

Description

This invention relates to a woven slide fastener stringer comprising: a woven stringer tape having a web portion and a longitudinal edge portion; a row of continuous filamentary coupling elements disposed on said longitudinal edge portion and each including a head portion, a pair of superimposed upper and lower leg portions and a heel portion; and an element anchoring weave system anchoring said row of coupling elements in place on the tape edge and comprising an upper clamping warp thread extending substantially in a straight run over substantially a midpoint of said upper leg portion; a first lower clamping warp thread extending substantially in a straight run under said lower leg portion, a second lower clamping warp thread extending substantially in a straight run under said lower leg portion, an anchoring weft thread extending from said tape web portion and interlacing with said three clamping warp threads to form a substantially triangular thread structure, and a plurality of binding warp threads alternately overlying and underlying said row of coupling elements and interlacing with said anchoring weft thread.

A woven slide fastener of this type is disclosed in EP-A-139 284. In this conventional woven slide fastener stringer, the first lower clamping warp thread extends near to the coupling head portion of the coupling elements, and the second lower clamping warp thread extends under substantially a midpoint of the lower leg portion of said coupling elements. In other words, the upper clamping warp thread and the second lower clamping warp thread extend in a plane almost rectangularly intersecting a midpoint of the upper and lower leg portions of said coupling elements. The binding warp threads extend between the said upper clamping thread and said first lower clamping thread.

A chain of coupling elements woven into a support tape in common use has a width typically in the range of 5 - 6 mm, whereas this chain width for application to miniature articles as contemplated under the invention is required to be as small as about 2.5 mm. In order to affix such small coupling elements securely to the tape edge, it would be literally necessary to use a sufficient number of binding warp threads to anchor the coupling elements in place so that the slide fastener can withstand stresses applied during repeated opening and closing operation of the slider. However, an increase in the number of warp threads in the tape edge at which the coupling elements are woven would result in reduced dimension or depth of the individual elements on one tape available for engagement with corresponding elements in the other or mating tape. Conversely reducing the number of warp binding threads would lead to reduced posi-

tional stability of the coupling elements on the tape.

With the foregoing difficulties in view, the present invention seeks to provide a slide fastener stringer of a woven type which incorporates structural features whereby a chain of miniature coupling elements can be stably affixed to the tape edge whilst maintaining sufficient coupling strength of the chain.

According to the invention, a woven slide fastener stringer of the type mentioned above satisfying this requirement is characterized in that said first lower clamping warp thread extends under substantially a midpoint of the lower leg portion of said coupling elements, that said second lower clamping warp thread extends immediately adjacent to the heel portion of said coupling elements; and that said binding warp threads extend between said upper clamping thread and said second lower clamping thread.

This and other objects and advantages of the invention will be better understood from reading the following detailed description with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Figure 1 is a perspective view on enlarged scale of a fragment of a slide fastener stringer embodying the invention;

Figure 2 is a transverse cross-sectional view of the same;

Figure 3 is a plan view of the same; and

Figure 4 is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of the same.

Referring now to the drawings and Figure 1 in particular, there is shown a fragmentary portion of a woven slide fastener stringer 10 which comprises a row of continuous coupling elements E woven into a longitudinal edge portion Ta of a support tape T simultaneously with weaving of a tape web portion Tb. The row of coupling elements E is formed from a thermoplastic monofilamentary material such as nylon and polyester which is laid in as a double pick of weft and woven integrally with yarns constituting a woven tape. The monofilament is coiled into successive individual coupling elements E at the tape edge Ta and pressed from both sides to provide a coupling head portion Ea projecting beyond the tape edge Ta, the monofilament being bifurcated from the coupling head Ea to provide a pair of leg portions Eb, Ec substantially in superposed relation, which leg portions Eb, Ec turn around respective heel portions Ed and merge into adjacent coupling elements E. This construction is well known in the art and hence will require no further explanation. A pair of these fastener stringers 10 when coupled together form a continuous chain to be assembled with end stops and sliders as is also well known. Designated at 11 is an upper clamping warp thread extending longitudinally substantially in a straight run over sub-

stantially a midpoint of each of the upper leg portions Eb of successive coupling elements E. A first lower clamping thread 12 extends substantially in a straight run under substantially a midpoint of each of the lower leg portions Ec. A second lower clamping thread 13 extends also substantially in a straight run under lower leg portions Ec immediately adjacent to the heel portions Ed of successive coupling elements E.

According to an important aspect of the invention, the three clamping threads 11, 12 and 13 are arranged geometrically in such positions that anchoring weft threads 14 extending from the tape web Tb form a substantially triangular structure as they pass around and interlace with clamping threads 11, 12 and 13 as shown in Figure 2. This triangular thread structure provides increased strength of anchoring the elements E in the tape T and compensates for fewer binding warp threads 16 than would otherwise be required. The anchoring weft threads 14 woven in double picks as on a needleloom are interlaced with warp threads 15 to form the tape web portion Tb, as better shown in Figure 3. A plurality of binding warp threads 16, four in number in the case of Figure 1, alternately overlie the upper legs Eb of elements E and underlie the lower legs Ec and extend between the upper clamping thread 11 and the second lower clamping thread 13 as better shown in Figure 2. The binding warp threads 16 are interlaced with the anchoring weft threads 14 to hold the coupling elements E firmly in place against movement. The fewer the binding warp threads 16, the larger dimension or depth will be for mutual coupling engagement of the coupling elements E. However, it has been found that at least two of these binding threads 16 are required to eliminate the tendency of the coupling elements E to shift or move out of alignment with respect to the support tape T.

Claims

1. A woven slide fastener stringer (10) comprising: a woven stringer tape having a web portion (Tb) and a longitudinal edge portion (Ta); a row of continuous filamentary coupling elements (E) disposed on said longitudinal edge portion (Ta) and each including a head portion (Ea), a pair of superimposed upper and lower leg portions (Eb, Ec) and a heel portion (Ed); and an element anchoring weave system anchoring said row of coupling elements (E) in place on the tape edge (Ta) and comprising an upper clamping warp thread (11) extending substantially in a straight run over substantially a midpoint of said upper leg portion (Eb), a first lower clamping warp thread (12) extending substantially in a straight run under said lower

leg portion (Ec), a second lower clamping warp thread (13) extending substantially in a straight run under said lower leg portion (Ec), an anchoring weft thread (14) extending from said tape web portion (Tb) and interlacing with said three clamping warp threads (11, 12, 13) to form a substantially triangular thread structure, and a plurality of binding warp threads (16) alternately overlying and underlying said row of coupling elements (E) and interlacing with said anchoring weft thread (14); characterized in that said first lower clamping warp thread (12) extends under substantially a midpoint of the lower leg portion (Ec) of said coupling elements, that said second lower clamping warp thread (13) extends immediately adjacent to the heel portion (Ed) of said coupling elements (E); and that said binding warp threads (16) extend between said upper clamping thread (11) and said second lower clamping thread (13).

2. A woven slide fastener stringer (10) according to claim 1 including at least two of said binding warp threads (16).
3. A woven slide fastener stringer (10) according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said anchoring weft thread (14) is woven in double picks.
4. A woven slide fastener stringer (10) according to one of the claims 1 to 3, wherein a chain width of said coupling elements (E) is about 2.5 mm.

Patentansprüche

1. Gewebtes Reißverschlußband (10), umfassend: ein gewebtes Tragband mit einem Bandbahnbereich (Tb) und einem Längsrandbereich (Ta); eine Reihe fortlaufender drahtartiger Kuppelglieder (E), die auf dem Längsrandbereich (Ta) angeordnet sind und jeweils einen Kuppelungskopf (Ea), zwei übereinanderliegende obere und untere Schenkel (Eb, Ec) und einen Verbindungsbereich (Ed) haben; und ein Kuppelgliederverankerungs-Websystem, das die Reihe von Kuppelgliedern (E) in ihrer Anordnung auf dem Längsrandbereich (Ta) verankert und das einen oberen Klemmkettfaden (11), der sich mit einem im wesentlichen geraden Verlauf im wesentlichen über die Mitte des oberen Schenkels (Eb) erstreckt, einen ersten unteren Klemmkettfaden (12), der sich in einem im wesentlichen geradlinigen Verlauf unter dem unteren Schenkel (Ec) erstreckt, einen zweiten unteren Klemmkettfaden (13), der sich in einem im wesentlichen geradlinigen Verlauf un-



stantially a midpoint of each of the upper leg portions Eb of successive coupling elements E. A first lower clamping thread 12 extends substantially in a straight run under substantially a midpoint of each of the lower leg portions Ec. A second lower clamping thread 13 extends also substantially in a straight run under lower leg portions Ec immediately adjacent to the heel portions Ed of successive coupling elements E.

According to an important aspect of the invention, the three clamping threads 11, 12 and 13 are arranged geometrically in such positions that anchoring weft threads 14 extending from the tape web Tb form a substantially triangular structure as they pass around and interlace with clamping threads 11, 12 and 13 as shown in Figure 2. This triangular thread structure provides increased strength of anchoring the elements E in the tape T and compensates for fewer binding warp threads 16 than would otherwise be required. The anchoring weft threads 14 woven in double picks as on a needleloom are interlaced with warp threads 15 to form the tape web portion Tb, as better shown in Figure 3. A plurality of binding warp threads 16, four in number in the case of Figure 1, alternately overlie the upper legs Eb of elements E and underlie the lower legs Ec and extend between the upper clamping thread 11 and the second lower clamping thread 13 as better shown in Figure 2. The binding warp threads 16 are interlaced with the anchoring weft threads 14 to hold the coupling elements E firmly in place against movement. The fewer the binding warp threads 16, the larger dimension or depth will be for mutual coupling engagement of the coupling elements E. However, it has been found that at least two of these binding threads 16 are required to eliminate the tendency of the coupling elements E to shift or move out of alignment with respect to the support tape T.

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1. A woven slide fastener stringer (10) comprising: a woven stringer tape having a web portion (Tb) and a longitudinal edge portion (Ta); a row of continuous filamentary coupling elements (E) disposed on said longitudinal edge portion (Ta) and each including a head portion (Ea), a pair of superimposed upper and lower leg portions (Eb, Ec) and a heel portion (Ed); and an element anchoring weave system anchoring said row of coupling elements (E) in place on the tape edge (Ta) and comprising an upper clamping warp thread (11) extending substantially in a straight run over substantially a midpoint of said upper leg portion (Eb), a first lower clamping warp thread (12) extending substantially in a straight run under said lower

leg portion (Ec), a second lower clamping warp thread (13) extending substantially in a straight run under said lower leg portion (Ec), an anchoring weft thread (14) extending from said tape web portion (Tb) and interlacing with said three clamping warp threads (11, 12, 13) to form a substantially triangular thread structure, and a plurality of binding warp threads (16) alternately overlying and underlying said row of coupling elements (E) and interlacing with said anchoring weft thread (14); characterized in that said first lower clamping warp thread (12) extends under substantially a midpoint of the lower leg portion (Ec) of said coupling elements, that said second lower clamping warp thread (13) extends immediately adjacent to the heel portion (Ed) of said coupling elements (E); and that said binding warp threads (16) extend between said upper clamping thread (11) and said second lower clamping thread (13).

2. A woven slide fastener stringer (10) according to claim 1 including at least two of said binding warp threads (16).
3. A woven slide fastener stringer (10) according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said anchoring weft thread (14) is woven in double picks.
4. A woven slide fastener stringer (10) according to one of the claims 1 to 3, wherein a chain width of said coupling elements (E) is about 2.5 mm.

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1. Gewebtes Reißverschlußband (10), umfassend: ein gewebtes Tragband mit einem Bandbahnbereich (Tb) und einem Längsrandbereich (Ta); eine Reihe fortlaufender drahtartiger Kuppelglieder (E), die auf dem Längsrandbereich (Ta) angeordnet sind und jeweils einen Kuppelungskopf (Ea), zwei übereinanderliegende obere und untere Schenkel (Eb, Ec) und einen Verbindungsbereich (Ed) haben; und ein Kuppelgliederverankerungs-Websystem, das die Reihe von Kuppelgliedern (E) in ihrer Anordnung auf dem Längsrandbereich (Ta) verankert und das einen oberen Klemmkettfaden (11), der sich mit einem im wesentlichen geraden Verlauf im wesentlichen über die Mitte des oberen Schenkels (Eb) erstreckt, einen ersten unteren Klemmkettfaden (12), der sich in einem im wesentlichen geradlinigen Verlauf unter dem unteren Schenkel (Ec) erstreckt, einen zweiten unteren Klemmkettfaden (13), der sich in einem im wesentlichen geradlinigen Verlauf un-



ter dem unteren Schenkel (Ec) erstreckt, einen Verankerungsschußfaden (14), der von dem Tragbandbahnbereich (Tb) ausgeht und mit den drei Klemmkettfäden (11, 12, 13) abge-
bunden ist, um eine im wesentlichen dreiecki-
ge Fadenstruktur zu bilden, und mehrere Bin-
dekettfäden (16) umfaßt, die abwechselnd über
und unter der Reihe von Kuppelgliedern (E)
verlaufen, und mit den Verankerungsschußfä-
den (14) abgebunden sind; dadurch gekenn-
zeichnet, daß der erste untere Klemmkettfa-
den (12) im wesentlichen unter der Mitte des
unteren Schenkels (Ec) der Kuppelglieder ver-
läuft, daß der zweite untere Klemmkettfaden
(13) unmittelbar neben dem Verbindungsbe-
reich (Ed) der Kuppelglieder (E) verläuft; und
daß die Bindekettfäden (16) zwischen dem
oberen Klemmkettfaden (11) und dem zweiten
unteren Klemmkettfaden (13) verlaufen.

2. Gewebtes Reißverschlußband (10) nach An-
spruch 1, umfassend mindestens zwei Binde-
kettfäden (16).
3. Gewebtes Reißverschlußband (10) nach An-
spruch 1 oder 2, wobei der Verankerungs-
schußfaden (14) mit Doppeleintrag gewebt ist.
4. Gewebtes Reißverschlußband (10) nach einem
der Ansprüche 1 bis 3, wobei die Breite der
von den Kuppelgliedern (E) gebildeten Kette
ungefähr 2,5 mm beträgt.

Revendications

1. Bande d'accrochage tissée (10) de fermeture à
glissière comprenant : un ruban de bande
d'accrochage tissé comportant une partie âme
(Tb) et une partie bord longitudinal (Ta) ; une
rangée d'éléments d'accouplement (E) formés
par un filament continu, disposés sur ladite
partie bord longitudinal (Ta) et comprenant
chacun une partie tête (Ea), une paire de par-
ties branches supérieure et inférieure superpo-
sées (Eb, Ec) et une partie talon (Ed) ; et un
système de tissage d'ancrage d'éléments an-
crant ladite rangée d'éléments d'accouplement
(E) en place sur le bord (Ta) du ruban et
comportant un fil de chaîne de blocage supé-
rieur (11) et s'étendant sensiblement suivant
une direction rectiligne au-dessus sensible-
ment d'un point médian de ladite partie bran-
che supérieure (Eb), un premier fil de chaîne
de blocage inférieur (12) s'étendant sensible-
ment suivant une direction rectiligne en des-
sous de ladite partie branche inférieure (Ec),
un second fil de chaîne de blocage inférieur
(13) s'étendant sensiblement suivant une direc-

tion rectiligne en dessous de ladite partie bran-
che inférieure (Ec), un fil de trame d'ancrage
(14) s'étendant depuis ladite partie âme (Tb)
de ruban et s'entrelaçant avec les trois fils de
chaîne de blocage précités (11, 12, 13) pour
former une structure de fil sensiblement trian-
gulaire, et une pluralité de fils de chaîne de
liaison (16) au-dessus et au-dessous alternati-
vement de ladite rangée d'éléments d'accou-
plement (E) et s'entrelaçant avec lesdits fils de
trame et d'ancrage (14) ; caractérisée en ce
que ledit premier fil de chaîne d'ancrage infé-
rieur (12) s'étend sous sensiblement un point
médian de la partie branche inférieure (Ec)
desdits éléments d'accouplement ; en ce que
ledit second fil de chaîne de blocage inférieur
(13) s'étend immédiatement au voisinage de la
partie talon (Ed) desdits éléments d'accouple-
ment (E) ; et en ce que lesdits fils de chaîne
de liaison (16) s'étendent entre ledit fil de
blocage supérieur (11) et ledit second fil de
blocage inférieur (13).

2. Bande d'accrochage tissée (10) de fermeture à
glissière selon la revendication 1, comprenant
au moins deux desdits fils de chaîne de liaison
(16).
3. Bande d'accrochage tissée (10) de fermeture à
glissière selon la revendication 1 ou 2, dans
laquelle ledit fil de trame d'ancrage (14) est
tissé en double duites.
4. Bande d'accrochage tissée (10) de fermeture à
glissière selon l'une quelconque des revendi-
cations 1 à 3, dans laquelle la largeur de
chaîne desdits éléments d'accouplement (E)
est d'environ 2,5 mm.