What is claimed is:

1. A device, comprising:
   at least one directional antenna;
   at least one processor programmed or configured to:
      receive a plurality of messages from a transmitting device configured to transmit messages at different power levels comprising:
         a first message received at a first power level, the first message comprising data associated with a power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device, and
         a second message received at a second power level, the second message comprising data associated with a power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device, the second message being transmitted by the transmitting device at a different power level than the first message;
      determine a heading toward the transmitting device based on the first power level of the first message and the second power level of the second message; and
      output, based on the determined heading, data associated with an indication of an alignment of the at least one directional antenna toward the transmitting device.

2. The device of claim 1, wherein, when receiving the plurality of messages from the transmitting device, the at least one processor is programmed or configured to:
   receive, via at least one directional antenna, the first message and the second message, and
   wherein the at least one processor is further programmed or configured to:
      determine the first power level at which the first message was received based on data associated with the first message, and
      determine the second power level at which the second message was received based on data associated with the second message.

3. The device of claim 1, wherein, when determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message, the at least one processor is programmed or configured to:
   determine the heading toward the transmitting device based on one or more of:
      the first power level at which the first message was received,
      the power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device,
      the second power level at which the second message was received, and
      the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device.

4. The device of claim 1, wherein, when determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message, the at least one processor is programmed or configured to:

multiply the first power level at which the first message was received by a first scaling factor to generate a first heading value, the first scaling factor corresponding to the third power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device;

multiply the second power level at which the second message was received by a second scaling factor to generate a second heading value, the second scaling factor corresponding to the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device; and

determine the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first heading value and the second heading value.

5. The device of claim 1, wherein the at least one processor is further programmed or configured to:

determine that a third message was not received;

wherein, when determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message, the at least one processor is further programmed or configured to:

determine the heading toward the transmitting device based on determining that the third message was not received.

6. The device of claim 1, wherein the at least one processor is further programmed or configured to:

receive a third message at a third power level, the third message comprising data associated with a power level at which the third message was transmitted by the transmitting device;

determine that the power level at which the third message was transmitted by the transmitting device corresponds to the power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device or the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device, and

determine that the third message is a duplicate message that corresponds to the first message or the second message,

wherein, when determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message, the at least one processor is programmed or configured to:

forego determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the third message.

7. A computer program product comprising at least one non-transitory computer-readable medium comprising one or more instructions that, when executed by at least one processor, cause the at least one processor to:

receive a plurality of messages from a transmitting device configured to transmit messages at different power levels comprising:

a first message received at a first power level, the first message comprising data associated with a power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device, and

a second message received at a second power level, the second message comprising data associated with a power level at which the second message was transmitted by the

transmitting device, the second message being transmitted by the transmitting device at a different power level than the first message;

determine a heading toward the transmitting device based on the first power level of the first message and the second power level of the second message; and

output, based on the determined heading, data associated with an indication of an alignment of the at least one directional antenna toward the transmitting device.

8. The computer program product of claim 7, wherein the one or more instructions that cause the at least one processor to receive the plurality of messages from the transmitting device cause the at least one processor to:

receive, via at least one directional antenna, the first message and the second message, and

wherein the at least one processor is further programmed or configured to:

determine the first power level at which the first message was received based on data associated with the first message, and

determine the second power level at which the second message was received based on data associated with the second message.

9. The computer program product of claim 7, wherein the one or more instructions that cause the at least one processor to determine the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message cause the at least one processor to:

determine the heading toward the transmitting device based on one or more of:

the first power level at which the first message was received,

the power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device,

the second power level at which the second message was received, and

the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device.

10. The device of claim 7, wherein the one or more instructions that cause the at least one processor to determine the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message cause the at least one processor to:

multiply the first power level at which the first message was received by a first scaling factor to generate a first heading value, the first scaling factor corresponding to the power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device;

multiply the second power level at which the second message was received by a second scaling factor to generate a second heading value, the second scaling factor corresponding to the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device; and

determine the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first heading value and the second heading value.

11. The computer program product of claim 7, wherein the one or more instructions further cause the at least one processor to:

determine that a third message was not received; and

wherein, when determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message, the at least one processor is further programmed or configured to:

determine the heading toward the transmitting device based on determining that the third message was not received.

12. The computer program product of claim 7, wherein the one or more instructions further cause the at least one processor to:

receive a third message at a power level, the third message comprising data associated with a power level at which the third message was transmitted by the transmitting device;

determine that the power level at which the third message was transmitted by the transmitting device corresponds to the power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device or the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device, and

determine that the third message is a duplicate message that corresponds to the first message or the second message,

wherein, when determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message, the at least one processor is programmed or configured to:

forego determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the third message.

13. A computer-implemented method, comprising: receiving, with at least one processor, a plurality of messages from a transmitting device comprising:

receiving a plurality of messages from a transmitting device configured to transmit messages at different power levels comprising:

a first message received at a first power level, the first message comprising data associated with a power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device, and a second message received at a second power level, the second message comprising data associated with a power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device, the second message being transmitted by the transmitting device at a different power level than the first message;

determining, with at least one processor, a heading toward the transmitting device based on the first power level of the first message and the second power level of the second message; and

output, with at least one processor and based on the determined heading, data associated with an indication of an alignment of at least one directional antenna toward the transmitting device.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein receiving the plurality of messages from the transmitting device comprises:

receiving, with at least one processor via at least one directional antenna, the first message and the second message, and

the method further comprising:

determining the first power level at which the first message was received based on data associated with the first message, and

determining the second power level at which the second message was received based on data associated with the second message.

15. The method of claim 13, wherein determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message comprises:

determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on one or more of:

the first power level at which the first message was received,

the power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device,

the second power level at which the second message was received, and

the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device.

16. The method claim 13, wherein determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message comprises:

multiplying the first power level at which the first message was received by a first scaling factor to generate a first heading value, the first scaling factor corresponding to the power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device;

multiplying the second power level at which the second message was received by a second scaling factor to generate a second heading value, the second scaling factor corresponding to the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device; and

determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first heading value and the second heading value.

17. The method of claim 13, further comprising:

determining that a third message was not received; and wherein determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message comprises:

determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on determining that the third message was not received.

18. The method of claim 13, further comprising:

receiving a third message at a third power level, the third message comprising data associated with a power level at which the third message was transmitted by the transmitting device;

determining that the power level at which the third message was transmitted by the transmitting device corresponds to the power level at which the first message was transmitted by the transmitting device or the power level at which the second message was transmitted by the transmitting device, and

determining that the third message is a duplicate message that corresponds to the first message or the second message,

wherein determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the first message and the second message comprises:

foregoing determining the heading toward the transmitting device based on the third message.