What is claimed is:

1. A method of managing payroll information for one or more payees from one or more payers that allows each of the one or more payees to receive payments from one or more of the one or more payers at the same time or within a same income reporting period, the method comprising:

    a. providing one or more payroll ledgers on a storage means of a computer system, wherein each of the payroll ledgers is in the form of a multitree structure and is associated with one of the payers, and wherein each of the multitree structures comprises:

        i. a plurality of origin nodes,

        ii. a plurality of timeline nodes, wherein each of the timeline nodes is associated with one of the origin nodes,

        iii. a plurality of child nodes, wherein each of the child nodes is associated with one of the origin nodes,

        iv. a plurality of grandchild nodes, wherein each of the grandchild nodes is associated with at least one of the child nodes, and

        v. a plurality of subsequent descendent nodes, wherein each of the subsequent descendent nodes is associated with at least one of the grandchild nodes,

    b. storing, in one of the origin nodes, a payroll ledger entry for one of the one or more payees obtained from an input source;

    c. storing, in one of the timeline nodes, a date associated with the payroll ledger entry in the associated origin node; and

    d. receiving, in the associated child node, a copy of the payroll ledger entry from the

origin node and performing specified calculations using one or more processors of the computer system upon receiving the copy of the payroll ledger entry to generate a resulting payroll entry for the payee;

wherein each of the payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the date stored in the timeline node, and the resulting payroll entry generated and stored in the child node, is immutable and prevented from being altered on the storage means, and

wherein correction of the payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the date stored in the timeline node, or the resulting payroll entry stored in the child node requires entry of a corrective payroll ledger entry in a further one of the origin nodes.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the payroll ledger entry is selected from the group consisting of: predicted pay, a pay change event and a pay adjustment.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the input source comprises one or more of a user or a prediction generating source.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the user is one of the one or more payers or one of the one or more payees.

5. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

   a. receiving, from the child node and storing in the associated grandchild node, the resulting payroll entry; and

   b. receiving, in the associated subsequent descendent node, the resulting payroll entry from the grandchild node and performing specified calculations using one or more processors of the computer system upon receiving the copy of the payroll ledger entry to generate a further payroll entry for the payee.

6. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

   a. receiving a corrective payroll ledger entry from a user, the corrective payroll

ledger entry comprising information to correct a defective payroll ledger entry;

b. storing the corrective payroll ledger entry in one of the origin nodes;

c. storing a date associated with the corrective payroll ledger entry in one of the timeline nodes;

d. receiving the corrective payroll ledger entry from the origin node in one of the child nodes and performing specified calculations using one or more processors of the computer system upon receiving the copy of the payroll ledger entry to generate a corrective resulting payroll entry;

e. receiving the corrective resulting payroll entry from the child node and storing the corrective resulting payroll entry in one of the grandchild nodes; and

f. receiving the corrective resulting payroll entry in one of the subsequent descendent nodes and performing specified calculations using one or more processors of the computer system upon receiving the copy of the payroll ledger entry to generate a corrective further payroll entry;

wherein each of the corrective payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the date stored in the timeline node, the corrective resulting payroll entry generated stored in the child node and the grandchild node, and the corrective further payroll entry generated and stored in the descendent node is immutable and prevented from being altered on the storage means.

7. The method of claim 1, comprising at least two payroll ledgers, wherein each of the at least two payroll ledgers is associated with a different payer of the one or more payers, and wherein the multitree structures for each of the at least two payroll ledgers comprises at least one payroll ledger entry and at least one resulting payroll ledger entry for the one of the one or more payees.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein a unique identifier is associated with the one of the one or more payees.

9. A computer-implemented method of managing payroll information for one or more payees from one or more payers that allows each of the one or more payees to receive payments from one or more of the one or more payers at the same time or within a same income reporting period, the method comprising:

a. providing one or more payroll ledgers on a storage means of a computer system, wherein each of the payroll ledgers is in the form of a multitree structure and is associated with one of the payers, and wherein each of the multitree structures comprises:

i. a plurality of origin nodes,

ii. a plurality of timeline nodes, wherein each of the timeline nodes is associated with one of the origin nodes,

iii. a plurality of child nodes, wherein each of the child nodes is associated with one of the origin nodes,

iv. a plurality of grandchild nodes, wherein each of the grandchild nodes is associated with at least one of the child nodes, and

v. a plurality of subsequent descendent nodes, wherein each of the subsequent descendent nodes is associated with at least one of the grandchild nodes,

b. storing, in one of the origin nodes, a payroll ledger entry for one of the one or more payees obtained from an input source;

c. storing, in one of the timeline nodes, a date associated with the payroll ledger entry in the associated origin node; and

d. receiving, in the associated child node, a copy of the payroll ledger entry from the origin node and performing specified calculations using one or more processors of the computer system upon receiving the copy of the payroll ledger entry to

generate a resulting payroll entry for the payee;

wherein each of the payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the date stored in the timeline node, and the resulting payroll entry generated and stored in the child node, is immutable and prevented from being altered on the storage means, and

wherein correction of the payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the date stored in the timeline node, or the resulting payroll entry stored in the child node requires entry of a corrective payroll ledger entry in a further one of the origin nodes.

10. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, wherein the payroll ledger entry is selected from the group consisting of: predicted pay, a pay change event and a pay adjustment.

11. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, wherein the input source comprises one or more of a user or a prediction generating source.

12. The computer-implemented method of claim 11, wherein the user is one of the one or more payers or one of the one or more payees.

13. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, further comprising the steps of:

a. receiving, from the child node and storing in the associated grandchild node, the resulting payroll entry; and

b. receiving, in the associated subsequent descendent node, the resulting payroll entry from the grandchild node and performing specified calculations using one or more processors of the computer system upon receiving the copy of the payroll ledger entry to generate a further payroll entry for the payee.

14. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, further comprising the steps of:

a. receiving a corrective payroll ledger entry from a user, the corrective payroll ledger entry comprising information to correct a defective payroll ledger entry;

b. storing the corrective payroll ledger entry in one of the origin nodes;

c. storing a date associated with the corrective payroll ledger entry in one of the timeline nodes;

d. receiving the corrective payroll ledger entry from the origin node in one of the child nodes and performing specified calculations using one or more processors of the computer system upon receiving the copy of the payroll ledger entry to generate a corrective resulting payroll entry;

e. receiving the corrective resulting payroll entry from the child node and storing the corrective resulting payroll entry in one of the grandchild nodes; and

f. receiving the corrective resulting payroll entry in one of the subsequent descendent nodes and performing specified calculations using one or more processors of the computer system upon receiving the copy of the payroll ledger entry to generate a corrective further payroll entry;

wherein each of the corrective payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the date stored in the timeline node, the corrective resulting payroll entry generated stored in the child node and the grandchild node, and the corrective further payroll entry generated and stored in the descendent node is immutable and prevented from being altered on the storage means.

15. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, comprising at least two payroll ledgers, wherein each of the at least two payroll ledgers is associated with a different payer of the one or more payers, and wherein the multitree structures for each of the at least two payroll ledgers comprises at least one payroll ledger entry and at least one resulting payroll entry for the one of the one or more payees.

16. The computer-implemented method of claim 15, wherein a unique identifier is associated with the one of the one or more payees.

17. A computer system for managing payroll information for one or more payees from one or

more payers that allows each of the one or more payees to receive payments from one or more of the one or more payers at the same time or within a same income reporting period, the system comprising:

a. storage and computing means comprising one or more payroll ledgers on the storage means, wherein each of the one or more payroll ledgers is in the form of a multitree structure and associated with one of the one or more payers, and wherein each of the multitree structures comprises:

   i. a plurality of origin nodes,

   ii. a plurality of timeline nodes, wherein each of the timeline nodes is associated with one of the origin nodes,

   iii. a plurality of child nodes, wherein each of the child nodes is associated with one of the origin nodes,

   iv. a plurality of grandchild nodes, wherein each of the grandchild nodes is associated with one of the child nodes, and

   v. a plurality of subsequent descendent nodes, wherein each of the subsequent descendent nodes is associated with one of the grandchild nodes,

b. an input source comprising one or more of a user and a prediction-generating source, and

c. a computer processor configured to:

   i. obtain, from the input source, a payroll ledger entry for one of the one or more payees;

   ii. store, in one of the origin nodes, the payroll ledger entry obtained from the input source;

iii. store, in each of the timeline nodes, a date associated with the payroll ledger entry in the associated origin node; and

iv. store, in the associated child node, a copy of the payroll ledger entry received from the origin node and perform specified calculations using the payroll ledger entry upon its receipt to generate a resulting payroll entry for the payee;

v. store, in the associated grandchild node, the resulting payroll entry; and

vi. store, in the associated subsequent descendent nodes, a copy of the resulting payroll entry received from the grandchild node and perform specified calculations using the resulting payroll entry upon its receipt to generate a further payroll entry,

wherein each of the payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the date stored in the timeline node, the resulting payroll entry generated and stored in the child node and the grandchild node, and the further payroll entry generated and stored in the descendant node, is immutable and prevented from being altered on the storage means, and

wherein correction of the payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the date stored in the timeline node, the resulting payroll entry stored in the child node and the grandchild node, and the further payroll entry stored in the descendant node requires entry of a corrective payroll ledger entry in a further one of the origin nodes.

18. The computer system of claim 17, wherein the payroll ledger entry is selected from the group consisting of: predicted pay, a pay change event and a pay adjustment.

19. The computer system of claim 17, wherein the computer processor is further configured to:

a. receive, from the input source, a corrective payroll ledger entry for the one or more payees comprising information to correct a defective payroll ledger entry;

b. store, in one of the origin nodes, the corrective payroll ledger entry;

c. store, in one of the timeline nodes, a corrective date associated with the corrective payroll ledger entry;

d. store, in one of the child nodes, a copy of the corrective payroll ledger entry received from the origin node and perform specified calculations using the corrective payroll ledger entry upon its receipt to generate a corrective resulting payroll entry for the one or more payees;

e. store, in one of the grandchild nodes, the corrective resulting payroll entry; and

f. store, in one of the subsequent descendent nodes, a copy of the corrective resulting payroll entry received from the grandchild node and perform specified calculations using the corrective resulting payroll entry upon its receipt to generate a corrective further payroll entry for the one or more payees;

wherein each of the corrective payroll ledger entry stored in the origin node, the corrective date stored in the timeline node, the corrective resulting payroll entry generated and stored in the child node and the grandchild node, and the corrective further payroll entry generated and stored in the descendant node is immutable and prevented from being altered on the storage means.

20. The computer system of claim 17, comprising at least two payroll ledgers, wherein each of the at least two payroll ledgers is associated with a different one of the one or more payers, and wherein the multitree structures for each of the at least two payroll ledgers comprises at least one payroll ledger entry and at least one resulting payroll entry for the one of the one or more payees.

21. The computer system of claim 20, wherein a unique identifier is associated with the one of the one or more payees.