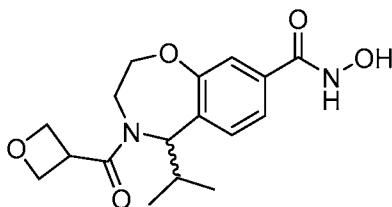


Step-1: Methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



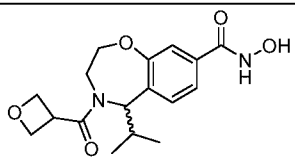
[00264] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed the product from Example 45 Step 5 (methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate•TFA) (50 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (3 mL), DIEA (103 mg, 0.80 mmol, 4 equiv), HATU (115 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and oxetane-3-carboxylic acid (24 mg, 0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with H₂O (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as yellow oil (60 mg, 90% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 334 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: (R)-N-Hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

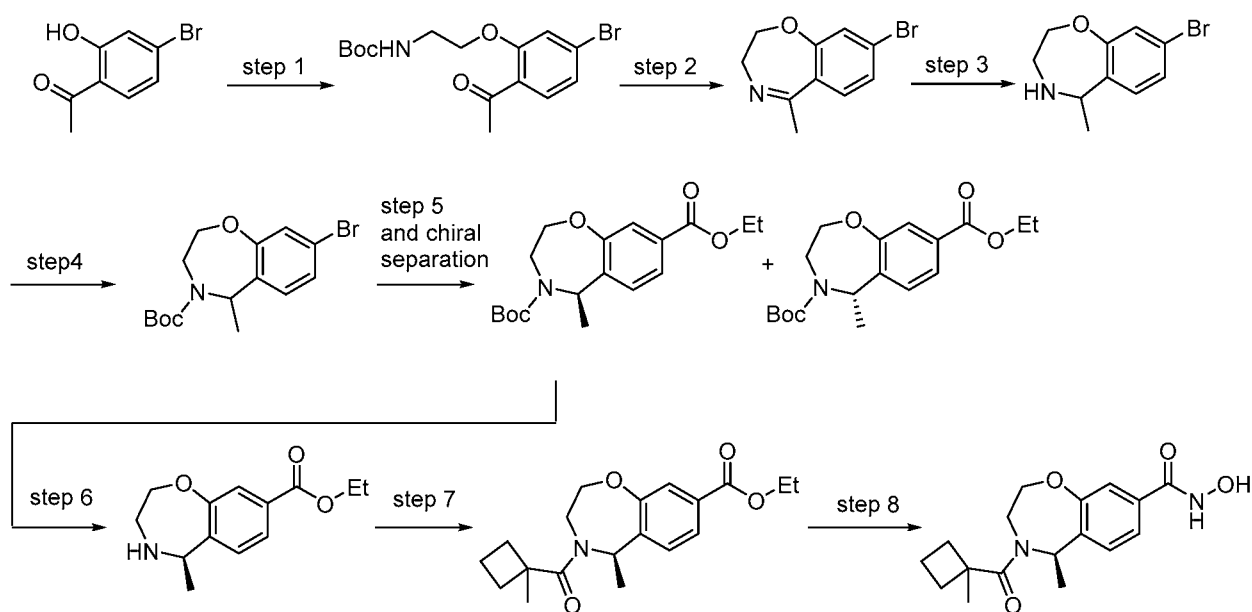


[00265] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl (R)-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (60 mg, 0.18 mmol, 1 equiv), MeOH/THF (1:4, 1 mL), NH₂OH (50% in water, 711 mg, 60 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (0.4 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The solids were filtered out. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 60% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (6.6 mg, 11% yield). ¹H-NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz) δ (ppm): 11.20 (br s, 1H), 9.06-9.05 (br s, 1H), 7.40-7.28 (m, 3H), 5.15-5.12 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 0.5H), 4.90-4.87 (m, 0.5H), 4.76-4.55 (m, 4H), 4.49-4.15 (m, 3H), 3.92-3.89 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 0.5H), 3.62-3.37 (m, 2.5H), 0.88-0.86 (m, 3H), 0.64-0.60 (t, *J* = 7 Hz, 3H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 335 [M+H]⁺.

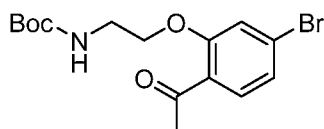
Table-26: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 51, using the second eluting isomer of the Example 45 Step 4 product.

Structure	Found M+H	¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ(ppm)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.19 (br s, 1H), 9.06-9.05 (br s, 1H), 7.43-7.28 (m, 3H), 5.15-5.12 (d, <i>J</i> = 11.6 Hz, 0.5H), 4.90-4.87 (m, 0.5H), 4.77-4.55 (m, 4H), 4.49-4.15 (m, 3H), 3.92-3.89 (d, <i>J</i> = 10.8 Hz, 0.5H), 3.64-3.38 (m, 2.5H), 0.88-0.86 (m, 3H), 0.64-0.60 (t, <i>J</i> = 7 Hz, 3H)

Example 52 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



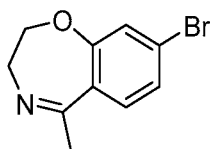
Step-1: tert-Butyl (2-(2-acetyl-5-bromophenoxy)ethyl)carbamate



[00266] Into a 500-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask, was placed 1-(4-bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)ethan-1-one (30 g, 139 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (150 mL), K₂CO₃ (29 g, 209 mmol, 1.5 equiv), potassium iodide (23.2 g, 1 equiv) and tert-butyl N-(2-bromoethoxy)ethylcarbamate (47 g, 209 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 50 °C. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was quenched with H₂O (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc

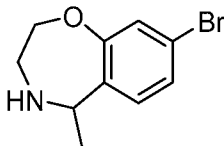
(5x100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was triturated with a solution of EtOAc/pet. ether (1:10, 100 mL) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (42 g, 84% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 358 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: 8-Bromo-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine



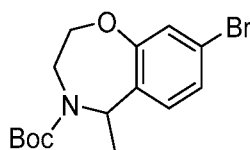
[00267] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed tert-butyl 2-(2-acetyl-5-bromophenoxy)ethylcarbamate (23 g, 64.20 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and TFA (25 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (15.4 g), which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 240 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: 8-Bromo-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine



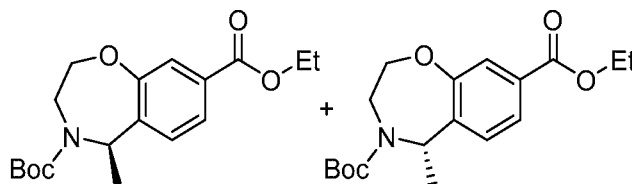
[00268] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of 8-bromo-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine (15.4 g, 64.14 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH (200 mL). The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 7 with anhydrous NaOAc at 0 °C. Then Na(CN)BH₃ (18.1 g, 288 mmol, 4.5 equiv) was added at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred for 4 h at room temperature and concentrated under vacuum. H₂O (50 mL) was added to the residue and the solids were collected by filtration to afford the title compound as a white solid (15 g). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 242 [M+H]⁺.

Step-4: tert-Butyl 8-bromo-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4(5H)-carboxylate

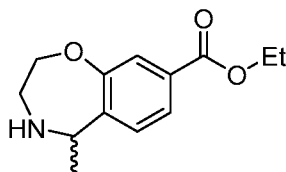


[00269] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed tert-butyl 8-bromo-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4(5H)-carboxylate (9 g, 37.17 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (80 mL), Et_3N (11.25 g, 111 mmol, 3 equiv) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (12.1 g, 55.44 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by Flash-Prep-HPLC (Column: silica gel; Mobile Phase A: pet. ether, Mobile Phase B: EtOAc; Gradient: 0% B to 10% B in 50 min; Detector: 254 nm) to afford the title compound as white solid (11 g, 86% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 342 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

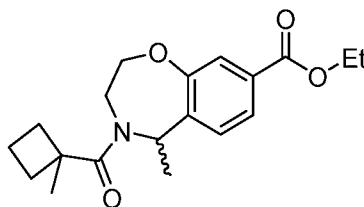
Step-5: 4-(tert-Butyl) 8-ethyl (R)-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4,8(5H)-dicarboxylate and 4-(tert-butyl) 8-ethyl (S)-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4,8(5H)-dicarboxylate



[00270] Into a 50-mL sealed tube, was placed tert-butyl 8-bromo-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4(5H)-carboxylate ((2.5 g, 7.33 mmol, 1 equiv) in EtOH (25 mL), Et_3N (2.22 g, 22 mmol, 3 equiv) and $\text{Pd}(\text{dppf})\text{Cl}_2$ (0.534 g, 0.73 mmol, 0.1 equiv). To the above reaction mixture CO (g) (60 atm) was introduced. The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 120 °C, then concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by Flash-Prep-HPLC (Column: silica gel; Mobile Phase A: pet. ether, Mobile Phase B: EtOAc; Gradient: 0% B to 10% B in 30 min; Detector: 254 nm) to afford the title compounds as a racemic mixture. The racemate was then purified by Prep-SFC (Column: (R,R) WHELK-01 Kromasil, 10 μm , 21.1 x 250 mm; Mobile Phase A: 75% CO_2 , 25% isopropanol (0.2% N,N-diethylaniline); Flow rate: 45 mL/min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the single isomers as a light yellow oil (first eluting isomer: 540 mg, 21.9% yield; second eluting isomer: 680 mg, 27.7% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 336 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

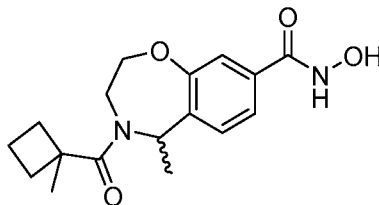
Step-6: Ethyl (R)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

[00271] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed the first eluting isomer from Step 5 (4-(tert-butyl) 8-ethyl (R)-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4,8(5H)-dicarboxylate) (540 mg, 1.61 mmol, 1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL), and TFA (2 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by Flash-Prep-HPLC (Column: C18 silica gel; Mobile Phase A: H₂O/0.05% TFA, Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Gradient: 5% B to 50% B in 30 min; Detector: 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (450 mg), which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 236 [M+H]⁺.

Step-7: Ethyl (R)-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

[00272] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethyl (R)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv), DMF (2 mL), HATU (194 mg, 0.51 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DIEA (165 mg, 1.28 mmol, 3 equiv) and 1-methylcyclobutane-1-carboxylic acid (48.6 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with H₂O (2 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 5 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by Flash-Prep-HPLC (Column: C18 silica gel; Mobile Phase A: pet. ether, Mobile Phase B: EtOAc; Gradient: 0% B to 30% B in 25 min; Detector: 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (90 mg, 64% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 332 [M+H]⁺.

Step-8: (R)-N-Hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

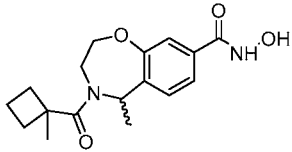
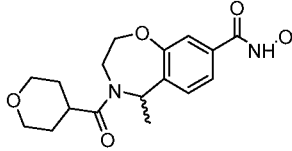
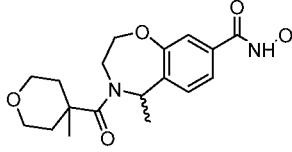
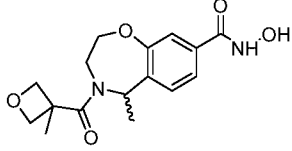
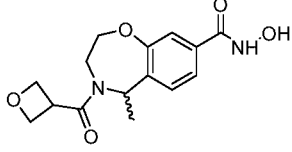


[00273] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethyl (R)-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (90 mg, 0.27 mmol, 1 equiv), MeOH/THF (1:4, 1.5 mL), NH_2OH (50% in water, 1.077 g, 16.2 mmol, 60 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (0.54 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 5 h at room temperature. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with 6N HCl at 0 °C. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 10% B to 40% B in 12 min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (44.8 mg, 52% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO, 400 MHz) δ (ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.04 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.32 (m, 3H), 5.72-4.84 (m, 1H), 4.60-4.38 (m, 1H), 3.83-3.56 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.23 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.76 (m, 3H), 1.61-1.20 (m, 7H). MS: (ES, m/z): 319 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

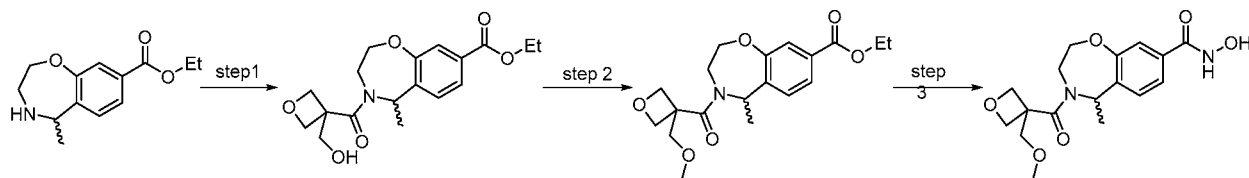
Table-27: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 52.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, m/z): 335 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.14 (br, 1H), 9.05 (br s, 1H), 7.56-7.30 (m, 3H), 5.74-5.38 (m, 1H), 4.56-4.06 (m, 2H), 3.88-3.33 (m, 4H), 3.11-2.87 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.19 (m, 7H)

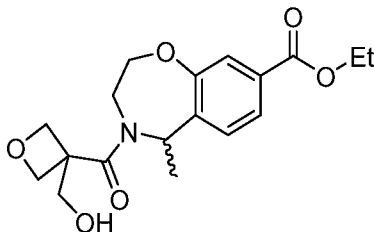
Table-28: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 52, using the second eluting isomer of the Step 5 product.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 319 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.05 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.32 (m, 3H), 5.72-4.37 (m, 1H), 4.39-4.37 (m, 2H), 3.80-3.56 (m, 2H), 2.50-2.22 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.76 (m, 3H), 1.61-1.30 (m, 7H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.14 (s, 1H), 9.07 (s, 1H), 7.56-7.30 (m, 3H), 5.74-5.38 (m, 1H), 4.56-4.06 (m, 2H), 3.88-3.50 (m, 4H), 3.11-2.86 (m, 1H), 1.63-1.20 (m, 7H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (s, 1H), 9.01 (s, 1H), 7.39-7.29 (m, 3H), 5.60-5.56 (m, 1H), 4.39-4.30 (m, 2H), 3.81-3.36 (m, 6H), 1.99-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.41 (m, 5H), 1.14 (s, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 321 [M+H] ⁺	11.17 (s, 1H), 9.04 (s, 1H), 7.41-7.32 (m, 3H), 5.74-5.72 (m, 0.5H), 4.81-4.72 (m, 1.5H), 4.62-4.58 (m, 1H), 4.45-4.33 (m, 2H), 4.26-4.21 (m, 1.5H), 3.87-3.70 (m, 1.5H), 3.36-3.01 (m, 1H), 1.56-1.48 (m, 6H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 307 [M+H] ⁺	11.30-10.60 (br s, 1H), 9.40-8.60 (br s, 1H), 7.46-7.31 (m, 3H), 5.77-5.71 (m, 0.5H), 4.87-4.84 (m, 0.5H), 4.73-4.10 (m, 6.5H), 3.76-3.60 (m, 1.5H), 3.45-3.38 (m, 1H), 1.51-1.47 (m, 3H)

Example 53 – Preparation of (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

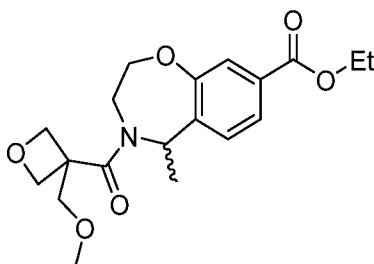


Step-1: Ethyl (S)-4-(3-(hydroxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00274] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethyl (S)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (from the second eluting isomer of Example 47 Step 5) (150 mg, 0.64 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (5 mL), HATU (269 mg, 0.71 mmol, 1.5 equiv), DIEA (413 mg, 3.20 mmol, 5 equiv) and 3-(hydroxymethyl)oxetane-3-carboxylic acid (84 mg, 0.64 mmol, 1 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with water and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 5 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:4) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (160 mg, 72% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 350 [M+H]⁺.

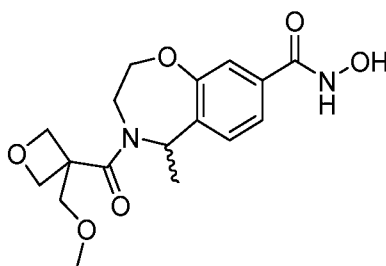
Step-2: Ethyl (S)-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



Into a 8-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethyl (S)-4-(3-(hydroxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.29 mmol, 1 equiv), THF (2 mL), and sodium hydride (17.2 mg, 0.72 mmol, 2.5 equiv). After stirred for 30 min at room temperature, iodomethane (65 mg, 0.46 mmol, 1.6 equiv) was added. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with aq. NH₄Cl

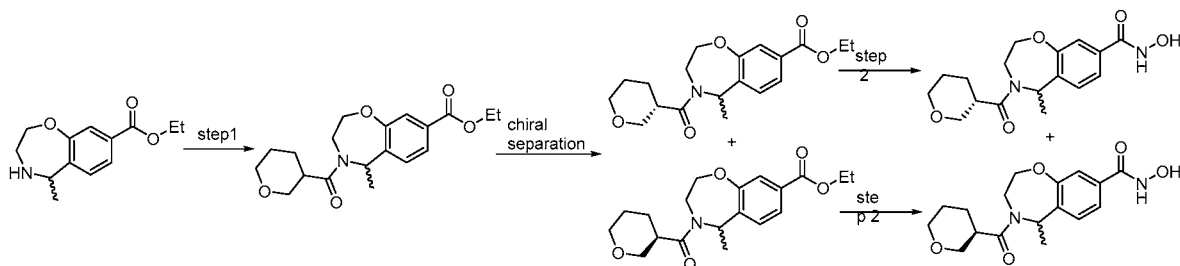
at 0 °C. The crude product was purified by Flash-Prep-HPLC (Column: C18 silica gel; Mobile Phase A: H₂O/0.05% TFA, Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Gradient: 0% B to 50% B in 30 min; Detector: 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (80 mg, 83% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 364 [M+H]⁺.

Step-3: (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

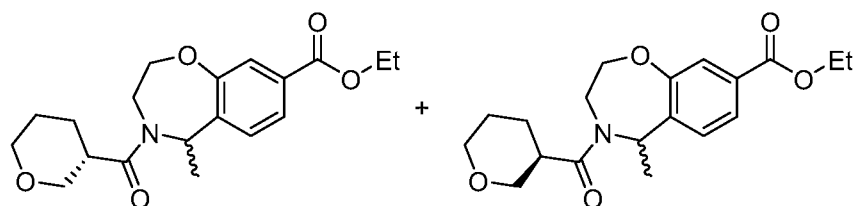


[00275] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethyl (S)-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.24 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMA (1 mL), isopropyl chloroformate (36.5 mg, 1 equiv), 4-methylmorpholine (30.2 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1 equiv), NH₂OH•HCl (20.6 mg, 1 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 50 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 23 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 48% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (5.9 mg, 7% yield). ¹H-NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz) δ (ppm): 11.18 (s, 1H), 9.05 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.32 (m, 3H), 5.72-5.70 (m, 0.6H), 4.74-4.31 (m, 6H), 3.88-3.69 (m, 3.4H), 3.40-3.05 (m, 4H), 1.50-1.48 (d, 3H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 351 [M+H]⁺.

Example 54T – Preparation of (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide and (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



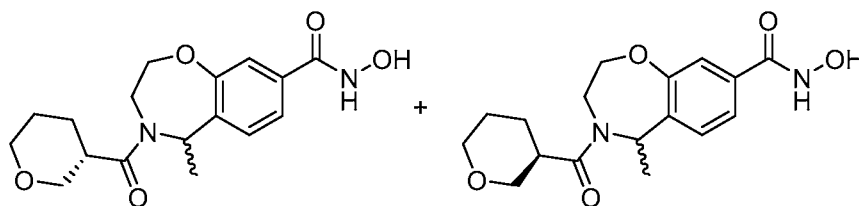
Step-1: Ethyl (S)-5-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate and ethyl (S)-5-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00276] Into a 8-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethyl (S)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (from the second eluting isomer of Example 47 Step 5) (200 mg, 0.85 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (4 mL), HATU (388 mg, 1.02 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DIEA (330 mg, 2.55 mmol, 3 equiv) and oxane-3-carboxylic acid (166 mg, 1.28 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with water. The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 5 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the racemic mixture of the title compounds as a yellow oil (150 mg). The racemate was separated by Chiral-Prep-HPLC (Column Chiralpak IC, 5 μ m, 2 x 25cm; Mobile Phase A:hexanes; Mobile Phase B: EtOH; Gradient: 30% B for 21 min; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the single isomers of title compounds as yellow

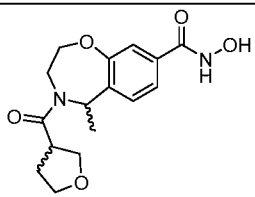
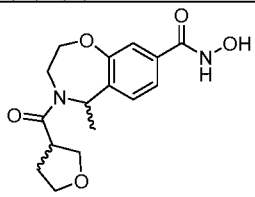
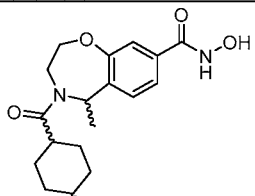
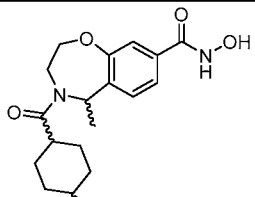
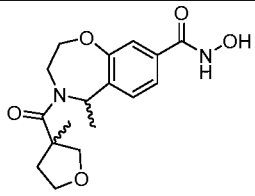
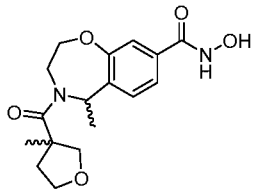
oils (first eluting isomer: 20 mg, 7% yield; second eluting isomer: 20 mg, 7% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 348 $[M+H]^+$.

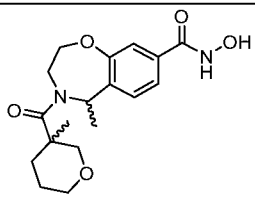
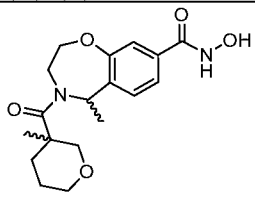
Step-2: (S)-N-Hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide and (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



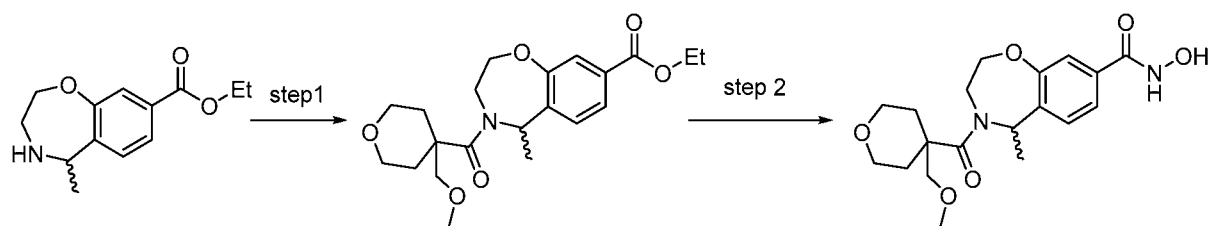
[00277] Into 8-mL vials, was placed each of the separated isomers from Step 1 (20 mg, 0.06 mmol; and 20 mg, 0.06 mmol; 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4;1, 1 mL). Then aq. 1N NaOH (0.12 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 475 mg, 3.6 mmol, 60 equiv) were added. The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The pH value of the solutions was adjusted to 6 with 6N HCl at 0 °C. The solids were filtered out. The crude products were purified by Flash-Prep-HPLC (Column: C18 silica gel, 5 μm , 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 60% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compounds as off-white solids. The product from the reaction with the first eluting isomer of Step 1: (7.8 mg, 41% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.05-9.04 (br s, 1H), 7.56-7.29 (m, 3H), 5.71-5.31 (m, 1H), 4.52-4.02 (m, 2H), 4.07-3.24 (m, 6H), 2.97-2.83 (m, 1H), 1.97-1.44 (m, 7H). MS: (ES, m/z): 335 $[M+H]^+$. The product from the reaction with the second eluting isomer of Step 1: (12 mg, 66% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.15 (br s, 1H), 9.05 (br s, 1H), 7.53-7.29 (m, 3H), 5.72-5.40 (m, 1H), 4.53-4.02 (m, 2H), 3.89-3.23 (m, 6H), 3.11-2.80 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.43 (m, 7H). MS: (ES, m/z): 335 $[M+H]^+$.

Table-29: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 54.

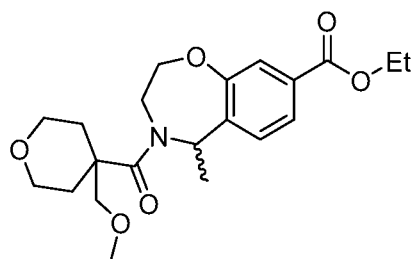
Structure	Found M+H	¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 321 [M+H] ⁺	11.12 (br s, 1H), 9.05 (br s, 1H), 7.56-7.31 (m, 3H), 5.74-5.36 (m, 1H), 4.57-4.02 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.33 (m, 7H), 2.23-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.57-1.46 (m, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 321 [M+H] ⁺	11.13 (br s, 1H), 9.06 (br s, 1H), 7.56-7.31 (m, 3H), 5.75-5.32 (m, 1H), 4.53-3.53 (m, 8H), 3.35-3.33 (m, 1H), 2.08-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.47 (m, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer; cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.14 (br s, 1H), 7.54-2.29 (m, 3H), 5.73-5.33 (m, 1H), 4.54-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.80-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.53-3.21 (m, 1H), 3.22-3.21 (m, 3H), 3.08-3.02 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.50 (m, 1H), 2.01-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.58-1.10 (m, 8H)
 (R)/(S) isomer; cis/trans	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 363 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (br s, 1H), 8.99 (br s, 1H), 7.53-7.30 (m, 3H), 5.73-5.32 (m, 1H), 4.54-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.80-3.36 (m, 3H), 3.17 (s, 1H), 2.83-2.62 (m, 1H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.38 (m, 8H), 1.26-1.03 (m, 1H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.16 (br s, 1H), 9.05 (br, 1H), 7.42-7.32 (m, 3H), 5.80-5.00 (m, 1H), 4.42-4.39 (m, 1H), 3.88-3.56 (m, 7H), 2.23 (br, 1H), 1.89 (br, 1H), 1.52-1.50 (d, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 335 [M+H] ⁺	11.12 (br s, 1H), 9.05 (br s, 1H), 7.51-7.28 (m, 3H), 5.61-5.22 (m, 1H), 4.41-4.39 (m, 1H), 3.90-3.55 (m, 7H), 2.33-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.52-1.26 (m, 6H)

Structure	Found <u>M+H</u>	¹ H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d ₆) δ(ppm)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.20 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 3H), 5.60-5.55 (m, 1H), 4.41-4.26 (m, 2H), 3.78-3.60 (m, 4H), 3.38-3.29 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.65-1.57 (m, 1H), 1.47-1.39 (m, 4H), 1.22 (s, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, <i>m/z</i>): 349 [M+H] ⁺	11.18 (br s, 1H), 8.80-7.50 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 3H), 5.59-5.53 (m, 1H), 4.41-4.25 (m, 2H), 3.80-3.75 (m, 1H), 3.68-3.58 (m, 3H), 3.37-3.31 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.80 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.36 (m, 5H), 1.22 (s, 3H)

Example 55 – Preparation of (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



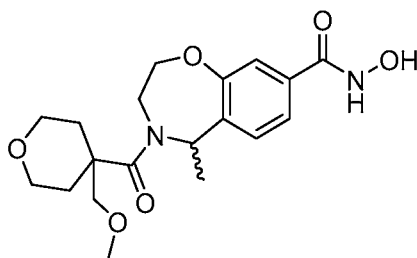
Step-1: Ethyl (S)-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00278] Into a 50-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed 1-(methoxymethyl)cyclohexane-1-carboxylic acid (147 mg, 0.85 mmol, 2 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL), DMF (1 drop), then oxalyl chloride (2 mL) was added at 0 °C, and stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The solvent was evaporated to afford 1-(methoxymethyl)cyclohexanecarbonyl chloride. Into another 50-mL 3-necked round-bottom

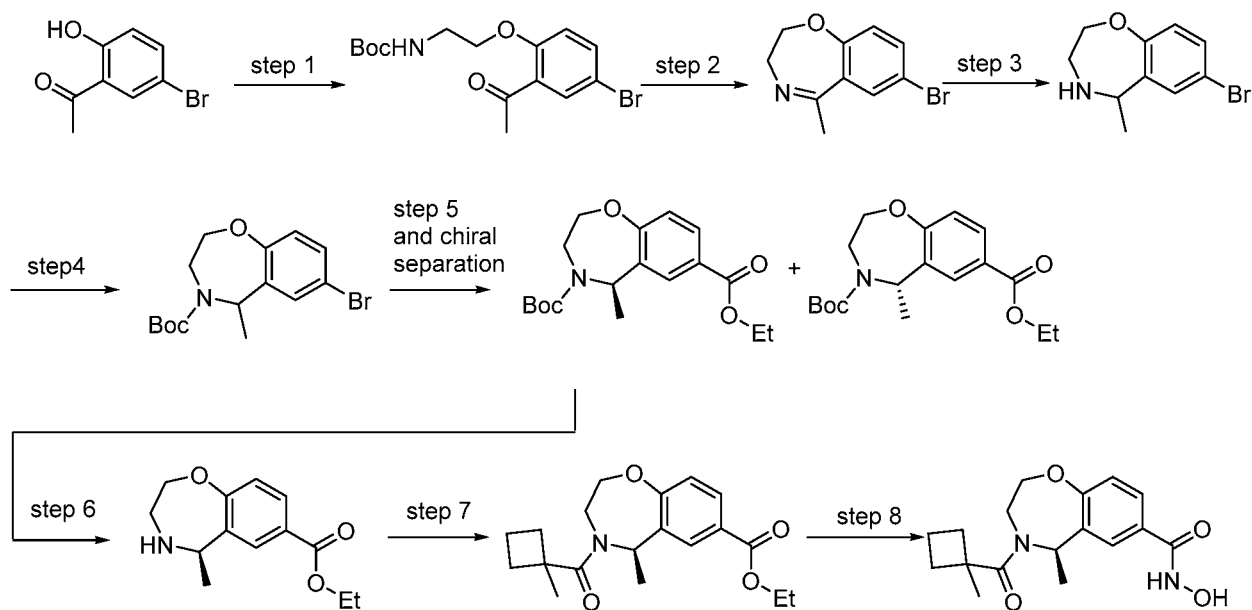
flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed 4-dimethylaminopyridine (51.7 mg, 0.85 mmol, 1 equiv), Et₃N (172 mg, 1.70 mmol, 4 equiv), ethyl (S)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (from the second eluting isomer of Example 47 Step 5) (100 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv) and CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL). Then a solution of 1-(methoxymethyl)cyclohexanecarbonyl chloride in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added dropwise at 0 °C. The resulting solution stirred for an additional 4 h at room temperature, then concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by Flash-Prep-HPLC (Column: C18 silica gel; Mobile Phase A: pet. ether, Mobile Phase B: EtOAc; Gradient: 0% B to 20% B in 30 min; Detector: 254 nm) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (90 mg, 54% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 392 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: (S)-N-Hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

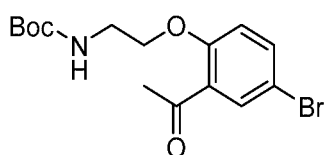


[00279] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethyl (S)-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (90 mg, 0.23 mmol, 1 equiv), THF/MeOH (4:1, .5 mL), NH₂OH (50% in water, 910 mg, 13.8 mmol, 60 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (0.46 mL, 0.46 mmol, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 1.5 h at room temperature. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with 6N HCl at 0 °C. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Gemini-NX C18 110Å, AXIA Packed, 5 μm, 21.2 x 150 mm ; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 57% B in 8 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (19.7 mg, 23% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.17 (s, 1H), 9.02 (br s, 1H), 7.42-7.30 (m, 3H), 5.58-5.56 (m, 1H), 4.40-4.31 (m, 2H), 3.75-3.53 (m, 5H), 3.46-3.29 (m, 3H), 3.12 (s, 3H), 2.70-1.96 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.55 (m, 5H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 379 [M+H]⁺.

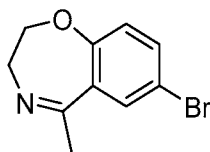
Example 56 – Preparation of (R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide



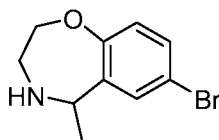
Step-1: tert-Butyl (2-(2-(2-acetyl-4-bromophenoxy)ethyl)carbamate



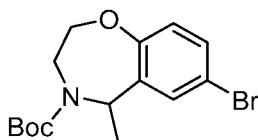
[00280] Into a 500-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of 1-(5-bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)ethan-1-one (30 g, 139.51 mmol, 1 equiv), K_2CO_3 (29 g, 209.83 mmol, 3 equiv), potassium iodide (23.2 g, 1 equiv) and tert-butyl N-(2-bromoethoxy)carbamate (37.5 g, 167.34 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in DMF (150 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 50 °C in an oil bath. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and quenched with H_2O (50 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 100 mL), washed with brine (5x100 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . The solids were filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-50% EtOAc/pet. ether over 50 min) to afford the title compound as a light yellow solid (39 g, 78% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 358 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: 7-Bromo-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine

Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed tert-butyl N-[2-(2-acetyl-4-bromophenoxy)ethyl]carbamate (20 g, 55.83 mmol, 1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and TFA (20 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a red solid (20 g) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 240 [M+H]⁺.

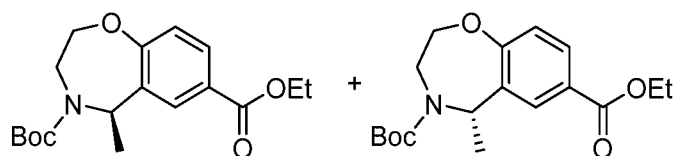
Step-3: 7-Bromo-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine

[00281] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of 7-bromo-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine (10 g, 38.74 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH (100 mL), the pH value of the solution was adjusted to 7 with anhydrous sodium acetate at 0 °C. Then Na(CN)BH₃ (7.9 g, 113.52 mmol, 3 equiv) was added at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and 20 mL of water was added. The solids were collected by filtration to afford the title compound as a white solid (7 g, 75% yield) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, *m/z*): 242 [M+H]⁺.

Step-4: tert-Butyl 7-bromo-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-4-carboxylate

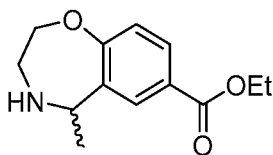
[00282] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 7-bromo-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine (2 g, 8.26 mmol, 1 equiv), CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL), Et_3N (2.51 g, 24.80 mmol, 3 equiv), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (2.71 g, 12.42 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-30% EtOAc/pet. ether over 20 min) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (2.4 g, 85% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 342 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-5: 4-(tert-Butyl) 7-ethyl (R)-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4,7(5H)-dicarboxylate



[00283] Into a 50-mL pressure tank reactor, was placed tert-butyl 7-bromo-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,4-benzoxazepine-4-carboxylate (2.4 g, 7.01 mmol, 1 equiv), ethanol (40 mL), Et_3N (2.1 g, 20.75 mmol, 3 equiv), and $\text{Pd}(\text{dppf})\text{Cl}_2$ (515.1 mg, 0.70 mmol, 0.1 equiv). CO (g) (60 atm) was introduced and the resulting solution was stirred overnight at 120 °C. The solids were filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum and purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-10% EtOAc/pet. ether over 30 min) to afford the racemic mixture of the title compounds, which were separated by Prep-SFC (Column Chiralpak IC OBD, 5 μm , 5 x 250 mm ; Mobile Phase: 75% CO_2 , 25% Isopropanol; Flow rate: 170 mL/min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the single isomers of the title compounds as light yellow oils (first eluting isomer: 440 mg, 19% yield; second eluting isomer: 500 mg, 21% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 336 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

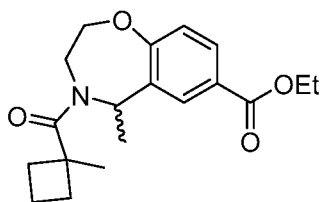
Step-6: Ethyl (R)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxylate



[00284] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed the first eluting isomer from Step 5 (4-(tert-butyl) 7-ethyl (R)-5-methyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4,7(5H)-dicarboxylate)

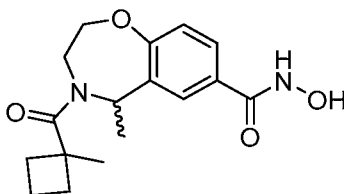
(440 mg, 1.31 mmol, 1 equiv), CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL), and TFA (2 mL). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 10-50% EtOAc/pet. ether over 30 min) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (300 mg, 97% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 236 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-7: Ethyl (R)-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxylate



[00285] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 1-methylcyclobutane-1-carboxylic acid (48.6 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv), DMF (2 mL), ethyl (R)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.43 mmol, 1 equiv), HATU (194.4 mg, 0.51 mmol, 1.2 equiv), and DIEA (165.2 mg, 1.28 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with H_2O (2 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 5 mL) and dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-30% EtOAc/pet. ether over 25 min) to afford the title compounds as a yellow oil (80 mg, 57% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 332 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-8: (R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide



[00286] Into a 8-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethyl (R)-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxylate (40 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1 equiv), and THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL). This was followed by the addition of aq. 1N NaOH (0.24 mL, 2 equiv) and NH_2OH (50% in water, 478 mg, 60 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 2.5 h at room temperature. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with

6N HCl. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Sunfire Prep C18 OBD, 5 μ m, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 25 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 35% B in 7 min; Detector: UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (11 mg, 22% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ (ppm): 11.22-11.10 (s, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.58-7.56 (d, 1H), 7-6.92 (d, 2H), 5.73-5.70 (d, 2H), 4.94-4.83 (d, 1H), 4.67-4.60 (d, 1H), 4.40-4.37 (d, 2H), 3.86-3.57 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.24 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.78 (m, 3H), 1.63-1.1.45 (m, 4H), 1.36-1.33 (m, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 319 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Table-30: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 56.

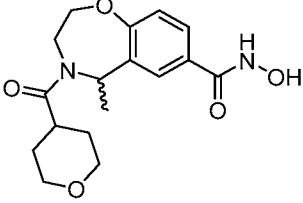
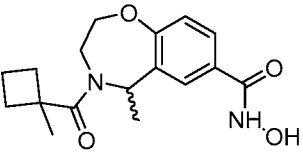
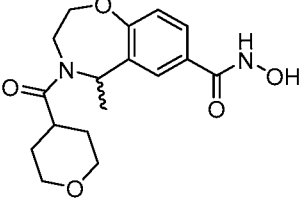
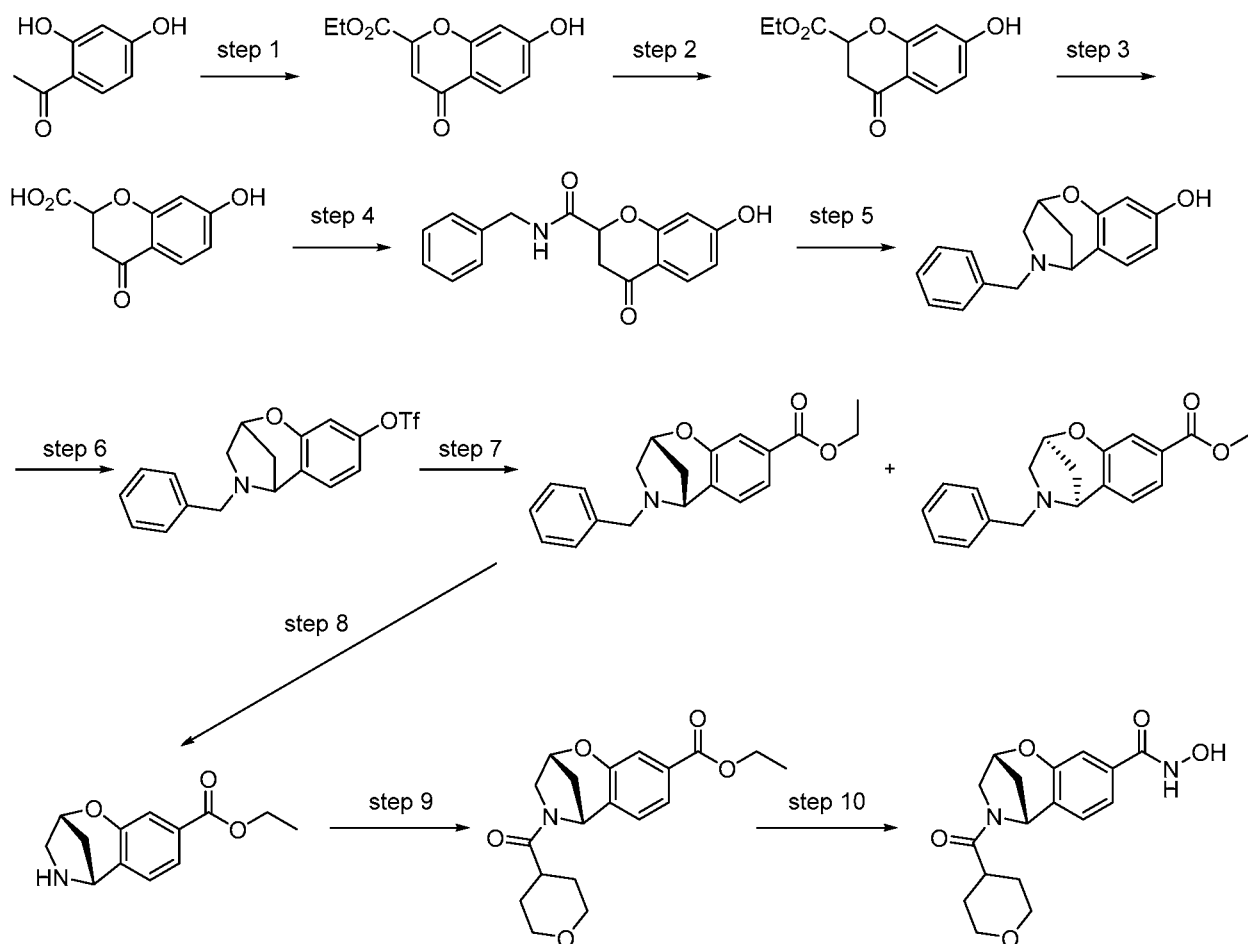
<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, m/z): 335 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.25-11.12 (s, 1H), 8.99-8.94 (s, 1H), 7.87-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.67-7.55 (d, 1H), 7-6.98 (d, 1H), 5.78-5.37 (m, 1H), 4.55-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.88-3.70 (m, 4H), 3.50-3.37 (m, 2H), 3.17-2.87 (m, 1H), 1.63-1.19 (m, 7H)

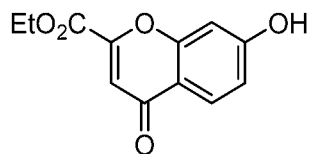
Table-31: The following compounds were prepared according to the method of Example 56, using the second eluting isomer of the Step 5 product.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, m/z): 319 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.22-11.10 (s, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.58-7.56 (d, 1H), 7-6.92 (d, 1H), 5.73-5.70 (m, 1H), 4.94-4.83 (d, 0.5H), 4.67-4.60 (m, 0.5H), 4.40-4.37 (m, 1H), 3.86-3.27 (m, 2H), 2.51-2.22 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.77 (m, 3H), 1.63-1.45 (m, 4H), 1.36-1.24 (m, 3H)
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, m/z): 335 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.25-11.12 (s, 1H), 9.50-8.50 (br, 1H), 7.87-7.67 (d, 1H), 7.67-7.55 (d, 1H), 7.01-6.98 (d, 1H), 5.76-5.37 (m, 1H), 4.55-4.05 (m, 2H), 3.84-3.30 (m, 6H), 3.11-2.86 (m, 1H), 1.63-1.20 s(m, 7H)

Example 57 - Preparation of (2R,5R)-N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



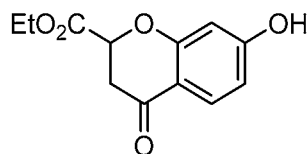
Step-1: Ethyl 7-hydroxy-4-oxo-4H-chromene-2-carboxylate



[00287] Into a 1000-mL round-bottom flask, was placed ethanol (300 mL). This was followed by the addition of sodium (18 g, 783 mmol, 6 equiv), in portions and stirred at room temperature until the sodium was completely dissolved. To this was added 1-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)ethan-1-one (20 g, 131 mmol, 1 equiv), in portions. To the mixture was added diethyl oxalate (56 g, 383

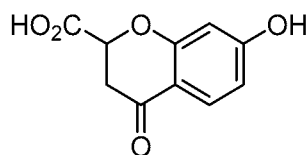
mmol, 3 equiv) dropwise with stirring. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at 85 °C in an oil bath. Then 6N HCl (aq.) was added at room temperature and the resulting mixture was stirred for 10 min. The resulting mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 150 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in ethanol (200 mL). To the solution was added conc. HCl (6 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at 85 °C in an oil bath. The product was precipitated by the addition of EtOAc (50 mL). The solids were collected by filtration to afford the title compound as a light yellow solid (21 g, 68% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 235 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: Ethyl 7-hydroxy-4-oxochroman-2-carboxylate

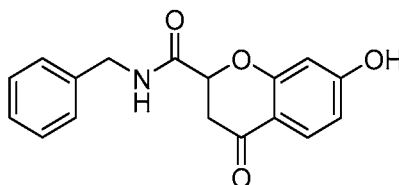


[00288] Into a 1000-mL pressure tank reactor (10 atm), was placed a solution of ethyl 7-hydroxy-4-oxo-4H-chromene-2-carboxylate (10 g, 42.7 mmol, 1 equiv) in ethanol (600 mL) and Raney nickel (2 g). Hydrogen gas was introduced and the resulting solution was stirred overnight at 80 °C in an oil bath. The solids were filtered out. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/ pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a white solid (6 g, 59% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 237 [M+H]⁺.

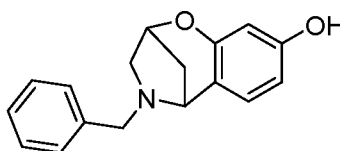
Step-3: 7-Hydroxy-4-oxochroman-2-carboxylic acid



[00289] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of ethyl 7-hydroxy-4-oxochroman-2-carboxylate (12 g, 50.8 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF (50 mL). This was followed by the addition of a solution of NaOH (6.1 g, 152 mmol, 3 equiv) in water (50 mL) dropwise with stirring. The resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at room temperature. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 1 with 3N HCl. The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a light yellow solid (10.5 g, 99% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 209 [M+H]⁺.

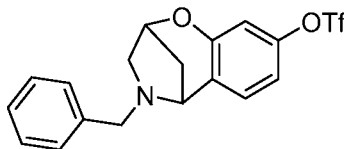
Step-4: N-Benzyl-7-hydroxy-4-oxochroman-2-carboxamide

[00290] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of 7-hydroxy-4-oxochroman-2-carboxylic acid (10.5 g, 50 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (90 mL). This was followed by the addition of HATU (23 g, 60 mmol, 1.2 equiv), in portions. To this was added phenylmethanamine (5.9 g, 55 mmol, 1.1 equiv) and DIEA (19.5 g, 150 mmol, 3 equiv) dropwise with stirring. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (300 mL). The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 400 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , concentrated under vacuum and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/ pet. ether, 2:1) to afford the title compound as a white solid (11 g, 73% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 298 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-5: 4-Benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-8-ol

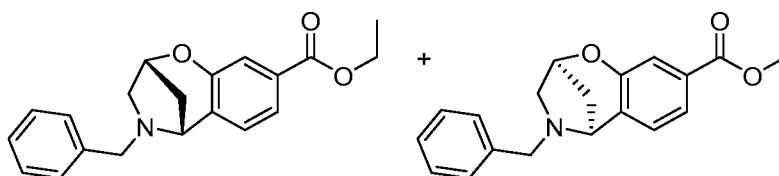
[00291] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed a solution of sodium bis(2-methoxyethoxy)aluminum hydride solution (Red-Al[®]) (14.6 g, 51 mmol, 3 equiv, 70% in toluene). This was followed by the addition of a solution of N-benzyl-7-hydroxy-4-oxochroman-2-carboxamide (5 g, 17 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF (100 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at 70 °C in an oil bath. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of saturated aqueous solution of potassium sodium tartrate tetrahydrate (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 150 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , concentrated under vacuum and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/ pet. ether, 1:2) to afford the title compound as a light yellow solid (1 g, 22% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 268 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-6: 4-Benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-8-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate



[00292] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, were placed a solution of 4-benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-8-ol (1.5 g, 5.61 mmol, 1 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) and triethylamine (1.1 g, 10.89 mmol, 2 equiv). This was followed by the addition of (trifluoromethane)sulfonyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (2.4 g, 8.51 mmol, 1.5 equiv) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water (20 mL). The resulting mixture was washed with water (2 x 30 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 , concentrated under vacuum and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/ pet. ether, 1:5) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (1.2 g, 54% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 400 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-7: Ethyl (2R,5R)-4-benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate and Ethyl (2S,5S)-4-benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate

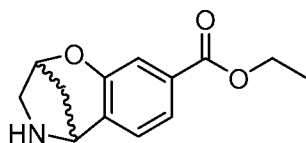


[00293] Into a 250-mL pressure tank reactor (50 atm) purged and maintained with an atmosphere of carbon monoxide, were placed a mixture of 4-benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-8-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (2.2 g, 5.51 mmol, 1 equiv) in ethanol (180 mL), triethylamine (1.7 g, 16.80 mmol, 3 equiv) and $\text{Pd}(\text{dppf})\text{Cl}_2 \cdot \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (0.45 g, 0.1 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 120 °C in an oil bath. The solids were filtered out. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/ pet.

ether, 1:5) to afford a racemic mixture of the title compounds as a light yellow oil (1.2 g, 67% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) $\delta(\text{ppm})$: 7.55-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.24 (m, 5H), 6.94-6.81 (m, 1H), 4.93-4.82 (m, 1H), 4.36 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.99-3.83 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.55 (m, 1H), 3.50-3.30 (m, 2H), 2.70-2.55 (m, 1H), 2.35-2.11 (m, 2H), 1.38 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 324 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

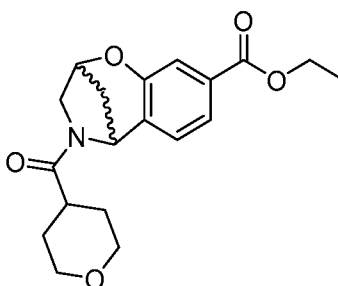
[00294] 800 mg of the racemic mixture was separated by prep-SFC (Column: Chiralpak AD-H, 5 μm , 5x25cm; Mobile Phase A: CO_2 , Mobile Phase B: MeOH (0.2% *N,N*-diethylaniline); Flow rate: 150 mL/min; Detector, UV 254 nm) to afford the single isomers of the title compounds as light yellow oils (first eluting isomer: 360 mg; second eluting isomer: 430 mg). MS: (ES, m/z): 324 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-8: Ethyl (2R,5R)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



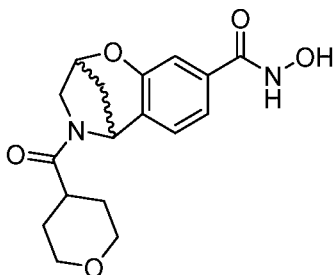
[00295] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an atmosphere of hydrogen, was placed a solution of the first eluting isomer from Step 7 (ethyl (2R,5R)-4-benzyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate) (80 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH (5 mL) and palladium on carbon. Hydrogen gas was introduced and the resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The solids were filtered out. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (50 mg, 87% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 234 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-9: Ethyl (2R,5R)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



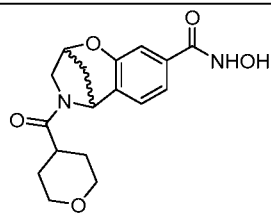
[00296] Into a 8-mL vial, were placed a solution of oxane-4-carboxylic acid (28 mg, 0.22 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (2 mL), HATU (98 mg, 0.26 mmol, 1.2 equiv), ethyl (2R,5R)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (50 mg, 0.21 mmol, 1 equiv), and DIEA (89 mg, 0.69 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with water (5 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/ pet. ether, 2:1) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (45 mg, 61% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 346 [M+H]⁺.

Step-10: (2R,5R)-N-Hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

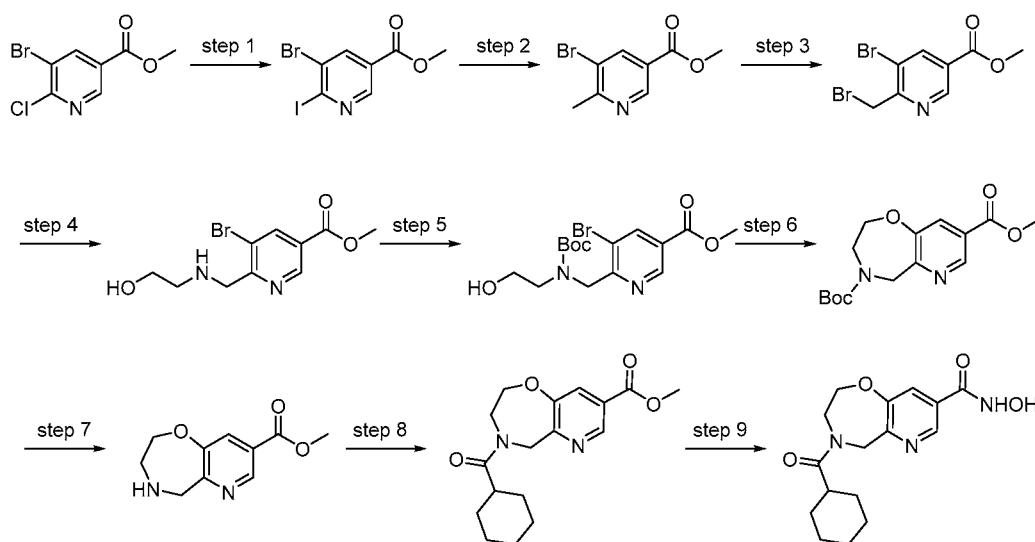


[00297] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of ethyl (2R,5R)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (45 mg, 0.13 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (4:1, 1 mL). A. 1N NaOH (0.26 mL, 2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.24 mL, 30 equiv) were added simultaneously. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: XBridge Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm, 19 x 150 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1% formic acid, Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Gradient: 5% B to 26% B in 8 min; Detector: UV, 254 nm, 220nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (7.8 mg, 18% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.05 (br s, 1H), 9.01 (br s, 1H), 7.45-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.00 (m, 2H), 5.38-4.97 (m, 2H), 3.93-3.74 (m, 3H), 3.62-3.36 (m, 2H), 3.29-2.91 (m, 2H), 2.32-1.99 (m, 2H), 1.71-1.13 (m, 4H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 333 [M+H]⁺.

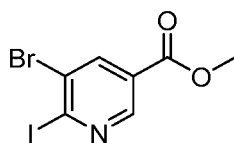
Table-32: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 57, using the second eluting isomer of the Step 7 product.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
 (R)/(S) isomer	(ES, m/z): 333 [M+H] ⁺	11.10 (br s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.39-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.01 (m, 2H), 5.30-5.07 (m, 2H), 3.88-3.76 (m, 3H), 3.64-3.43 (m, 2H), 3.43-3.01 (m, 1H), 2.31-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.16 (m, 4H)

Example 58 – Preparation of 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



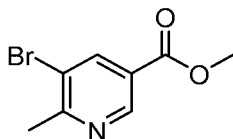
Step-1: Methyl 5-bromo-6-iodopyridine-3-carboxylate



Into a 1000-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 5-bromo-6-chloropyridine-3-carboxylate (11 g, 43.92 mmol, 1 equiv), MeCN (330 mL), trimethylsilyl iodide (8.767 g, 1 equiv) and sodium iodide (19.7 g, 3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 4 h at 25 °C and then concentrated. The residue was diluted with H₂O (300 mL). The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 7 with 2N NaOH. The solids were collected by filtration to afford the title compound

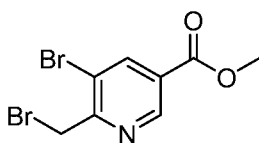
as a yellow solid (16 g) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 250 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl 5-bromo-6-methylpyridine-3-carboxylate



[00298] Into a 250-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed methyl 5-bromo-6-iodopyridine-3-carboxylate (6 g, 17.55 mmol, 1 equiv), 1,4-dioxane (60 mL), trimethyl-1,3,5,2,4,6-trioxatriborinane (15 mL, 50% in THF, 3 equiv), Pd(dppf)Cl₂•CH₂Cl₂ (1.44 g, 0.1 equiv) and potassium carbonate (7.34 g, 53.10 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 72 h at 75 °C in an oil bath. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with brine (3 x 30 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:10) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (3 g, 74% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 230 $[M+H]^+$.

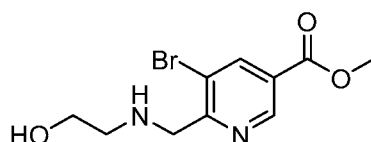
Step-3: Methyl 5-bromo-6-(bromomethyl)pyridine-3-carboxylate



[00299] Into a 250-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed methyl 5-bromo-6-methylpyridine-3-carboxylate (3 g, 13.04 mmol, 1 equiv), CCl₄ (60 mL), NBS (2.435 g, 13.68 mmol, 1.05 equiv) and benzoyl peroxide (158 mg, 0.62 mmol, 0.05 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 16 h at 80 °C in an oil bath. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated and diluted with EtOAc (150 mL), washed with brine (3 x 50 mL). The

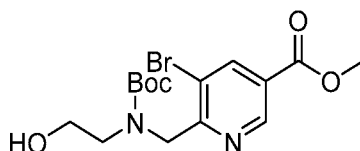
organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated to afford the title compound as a brown oil (2.5 g) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 310 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-4: Methyl 5-bromo-6-[[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]methyl]pyridine-3-carboxylate



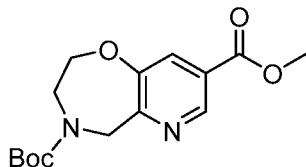
[00300] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask, was placed MeCN (50 mL), 2-aminoethan-1-ol (990 mg, 16.21 mmol, 2 equiv) and potassium carbonate (2.26 g, 16.32 mmol, 2 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 5-bromo-6-(bromomethyl)pyridine-3-carboxylate (2.5 g, 4.86 mmol, 1 equiv 60%) in MeCN (20 mL) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for additional 2 h at 0 °C. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$, 20:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (0.7 g, 50% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 289 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-5: Methyl 5-bromo-6-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl)(2-hydroxyethyl)amino)methyl)nicotinate



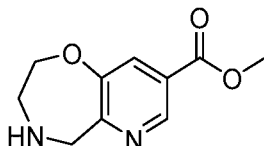
[00301] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 5-bromo-6-[[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]methyl]pyridine-3-carboxylate (500 mg, 1.73 mmol, 1 equiv), THF (10 mL), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (416 mg, 1.91 mmol, 1.10 equiv), and Et_3N (350 mg, 3.47 mmol, 2 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at 25 °C and then concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography ($\text{EtOAc}/\text{pet. ether}$, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a yellow-green oil (0.55 g, 82% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 389 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-6: 4-(tert-Butyl) 8-methyl 2,3-dihydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-4,8(5H)-dicarboxylate



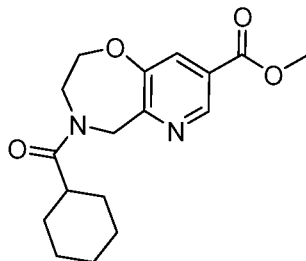
[00302] Into a 100-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2$ (87 mg, 0.39 mmol, 0.05 equiv), Johnphos (0.184 g, 0.08 equiv), Cs_2CO_3 (3.784 g, 11.61 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and 1,4-dioxane (30 mL). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 5-bromo-6-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl)(2-hydroxyethyl)amino)methyl)nicotinate (3 g, 7.71 mmol, 1 equiv) in 1,4-dioxane (20 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred for 16 h at 95 °C in an oil bath. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and H_2O (50 mL). The resulting solution was washed with brine (3 x 50 mL). The organic phase was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$, 20:1) to afford the title compound as an orange solid (1.2 g, 50% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 309 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-7: Methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



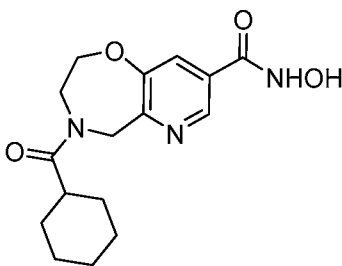
[00303] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 4-(tert-butyl) 8-methyl 2,3-dihydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-4,8(5H)-dicarboxylate (1.2 g, 3.89 mmol, 1 equiv), CH_2Cl_2 (40 mL) and TFA (5 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at 25 °C. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 7-8 with sodium bicarbonate. The solution was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$, 10:1) to afford the title compound as an orange solid (0.6 g, 74% yield). ^1H -NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ (ppm): 8.88 (s, 1H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 4.23 (s, 2H), 4.12-4.08 (t, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.30-3.17 (t, 2H). MS: (ES, m/z): 209 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step-8: Methyl 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00304] Into a 25-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (50 mg, 0.24 mmol, 1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL), cyclohexanecarbonyl chloride (38 mg, 0.26 mmol, 1.1 equiv) and Et₃N (72 mg, 0.71 mmol, 3 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at 25 °C and concentrated. The residue was diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL). The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a light yellow oil (60 mg, 78% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 319 [M+H]⁺.

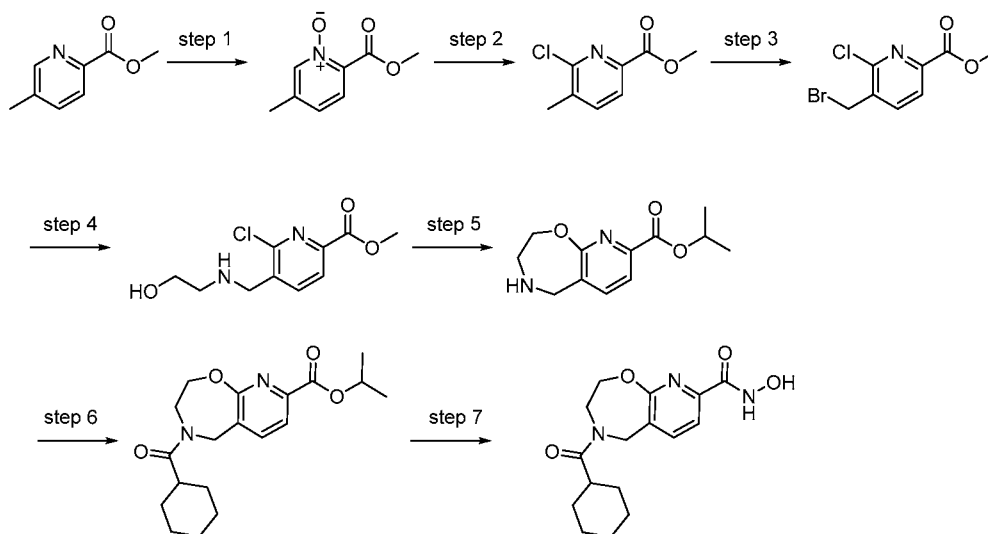
Step-9: 4-(Cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



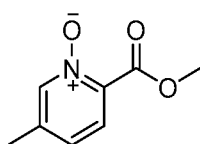
[00305] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (68 mg, 0.21 mmol, 1 equiv), THF/MeOH (4:1, 2.5 mL), aq. 1N NaOH (0.428 mL, 2 equiv) and NH₂OH (50% in water, 0.212 mL, 30 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at 25 °C. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with 1N HCl. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: HSS C18 OBD, 1.8 μm, 2.1 x50 mm ; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05% TFA; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 95% B in 2 min, hold 0.6 min;

Detector: UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as an off-white solid (47 mg, 70% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.34 (s, 1H), 8.53 (d, 1H), 8.48 (d, 1H), 4.84 (d, 2H), 4.64 (t, 1H), 4.54 (t, 1H), 3.88 (m, 2H), 2.62 (s, 1H), 1.52 (s, 4H), 1.37 (s, 1H), 1.06-1.26 (m, 5H). MS: (ES, m/z): 320 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 59 – Preparation of 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



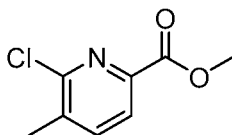
Step-1: 2-(Methoxycarbonyl)-5-methylpyridine 1-oxide



[00306] Into a 3L 3-necked round-bottom flask, was placed methyl 5-methylpicolinate (43.7 g, 289 mmol, 1 equiv) and CH_2Cl_2 (1 L). This was followed by the addition of 3-chlorobenzene-1-carboxoperoxoic acid (106 g, 614 mmol, 2 equiv) in several batches at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred for overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with sat. aq. Na_2SO_3 (500 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with sat. aq. NaHCO_3 solution (400 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was re-crystallized from pet. ether: CH_2Cl_2

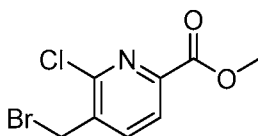
(20:1) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (40 g, 83% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 168 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: Methyl 6-chloro-5-methylpyridine-2-carboxylate



[00307] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 2-(methoxycarbonyl)-5-methylpyridine 1-oxide (10 g, 59.82 mmol, 1 equiv) and chloroform (50 mL), followed by the addition of phosphoroyl trichloride (42.2 mL, 9 equiv) dropwise with stirring. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 80 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and then quenched with water (20 mL). The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 7 with K_2CO_3 (10 % in water) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H_2O (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (7 g, 57% yield). 1H -NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 7.96-8.02 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 1H), 2.41-2.51 (m, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 186 $[M+H]^+$.

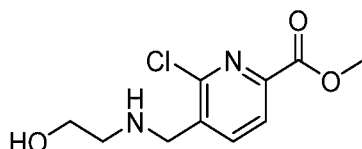
Step-3: Methyl 5-(bromomethyl)-6-chloropyridine-2-carboxylate



[00308] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed methyl 6-chloro-5-methylpyridine-2-carboxylate (4.2 g, 22.63 mmol, 1 equiv), benzoyl peroxide (549.9 mg, 2.27 mmol, 0.1 equiv), NBS (4.04 g, 22.70 mmol, 1 equiv) and CCl_4 (35 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 80 °C in an oil bath. The reaction was concentrated under vacuum and quenched with water (20 mL), then extracted with

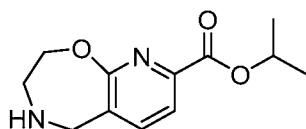
EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (3 x 20 mL), and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (2.5 g, 38% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 265 [M+H]⁺.

Step-4: Methyl 6-chloro-5-(((2-hydroxyethyl)amino)methyl)picolinate



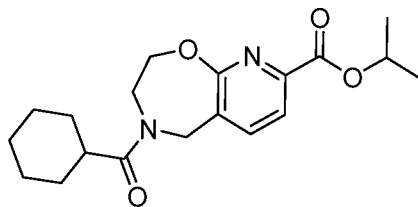
[00309] Into a 50-mL round-bottom flask, was placed a solution of 2-aminoethan-1-ol (1.4 g, 22.89 mmol, 2 equiv) in MeCN (20 mL) and K₂CO₃ (4.74 g, 34.03 mmol, 3 equiv). This was followed by the addition of a solution of methyl 5-(bromomethyl)-6-chloropyridine-2-carboxylate (3 g, 11.34 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeCN (10 mL) dropwise with stirring. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The solids were filtered out. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (1.5 g, 49% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 245 [M+H]⁺.

Step-5: Isopropyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



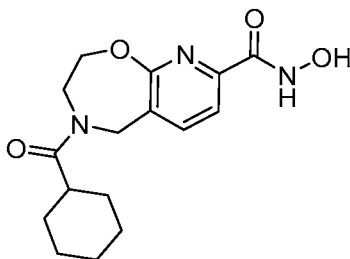
[00310] Into 20-mL sealed tube, was placed methyl 6-chloro-5-(((2-hydroxyethyl)amino)methyl)picolinate (1 g, 4.09 mmol, 1 equiv), K₂CO₃ (1.103 g, 7.98 mmol, 2 equiv), isopropanol (10 mL) and CuI (156 mg, 0.82 mmol, 0.2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 110 °C in an oil bath. The reaction was then quenched with water (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (3 x 10 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to afford the title compound as a green solid (148 mg, 14% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 237 [M+H]⁺.

Step-6: Isopropyl 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00311] Into a 10-mL round-bottom flask, was placed isopropyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (38 mg, 0.16 mmol, 1 equiv), cyclohexanecarbonyl chloride (24.88 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1.05 equiv), CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) and Et_3N (18 mg, 0.18 mmol, 1.1 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C. The reaction was then quenched with water (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H_2O (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 0-10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2) to afford the title compound as a white solid (20 mg, 32% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 347 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

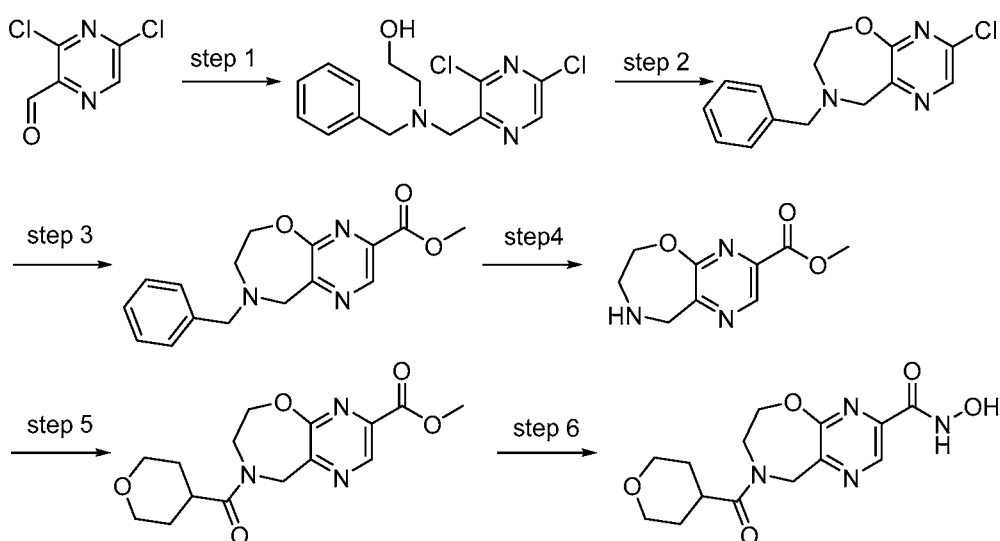
Step-7: 4-(Cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



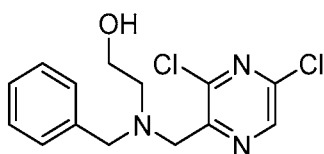
[00312] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed a solution of isopropyl 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (18 mg, 0.05 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF/MeOH (2 mL, 4:1), NH_2OH (50% in water, 604 mg, 9.15 mmol, 176 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (0.104 mL, 2 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at room temperature, then cooled to 0 °C and the pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with 6N HCl. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column HSS C18 OBD, 1.8 μm , 2.1 x 50 mm; Mobile Phase A:

Water/0.05% TFA; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.05% TFA; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 95% B in 2 min, hold 0.6 min; Detector: UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a pink solid (8 mg, 37% yield). ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm): 11.21 (s, 1H), 8.96-9.02 (br s, 1H), 8.03-8.05 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.62 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.66 (dd, *J*₁ = 8 Hz, *J*₂ = 16 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (s, 1H), 4.65 (s, 1H), 4.36-4.39 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 3.84-3.94 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 2.61-2.67 (m, 1H), 1.60-1.65 (m, 4H), 1.04-1.38 (m, 6H). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 320 [M+H]⁺.

Example 60 – Preparation of N-hydroxy-8-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxamide



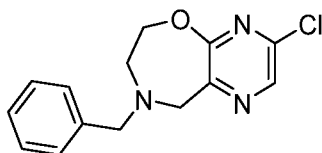
Step-1: 2-(Benzyl((3,5-dichloropyrazin-2-yl)methyl)amino)ethan-1-ol



[00313] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 3,5-dichloropyrazine-2-carbaldehyde (8 g, 45.20 mmol, 1 equiv), 2-(benzylamino)ethan-1-ol (6.85 g, 45.32 mmol, 1 equiv), acetic acid (13 mL), and THF (200 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. To this was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (19.25 g, 2 equiv) in portions at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with H₂O (50 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The

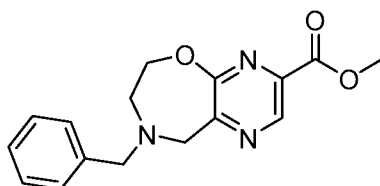
residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 4:1) to afford the title compound as a red oil (6.71 g, 48% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 312 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: 8-Benzyl-3-chloro-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine

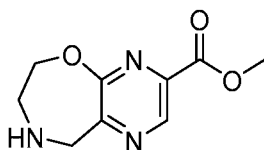


[00314] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask, was placed 2-(benzyl((3,5-dichloropyrazin-2-yl)methyl)amino)ethan-1-ol (6.7 g, 21.46 mmol, 1 equiv) in THF (200 mL). This was followed by the addition of t-BuOK (2.88 g, 1.2 equiv) in portions at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 3 h at 0 °C in an ice bath. The reaction was then quenched H₂O (30 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 50 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a brown oil (3.2 g, 54% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 276 $[M+H]^+$.

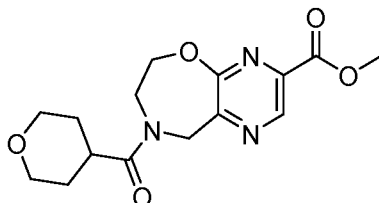
Step-3: Methyl 8-benzyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxylate



[00315] Into a 20-mL pressure tank reactor, was placed 8-benzyl-3-chloro-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine (2 g, 7.25 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH (10 mL), Et₃N (2.2 g, 21.74 mmol, 3 equiv) and Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (520 mg, 0.71 mmol, 0.1 equiv). To the above CO (g) (30 atm) was introduced in. The resulting solution was stirred overnight at 90 °C in an oil bath. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:2) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (1.7 g, 78% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 300 $[M+H]^+$.

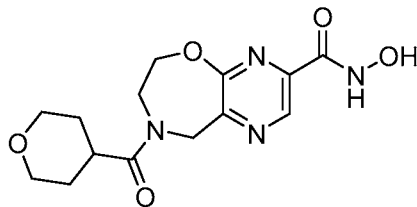
Step-4: Methyl 6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxylate

[00316] Into a 250-mL 3-necked round-bottom flask purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, was placed methyl 8-benzyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxylate (800 mg, 2.67 mmol, 1 equiv) in 1,2-dichloroethane (30 mL). This was followed by the slow addition of chloro(1-chloroethoxy)methanone (800 mg, 5.60 mmol, 2.09 equiv) at 0 °C over 10 min. The resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at 80 °C in an oil bath. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum. Then to this was added MeOH (50 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at 80 °C in an oil bath. The solids were collected by filtration. The crude product was purified by re-crystallization from MeOH to afford the title compound as a white solid (500 mg, 89% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 210 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-5: Methyl 8-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxylate

[00317] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl 6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxylate (100 mg, 0.48 mmol, 1 equiv), Et₃N (144.8 mg, 1.43 mmol, 2.98 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL). To this was added oxane-4-carbonyl chloride (141.6 mg) dropwise with stirring at 0 °C. The resulting solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/pet. ether, 1:3) to afford the title compound as a green solid (80 mg, 52% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 322 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-6: N-Hydroxy-8-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxamide

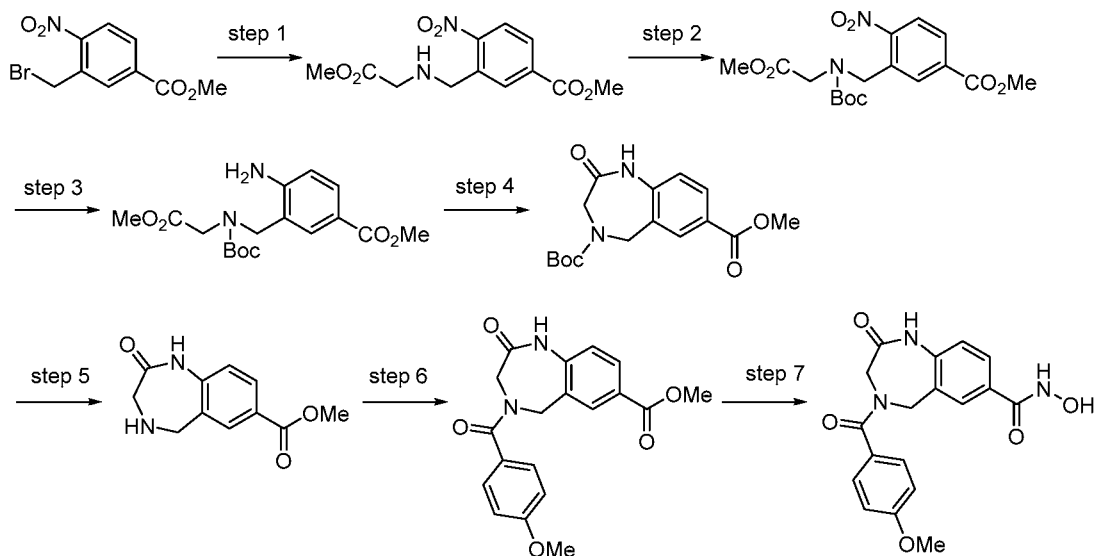


[00318] Into a 8-mL vial, was placed methyl 8-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxylate (80 mg, 0.25 mmol, 1 equiv), THF/MeOH (4:1, 1.5 mL), NH_2OH (50% in water, 1.97 g, 29.85 mmol, 120 equiv), aq. 1N NaOH (0.50 mL, 0.50 mmol, 2 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The pH value of the solution was adjusted to 6 with 6N HCl at 0 °C. The crude product was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Xbridge Prep C18 OBD, 5 μm , 19 x 50 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.05% formic acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN; Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 20% B in 7 min; Detector, UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (34 mg, 38% yield). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.45 (br s, 1H), 9.19 (br s, 1H), 8.71-8.68 (m, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.63-4.57 (m, 2H), 4.03-4.00 (m, 1H), 3.93-3.90 (m, 1H), 3.84-3.77 (m, 2H), 3.41-3.31 (m, 1H), 3.28-3.25 (m, 1H), 2.99-2.82 (m, 1H), 1.56-1.45 (m, 3H), 1.28-1.25 (m, 1H). MS: (ES, m/z): 323 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

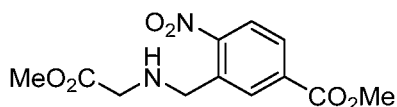
Table-33: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 60.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, m/z): 321 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$	11.52 (br s, 1H), 8.71-8.67 (d, 1H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.63-4.56 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.89 (m, 2H), 2.66-2.62 (m, 1H), 1.69-1.60 (m, 4H), 1.35-1.11 (m, 6H)

Example 61- Preparation of N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide

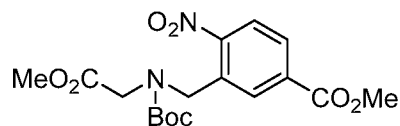


Step-1: Methyl 3-(((2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)amino)methyl)-4-nitrobenzoate



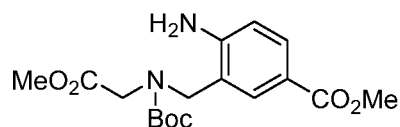
[00319] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask that has been purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, were placed methyl 2-aminoacetate (12 g, 135 mmol, 1.5 equiv), methyl 3-(bromomethyl)-4-nitrobenzoate (12 g, 26 mmol, 1 equiv), DIEA (32 mL, 3 equiv) and DMF (120 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched by the addition of water. The resulting solution was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 mL) and the combined organic layer was washed with brine (100 mL). The organic mixture was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 1:10 to 1:1 EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound as a yellow solid (4.9 g, 66% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 283 [M+H]⁺.

Step-2: Methyl 3-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl)(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)amino)methyl)-4-nitrobenzoate



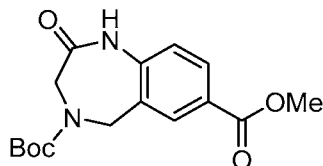
[00320] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, were placed methyl 3-(((2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)amino)methyl)-4-nitrobenzoate (4.7 g, 16.8 mmol, 1 equiv), CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (4.4 g, 20.2 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (82 mg, 0.67 mmol, 0.04 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 1:10 to 1:1 EtOAc/petroleum ether) to afford the title compound as a yellow oil (2.8 g, 44% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 283 [M-Boc+H]⁺.

Step-3: Methyl 4-amino-3-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl)(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



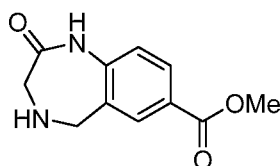
[00321] Into a 100-mL round-bottom flask, were placed methyl 3-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl)(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)amino)methyl)-4-nitrobenzoate (2.8 g, 7.3 mmol, 1 equiv), MeOH (30 mL) and palladium on carbon (280 mg). The resulting solution was stirred for 18 h at room temperature under a H₂ balloon. The solids were filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a brown oil (1.9 g, 74% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 253 [M-Boc+H]⁺.

Step-4: 4-(tert-Butyl) 7-methyl 2-oxo-1,2,3,5-tetrahydro-4H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-4,7-dicarboxylate



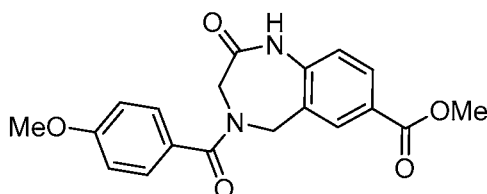
[00322] Into a 250-mL round-bottom flask that has been purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, were placed methyl 4-amino-3-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl)(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (1.9 g, 7.5 mmol, 1 equiv), THF (100 mL) and sodium hydride (239 mg, 10 mmol, 1.3 equiv). The resulting solution was stirred for 4 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was poured into water/ice and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 150 mL). The combined organic layers was washed with brine (100 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was recrystallized from diethyl ether to afford the title compound as a white solid (0.5 g, 21% yield). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ(ppm): 10.34-10.41 (m, 1H), 7.76-7.79 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.20 (m, 1H), 4.27-4.53 (m, 4H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.20 (s, 6H).

Step-5: Methyl 2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxylate



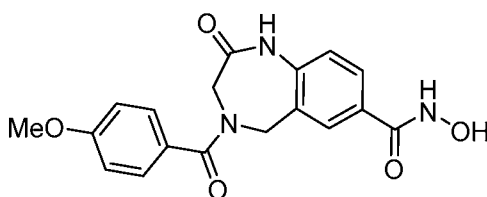
[00323] Into a 500-mL round-bottom flask that has been purged and maintained with an inert atmosphere of nitrogen, were placed 4-(tert-butyl) 7-methyl 2-oxo-1,2,3,5-tetrahydro-4H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-4,7-dicarboxylate (12 g, 37 mmol, 1 equiv) and 4N HCl in dioxane (360 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 6 h at room temperature. The resulting mixture was concentrated under vacuum and washed with diethyl ether (300 mL) to afford the title compound as the HCl salt as a white solid (9.5 g, 99% yield). MS: (ES, *m/z*): 221 [M+H]⁺.

Step-6: Methyl 4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxylate.



[00324] To a solution of 4-methoxybenzoic acid (20 mg, 0.136 mmol, 1 equiv) in 1,2-dichloroethane (1.4 mL) were added DMC (27.7 mg, 0.164 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DIEA (60 μ L, 0.341 mmol, 2.5 equiv) and methyl 2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxylate hydrochloride (35 mg, 0.136 mmol, 1 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and water. The layers were separated. The organic layer was washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . The solution was filtered, and concentrated. This crude material was purified by silica gel chromatography (Gradient 20-80% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound as a white solid (29.7 mg, 62% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 355 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

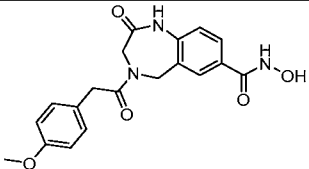
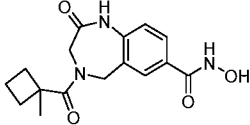
Step-7: N-Hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide



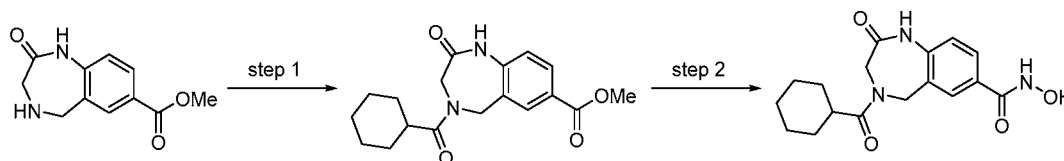
[00325] To a solution of methyl 4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxylate (29 mg, 0.082 mmol, 1 equiv) in MeOH/THF (1:4, 1.6 mL) were added NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 200 μ L, 3.27 mmol, 40 equiv) and aq. 2N NaOH (82 μ L, 0.164 mmol, 2 equiv). The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. Additional NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 90 μ L) and aq. 2N NaOH (90 μ L) were added and the reaction was stirred

at 30 °C for 2 days. The reaction was acidified with 2N HCl. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μ M, 19 x 50 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1% Formic Acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.1% Formic Acid; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 5% B to 70% B in 7 min; Detector: UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound as a white solid (4.9 mg, 17% yield). ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ (ppm): 11.10 (br s, 1H), 10.40 (br s, 1H), 9.02 (br s, 1H), 7.76 (br s, 1H), 7.56-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.31 (br d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (br d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 4.28 (br s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H). MS: (ES, m/z): 356 [M+H]⁺.

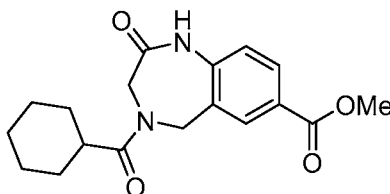
Table-34: The following compound was prepared according to the method of Example 61.

<u>Structure</u>	<u>Found</u> <u>M+H</u>	<u>¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ(ppm)</u>
	(ES, m/z): 370 [M+H] ⁺	11.15 (br s, 1H), 10.26 (br s, 1H), 9 (br s, 1H), 7.70-7.75 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.65 (m, 1H), 6.94-7.14 (m, 3H), 6.72-6.79 (m, 2H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 4.42 (s, 1H), 4.35 (s, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.58-3.64 (m, 2H)
	(ES, m/z): 318 [M+H] ⁺	

Example 62 – Preparation of 4-Cyclohexanecarbonyl-N-hydroxy-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-7-carboxamide

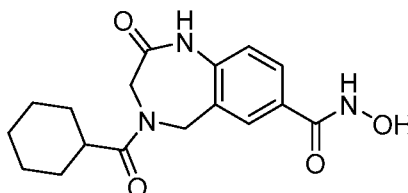


Step-1: Methyl 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxylate



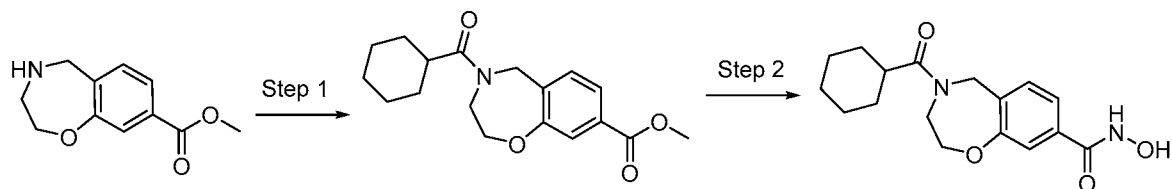
[00326] To a solution of methyl 2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxylate (62.5 mg, 0.284 mmol, 1 equiv) in DMF (1.5 mL) was added cyclohexanecarboxylic acid (38.2 mg, 0.298 mmol, 1.05 equiv), DIEA (149 μ L, 0.851 mmol, 3 equiv) and HBTU (124 mg, 0.326 mmol, 1.1 equiv). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. Water was added and the precipitate that formed was collected by filtration to afford the title compound (94 mg) which was used without further purification. MS: (ES, m/z): 331 $[M+H]^+$.

Step-2: 4-Cyclohexanecarbonyl-N-hydroxy-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine-7-carboxamide

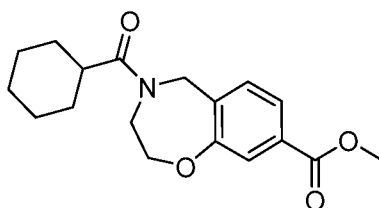


[00327] To a solution of methyl 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxylate (94 mg, 0.285 mmol) in MeOH (750 μ L) and THF (3 mL) was added NH_2OH (50% in H_2O , 1.48 mL, 24.2 mmol, 85 equiv) and aq. 2N NaOH (285 μ L, 0.569 mmol, 2 equiv). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2 h and was directly purified by Prep-HPLC (Column XBridge RP C18 OBD, 5 μ M, 19 x 50 mm; Mobile Phase A: Water/0.1% Formic Acid; Mobile Phase B: MeCN/0.1% Formic Acid; Flow rate: 20 mL/min; Gradient: 2% B to 50% B in 7 min; Detector: UV 254, 220 nm) to afford the title compound (1.7 mg, 2% yield over 2 steps). MS: (ES, m/z): 332 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 63 – Preparation of 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

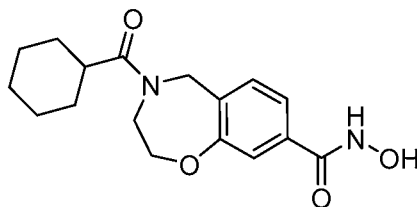


Step-1: Methyl 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate



[00328] A 2 mL reaction vial was charged with methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate (0.2M in 1,2-dichloroethane, 150 μ L, 30 μ mol) and cyclohexanecarboxylic acid (0.2M in N,N-dimethylacetamide/10% Et₃N, 165 μ L, 33 μ mol). A solution of DMC (0.2M in 1,2-dichloroethane, 165 μ L, 33 μ mol) was added and the vial was sealed and shaken at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with brine (500 μ L) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 600 μ L). The combined organic layers were evaporated to dryness under reduced pressure.

Step-2: 4-(Cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide



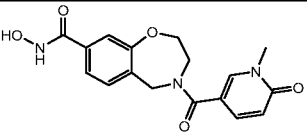
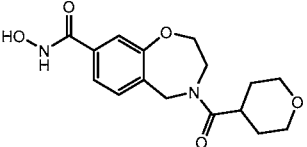
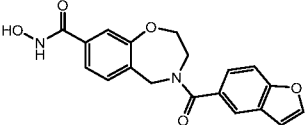
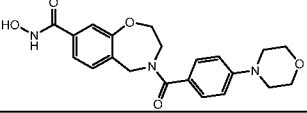
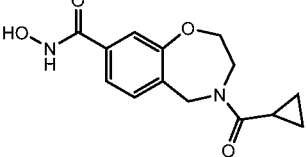
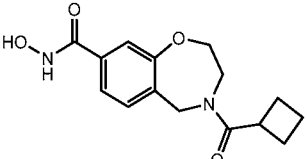
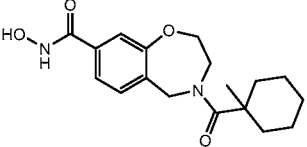
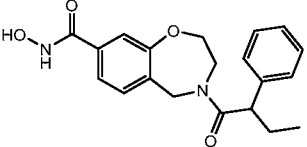
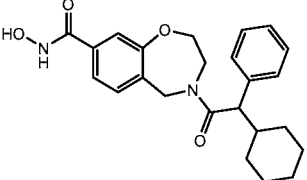
[00329] Mixed solvent of THF/MeOH (3:1, 180 μ L) was added to the vial of methyl 4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxylate and it was shaken at 50 °C for 15 min to dissolve the residue. NH₂OH (50% in water, 125 μ L) was added

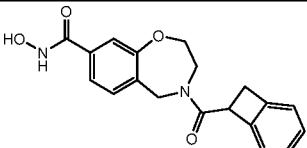
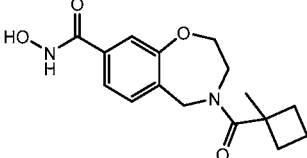
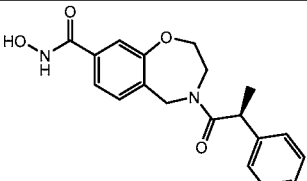
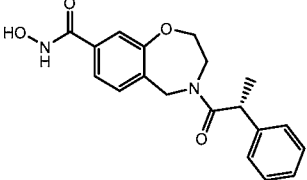
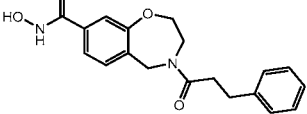
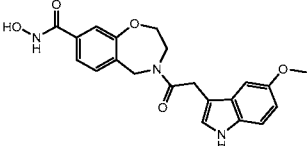
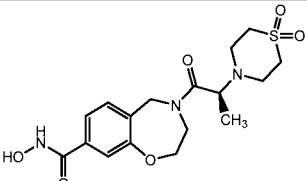
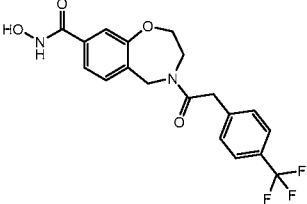
followed by aq. 1N NaOH (85 μ L) and the vial was sealed and shaken at room temperature overnight. The solvent was evaporated under reduce pressure and the residue was dissolved in DMSO (500 μ L) then purified by HPLC to yield the title compound (1.9 mg, 30% yield). MS: (ES, m/z): 319 $[M+H]^+$.

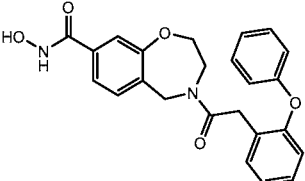
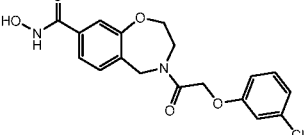
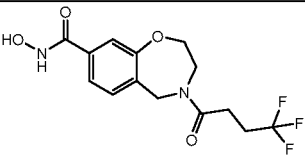
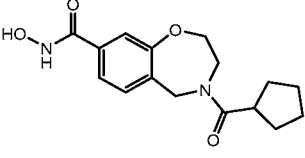
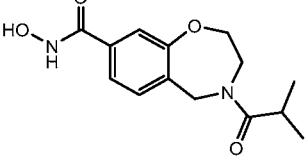
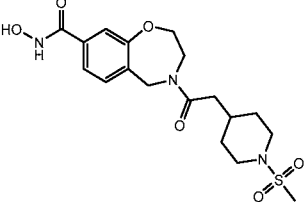
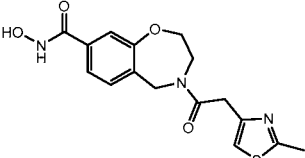
Table-35: The following compounds were prepared by the parallel synthesis method of Example 63.

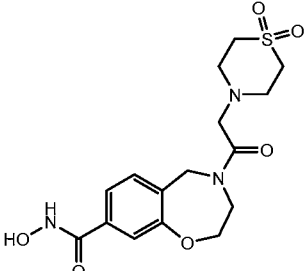
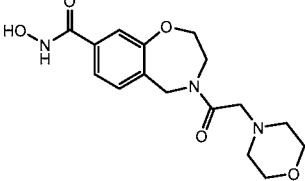
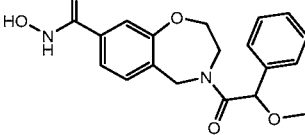
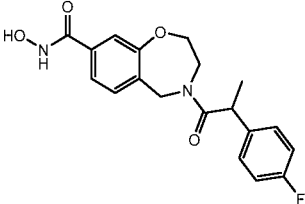
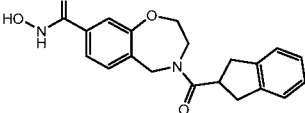
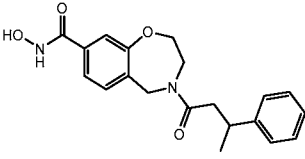
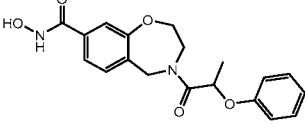
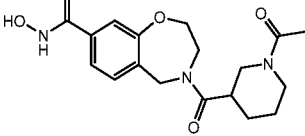
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	343
	343
	357
	357
	381
	357
	352

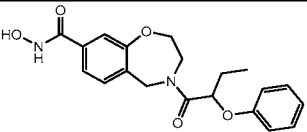
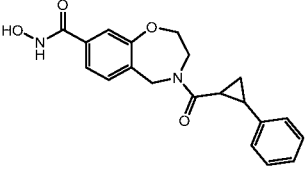
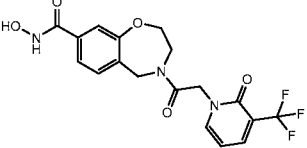
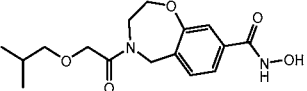
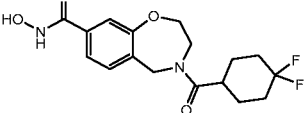
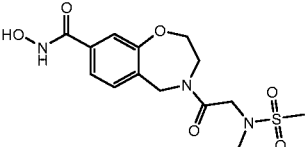
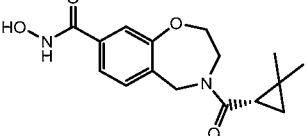
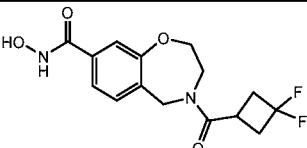
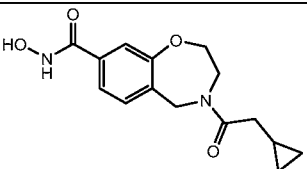
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	353
	373
	343
	379
	405
	355
	373

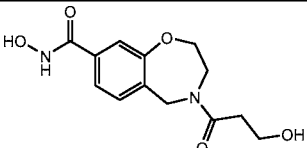
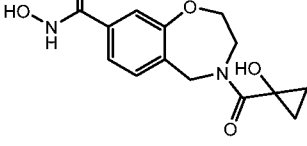
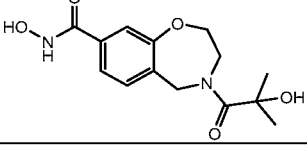
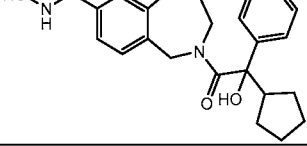
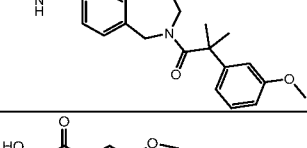
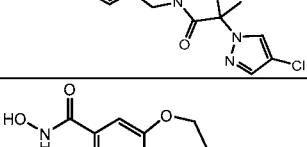
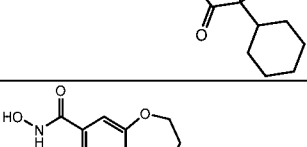
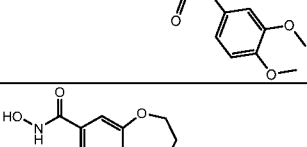
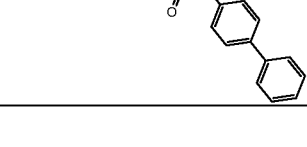
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	344
	321
	353
	398
	277
	291
	333
	355
	409

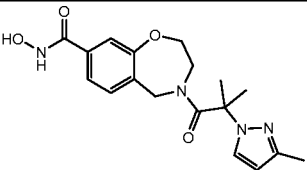
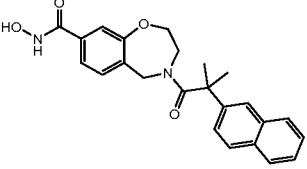
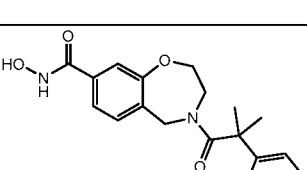
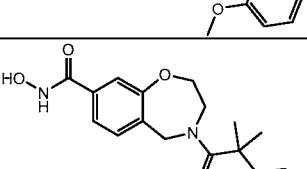
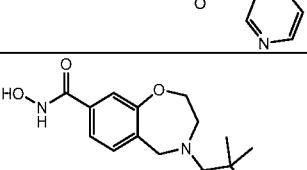
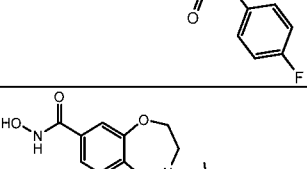
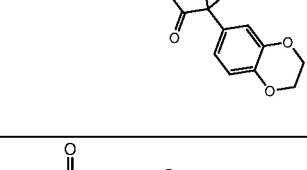
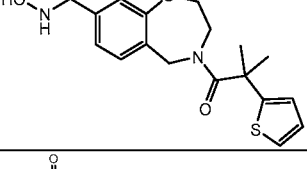
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	339
	305
	341
	341
	341
	396
	398
	395

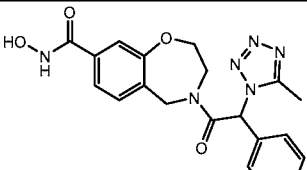
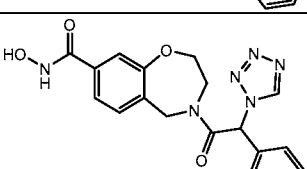
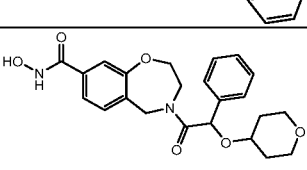
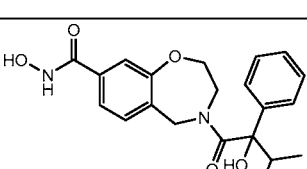
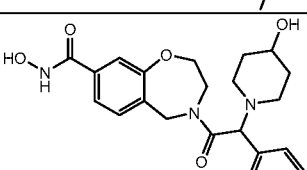
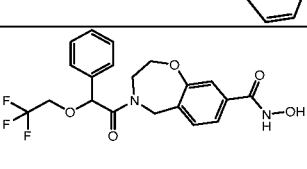
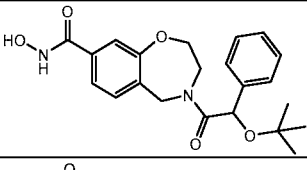
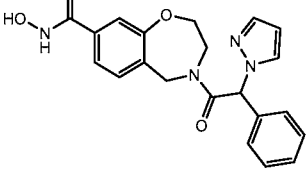
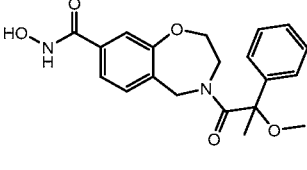
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	419
	377
	333
	305
	279
	412
	348

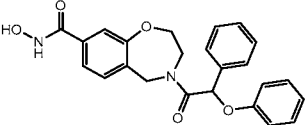
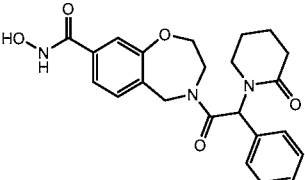
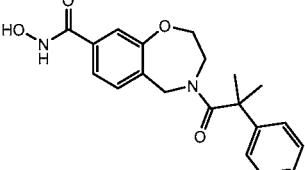
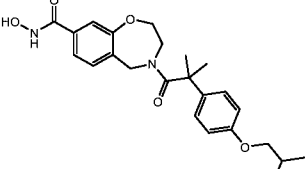
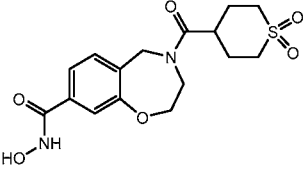
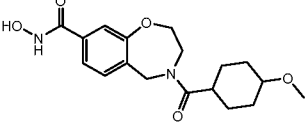
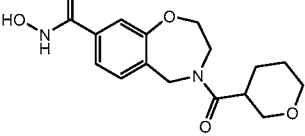
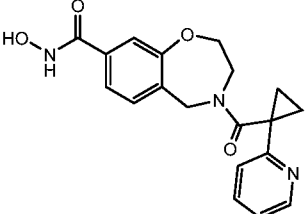
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	384
	336
	357
	359
	353
	355
	357
	362

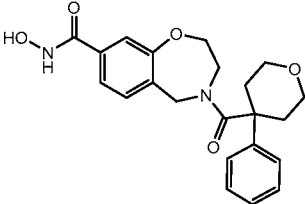
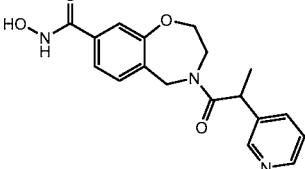
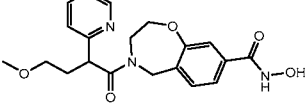
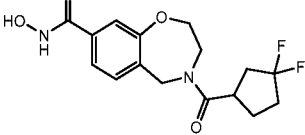
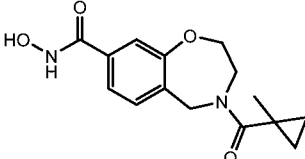
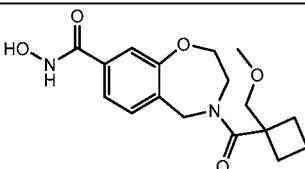
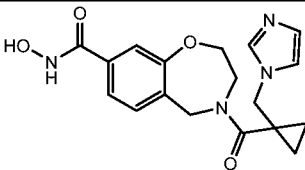
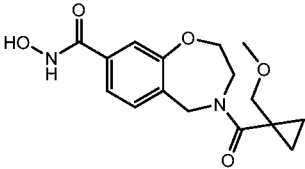
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	370
	353
	412
	323
	355
	358
	305
	327
	291

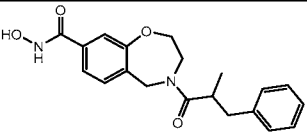
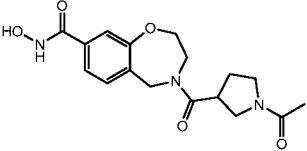
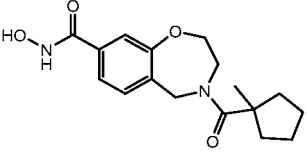
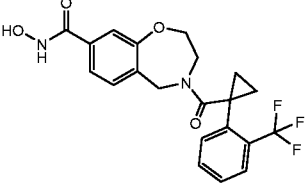
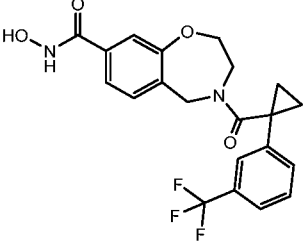
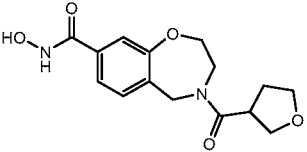
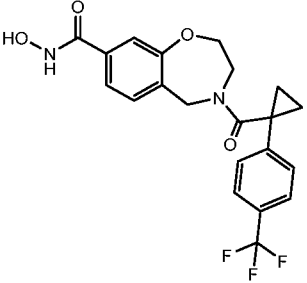
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	281
	293
	295
	411
	385
	379
	361
	415
	431

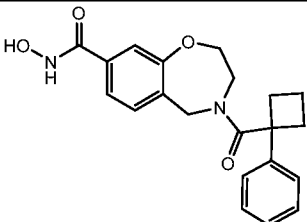
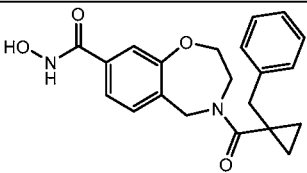
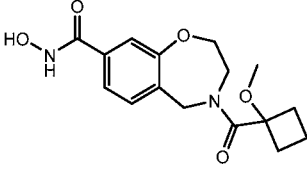
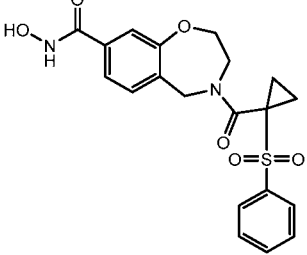
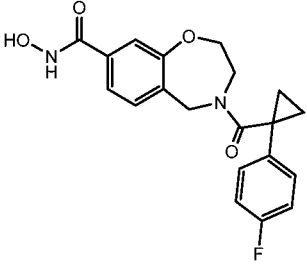
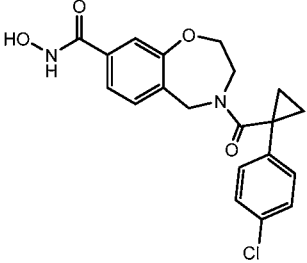
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	359
	405
	385
	356
	373
	413
	361
	447

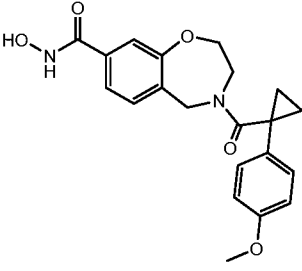
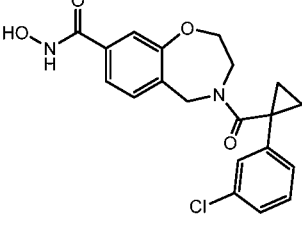
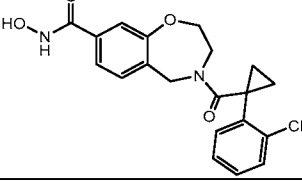
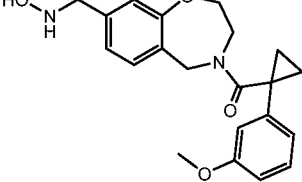
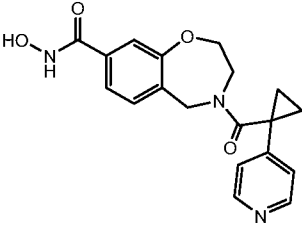
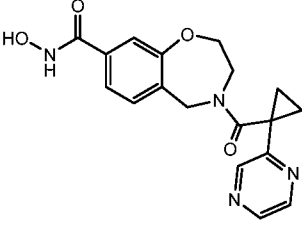
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	409
	395
	427
	385
	426
	425
	399
	393
	371

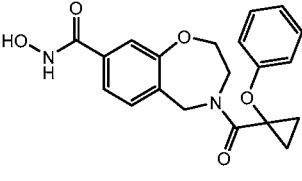
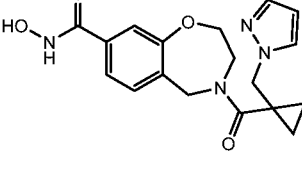
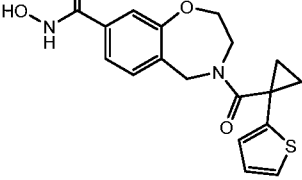
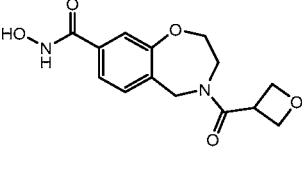
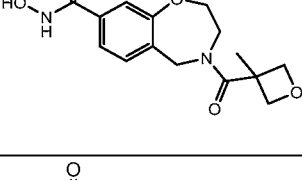
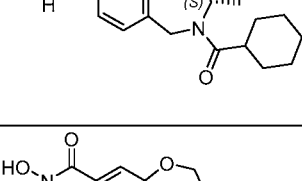
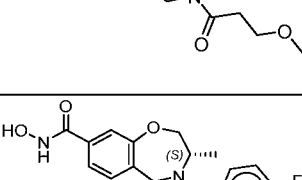
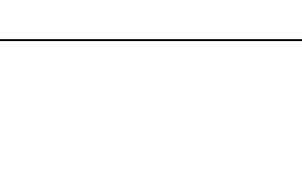
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	419
	424
	355
	427
	369
	349
	321
	354

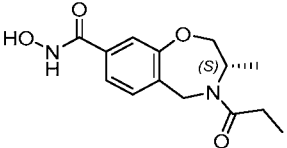
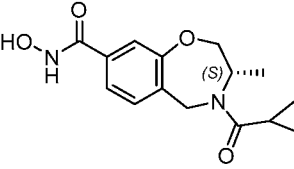
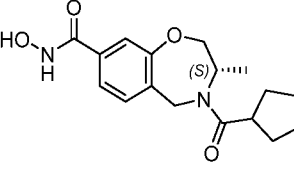
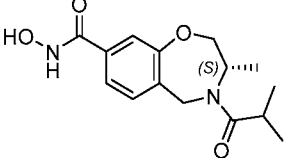
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	397
	342
	386
	341
	291
	335
	357
	321

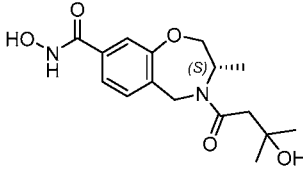
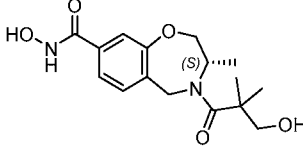
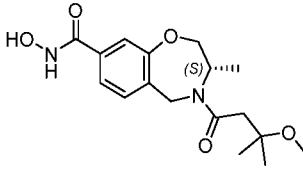
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	355
	348
	319
	421
	421
	307
	421

Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	367
	367
	321
	417
	371
	387

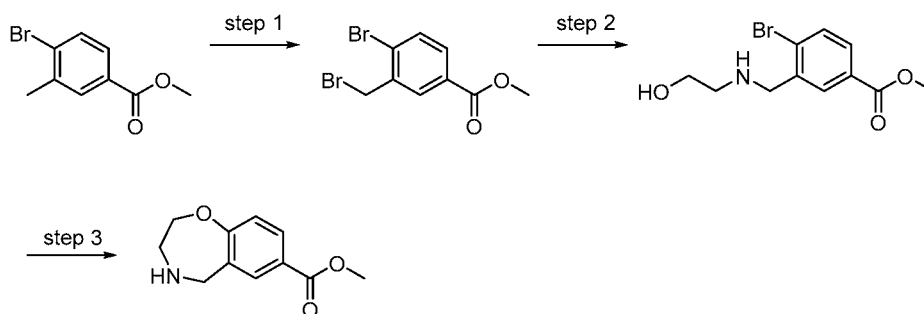
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	383
	387
	387
	383
	354
	355

Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	369
	357
	359
	293
	307
	333
	309
	345

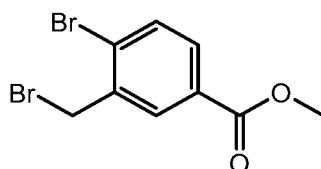
Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	279
	291
	319
	293

Structure	Found M+H (ES)
	323
	323
	337

Example 64 – Preparation of methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxylate

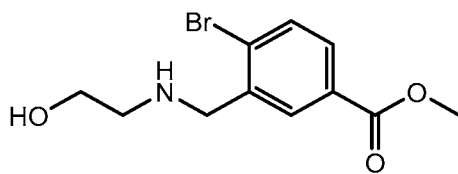


Step-1: Methyl 4-bromo-3-(bromomethyl)benzoate

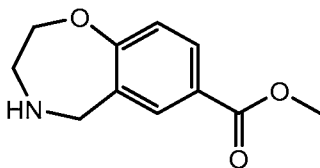


[00330] Methyl 4-bromo-3-methylbenzoate (11.4 g, 0.05 mol) was added to carbon tetrachloride (80 mL) in a 250 mL 3-three neck round-bottomed flask. To the resulting solution were added successively and in single portions, N-bromosuccinimide (9.3 g, 0.053 mol) and dibenzoylperoxide (0.6 g, 5 mol%). The resulting suspension was then heated to reflux for 4 h. Upon cooling to ambient temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered, and the filter cake washed with a few portions of carbon tetrachloride. The filtrate was then removed under reduced pressure, and the resulting semi-solid was partitioned between EtOAc and an aqueous $\frac{1}{2}$ saturated sodium carbonate solution. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, and then dried over magnesium sulfate. The solution was filtered and solvent was removed under reduced pressure, providing 15.5 g of an off-white solid, which was purified by silica gel chromatography (0% to 6% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the title compound (9.5 g, 61% yield).

Step-2: Methyl 4-bromo-3-(((2-hydroxyethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate



[00331] Ethanolamine (7.7 mL, 0.125 mol) was added to acetonitrile (80 mL) in a 500 mL 3-neck round-bottomed flask. To the resulting clear solution was added powdered potassium carbonate (3.5 g, 0.025 mol) in a single portion, washing in with more acetonitrile (10 mL). The resulting suspension was cooled in an ice-acetone bath. With the help of an ultrasonic bath, methyl 4-bromo-3-(bromomethyl)benzoate (7.7 g, 0.025 mol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (100 mL), and transferred to an addition funnel. This solution was added over 1 h to the stirring suspension, temperature remaining below 0 °C throughout. After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at ice temperature, before being allowed to warm to 10 °C. The entire reaction mixture was evaporated, and the resulting residue partitioned between EtOAc and water. The organic layer was washed with water three times, and then once with brine. After drying over magnesium sulfate and filtering, solvent was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a clear oil, which solidified upon standing. This was placed under high vacuum to obtain the title compound (5.8 g, 80% yield), which was used without further purification.

Step-3: Methyl 2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxylate

[00332] Methyl 4-bromo-3-(((2-hydroxyethyl)amino)methyl)benzoate (1.0 g, 0.0035 mol), potassium carbonate (1.0 g, 0.007 mol), and copper (I) iodide (0.13 g, 20 mol %) were placed into a 80 mL microwave tube along with a magnetic stir bar. Previously degassed 2-propanol (25 mL) was added, and the resulting suspension heated at 125 °C for 2.5 h. This process was repeated twice more. The three reactions were combined, the suspension was filtered, and the filter cake washed with more 2-propanol. The filtrate was pre-absorbed directly onto silica gel and was which was purified by silica gel chromatography (0% to 10% EtOH + 5% NH₄OH/CH₂Cl₂) to afford a greenish oil (1.4 g). This material was further purified by silica gel chromatography (60% to 100% EtOAc + 5% Et₃N/hexanes) to afford the title compound as an amber oil (1.0 g, 46% yield). ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ(ppm): 7.81 - 7.87 (m, 2 H), 7.00 - 7.06 (m, 1 H), 4.05 - 4.11 (m, 2 H), 3.99 (s, 2 H), 3.87 (s, 3 H), 3.20 - 3.26 (m, 2 H). MS: (APCI, *m/z*): 208 [M+H]⁺.

Example 65 – In vitro histone deacetylase assay

[00333] The enzymatic HDAC6 assay was performed using electrophoretic mobility shift assay. Full length human recombinant HDAC6 protein was expressed in baculoviral system and purified by affinity chromatography. The enzymatic reactions were assembled in 384 well plates in a total volume of 25 μL in a reaction buffer composing: 100 mM HEPES, pH7.5, 25 mM KCl, 0.1% bovine serum albumin, 0.01% Triton X-100, 1% DMSO (from compounds) 2 μM of the fluorescently labeled peptide substrate and enzyme. The enzyme was added at a final concentration of 1 nM. The peptide substrate RHKK(Ac)-NH₂ was used. The compounds were tested at 12 concentrations spaced by 3x dilution intervals. Negative control samples (0%-inhibition in the absence of inhibitor) and positive control samples (100%-inhibition) were assembled in replicates of four in each assay plate. The reactions were incubated at 25 °C and

quenched by the addition of 45 μL of termination buffer (100 mM HEPES, pH 7.5, 0.01% Triton X-100, 0.05% SDS).

[00334] The terminated assay plates were analyzed on LabChip® 3000 microfluidic electrophoresis instrument (Perkin Elmer/Caliper Life Sciences). The fluorescence intensity of the electrophoretically separated de-acetylated product and substrate peptide was measured. Activity in each sample was determined as the product to sum ratio (PSR): $P/(S+P)$, where P is the peak height of the product peptide and S is the peak height of the substrate peptide. Percent inhibition (P_{inh}) is determined using the following equation:

[00335] $P_{\text{inh}} = (\text{PSR}_{0\%} - \text{PSR}_{\text{inh}})/(\text{PSR}_{0\%} - \text{PSR}_{100\%}) * 100$, where PSR_{inh} is the product sum ratio in the presence of inhibitor, $\text{PSR}_{0\%}$ is the average product sum ratio in the absence of inhibitor and $\text{PSR}_{100\%}$ is the average product sum ratio in 100%-inhibition control samples. The IC_{50} values of inhibitors were determined by fitting the %-inhibition curves with 4 parameter dose-response model using XLfit 4 software.

[00336] As set forth in Table 36, below, IC_{50} values are defined as follows: $\text{IC}_{50} \leq 0.1 \mu\text{M}$ (+++); $\text{IC}_{50} > 0.1 \mu\text{M}$ and $\leq 0.5 \mu\text{M}$ (++); $\text{IC}_{50} > 0.5 \mu\text{M}$ (+).

Table-36: Inhibitory Concentration (IC_{50}) Values for Representative Compounds against HDAC6.

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
4-(2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2,6-dimethylbenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxy-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(3-(propylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
4-(3-(dimethylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
tert-butyl 7-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-5-oxa-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate	++
tert-butyl 7-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate 5,5-dioxide	++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-benzoyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-pivaloyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
tert-butyl 3-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate	++
N-hydroxy-4-(8-azaspiro[4.5]decane-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
tert-butyl 8-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2-azaspiro[4.5]decane-2-carboxylate	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-azaspiro[4.5]decane-8-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
tert-butyl 6-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2-azaspiro[4.4]nonane-2-carboxylate	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-azaspiro[4.4]nonane-6-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
tert-butyl 2-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2H-spiro[benzofuran-3,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2H-spiro[benzofuran-3,4'-piperidine]-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
tert-butyl 3-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2,3-dihydrospiro[indene-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate	++
4-(2,3-dihydrospiro[indene-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
tert-butyl 9-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3-azaspiro[5.5]undecane-3-carboxylate	++
tert-butyl 2-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane-8-carboxylate	++
N-hydroxy-4-(3-azaspiro[5.5]undecane-9-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(5-azaspiro[2.4]heptane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
tert-butyl 1-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-6-carboxylate	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(S)-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydro-2H-thiopyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydrothiophene-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(1,1-dioxidothietane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-methylpropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-4-(8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-4-(2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(S)-4-(1-acetylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-4-(1-acetylpyrrolidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide	+
4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide	+
4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide	+
4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide	+

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1H-indole-5-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenoxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(4-(difluoromethoxy)benzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(4-phenoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2,4-dimethoxybenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(benzofuran-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(cyclobutanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
4-(bicyclo[4.2.0]octa-1(6),2,4-triene-7-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(3-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
4-(2-(1,1-dioxidothiomorpholino)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-phenoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
4-(2-(3-chlorophenoxy)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(4,4,4-trifluorobutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(cyclopentanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-isobutyryl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methylthiazol-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-(1,1-dioxidothiomorpholino)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-morpholinoacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(3-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxypropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(1-acetyl)piperidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxybutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-oxo-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-1(2H)-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-isobutoxyacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
4-(4,4-difluorocyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)glycyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(S)-4-(2,2-dimethylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-cyclopropylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxypropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-(4-chloro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(2-cyclohexyl-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(thiophen-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-methyl-1H-tetrazol-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(1H-tetrazol-1-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(2-(tert-butoxy)-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxy-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-isobutoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydro-2H-thiopyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(4-phenyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxy-2-(pyridin-2-yl)butanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(3,3-difluorocyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(1-((1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-3-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(1-acetylpyrrolidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(1-benzylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(phenylsulfonyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(1-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(1-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(1-(3-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(1-(2-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyridin-4-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyrazin-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenoxy-cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
4-(1-((1H-pyrazol-1-yl)methyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-8-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxamide	++
8-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxamide	+++
(R)-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(S)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-3-ethyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1s,4R)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1r,4S)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(1-formylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(3-ethyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(3-(4-fluorophenoxy)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1s,4R)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1r,4S)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1s,3R)-3-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1r,3S)-3-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(3-(benzyloxy)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxypropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(4-fluorobenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-propionyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(cyclobutanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(cyclopentanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-isobutyryl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxy-3-methylbutanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(4-fluorotetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(oxepane-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(3S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-isopropyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-4-(5,5-dimethyltetrahydrofuran-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(3S)-4-((2R)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(3S)-4-((2S)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1R,3S)-3-phenoxy-cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1S,3R)-3-phenoxy-cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((2R,3S)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((2S,4S)-2-isopropyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-benzoyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-((S)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-((R)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(R)-N-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(3-ethyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-indole-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
4-(2-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
4-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(2-mesitylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N8-hydroxy-N2,N2-dimethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-2,8-dicarboxamide	++
(R)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(R)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+

ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1s,4R)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1r,4S)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++

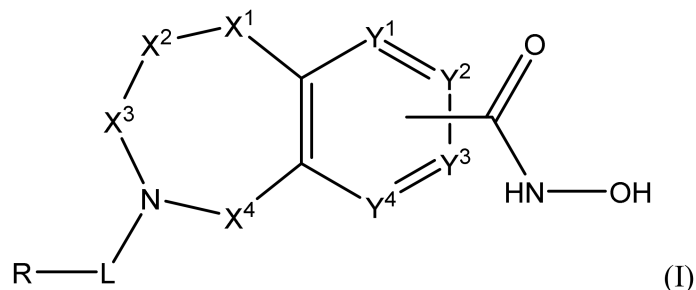
ChemDraw IUPAC Name	Activity Range
(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(2R,5R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	++
(2S,5S)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyl-2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-7-carboxamide	++
(S)-3-benzyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+++
N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	+

Equivalents

[00337] While the present disclosure has been described in conjunction with the specific embodiments set forth above, many alternatives, modifications and other variations thereof will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art. All such alternatives, modifications and variations are intended to fall within the spirit and scope of the present disclosure.

Claims:

1. A compound of Formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

X^1 is O;

X^2 and X^4 are each independently CR^1R^2 , $C=O$, $S(O)$ or SO_2 ;

X^3 is CR^1R^2 ;

Y^1 and Y^4 are not bound to $-C(O)NHOH$ and are each independently N or CR^1 ;

Y^2 and Y^3 are each independently N or CR^1 when not bonded to $-C(O)NHOH$ and Y^2 and Y^3 are C when bonded to $-C(O)NHOH$;

L is $-C(O)-$, $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_m-$, or $-C(O)(CR^1R^2)_mO-$, wherein L is bound to the ring nitrogen through the carbonyl group;

R is independently selected from the group consisting of $-H$, $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkenyl, $-C_4-C_8$ cycloalkenyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkynyl, $-C_3-C_8$ cycloalkyl, $-C_5-C_{12}$ spirocyclyl, heterocyclyl, spiroheterocyclyl, aryl, and heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, spirocyclyl, heterocyclyl, spiroheterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of $-OH$, halogen, oxo, $-NO_2$, $-CN$, $-R^1$, $-R^2$, $-OR^3$, $-NHR^3$, $-NR^3R^4$, $-S(O)_2NR^3R^4$, $-S(O)_2R^1$, $-C(O)R^1$, $-CO_2R^1$, $-NR^3S(O)_2R^1$, $-S(O)R^1$, $-S(O)NR^3R^4$, $-NR^3S(O)R^1$, heterocyclyl, aryl, and heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, with the proviso that R is not bound to L via a nitrogen atom;

R^1 and R^2 are independently, at each occurrence, selected from the group consisting of $-H$, $-R^3$, $-R^4$, $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkenyl, $-C_3-C_8$ cycloalkenyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkynyl, $-C_3-C_8$ cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, $-OH$, halogen, $-NO_2$, $-CN$, $-NHC_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-N(C_1-C_6\text{ alkyl})_2$, $-$

$\text{S(O)}_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S(O)}_2(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})$, $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C(O)}\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})\text{S(O)}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl}$, and $-(\text{CHR}^5)_n\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$, oxo, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{R}^5$, $-\text{OR}^3$, $-\text{NHR}^3$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{S(O)}_2\text{N}(\text{R}^3)_2$, $-\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C(O)}\text{R}^5$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S(O)}\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S(O)}\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S(O)}\text{R}^5$, heterocyclyl, aryl, and heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O;

or R^1 and R^2 can combine with the carbon atom to which they are both attached to form a spirocyclyl, spiroheterocyclyl, or a spirocycloalkenyl;

or R^1 and R^2 , when on adjacent atoms, can combine to form a heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, or cycloalkenyl;

or R^1 and R^2 , when on non-adjacent atoms, can combine to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

$\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ are independently, at each occurrence, selected from the group consisting of $-\text{H}$, $-\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6\text{ alkenyl}$, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8\text{ cycloalkenyl}$, $-\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6\text{ alkynyl}$, $-\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8\text{ cycloalkyl}$, heterocyclyl, $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{NHC}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{S(O)}_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})_2$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S(O)}_2(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})$, $-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C(O)}\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl}$, $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl})\text{S(O)}_2\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{ alkyl}$, and $-(\text{CHR}^5)_n\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, or heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of $-\text{OH}$, halogen, $-\text{NO}_2$, oxo, $-\text{CN}$, $-\text{R}^5$, $-\text{OR}^3$, $-\text{NHR}^3$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{S(O)}_2\text{N}(\text{R}^3)_2$, $-\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{C(O)}\text{R}^5$, $-\text{CO}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S(O)}_2\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S(O)}\text{R}^5$, $-\text{S(O)}\text{NR}^3\text{R}^4$, $-\text{NR}^3\text{S(O)}\text{R}^5$, heterocyclyl, aryl, and heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O;

or $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ can combine with the carbon atom to which they are both attached to form a spirocyclyl, spiroheterocyclyl, or a spirocycloalkenyl;

or $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ can combine with R^1 or R^2 on adjacent atoms to form a heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, or cycloalkenyl;

or $\text{R}^{1'}$ and $\text{R}^{2'}$ can combine with R^1 or R^2 on non-adjacent atoms, to form a bridging cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl;

R^3 and R^4 are independently, at each occurrence, selected from the group consisting of $-H$, $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkenyl, $-C_3-C_8$ cycloalkenyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkynyl, $-C_3-C_8$ cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, $-S(O)_2N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-S(O)_2(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})S(O)_2R^5$, $-C(O)C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-CO_2C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, and $-(CHR^5)_nN(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of $-OH$, halogen, $-NO_2$, oxo, $-CN$, $-R^5$, $-O(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-NH(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-S(O)_2N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-S(O)_2NHC_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-C(O)C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-CO_2C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})S(O)_2C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-S(O)R^5$, $-S(O)N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})S(O)R^5$, heterocyclyl, aryl, and heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O;

R^5 is independently, at each occurrence, selected from the group consisting of $-H$, $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkenyl, $-C_3-C_8$ cycloalkenyl, $-C_2-C_6$ alkynyl, $-C_3-C_8$ cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl containing 1-5 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S, P, and O, $-OH$, halogen, $-NO_2$, $-CN$, $-NH(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-S(O)_2NH(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-S(O)_2N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-S(O)_2C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-C(O)C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-CO_2C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})SO_2C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl}$, $-S(O)(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$, $-S(O)N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$, $-N(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})S(O)(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ and $-(CH_2)_nN(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})_2$;

each n is independently and at each occurrence an integer from 0 to 6; and

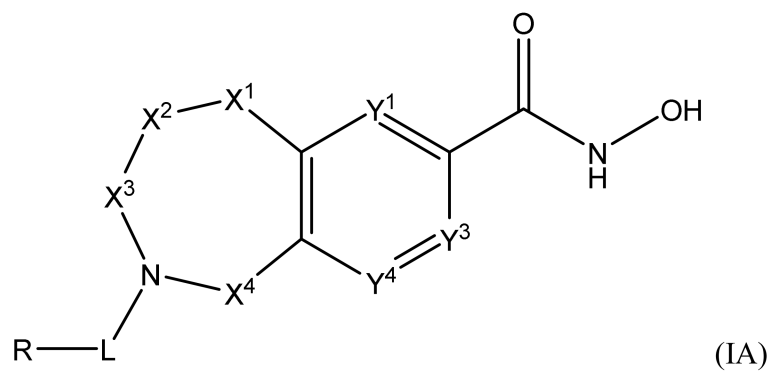
each m is independently and at each occurrence an integer from 1 to 6.

2. The compound of claim 1, wherein X^4 is CR^1R^2 .

3. The compound of claim 1, wherein $R^{1'}$ is $-H$ or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl; and $R^{2'}$ is $-H$, heterocyclyl, or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halogen, aryl, and $-OR^3$.

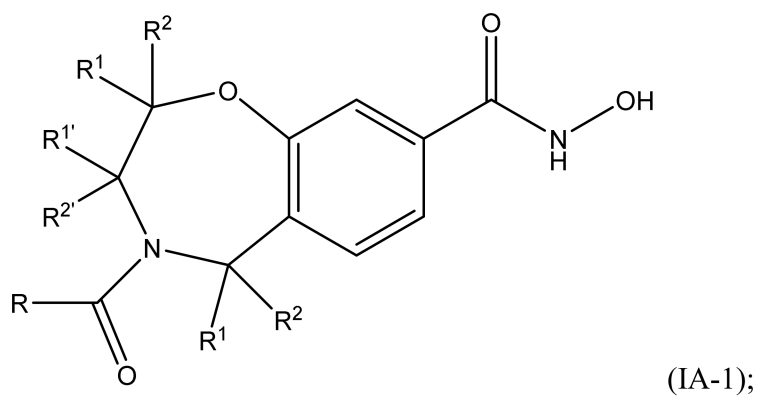
4. The compound of claim 1, wherein X^2 is CR^1R^2 ; R^1 is $-H$ or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl; and R^2 is $-H$, $-R^3$, aryl, or $-C_1-C_6$ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from oxo, $-OR^3$, and $-NR^3R^4$.

5. The compound of claim 1 or 2, wherein the compound is of the Formula IA:

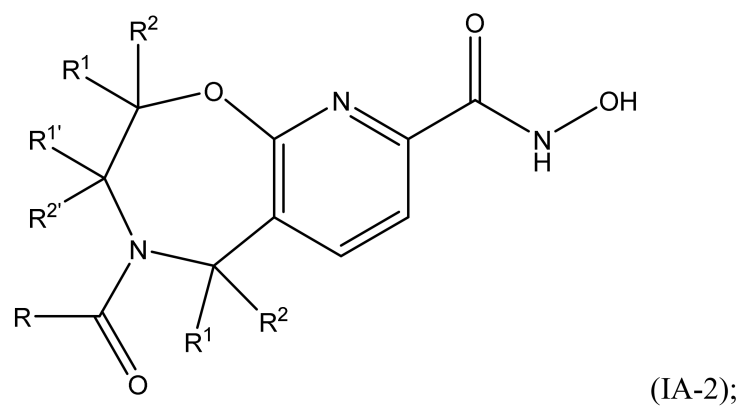


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

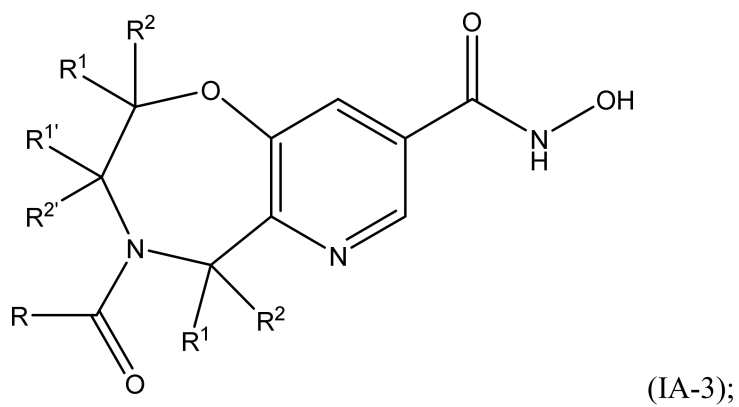
6. The compound of claim 5, wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-1:



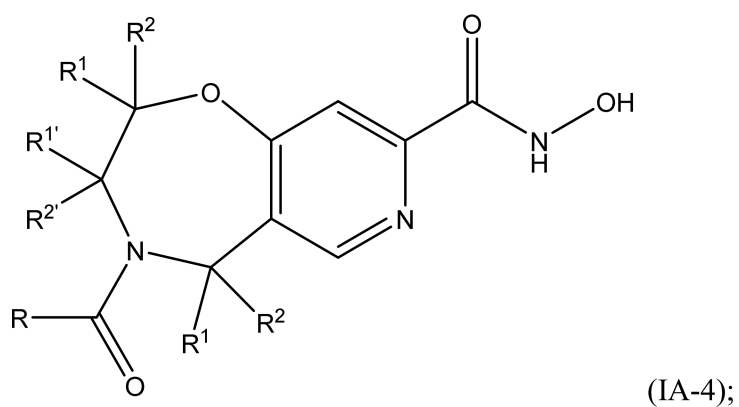
wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-2:



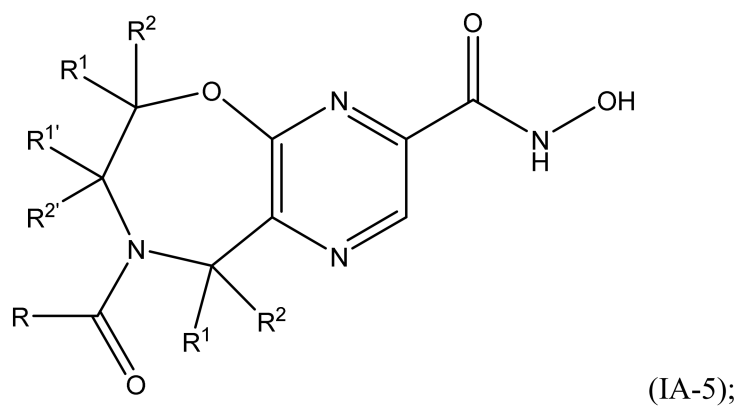
wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-3:



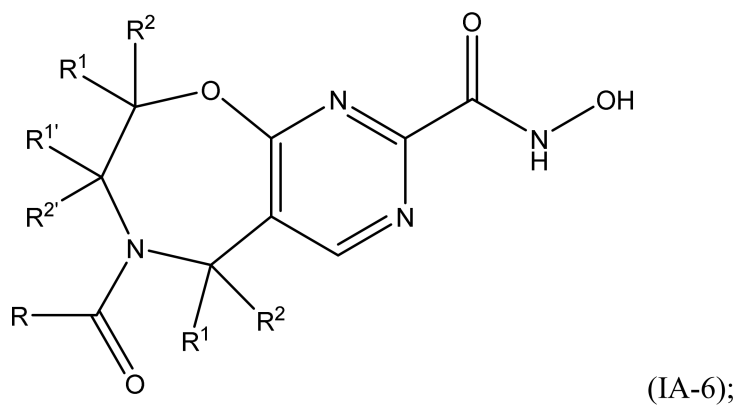
wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-4:



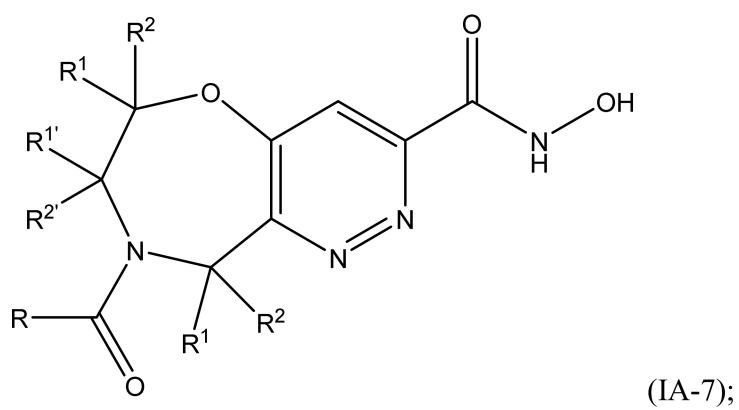
wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-5:



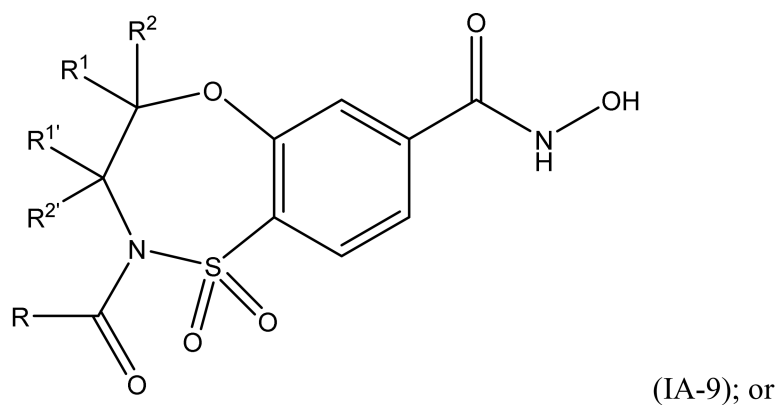
wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-6:



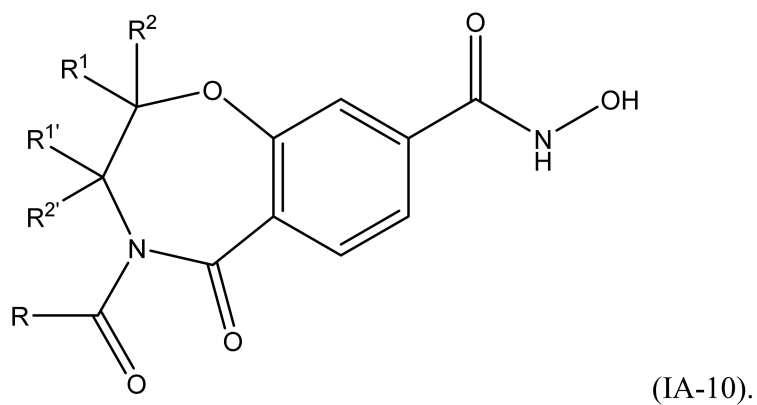
wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-7:



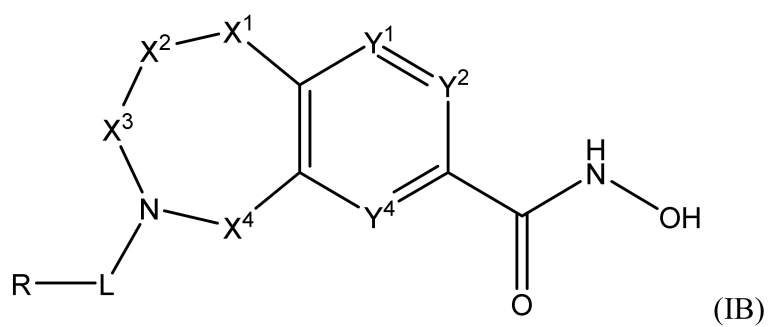
wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-9:



wherein the compound is of the Formula IA-10:

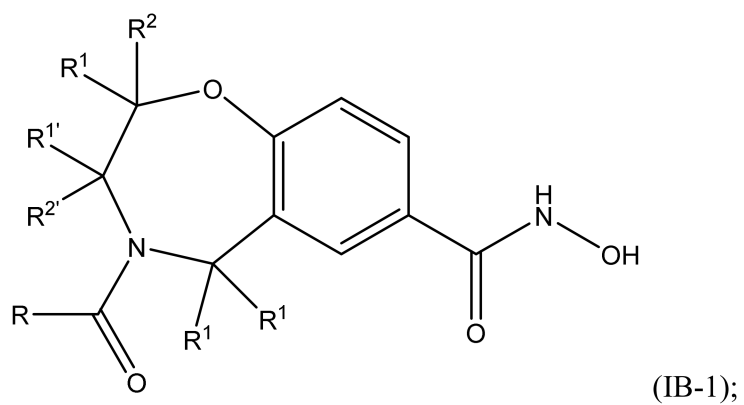


7. The compound of claim 1 or 2, wherein the compound is of the Formula IB

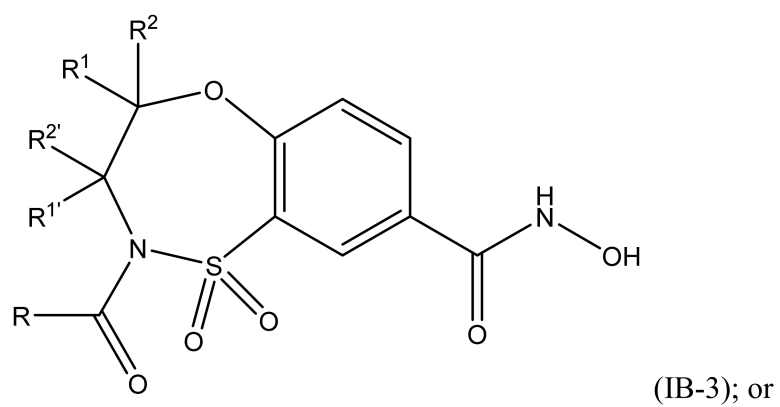


or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

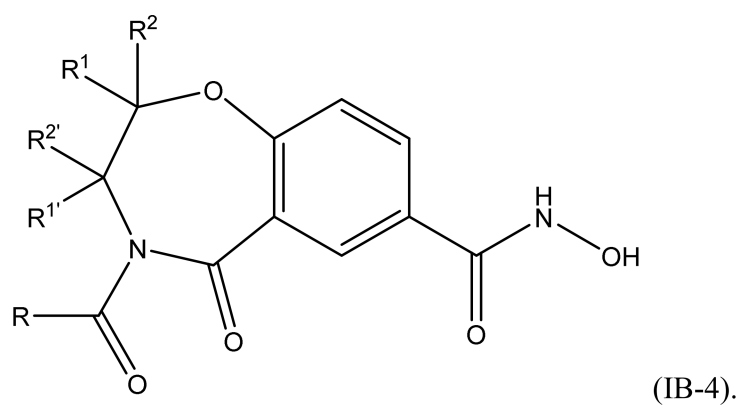
8. The compound of claim 7, wherein the compound is of the Formula IB-1:



wherein the compound is of the Formula IB-3:



wherein the compound is of the Formula (IB-4):



9. The compound of claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

4-(2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2,6-dimethylbenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide

N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxy-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-(propylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3-(dimethylamino)benzo[b]thiophene-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 7-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-5-oxa-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate;

tert-butyl 7-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-5-thia-2-azaspiro[3.4]octane-2-carboxylate 5,5-dioxide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-benzoyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-pivaloyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 3-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(8-azaspiro[4.5]decane-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 8-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2-azaspiro[4.5]decane-2-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-azaspiro[4.5]decane-8-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 6-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2-azaspiro[4.4]nonane-2-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-azaspiro[4.4]nonane-6-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3H-spiro[isobenzofuran-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 2-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2H-spiro[benzofuran-3,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(2H-spiro[benzofuran-3,4'-piperidine]-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 3-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-2,3-dihydrospiro[indene-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate;

4-(2,3-dihydrospiro[indene-1,4'-piperidine]-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 9-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-3-azaspiro[5.5]undecane-3-carboxylate;

tert-butyl 2-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane-8-carboxylate;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-azaspiro[5.5]undecane-9-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(5-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(5-azaspiro[2.4]heptane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

tert-butyl 1-(8-(hydroxycarbamoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-4-carbonyl)-6-azaspiro[2.5]octane-6-carboxylate;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3,3-dimethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydro-2H-thiopyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydrothiophene-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1,1-dioxidothietane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-methylpropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(2,6-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-acetyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1-acetylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(1-acetylpyrrolidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-7-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1H-indole-5-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-methoxyphenoxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(4-(difluoromethoxy)benzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-phenoxybenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2,4-dimethoxybenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(benzofuran-5-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-morpholinobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclobutanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(bicyclo[4.2.0]octa-1(6),2,4-triene-7-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(1,1-dioxidothiomorpholino)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-phenoxyphenyl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(3-chlorophenoxy)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4,4,4-trifluorobutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(cyclopentanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-isobutyryl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(1-(methylsulfonyl)piperidin-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methylthiazol-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(1,1-dioxidothiomorpholino)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-morpholinoacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxypropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-acetylpiperidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxybutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-oxo-3-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-1(2H)-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-isobutoxyacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(4,4-difluorocyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(N-methyl-N-(methylsulfonyl)glycyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(2,2-dimethylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3,3-difluorocyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-cyclopropylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxypropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-cyclopentyl-2-hydroxy-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(4-chloro-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-cyclohexyl-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(3-methyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(2,3-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-(thiophen-2-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-methyl-1H-tetrazol-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(1H-tetrazol-1-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-phenylbutanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(tert-butoxy)-2-phenylacetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenyl-2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxy-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-phenoxy-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-oxopiperidin-1-yl)-2-phenylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-2-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-isobutoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1,1-dioxidotetrahydro-2H-thiopyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyridin-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-phenyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxy-2-(pyridin-2-yl)butanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3,3-difluorocyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-((1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-methyl-3-phenylpropanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-acetylpyrrolidine-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclopentane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-benzylcyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(phenylsulfonyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-(4-fluorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-(3-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-(2-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyridin-4-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(pyrazin-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-phenoxy-cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(1-((1H-pyrazol-1-yl)methyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-8-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxamide;

8-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-6,7,8,9-tetrahydropyrazino[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepine-3-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-formyl-N-hydroxy-2-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-4,5-dihydro-2H-spiro[benzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-3,1'-cyclopropane]-8-carboxamide;

(S)-3-ethyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1s,4R)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1r,4S)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1-formylpiperidine-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(3-ethyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(3-(4-fluorophenoxy)propanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1s,4R)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1r,4S)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1s,3R)-3-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1r,3S)-3-methoxycyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(3-(benzyloxy)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)acetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxypropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(4-fluorobenzoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-propionyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(cyclopropanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(cyclobutanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(cyclopentanecarbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-isobutyryl-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxy-3-methylbutanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxy-3-methylbutanoyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(4-fluorotetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(oxepane-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-isopropyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-(5,5-dimethyltetrahydrofuran-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-((2R)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(3S)-4-((2S)-7-oxabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)oxy)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-(methoxymethyl)cyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1r,3S)-3-phenoxy-cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((1s,3R)-3-phenoxy-cyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((2R,3S)-2-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((2S,4S)-2-isopropyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-benzoyl-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-((S)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-((R)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(R)-N-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethyl)-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxycyclopropane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3-ethyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-pyrrole-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-indole-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(2-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acetyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

4-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-N-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

N-hydroxy-4-(2-mesitylacetyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 N8-hydroxy-N2,N2-dimethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-2,8-dicarboxamide;
 (R)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (R)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-isopropyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (R)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(1-methylcyclobutane-1-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(3-methyloxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-(oxetane-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(methoxymethyl)oxetane-3-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1*s*,4*R*)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-((1*r*,4*S*)-4-methoxycyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methoxymethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-5-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(2*R*,5*R*)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(2*S*,5*S*)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,5-methanobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyl-2-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(2-methyl-2-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-4-(1H-benzo[d]imidazole-2-carbonyl)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;

(S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((R)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-((S)-3-methyltetrahydrofuran-3-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-3-benzyl-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; and
 N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide.

10. The compound of claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

(R)-N-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-((trifluoromethoxy)methyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (R)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-3-((trifluoromethoxy)methyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (3S)-N-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (3S)-N-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide;
 (S)-6-fluoro-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide; and
 (S)-6-fluoro-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide.

11. The compound of claim 9, wherein the compound is (S)-N-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-(4-methyltetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-carbonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide.

12. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of any one of claims 1 to 11, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.